

Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance for Hybrid mode 125kHz

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: S = power density
 P = power input to the antenna
 G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator
 R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

Maximum peak output power at the antenna terminal: 23,05 (dBm)
 Maximum peak output power at the antenna terminal: 201,8366364 (mW)
 Antenna gain(typical): -1,5 (dBi)
 Maximum antenna gain: 0,707945784 (numeric)
 Prediction distance: 20 (cm)
 Prediction frequency: 903 (MHz)
 MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency: 0,6 (mW/cm²)

Power density at prediction frequency: **0,028427** (mW/cm²)

Maximum allowable antenna gain: **11,74421106** (dBi)

Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance for Hybrid mode 500kHz

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: S = power density
 P = power input to the antenna
 G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator
 R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

Maximum peak output power at the antenna terminal: 22,92 (dBm)
 Maximum peak output power at the antenna terminal: 195,8844674 (mW)
 Antenna gain(typical): -1,5 (dBi)
 Maximum antenna gain: 0,707945784 (numeric)
 Prediction distance: 20 (cm)
 Prediction frequency: 908,7 (MHz)
 MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency: 0,6 (mW/cm²)

Power density at prediction frequency: **0,027589** (mW/cm²)

Maximum allowable antenna gain: **11,87421106** (dBi)