



FCC REPORT

Report Reference No..... : TRE1612017403 R/C.....: 84205

FCC ID..... : VUJAT870N

Applicant's name..... : ATID CO., LTD

Address..... : #1211 Byuksan/Kyungin Digitalvalley 11, 184, Gasan digital 2-ro, Geumcheon-gu, Seoul, Korea

Manufacturer..... : ATID CO., LTD

Address..... : #1211 Byuksan/Kyungin Digitalvalley 11, 184, Gasan digital 2-ro, Geumcheon-gu, Seoul, Korea

Test item description..... : Industrial PDA

Trade Mark..... : Atid

Model/Type reference..... : AT870N

Standard..... : 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C 2013
ANSI C63.10:2013

Date of receipt of test sample..... : July. 14, 2016

Date of testing..... : Aug. 28, 2016 - Sep. 20, 2016

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Result..... : Pass

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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory

Table of contents

| | |
|---|-----------|
| 1. GENERAL INFORMATION | 3 |
| 1.1. EUT Description | 3 |
| 1.2. Test Standards and Results..... | 4 |
| 1.3. Frequency Hopping System Requirements..... | 5 |
| 1.4. Facilities and Accreditations | 6 |
| 2. 47 CFR PART 15C REQUIREMENTS..... | 7 |
| 2.1. Antenna requirement..... | 7 |
| 2.2. Number of Hopping Frequency | 8 |
| 2.3. Peak Output Power..... | 10 |
| 2.4. 20dB Bandwidth | 12 |
| 2.5. Carried Frequency Separation..... | 15 |
| 2.6. Dwell time..... | 17 |
| 2.7. Conducted Spurious Emissions..... | 21 |
| 2.8. Conducted Band Edge..... | 25 |
| 2.9. Conducted Emission | 28 |
| 2.10. Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission | 32 |
| 3. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENT | 41 |
| 4. UNCERTAINTY OF EVALUATION | 42 |

| Change History | | |
|----------------|------------|-------------------|
| Issue | Date | Reason for change |
| 1.0 | 2016.09.20 | First edition |
| | | |
| | | |

1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

| | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| EUT Type | Industrial PDA | |
| Hardware Version | AT870N_MA_V3.0.1 | |
| Software Version | ENGSTD_0576_512_R4 | |
| EUT supports Radios application | Bluetooth V2.0 SPP Only | |
| Frequency Range | Bluetooth BDR | 2402MHz~2480MHz |
| Channel Number | Bluetooth BDR | 79 |
| Bit Rate of Transmitter | Bluetooth BDR | 1Mbps |
| Modulation Type | Bluetooth BDR | GFSK |
| Antenna Type | PIFA Antenna | |
| Antenna Gain | 0dBi | |

Note 1: The EUT is a Industrial PDA, it contains Bluetooth Module operating at 2.4GHz ISM band; the frequencies allocated for the Bluetooth Module is $F(\text{MHz})=2402+1*n$ ($0 \leq n \leq 78$). The lowest, middle, highest channel numbers of the Bluetooth Module used and tested in this report are separately 0 (2402MHz), 39 (2441MHz) and 78 (2480MHz).

Note 2: For a more detailed description, please refer to Specification or User's Manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.

Note 3: a. When power on, the EUT will scan the whole frequency until a Connection command from the other BT devices.

b. When receiving the signal from the other BT devices, The EUT transmit are spouse signal.

c. The other devices receive the response signal and recognize it, then send a connection command to establish the connection.

d. After the connection establish successfully, the data transmission is beginning. At the same time, the both devices will shift frequencies in synchronization per a same pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies, the hopping rate is 1600 times per second. This device conforms to the criteria in FCC Public Notice DA 00-705.

e. The bandwidth of the receiver, which is set to a fixed width by the software.

1.2. Test Standards and Results

The objective of the report is to perform testing according to 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C (Bluetooth, 2.4GHz ISM band radiators) for the EUT FCC ID Certification:

| No. | Identity | Document Title |
|-----|----------------------------------|---|
| 1 | 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C 2013 | Radio Frequency Devices |
| 2 | ANSI C63.10 2013 | American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices |

Test detailed items/section required by FCC rules and results are as below:

| No. | Section in CFR 47 | Description | Result |
|-----|---------------------|--|--------|
| 1 | 15.203 | Antenna Requirement | PASS |
| 2 | 15.247(a) | Number of Hopping Frequency | PASS |
| 3 | 15.247(b) | Peak Output Power | PASS |
| 4 | 15.247(a) | 20dB Bandwidth | PASS |
| 5 | 15.247(a) | Carrier Frequency Separation | PASS |
| 6 | 15.247(a) | Time of Occupancy (Dwell time) | PASS |
| 7 | 15.247(d) | Conducted Spurious Emission | PASS |
| 8 | 15.247(d) | Conducted Band Edge | PASS |
| 9 | 15.207 | Conducted Emission | PASS |
| 10 | 15.209 15.247(c) | Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission | PASS |

Note 1: The tests were performed according to the method of measurements prescribed in DA-00-705.

Note 2: The test of Radiated Emission was performed according to the method of measurements prescribed in ANSI C63.10 2013.

1.3. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

1.3.1. Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

1.3.2. Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no

impact on the bandwidth used.

This device was tested with a bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for DA 00-705 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

1.3.3. EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78,68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48,72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

1.4. Facilities and Accreditations

1.4.1. Facilities

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: February 28, 2015. Valid time is until February 27, 2018.

FCC-Registration No.: 317478

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 317478, Renewal date Jul. 18, 2014, valid time is until Jul. 18, 2017.

1.4.2. Test Environment Conditions

During the measurement, the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

| | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Temperature (°C): | 15 - 35 |
| Relative Humidity (%): | 30 -60 |
| Atmospheric Pressure (kPa): | 86KPa-106KPa |

2. 47 CFR Part 15C Requirements

2.1. Antenna requirement

2.1.1. Applicable Standard

According to FCC 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247(c), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

2.1.2. Antenna Information

Antenna Category: Internal antenna

An Internal antenna was soldered to the antenna port of EUT via an adaptor cable, can't be removed.

Antenna General Information:

| No. | EUT | Ant. Type | Gain(dBi) |
|-----|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | Industrial PDA | PIFA | 0 |

2.1.3. Result: comply

The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna. Please refer to the EUT internal photos.

2.2. Number of Hopping Frequency

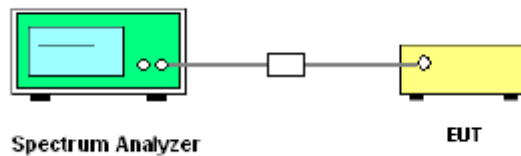
2.2.1. Limit of Number of Hopping Frequency

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

2.2.2. Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.2.3. Test Setup



2.2.4. Test Procedure

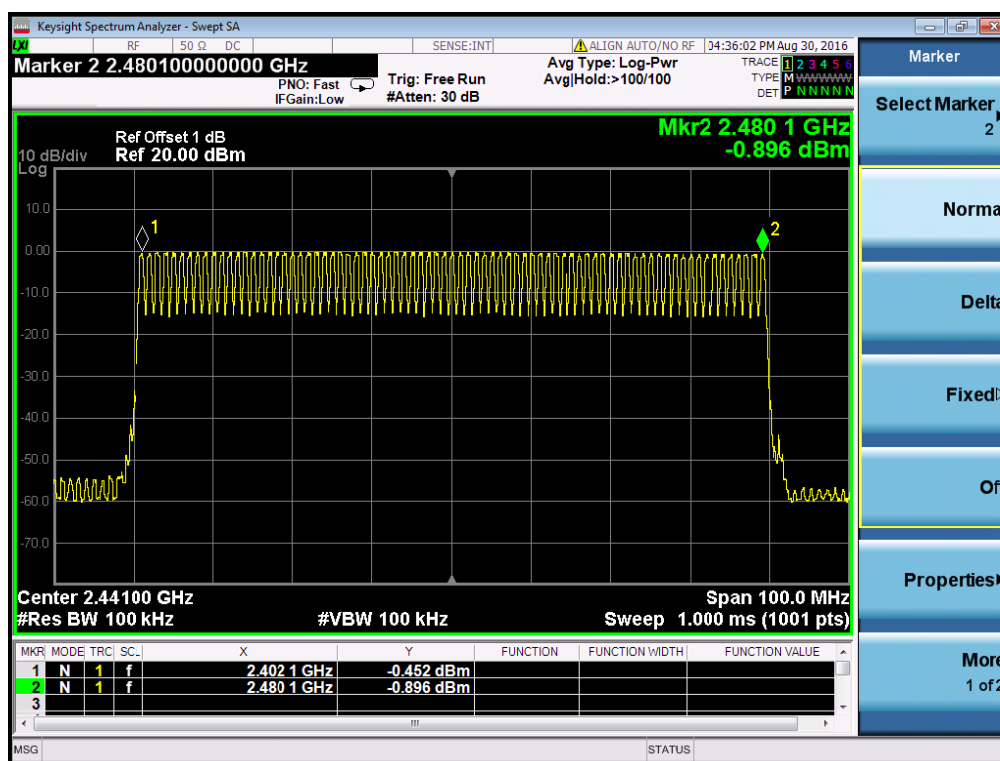
1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation;
RBW \geq 1% of the span; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;
Trace = max hold.
6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.
7. Record the measurement data derived from spectrum analyzer.

2.2.5. Test Results of Number of Hopping Frequency

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-on test mode; the frequencies number employed is counted to verify the Module's using the number of hopping frequency.

| Test Mode | Frequency Block (MHz) | Measured Channel Numbers | Min. Limit | Refer to Plot | Verdict |
|-----------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------------|---------|
| GFSK | 2400 - 2483.5 | 79 | 15 | Plot A | PASS |

2.2.6. Test Results (plots) of Number of Hopping Frequency



(Plot A: GFSK)

2.3. Peak Output Power

2.3.1. Limit of Peak Output Power

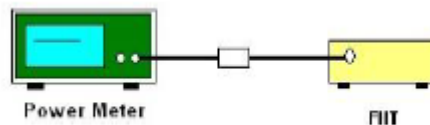
Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts.

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW

2.3.2. Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.3.3. Test Setup



2.3.4. Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

2.3.5. Test Result

| Test Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Measured Output Peak Power (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Verdict |
|-----------|---------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| GFSK | 0 | 2402 | -0.203 | 30 | PASS |
| | 39 | 2441 | -0.135 | | PASS |
| | 78 | 2480 | -0.669 | | PASS |

2.4. 20dB Bandwidth

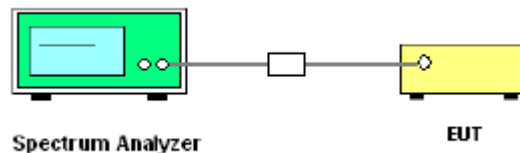
2.4.1. Definition

According to FCC §15.247(a)(1), the 20dB bandwidth is known as the 99% emission bandwidth, or 20dB bandwidth ($10 \cdot \log 1\% = 20\text{dB}$) taking the total RF output power.

2.4.2. Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.4.3. Test Setup



2.4.4. Test Procedure

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement.

Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;

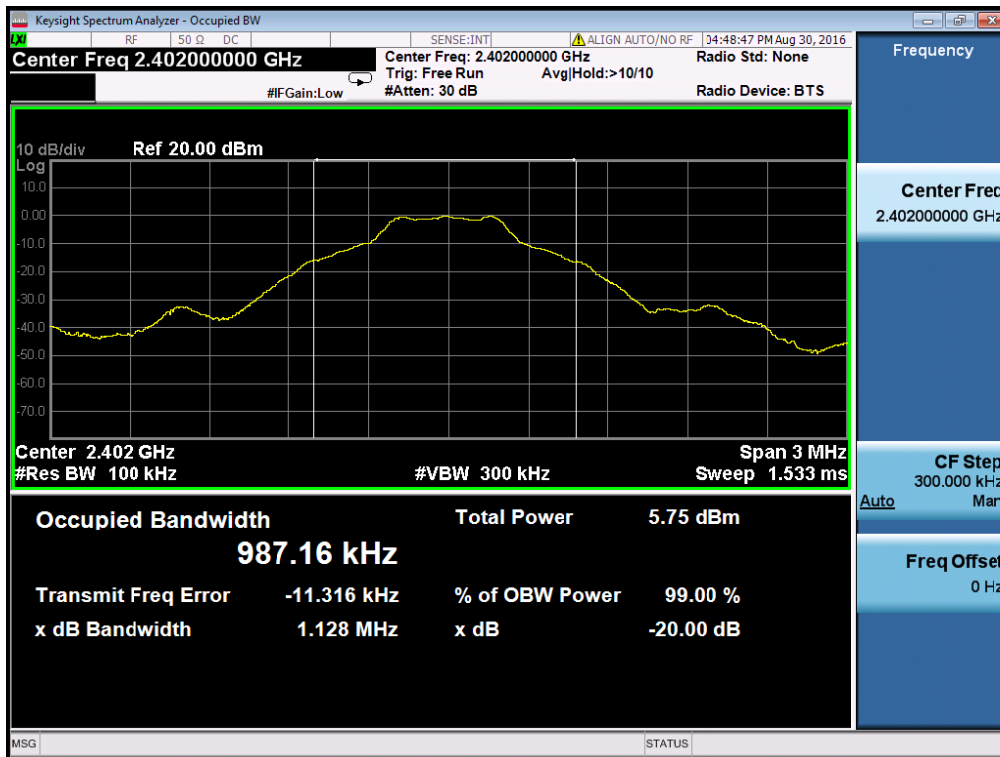
 $\text{RBW} \geq 1\%$ of the 20 dB bandwidth; $\text{VBW} \geq \text{RBW}$; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;

Trace = max hold.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

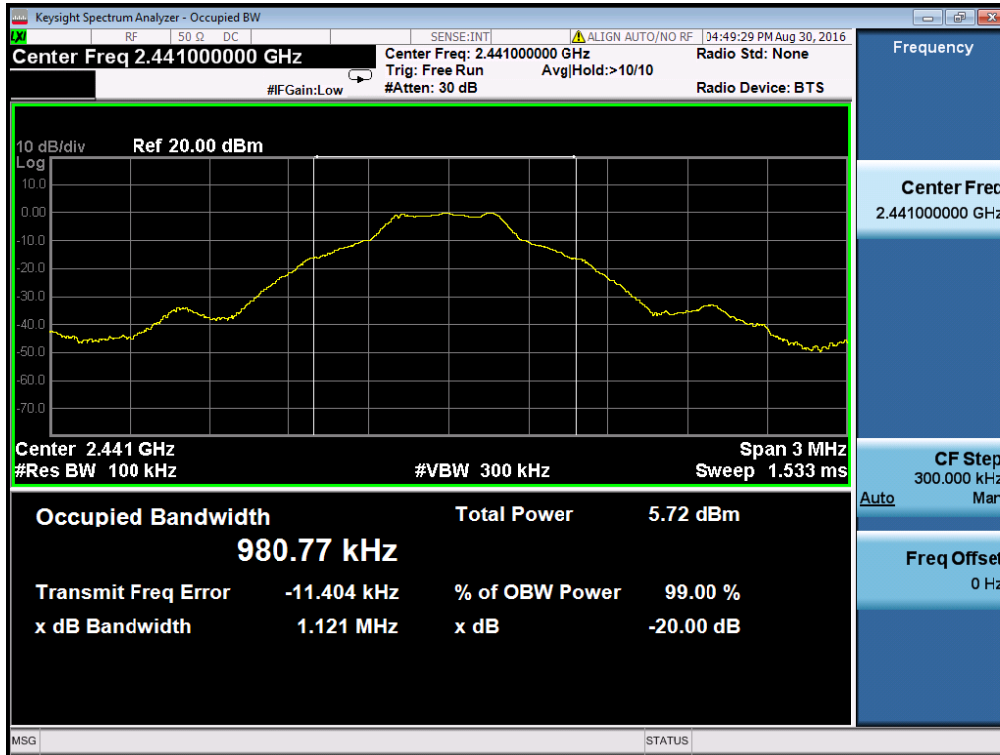
2.4.5. Test Results of 20dB Bandwidth

| Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 20dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Refer to Plot |
|------|---------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|
| GFSK | 0 | 2402 | 1.128 | Plot A |
| | 39 | 2441 | 1.121 | Plot B |
| | 78 | 2480 | 1.119 | Plot C |

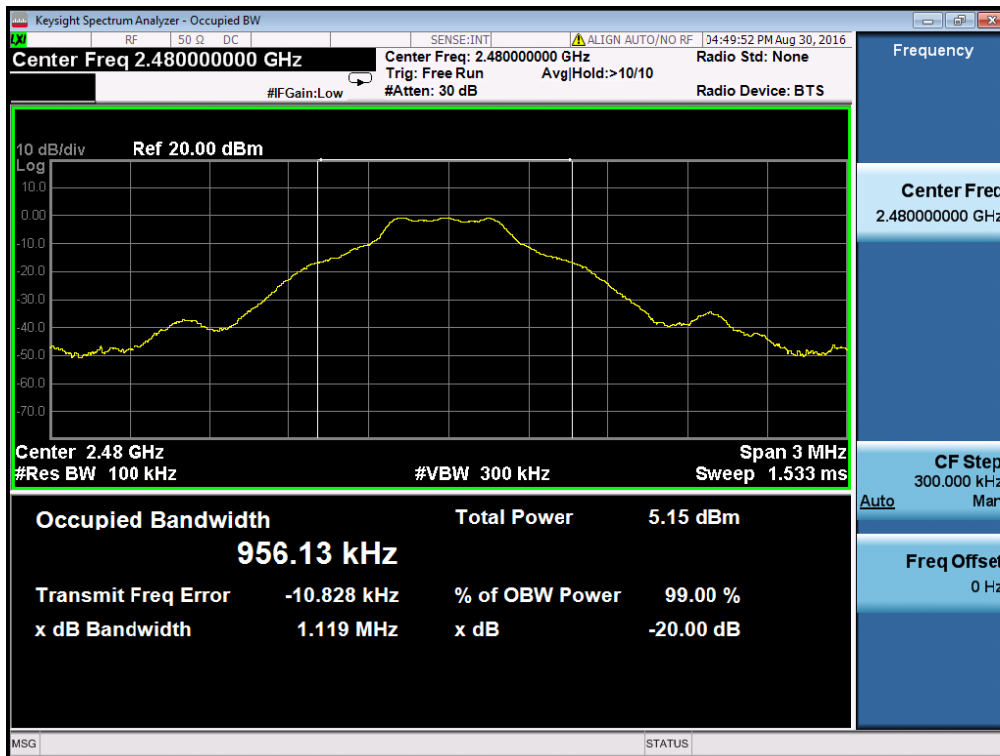
2.4.6. Test Results (plots) of 20dB Bandwidth



(Plot A: 0 Channel @ GFSK)



(Plot B: 39 Channel @ GFSK)



(Plot C: 78 Channel @ GFSK)

2.5. Carried Frequency Separation

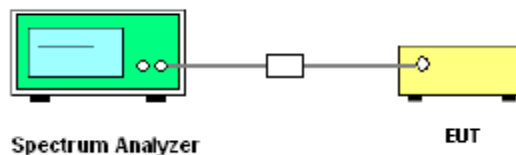
2.5.1. Limit of Carried Frequency Separation

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

2.5.2. Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.5.3. Test Setup



2.5.4. Test Procedure

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

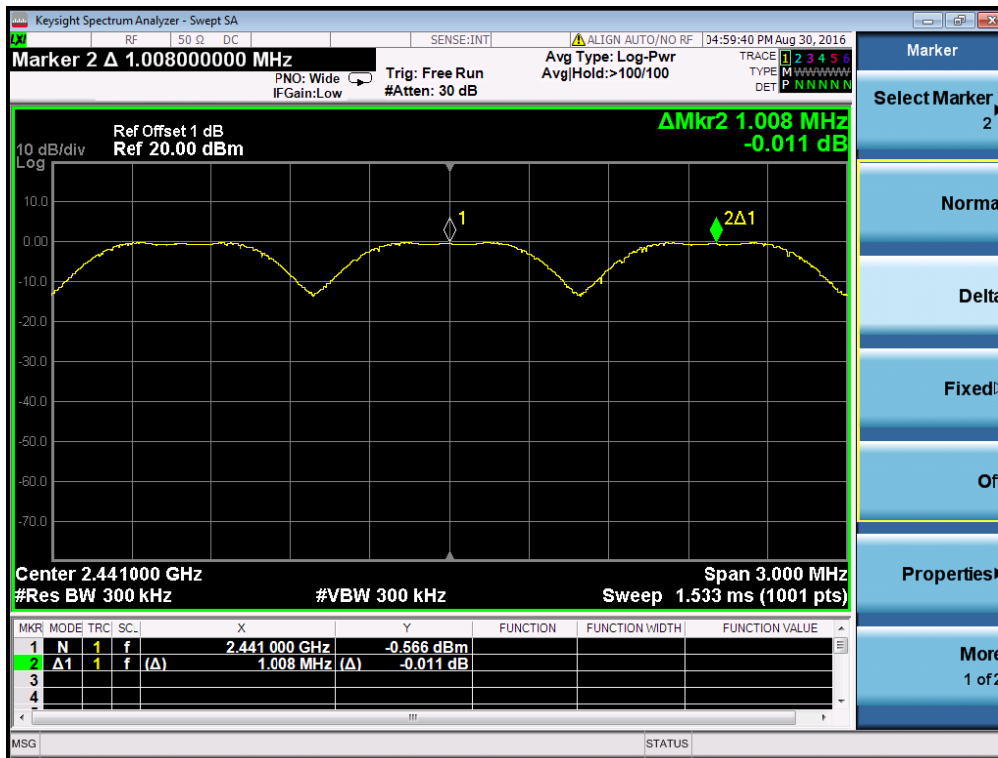
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels; $RBW \geq 1\%$ of the span;

 $VBW \geq RBW$; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

2.5.5. Test Results of Carried Frequency Separation

| Test mode | Frequency Separation(MHz) | (2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz) | Verdict |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| GFSK | 1.008 | 0.752 | PASS |

2.5.6. Test Results (plots) of Carried Frequency Separation



GFSK Mode

2.6. Dwell time

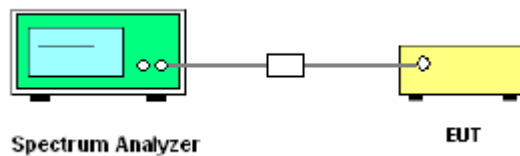
2.6.1. Limit of Dwell Time

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

2.6.2. Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.6.3. Test Setup



2.6.4. Test Procedure

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator.
The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW = 1 MHz; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

2.6.5. Test Results of Dwell Time

For DH1 package type:

$$\{\text{Total of Dwell}\} = \{\text{Pulse Time}\} * (1600 / 2) / \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\} * \{\text{Period}\}$$

$$\{\text{Period}\} = 0.4s * \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\}$$

For DH3 package type:

$$\{\text{Total of Dwell}\} = \{\text{Pulse Time}\} * (1600 / 4) / \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\} * \{\text{Period}\}$$

$$\{\text{Period}\} = 0.4s * \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\}$$

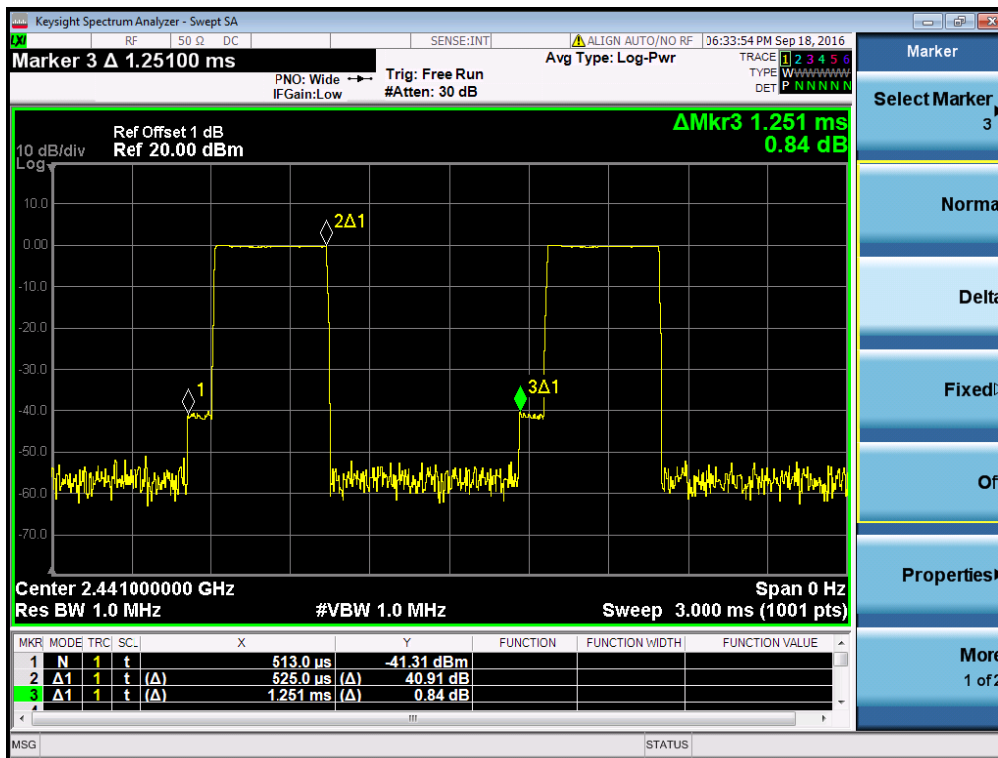
For DH5 package type:

$$\{\text{Total of Dwell}\} = \{\text{Pulse Time}\} * (1600 / 6) / \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\} * \{\text{Period}\}$$

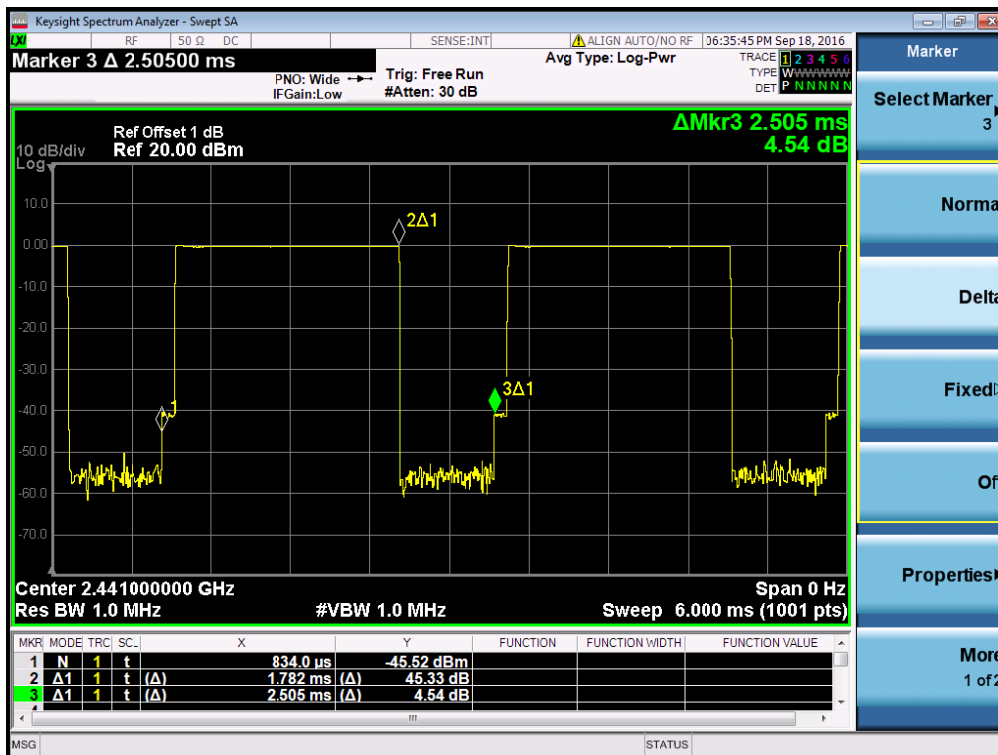
$$\{\text{Period}\} = 0.4s * \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\}$$

| Modulation | Packet Type | Channel | Pulse Time (ms) | Dwell Time (ms) | Limit (ms) | Verdict |
|------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|---------|
| GFSK | DH1 | 39 | 0.525 | 168.00 | 400 | PASS |
| | DH3 | 39 | 1.782 | 285.12 | | PASS |
| | DH5 | 39 | 3.030 | 323.21 | | PASS |

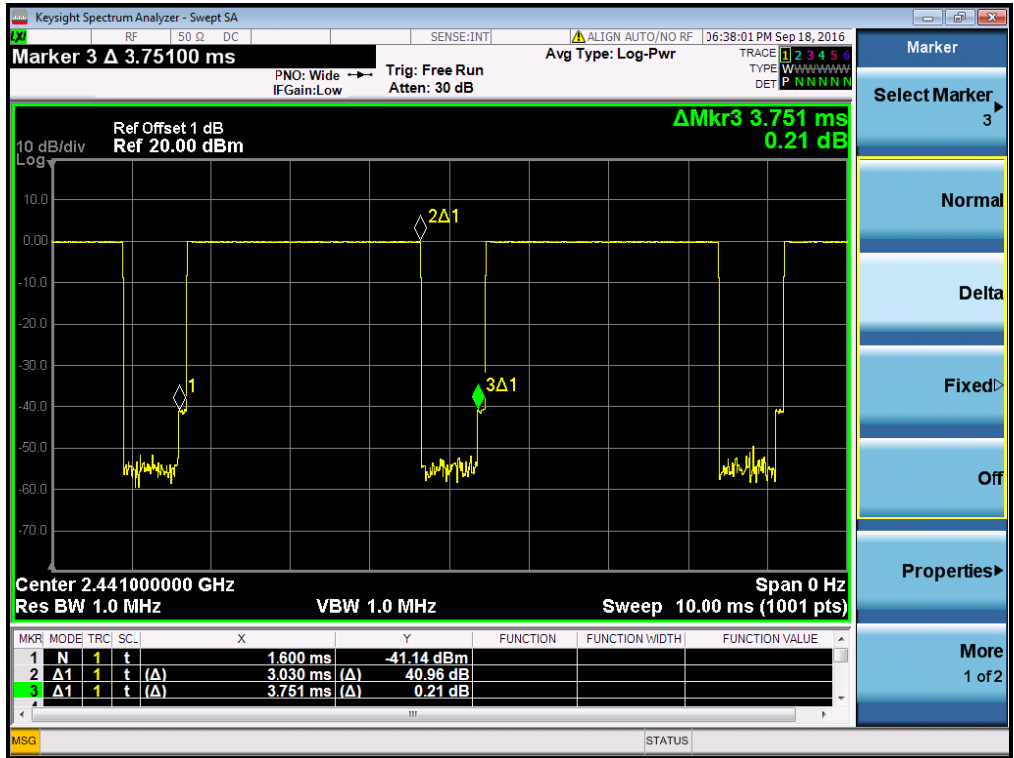
2.6.6. Test Results (plots) of Dwell Time



39 Channel @ DH1



39 Channel @ DH3



39 Channel @ DH5

2.7. Conducted Spurious Emissions

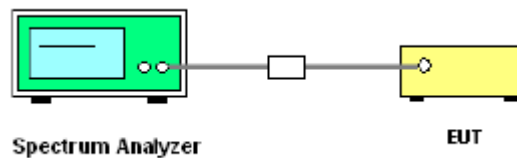
2.7.1. Limit of Spurious Emission

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

2.7.2. Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

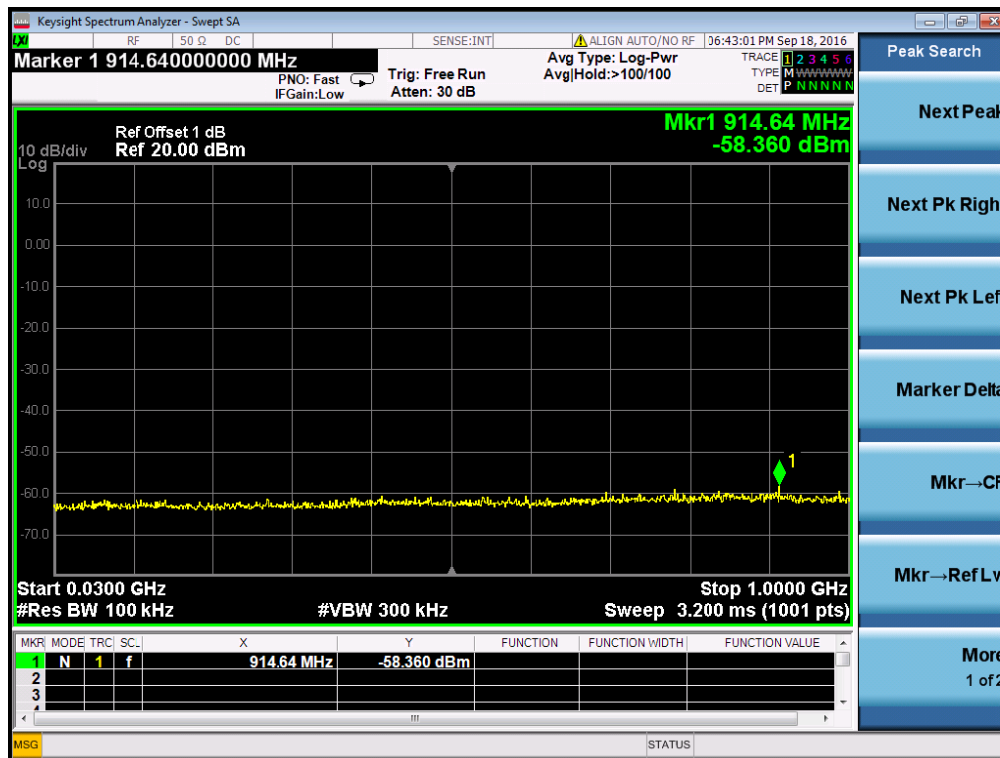
2.7.3. Test Setup



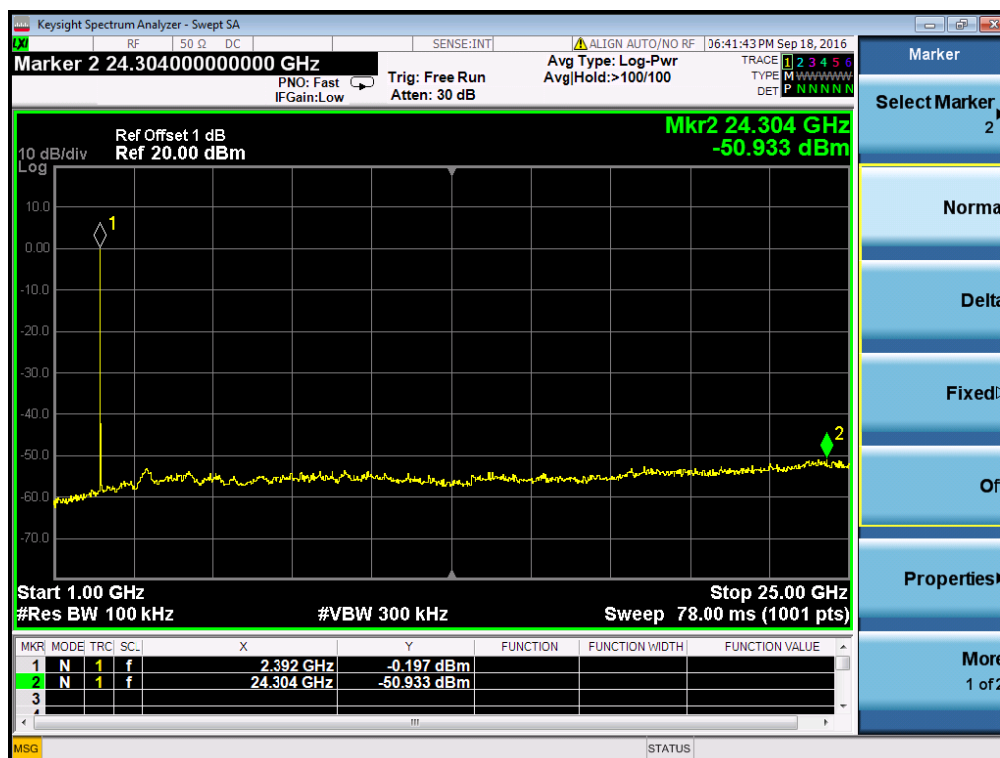
2.7.4. Test Procedure

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

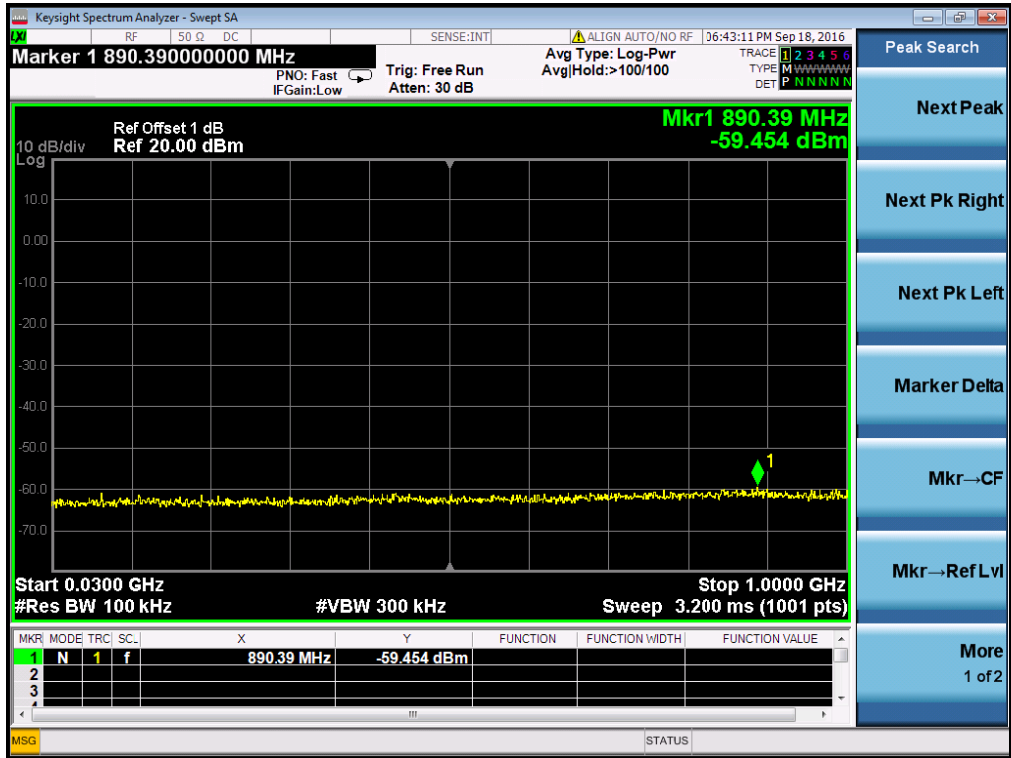
2.7.5. Test Results of Conducted Spurious Emissions



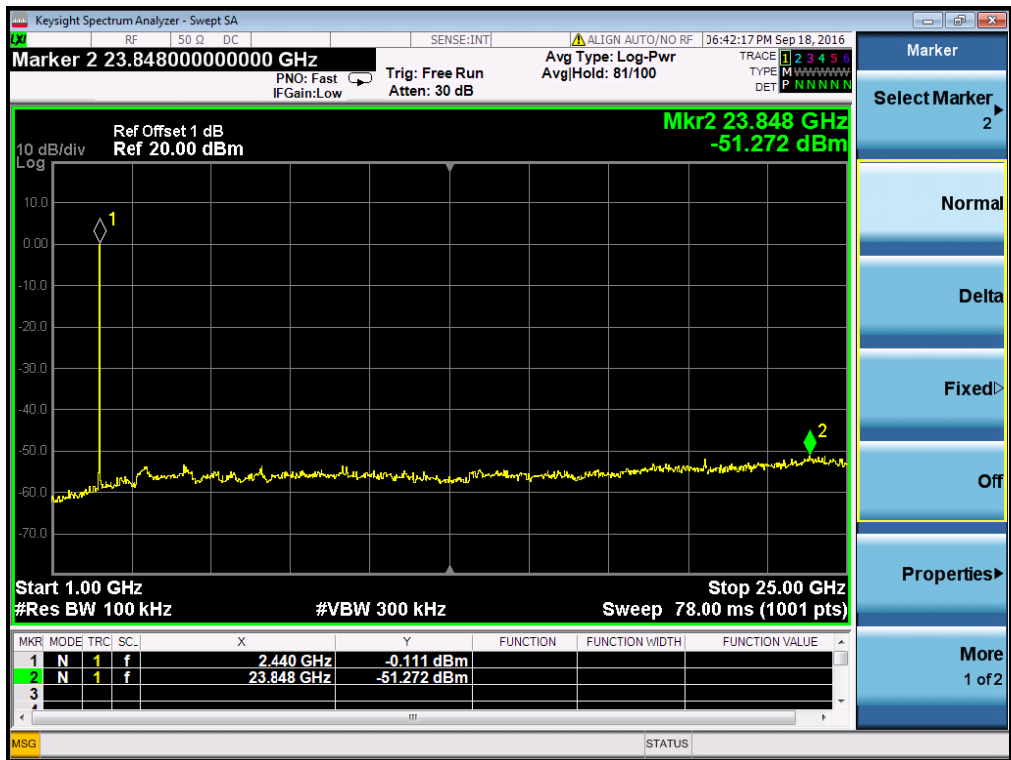
Low Channel 30MHz to 1GHz @ GFSK Mode



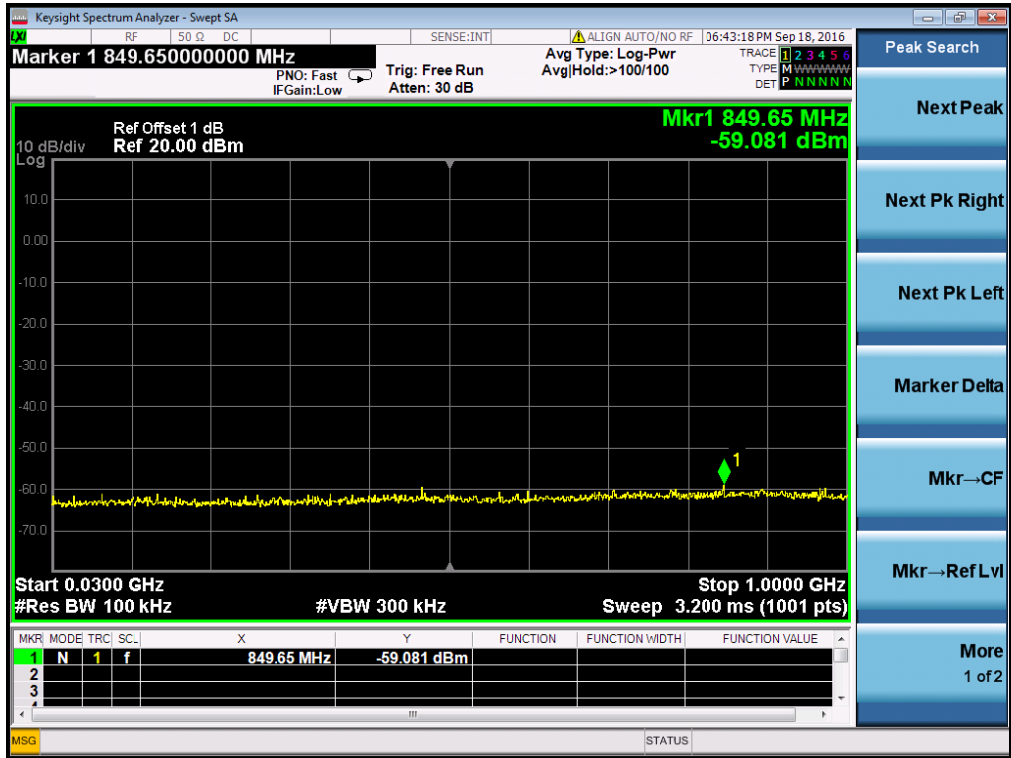
Low Channel 1GHz to 25GHz @ GFSK Mode



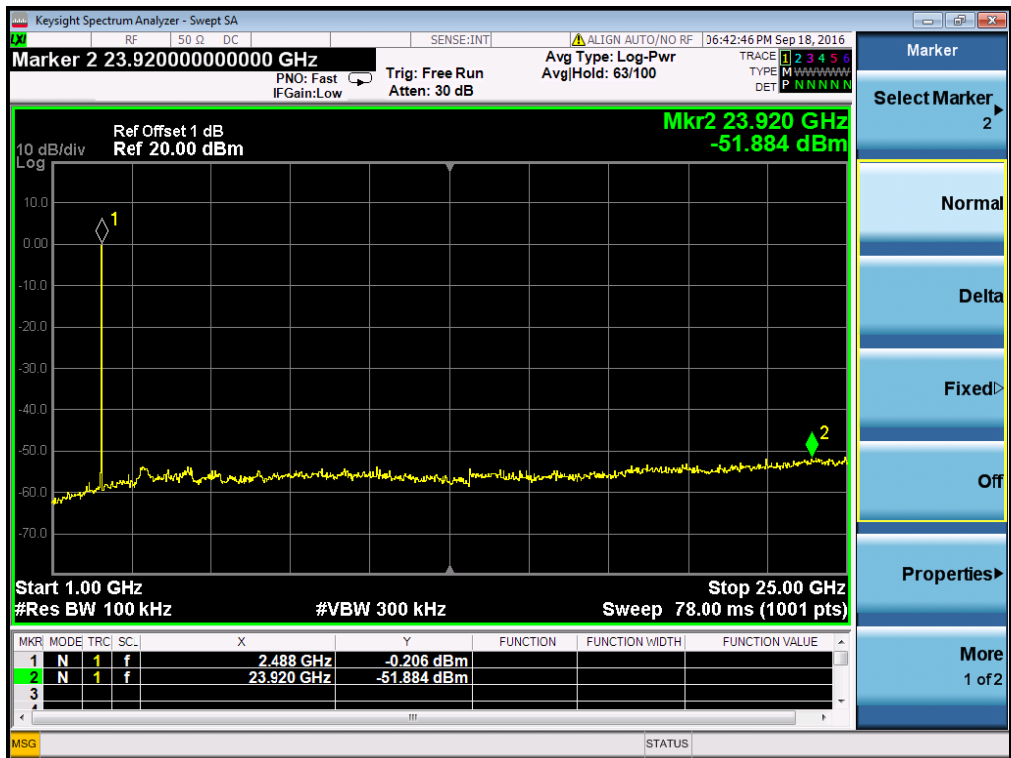
Mid Channel 30MHz to 1GHz @ GFSK Mode



Mid Channel 1GHz to 25GHz @ GFSK Mode



High Channel 30MHz to 1GHz @ GFSK Mode



High Channel 1GHz to 25GHz @ GFSK Mode

2.8. Conducted Band Edge

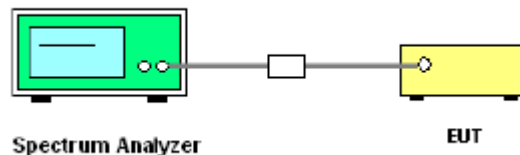
2.8.1. Limit of Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

2.8.2. Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.8.3. Test Setup

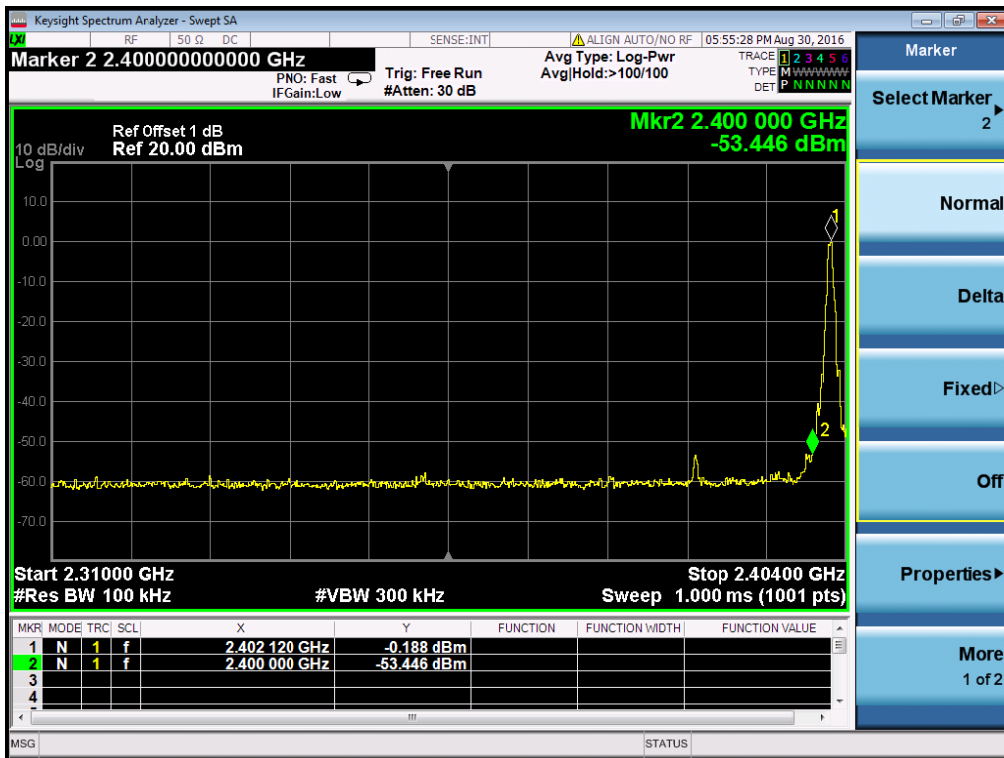


2.8.1. Test Procedure

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Set $RBW = 100\text{kHz}$ ($\geq 1\%$ span=10MHz), $VBW = 300\text{kHz}$ ($\geq RBW$). Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used.
4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2. and 3.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

2.8.2. Test Results of Conducted Band Edge

Band edge – Conducted (Un-hopping)

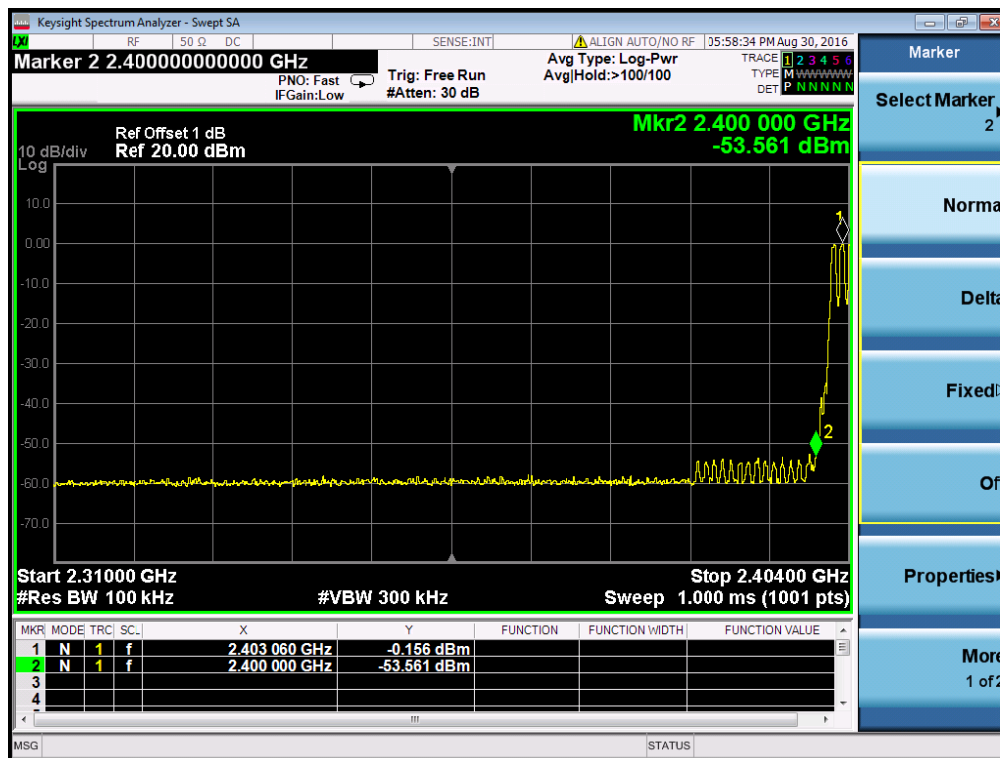


Low Band Edge Plot on channel 0 @ GFSK

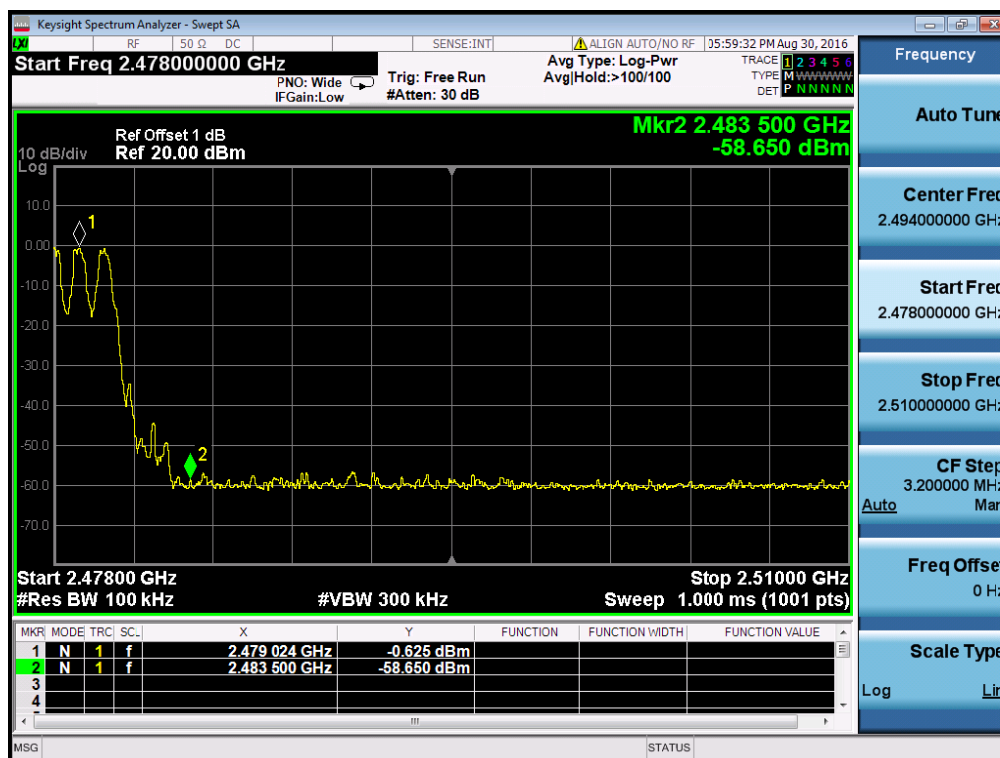


High Band Edge Plot on channel 78 @ GFSK

Band edge - Conducted (hopping)



Low Band Edge Plot on channel 0 @ GFSK



High Band Edge Plot on channel 78 @ GFSK

2.9. Conducted Emission

2.9.1. Limit of Conducted Emission

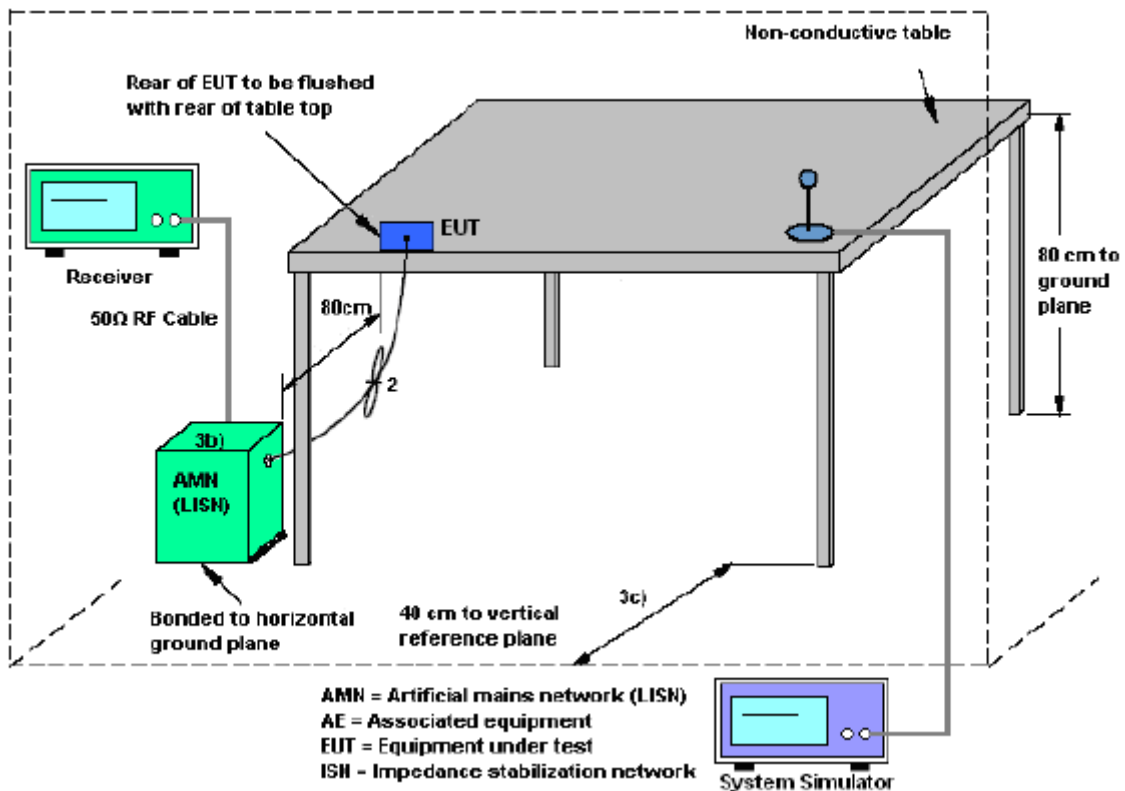
For equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

| Frequency range (MHz) | Conducted Limit (dB μ V) | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | Quai-peak | Average |
| 0.15 - 0.50 | 66 to 56 | 56 to 46 |
| 0.50 - 5 | 56 | 46 |
| 0.50 - 30 | 60 | 50 |

2.9.2. Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.9.3. Test Setup



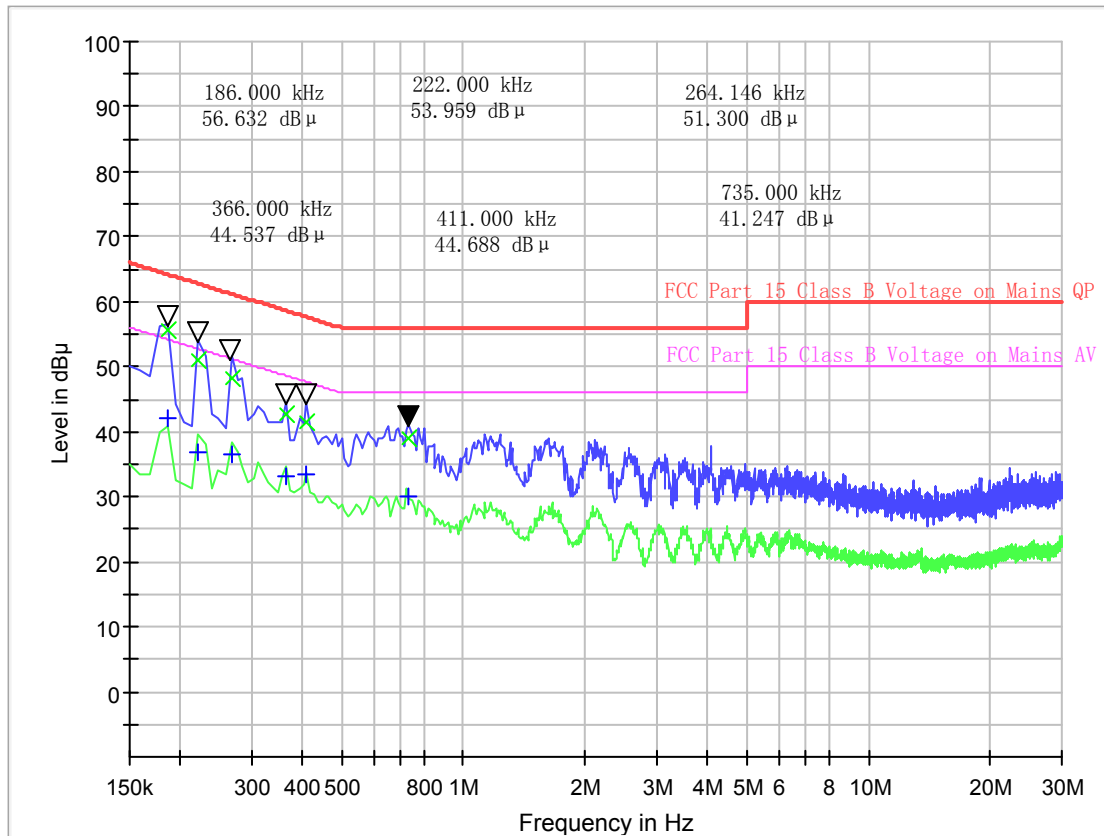
2.9.4. Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed 0.4 meter from the conducting wall of the shielding room was kept at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
2. Connect EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
3. All the support units are connecting to the other LISN.
4. The LISN provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
5. The FCC states that a 50 ohm, 50 micrometry LISN should be used.
6. Both sides of AC line were checked for maximum conducted interference.
7. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched.
8. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and specified bandwidth (IF Bandwidth = 9kHz) with Maximum Hold Mode. Then measurement is also conducted by Average Detector and Quasi-Peak Detector Function respectively.

2.9.3. Test Results of Conducted Emission

1. The EUT configuration of the emission tests is Bluetooth Link + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter).
2. The power adapter support (100~240V AC, 50/60Hz), the EUT was tested at the both available voltages (120, 240V AC), and 60Hz. Only the worst-case mode (120V/60Hz) was record in this report.

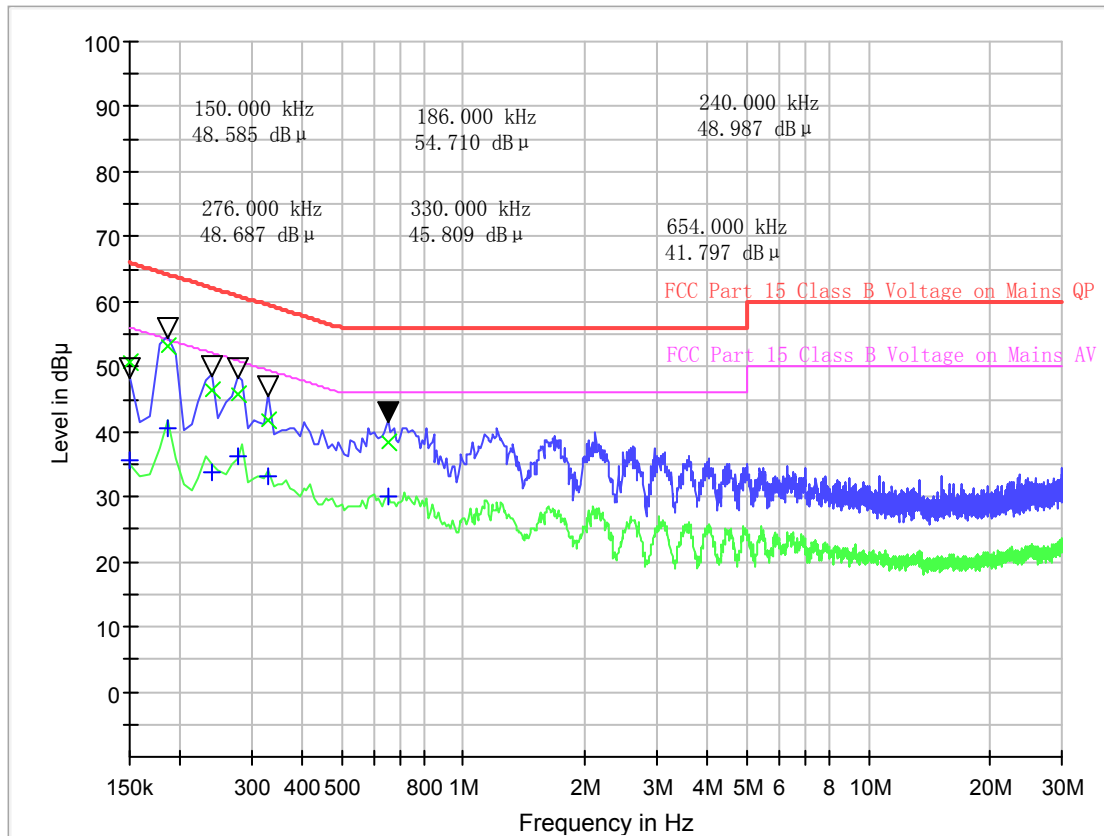
FCC Part 15 Class B Voltage Test



(Plot A: L Phase)

| Conducted Disturbance at Mains Terminals | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| QP | | | AV | | |
| Frequency (MHz) | Limits (dBμV) | Measurement Value (dBμV) | Frequency (MHz) | Limits (dBμV) | Measurement Value (dBμV) |
| 0.186000 | 64.2 | 55.60 | 0.186000 | 54.2 | 42.13 |
| 0.222000 | 62.7 | 50.95 | 0.222000 | 52.7 | 36.85 |
| 0.267000 | 61.2 | 48.29 | 0.267000 | 51.2 | 36.48 |
| 0.366000 | 58.6 | 42.62 | 0.366000 | 48.6 | 33.26 |
| 0.411000 | 57.6 | 41.48 | 0.411000 | 47.6 | 33.31 |
| 0.735000 | 64.2 | 39.02 | 0.735000 | 54.2 | 30.04 |

FCC Part 15 Class B Voltage Test



(Plot B: N Phase)

| Conducted Disturbance at Mains Terminals | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| QP | | | AV | | |
| Frequency (MHz) | Limits (dBµV) | Measurement Value (dBµV) | Frequency (MHz) | Limits (dBµV) | Measurement Value (dBµV) |
| 0.150000 | 66.0 | 50.72 | 0.150000 | 56.0 | 35.69 |
| 0.186000 | 64.2 | 53.01 | 0.186000 | 54.2 | 40.68 |
| 0.240000 | 62.1 | 46.35 | 0.240000 | 52.1 | 33.87 |
| 0.276000 | 60.9 | 45.70 | 0.276000 | 50.9 | 36.28 |
| 0.330000 | 59.5 | 41.71 | 0.330000 | 49.5 | 33.19 |
| 0.654000 | 66.0 | 38.33 | 0.654000 | 56.0 | 29.91 |

2.10. Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission

2.10.1. Limit of Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

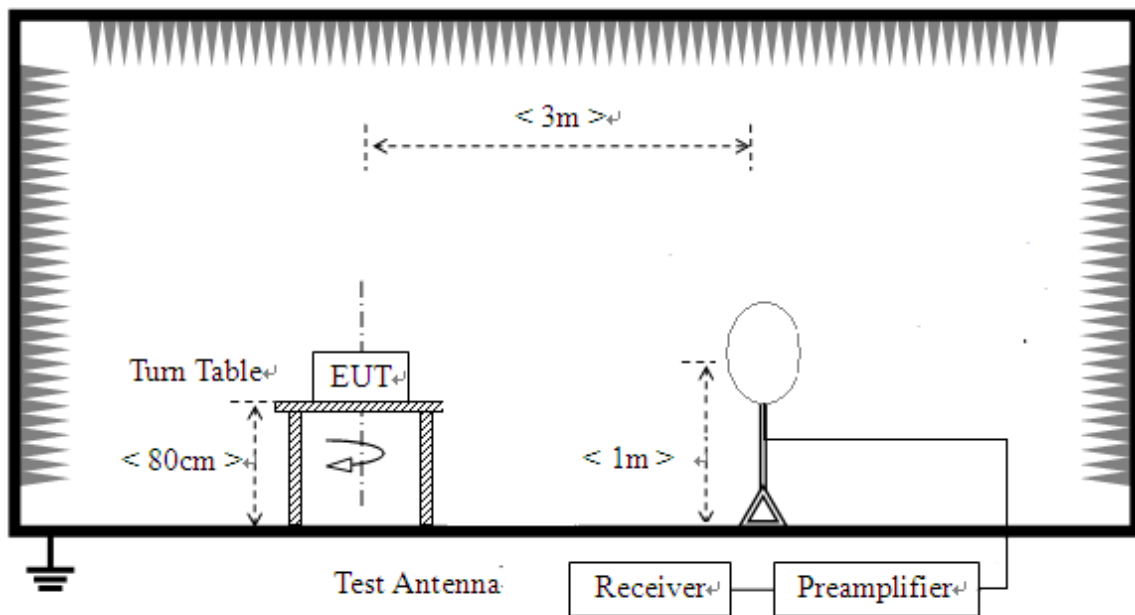
| Frequency (MHz) | Field Strength ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$) | Measurement Distance (m) |
|-----------------|---|--------------------------|
| 0.009 - 0.490 | $2400/F(\text{kHz})$ | 300 |
| 0.490 - 1.705 | $24000/F(\text{kHz})$ | 30 |
| 1.705 - 30.0 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 - 88 | 100 | 3 |
| 88 - 216 | 150 | 3 |
| 216 - 960 | 200 | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

2.10.2. Measuring Instruments

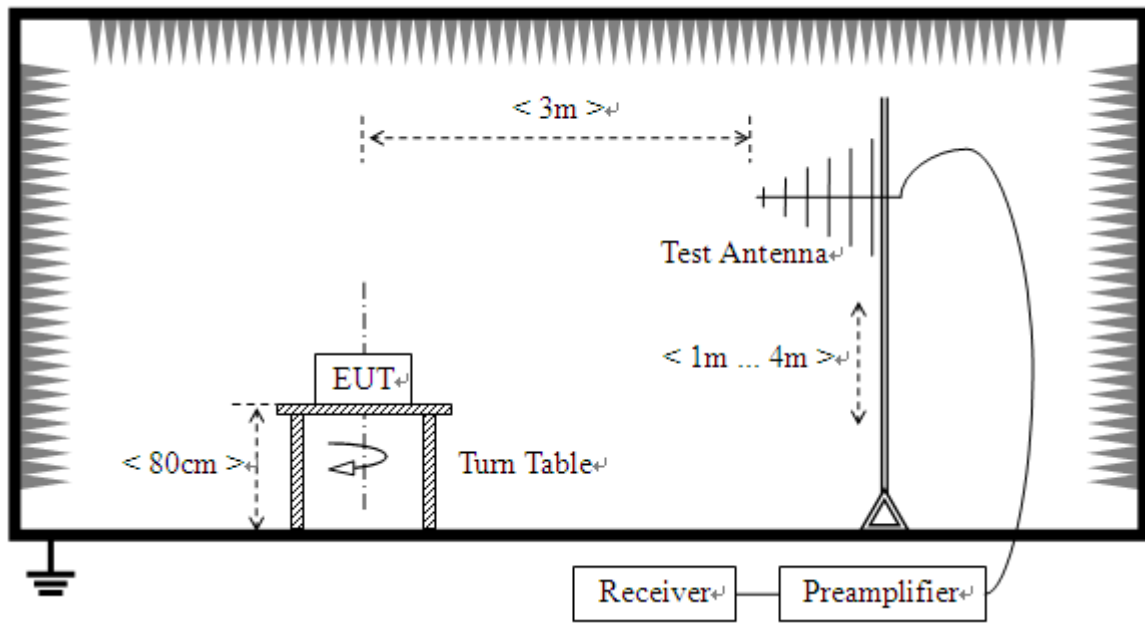
The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.10.3. Test Setup

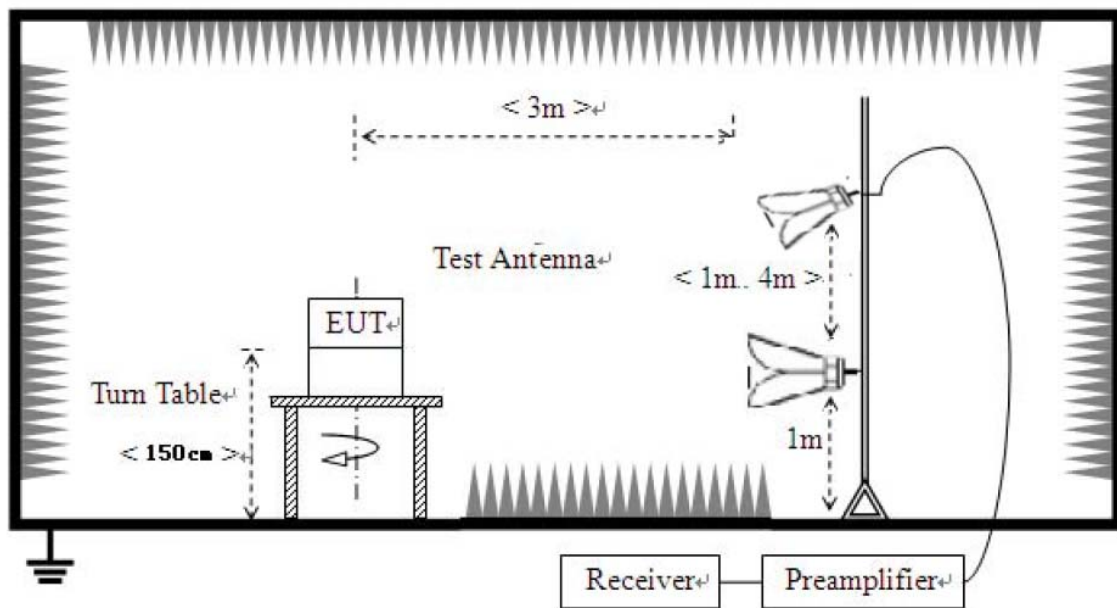
- 1) For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz



2) For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



3) For radiated emissions above 1GHz



2.10.4. Test Procedure

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious Radiated Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter above ground.
3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the Antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level to comply with the guidelines.
5. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
6. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
 - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz, RBW=1MHz for $f > 1$ GHz ; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak
 - (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c).
Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds
On time = $N_1 * L_1 + N_2 * L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} * L_{N_{n-1}} + N_n * L_n$
Where N_1 is number of type 1 pulses, L_1 is length of type 1 pulses, etc.
Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle})$
7. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level
8. For the radiated emission test above 1GHz:

Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground

plane.

NOTE:

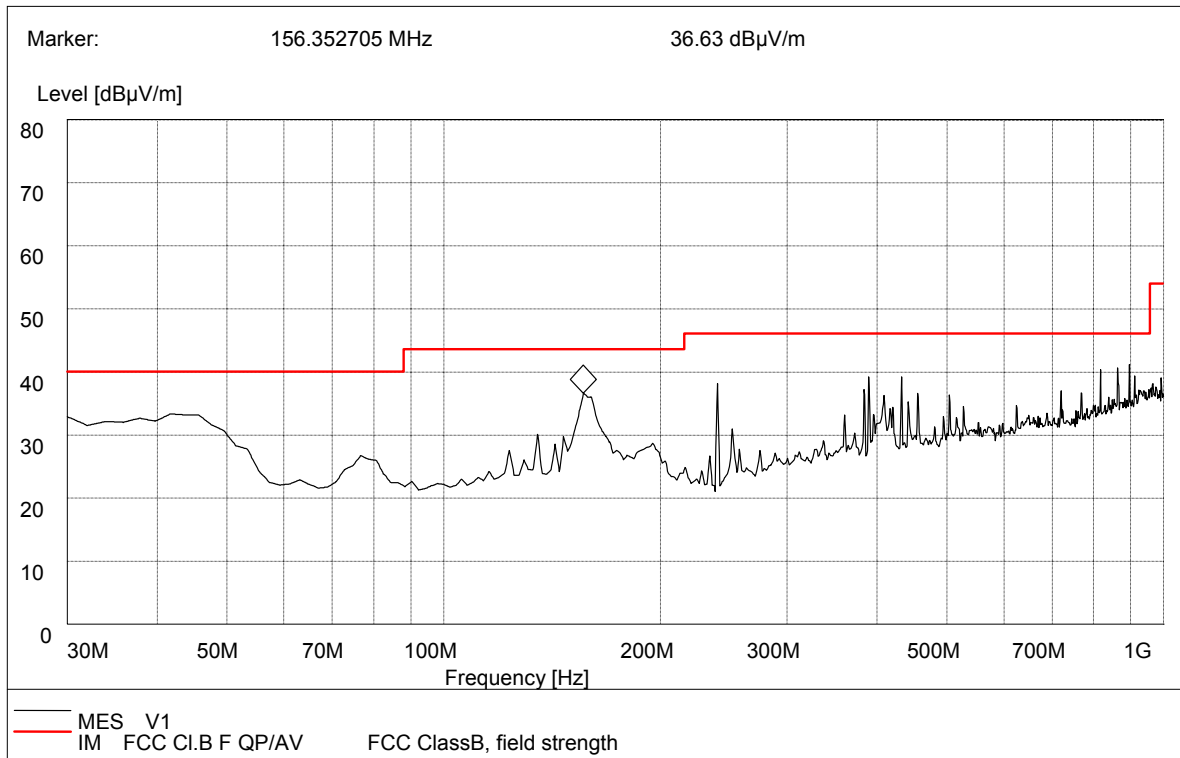
1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection at frequency below 1GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for Peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is $\geq 1/T$ (Duty cycle < 98%) or 10Hz(Duty cycle > 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
4. All radiated emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

2.10.5. Test Results of Radiated Band Edge and Spurious Emission

For 9 KHz to 30MHz

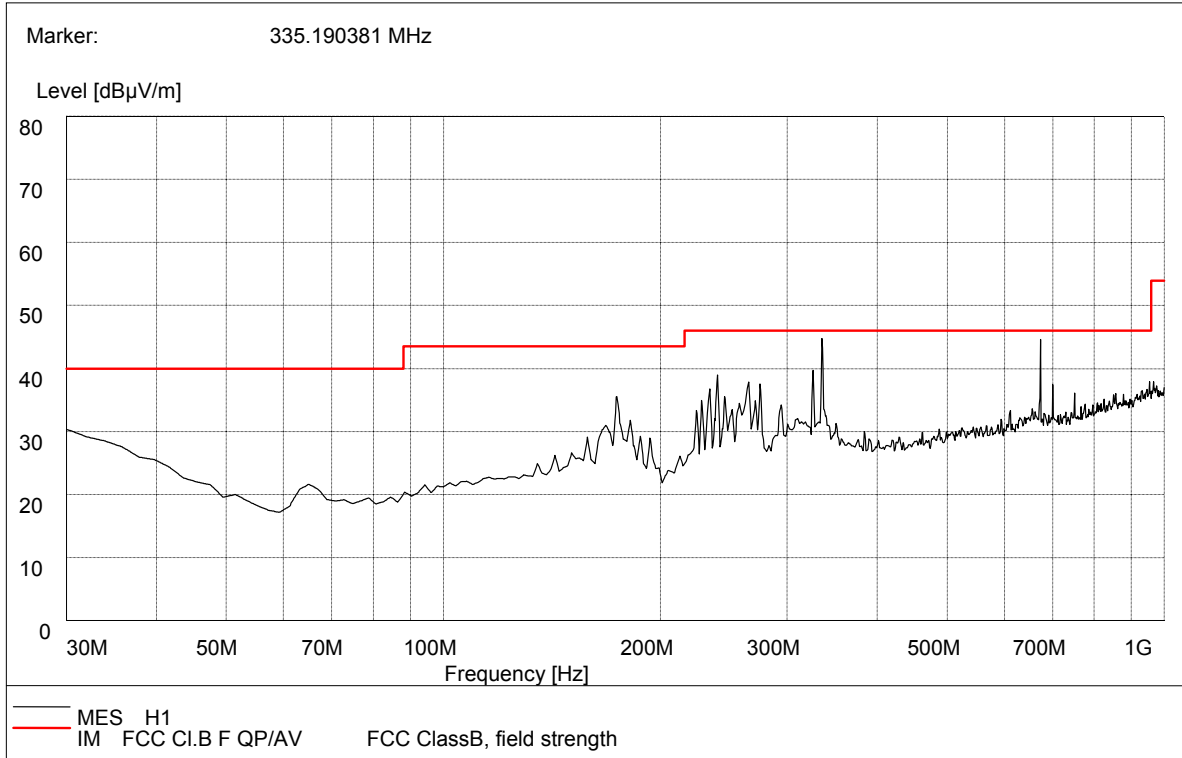
The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

For 30MHz to 1000MHz



| Frequency (MHz) | QuasiPeak (dB μ V/m) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Antenna height (cm) | Limit (dB μ V/m) | Antenna | Verdict |
|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|----------|---------|
| 156.27 | 34.59 | 120.000 | 100.0 | 43.5 | Vertical | Pass |
| 238.96 | 34.41 | 120.000 | 100.0 | 46.0 | Vertical | Pass |
| 395.07 | 39.86 | 120.000 | 100.0 | 46.0 | Vertical | Pass |

(Plot A: 30MHz to 1GHz, Antenna Vertical)



| Frequency (MHz) | QuasiPeak (dB μ V/m) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Antenna height (cm) | Limit (dB μ V/m) | Antenna | Verdict |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------|---------|
| 240.15 | 38.21 | 120.000 | 100.0 | 46.0 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 331.48 | 42.59 | 120.000 | 100.0 | 46.0 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 670.17 | 44.74 | 120.000 | 100.0 | 46.0 | Horizontal | Pass |

(Plot B: 30MHz to 1GHz, Antenna Horizontal)

For 1GHz to 25GHz

| ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M (GFSK-2402MHz) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------|----|----------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Emission Level (dBuV/m) | | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Antenna Height (m) | Table Angle (Degree) | Raw Value (dBuV/m) | Correction Factor (dB/m) |
| 1 | 2390.00 | 50.12 | PK | 74.0 | -23.88 | 1.51 H | 38 | 48.82 | 1.3 |
| 2 | 2390.00 | 37.53 | AV | 54.0 | -16.47 | 1.51 H | 38 | 36.23 | 1.3 |
| 3 | *2402.00 | 80.33 | PK | / | / | 1.52 H | 38 | 78.73 | 1.6 |
| 4 | *2402.00 | 58.84 | AV | / | / | 1.52 H | 38 | 57.24 | 1.6 |
| 5 | 4804.00 | 48.91 | PK | 74.00 | -25.09 | 1.50 H | 0 | 42.51 | 6.4 |
| 6 | 4804.00 | 36.77 | AV | 54.00 | -17.23 | 1.50 H | 0 | 30.37 | 6.4 |
| ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M (GFSK-2402MHz) | | | | | | | | | |
| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Emission Level (dBuV/m) | | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Antenna Height (m) | Table Angle (Degree) | Raw Value (dBuV/m) | Correction Factor (dB/m) |
| 1 | 2390.00 | 50.64 | PK | 74.0 | -23.36 | 1.52 V | 35 | 49.34 | 1.3 |
| 2 | 2390.00 | 37.97 | AV | 54.0 | -16.03 | 1.52 V | 35 | 36.67 | 1.3 |
| 3 | *2402.00 | 83.62 | PK | / | / | 1.52 V | 35 | 82.02 | 1.6 |
| 4 | *2402.00 | 61.32 | AV | / | / | 1.52 V | 35 | 59.72 | 1.6 |
| 5 | 4804.00 | 49.48 | PK | 74.00 | -24.52 | 1.51 V | 0 | 43.08 | 6.4 |
| 6 | 4804.00 | 36.77 | AV | 54.00 | -17.23 | 1.51 V | 0 | 30.37 | 6.4 |

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M (GFSK_2441MHz)

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Emission Level (dBuV/m) | | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Antenna Height (m) | Table Angle (Degree) | Raw Value (dBuV/m) | Correction Factor (dB/m) |
|-----|-----------------|-------------------------|----|----------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | *2441.00 | 81.78 | PK | / | / | 1.52 H | 20 | 79.68 | 2.1 |
| 2 | *2441.00 | 59.65 | AV | / | / | 1.52 H | 20 | 57.55 | 2.1 |
| 3 | 4882.00 | 49.90 | PK | 74.00 | -24.10 | 1.50 H | 22 | 43.40 | 6.5 |
| 4 | 4882.00 | 37.40 | AV | 54.00 | -16.60 | 1.50 H | 22 | 30.90 | 6.5 |

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M (GFSK_2441MHz)

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Emission Level (dBuV/m) | | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Antenna Height (m) | Table Angle (Degree) | Raw Value (dBuV/m) | Correction Factor (dB/m) |
|-----|-----------------|-------------------------|----|----------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | *2441.00 | 84.04 | PK | / | / | 1.49 V | 20 | 81.94 | 2.1 |
| 2 | *2441.00 | 62.19 | AV | / | / | 1.49 V | 20 | 60.09 | 2.1 |
| 3 | 4884.00 | 49.98 | PK | 74.00 | -24.02 | 1.51 V | 24 | 43.48 | 6.5 |
| 4 | 4884.00 | 37.39 | AV | 54.00 | -16.61 | 1.51 V | 24 | 30.89 | 6.5 |

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M (GFSK_2480MHz)

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Emission Level (dBuV/m) | | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Antenna Height (m) | Table Angle (Degree) | Raw Value (dBuV/m) | Correction Factor (dB/m) |
|-----|-----------------|-------------------------|----|----------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | *2480.00 | 80.08 | PK | / | / | 1.53 H | 25 | 77.48 | 2.6 |
| 2 | *2480.00 | 58.75 | AV | / | / | 1.53 H | 25 | 56.15 | 2.6 |
| 3 | 2483.50 | 50.46 | PK | 74.0 | -23.54 | 1.53 H | 21 | 47.86 | 2.6 |
| 4 | 2483.50 | 38.31 | AV | 54.0 | -15.69 | 1.53 H | 21 | 35.71 | 2.6 |
| 5 | 4960.00 | 49.11 | PK | 74.0 | -24.89 | 1.53 H | 30 | 42.41 | 6.7 |
| 6 | 4960.00 | 37.45 | AV | 54.0 | -16.55 | 1.53 H | 30 | 30.75 | 6.7 |

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M (GFSK_2480MHz)

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Emission Level (dBuV/m) | | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Antenna Height (m) | Table Angle (Degree) | Raw Value (dBuV/m) | Correction Factor (dB/m) |
|-----|-----------------|-------------------------|----|----------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | *2480.00 | 82.69 | PK | / | / | 1.51 V | 25 | 80.09 | 2.6 |
| 2 | *2480.00 | 61.01 | AV | / | / | 1.51 V | 25 | 58.41 | 2.6 |
| 3 | 2483.50 | 52.38 | PK | 74.0 | -21.62 | 1.51 V | 21 | 49.78 | 2.6 |
| 4 | 2483.50 | 38.74 | AV | 54.0 | -15.26 | 1.51 V | 21 | 36.14 | 2.6 |
| 5 | 4960.00 | 48.81 | PK | 74.0 | -25.19 | 1.51 V | 21 | 42.11 | 6.7 |
| 6 | 4960.00 | 37.83 | AV | 54.0 | -16.17 | 1.51 V | 21 | 31.13 | 6.7 |

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB)
- Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level - Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.

3. List of measuring equipment

| Radiated Emission | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------|------------|
| Item | Test Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Last Cal |
| 1 | Ultra-Broadband Antenna | ShwarzBeck | VULB9163 | 538 | 11/13/2016 |
| 2 | EMI TEST RECEIVER | Rohde&Schwarz | ESI 26 | 100009 | 11/13/2016 |
| 3 | EMI TEST Software | Audix | E3 | N/A | N/A |
| 4 | TURNTABLE | ETS | 2088 | 2149 | N/A |
| 5 | ANTENNA MAST | ETS | 2075 | 2346 | N/A |
| 6 | EMI TEST Software | Rohde&Schwarz | ESK1 | N/A | N/A |
| 7 | HORNANTENNA | ShwarzBeck | 9120D | 1011 | 11/13/2016 |
| 8 | Amplifer | Sonoma | 310N | E009-13 | 11/13/2016 |
| 9 | JS amplifer | Rohde&Schwarz | JS4-00101800-28 -5A | F201504 | 11/13/2016 |
| 10 | High pass filter | Compliance Direction systems | BSU-6 | 34202 | 11/13/2016 |
| 11 | HORNANTENNA | ShwarzBeck | 9120D | 1012 | 11/13/2016 |
| 12 | Amplifer | Compliance Direction systems | PAP1-4060 | 120 | 11/13/2016 |
| 13 | Loop Antenna | Rohde&Schwarz | HFH2-Z2 | 100020 | 11/13/2016 |
| 14 | TURNTABLE | MATURO | TT2.0 | ---- | N/A |
| 15 | ANTENNA MAST | MATURO | TAM-4.0-P | ---- | N/A |
| 16 | Horn Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | BBHA9170 | 25841 | 11/13/2016 |
| 17 | ULTRA-BROADBAND ANTENNA | Rohde&Schwarz | HL562 | 100015 | 11/13/2016 |

Maximum Peak Output Power / Power Spectral Density / 6dB Bandwidth / Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission / Spurious RF Conducted Emission

| Item | Test Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Last Cal |
|------|-------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 1 | Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde&Schwarz | FSP | 1164.4391.40 | 11/13/2016 |
| 2 | Spectrum Analyzer | Keysight | N9030A | ATO-67098 | 07/19/2016 |
| 3 | Power Meter | Anritsu | ML2480B | 100798 | 11/13/2016 |
| 4 | Power Sensor | Anritsu | MA2411B | 100258 | 11/13/2016 |

AC Conducted Emission

| Item | Test Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Last Cal. |
|------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| 1 | EMI TEST RECEIVER | Rohde & Schwarz | ESCI | 100106 | 11/13/2016 |
| 2 | ARTIFICIAL MAINS | Rohde & Schwarz | ESH2-Z5 | 100028 | 11/13/2016 |
| 3 | PULSE LIMITER | Rohde & Schwarz | ESHSZ2 | 100044 | 11/13/2016 |
| 4 | EMI TEST SOFTWARE | Rohde & Schwarz | ES-K1 | N/A | N/A |

4. Uncertainty of Evaluation

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2

| Measurement | Frequency | Uncertainty |
|------------------------|------------|-------------|
| AC Conducted emissions | 9kHz~30MHz | 3.39 dB |
| Radiated emissions | 9KHz~40GHz | 2.20dB |
| RF Conducted | 9KHz~40GHz | 1.60 dB |

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

**** END OF REPORT ****