# Technical Description and User Guide C3607w

### PRINTING ORIGINAL







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#### **Abstract**

This document describes the Ericsson Mobile Broadband Module C3607w. Enduser value, functionality, characteristics and basic building blocks are described.

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### 1 About this Document

### 1.1 Purpose

This user guide gives the reader a deeper technical understanding of the features, applications and configuration of C3607w. A simplified technical explanation of GSM/GPRS/EDGE and WCDMA/HSPA data services is also included in this document.

#### 1.2 Audience

People who can benefit from this document include:

- End-users
- Notebook vendors
- IT professionals
- Software developers
- · Support engineers
- Business decision-makers
- Mobile operators

More information can be found on the World Wide Web at <a href="http://www.ericsson.com/mobilebroadbandmodules">http://www.ericsson.com/mobilebroadbandmodules</a>.



### 2 Product Overview

Ericsson's C3607w is a high performance Mobile Broadband Module capable of providing wide area wireless data access at speeds up to 7.2 Mbps downlink and up to 2.0 Mbps uplink in a 192-lead LGA package. It offers both triple band WCDMA/HSPA and quad-band EDGE/GPRS/GSM mobile access to the internet or corporate networks worldwide with flexibility including "always online" capability.

C3607w uses USB as the main system interface for data and control communication. In addition, it is capable of providing a 26MHz system clock signal to be used by an external GPS receiver residing on the host platform.

The module is hardware prepared for voice functionality. Later on when voice is supported SPI will be used as main system interface. The voice data communication will be done through the PCM interface.

The hardware is also prepared to support HSUPA category 6, which can deliver uplink data rates up to 5.76 Mbps.

### 2.1 Key features and benefits

- The C3607w Mobile Broadband Module is a self-contained 192-pin LGA component with radio, associated baseband plus memory and power management biased from only one voltage.
- The module is a dual mode device which offers quad-band EDGE/GPRS/GSM and triple-band WCDMA/HSPA with handover between the different technologies.
- The module has receiver diversity, GRAKE2 (equalization and RX diversity simultaneously) which enhances the radio link performance.
- The module supports clock synchronization for an external GPS chip set.
- The device has outstanding low current consumption in various host states and at different network connection usage.
- The C3607w is a true always connected device which supports wake on wireless.
- To ensure regulated radio performance and component life length the module has an in-built over temperature protection.



### 3 C3607w Communication

The C3607w Mobile Broadband Module keeps end-users up to date by giving them the best available mobile service wherever they are.

C3607w is a dual mode device, able to connect via WCDMA/HSPA and GSM/GPRS/EDGE. The handover between the two systems and network technologies are automatically managed by the C3607w allowing the user to remain connected seamlessly.

The C3607w comes with tri-band WCDMA/HSPA (Band I, II, and V) and quad-band (850/900/1800/1900 MHz) GSM/GPRS/EDGE support.

### 3.1 Network Technologies

#### 3.1.1 UMTS

3G (third-generation) services combine high-speed radio access with IP-based (Internet Protocol) services. This not only offers the possibility for fast mobile connection to the World Wide Web, but also a totally new way to communicate, access information, conduct business, learn and be entertained.

Compared to 2G mobile networks, 3G significantly boosts network capacity, a much needed feature in densely populated areas and allows operators to support more users and offer them more sophisticated services.

#### 3.1.1.1 WCDMA

The initial implementation of UMTS networks enables Internet or corporate network access at bidirectional data rates of up to 384 kbps.

#### 3.1.1.2 HSPA

HSPA (High Speed Packet Access) is available in all most UMTS markets. With its HSDPA solution, C3607w is capable of downlink-speeds of up to 7.2 Mbps. In addition, with its antenna diversity, the C3607w has a fast and reliable downlink. C3607w uses HSUPA which enables uplink speeds of up to 2 Mbps. With HSPA, users can enjoy faster download and upload capability while network operators benefit from increased capacity.

#### 3.1.2 GSM

GSM/GPRS coverage is available almost everywhere, and provides a secure fall back so that network connection is maintained.



#### 3.1.2.1 GPRS

GPRS is an enhancement to GSM networks and provides packet data transmission. The connection setup is fast and, once connected, applications may send and receive data whenever required.

C3607w can achieve communication speeds through GPRS up to a theoretical maximum of 85.6 kbps downlink and 42.8kbps uplink.

#### 3.1.2.2 EDGE

EDGE (Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution) is an integral part of the GSM family of open mobile standards. EDGE improves GPRS by increasing data throughput by a factor of three. GPRS networks enhanced with EDGE are often referred to as E-GPRS (Enhanced GPRS) networks.

C3607w can achieve communication speeds up to a theoretical maximum of 247.4 kbps downlink and 123.7 kbps uplink; MCS-9). Typical end-user speeds are in the range of 120 kbps under average conditions, with burst speeds around 200 kbps in strong signal conditions.

### 3.2 Applications

#### 3.2.1 SMS

C3607w can send and receive text messages.

#### 3.2.2 GPS

The C3607w does not have an onboard GPS receiver, but is prepared to support an external GPS receiver chipset mounted on the host system. The C3607w generates signals for GPS system clock and RF PA blanking.

#### 3.2.3 Browsing and internet access

C3607w is aimed for hosts running GNU/Linux. The first distribution supported is Moblin. The drivers stack will be included in the GNU/Linux kernel for easy integration.



# 4 Technical Specifications

### 4.1 General

Technical Data			
Product name	C3607w		
Card type	192-lead LGA package		
System	GSM 850 E-GSM 900 GSM 1800 GSM 1900 UMTS 850 (band V and VI) UMTS 1900 UMTS 2100		
Services Available	GSM: Packet-Switched data GPRS/EDGE, SMS UMTS: Packet-Switched data, HSPA, SMS Multiple Primary PDP Context Voice services are not supported		
SIM Card	USIM, GPRS-aware and Regular (non-GPRS-aware) supported 3 V and 1.8 V type		
Certification and Type Approval	CE, R&TTE, FCC, IC, GCF and PTCRB		
Product Number	KRD 131 17/01		
FCC ID	VV7-MBMC3607W		
IC ID	287AG-MBMC3607W		

# 4.2 Exterior Description

Attribute	Data	
Form factor	28.5x33.5x2.3 mm	
Weight	<7 g	



### 4.3 Environment

Attribute	Data
Ambient Temperature: Storage	-40°C to 85°C
Directives	WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive) RoHS (Restriction of use of certain Hazardous Substances)

### 4.4 Electrical Characteristics

Attribute	Data
Supported Voltage Range	3.2 V – 4.2 V
Nominal Operating Voltage	3.6 V
Average Standby Power (Radio off)	< 20 mW
Average Idle Power (Attached to network)	< 20 mW
Data Transfer Peak Average Power	< 2.8 W

# 4.5 Operating System Support

Attribute	Data
Supported Operating Systems	Moblin based on GNU/Linux



### 4.6 UMTS Technical Data

Attribute	Data		
Power Class	Class 3		
Frequency bands	Band V (850)	Band II (1900)	Band I (2100)
Frequency Range (MHz)	TX: 824- 849 RX: 869-894	TX: 1850- 1910 RX: 1930- 1990	TX: 1920-1980 RX: 2110-2170
Duplex spacing	45 MHz	80 MHz	190 MHz
Advanced Receiver	Type I, Type III		
Maximum Downlink speed	384 kbps (Packet-Switched)		d)
Maximum Uplink speed	384 kbps (Packet-Switched)		
Features	Inter-RAT Handover (UMTS/EDGE/GPRS) Inter-RAT Reselection (UMTS/EDGE/GPRS)		,
Quality Of Service	UMTS classes supported via AT Command		
Modes	PDP type IP		
IP Allocation	Dynamic		

### 4.7 HSPA Technical Data

Attribute	Data
Maximum Downlink Speed	7.2 Mbps
Maximum Uplink Speed	2.0 Mbps
HSDPA Categories	Categories up to 7.2 Mbps (Category 1-8)
HSUPA Categories	Categories up to 2.0 Mbps (Category 1, 3, 5)



### 4.8 GSM Performance and Technical Characteristics

Parameter	GSM 850	E-GSM 900	GSM 1800	GSM 1900
Frequency range (MHz	TX: 824 – 849 RX: 869 – 894	TX: 880 – 914 RX: 925 – 959	TX: 1710 – 1785 RX: 1805 – 1880	TX: 1850 – 1910 RX: 1930 – 1990
Duplex spacing	45 MHz	45 MHz	95 MHz	80 MHz
Channel Spacing	200kHz			
Number of channels	123 Carriers x 8 (TDMA)	175 Carriers x 8 (TDMA)	374 Carriers x 8 (TDMA)	299 Carriers x 8 (TDMA)
Modulation	GMSK 8-PSK			
Power Class GSM/GPRS; EGPRS MCS1-4 (GMSK)	Class 4		Class 1	
Power Class EGPRS MCS5-9 (8-PSK)	Class E2		Class E2	

# 4.9 Supported GSM Features

Attribute	Data
SIM Personalization Locks	Network
SIM Application Toolkit USIM Application Toolkit	Supported by AT commands (Release 99) Supported by AT commands (Release 6)
Speech Coding	Not applicable (C3607w does not support speech services)
SMS over GPRS	Mobile Originated and Mobile Terminated
Data Rates	Multislot class 10 supported (see table below) GPRS Coding Schemes: CS-1, CS-2, CS-3, CS-4



Attribute	Data
Mode of Operation	Class B (attaches to both GSM and GPRS at the same time

### 4.10 GPRS Maximum Data Rates

Coding Data Rate		4 + 1		3 + 2	
Scheme	per slot	Rx	Tx	Rx	Tx
CS-1	9.05	36.2	9.05	27.15	18.1
CS-2	13.4	53.6	13.4	40.2	26.8
CS-3	15.6	62.4	15.6	46.8	31.2
CS-4	21.4	85.6	21.4	64.2	42.8

Speed achieved depends on the Coding Scheme supported by the GSM Network. Data rate is the payload per slot, headers plus data.

### 4.11 EDGE Technical Data

Attribute	Data
Device Class	EDGE Class Multislot 10
Modulation Coding Schemes	MCS-1 to MCS-9
EDGE features	Link Adaptation Incremental Redundancy Extended Uplink TBF Network Assisted Cell Change (NACC)



### 4.12 EDGE Maximum Data Rates

Coding Type of coding	Type of	Data Rate	4 -	+ 1	3 +	2
	per slot	Rx	Tx	Rx	Tx	
MCS-1	GMSK	10.60	42.40	10.60	31.80	21.20
MCS-2	GMSK	13.00	52.00	13.00	39.00	26.00
MCS-3	GMSK	16.60	66.40	16.60	49.80	33.20
MCS-4	GMSK	19.40	77.60	19.40	58.20	38.80
MCS-5	8-PSK	24.05	96.20	24.05	72.15	48.10
MCS-6	8-PSK	31.25	125.00	31.25	93.75	62.50
MCS-7	8-PSK	47.45	189.80	47.45	142.35	94.90
MCS-8	8-PSK	57.05	228.20	57.05	171.15	114.10
MCS-9	8-PSK	61.85	247.40	61.85	185.55	123.70

Speed achieved depends on the Coding Schemes supported by the GSM/EDGE Network. Data rate is the payload per slot (headers plus data).

### 4.13 SMS Technical Data

Attribute	Data
Concatenated SMS	Yes, up to 10 messages
Character set	7-bit, 8-bit, Unicode
SMS Cell Broadcast	Supported by AT Command



### 5 C3607w Hardware Overview

#### 5.1 General

C3607w is a 28.5x33.5x2.3 mm 192-lead LGA package surface mounted component, see chapter 7 for Related Information and references. C3607w is an integrated solution using the host's antenna system and UICC reader.



It is designed as an add-in option for integrators of MID and ultra-portable personal computers. The product HW comprises of the following component parts:

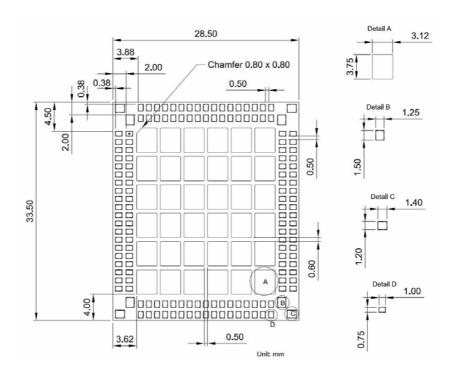
- 1. HSPA and GSM wireless network adapter with system clock support for external GPS receiver.
- 2. Voltage regulation circuitry which converts power from the battery to the regulated voltage for the system's components.
- 3. Baseband circuitry, which provides the signal processing, control, and microprocessing of the system.
- 4. Onboard flash memory for autonomous operation.

All components are covered by EMC shields. All power, baseband communication and antenna signals are routed via the LGA pads of the module.



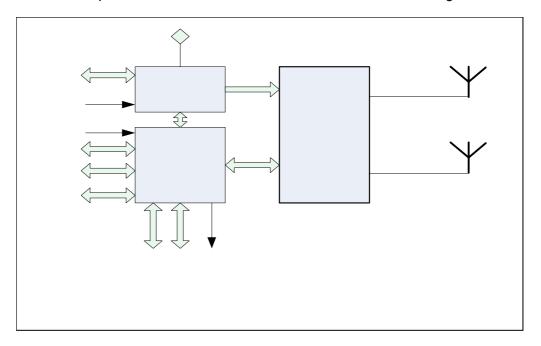
#### 5.2 Dimensions

The dimensions of the card are given in the figure below.



### 5.3 Functional Block Diagram

A function representation of C3607w Mini Card is included in the figure below.





### 6 Host Software Overview

#### 6.1 Drivers

The C3607w Mobile Broadband Module is initially aimed for hosts running Moblin based GNU/Linux OS. The only supported API provided to host applications for accessing module services is AT commands**Error! Reference source not found.** 

The USB drivers are open source and part of the Linux kernel. The drivers are thus included as preloaded modules in Moblin 2 kernel delivered by Intel.

The module firmware provides a WDM interface for device management and an ACM interface for control and data traffic. Upon start-up the drivers export TTY ports to the /dev directory. Two ACM and one WDM port is created. The IP traffic is routed to the network interface provided in the kernel, which belongs to the USB CDC class. The interface is based on the USBnet architecture.

### 6.2 Connection Manager

Within Moblin there is an open source project for developing a daemon program for managing internet connections called ConnMan. Contact Moblin for more information.



# 7 Related Information and references

Web Site	Information	
http://www.ericsson.com/ mobilebroadbandmodules	Product information and information about mobile network infrastructure	
http://www.gsmworld.com/	General information on GSM, GPRS and EDGE	
http://www.umts-forum.org	General information on UMTS	

### 7.1 Documents Available

Product	Languages	
AT Command Manual	English	
Technical Description & User Guide	English and Russian	
Integrator's Guide	English	
Data Sheet C3607w	English	
MBM Customer Cradle Manual	English	



# 8 Operational and Regulatory information

Please read this information before using your Wireless Mobile Broadband Module.

#### 8.1 Operational Information

#### 8.1.1 Wireless Interoperability

The Wireless Mobile Broadband Module is designed to be interoperable with the specific wireless service providers and their roaming partners.

#### 8.1.2 Safety

The Mobile Broadband Module, like other radio devices, emits radio frequency electromagnetic energy. The Mobile Broadband module operates within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety and recommendations. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature. In some situations or environments, the use of the Mobile Broadband module may be restricted by the proprietor of the building or responsible representatives of the applicable organization.

Examples of such situations include the following:

- Using the Mobile Broadband equipment on board airplanes, or
- Using the Mobile Broadband equipment in any other environment where the risk of interference with other devices or services is perceived or identified as being harmful.

If you are uncertain of the policy that applies to the use of wireless devices in a specific organization or environment (an airport, for example), you are encouraged to ask for authorization to use the Mobile Broadband device before you turn it on.

WARNING: Explosive Device Proximity Warning – Do not operate a portable transmitter (such as a wireless network device) near unshielded blasting caps or in an explosive environment unless the device has been modified to be qualified for such use.

CAUTION: Use on Aircraft – Regulations of the FCC and FAA prohibit airborne operation of radio-frequency wireless devices because their signals could interfere with critical aircraft instruments.



#### 8.1.3 Recommendations

- Always treat your product with care and keep it in a clean and dust-free place.
- Do not expose your product to liquid, moisture or humidity.
- Do not expose your product to extreme high or low temperatures.
- Do not expose your product to open flames or lit tobacco products.
- Do not drop, throw or try to bend your product.
- Do not paint your product.
- Do not use your product near medical equipment without requesting permission from your treating physician or authorized medical staff.
- Do not use your product when in or around aircraft or in areas displaying a "turn off two-way radio" sign.
- Do not use your product in an area where a potentially explosive atmosphere exists.
- Do not place your product or install wireless equipment in the area above your car's airbag.
- Do not attempt to disassemble your product. Only authorized personnel should perform service.

#### 8.1.4 Children

Do not allow children to play with your Mobile Broadband Module. They could hurt themselves or others, or could accidentally damage the Mobile Broadband Module. Your Mobile Broadband Module may contain small parts that could be detached and create a choking hazard.

#### 8.1.5 Disposal of old electrical & electronic equipment

All electrical and electronic equipment included should not be treated as household waste. It should instead be left at the appropriate collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate waste handling of this product. The recycling of materials will help to conserve natural resources. For more detailed information about the recycling of this product, please contact your local city office, your household waste disposal service or the store where you purchased your Mobile Broadband Module.



#### 8.1.6 Emergency calls

This Mobile Broadband Modules do not support voice calls or voice services, nor emergency calls and should not be relied upon for essential communications.

#### 8.2 Regulatory Information

The Mobile Broadband module must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product The device manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of the devices included with the Mobile Broadband, or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than that specified by the device manufacturer.. The correction of interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment is the responsibility of the user. The device manufacturer and its authorized resellers or distributors are not liable for any damage or violation of government regulations that may arise from the user failing to comply with these guidelines.

#### 8.2.1 United States, FCC Notices

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

CAUTION: The radiated output power of the Wireless Mobile Broadband module is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the Wireless Mobile Broadband module should be used in such a manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized. Details of the authorized configurations can be found at

https://fjallfoss.fcc.gov/oetcf/eas/reports/GenericSearch.cfm by entering the FCC ID number on the device.

CAUTION: This device has been evaluated for and shown compliant with the FCC RF exposure limits under portable exposure conditions (antennas are within 20 cm of a person's body) when installed in certain specific OEM configurations. This device has also been evaluated and shown compliant with the FCC RF Exposure limits under mobile exposure conditions (antennas are greater than 20cm from a person's body). Details of the authorized configurations can be found at <a href="https://fjallfoss.fcc.gov/oetcf/eas/reports/GenericSearch.cfm">https://fjallfoss.fcc.gov/oetcf/eas/reports/GenericSearch.cfm</a> by entering the FCC ID number on the device.Interference Statement:

This device complies with Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



This equipment has been tested to, and found to be within the acceptable limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates radio frequency energy and is designed for use in accordance with the manufacturer's user manual. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in any particular installation. If this equipment causes harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, you are encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna

Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver

Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected

Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for help

Note: This Mobile Broadband device must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product. Any other installation or use will violate FCC Part 15 regulations. Modifications not expressly approved by the device manufacturer could void your authority to operate the equipment.

#### 8.2.2 European Union, EU Declaration of Conformity

European Union, R&TTE Compliance Statement

Hereby, the device manufacturer declares that this Mobile Broadband device is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.



### 9 Environmental Declaration

Ericsson has a responsibility to the community to provide products which are safe to use and which have minimal impact upon the environment. Ericsson's Design for Environment program is designed to meet legislative and market requirements in the countries where Ericsson sell C3607w.

Ericsson's Design for Environment program lists chemical substances that are banned or restricted for use in Ericsson's products and manufacturing operations. Ericsson works with its suppliers to eliminate such substances in procured material.

Restrictions on the use of substances in Ericsson products are divided into two categories; banned substances and restricted substances.

Banned substances are prohibited for use in specified applications in Ericsson products in accordance with relevant legislation.

Restricted substances may only be used where no technically and/or economically acceptable alternatives exist and will be replaced as soon as possible.

The ban or restriction does not apply where the presence of a substance is unintentional and in the form very small concentrations derived from natural impurities.

Note: Legislation regulating the use of banned substances includes exemptions allowing limited use where no technically acceptable alternatives exist. Ericsson makes use of some of these exemptions in order to maintain product quality.



#### C3607w Material Declaration 10

Laboratory reports indicate the following content of substances on Ericsson's banned and restricted list in the C3607w product.

#### **Banned Substances** 10.1

Substance	Allowed C3607w
Cadmium	Not present
Mercury	Not present
Chromium (VI) compounds	Not present
Lead	TBD g *
Halogenated hydrocarbons PBB/PBDE	Not present
Organo-tin compounds	Not present

<sup>\*</sup>This product is lead-free soldered but makes use of RoHS exemptions 5 & 7a



#### 10.2 **Restricted Substances**

Substance	Allowed C3607w
Antimony	TBD g
Beryllium	Not present
Bismuth	TBD g
Phthalates	Not present
Chlorinated polymers	Not present
Halogenated hydrocarbons (TBBE and other non-prohibited BFR's)	TBD g

C3607w is RoHS (Restrictions on Hazardous Substances) compliant. A full report can be obtained from Ericsson upon request.



# 10.3 Disposal

C3607w is compliant with WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive).



## 11 Terminology and Abbreviations

**2G** Generic term for the second generation of cellular networks,

when digital technology was used. GSM is a 2G network.

**3G** Generic term for the third generation of cellular

networks such as UMTS.

**APN** Access Point Name. Used in GPRS to define services to

which the terminal can connect, for example, Internet, WAP,

MyCompany.

**bps** Bits per second – rate of data flow.

CS Circuit Switched. Connection from A to B which has a fixed

bandwidth and is maintained over a period of time, for

example a voice telephone call.

**CS-1 to CS-4** Coding Scheme. Determines the data rate per timeslot in

GPRS.

**E-GPRS** Enhanced GPRS. A GPRS network enhanced with EDGE

technology to provide greater speed and capacity.

**EGSM** Extended GSM. New frequencies specified by the European

Radio Communications Committee (ERC) for GSM use when additional spectrum is needed (Network-dependent). It allows operators to transmit and receive just outside GSM's core 900

frequency band. This extension gives increased network

capability.

**EAP** Extensible Authentication Protocol.

**EDGE** Enhanced Data Rates for Global Evolution.

Technology which improves the throughput of a GPRS

network by a factor of 3.

**GMSK** Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying. A method of modulating

data, used in GPRS and EDGE.

**GPRS** General Packet Radio Services.

**GPS** Global Positioning System.

**GSM** Global System for Mobile Communications. GSM is the

world's most widely-used digital mobile phone system. At the end of Jan 2004 there were over one billion GSM subscribers

across more than 205 countries.

**GSM850** GSM network operating in the 850MHz band. Used in the

USA.



**GSM 900** GSM network operating in the 900MHz band. Used mainly in

Europe, Australia and South Africa.

**GSM 1800** Also known as DCS 1800 or PCN. A GSM network operating

in the 1800 MHz band. Used in Europe and Asia-Pacific.

**GSM 1900** Also known as PCS. A GSM network operating in the

1900MHz band. Used in the USA and Canada.

**HSPA** High Speed Packet Access.

**HSDPA** High Speed Downlink Packet Access.

**HSUPA** High Speed Uplink Packet Access.

**ISP** Internet Service Provider.

**kbps** Kilobits per second – rate of data flow.

LAN Local Area Network

**LGA** Land Grid Array

MCS Modulation Coding Scheme. MCS-1 to MCS-9 are used in

EDGE.

NACC Network Assisted Cell Change. Feature which reduces the

time taken to perform a cell reselection.

NDIS Network Driver Interface Specification. A Windows Device

Driver specification, used for Ethernet cards, ISDN Adaptors

and GPRS WAN adaptors.

PC Personal Computer.

**PCS** Personal Communications Services, often used to describe

GSM1900 networks.

**PDP** Packet Data Protocol.

**Phone book** A memory in the SIM card where phone numbers can be

stored and accessed by name or position.

**RoHS** Restriction of use of certain Hazardous Substances.

Rx Receive.

**SDK** Software Developer's Kit.

**Service Provider** A company that provides services and subscriptions to mobile

services (phones, mobile broadband, etc.).



SIM card Subscriber Identity Module card – a card that must be

inserted in any GSM-based mobile terminal. It contains subscriber details, security information and memory for a personal directory of numbers. The card can be a small plugin type or credit card-sized, but both types have the same

functions.

SMS Short Message Service. Allows messages of up to 160

characters to be sent and received via the network operator's

message center to a mobile phone.

**TBD** To be defined.

**TBF** Temporary Block Flow.

TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol.

TCP/IPv4 TCP/IP Version 4. Most widely implemented form of TCP/IP

today having a 4 byte address format such as

212.161.127.136.

TE Terminal Equipment. Generic term for GSM terminals such as

phones and Mobile Broadband Modules.

**TLS** Transport Layer Security. Used, for example, by Web

browsers

Tx Transmit.

**UICC** UMTS Integrated Circuit Card.

**UMTS** Universal Mobile Telecommunications System. 3G network

technology using WCDMA methods.

**USIM** UMTS Subscriber Identity Module.

**VPN** Virtual Private Network.

WAP Wireless Application Protocol. A global standard

specified in order to make Internet services available for

mobile users.

WCDMA Wideband Code Division Multiple Access. A modulation

technique using a wide bandwidth (5MHz in the case of UMTS). All terminals transmit in the entire bandwidth and the signals from each are differentiated via the use of unique

codes assigned to each transmission.

**WEEE** Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive.

**WWW** World Wide Web.