Page: 1 of 46

SAR TEST REPORT

Equipment Under Test	3.5G Wireless PCI Express Module	
Model Number of Host	NAV70	
WWAN model	F3307	
Company Name	Acer Incorporated	
Company Address	8F,88, Sec. 1, Hsin Tai Wu Rd. Hsichih Taipei Hsien 221	
Date of Receipt	2010.06.09	
Date of Test(s)	2010.06.22	
Date of Issue	2010.07.08	

Standards:

FCC OET 65 supplement C, IEEE /ANSI C95.1 , C95.3 , IEEE 1528 , KDB616217

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above. **Remarks:**

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

This report may only be reproduced and distributed in full. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory or testing done by SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory in connection with distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory in writing.

Asst. Supervisor

Supervisor

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 2 of 46

Version

Version No.	Date	Description
1.0	June.29, 2010	Initial issue of report
1.1	July.07, 2010	1 st modification
1.2	July.08, 2010	2 nd modification

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 3 of 46

Contents

1. General Information	4
1.1 Testing Laboratory	4
1.2 Details of Applicant	4
1.3 Description of EUT	4
1.4 Test Environment	6
1.5 Operation description	6
1.6 The SAR Measurement System	7
1.7 System Components	8
1.8 SAR System Verification	10
1.9 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band	11
1.10 EVALUATION PROCEDURES	13
1.11 Test Standards and Limits	14
2. Summary of Results	16
3. Instruments List	17
4. Measurements	18
5. SAR System Performance Verification	21
6. DAE & Probe Calibration certificate	23
7. Uncertainty Analysis	35
8. Phantom Description	36
9 System Validation from Original equipment supplier	37

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 4 of 46

1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

SGS Taiwan Ltd. Electronics & Communication Laboratory		
134, Wu Kung Road, Wuku industrial zone		
Taipei county, Taiwan, R.O.C.		
Telephone	+886-2-2299-3279	
Fax +886-2-2298-0488		
Internet	http://www.tw.sgs.com	

1.2 Details of Applicant

Name	Acer Incorporated
Address	8F,88, Sec. 1, Hsin Tai Wu Rd. Hsichih Taipei Hsien 221
Contact Person	Easy Lai

1.3 Description of EUT

EUT Name	3.5G Wireless PCI Express Module	
Model Number of Host	NAV70	
WWAN model	F3307	
Brand Name	Acer	
FCC ID	VV7-MBMF33072-A	
IMEI code	358828030016853	
Definition	Production unit	

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 5 of 46

	<u> </u>	1 age . 3 0.	
Mode of Operation	GSM\GPRS\EGPRS		
Duty Cyclo	GPRS(EGPRS)		
Duty Cycle	1/4		
TV Fraguency	GPRS	GPRS	
TX Frequency	850	1900	
range (MHz)	824.2-	1850.20-	
(IVII IZ)	848.8	1909.80	
Channel	GPRS	GPRS	
Number	850	1900	
(ARFCN)	128-251	512-810	
Power Supply	19Vdc by AC/DC power adapter		
	GRPS 850		
Max. SAR	0.051W/kg		
Measured	(At GPRS 850_ CH251_ Configuration 1)		
(1g)	GRRS 1900		
(19)	0.02W/kg		
	(At GPRS 1900_ CH5	12_ Configuration 1)	

Conducted power table:

	GSM 850 (Average)			GSM 1	900 (Ave	erage)
Mode\ARFCN	128	190	251	512	661	810
EGPRS 10	29.9	31	30.4	26.3	26.2	26
GPRS 10	33	33	33.25	29.3	29.1	29.15

Page: 6 of 46

1.4 Test Environment

Ambient Temperature: 22±2° C Tissue Simulating Liquid: 22±2° C

1.5 Operation description

The EUT is controlled by using a Radio Communication Tester (R&S CMU200), and the communication between the EUT and the tester is established by air link. Measurements are performed respectively on the lowest, middle and highest channels of the operating band(s). The EUT is set to maximum power level during all tests, and at the beginning of each test the battery is fully charged.

The test of set in highest power with 1 configuration:

Configuration 1: Lap-held mode. (WWAN/Main-to-user separation distance is 180 mm)

- #. WWAN/Main to WLAN/Main antenna distance is 57mm.
- #. The 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is ≤ 100 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.
- #. 2 WLAN module use the identical antenna and antenna location
- #. When the maximum transmitter and antenna output power are \leq 60/f(GHz) (mW) SAR evaluation is typically not required for FCC or TCB approval.(BT module power 1.285mW <= 60/f.)
- #.The highest 1-g SAR for WLAN is 0.3 W/kg and the highest 1-g SAR for WWAN is 0.051W/kg. The sum of 1-g for simultaneous transmitting WLAN and WWAN antenna pair is 0.3+0.051=0.351 W/kg < 1.6 W/kg. According to KDB616217 Simultaneous SAR evaluation is not required.

FCC ID	HLZ-AR5B95	QDS-BRCM1050
Max.SAR Measured (1g)	0.3 W/kg	0.139

Page: 7 of 46

1.6 The SAR Measurement System

A photograph of the SAR measurement System is given in Fig. a. This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY 4 professional system). A Model EX3DV4 field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ ($|Ei|^2$)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant.

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension is for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc.

The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

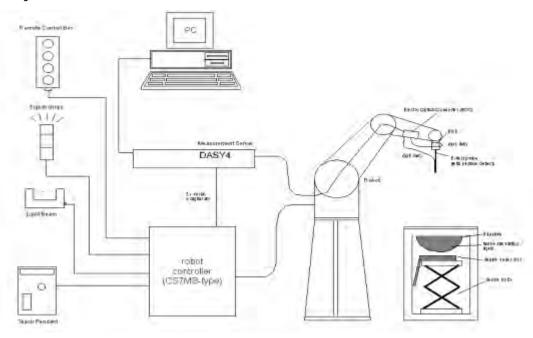


Fig.a The block diagram of SAR system

Page: 8 of 46

• The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.

- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
 - A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
 - DASY4 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
 - The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
 - The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
 - Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
 - Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

1.7 System Components

EX3DV4 E-Field Probe

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core	
	Built-in shielding against static charges	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to	1
	organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Calibration	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air	
	Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL835/1900	
	MHZ Additional CF for other liquids and	
	frequencies upon request	
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz, Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g	

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 9 of 46

	Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
	31 31 3	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)	
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario	
	(e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables	
	compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better	
	30%.	

SAM PHANTOM V4.0C			
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific		
	Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE		
	1528-200X, CENELEC 50361 and IE	C 62209.	
	It enables the dosimetric evaluation	of left and right hand phone	
	usage as well as body mounted usa	ige at the flat phantom region. A	
	cover prevents evaporation of the li	quid. Reference markings on the	
	phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom		
	positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points		
	with the robot.		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm		
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	(Williams	
Dimensions	Height: 251 mm;	, 10	
	Length: 1000 mm;	N. Control of the con	
	Width: 500 mm		

Page: 10 of 46

DEVICE HOLDER

The device holder (Supporter) for Notebook is made by POM (polyoxymethylene resin) , which is non-metal and non-conductive. The height can be adjusted to fit varies kind of notebooks.

Device Holder

1.8 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig. b. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 5% from the target SAR values. These tests were done at 835/1900 MHz. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 1 (SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 22.1°C, the relative humidity was in the range 62% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.

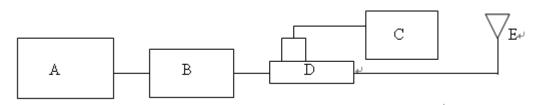
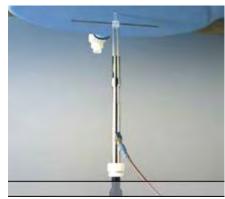


Fig.b The block diagram of system verification

Page: 11 of 46

- A. Agilent Model 8648D Signal Generator
- B. Mini circuits Model ZHL-42 Amplifier
- C. Agilent Model ML2495A Power Meter
- D. Agilent Model 778D Dual directional coupling
- E. Reference dipole antenna



Photograph of the dipole Antenna

Validation Kit	Frequency Hz	Target SAR (1g) (Pin=250mW)	Measured SAR (1g)	Measured Date
D835V2 S/N: 4d063	850 MHz (Body)	2.53m W/g	2.53 m W/g	2010-06-22
D1900V2 S/N: 5d027	1900 MHz (Body)	10.1m W/g	10.4 m W/g	2010-06-22

Table 1. Results of system validation

1.9 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this body-simulant fluid were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070D Dielectric Probe (rates frequency band 200 MHz to 20 GHz) in conjunction with HP 8753D Network Analyzer (30 KHz-6000 MHz) by using a procedure detailed in Section V.

All dielectric parameters of tissue simulates were measured within 24 hours of SAR measurements. The depth of the tissue simulant in the flat section of the phantom was 15cm±5mm during all tests. (Fig .2)

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 12 of 46

Frequency	Tissue type	Measurement date/	Dielectric Parameters			
(MHz)		Limits	ρ	σ (S/m)	Simulated Tissue	
					Temperature(° C)	
	Pody	Measured, 2010.06.22	55.6	0.991	21.7	
850	Body	Recommended Limits	51.49-56.91	0.93-1.03	20-24	
1000 Dedu		Measured, 2010.06.22	54.6	1.60	21.7	
1900	Body	Recommended Limits	52.06-57.54	1.45-1.61	20-24	

Table 2. Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulant Fluid

The composition of the body tissue simulating liquid is:

. •	, ,	
Ingredient	850MHz	1900MHz
<u> </u>	(Body)	(Body)
DGMBE	Х	300.67g
Water	631.68 g	716.56 g
Salt	11.72 g	4.0 g
Preventol D-7	1.2 g	Χ
Cellulose	Х	Х
Sugar	600 g	Х
Total amount	1 L (1.0kg)	1 L (1.0kg)

Table 3. Recipes for tissue simulating liquid

Page: 13 of 46

1.10 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- 1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- 2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- 3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume

6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

- 4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- 5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
 - The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree. In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within -2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.

The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements.

Page: 14 of 46

The measured volume of 30x30x30mm contains about 30g of tissue.

The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

1.11 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate ("SAR") in Section 4.2 of "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," ANSI/IEEE C95.1–1992, Copyright 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814.

SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 GHz. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter. Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 GHz should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

(1) Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20

Page: 15 of 46

W/kg, as averaged over an 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).

- (2) Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.
- (3) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not exercise control over their exposure. Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section. (Table .4)

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR (Brain)	1.60 m W/g	8.00 m W/g
Spatial Average SAR (Whole Body)	0.08 m W/g	0.40 m W/g
Spatial Peak SAR (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 m W/g	20.00 m W/g

Table .4 RF exposure limits

Notes:

- 1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.
- 2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 16 of 46

2. Summary of Results

GRRS 850

Configuration 1: Lap-held mode										
Frequency	Channel	MHz	Conducted Output	Measured(W/kg)	Amb.	Liquid				
			Power (Average)	1g	Temp[°C]	Temp[°C]				
850MHz	251	848.8	33.25dBm	0.051	22.1	21.7				

GPRS 1900

Configuration	Configuration 1: Lap-held mode										
Frequency	Channel	MHz	Conducted Output	Measured(W/kg)	Amb.	Liquid					
			Power (Average)	1g	Temp[°C]	Temp[°C]					
1900MHz	512	1850.2	29.3dBm	0.020	22.1	21.7					

Note:

SAR measurement results with transmitter at maximum output power.

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 17 of 46

3. Instruments List

Manufacturer	Device	Туре	Serial number	Date of last calibration
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3703	Dec.30.2009
Schmid & Partner	850 &1900 MHz System Validation	D835V2	4d063	May.21.2010
Engineering AG	Dipole	D1900V2	5d027	Apr.28.2010
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition Electronics	DAE4	547	Jan.22.2010
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Software	DASY 4 V4.7 Build 80	N/A	Calibration not required
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Phantom	SAM	N/A	Calibration not required
HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A05662	Mar.30.2010
HP	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440168	Calibration not required
Agilent	Dual-directional coupler	778D	50313	Aug.26.2009
Agilent	RF Signal Generator	8648D	3847M00432	Jun.04.2010
Agilent	Power Sensor	U2001B	MY48100169	Apr.30.2010
R&S	Radio Communication Test	CMU200	113505	Mar.25.2010

Page: 18 of 46

4. Measurements

Date: 2010/6/22

Configuration 1_GSM850_CH251

DUT: NAV70;

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: Muscle 900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.983$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.9; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3703; ConvF(8.74, 8.74, 8.74); Calibrated: 2009/12/30

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn547; Calibrated: 2010/1/22

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1419

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Bottom up/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.059 mW/g

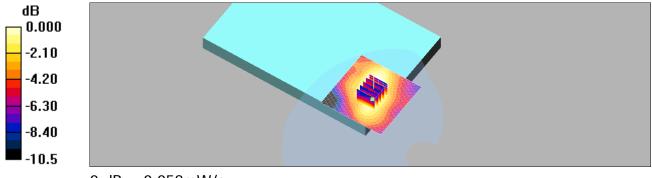
Bottom up/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.076 W/kg

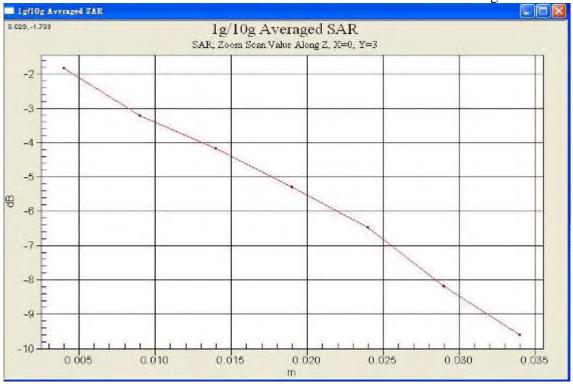
SAR(1 g) = 0.051 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.058 mW/g



0 dB = 0.058 mW/q

Page: 19 of 46



Page: 20 of 46 Date: 2010/6/22

Configuration 1_GPRS1900_CH512

DUT: NAV70;

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M1800 & 1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$

mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3703; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2009/12/30

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn547; Calibrated: 2010/1/22

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1419

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Bottom up/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.027 mW/g

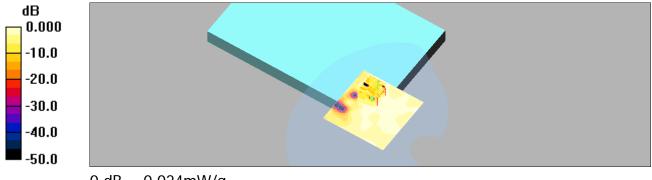
Bottom up/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.141 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.040 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.024 mW/g



0 dB = 0.024 mW/q

Page: 21 of 46

5. SAR System Performance Verification

Date: 2010/6/22

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz;

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.991$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

55.6; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3703; ConvF(8.74, 8.74, 8.74); Calibrated: 2009/12/30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn547; Calibrated: 2010/1/22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1419
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.75 mW/g

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

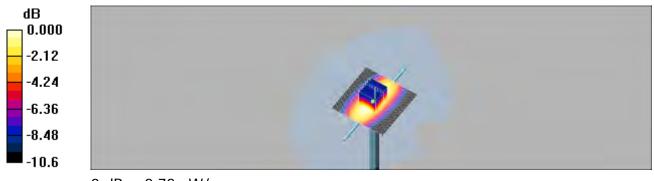
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 mW/g



0 dB = 2.72 mW/g

Page: 22 of 46 Date: 2010/6/22

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz;

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M1800 & 1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.60$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.6$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3703; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2009/12/30

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn547; Calibrated: 2010/1/22

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1419

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 mW/g

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

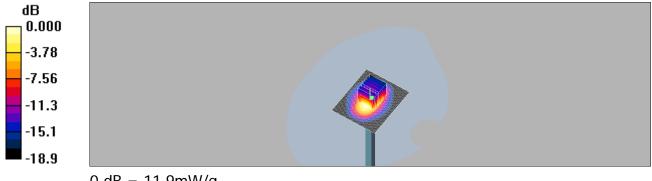
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

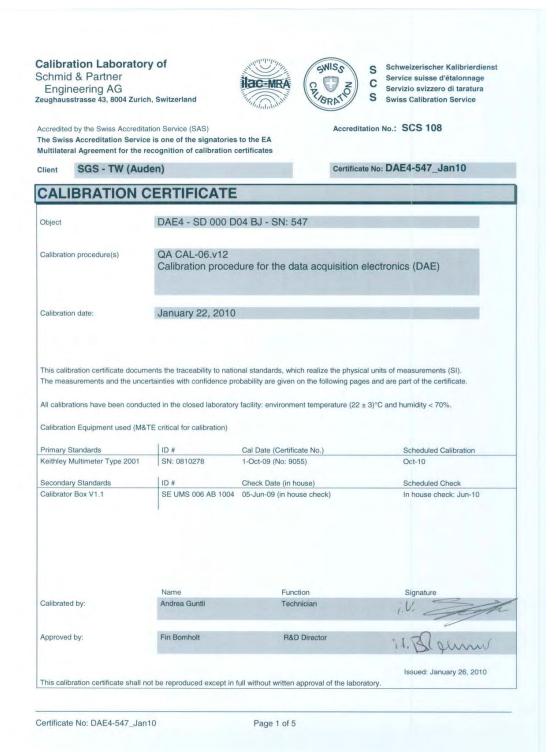
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



0 dB = 11.9 mW/q

Page: 23 of 46

6. DAE & Probe Calibration certificate



Page: 24 of 46

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

SGS (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3703_Dec09

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

bject	EX3DV4 - SN:3703						
Calibration procedure(s)		QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and edure for dosimetric E-field probes					
Calibration date:	December 30, 2	009					
he measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence p	tional standards, which realize the physical unit probability are given on the following pages and	d are part of the certificate.				
		ory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C	c and humidity < 70%,				
Calibration Equipment used (M&		ory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration				
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10				
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10				
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	BTE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10				
calibration Equipment used (M8 trimary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10				
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10				
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Mar-10				
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5066 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10				
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Mar-10				
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5066 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check				
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check In house check; Oct-11				
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check				
Calibration Equipment used (M&Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID# US3642U01700	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check In house check; Oct-11				
Calibration Equipment used (M&Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 660 ID# US3642U01700 US37390585	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11				
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11				

Certificate No: EX3-3703_Dec09

Page 1 of 11

Page: 25 of 46

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG sstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSL sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z NORMx,y,z ConvF diode compression point

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters A, B, C

Polarization o φ rotation around probe axis

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), Polarization 9

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9=0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y.z.* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required

Page: 26 of 46

EX3DV4 SN:3703 December 30, 2009

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3703

Manufactured: Calibrated: July 21, 2009 December 30, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 27 of 46

EX3DV4 SN:3703 December 30, 2009

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3703

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m)²) ^A	0.52	0.52	0.53	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	92.6	88.0	91.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%
			Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 28 of 46

EX3DV4 SN:3703 December 30, 2009

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3703

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	8.87	8.87	8.87	0.58	0.66 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	8.62	8.62	8.62	0.52	0.68 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	7.73	7.73	7.73	0.67	0.64 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.44	7.44	7.44	0.67	0.66 ± 11.0%
2000	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	$1.40 \pm 5\%$	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.70	0.65 ± 11.0%
2450	±50/±100	$39.2 \pm 5\%$	$1.80 \pm 5\%$	6.80	6.80	6.80	0.43	0.83 ± 11.0%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	$36.0 \pm 5\%$	$4.66 \pm 5\%$	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.38	1.80 ± 13.1%
5300	± 50 / ± 100	$35.9 \pm 5\%$	$4.76 \pm 5\%$	4.36	4.36	4.36	0.35	1.80 ± 13.1%
5600	± 50 / ± 100	$35.5 \pm 5\%$	$5.07 \pm 5\%$	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.45	1.80 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	$35.3 \pm 5\%$	$5.27 \pm 5\%$	3.95	3.95	3.95	0.50	1.80 ± 13.1%

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 29 of 46

December 30, 2009 EX3DV4 SN:3703

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3703

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X C	onvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	8.74	8.74	8.74	0.65	0.72 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	$55.0 \pm 5\%$	1.05 ± 5%	8.58	8.58	8.58	0.64	0.72 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	7.75	7.75	7.75	0.66	0.66 ± 11.0%
1900	±50/±100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.54	0.74 ± 11.0%
2000	±50/±100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.49	0.78 ± 11.0%
2450	±50/±100	$52.7 \pm 5\%$	1.95 ± 5%	6.95	6.95	6.95	0.37	0.87 ± 11.0%
5200	±50/±100	49.0 ± 5%	$5.30 \pm 5\%$	3.99	3.99	3.99	0.55	1.90 ± 13.1%
5300	±50/±100	48.5 ± 5%	5.42 ± 5%	3.77	3.77	3.77	0.55	1.90 ± 13.1%
5600	±50/±100	48.5 ± 5%	5.77 ± 5%	3.55	3.55	3.55	0.60	1.90 ± 13.1%
5800	±50/±100	48.2 ± 5%	$6.00 \pm 5\%$	3.80	3.80	3.80	0.60	1.90 ± 13.1%

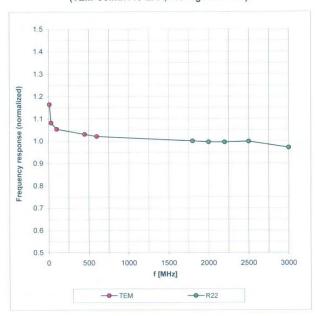
The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 30 of 46

December 30, 2009 EX3DV4 SN:3703

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

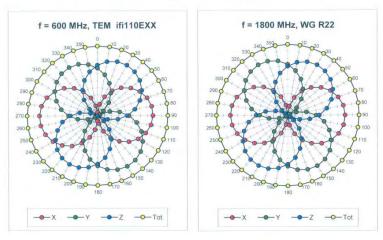


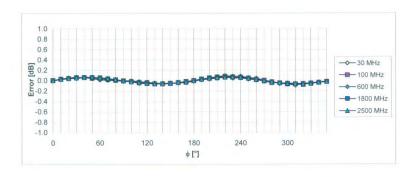
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 31 of 46

December 30, 2009 EX3DV4 SN:3703

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



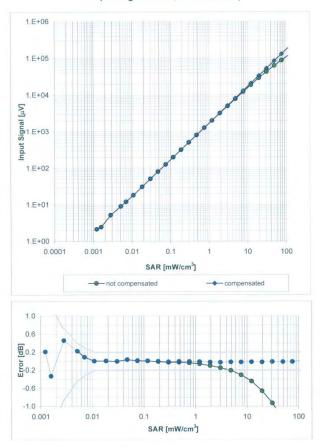


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

December 30, 2009 EX3DV4 SN:3703

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



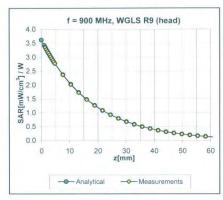
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 33 of 46

EX3DV4 SN:3703

December 30, 2009

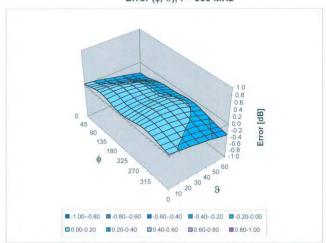
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 34 of 46

EX3DV4 SN:3703

December 30, 2009

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Report No. : ES/2010/60004 Page : 35 of 46

 $\pm 20.6\,\%$

 $\pm 20.1\,\%$

7. Uncertainty Analysis

Expanded STD Uncertainty

According to IEEE P1528 [1]								
Error Description	Uncertainty value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	$\begin{pmatrix} (c_i) \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} (c_i) \\ 10g \end{pmatrix}$	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	$\begin{pmatrix} (v_i) \\ v_{eff} \end{pmatrix}$
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±4.8 %	N	1	1	1	±4.8%	±4.8%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6 %	00
Readout Electronics	±1.0 %	N	1	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0 %	00
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	±3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9 %	875
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±10.3 %	±10.0 %	331

Page: 36 of 46

8. Phantom Description

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

e a

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0	
Type No	QD 000 P40 C	
Series No	TP-1150 and higher	
Manufacturer	SPEAG Zeughausstrasse 43 CH-8004 Zürich Switzerfand	

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles.

Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series items (called samples) or are tested at each item.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Dimensions	Compliant with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness of shell	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in flat and specific areas of head section	First article, Samples, TP-1314 ff.
Material thickness at ERP	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	6mm +/- 0.2mm at ERP	First article, All items
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	300 MHz – 6 GHz: Relative permittivity < 5, Loss tangent < 0.05	Material samples
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards if handled and cleaned according to the instructions. Observe technical Note for material compatibility.	DEGMBE based simulating liquids	Pre-series, First article, Material samples
Sagging	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards. Sagging of the flat section when filled with tissue simulating liquid.	< 1% typical < 0.8% if filled with 155mm of HSL900 and without DUT below	Prototypes, Sample testing

- CENELEC EN 50361 IEEE Std 1528-2003

- IEC 62209 Part I
 FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01
 The IT IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of the other documents.

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compilance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standards [1] to [4].

07.07.2005

Signature / Stamp

Schmid & Papear Engineering AG
2ptiphouspiese 43, 8094 Zurigh, Switzerland
Phose 941, 395 97007 February 745 9779
Info 9 speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Page: 37 of 46

9. System Validation from Original equipment supplier

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Service suisse d etaionnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

SGS-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d063_May10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D835V2 - SN: 4d063 Object QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits Calibration date: May 21, 2010 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Oct-10 Oct-10 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20a) Mar-11 Mar-11 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) Type-N mismatch combination 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) Apr-11 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) DAE4 SN: 601 Scheduled Check Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 RF generator R&S SMT-06 US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-10 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Laboratory Technician Jeton Kastrati Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: May 26, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Page: 38 of 46

DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 20.05.2010 10:45:06

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d063

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Pin250 mW/d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

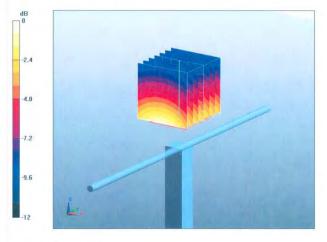
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 mW/g



0 dB = 2.94 mW/g

Page: 39 of 46

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

SGS-TW (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d027_Apr10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D1900V2 - SN: 5d027 Object QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits April 28, 2010 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Oct-10 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) Mar-11 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) Type-N mismatch combination Mar-11 Reference Probe ES3DV3 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09) SN: 3205 Jun-10 DAE4 SN: 601 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Mar-11 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-10 Name Function Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Dimce Iliev Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: April 29, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d027_Apr10

Page 1 of 9

Page: 40 of 46

DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 28.04.2010 15:11:22

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d027

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 26.06.2009

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

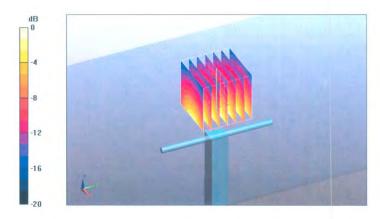
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 mW/g



0 dB = 12.7 mW/g

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d027_Apr10

Page 8 of 9

End of 1st part of report