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Dates of Tests: Dec 14 ~ Dec 27, 2017  
 Test Report S/N: LR500111801A  
 Test Site : LTA CO., LTD.

## RF TEST REPORT

FCC ID

**VSOXR-450**

APPLICANT

**YEONHWA M TECH CO.,LTD**

**Device Category** : **Private Land Mobile Radio Service**  
**Manufacturing Description** : **FM Transceiver**  
**Manufacturer** : **YEONHWA M TECH CO.,LTD**  
**Trade name** : **X Radio**  
**Model name** : **VSOXR-450**  
**Variant Model** : **XR-450R, XL-400**  
**Serial number** : **Identical prototype**  
**FCC Rule Part(s)** : **§2, §90**  
**Frequency Range** : **FCC : 410 ~ 470 MHz**  
**RF Output Power** : **5 W**  
**Channel Separation** : **12.5kHz**  
**Emission Designators:** : **10K3F3E**  
**Data of issue** : **August 19, 2019**

This test report is issued under the authority of:

The test was supervised by:

*JaBeom.Koo*

*Eun-Hwan Jung*

Ja-Beom Koo, Manager

Eun-Hwan Jung, Test Engineer

This test result only responds to the tested sample. It is not allowed to copy this report even partly without the allowance of the test laboratory. The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.



NVLAP LAB Code.: 200723-0

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## 1. General information

### 1-1 Test Performed

Company name : LTA Co., Ltd.  
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 Web site : <http://www.ltalab.com>  
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Quality control in the testing laboratory is implemented as per ISO/IEC 17025 which is the “General requirements for the competent of calibration and testing laboratory”.

### 1-2 Accredited agencies

LTA Co., Ltd. is approved to perform EMC testing by the following agencies:

Agency	Country	Accreditation No.	Validity	Reference
NVLAP	U.S.A	200723-0	2019-09-30	ECT accredited Lab.
RRA	KOREA	KR0049	-	EMC accredited Lab.
FCC	U.S.A	649054	2021-04-11	FCC CAB
VCCI	JAPAN	C-4948,	2020-09-10	VCCI registration
VCCI	JAPAN	T-2416,	2020-09-10	VCCI registration
VCCI	JAPAN	R-4483(10 m),	2020-10-15	VCCI registration
VCCI	JAPAN	G-847	2021-12-13	VCCI registration
IC	CANADA	5799A-1	2019-11-07	IC filing
KOLAS	KOREA	NO.551	2021-08-20	KOLAS accredited Lab.

## 2. Information about test item

### 2-1 Client & Manufacturer

Company name : YEONHWA M TECH CO.,LTD  
 Address : 36, Jeonpa-ro 44beon-gil Manan-gu, Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea  
 TEL / FAX : +82-31-444-7270 / +82-31-444-7271

### 2-2 Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Trade name : X Radio  
 Model name : DM-400D  
 Variant Model : XR-450R, XL-400  
 Date of receipt : Dec 14, 2017  
 EUT condition : Identical prototype  
 Frequency Range : 410.02 ~ 469.97 MHz  
 RF output power : 5 W  
 Channel Separation : 12.5 kHz  
 Power Source : DC 7.5 V  
 Firmware version : V1.0

### 2-3 Tested frequency

	LOW	MID	HIGH
Frequency (MHz)	410.02	435.05	469.97

The VSOXR-450 conforms to the spectrum efficiency requirements of FCC rule § 90.203 (j) (5).

### 3. Test Report

#### 3.1 Summary of tests

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Results
§1.1307(b); §2.1093	RF Exposure	C
§2.1046; §90.205	RF Output Power	C
§2.1047; §90.207	Modulation Characteristic	C
§2.1049; §90.209; §90.210	Occupied Bandwidth & Emission Mask	C
§2.1051; §90.210	Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminal	C
§2.1053; §90.210	Spurious Radiated Emissions	C
§2.1055; §90.213	Frequency Stability	C
§90.214	Transient Frequency Behavior	C

Note 1: C=Complies    NC=Not Complies    NT=Not Tested    NA=Not Applicable

Note 2: The data in this test report are traceable to the national or international standards.

The sample was tested according to the following specification :

- FCC Part2, Part 90
- ANCI C 63.4-2014
- TIA/EIA-603-D

## 3.2 TEST RESULTS

### 3.2.1 RF EXPOSURE

**Applicable Standard :**

According to FCC §1.1307(b) and §2.1093, portable device operates Part 90 should be subjected to routine environmental evaluation for RF exposure prior or equipment authorization or use.

**Result : Compliance.**

### 3.2.2 RF OUTPUT POWER

Applicable Standard : FCC §2.1046 and §90.205

#### Test Procedure

Conducted RF Output Power:

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.

The spectrum analyzer is setting:

Center frequency = the highest, middle and the lowest channels

RBW = 100 kHz

Sweep = auto

VBW = 300 kHz

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

**Test Result : Compliance.**

#### Measurement Data: Transmitting

Modulation	Channel Separation (kHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Power Level	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (w)	Result
Analog	12.5	410.02	5 W	36.77	4.75	Pass
	12.5	435.05	5 W	36.59	4.56	Pass
	12.5	469.97	5 W	36.45	4.12	Pass

Note : The rated Power is 5 W. The limit of the high output power is 4 W ~ 6 W

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### 3.2.3 MODULATION CHARACTERISTIC

**Applicable Standard : FCC§2.1047and §90.207:**

- (a) Equipment which utilizes voice modulated communication shall show the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz. for equipment which is required to have a low pass filter, the frequency response of the filter, or all of the circuitry installed between the modulation limited and the modulated stage shall be supplied.
- (b) Equipment which employs modulation limiting, a curve showing the percentage of modulation versus the modulation input voltage shall be supplied.

**Test Procedure**

Test Method : TIA -603-D 2.2.3

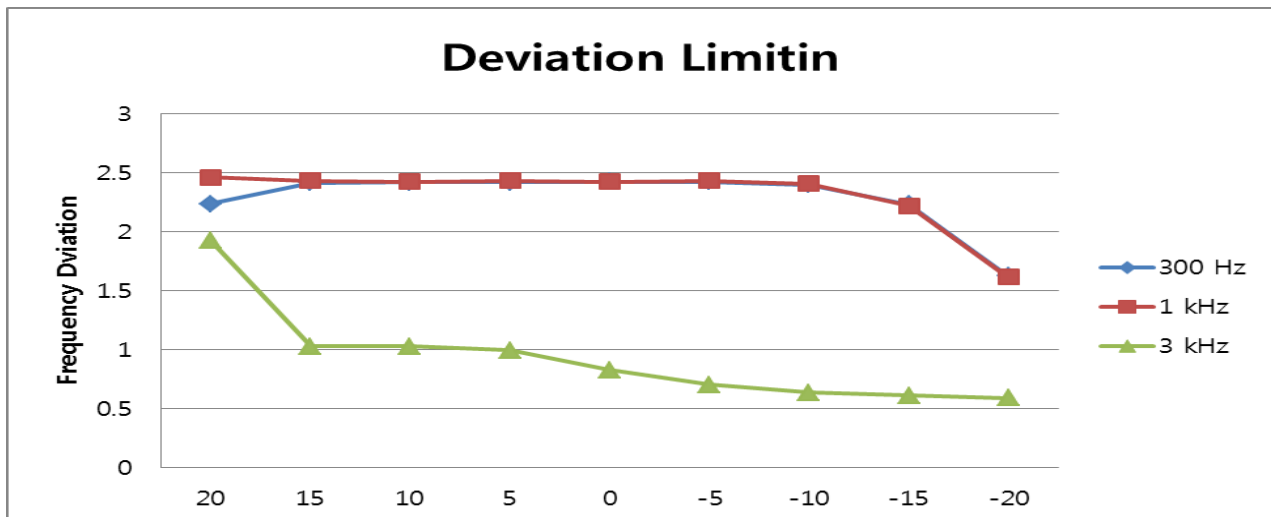
**Test Result : Compliance.**



Measurement Data: Analog Modulation

( Carrier Frequency : 435.05 MHz, Channel Separation : 12.5 kHz)

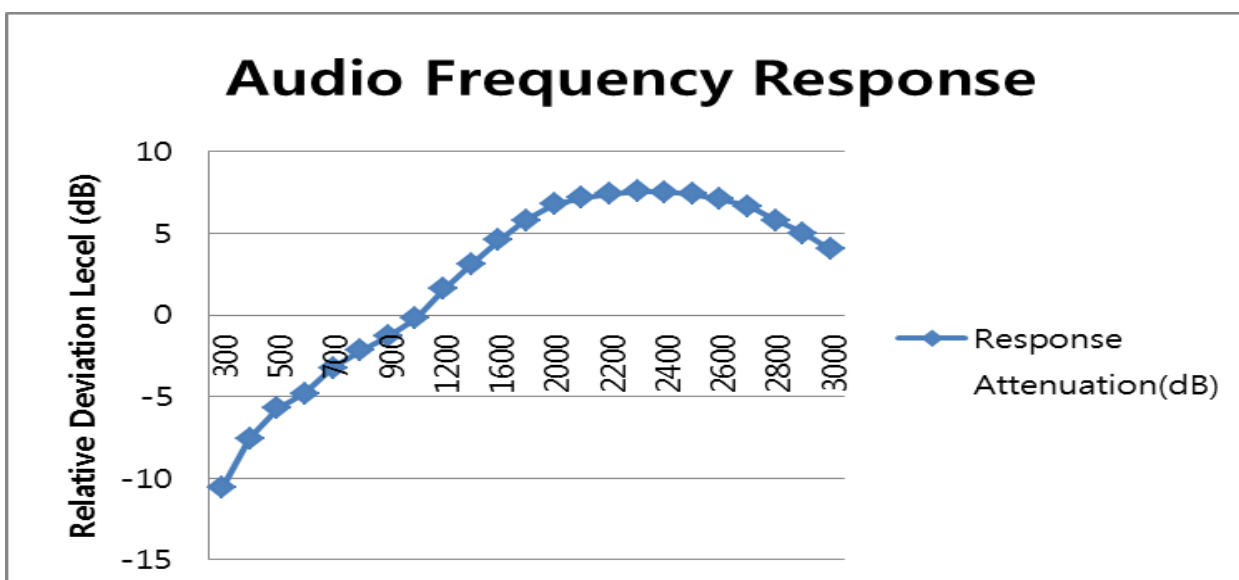
Audio Input Level [dB]	Frequency Deviation (kHz)			Limit [kHz]
	@ 300 Hz	@ 1 kHz	@ 3 kHz	
20.0	2.237	2.462	1.930	2.5
15.0	2.417	2.433	1.028	2.5
10.0	2.422	2.426	1.030	2.5
5.0	2.420	2.436	0.998	2.5
0.0	2.424	2.425	0.831	2.5
-5.0	2.424	2.433	0.705	2.5
-10.0	2.401	2.409	0.640	2.5
-15.0	2.232	2.223	0.612	2.5
-20.0	1.626	1.617	0.592	2.5



**Measurement Data: Audio Frequency Response**

( Carrier Frequency : 435.05 MHz, Channel Separation : 12.5 kHz)

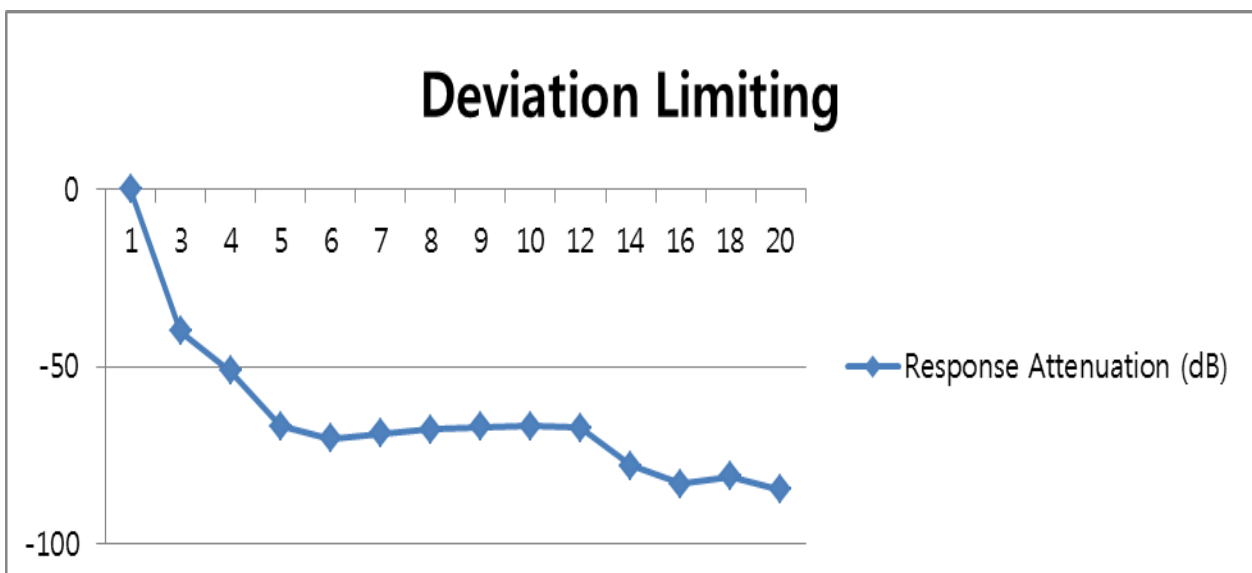
Audio Frequency (Hz)	Response Attenuation (dB)
300	-10.54
400	-7.55
500	-5.73
600	-4.81
700	-3.25
800	-2.18
900	-1.33
1000	-0.23
1200	1.59
1400	3.10
1600	4.58
1800	5.80
2000	6.77
2100	7.16
2200	7.43
2300	7.58
2400	7.52
2500	7.43
2600	7.09
2700	6.68
2800	5.82
2900	5.01
3000	4.03



## Measurement Data: Audio Frequency low pass filter response

( Carrier Frequency : 435.05 MHz, Channel Separation : 12.5 kHz)

Audio Frequency (kHz)	Response Attenuation (dB)	Limit (dB)
1.0	0.0	/
3.0	-40.1	0.0
4.0	-51.2	-12.5
5.0	-67.0	-22.2
6.0	-70.4	-30.1
7.0	-69.0	-36.8
8.0	-67.9	-42.6
9.0	-67.2	-47.7
10.0	-66.8	-52.3
12.0	-67.4	-60.2
14.0	-78.0	-66.9
16.0	-83.3	-72.7
18.0	-81.2	-77.8
20.0	-84.8	-82.4



### 3.2.4 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH EMISSION MASK

**Applicable Standard : FCC §2.1049, §90.209 and §90.210**

Emission Mask D—12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- 1) For any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth  $f_0$  to 5.625 kHz removed from  $f_0$ , 0dB.
- 2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_a$  in kHz) of more than 5.626 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz, at least  $7.27 (f_a - 2.88 \text{ kHz})$  dB.
- 3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_a$  in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least  $50 + 10 \log (P)$  dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

(4) The reference level for showing compliance with the emission mask shall be established using a resolution bandwidth sufficiently wide (usually two or three times the channel bandwidth) to capture the true peak emission of the equipment under test. In order to show compliance with the emission mask up to and including 50 kHz removed from the edge of the authorized bandwidth, adjust the resolution bandwidth to 100 Hz with the measuring instrument in a peak hold mode. A sufficient number of sweeps must be measured to insure that the emission profile is developed. If video filtering is used, its bandwidth must not be less than the instrument resolution bandwidth. For emissions beyond 50 kHz from the edge of the authorized bandwidth, see paragraph (o) of this section. If it can be shown that use of the above instrumentation settings do not accurately represent the true interference potential of the equipment under test, an alternate procedure may be used provided prior Commission approval is obtained.

Analog :

In this case, the maximum modulating frequency is 3.0 kHz with a 2.5 kHz deviation

$$BW = 2(M+D) = 2*(3.0 \text{ kHz} + 2.5 \text{ kHz}) = 11 \text{ kHz} \rightarrow 11\text{K0}$$

**Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.

The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 Hz and the spectrum was recorded in the frequency band  $\pm 50$  kHz from the carrier frequency.

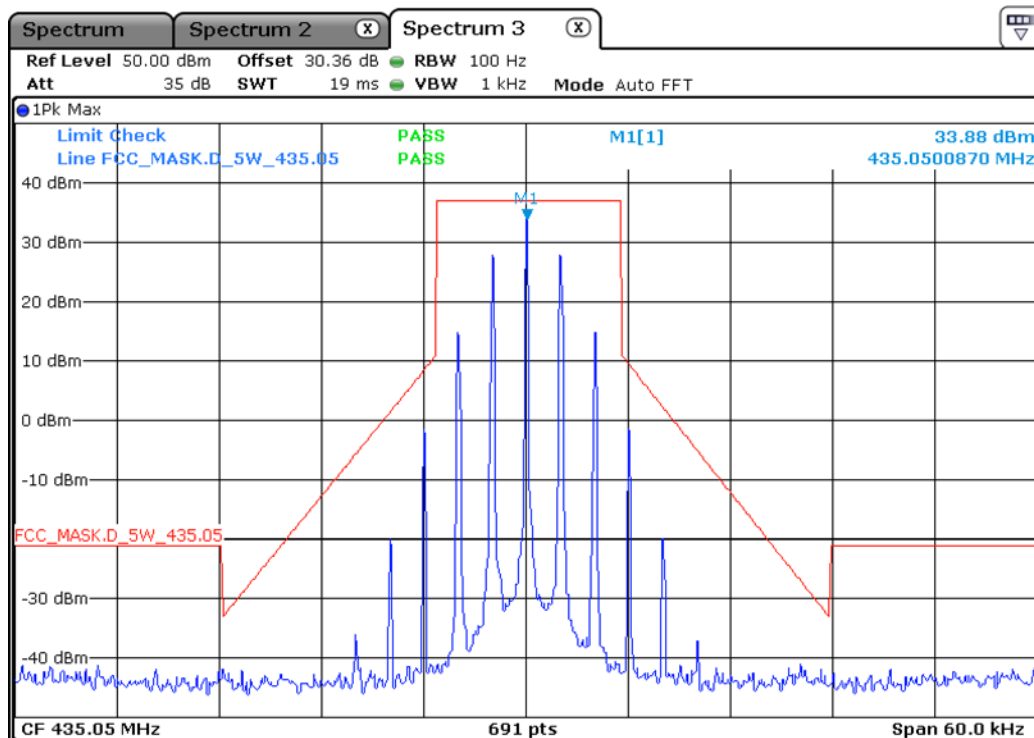
**Test Result : Compliance.**

**Measurement Data: Transmitting**

Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Space (kHz)	Power Level	99% Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)	26dB Emissions Bandwidth (kHz)	FCC Limit (kHz)
Analog	435.05	12.5	5 W	7.96	8.00	11.25



Emission Mask D with 4.8 W 12.5 kHz, 435.05 MHz



### 3.2.5 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA

#### Applicable Standard

Emission Mask D—12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- 1) For any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth  $f_0$  to 5.625 kHz removed from  $f_0$ , 0 dB.
- 2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in kHz) of more than 5.626 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz, at least  $7.27 (f_d - 2.88 \text{ kHz})$  dB.
- 3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least  $50 + 10 \log (P)$  dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

Emission Mask E—6.25 kHz or less channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz or less bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- 1) On any frequency from the center of the authorized bandwidth  $f_0$  to 3.0 kHz removed from  $f_0$ : Zero dB.
- 2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_a$  in kHz) of more than 3.0 kHz but no more than 4.6 kHz: At least  $30 + 16.67(f_a - 3 \text{ kHz})$  or  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  or 65 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.
- 3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by more than 4.6 kHz: At least  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  or 65 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

The reference level for showing compliance with the emission mask shall be established using a resolution bandwidth sufficiently wide (usually two or three times the channel bandwidth) to capture the true peak emission of the equipment under test. In order to show compliance with the emission mask up to and including 50 kHz removed from the edge of the authorized bandwidth, adjust the resolution bandwidth to 100 Hz with the measuring instrument in a peak hold mode. A sufficient number of sweeps must be measured to insure that the emission profile is developed. If video filtering is used, its bandwidth must not be less than the instrument resolution bandwidth. For emissions beyond 50 kHz from the edge of the authorized bandwidth, see paragraph (o) of this section. If it can be shown that use of the above



instrumentation settings do not accurately represent the true interference potential of the equipment under test, an alternate procedure may be used provided prior Commission approval is obtained.

### Test Procedure

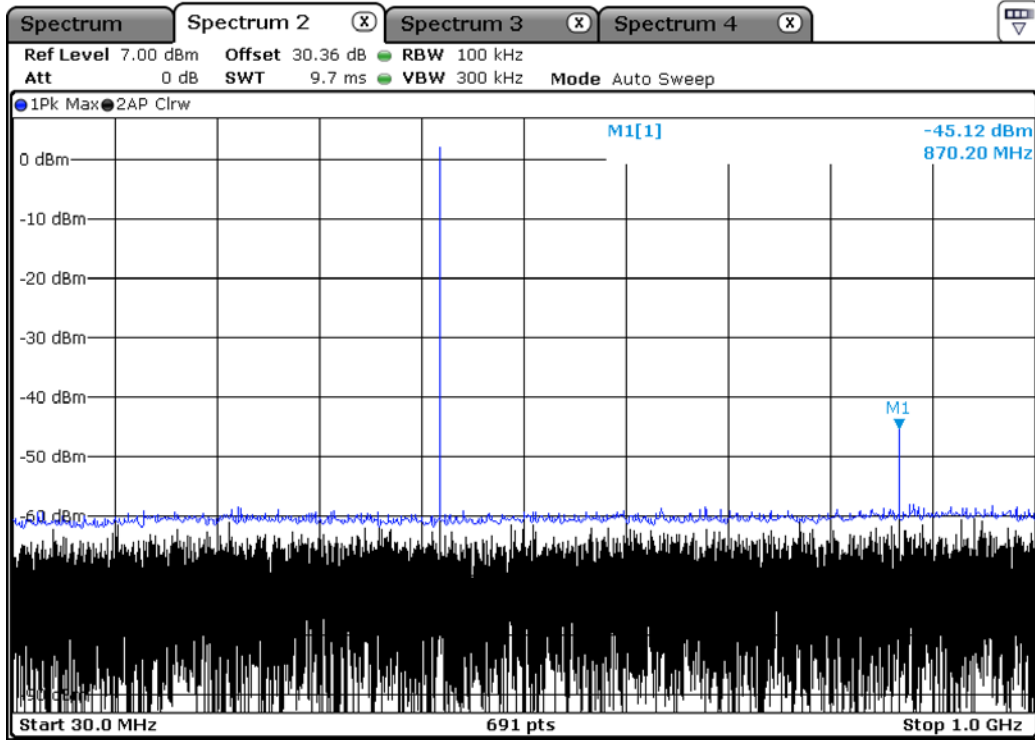
The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 kHz for below 1 GHz, and 1 MHz for above 1 GHz. sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic.

### Test Result : **Compliance.**

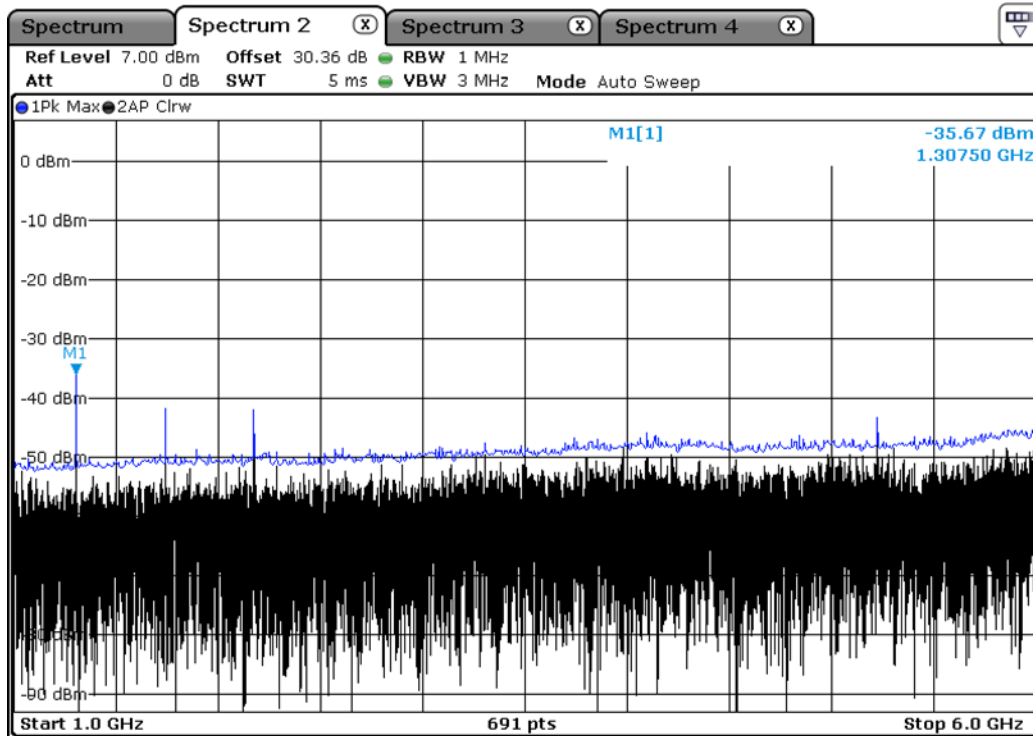
Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Space (kHz)	Maximum Conducted Spurious Emissions Below 1 GHz		Maximum Conducted Spurious Emissions Above 1 GHz		FCC Limit
			Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBm)	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBm)	
Analog	435.05	12.5	870.20	-45.12	1307.50	-35.67	-20 dBm

Analog Modulation :

30 MHz – 1 GHz, Spacing Channel 12.5 kHz, 435.05 MHz



1 GHz – 6 GHz, Spacing Channel 12.5 kHz, 440.0125 MHz



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## 3.2.6 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

**FCC §2.1053 and §90.210**

### Test Procedure

The transmitter was placed on a wooden turntable, and it was transmitting into a non-radiating load, which was also placed on the turntable.

The measurement antenna was placed at a distance of 3 meters from the EUT. During the tests, the antenna height and polarization as well as EUT azimuth were varied in order to identify the maximum level of emissions from the EUT. The test was performed by placing the EUT on 3-orthogonal axis.

The frequency range up to teeth harmonic of the fundamental frequency was investigated.

Remove the EUT and replace it with substitution antenna. A signal generator was connected to the substitution antenna by a non-radiating cable. The absolute levels of the spurious emissions were measured by the substitution.

Spurious emissions in dB =  $10 \lg(\text{TXpwr in Watts}/0.001)$ -the absolute level

Spurious attenuation limit in dB =  $50 + 10 \lg_{10}(\text{power out in Watts})$  for EUT with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth.

Spurious attenuation limit in dB =  $55 + 10 \lg_{10}(\text{power out in Watts})$  for EUT with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth.

**Test Result : Compliance.**

**Measurement Data: Transmitting****30 MHz – 2GHz**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Turn Table Angle Degree	Rx Antenna		Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	FCCpart90	
			Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	SG Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dB)		Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
<b>Analog Modulation 435.05 MHz, Channel Spacing 12.5 KHz</b>										
191.99	45.17	37	1.0	V	-40.20	1.97	10.04	-32.13	-20	12.13
356.89	50.08	65	2.8	H	-43.80	2.57	14.88	-31.49	-20	11.49
774.96	40.26	185	1.4	H	-55.27	4.41	22.40	-37.28	-20	17.28
846.74	39.00	225	2.5	V	-47.88	4.38	23.26	-29.00	-20	9.00
847.71	40.27	19	4.0	H	-50.08	4.39	23.27	-31.20	-20	11.20
893.30	38.24	136	1.0	V	-53.67	4.55	23.73	-34.49	-20	14.49

Note : Absolute Level = SG Level-Cable loss + Antenna Gain

Margin = Limit – Absolute Level

### 3.2.7 FREQUENCY STABILITY

#### Applicable Standard

FCC §2.1055 and §90.213

#### Test Procedure

Frequency Stability vs. Temperature: The equipment under test was connected to an external DC power supply and the RF output was connected to a frequency counter via feed-through attenuators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. The DC leads and RF output cable exited the chamber through an opening made for the purpose.

After the temperature stabilized for approximately 20 minutes, the frequency output was recorded from the counter.

#### For Analog Modulation

Reference Frequency : 435.05 MHz, Limit : $\pm 2.5$ ppm, 12.5 kHz			
Test Environment		Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (V <sub>DC</sub> )	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Error (ppm)
<b>Frequency Stability versus Input Temperature</b>			
50	12	435.050348	0.800
40	12	435.050330	0.759
30	12	435.050278	0.639
20	12	435.050166	0.382
10	12	435.050073	0.168
0	12	435.050116	0.267
-10	12	435.050095	0.218
-20	12	435.049768	-0.533
-30	12	435.049903	-0.223
<b>Frequency Stability versus Input Voltage</b>			
20	2.8	435.050152	0.349

### 3.2.8 TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR

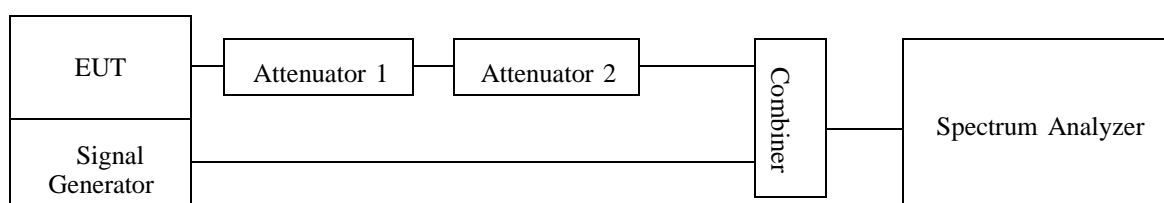
#### Applicable Standard

Regulations: FCC §90.214

Test method: ANSI/TIA-603-D 2010, section 2.2.19.3

#### Test Procedure

- a) Connect the EUT and test equipment as shown on the following block diagram.
- b) Set the Spectrum Analyzer to measure FM deviation, and tune the RF frequency to the transmitter assigned frequency.
- c) Set the signal generator to the assigned transmitter frequency and modulate it with a 1 kHz tone at  $\pm 12.5$  kHz deviation and set its output level to -100 dBm.
- d) Turn on the transmitter.
- e) Supply sufficient attenuation via the RF attenuator to provide an input level to the Spectrum Analyzer that is 40 dB below the maximum allowed input power when the transmitter is operating at its rated power level. Note this power level on the Spectrum Analyzer as  $P_0$ .
- f) Turn off the transmitter.
- g) Adjust the RF level of the signal generator to provide RF power equal to  $P_0$ . This signal generator RF level shall be maintained throughout the rest of the measurement.
- h) Remove the attenuation 1, so the input power to the Spectrum Analyzer is increased by 30 dB when the transmitter is turned on.
- i) Adjust the vertical amplitude control of the spectrum analyzer to display the 1000 Hz at  $\pm 4$  divisions vertically centered on the display. Set trigger mode of the Spectrum Analyzer to "Video", and tune the "trigger level" on suitable level. Then set the "trigger offset" to -10ms for turn on and -15 ms for turn off.
- j) Turn on the transmitter and the transient wave will be captured on the screen of Spectrum Analyzer. Observe the stored display. The instant when the 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed is considered to be  $t_{ON}$ . The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period  $t_1$  and  $t_2$ .
- k) Then turn off the transmitter, and another transient wave will be captured on the screen of Spectrum Analyzer. The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period  $t_3$ .



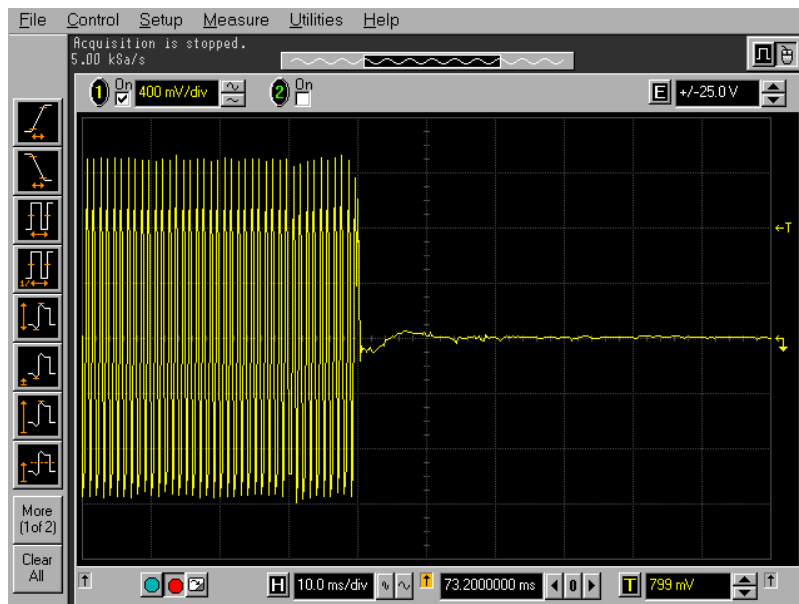
Measurement Data: Transmitting

Channel Separation (kHz)	Transient Period (ms)	Transient Frequency	Result
12.5	10 (t1)	<+/- 12.5 kHz	Compliance
	25 (t2)	<+/- 6.25 kHz	
	10 (t3)	<+/- 12.5 kHz	

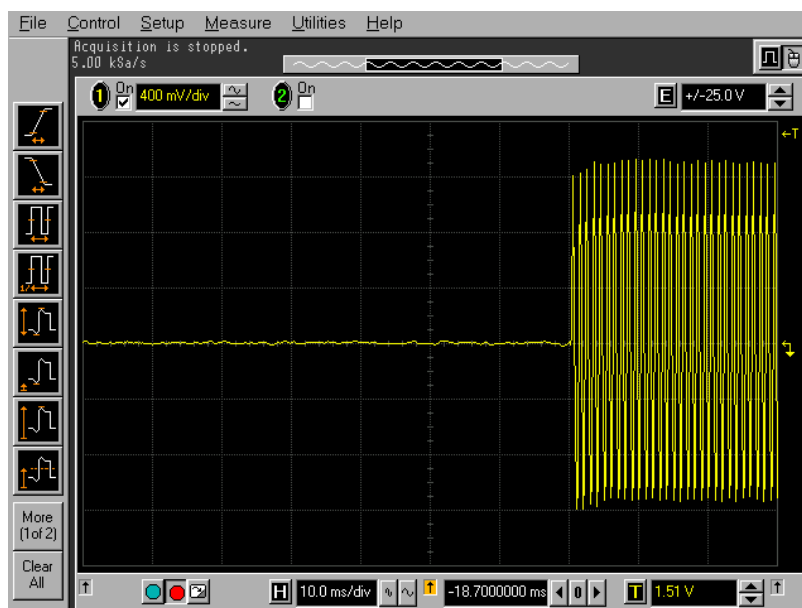
Please refer to the following plots.

Channel Spacing 12.5 kHz

Trun ON



Trun OFF



**APPENDIX**  
**TEST EQUIPMENT USED FOR TESTS**

	Use	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Manufacturer	Interval	Last Cal. Date
1	■	Signal Analyzer (9 kHz ~ 30 GHz)	FSV30	100757	R&S	1 year	2017-09-07
2		Signal Generator (~3.2 GHz)	8648C	3623A02597	HP	1 year	2017-03-20
3		SYNTHESIZED CW GENERATOR	83711B	US34490456	HP	1 year	2017-03-20
4		Attenuator (3 dB)	8491A	37822	HP	1 year	2017-09-07
5		Attenuator (10 dB)	8491A	63196	HP	1 year	2017-09-07
6	■	EMI Test Receiver (~7 GHz)	ESC17	100722	R&S	1 year	2017-09-07
7		RF Amplifier (~1.3 GHz)	8447D OPT 010	2944A07684	HP	1 year	2017-09-07
8		RF Amplifier (1~26.5 GHz)	8449B	3008A02126	HP	1 year	2017-03-21
9		Horn Antenna (1~18 GHz)	3115	00114105	ETS	2 year	2016-08-04
10		DRG Horn (Small)	3116B	81109	ETS-Lindgren	2 year	2016-05-03
11		DRG Horn (Small)	3116B	133350	ETS-Lindgren	2 year	2016-05-03
12	■	TRILOG Antenna	VULB 9160	9160-3237	SCHWARZBECK	2 year	2017-04-17
13		Temp.Humidity Data Logger	SK-L200TH II A	00801	SATO	1 year	2017-03-21
14		Splitter (SMA)	ZFSC-2-2500	SF617800326	Mini-Circuits	-	-
15	■	DC Power Supply	6674A	3637A01657	Agilent	-	-
16	■	Frequency Counter	5342A	2826A12411	HP	1 year	2017-03-21
17	■	Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB32481702	HP	1 year	2017-03-20
18	■	Power Sensor	8481A	3318A94972	HP	1 year	2016-12-30
19		Audio Analyzer	8903B	3729A18901	HP	1 year	2017-09-07
20		Modulation Analyzer	8901B	3749A05878	HP	1 year	2017-09-07
21		TEMP & HUMIDITY Chamber	YJ-500	LTAS06041	JinYoung Tech	1 year	2017-09-07
22		Stop Watch	HS-3	812Q08R	CASIO	2 year	2017-03-21
23		LISN	KNW-407	8-1430-1	Kyoritsu	1 year	2017-09-07
24		Two-Lime V-Network	ESH3-Z5	893045/017	R&S	1 year	2017-03-20
25		UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU200	106243	R&S	1 year	2017-03-20
26		Highpass Filter	WHKX1.5/15G-10SS	74	Wainwright Instruments	1 year	2017-03-20
27		Highpass Filter	WHKX3.0/18G-10SS	118	Wainwright Instruments	1 year	2017-03-20
28		OSP120 BASE UNIT	OSP120	101230	R&S	1 year	2017-03-21
29		Signal Generator(100 kHz ~ 40 GHz)	SMB100A03	177621	R&S	1 year	2017-03-23
30	■	Signal Analyzer (10 Hz ~ 40 GHz)	FSV40	101367	R&S	1 year	2017-03-21
31	■	Active Loop Antenna	FMZB 1519	1519-031	SCHWARZBECK	2 year	2016-01-12