

FCC DFS Test Report

Equipment	:	Tablet
Brand Name	:	TOSHIBA
Model No.	:	TOSHIBA AT10LE-A TOSHIBA AT10PE-A TOSHIBA AT15LE-A TOSHIBA AT15PE-A
FCC ID	:	VUIPDAPDAAT10LE-A
Standard	:	47 CFR FCC Part 15.407
Applicant	:	PEGATRON CORPORATION No. 76, Ligong St.,Beitou District, Taipei City 112
Manufacturer	:	Toshiba Corporation 1-1, Shibaura 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-8001, Japan
Operate Mode	:	Client without radar detection

The product sample received on Mar. 22, 2013 and completely tested on Apr. 03, 2013. We, SPORTON, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures given in FCC 06-96 Appendix and shown compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Vic Hsiao / Supervisor





Table of Contents

1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	5
1.1	Information	5
1.2	Support Equipment	6
1.3	Testing Applied Standards	6
1.4	Testing Location Information	6
1.5	Measurement Uncertainty	6
2	TEST CONFIGURATION OF EUT	7
2.1	DFS and TPC Information	
2.2	The Worst Case Measurement Configuration	7
3	DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION (DFS) TEST RESULT	8
3.1	General DFS Information	8
3.2	Radar Test Waveform Calibration1	0
3.3	In-service Monitoring1	6
3.4	In-service Monitoring1	7
4	TEST EQUIPMENT AND CALIBRATION DATA2	D
APPEN	IDIX A. TEST PHOTOS	1



Summary of Test Result

	Conformance Test Specifications (FCC 06-96 Appendix)					
Report Clause	Ref. Std. Clause	Description	Measured	Limit	Result	
-	7.8.1	DFS: UNII Detection Bandwidth Measurement	N/A (Client w/o test)	80% of the 99% BW	N/A	
-	7.8.2.1	DFS: Initial Channel Availability Check Time	N/A (Client w/o test)	CAC ≥ 60 sec	N/A	
-	7.8.2.2	DFS: Radar Burst at the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time	N/A (Client w/o test)	Detection Threshold: -64 dBm	N/A	
-	7.8.2.3	DFS: Radar Burst at the End of the Channel Availability Check Time	N/A (Client w/o test)	Detection Threshold: -64 dBm	N/A	
3.3	7.8.3	DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time (CMT)	CMT < 10sec	CMT ≤ 10sec	Complied	
3.3	7.8.3	DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Channel Closing Transmission Time (CCTT)	CCTT < 60 ms	CCTT ≤ 60 ms starting at CMT 200ms	Complied	
3.3	7.8.3	DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Non-Occupancy Period (NOP)	NOP > 30 min	NOP ≥ 30 min	Complied	
-	7.8.4	DFS: Statistical Performance Check	N/A (Client w/o test)	Table 5 - 7 (KDB 905462)	N/A	
-	5.8.1	DFS: Uniform Spreading	N/A (Client w/o this function)	Uniform Spreading for DFS Band	N/A	
3.1.4	8.1	User Access Restrictions	Manufacturer attestation NOT accessible to user	DFS controls	Complied	



Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FZ332221-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 22, 2013



1 General Description

1.1 Information

1.1.1 RF General Information

IEEE Std. 802.11	Channel Bandwidth (MHz)
a, n (HT20)	20
n (HT40)	40
802.11a/n uses a combination of OFDM-BPSK, QPSK	K, 16QAM, 64QAM modulation.

1.1.2 Antenna Information

	Antenna Category					
	Equipment placed on the market without antennas					
\boxtimes	Integral antenna (antenna permanently attached)					
	Temporary RF connector provided					
	No temporary RF connector provided Transmit chains bypass antenna and soldered temporary RF connector provided for connected measurement. In case of conducted measurements the transmitter shall be connected to the measuring equipment via a suitable attenuator and correct for all losses in the RF path.					
	External antenna (dedicated antennas)					
	Single power level with corresponding antenna(s).					
	Multiple power level and corresponding antenna(s).					

	A	ntenna General Information		
No.	Ant. Cat.	Ant. Type	Gain _(dBi)	
1	Integral	Chip	3.83	
	For conducted tests, antenna ports are used for the tests and Master lowest antenna gain [2] dBi that was used to set the DFS Detection Threshold level during calibration of the test setup.			



1.2 Support Equipment

	Support Equipment					
No.	Equipment	Brand Name	Model Name	FCC ID		
1	AP (Master)	3Com	WL-605	O9C-WL605		
2	NoteBook PC	Dell	Latitude E5510	DoC		

1.3 Testing Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- FCC 06-96 Appendix
- FCC KDB 905462 5 GHz UNII DFS Compliance Procedures
- FCC KDB 443999 Approval of DFS UNII Devices

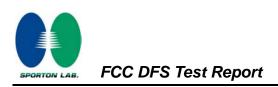
1.4 Testing Location Information

	Testing Location						
\boxtimes	HWA YA ADD : No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.						
	TEL : 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-327-0973						
Т	Test Condition Test Site No. Test Engineer Test Environment Test Date						
	DFS Site			DF01-HY	Ben	22.3°C / 62%	03-Apr13

1.5 Measurement Uncertainty

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level (based on a coverage factor (k=2)

Measurement Unce	ertainty	
Test Item	Uncertainty	Limit
Radio frequency	± 8.7 X 10 ⁻⁷	N/A
RF output power, conducted	±0.63 dB	N/A
All emissions, conducted	±0.83 dB	N/A
All emissions, radiated	±2.87 dB	N/A
Temperature	±0.8 °C	N/A
Humidity	±3 %	N/A
DC and low frequency voltages	±3 %	N/A
Time	±1.42 %	N/A



2 Test Configuration of EUT

2.1 DFS and TPC Information

The DFS Related Operating Mode(s) of the Equipment					
Master	Master				
Cilent with ra	adar detection				
Cilent withou	it radar detection				
Software / Firmv	Software / Firmware Version Tostab12BA-eng 4.2.1 JOP40D eng.an_wu.20130401 test-keys				
Communication	Mode	IP Based (Load Based)	Frame Based		
IEEE Std. 802.11	Frequency Range (MHz)	TPC (Transmit Power Control)	Passive Scan		
a / n (HT20)	5250-5350	Yes	Yes		
n (HT40)	5470-5725	Yes	Yes		
	5600-5650	-	-		

2.2 The Worst Case Measurement Configuration

The Worst Case Mode for Following Conformance Tests		
Tests Item	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	
Test Condition	Conducted measurement at transmit chains	
Modulation Mode		
HT20 / HT40		



3 Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) Test Result

3.1 General DFS Information

3.1.1 DFS Parameters

Table D.1: DFS requirement values				
Parameter	Value			
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes			
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds			
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.			
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second periods. See Notes 1 and 2.			
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 80% of the 99% power bandwidth See Note 3.			
 Note 1: The instant that the <i>Channel Move Time</i> and the <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i> begins is as follows: For the Short pulse radar Test Signals this instant is the end of the <i>Burst</i>. For the Frequency Hopping radar Test Signal, this instant is the end of the last radar <i>Burst</i> generated. For the Long Pulse radar Test Signal this instant is the end of the 12 second period defining the 				
radar transmission. Note 2: The <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i> is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the <i>Channel Move Time</i> plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate				

Channel changes (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions. Note 3: During the *U-NII Detection Bandwidth* detection test, radar type 1 is used and for each frequency

step the minimum percentage of detection is 90%. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

Value (see note)
-64 dBm
-62 dBm

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.



3.1.2 Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

	DFS Operational mode				
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection		
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes		
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required		
Uniform Spreading	Yes	Not required	Not required		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes		

3.1.3 Applicability of DFS Requirements during Normal Operation

	DFS Operational mode				
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes		

3.1.4 User Access Restrictions

User Access Restrictions

 Image: DFS controls (hardware or software) related to radar detection are NOT accessible to the user.

 Manufacturer statement confirming that information regarding the parameters of the detected Radar Waveforms is not available to the end user.

3.1.5 Channel Loading/Data Streaming

\boxtimes	IP Based (Load Based) - stream the test file from the Master to the Client.
	Performed NTIA approved WAV file. (EUT w/o video function application)
	Performed NTIA approved MPEG2 file. (EUT with video function application)
	Alternative streaming e.g., FTP with about 17 to 20% loading and submit proposal to FCC.
	Frame Based - stream the test file from the Master to the Client.
	fixed talk/listen ratio, set the ratio to 45%/55%
NTL	A test file refer as: http://ntiacsd.ntia.doc.gov/dfs/



3.2 Radar Test Waveform Calibration

3.2.1 Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
1	1	1428	18	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)				80%	120

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the short pulse radar types 2 through 4. For short pulse radar type 1, the same waveform is used a minimum of 30 times. If more than 30 waveforms are used for short pulse radar types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of short pulse radar types 1-4.

3.2.2 Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses per <i>Burst</i>	Number of <i>Bursts</i>	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

Each waveform is defined as follows:

- The transmission period for the Long Pulse Radar test signal is 12 seconds.
- There are a total of 8 to 20 Bursts in the 12 second period, with the number of Bursts being randomly chosen. This number is Burst_Count.
- Each Burst consists of 1 to 3 pulses, with the number of pulses being randomly chosen. Each Burst within the 12 second sequence may have a different number of pulses.
- The pulse width is between 50 and 100 microseconds, with the pulse width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same pulse width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different pulse widths.
- Each pulse has a linear FM chirp between 5 and 20 MHz, with the chirp width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same chirp width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different chirp widths. The chirp is centered on the pulse. For example, with a radar frequency of 5300 MHz and a 20 MHz chirped signal, the chirp starts at 5290 MHz and ends at 5310 MHz.
- If more than one pulse is present in a Burst, the time between the pulses will be between 1000 and 2000 microseconds, with the time being randomly chosen. If three pulses are present in a Burst, the time between the first and second pulses is chosen independently of the time between the second and third pulses.
- The 12 second transmission period is divided into even intervals. The number of intervals is equal to Burst_Count. Each interval is of length (12,000,000 / Burst_Count) microseconds. Each interval contains one Burst. The start time for the Burst, relative to the beginning of the interval, is between 1 and [(12,000,000 / Burst_Count) – (Total Burst Length) + (One Random PRI Interval)] microseconds, with the start time being randomly chosen. The step interval for the start time is 1 microsecond. The start time for each Burst is chosen independently.



3.2.3	Frequency	[,] Hopping	Radar 1	Fest V	Vaveform
-------	-----------	----------------------	---------	--------	----------

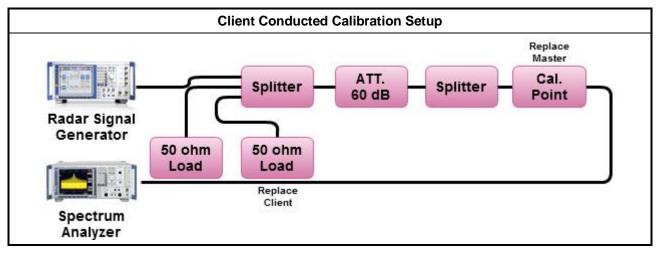
Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (ms)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

The FCC Type 6 waveform uses a static waveform with 100 bursts in the instruments ARB. In addition, the RF list mode is operated with a list containing 100 frequencies from a randomly generated list and it had be ensured that at least one of the random frequencies falls into the UNII Detection Bandwidth of the DUT. Each burst from the waveform file initiates a trigger pulse at the beginning that switches the RF list from one item to the next one.

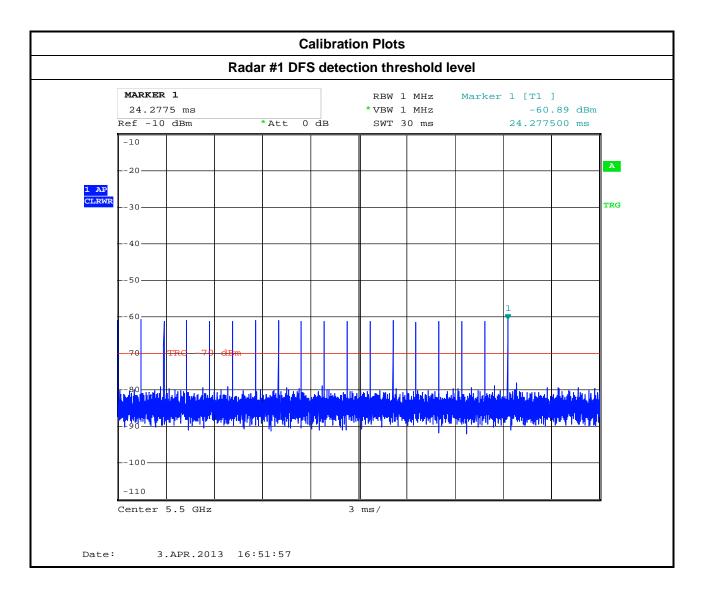
3.2.4 Master DFS Threshold Level

Master DFS Threshold Level			
DFS Threshold level: -59 dBm	☑ at the antenna connector		
	in front of the antenna		
The Interference Radar Detection Threshold Level is (-62dBm) + (2 [dBi]) + {1 dB}= -59 dBm. That had been taken into account the master output power range and antenna gain.			

3.2.5 Calibration Setup



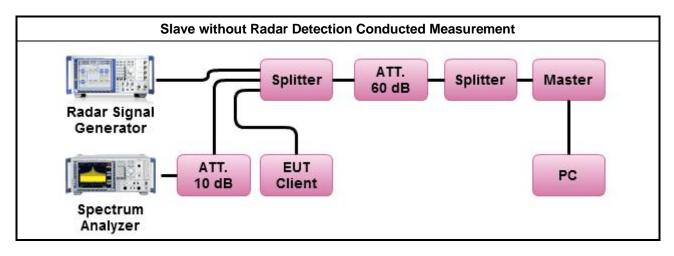




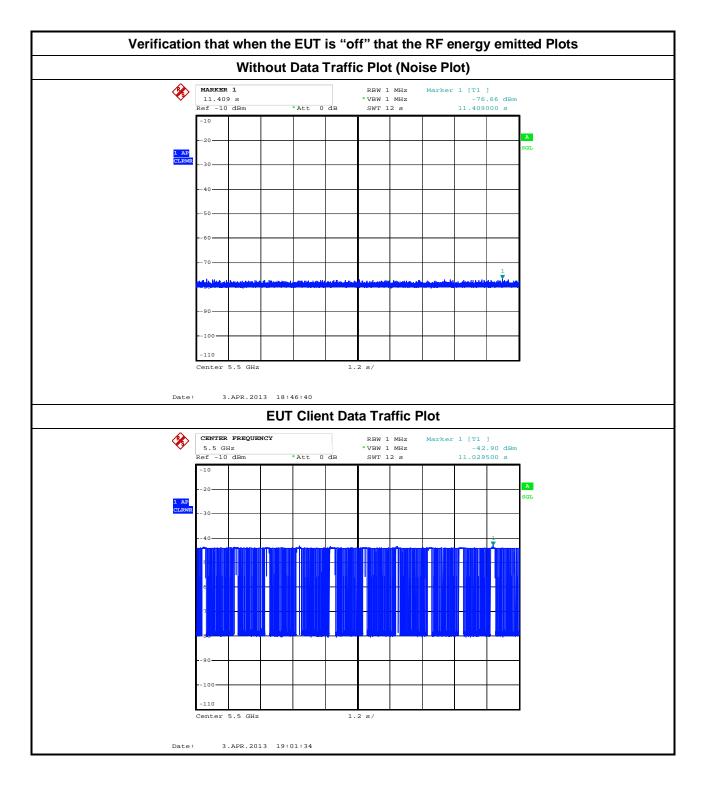


3.2.6 Test Setup

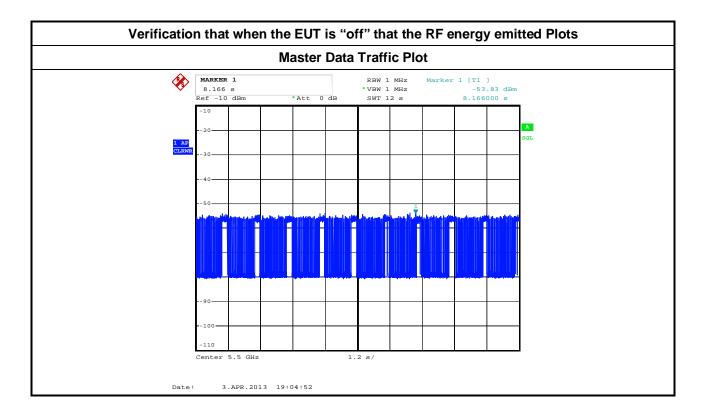
A spectrum analyzer is used as a monitor to verify that the EUT has vacated the Channel within the (Channel Closing Transmission Time and Channel Move Time, and does not transmit on a Channel during the Non-Occupancy Period after the detection and Channel move.













٦

3.3 In-service Monitoring

3.3.1 In-service Monitoring Limit

	In-service Monitoring Limit
Channel Move Time	10 sec
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 ms + an aggregate of 60 ms over remaining 10 sec periods.
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes

3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.3.3 Test Procedures

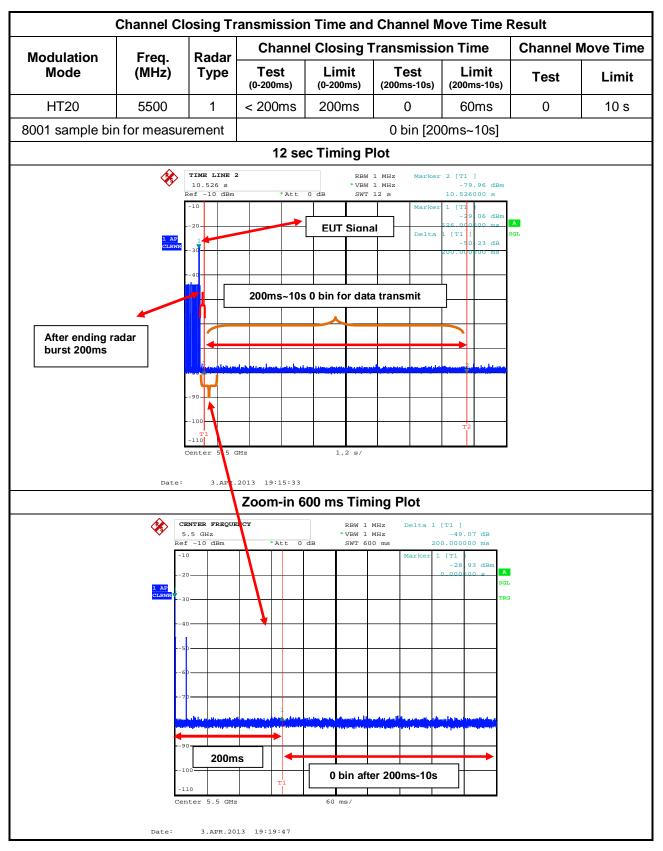
Г

Test Method
Refer as FCC 06-96 Appendix, clause 7.8.3 verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time. Client Device will associate with the EUT. Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the EUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Compare the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time limits.
Refer as FCC 06-96 Appendix, clause 8.3 verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time. One 10 sec plot needs to be reported for the Short Pulse Radar Types 1-4 and one for the Long Pulse Radar Type in a 22 sec plot. And zoom-in a 600 ms plot verified channel closing time for the aggregate transmission time starting from 200ms after the end of the radar signal to the completion of the channel move.
Refer as FCC 06-96 Appendix, clause 7.8.3 verified during In-Service Monitoring; Non-Occupancy Period. Client Device will associate with the EUT. Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the EUT during the observation time (Non-Occupancy Period). Compare the Non-Occupancy Period limits.

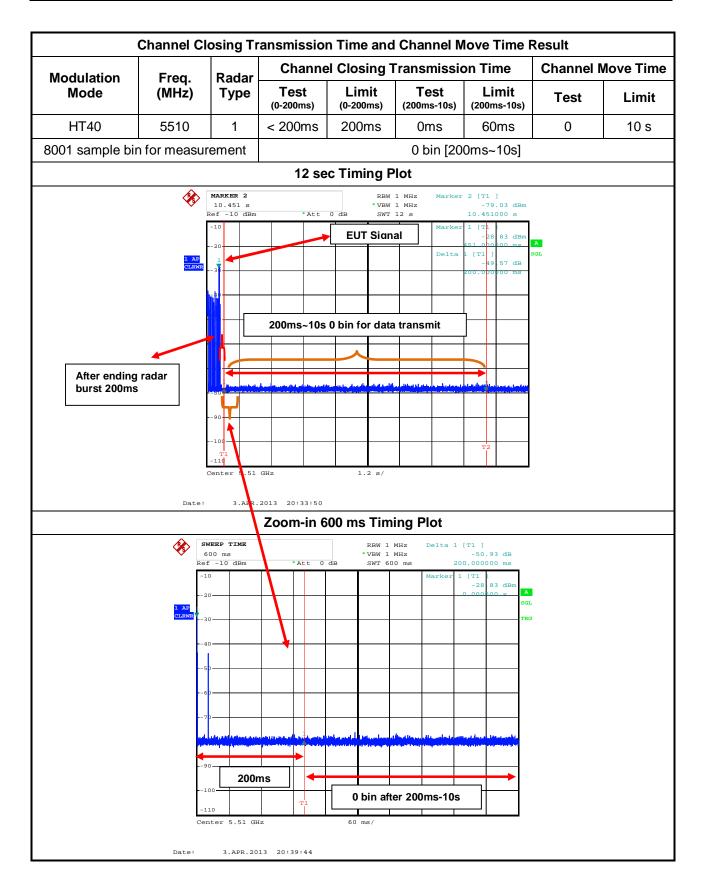
-



3.4 In-service Monitoring









	Non-Occupa	ncy Period Result				
Modulation Mode		Non-Occupancy Period				
	Freq. (MHz)	Measured	Limit	Result		
HT20	5500	>30min	30min	Complied		
	2000 se	c Timing Plot				
	TIME LINE 2 1831 s Ref -10 dBm *Att 0 dB	RBW 1 MHz Marker 2 *VBW 1 MHz SWT 2000 s	[T1] -77.85 dBm 1.831000 ks			
	-10	Marker 1	[T1] -28,91 dBm 1.000000 s A			
	1 AP CLEWR 1 30		[T1] SGL -47.91 dB 0.000000 s			
	40					
	- 50					
	70					
	90					
	-100 T1 -110		T2			
	Center 5.5 GHz	200 s/				
	Date: 3.APR.2013 19:58:00					



4 Test Equipment and Calibration Data

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Spec.	Calibration Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP 40	100004	9kHz ~ 40GHz	Mar. 11, 2013	DFS01-HY
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMU200A	102098	100kHz ~ 6GHz	Oct. 03, 2012	DFS01-HY
RF Power Divider	Worken	0120A002201801O	11012007220	2 ~ 18 GHz 2 Way	Dec. 04, 2012	DFS01-HY
RF Power Splitter	MCLI	PS3-7	812	3 Way	Dec. 04, 2012	DFS01-HY
RF Power Splitter	Worken	0120A04201101O	DOM2008W1A1	4 Way	Dec. 04, 2012	DFS01-HY
RF Cable-0.5m	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX_103	53804/3 52134 52131	1GHz ~ 33GHz	Dec. 04, 2012	DFS01-HY
RF Cable-0.2m	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX_103	47614/3 47616/3	1GHz ~ 33GHz	Dec. 04, 2012	DFS01-HY

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.