Report No: 0048-170920-02-FCC-IC Model: 5995

# 7.3 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

## **LIMITS & RSS-102**

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lim	its for Occupational	/Controlled Exposur	es	×
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0-30	1.842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f²)	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits	for General Populati	on/Uncontrolled Exp	osure	
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)-Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500–100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density
NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

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#### **CALCULATIONS**

Given

$$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)} / d$$

and

$$S = E ^2 / 3770$$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

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$$d = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / (3770 * S)}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d (cm) = 100 * d (m)$$

yields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$
  
 $d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$ 

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using: P

$$(mW) = 10 ^ (P (dBm) / 10)$$
 and  $G (numeric) = 10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)$ 

yields

$$d = 0.282 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$$
 Equation (1)   
 
$$S = 0.0795 * 10 ^ ((P + G)/10) / d^2$$
 Equation (2)

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$ 

Equation (1) and the measured Output power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

Equation (2) and the measured Output power is used to calculate the Power density.

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### **LIMITS**

From §1.1310 Table 1 (B), for Public  $S = 1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$  for Professional,  $S = 5.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

# **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

For this EUT, P+G=17.23+14=31.23 dBm, and d=20cm

Plug all three items into equation (2), yielding,

Power Density	Output	Antenna]	Power
Limit (mV/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Power (dBm)	Gain (dBi)	Density (mW/ cm <sup>2)</sup>
1.0/5.0	17.23	14	0.265

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance between the antenna & radiating structures of the device and nearby persons is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.