## FCC Part 15C

# **Measurement and Test Report**

For

# LM Technologies Ltd

Unit 10, Caroline Point, 62 Caroline Street, Birmingham, B3 1UF, United
Kingdom

FCC ID: VVXLM78X

**Report Concerns: Equipment Type:** Original Report Bluetooth Module Model: LM78x Report No.: STR12018144I Test Date: 2012-01-16 to 2012-02-05 Issue Date: 2012-02-16 Jason chen Lahm peny Jumlyso Tested By: Jason Chen / Engineer Lahm Peng / EMC Manager Reviewed By: Approved & Authorized By: Jandy so / PSQ Manager Prepared By: SEM.Test Compliance Service Co., Ltd. 3/F, Jinbao Commerce Building, Xin'an Fanshen Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C. (518101)

Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by SEM.Test Compliance Service Co., Ltd.

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#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

#### **Client Information**

Applicant: LM Technologies Ltd

Address of applicant: Unit 10, Caroline Point, 62 Caroline Street, Birmingham, B3

1UF, United Kingdom

Manufacturer: LM Technologies Ltd

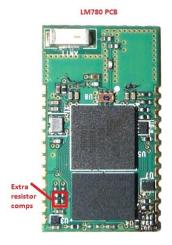
Address of manufacturer: Unit 10, Caroline Point, 62 Caroline Street, Birmingham, B3

1UF, United Kingdom

## **General Description of E.U.T**

Items	Description
EUT Description:	Bluetooth Module
Trade Name:	Bluetooth Data Module
Model No.:	LM78x
Add Models:	LM780, LM781
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.7V
Max. Output Power	5.24 dBm (Conducted)
Frequency range:	2402-2480MHz
Number of channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna (Gain: 1 dBi)
Bluetooth Version:	V2.1 + EDR

Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacture. LM780 and LM781 have same PCB circuit and schematic. The only difference is resistor components that allow operation of buffer IC on serial UART interface in LM780 module. This has been done for specific customers who need support of 5V on serial interface. Please find attached picture of LM780 sample without metal cap showing extra resistor comps, please see the PCB picture:



#### 1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the LM Technologies Ltd in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

**Maintenance of compliance** is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

#### 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2003, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible emission level. The test modes were adapted with Low Channel, Middle Channel and High Channel, accordingly in reference to the Operating Instructions.

## 1.4 Test Facility

#### • FCC – Registration No.: 994117

SEM.Test Compliance Services Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 994117.

## • Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 7673A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of SEM.Test Compliance Services Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 7673A.

#### • CNAS Registration No.: L4062

Shenzhen SEM. Test Electronics Service Co., Ltd. is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L4062. All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 3/F, Jinbao Commerce Building, Xin'an Fanshen Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C (518101)

#### 1.5 EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

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## 1.6 Accessories Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
LM	Test Fixture	LM780/781	/
Lenovo	PC	M2620V	SS06937183
DELL	Keyboard	L100	/
DELL	Mouse	Moc5uo	/

Cable Description	Length (M)	Shielded/Unshielded	With Core/Without Core	
DC Cable	1.0	Unshielded	Without Core	
LPT Cable	1.2	Unshielded	Without Core	

## 1.7 EUT Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Length (M)	Shielded/Unshielded	With Core/Without Core
/	/	/	/

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## 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC RULES	DESCRIPTION OF TEST	RESULT
§ 15.203; § 15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 15.247(b)(1)	Power Output	Compliant
§ 15.209(a)(f)	Radiated Emission	Compliant
§ 15.247(d)	Band Edge	Compliant
§ 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	Compliant
§ 15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Compliant

## 3. §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

## 3.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### 3.2 Test Result

This product has a permanent antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

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## 4. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

## 4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

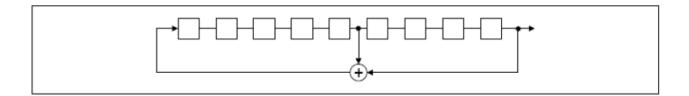
- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

#### 4.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

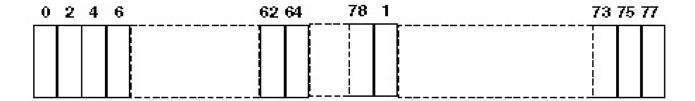
Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29-1 = 511 bits Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

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Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 4.3 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter module LM78x is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

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## 5. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS AND CHANNEL SPACING

## 5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

## 5.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

#### **5.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = the frequency band of operation (2400MHz to 2483.5MHz)

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 100kHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize, observed the band of 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz, than count it out the number of channels for comparing with the FCC rules.

The channel spacing test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Other setting as above

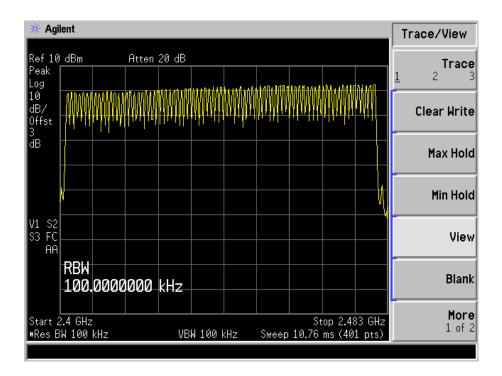
Allow the trace to stabilize, Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

#### **5.4 Environmental Conditions**

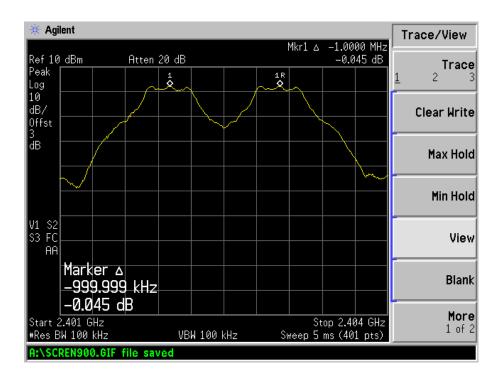
Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

## **5.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

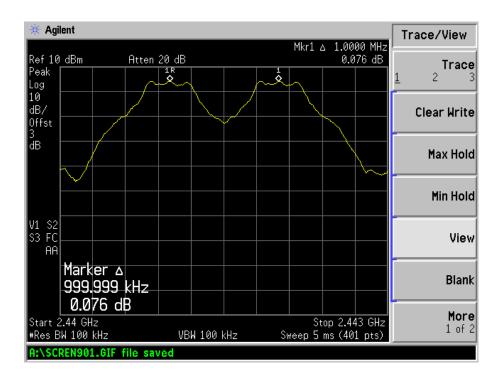
No. of Channel=79



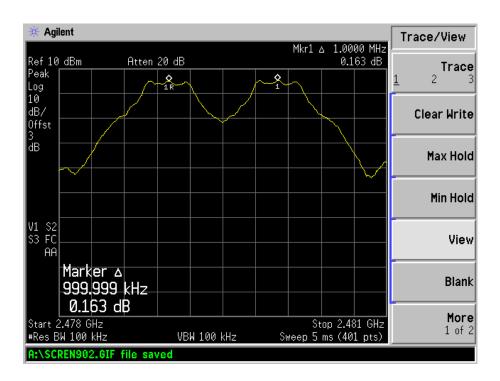
Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



#### Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



## Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)



## 6. DWELL TIME OF A HOPPING CHANNEL

## **6.1 Standard Applicable**

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

## **6.2 Test Equipment List and Details**

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

#### **6.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time

#### **6.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

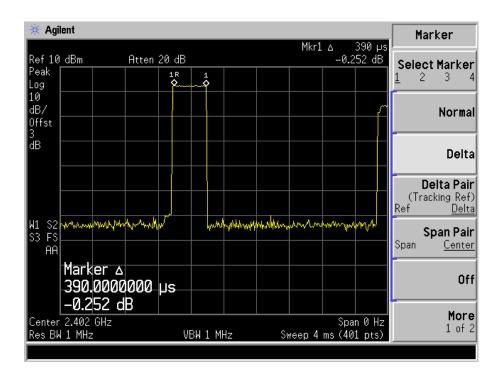
## 6.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

The dwell time within a 31.6 second period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). The calculation for a 31.6 second period is a follows:

Dwell time = time slot length \* hop rate / number of hopping channels \*31.6s

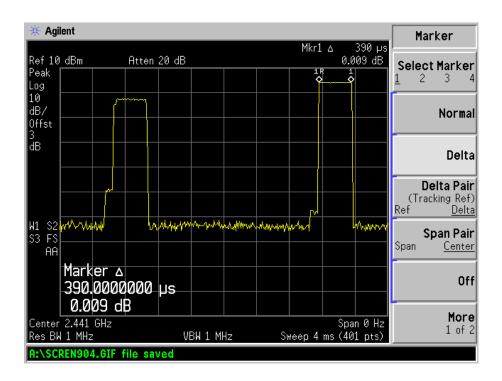
Test data is corrected with the worse case, which the packet length is DH1.

#### CH Low:



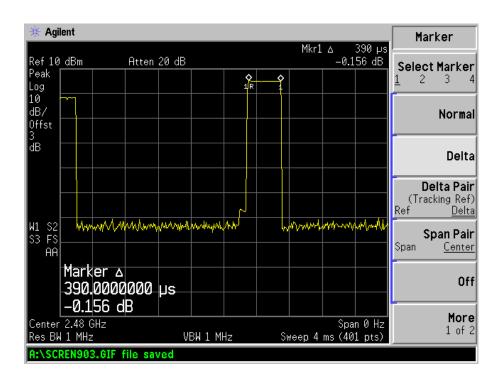
DH1 time slot = 0.39 (ms) \* (1600/(79)) \* 31.6 = 249.6 (ms) < 400 (ms)

#### CH Mid:



DH1 time slot = 0.39 (ms) \* (1600/(79)) \* 31.6 = 249.6 (ms) < 400 (ms)

#### CH High:



DH1 time slot = 0.39 (ms) \* (1600/(79)) \* 31.6 = 249.6 (ms) < 400 (ms)

#### 7. 20-dB BANDWIDTH

## 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5 MHz no limit for 20dB bandwidth.

### 7.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

#### 7.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 2MHz, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 100kHz

Sweep = auto

 $Detector\ function = peak$ 

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, use the marker-delta function to measure and record the 20dB down bandwidth of the emission.

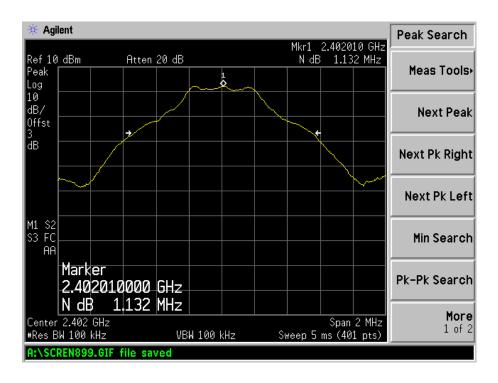
#### 7.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	1018 mbar

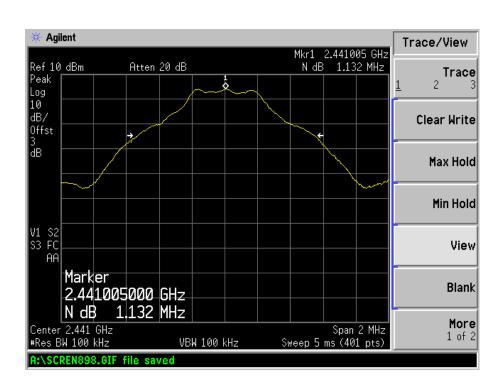
## 7.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Frequency MHz	20 dB Bandwidth kHz	Limit dB
2402	1132	/
2441	1132	/
2480	1127	/

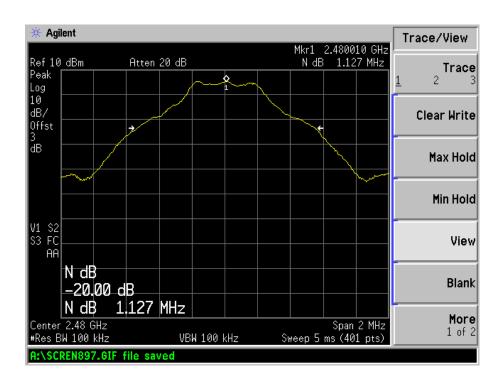
#### CH Low:



## CH Mid:



## CH High:



#### 8. POWER OUTPUT

## 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

## 8.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

#### **8.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the peak output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 5MHz, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, the indicated level is the peak output power (the external attenuation and cable loss shall be considered).

#### **8.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	55%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

## **8.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

#### Conducted Power:

Channel	Frequency MHz	Measured Value dBm	Output Power mW	Limit mW
Low Channel	2402	2.316	1.7045	1000
Middle Channel	2441	3.971	2.4951	1000
High Channel	2480	5.240	3.3419	1000

Note: the antenna gain of 2dBi less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on a 1 watt peak output power limit, and combination of the above test data, this device complies with the EIRP limit.

#### 9. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

## 9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement is  $\pm 5.10$  dB.

### 9.2 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(c), 15.205 15.209(b) &15.35 (b), the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated within these frequency bands shall comply with the following:

Section 15.209:

30 - 88 MHz 40 dBuV/m @3M 88 -216 MHz 43.5 dBuV/m @3M 216 -960 MHz 46 dBuV/m @3M Above 960 MHz 54dBuV/m @3M

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

Emissions that fall in the restricted bands (15.205) must be less than 54dBuV/m otherwise the spurious and harmonics must be attenuated by at least 20dB.

## 9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Positioning Controller	C&C	CC-C-1F	N/A	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
RF Switch	EM	EMSW18	SW060023	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2012-01-09	2013-01-08
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2012-01-09	2013-01-08
Horn Antenna	ETS	3116B	00088203	2012-01-09	2013-01-08
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZECK	HFRA 5165	9365	2012-01-09	2013-01-08

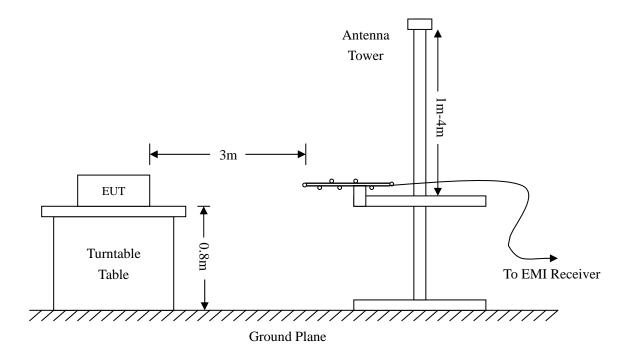
**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

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#### **9.4 Test Procedure**

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.



#### 9.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of  $-6dB\mu V$  means the emission is  $6dB\mu V$  below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

#### 9.6 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

## 9.7 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data below, the FCC Part 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 standards, and had the worst margin of:

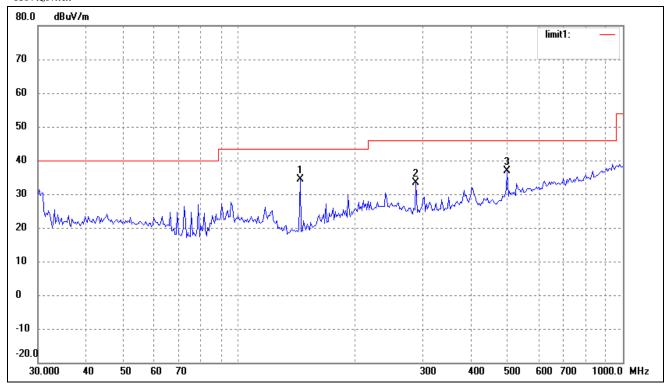
-3.51 dB $\mu$ V at 30.2110 MHz in the Vertical polarization for Low Channel, 9 kHz to 25 GHz, 3 Meters

*Note:* this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.

From 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Test Mode: Transmitting-Low channel (2402MHz)

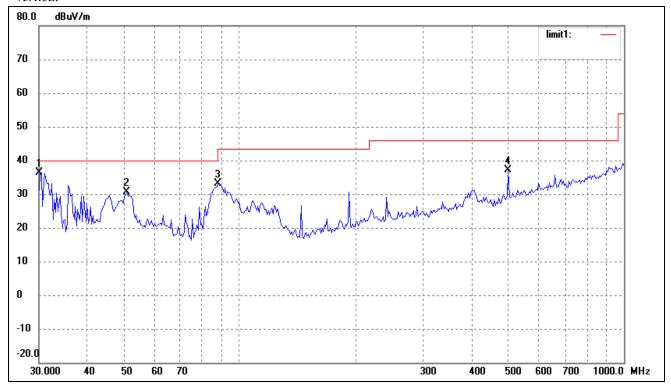
**Horizontal** 



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( ° )	(cm)	
1	144.3348	30.43	4.01	34.44	43.50	-9.06	360	100	peak
2	289.0020	23.81	9.63	33.44	46.00	-12.56	0	200	peak
3	499.4246	22.46	14.36	36.82	46.00	-9.18	360	200	peak

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## Vertical

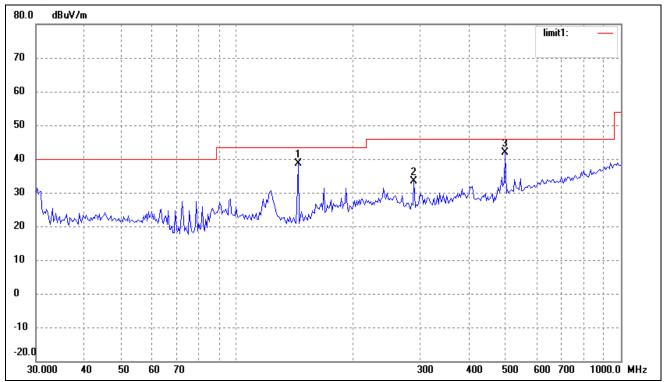


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( ° )	(cm)	
1	30.2110	29.72	6.77	36.49	40.00	-3.51	23	150	QP
2	50.7637	22.71	7.93	30.64	40.00	-9.36	360	200	peak
3	87.7248	26.72	6.35	33.07	40.00	-6.93	0	200	peak
4	499.4246	22.82	14.36	37.18	46.00	-8.82	0	200	peak

## From 30 MHz to 1 GHz

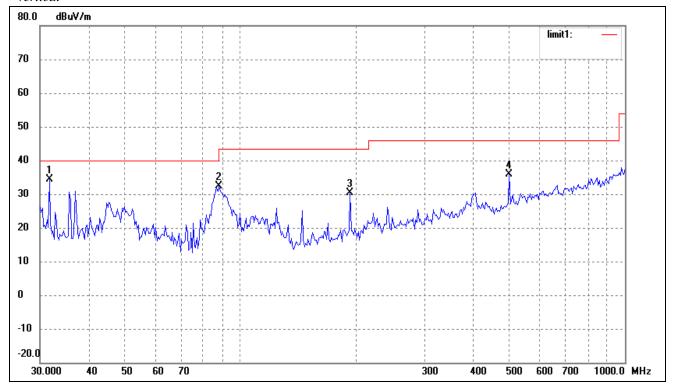
Test Mode: Transmitting-Middle channel (2441MHz)

#### Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( ° )	(cm)	
1	144.3348	34.50	4.01	38.51	43.50	-4.99	360	100	peak
2	289.0020	23.81	9.63	33.44	46.00	-12.56	0	200	peak
3	499.4246	27.43	14.36	41.79	46.00	-4.21	116	208	QP

## Vertical

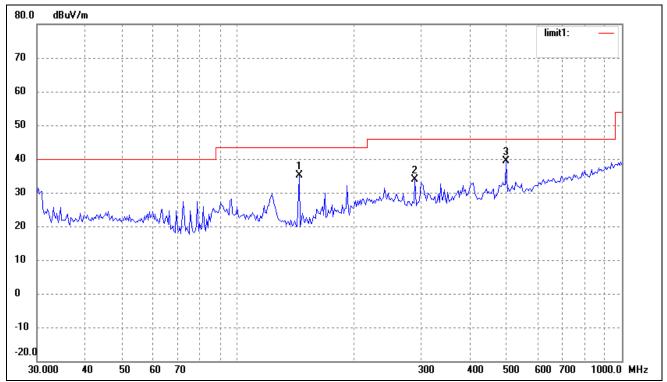


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( ° )	(cm)	
1	31.7313	27.51	6.77	34.28	40.00	-5.72	360	200	peak
2	87.7248	26.10	6.35	32.45	40.00	-7.55	0	100	peak
3	192.4186	23.87	6.54	30.41	43.50	-13.09	360	200	peak
4	499.4247	21.59	14.36	35.95	46.00	-10.05	360	200	peak

## From 30 MHz to 1 GHz

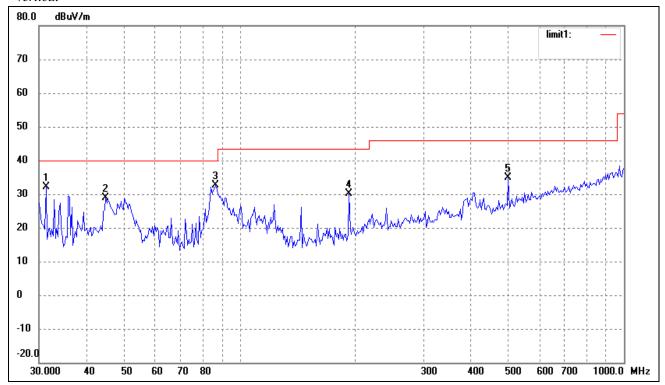
Test Mode: Transmitting-High channel (2480MHz)

## Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( ° )	(cm)	
1	144.3348	31.00	4.01	35.01	43.50	-8.49	360	100	peak
2	289.0020	24.31	9.63	33.94	46.00	-12.06	0	200	peak
3	499.4246	24.93	14.36	39.29	46.00	-6.71	0	200	peak

## Vertical



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( ° )	(cm)	
1	31.2893	25.25	6.77	32.02	40.00	-7.98	360	200	peak
2	44.7434	20.58	8.22	28.80	40.00	-11.20	0	100	peak
3	86.5029	26.73	5.96	32.69	40.00	-7.31	360	100	peak
4	192.4186	23.53	6.54	30.07	43.50	-13.43	0	200	peak
5	499.4247	20.44	14.36	34.80	46.00	-11.20	0	200	peak

## Spurious Emission Above 1GHz

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
	Т	T	Т	Low C	hannel	(2402MHz	)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4804.0	AV	39.99	57	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	46.29	54	-7.71
4804.0	AV	39.01	35	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	45.31	54	-8.69
7206.0	AV	31.09	60	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	41.09	54	-12.91
7206.0	AV	28.17	79	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	38.17	54	-15.83
2402.0	AV	85.81	45	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	84.61		(Fund.)
2402.0	AV	81.57	359	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	80.37		(Fund.)
4804.0	PK	45.87	65	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	52.17	74	-21.83
4804.0	PK	43.96	98	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	50.26	74	-23.74
7206.0	PK	37.27	256	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	47.27	74	-26.73
7206.0	PK	35.19	185	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	45.19	74	-28.81
2402.0	PK	87.51	78	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	86.31		(Fund.)
2402.0	PK	83.39	44	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	82.19		(Fund.)
			ľ	Middle	Channel	(2441MF	Hz)			
4882.0	AV	39.89	21	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	46.19	54	-7.81
4882.0	AV	37.95	34	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	44.25	54	-9.75
7323.0	AV	30.21	342	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	40.21	54	-13.79
7323.0	AV	29.36	30	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	39.36	54	-14.64
2441.0	AV	84.39	98	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	83.19		(Fund.)
2441.0	AV	81.62	72	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	80.42		(Fund.)
4882.0	PK	45.97	237	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	52.27	74	-21.73
4882.0	PK	44.96	354	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	51.26	74	-22.74
7323.0	PK	39.26	264	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	49.26	74	-24.74
7323.0	PK	37.2	187	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	47.20	74	-26.8
2441.0	PK	85.40	55	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	84.20		(Fund.)
2441.0	PK	83.54	49	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	82.34		(Fund.)

				High (	Channel	(2480MHz	z )			
4960.0	AV	41.86	17	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	48.16	54	-5.84
4960.0	AV	39.96	13	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	46.26	54	-7.74
7440.0	AV	32.31	355	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	42.31	54	-11.69
7440.0	AV	31.02	66	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	41.02	54	-12.98
2480.0	AV	83.36	63	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	82.16		(Fund.)
2480.0	AV	80.71	85	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	79.51		(Fund.)
4960.0	PK	46.38	50	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	52.68	74	-21.32
4960.0	PK	42.18	59	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	48.48	74	-25.52
7440.0	PK	37.32	269	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	47.32	74	-26.68
7440.0	PK	36.26	64	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	46.26	74	-27.74
2480.0	PK	86.39	85	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	85.19		(Fund.)
2480.0	PK	83.81	55	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	82.61		(Fund.)

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, which above 5<sup>th</sup> Harmonics are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured. The measurements greater than 20dB below the limit from 9kHz to 30MHz..

#### 10. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

## 10.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

### 10.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Positioning Controller	C&C	CC-C-1F	N/A	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
RF Switch	EM	EMSW18	SW060023	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2012-01-09	2013-01-08
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2012-01-09	2013-01-08

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

#### 10.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge radiated emission test method as follows.

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2310MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz for peak value measured

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz for average value measured

Sweep = auto

 $Detector\ function = peak$ 

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the 15,209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15,205.

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## **10.4 Environmental Conditions**

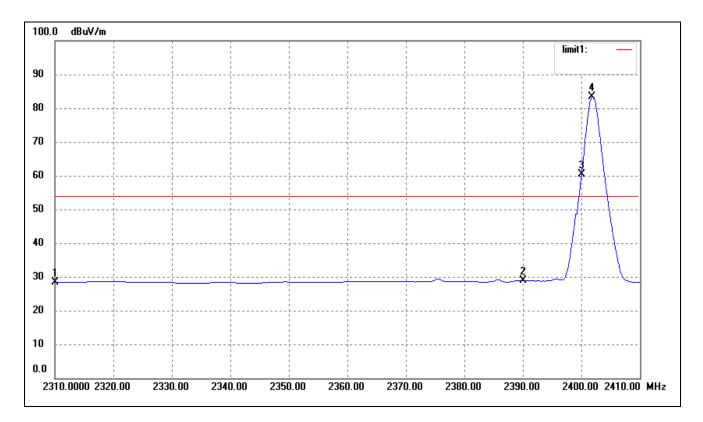
Temperature:	23°C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

## 10.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Test mode	Frequency MHz	Limit dBuV /dB	Result
	2310.00	<54dBuv	Pass
Lowest	2390.00	<54dBuv	Pass
	2400.00	>20dB	Pass
	2483.50	<54dBuv	Pass
Highest	2495.580	<54dBuv	Pass
	2500.00	<54dBuv	Pass

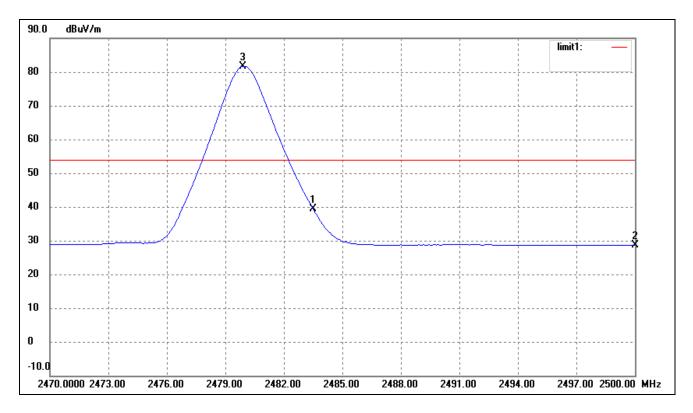
The edge emissions are below the FCC 15.209 Limits. Please refer to the test plots below.

## Lowest Bandedge



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2310.000	35.88	-7.51	28.37	54.00	-25.63	Average Detector
	2310.000	47.29	-7.51	39.78	74.00	-34.22	Peak Detector
2	2390.000	36.24	-7.34	28.90	54.00	-25.10	Average Detector
	2390.000	48.91	-7.34	41.57	74.00	-32.43	Peak Detector
3	2400.000	67.78	-7.31	60.47	/	/	Average Detector
4	2401.843	90.75	-7.31	83.44	/	/	Average Detector

## Highest Bandedge



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2483.500	46.47	-7.13	39.34	54.00	-14.66	Average Detector
	2483.500	61.34	-7.13	54.21	74.00	-19.79	Peak Detector
2	2500.000	35.71	-7.08	28.63	54.00	-25.37	Average Detector
	2500.000	47.68	-7.08	40.60	74.00	-33.40	Peak Detector
3	2479.920	88.83	-7.13	81.70	/	/	Average Detector

## 11. §15.207 (a)- CONDUCTED EMISSION

## 11.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Base on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of any conducted emissions measurement is  $\pm 2.88$  dB.

## 11.2 Test Equipment List and Details

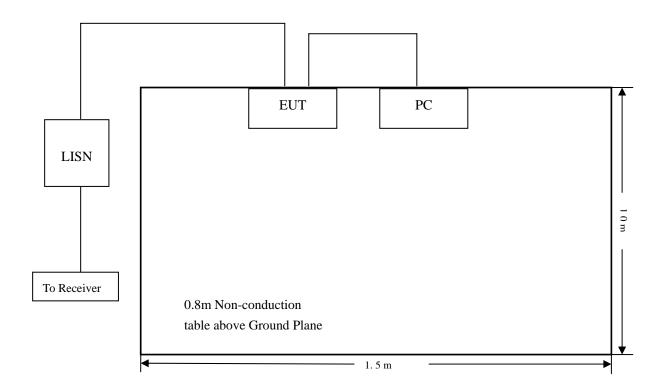
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101611	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
L.I.S.N	Schwarz beck	NSLK8126	8126-224	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100911	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

#### 11.3 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

## 11.4 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram



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## 11.5 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

## 11.6 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency	. 150 kHz
Stop Frequency	. 30 MHz
Sweep Speed	. Auto
IF Bandwidth	. 10 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth	.9 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode	. Normal

## 11.7 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data in section 3.8, the EUT <u>complied with the FCC Part 15.207</u> Conducted margin for a Class B device, with the *worst* margin reading of:

-8.12 dBµV at 2.502 MHz in the Neutral mode, QP detector, 0.15-30MHz

## 11.8 Conducted Emissions Test Data

#### **Plot of Conducted Emissions Test Data**

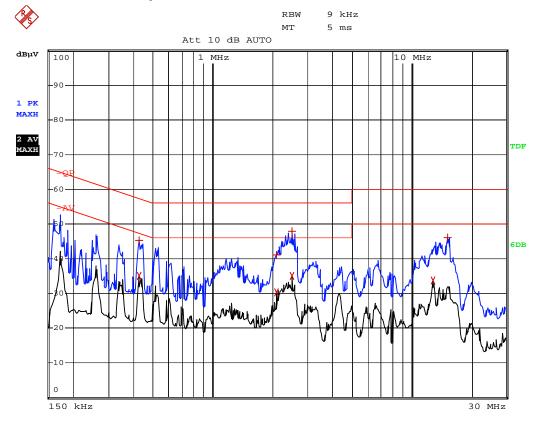
Conducted Disturbance EUT: Bluetooth Module

M/N: LM78X

Operating Condition: Operating

Test Specification: N

Comment: AC 120V/60Hz DC 3.3V



EDIT PEAK LIST (Prescan Results)						
Tracel: -QP						
Trace2:	-AV					
Trace3:						
TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	DELTA LIMIT dB			
1 Max Peak	426 kHz	45.34	-11.98			
2 Average	426 kHz	35.11	-12.21			
1 Max Peak	2.102 MHz	41.00	-14.99			
2 Average	2.102 MHz	30.26	-15.73			
2 Average	2.498 MHz	34.98	-11.01			
1 Max Peak	2.502 MHz	47.87	-8.12			
2 Average	12.894 MHz	33.62	-16.37			
1 Max Peak	15.23 MHz	46.17	-13.82			

#### **Plot of Conducted Emissions Test Data**

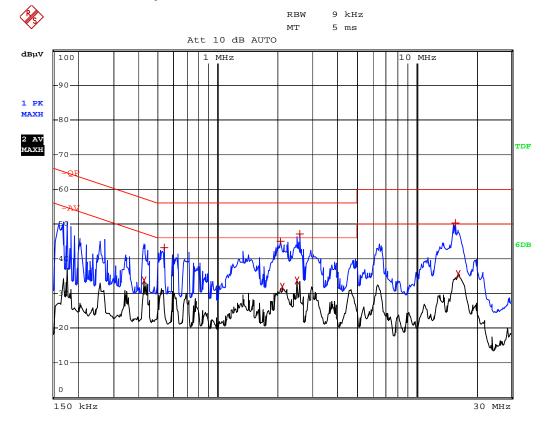
Conducted Disturbance
EUT: Bluetooth Module

*M/N: LM78X* 

Operating Condition: Operating

Test Specification: L

Comment: AC 120V/60Hz DC 3.3V



		EDIT PEAK LIST (	Prescan Results)	
Tracel:		-QP		
Trace2:		-AV		
Trace3:				
	TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	DELTA LIMIT dB
2	Average	426 kHz	33.70	-13.62
1	Max Peak	534 kHz	43.16	-12.83
1	Max Peak	2.066 MHz	45.09	-10.90
2	Average	2.114 MHz	31.81	-14.18
2	Average	2.514 MHz	33.65	-12.34
1	Max Peak	2.602 MHz	47.02	-8.97
1	Max Peak	15.674 MHz	50.38	-9.61
2	Average	16.226 MHz	35.62	-14.37

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*