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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Juniper Systems	Dates of Test:	December 17-31	, 2015, March 22-23, 2016
1132 West 1700 North	Test Report Nun	nber:	SAR.20151211
Logan, UT 84321	-		Revision E

FCC ID:	VSF25271, VSFMS2, VSF25589
IC Certificate:	7980A-25271, 7980A-MS2, 7980A-25589
Model(s):	MS2
Test Sample:	Engineering Unit Same as Production
Serial Number:	MS2P41
Equipment Type:	Wireless Rugged Tablet
Classification:	Portable Transmitter Next to Body
TX Frequency Range:	704 – 716 MHz, 777 – 787 MHz, 817 – 849 MHz; 1710 – 1755 MHz, 1850 – 1910 MHz,
	2412 – 2462 MHz, 5150 – 5350 MHz, 5500 – 5700 MHz; 5745 – 5825 MHz, 917.4 – 927.2 MHz
Frequency Tolerance:	± 2.5 ppm
Maximum RF Output:	750 MHz (LTE) – 23.0 dBm, 850 MHz (CDMA) – 24.0 dBm, 850 MHz (GSM) – 33.0 dBm,
	850 MHz (WCDMA) – 23.0 dBm, 850 MHz (LTE) – 23.0 dBm, 1735 MHz (WCDMA) – 19.0 dBm,
	1735 MHz (LTE) – 19.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (CDMA) – 19.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (GSM) – 28.0 dBm,
	1900 MHz (WCDMA) – 19.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (LTE) – 19.0 dBm, 2450 MHz (b) – 18.0 dBm,
	2450 MHz (g) – 17.00 dBm, 2450 MHz (n20) – 16.0 dBm, 2450 MHz (n40) – 16.0 dBm,
	5250 MHz (a) – 16.0 dBm, 5250 MHz (n20) – 14.0 dBm, 5250 MHz (n40) – 14.0 dBm,
	5600 MHz (a) - 16.0 dBm, 5600 (n20) - 14.0 dBm, 5600 (n40) - 14.0 dBm,
	5800 MHz (a) – 16.0 dBm, 5800 MHz (n20) – 14.0 dBm, 5800 MHz (n40) – 14.0 dBm,
	900 MHz – 20 dBm Conducted
Signal Modulation:	WCDMA, GMSK, 8-PSK, CDMA, QPSK, 16QAM, DSSS, OFDM, FHSS
Antenna Type:	Internal
Application Type:	Certification
FCC Rule Parts:	Part 2, 15C, 15E, 22, 24, 27
KDB Test Methodology:	KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 248227 v02r02, KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, KDB 941225 D01 v03r01 & D25 v 02r05
Industry Consider	D05 v02r05
Industry Canada:	RSS-102 Issue 5, Safety Code 6
Max. Stand Alone SAR Value:	
	1.57 W/kg Reported & 0.04 Separation Ratio
Separation Distance:	0 mm

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-2:2010 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President





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1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Juniper Systems Model MS2 FCC ID: VSF25271, VSFMS2, VSF25589 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 7980A-25271, 7980A-MS2, 7980A-25589 with RSS102 Issue 5 & Safety Code 6. The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Juniper Systems Model MS2 and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], IEEE Std.1528 – 2013 Recommended Practice [4], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the MS2 Wireless Rugged Tablet. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 17 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 13 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 5 – 835 MHz	CDMA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	GPRS	4	32.0	32.0	±1.0	31.0	33.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	EDGE	E2	26.0	26.0	±1.0	25.0	27.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 5 – 835 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	LTE	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	CDMA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	GPRS	1	27.0	27.0	±1.0	26.0	28.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	EDGE	E2	25.0	25.0	±1.0	24.0	26.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	LTE	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11b	N/A	N/A	16	±2.0	16.0	18.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11g	N/A	N/A	15	±2.0	13.0	17.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11n	N/A	N/A	14	±2.0	12.0	16.0
WLAN – 5.0 GHz	802.11a	N/A	N/A	14	±2.0	12.0	16.0
WLAN – 5.0 GHz	802.11n	N/A	N/A	12	±2.0	10.0	14.0
Bluetooth	802.15.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.5
RFID	FHSS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	20.0



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

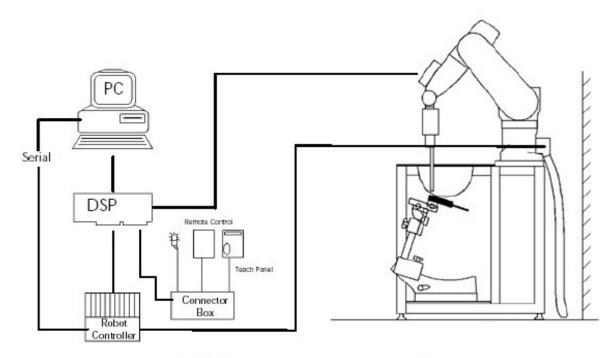


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup



System Electronics

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

Probe Measurement System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



DAE System



Probe Specifications

Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz

- Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz
- Linearity: ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
- Dynamic: 10 mW/kg to 100 W/kg

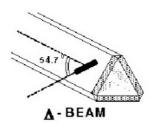


Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations

Range: Linearity: ±0.2dB

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

- Tip length: 20 mm
- Body diameter: 12 mm
- Tip diameter: 2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of wireless device



Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment *

S

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

$$AR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t} \qquad SAR = \frac{|E|^2}{2}$$

where:

where:

$$\Delta t$$
 = exposure time (30 seconds),

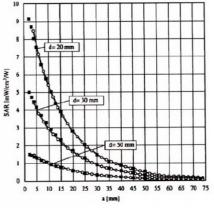
 $\cdot \sigma$

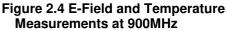
σ simulated tissue conductivity, Δ Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue) С ρ heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), =

 ΛT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;





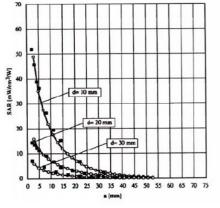


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$
with V_{i} = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 U_{i} = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_{i} = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_{i} = \sqrt{\frac{V_{i}}{Norm_{i} \cdot ConvF}}$$
with V_{i} = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z)
Norm_{i} = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)
 $\mu V/(V/m)^{2}$ for E-field probes
ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution
 E_{i} = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^{2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$
 with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{proc} = \frac{E_{tot}^{2}}{3770}$$
 with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm²
 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m



Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges 2GHz is 15 mm in x and y-dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges				
Frequency range	Grid spacing			
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm			
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm			
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm			

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.

• A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges					
Frequency range	Grid spacing	Grid spacing	Minimum zoom		
r requericy range	for x, y axis	for z axis	scan volume		
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm		
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm		
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm		
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm		
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm		

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three onedimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.



SAM PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

Phantom Specification

Phantom:	S
Shell Material:	
Thickness:	2

SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0) Vivac Composite 2.0 ± 0.2 mm



Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 2.7 Mounting Device

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worstcase condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.

4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE1528 – 2013 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

Ingredients		Simulating Tissue					
		750 MHz Body	835/900 MHz Body	1750 MHz Body	1900 MHz Body	2450 MHz Body	5 GHz Body
Mixing Percentage							
Water			52.50		69.91	73.20	
Sugar Salt			45.00	Proprietary Purchased From	0.00	0.00	Proprietary Purchased
		Proprietary Purchased	1.40		0.13	0.10	
HEC		From Speag	1.00	Speag	0.00	0.00	From Speag
Bactericide]	0.10		0.00	0.00	
DGBE			0.00		29.96	26.70	
Dielectric Constant	Target	55.53	55.20	53.43	53.30	52.70	Various
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	0.96	0.97	1.49	1.52	1.95	Various

Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



7. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters							
		750 N	MHz Body	835 MHz Body		1750 MHz Body	
Date(s)		Dec.	30, 2015	Dec.	29, 2015	Dec.	28, 2015
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		55.35	54.69	55.20	54.37	53.43	52.68
Conductivity: σ		0.96	0.94	0.97	0.98	1.49	1.56
		1900	MHz Body	2450 MHz Body		5200 MHz Body	
Date(s)		Dec.	21, 2015	Dec. 17, 2015		Dec. 18, 2015	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		53.30	53.17	52.70	52.77	49.01	49.07
Conductivity: σ		1.52	1.54	1.95	1.92	5.30	5.21
		5600	MHz Body	5800 l	MHz Body	900 N	/Hz Body
Date(s)		Dec. 18, 2015		Dec.	18, 2015	Mar.	22, 2016
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		48.47	48.47	48.20	48.17	55.00	55.39
Conductivity: σ		5.77	5.73	6.00	5.99	1.05	1.03

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ±10% of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation (%)	Plot Number
30-Dec-2015	750 MHz	8.48	8.65	Body	+ 2.00	1
30-Dec-2015	835 MHz	9.28	9.43	Body	+ 1.62	2
30-Dec-2015	1750 MHz	37.70	38.50	Body	+ 2.12	3
30-Dec-2015	1900 MHz	40.40	40.20	Body	- 0.50	4
30-Dec-2015	2450 MHz	52.10	51.20	Body	- 1.73	5
30-Dec-2015	5200 MHz	77.40	76.30	Body	- 1.42	6
30-Dec-2015	5600 MHz	80.70	78.30	Body	- 2.97	7
30-Dec-2015	5800 MHz	78.80	74.90	Body	- 4.95	8
22-Mar-2016	900 MHz	10.60	10.90	Body	+ 2.83	9

See Appendix A for data plots.

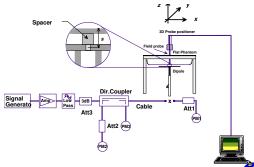


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup



8. LTE Document Checklist

1) Identify the operating frequency range of each LTE transmission band used by the device

LTE Operating	Uplink (transmit)	Downlink (Receive)	Duplex mode
Band	Low - high	Low - high	(FDD/TDD)
2	1850-1910	1930-1990	FDD
4	1710-1755	2110-2155	FDD
5	824-849	869-894	FDD
13	777-787	746-756	FDD
17	704-716	734-746	FDD

2) Identify the channel bandwidths used in each frequency band; 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz etc

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
2	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1910 MHz
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755 MHz
5	5, 10	824-849 MHz
13	5, 10	777-787 MHz
17	5, 10	704-716 MHz

3) Identify the high, middle and low (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE frequency band

LTE Band	Bandwidth	Frequency (MHz)/Channel #							
Class	(MHz)	L	ow	М	Mid		gh		
2	1.4	1850.7	18607	1880.0	18900	1909.3	19193		
2	3	1851.5	18615	1880.0	18900	1908.5	19185		
2	5	1852.5	18625	1880.0	18900	1907.5	19175		
2	10	1855.0	18650	1880.0	18900	1905.0	19150		
2	15	1857.5	18675	1880.0	18900	1902.5	19125		
2	20	1860.0	18700	1880.0	18900	1900.0	19100		
4	1.4	1710.7	19957	1732.5	20175	1754.3	20393		
4	3	1711.5	19965	1732.5	20175	1753.5	20385		
4	5	1712.5	19975	1732.5	20175	1752.5	20375		
4	10	1715.0	20000	1732.5	20175	1750.0	20350		
4	15	1717.5	20025	1732.5	20175	1747.5	20325		
4	20	1720.0	20050	1732.5	20175	1745.0	20300		
5	5	826.5	20425	836.5	20525	846.5	20625		
5	10	829.0	20450	836.5	20525	844.0	20600		
13	5			782.0	23230				
13	10			782.0	23230				
17	5	706.5	23755	710.0	23790	713.5	23825		
17	10	709.0	23780	710.0	23790	711.0	23800		

- 4) Specify the UE category and uplink modulations used:
 - UE Category: 3
 - Uplink modulations: QPSK and 16QAM
- 5) Include descriptions of the LTE transmitter and antenna implementation; and also identify whether it is a standalone transmitter operating independently of other wireless transmitters in the device or sharing hardware components and/or antenna(s) with other transmitters etc

The device has 4 antennas:

- WWAN Main (Transmit and Receive) Antenna
- WLAN Main and Aux (Transmit and Receive) Antenna
- Diversity (Receive Only) Antenna

Transmission relationship

- All transmission (TX) is limited to the WWAN and WLAN antennas only
- The device is <u>unable</u> to transmit CDMA/EDGE/GPRS/WCDMA/HSPA and LTE simultaneously.
- The Diversity antenna is receive only antenna which is reserved for the WWAN operation.
- Rx is simultaneous on Main and Diversity
- Simultaneous Tx with the WWAN and WLAN is allowed.

	CDMA/ED0	LTE		802.11 b/g/n						
Antenna port	WCDMA									
	TX	RX	TX	RX	TX	RX				
#1 WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No				
#2 WLAN Main	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes				
#3 WLAN Aux	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes				
#4 (Diversity)	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No				

6) Identify the LTE voice/data requirements in each operating mode and exposure condition with respect to head and body test configurations, antenna locations, handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc

The device is a data only. Data mode was tested in each operating mode and exposure condition in the body configuration. See test setup photos to see all configurations tested.

- 7) Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design:
 - a) Only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards

Modulation	Ch	Channel Bandwidth/transmission Bandwidth Configuration								
		(RB)								
	1.4	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20								
	MHz	MHZ	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz				
QPSK	> 5	>4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤1			
16QAM	≤ 5	≤4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤16	≤18	≤ 1			
16QAM	> 5	>4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2			

b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled

c) A-MPR was disabled during testing.

8) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured on the required test channels for each channel bandwidth and UL modulation used in each frequency band:

The maximum average conducted output power measured for the testing is listed on pages 48-60 of this report. The below table shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 17 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 13 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 5 – 835 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	LTE	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	LTE	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0

9) Identify all other U.S. wireless operating modes (3G, Wi-Fi, WiMax, Bluetooth etc), device/exposure configurations (head and body, antenna and handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.) and frequency bands used for these modes

Other wireless modes:

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 5 – 835 MHz	CDMA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	GPRS	4	32.0	32.0	±1.0	31.0	33.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	EDGE	E2	26.0	26.0	±1.0	25.0	27.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	CDMA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	GPRS	1	27.0	27.0	±1.0	26.0	28.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	EDGE	E2	25.0	25.0	±1.0	24.0	26.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0

10) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured for the other wireless modes and frequency bands.

The maximum average conducted output power measured for the testing is listed on pages 25-29 of this report. The table in item 9 shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.

11) Identify the <u>simultaneous transmission conditions</u> for the voice and data configurations supported by all wireless modes, device configurations and frequency bands, for the head and body exposure conditions and device operating configurations (handset flip or cover positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.)

The device is <u>unable</u> to transmit WCDMA/GPRS/EDGE/CDMA and LTE simultaneously.

The device is able to transmit WWAN and WLAN simultaneously.

TX Modes	WCDMA/GPRS/EDGE/CDMA	LTE	802.11 b/g/n
1	ON	OFF	ON
2	OFF	ON	ON

12) When power reduction is applied to certain wireless modes to satisfy SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission conditions, other equipment certification or operating requirements, include the maximum average conducted output power measured in each power reduction mode applicable to the simultaneous voice/data transmission configurations for such wireless configurations and frequency bands; and also include details of the power reduction implementation and measurement setup

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

13) Include descriptions of the test equipment, test software, built-in test firmware etc. required to support testing the device when power reduction is applied to one or more transmitters/antennas for simultaneous voice/data transmission

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

14) When appropriate, include a SAR test plan proposal with respect to the above

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

15) If applicable, include preliminary SAR test data and/or supporting information in laboratory testing inquiries to address specific issues and concerns or for requesting further test reduction considerations appropriate for the device; for example, simultaneous transmission configurations.

Not applicable.



9. SAR Test Data Summary

See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The testing was conducted on all edges closest to each antenna. The back and right side was tested for the WWAN antenna. The remaining sides were not tested as the WWAN antenna was more than 2.5 cm from the side. The back, top, left and right sides were tested for the WLAN antennas. The remaining sides were not tested as the antenna was more than 2.5 cm from these sides. The back, left, right and top sides were tested for the RFID antenna. The remaining side was not tested as the RFID antenna was more than 2.5 cm for this side. All further test reductions are shown on pages 44-46 for CDMA/GSM/WCDMA bands, page 33-43 for WLAN, and pages 62-66 for LTE bands. See the photo in Appendix C for a pictorial of the setups and antenna locations.

The closest distance between the Bluetooth antenna and the user is 12 mm and the maximum power of the Bluetooth transmitter is 6.7 mW. For the FCC, the calculation mW/mm* $\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}$ <3.0 yields 6.7/12* $\sqrt{2.48}$ =0.88 which is less than 3.0. Therefore, the Bluetooth transmitter is excluded from SAR testing.

This device is capable of operating in 850/1900 GPRS/EDGE frequency bands. In GPRS mode, the device is in Class 4 for 850 MHz and Class 1 for 1900 MHz. In EDGE mode, the device is in Class E2 for 850/1900 MHz. The testing was conducted in the GPRS mode. The GPRS mode has 1-slot, 2-slot, 3-slot and 4-slot configurations. The power measured is peak power. The average power in all GPRS Slots calculated and the 1-slot had the highest average power. Therefore, the testing was conducted in 1-Slot. The EDGE mode is >5 dB lower than its equivalent slot configuration for GPRS. Therefore, the device was only tested in the highest power configuration which was 1-slot GPRS.

The WCDMA testing was conducted using 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. The HSPA testing was conducted with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH



all enabled and a 12.2 kbps RMC. FRC was configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-Test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK.

The 1xRTT testing was conducted in RC3 with the device configured using TDSO/SO32 with FCH transmitting at full rate. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." 1xRTT did not require SAR testing due to the measured power being less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than Rev. 0.

The Rev. 0 testing was conducted with the Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps. The Forward Traffic Channel data rate is set to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Other rates were not tested due to the conducted power measured was less than 1/4 dB higher than 153.6 kbps.

The Rev. A Subtype 2 testing was conducted with the Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots. The Forward Traffic Channel data rate is set to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Rev. A did not require SAR testing due to the measured power being less than 1/4 dB higher than Rev. 0.



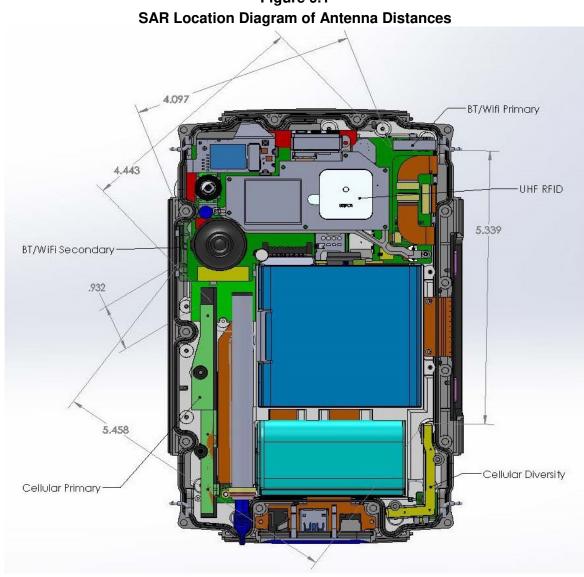


Figure 9.1

Antenna Distances

WWAN main to WLAN (Chain 1) (mm):	112.85 mm
WWAN main to WLAN (Chain 2) (mm):	23.67 mm



10. FCC 3G Measurement Procedures

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under average power.

10.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a screen room. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.

10.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000, 1xEV-DO

10.2.1 Output Power Verification 1xRTT

Use CDMA2000 Rev 6 protocol in the call box.

- 1) Test for RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH0 and demodulation of RC 3, 4 and 5.
 - a. Set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3, SO 32) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
 - b. As per C.S0011 or TIA/EIA-98-F Table 4.4.5.2-2, set the test parameters.
 - c. Send alternating '0' and '1' power control bit to the device
 - d. Determine the active channel configuration. If the desired channel configuration is not the active channel configuration, increase îor by 1 dB and repeat the verification. Repeat this step until the desired channel configuration becomes active.
 - e. Measure the output power at the device antenna connector.
 - f. Decrease lor by 0.5 dB.
 - g. Determine the active channel configuration. If the active channel configuration is the desired channel configuration, measure the output power at the device antenna connector.
 - h. Repeat step f and g until the output power no longer increases or the desired channel configuration is no longer active. Record the highest output power achieved with the desired channel configuration active.
 - i. Repeat step a through h ten times and average the result.

10.2.2 Output Power Verification 1xEvDo

- 1) Use 1xEV-DO Rel 0 protocol in the call box 8960.
 - a. FTAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to FTAP
 - Set FTAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
 - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
 - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
 - Send continuously '0' power control bits
 - Measure the power at device antenna connector
 - b. RTAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to RTAP
 - Set RTAP Rate to 9.6 kbps



- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- Send continuously '0' power control bits
- Measure the power at device antenna connector
- Repeat above steps for RTAP Rate = 19.2 kbps, 38.4 kbps, 76.8 kbps and
- 153.6 kbps respectively
- 2) Use 1xEV-DO Rev A protocol in the call box 8960
 - a. FETAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to FETAP
 - Set FETAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
 - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
 - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
 - Send continuously '0' power control bits
 - Measure the power at device antenna connector
 - b. RETAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to RETAP
 - F-Traffic Format -> 4 (1024, 2, 128) Canonical (307.2k, QPSK) Set R-Data Pkt Size to 128
 - Protocol Subtype Config -> Release A Physical Layer Subtype -> Subtype 2 ->PL Subtype 2 Access Channel MAC Subtype -> Default (Subtype 0)
 - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots ->ACK R-Data After -> Subpacket 0 (All ACK)
 - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
 - Send continuously '0' power control bits
 - Measure the power at device antenna connector
 - Repeat above steps for R-Data Pkt Size = 256, 512, 768, 1024, 1536, 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144, 8192, 12288 respectively.

		IS-2000	1Xev-Do Rev. 0	1Xev-Do Rev. A Subtype 0/1
	Channel	TDSO SO32 RC3	RTAP [dBm]	RTAP [dBm]
Celluler	1013	23.40	23.40	23.46
Cellular BC0	384	23.36	23.35	23.40
BCU	777	23.42	23.40	23.45
Cellular	450	23.45	23.41	23.42
BC10	584	23.39	23.39	23.45
BCTU	719	23.48	23.38	23.41
	25	18.50	18.70	18.38
PCS	600	18.49	18.70	18.44
	1175	18.50	18.71	18.43

CDMA Power Measurements Power Control was set in "All Bits Up" for all measurements.



10.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA

Configure the call box 8960 to support all WCDMA tests in respect to the 3GPP 34.121 (listed in Table below). Measure the power at Ch4132, 4182 and 4233 for US cell; Ch9262, 9400 and 9538 for US PCS band.

For Rel99													
		Set a Tes	st Mode 1	oop back v	with a 12.2	kbps Reference	e Measurem	ent					
		Channel (RM											
	•	Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the device											
	•	Measure the power at the device antenna connector using the power meter with average detector											
For HSDPA		with average detector.											
	•	• Establish a Test Mode 1 look back with both 1 12.2kbps RMC channel and a											
		H-Set1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC). With the 8960 this is accomplished by											
		setting the signal Channel Coding to "Fixed Reference Channel" and configuring for HSET-1 QKSP.											
	•			I HSDPA s	ettings for	HSDPA Subtes	st1 according	g to Table					
		below.				ana anda ta tha a	louioo						
			-			nmands to the c a connector us		r meter					
		with modulat					ing the perio						
	•	•	ne measure	ement for t	he HSDPA	Subtest2, 3 ar	nd 4 as giver	n in Table					
For HSUPA		below.											
	•	Use UL F	RMC 12.2k	bps and Fl	RC H-Set1	QPSK, Test M	ode 1 loop b	ack. With					
						signal Channel		E-DCH					
						nt category to C est1 according t)W.					
						ower than the N							
	•			•		_cmd = +1 com							
						decreased E-TI CI is reported.	-Ci within 50	Jums, then					
						ne device is eq	ual to the tar	get E-TFCI					
						the device is no							
						ne TPC_cmd = ed E-TFCI withi							
		power contro	l bits to giv	ve one TPC	C_cmd = -1	command to t	he UE. Then	confirm					
	1					al to the target							
						er with modulat Subtest2, 3, 4							
		Table below.						_					
	3GPP		Cellul	ar Band	[dBm]	Sub-Test							
	Release Version	Mode	4132	4183	4233	(See Table Below)	MPR						
	99	WCDMA	22.99	22.98	22.99	-	-						
	6		22.86	22.87	22.79	1	0						
	6	HSDPA	22.82	22.89	22.85	2	0						
	6	NOUFA	22.39	22.42	22.37	3	0.5						
	6		22.94	22.49	22.40	4	0.5						
	6		22.80	22.90	22.83	1	0						
	6 6	НСПРА	20.95	20.99	20.96	2	2						
		IISUFA					-						
	6		HSUPA 21.97 22.08 21.99 3 1 21.06 21.01 21.04 4 2										
	6 6	-	21.06	22.84	21.04	5	0						

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3GPP Release	Mode	AWS Band [dBm]			Sub-Test (See Table	MPR
Version		1312	1413	1513	`Below)	
99	WCDMA	18.88	18.90	18.95	-	-
6		18.79	18.82	18.76	1	0
6	HSDPA	18.81	18.75	18.79	2	0
6	HSDFA	18.36	18.34	18.36	3	0.5
6		18.41	18.31	18.39	4	0.5
6		18.84	18.82	18.75	1	0
6		16.97	17.01	16.89	2	2
6	HSUPA	17.94	18.05	17.94	3	1
6		16.99	16.95	17.03	4	2
6		17.82	18.80	18.71	5	0

3GPP Release	Mode	PCS	Band [d	Bm]	Sub-Test (See Table	MPR
Version		9262	9400	9538	Below)	
99	WCDMA	18.92	18.97	18.95	-	-
6		18.81	18.85	18.79	1	0
6	HSDPA	18.75	18.79	18.74	2	0
6	NSUFA	18.42	18.36	18.38	3	0.5
6		18.44	18.36	18.40	4	0.5
6		18.88	18.85	18.72	1	0
6		16.92	17.05	16.93	2	2
6	HSUPA	17.91	18.03	17.99	3	1
6		16.95	16.97	17.00	4	2
6		17.85	18.81	18.78	5	0

Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSDPA

Sub-Test	β _c	β _d	B _c / β _d	β_{hs}
1	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15
2	12/15	15/15	15/15	24/15
3	15/15	8/15	15/8	30/15
4	15/15	4/15	15/4	30/15
$\Delta_{ack}, \Delta_{nack}$ a	and $\Delta_{cqi} =$	8		

Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-Test	β _c	β _d	B _c / β _d	β_{hs}	B _{ec}	B_{ed}	MPR	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	15/9	30/15	30/15	47/15	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/15	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	15/15	30/15	24/15	134/15	0.0	21	81
$\Delta_{ack}, \Delta_{nack}$ and	Δ_{ack} , Δ_{nack} and $\Delta_{cqi} = 8$								



10.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for GSM

Configure the 8960 box to support GMSK and 8PSK call respectively, and set one timeslot and two timeslot transmission for GMSK GSM/GPRS and 8PSK EDGE. Measure and record power outputs for both modulations.

	GPRS-GM	ISK/1 slot		
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average	
Collular	128	32.50	23.47	
Cellular	190	32.45	23.42	
	251	32.44	23.41	
	512	27.45	18.42	
PCS	661	27.20	18.17	
	810	27.50	18.47	

	GPRS-GMSK/2 slot								
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average						
	128	29.87	23.85						
Cellular	190	29.87	23.85						
	251	29.85	23.83						
	512	24.96	18.94						
PCS	661	24.91	18.89						
	810	24.95	18.93						

	GPRS-GMSK/3 slot					GPRS-GMSK/4 slot			
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average		Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average	
	128	27.25	22.99		Cellular	128	26.87	23.86	
Cellular	190	27.16	22.90			190	26.76	23.75	
	251	27.23	22.97			251	26.70	23.69	
	512	22.35	18.09			512	21.03	18.02	
PCS	661	22.22	17.96		PCS	661	21.93	17.92	
	810	22.46	18.02			810	21.03	18.02	

	EDGE-8PSK/1 slot					EDGE-8PSK/2 slot				
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average	В	and	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average		
	128	26.59	17.56		Cellular	128	23.99	17.97		
Cellular	190	26.53	17.50	Cel		190	23.95	17.93		
	251	26.68	17.65			251	23.99	17.97		
	512	25.62	16.59			512	22.99	16.97		
PCS	661	25.46	16.43	PCS	661	22.89	16.87			
	810	25.55	16.52			810	23.06	17.04		

	EDGE-8P	SK/3 slot		EDGE-8PSK/4 slot				
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average	Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average	
	128	22.35	18.09	Cellular	128	21.18	18.17	
Cellular	190	22.29	18.03		190	21.16	18.15	
	251	22.45	18.19		251	21.21	18.20	
	512	21.38	17.12		512	20.22	17.21	
PCS	661	21.34	17.08	PCS	661	20.17	17.16	
	810	21.52	17.26		810	20.28	17.27	



Band	Mode	Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency	Data	Antenna	Power
Dallu	woue	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Antenna	(dBm)
			1	2412			17 91
			6	2437		Chain A	18.00
	802.11b	20	<u>11</u> 1	2462 2412	1 Mbps		<u>17.96</u> 17.95
			6	2437		Chain B	17.98
			11	2462			17.96
			1	2412			16.93
			6	2437		Chain A	16.98
	802.11g	20	11	2462	6 Mbps		16.96
	_		<u>1</u> 6	2412 2437	1	Chain B	<u>16.95</u> 16.99
			11	2457		chair b	16.92
2450 MHz			1	2412			15.90
			6	2437		Chain A	15.97
	802.11n	20	11	2462	HT4		15.89
			1	2412		Chain D	15.91
			6 11	2437 2462		Chain B	<u>15.92</u> 15.96
			3	2402			13.92
			6	2437		Chain A	13.95
	802.11n	40	9	2452	HT4		13.98
	802.1111	40	3	2422	T14		13.91
			6	2437		Chain B	13.96
			9	2452			13.97
			36 40	5180 5200			<u>15.92</u> 15.97
			40	5220		Chain A	16.00
	002 11-	20	48	5240	C N I		15.96
	802.11a	20	36	5180	6 Mbps	Chain B	15.96
			40	5200	-		15.92
			44	5220			16.00
			48	5240 5180		++	15.99
			36 40	5200		Chain A HT4 Chain B	<u>13.89</u> 13.93
5.15-5.25 GHz			40	5220			13.96
	802.11n	20	48	5240			13.92
	802.1111	20	36	5180	T14		13.88
			40	5200			13.85
			44	5220			13.93
			48 38	5240 5190			13.90 13.86
			46	5230	HT4	Chain A	13.89
	802.11n	40	38	5190	1174	Chain D	13.85
			46	5230	HT4	Chain B	13.88
			52	5260			15.98
			56	5280		Chain A	15.96
			60	5300			16.00
	802.11a	20	64 52	5320 5260	6 Mbps		<u>15.86</u> 15.94
			56	5280		ol	15.95
			60	5300		Chain B	16.00
			64	5320			15.92
			52	5260	HT4		13.91
5.25-5.35 GHz			56	5280		Chain A	13.87
			60 64	5300 5320			<u>13.89</u> 13.83
	802.11n	20	52	5260			13.83
			56	5280			13.88
			60	5300		Chain B	13.96
			64	5320			13.90
			54	5270	HT4	Chain A	13.92
	802.11n	40	62	5310		0.00077	13.89
			54	5270	HT4	Chain B	13.85
			62	5310			13.87

Conducted Average Power Measurements



Band	Mode	Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency	Data	Antenna	Power
		(MHz)		(MHz)	Rate		(dBm)
			100	5500			15.96
			104	5520			15.89
			108	5540			15.92
			112	5560			15.91
			116 120	5580 5600		Chain A	<u>16.00</u> 15.94
			120	5620		Chain A	16.00
			124	5640			15.92
			132	5660			16.00
			136	5680			15.93
			140	5700			15.90
	802.11a	20	100	5500	6 Mbps		15.94
			104	5520			15.92
			108	5540			15.90
			112	5560			15.95
			116	5580			16.00
			120	5600		Chain B	15.89
			124	5620			16.00
			128	5640			15.92
			132	5660			16.00
			136	5680			15.91
			140	5700			15.94
			100	5500			13.95
			104	5520			13.90
			108	5540			13.89
			112	5560			13.87
5600 MHz			116	5580		Chain A	13.88
			120 124	5600 5620		Chain A	<u>13.90</u> 13.94
			124	5640			13.85
			132	5660			13.82
			132	5680			13.87
			140	5700			13.83
	802.11n	20	100	5500	HT4		13.84
			104	5520			13.96
			108	5540			13.92
			112	5560			13.90
			116	5580			13.93
			120	5600		Chain B	13.97
			124	5620			13.89
			128	5640			13.87
			132	5660			13.94
			136	5680			13.82
			140	5700			13.91
			102	5510			13.92
			110	5550			13.91
			118	5580		Chain A	13.87
			126	5610			13.89
	802.11n	40	134	5670	HT4		13.90
			102	5510			13.91
			110	5550		Chain D	13.90
			118		5580	Chain B	13.84
			126 134	5610 5670			<u>13.81</u> 13.89
		anduated A				1	13.03

Conducted Average Power Measurements



Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Antenna	Power (dBm)
			149	5745			15.92
			153	5765			15.98
			157	5785		Chain A	16.00
			161	5805			15.94
	802.11a	20	165	5825	6 Mbps		16.00
	002.110	20	149	5745	010000		15.96
			153	5765		Chain B	15.91
			157	5785			16.00
			161	5805			15.95
			165	5825			16.00
			149	5745		Chain A	13.91
5800 MHz			153	5765			13.90
3800 WIT12			157	5785			13.89
			161	5805			13.93
	802.11n	20	165	5825	HT8		13.88
	002.1111	20	149	5745	1110		13.96
			153	5765			13.91
			157	5785		Chain B	13.90
			161	5805			13.93
			165	5825			13.97
			151	5755		Chain A	13.89
	802.11n	40	159	5795	НТ8	Chain A	13.85
	002.1111	40	151	5755	1110	Chain B	13.84
			159	5795			13.87

Conducted Average Power Measurements



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11b	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
002.110		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left Side	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	aining Sides	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
000 11 ~	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
ľ		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left Side	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Rema	aining Sides	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
000 11m	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left Side	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Rema	aining Sides	Reduced ³

Figure 10.1 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 2.4 GHz Main

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 2) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 63.1 mW Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(v2.462)]*50 mm}]+[{90-50 mm}*10]=495 mW which is greater than 63.1 mW



Figure 10.2 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 2.4 GHz Aux

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
802.11b	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
		6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right Side	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
		6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ³
	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right Side	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ³
	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n	Right Side	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 2) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 63.1 mW Closest Distance to Left: 128.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 126.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 55 mm

The closest distance is from the top side. Therefore, if the top side is excluded the bottom and left sides would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(\doldsymbol{2.462})]*50 mm}]+[{55-50 mm}*10]=145 mW which is greater than 63.1 mW



Figure 10.3 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.1 GHz Main

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
802.11a 5150 MHz	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 10112		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ²
	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 10112		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

 $[[((3.0)/(\sqrt{5.24})]*50 \text{ mm}]+[(90-50 \text{ mm})*10]=465 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.4 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.1 GHz Aux

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
000.11-	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a 5150 MHz	Right	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 10112		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ²
802.11n 5150 MHz	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Left: 128.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 126.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 55 mm

The closest distance is from the top side. Therefore, if the top side is excluded the bottom and left sides would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.24})]*50 mm}]+[{55-50 mm}*10]=115 mW which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.5 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.2 GHz Main

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
	DdCk	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Tested
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a	Top	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz	Тор	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
5250 WII 12		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
		60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Tested
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ²
	Back	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n	Тор	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz	TOP	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 WII 12		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
	Leit	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW

Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm

Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.32)]*50 mm}]+[{90-50 mm}*10]=465 mW which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.6 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.2 GHz Aux

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	DACK	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
000 110		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a 5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 IVIT IZ	Diaht	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right 60 - 5300 MHz 64 - 5320 MHz	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		Reduced ¹	
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dauk	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MITZ	Right	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	nigrit	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Left: 128.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 126.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 55 mm

The closest distance is from the top side. Therefore, if the top side is excluded the bottom and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.24})\}^*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{55-50 \text{ mm}\}^*10]=115 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
	Тор	104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
802.11a		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
5600 MHz		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Left	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
	Rema	aining Sides	Reduced ²

Figure 10.7 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.6 GHz Main

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{90-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=462 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
5600 MHz		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Figure 10.8 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.6 GHz Main

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{90-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=462 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Mode	Side	Required	Tested/Reduced
Mode	Side	Channel	Testeu/neuuceu
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
000 11-		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a	-	100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
	riigin	124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
000 11 m		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n 5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹

Figure 10.9 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.6 GHz Aux

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Left: 128.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 126.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 55 mm

The closest distance is from the top side. Therefore, if the top side is excluded the bottom and left sides would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.70)]*50 mm}]+[{55-50 mm}*10]=112 mW which is greater than 39.8 mW



	lest neuu		
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ^₄
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11a	Тор	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
5800 MHz		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ^₄
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ^₄
802.11n	Тор	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ^₄
5800 MHz		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ^₄
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ³
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dama	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Figure 10.10 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.8 GHz Main

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, ŠAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

 $[[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.825})]*50 \text{ mm}]+[\{90-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=462 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
000 110		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a 5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
	-	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Figure 10.11 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.8 GHz Aux

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Left: 128.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 126.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 55 mm

The closest distance is from the top side. Therefore, if the top side is excluded the bottom and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[[((3.0)/(\sqrt{5.825})]*50 \text{ mm}]+[(55-50 \text{ mm})*10]=112 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.12 Test Reduction Table – 3G 850 MHz

	icuaction			114
Band/ Frequency (MHz)	Technology	Side	Required Channel	Tested/ Reduced
			450	Tested
		Back	267	Tested
			777	Tested
	CDMA		450	Reduced ¹
		Right	267	Tested
			777	Reduced ¹
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		Back	128	Tested
			190	Tested
Band 5			251	Tested
824-849 MHz	GSM	Right	128	Reduced ¹
024-043 10112			190	Tested
			251	Reduced ¹
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
			4132	Tested
		Back	4183	Tested
			4233	Tested
	WCDMA		4132	Reduced ¹
		Right	4183	Tested
			4233	Reduced ¹
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the artenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 251.19 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(v0.849)]*50 mm}]+[{67-50 mm}*10]=332 mW which is greater than 251.19 mW



Figure 10.13 Test Reduction Table – 3G 1750 MHz

Band/	Technology	Side	Required	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)			Channel	Reduced
			1312	Tested
	WCDMA	Back	1413	Tested
Band 4 1710-1755 MHz			1513	Tested
			1312	Tested
		Right	1413	Tested
			1513	Tested
		Rema	inina Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 79.43 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{1.755})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{67-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=283 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 79.43 mW



Figure 10.14 Test Reduction Table – 3G 1900 MHz

	leauction			
Band/	Technology	Side	Required	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)			Channel	Reduced
			25	Tested
		Back	600	Tested
			1175	Tested
	CDMA		25	Tested
		Right	600	Tested
			1175	Tested
		Remai	ning Sides	Reduced ²
	GSM	Back	512	Tested
			661	Tested
Band 2			810	Tested
1850-1910 MHz		Right	512	Reduced ¹
1000 1010 1012			661	Tested
			810	Reduced ¹
		Remai	ning Sides	Reduced ²
			9262	Tested
		Back	9400	Tested
			9538	Tested
	WCDMA		9262	Tested
		Right	9400	Tested
			9538	Tested
		Remai	ning Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 79.43 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{1.91})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{67-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=278 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 79.43 mW



Figure 10.15 Test Reduction Table –900 MHz RFID

"					
_	Band/ Frequency (MHz)	Technology	Side	Required Frequency	Tested/ Reduced
			Back	922.4	Tested
			Left	922.4	Tested
	917.4-927.2 MHz	FHSS	Right	922.4	Tested
			Тор	922.4	Tested
			Bottom	922.4	Reduced ¹

Reduced¹ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 100 mW Closest Distance to Bottom: 160.8 mm

[{[(3.0)/(√0.928)]*50 mm}]+[{160.8-50 mm}*10]=1263 mW which is greater than 100 mW



10.5 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE Bands

10.5.1 LTE Functionality

The follow table identifies all the channel bandwidths in each frequency band supported by this device.

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
2	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1910 MHz
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755 MHz
5	5, 10	824-849 MHz
13	5, 10	777-787 MHz
17	5, 10	704-716 MHz

10.5.2 Test Conditions

All SAR measurements for LTE were performed using the Anritsu MT8820C. A closed loop power control setting allowed the UE to transmit at the maximum output power during the SAR measurements. The Figure 11.1 table indicates all the test reduction utilized for this report.

MPR was enabled for this device. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR test measurements.



Table 10.5.1 LTE Power Measurements									
Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power		
			6	0	18607	1850.7	17.95		
					18900	1880	18.20		
					19193	1909.3	17.19		
					18607	1850.7	19.00		
			3	1	18900	1880	19.00		
		1.4 MHz			19193	1909.3	18.70		
		1.4 101112			18607	1850.7	19.00		
			1	0	18900	1880	18.61		
					19193	1909.3	18.85		
					18607	1850.7	18.99		
			1	5	18900	1880	19.00		
					19193	1909.3	18.99		
					18615	1851.5	18.01		
		3 MHz	15	0	18900	1880	18.11		
					19185	1908.5	17.91		
					18615	1851.5	17.95		
			8	3	18900	1880	18.05		
2	QPSK		1		19185	1908.5	17.81		
-	Qrok			-		18615	1851.5	19.00	
				0	18900	1880	18.74		
					19185	1908.5	18.99		
					18615	1851.5	18.99		
			1	14	18900	1880	18.73		
					19185	1908.5	19.00		
					18625	1852.5	17.93		
			25	0	18900	1880	17.98		
					19175	1907.5	17.92		
					18625	1852.5	17.83		
			12	6	18900	1880	18.13		
		5 MHz			19175	1907.5	17.88		
		5 141112			18625	1852.5	18.95		
			1	0	18900	1880	18.56		
					19175	1907.5	18.32		
					18625	1852.5	18.45		
			1	24	18900	1880	18.36		
					19175	1907.5	18.98		

Table 10.5.1 LTE Power Measurements



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
	·			·	•	·	
					18650	1855	17.52
			50	0	18900	1880	17.55
					19150	1905	17.57
					18650	1855	17.30
			25	12	18900	1880	17.95
					19150	1905	17.42
		10 MHz			18650	1855	18.95
			1	0	18900	1880	18.30
					19150	1905	18.23
					18650	1855	18.46
			1	24	18900	1880	19.00
					19150	1905	18.35
					18675	1857.5	17.38
			75	0	18900	1880	17.51
		15 MHz			19125	1902.5	17.46
					18675	1857.5	17.16
			36	19	18900	1880	17.86
2	QPSK				19125	1902.5	17.31
2	QFSK		1			18675	1857.5
				0	18900	1880	18.38
					19125	1902.5	18.42
					18675	1857.5	18.48
			1	74	18900	1880	18.31
					19125	1902.5	19.00
					18625	1852.5	17.50
			100	0	18900	1880	17.52
					19175	1907.5	17.40
					18700	1860	17.89
			50	25	18900	1880	17.91
		20 MHz			19100	1900	17.92
		20			18700	1860	18.98
			1	0	18900	1880	18.97
					19100	1900	18.94
					18700	1860	18.33
			1	99	18900	1880	18.35
					19100	1900	18.43



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
	•	·	•	•	•	•	
					18607	1850.7	16.96
			6	0	18900	1880	17.11
					19193	1909.3	16.92
					18607	1850.7	16.95
			3	1	18900	1880	17.14
					19193	1909.3	16.88
		1.4 MHz			18607	1850.7	16.94
			1	0	18900	1880	17.12
					19193	1909.3	16.91
					18607	1850.7	16.91
			1	5	18900	1880	17.10
					19193	1909.3	16.93
					18615	1851.5	16.98
			15	0	18900	1880	17.14
					19185	1908.5	16.92
					18615	1851.5	16.76
			8	3	18900	1880	17.10
2	16QAM	3 MHz			19185	1908.5	16.82
2	IOQAIVI		1		18615	1851.5	17.92
				0	18900	1880	17.63
					19185	1908.5	17.75
					18615	1851.5	17.69
			1	14	18900	1880	17.39
					19185	1908.5	17.74
					18625	1852.5	17.01
			25	0	18900	1880	16.96
					19175	1907.5	17.01
					18625	1852.5	16.84
			12	6	18900	1880	17.21
		5 MHz			19175	1907.5	16.88
					18625	1852.5	17.79
			1	0	18900	1880	17.44
					19175	1907.5	17.37
					18625	1852.5	17.21
			1	24	18900	1880	17.07
					19175	1907.5	17.75



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power	
	·			·	•	·		
					18650	1855	16.30	
			50	0	18900	1880	16.62	
					19150	1905	16.53	
					18650	1855	16.17	
			25	12	18900	1880	16.81	
					19150	1905	16.42	
		10 MHz			18650	1855	17.77	
			1	0	18900	1880	17.19	
					19150	1905	17.07	
					18650	1855	17.24	
			1	24	18900	1880	17.96	
					19150	1905	17.25	
					18675	1857.5	16.35	
			75	0	18900	1880	16.25	
					19125	1902.5	16.46	
					18675	1857.5	16.17	
			36	19	18900	1880	16.64	
2	16QAM	15 MHz			19125	1902.5	16.23	
2	IOQAIVI		1			18675	1857.5	17.79
				0	18900	1880	17.07	
					19125	1902.5	17.21	
					18675	1857.5	17.13	
			1	74	18900	1880	16.96	
					19125	1902.5	17.76	
					18625	1852.5	16.54	
			100	0	18900	1880	16.50	
					19175	1907.5	16.32	
					18700	1860	16.39	
			50	25	18900	1880	16.54	
		20 MHz			19100	1900	16.16	
		20 101112			18700	1860	17.68	
			1	0	18900	1880	17.38	
					19100	1900	16.74	
					18700	1860	17.01	
			1	99	18900	1880	16.71	
					19100	1900	17.68	



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					19957	1710.7	18.67
			6	0	20175	1732.5	18.06
					20393	1754.3	18.61
					19957	1710.7	18.99
			3	1	20175	1732.5	19.00
					20393	1754.3	18.99
		1.4 MHz			19957	1710.7	18.98
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.58
					20393	1754.3	18.99
					19957	1710.7	18.98
			1	5	20175	1732.5	18.93
					20393	1754.3	19.00
					19965	1711.5	18.11
		QPSK 3 MHz	15	0	20175	1732.5	18.09
					20385	1753.5	18.15
					19965	1711.5	18.02
			8	3	20175	1732.5	17.93
4	ODSK				20385	1753.5	18.07
4	QFSK		1			19965	1711.5
				0	20175	1732.5	18.40
					20385	1753.5	18.53
					19965	1711.5	18.34
			1	14	20175	1732.5	18.99
					20385	1753.5	18.94
					19975	1712.5	17.49
			25	0	20175	1732.5	18.19
					20375	1752.5	17.87
					19975	1712.5	17.44
			12	6	20175	1732.5	18.13
		5 MHz			20375	1752.5	17.64
					19975	1712.5	18.99
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.31
					20375	1752.5	18.67
					19975	1712.5	18.19
			1	24	20175	1732.5	19.00
					20375	1752.5	18.99



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20000	1715	17.36
			50	0	20175	1732.5	17.99
					20350	1750	17.80
					20000	1715	16.92
			25	12	20175	1732.5	18.04
		10 141-			20350	1750	17.57
		10 MHz			20000	1715	19.00
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.31
					20350	1750	18.60
					20000	1715	18.14
			1	24	20175	1732.5	18.92
					20350	1750	18.67
		15 MHz			20025	1717.5	17.29
			75	0	20175	1732.5	17.67
			_		20325	1747.5	17.62
			36	19	20025	1717.5	17.01
					20175	1732.5	18.17
4	ODCK				20325	1747.5	17.64
4	QPSK		1		20025	1717.5	18.99
				0	20175	1732.5	18.13
					20325	1747.5	18.38
					20025	1717.5	18.18
			1	74	20175	1732.5	18.45
					20325	1747.5	18.60
					20050	1720	17.23
			100	0	20175	1732.5	17.68
					20300	1745	17.52
					20050	1720	17.81
			50	25	20175	1732.5	18.00
		20 1411-			20300	1745	17.91
		20 MHz			20050	1720	19.00
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.90
					20300	1745	18.98
					20050	1720	18.28
			1	99	20175	1732.5	18.56
					20300	1745	19.00



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power	
					19957	1710.7	17.51	
			6	0	20175	1732.5	17.02	
					20393	1754.3	17.52	
					19957	1710.7	18.44	
			3	1	20175	1732.5	17.90	
					20393	1754.3	18.25	
		1.4 MHz			19957	1710.7	18.39	
			1	0	20175	1732.5	17.52	
					20393	1754.3	18.25	
					19957	1710.7	18.09	
			1	5	20175	1732.5	18.05	
					20393	1754.3	18.21	
					19965	1711.5	17.12	
		3 MHz	15	0	20175	1732.5	17.19	
					20385	1753.5	17.22	
				3	19965	1711.5	17.02	
			8		20175	1732.5	17.05	
4	16QAM				20385	1753.5	17.27	
4	IUQAW		1			19965	1711.5	18.20
				0	20175	1732.5	17.22	
					20385	1753.5	17.51	
					19965	1711.5	17.18	
			1	14	20175	1732.5	18.32	
					20385	1753.5	18.50	
					19975	1712.5	16.53	
			25	0	20175	1732.5	17.19	
					20375	1752.5	16.94	
					19975	1712.5	16.51	
			12	6	20175	1732.5	17.00	
		5 MHz			20375	1752.5	16.59	
		5 141112			19975	1712.5	18.40	
			1	0	20175	1732.5	17.03	
					20375	1752.5	17.33	
					19975	1712.5	16.62	
			1	24	20175	1732.5	18.26	
					20375	1752.5	18.33	



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20000	1715	16.37
			50	0	20175	1732.5	17.06
					20350	1750	16.69
					20000	1715	16.11
			25	12	20175	1732.5	16.96
		10 141-			20350	1750	16.44
		10 MHz			20000	1715	18.35
			1	0	20175	1732.5	16.91
					20350	1750	17.26
					20000	1715	17.00
			1	24	20175	1732.5	17.83
					20350	1750	17.33
					20025	1717.5	16.23
		15 MHz	75	0	20175	1732.5	16.58
					20325	1747.5	16.61
			36	19	20025	1717.5	16.13
					20175	1732.5	17.17
	100414				20325	1747.5	16.55
4	16QAM		1	1 0	20025	1717.5	18.38
					20175	1732.5	16.79
					20325	1747.5	17.15
					20025	1717.5	16.96
			1	74	20175	1732.5	17.32
					20325	1747.5	18.19
					20050	1720	16.30
			100	0	20175	1732.5	16.65
					20300	1745	16.57
					20050	1720	16.21
			50	25	20175	1732.5	17.12
		20 1411-			20300	1745	16.58
		20 MHz			20050	1720	18.20
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.13
					20300	1745	17.75
					20050	1720	16.94
			1	99	20175	1732.5	17.35
					20300	1745	18.24



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20425	826.5	22.01
			25	0	20525	836.5	22.06
					20625	846.5	22.18
					20425	826.5	22.76
			12	6	20525	836.5	22.85
		5 MHz			20625	846.5	22.97
				20425	826.5	22.91	
		1	0	20525	836.5	22.97	
				20625	846.5	23.00	
			1	24	20425	826.5	22.89
					20525	836.5	23.00
5	QPSK				20625	846.5	23.00
J	QFSK		50		20450	829.0	22.01
				0	20525	836.5	22.05
					20600	844.0	22.11
					20450	829.0	22.87
			25	12	20525	836.5	22.91
		10 MHz			20600	844.0	22.93
		10 10112			20450	829.0	22.96
			1	0	20525	836.5	22.97
					20600	844.0	23.00
					20450	829.0	22.89
			1	24	20525	836.5	22.94
					20600	844.0	23.00



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20425	826.5	20.12
			25	0	20525	836.5	20.08
					20625	846.5	20.16
					20425	826.5	21.89
			12	6	20525	836.5	21.92
		5 MHz			20625	846.5	21.99
				20425	826.5	21.96	
		1	0	20525	836.5	21.98	
				20625	846.5	22.13	
			1	24	20425	826.5	21.92
					20525	836.5	22.16
5	16QAM				20625	846.5	22.33
J	IUQAW		50		20450	829.0	20.08
				0	20525	836.5	20.10
					20600	844.0	20.16
					20450	829.0	21.92
			25	12	20525	836.5	21.97
		10 MHz			20600	844.0	21.96
		10 101112			20450	829.0	21.98
			1	0	20525	836.5	21.99
					20600	844.0	22.11
					20450	829.0	21.93
			1	24	20525	836.5	21.97
					20600	844.0	22.15

RF Exposure Lab

Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power				
			25	0	23230	782.0	22.23				
		5 MHz	12	6	23230	782.0	22.24				
			1	0	23230	782.0	23.00				
	QPSK		1	24	23230	782.0	23.00				
	QF3K		50	0	23230	782.0	22.19				
		10 MHz	25	12	23230	782.0	23.00				
			1	0	23230	782.0	23.00				
13			1	24	23230	782.0	23.00				
15			25	0	23230	782.0	20.32				
		5 MHz	12	6	23230	782.0	22.11				
			1	0	23230	782.0	22.26				
	16QAM		1	24	23230	782.0	22.22				
	TOUAIVI		50	0	23230	782.0	20.29				
		10 MHz	25	12	23230	782.0	22.10				
			1	0	23230	782.0	22.20				
			1	24	23230	782.0	22.29				



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					23755	706.5	22.19
			25	0	23790	710.0	22.20
					23825	713.5	22.15
					23755	706.5	23.00
			12	6	23790	710.0	23.00
		5 MHz			23825	713.5	23.00
				23755	706.5	23.00	
		1	0	23790	710.0	23.00	
				23825	713.5	23.00	
			1	24	23755	706.5	23.00
					23790	710.0	23.00
17	QPSK				23825	713.5	23.00
17	QF3K		50		23780	709.0	22.08
				0	23790	710.0	22.15
					23800	711.0	22.21
					23780	709.0	23.00
			25	12	23790	710.0	23.00
		10 MHz			23800	711.0	23.00
					23780	709.0	23.00
			1	0	23790	710.0	23.00
					23800	711.0	23.00
					23780	709.0	23.00
			1	24	23790	710.0	23.00
					23800	711.0	23.00



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					23755	706.5	20.29
			25	0	23790	710.0	20.23
					23775	713.5	20.19
					23755	706.5	22.10
			12	6	23790	710.0	22.08
		5 MHz			23775	713.5	22.13
					23755	706.5	22.18
			1	0	23790	710.0	22.24
					23775	713.5	22.26
			1		23755	706.5	22.29
				24	23790	710.0	22.18
17	16QAM				23775	713.5	22.27
17	IOQAW		50	0	23780	709.0	20.14
					23790	710.0	20.26
					23800	711.0	20.30
					23780	709.0	22.05
			25	12	23790	710.0	22.08
		10 MHz			23800	711.0	22.14
					23780	709.0	22.07
			1	0	23790	710.0	22.18
					23800	711.0	22.15
					23780	709.0	22.22
			1	24	23790	710.0	22.27
					23800	711.0	22.20



Band/	Side	Required	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Danuwiutii	wouldtion	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		18700					Tested
		18900			50	0	Tested
		19100					Tested
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		QPSK			Reduced ¹
		18700		Gron			Tested
		18900				0	Tested
		19100			1		Tested
		18700					Reduced ²
		18900				99	Reduced ²
		19100	20 MHz				Reduced ²
	Back	18700	202				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		18700				-	Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100	-		1		Reduced ⁴
		18700	-				Reduced ⁴
		18900	-			99	Reduced ⁴
Band 2		19100					Reduced ⁴
			wer bandwidths (15	, 3 IVINZ, 1.4 IVINZ)		Reduced ⁵	
1850-1910 MHz	-	18700			50	05	Tested
		18900			50	25	Tested
		<u>19100</u> 18700				0	Tested Reduced ¹
			-				
		18900 19100	-		100	0	Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹
		18700	-	QPSK			
			-			0	Tested
		18900 19100	-			0	Tested Tested
		18700	-		1		Reduced ²
		18900	-			99	Reduced ²
		19100	-			99	Reduced ²
	Right	18700	20 MHz				Reduced ³
	night	18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100			50	20	Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100			100	0	Reduced ¹
		18700	4	16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		18900	4			0	Reduced ⁴
		19100	4			U	Reduced ⁴
		18700	-		1		Reduced ⁴
			4			00	Reduced ⁴
		18900 19100	4			99	Reduced ⁴
			wor bandwidths (15	MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz		Reduced ⁵	
		All IO		Reduced ⁶			
		50% RB testing is less t		ining sides			

Table 10.5.2 Test Reduction Table – LTE

Reduced¹ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4. Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4. Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4. Reduced⁴ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4. Reduced⁴ - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5. Reduced⁵ - If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 79.43 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{1.91})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{67-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=278 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 79.43 mW



Band/	0:10	Required	Developmentall	Manhalation	RB	RB	Tested/		
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced		
		18700					Tested		
		18900			50	25	Tested		
		19100					Tested		
		18700					Reduced ¹		
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹		
		19100		QPSK			Reduced ¹		
		18700		GION			Tested		
		18900				0	Tested		
		19100			1		Tested		
		18700				00	Reduced ²		
		18900				99	Reduced ²		
		19100	20 MHz				Reduced ²		
	Back	18700			50	05	Reduced ³		
		18900 19100			50	25	Reduced ³ Reduced ³		
		18700					Reduced ¹		
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹		
		19100			100	0	Reduced ¹		
		18700		16QAM			Reduced ⁴		
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴		
		19100				0	Reduced ⁴		
		18700			1		Reduced ⁴		
		18900				99	Reduced ⁴		
		19100					Reduced ⁴		
			wer bandwidths (15	MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz	, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)		Reduced ⁵		
Band 4		18700	, ,		· · · · · ·		Tested		
1710-1755 MHz	_	18900			50	25	Tested		
		19100				0	Tested		
		18700					Reduced ¹		
		18900			100		Reduced ¹		
		19100		QPSK			Reduced ¹		
		18700		GION			Tested		
		18900				0	Tested		
		19100			1		Tested		
		18700					Reduced ²		
		18900				99	Reduced ²		
	D . 1.	19100	20 MHz				Reduced ²		
	Right	18700			50	05	Reduced ³		
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³		
		19100 18700					Reduced ³ Reduced ¹		
		18700			100	0	Reduced ¹		
		19100			100	0	Reduced ¹		
		18700		16QAM			Reduced ⁴		
		18900	1			0	Reduced ⁴		
		19100	1			0	Reduced ⁴		
		18700	1		1		Reduced ⁴		
		18900	1			99	Reduced ⁴		
		19100	1			99	Reduced ⁴		
		All lower bandwidths (15 MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)							
	All remaining sides								

Reduced¹ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4. Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4. Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4. Reduced⁴ - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4. Reduced⁴ - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5. Reduced⁵ - If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 79.43 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√1.755)]*50 mm}]+[{67-50 mm}*10]=283 mW which is greater than 79.43 mW



Band/	Side	Required	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	RB	Tested/
requency (MHz)	olue	Test Channel	Danawiath	modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		20450					Tested
		20525			25	12	Tested
		20600					Tested
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600					Reduced ¹
		20450		QPSK			Tested
		20525				0	Tested
		20600				-	Tested
		20450			1		Reduced ²
		20525				24	Reduced ²
		20600					Reduced ²
	Back	20450	10 MHz				Reduced ³
	Dack	20525			25	12	Reduced ³
		20600			25	12	Reduced ³
		20800					Reduced ¹
		20430			50	0	Reduced ¹
					50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600 20450		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
						0	
		20525				0	Reduced ⁴
		20600			1		Reduced ⁴
		20450					Reduced ⁴
		20525				24	Reduced ⁴
		20600					Reduced ⁴
Band 5			All lowe	er bandwidths (5 MHz)			Reduced ⁵
		20450					Reduced ⁶
	-	20525			25	12	Tested
		20600					Reduced ⁶
		20450		QPSK -	50	0	Reduced ¹
		20525					Reduced ¹
		20600					Reduced ¹
		20450		GIOR			Reduced ⁶
		20525					Tested
		20600			1		Reduced ⁶
		20450			I		Reduced ²
		20525				24	Reduced ²
		20600	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	Right	20450					Reduced ³
	-	20525			25	12	Reduced ³
		20600					Reduced ³
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525	1		50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600	1	400.00	-	-	Reduced ¹
		20450	1	16QAM			Reduced ⁴
	1	20525	1			0	Reduced ⁴
		20600	1			5	Reduced ⁴
		20450	1		1		Reduced ⁴
		20525	1			24	Reduced ⁴
		20600				_ 7	Reduced ⁴
		20000		er bandwidths (5 MHz)			Reduced ⁵
				ining sides			Reduced ² Reduced ⁷
Deduced If the OAD	الديمانية من العام	50% RB testing is less t			duesd per KDD0 4400		
Reduced ² - If the SAR Reduced ³ - If the SAR	value in the value in the	1 RB testing is less than 50% RB testing is less than I RB testing is less than	1.45 W/kg, the remain an 1.45 W/kg, the re	aining channels are re emaining channels are	duced per KDB9412 e reduced per KDB94	25 D05 3) B) I) p 1225 D05 4) A)	age 4. I) page 4.

page 5.

Reduced⁶- If the SAR value measured on the middle channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 page 4 footnote 2.

Reduced⁷ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 199.53 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√0.849)]*50 mm}]+[{67-50 mm}*10]=332 mW which is greater than 199.53 mW



Band/ Frequency (MHz)	Side	Required Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Allocation	RB Offset	Tested/ Reduced
		23095			25	12	Tested
		23095		QPSK	50	0	Reduced ¹
		23095		QPSK	1	0	Tested
		23095	10 MHz		I	24	Reduced ²
	Back	23095			25	12	Reduced ³
		23095		100414	50	0	Reduced ¹
		23095		16QAM	1	0	Reduced ⁴
		23095			I	24	Reduced ⁴
David 10			All lower	bandwidths (5 MH	z)		Reduced ⁵
Band 13 777-787 MHz		23095			25	12	Tested
///-/0/ WIHZ		23095			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23095		QPSK	1	0	Tested
		23095	10 MHz		I	24	Reduced ²
	Right	23095			25	12	Reduced ³
	•	23095		1604M	50	0	Reduced ¹
		23095		16QAM	1	0	Reduced ⁴
		23095	1		I	24	Reduced ⁴
			•	Reduced ⁵			
		•		Reduced ⁷			

Reduced¹ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁶- If the SAR value measured on the middle channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 page 4 footnote 2.

Reduced⁷ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 199.53 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√0.787)]*50 mm}]+[{67-50 mm}*10]=339 mW which is greater than 199.53 mW



Report Number: SAR.20151211

Band/	Side	Required	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	RB	Tested/
equency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Banuwiuth	wouldtion	Allocation	Offset	Reduce
		23780					Tested
		23790			25	12	Tested
		23800					Tested
		23780					Reduced ¹
		23790			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23800		QPSK			Reduced ¹
		23780		di ort			Tested
		23790				0	Tested
		23800			1		Tested
		23780					Reduced ²
		23790				24	Reduced ²
		23800	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	Back	23780	-		05	10	Reduced ³
		23790			25	12	Reduced ³
		23800					Reduced ³
		23780 23790			50	0	Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹
		23790			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23800		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		23790				0	Reduced ⁴
		23800				0	Reduced ⁴
		23780			1		Reduced ⁴
		23790				24	Reduced ⁴
		23800					Reduced ⁴
Band 17 704-716 MHz		20000	All lowe	er bandwidths (5 MHz))		Reduced ⁵
		23780					Reduced ⁶
	-	23790			25	12	Tested
		23800			-		Reduced ⁶
		23780				0	Reduced ¹
		23790			50		Reduced ¹
		23800					Reduced ¹
		23780		QPSK			Reduced ⁶
		23790				0	Tested
		23800			1		Reduced ⁶
		23780			I		Reduced ²
		23790				24	Reduced ²
		23800	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	Right	23780	10 10112				Reduced ³
		23790			25	12	Reduced ³
		23800					Reduced ³
		23780					Reduced ¹
		23790			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23800		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		23780	{			6	Reduced ⁴
		23790	-			0	Reduced ⁴
		23800	{		1		Reduced ⁴
		23780	4			04	Reduced ⁴
		23790	{			24	Reduced ⁴
		23800	A II 1	r bondwidthe (F MU-)			Reduced ⁴
				er bandwidths (5 MHz) ining sides)		Reduced ⁵ Reduced ⁷
ſ			Au rema				neuuced'

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5. Reduced⁶- If the SAR value measured on the middle channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, the remaining channels

are reduced per KDB941225 D05 page 4 footnote 2.

Reduced⁷ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 199.53 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{0.716})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{67\text{-}50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=347 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 199.53 mW



SAR Data Summary – 750 MHz Body – LTE Band 17

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR Target	End Power	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
			MHz	Ch.	modulation		0.1001	luigot	(dBm)	o, (,	0/ (11/1.g/
	1	Back	710.0	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	23.00	0.392	0.39
0		Васк	710.0	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.00	0.218	0.22
mm		Right	710.0	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	23.00	0.147	0.15
		night	710.0	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	0	1	23.00	0.120	0.12

- 1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration Left Head SAR Configuration Head
- Eli4 Body

Right Head

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip \mathbb{N}/A

- 2. Test Signal Call Mode
- Test Code 3. Test Configuration With Belt Clip
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 750 MHz Body – LTE Band 13

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency MHz Ch.		BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR Target	End Power	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
			MHz	Ch.				5	(dBm)	(3/	
	2	Back	782.0	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	23.00	0.721	0.72
0		Васк	782.0	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.00	0.577	0.58
mm		Right	782.0	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	23.00	0.572	0.57
		night	782.0	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	0	1	23.00	0.458	0.46

- 1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration Left Head SAR Configuration Head
- ⊠Eli4 ⊠Body

Right Head

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

- \boxtimes Base Station Simulator
- $\overline{}$ Without Belt Clip $\overline{}$ N/A

- Test Signal Call Mode
 Test Configuration
- Il ModeTest CodetionWith Belt Clip
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body - CDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Gap Plot Frequ		ency	Modulation	Position	End Power	Reverse	Forward	Measured	Reported
•		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	Channel	Channel	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)
	3	817.25	450	CDMA		23.40	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.11	1.27
0		833.01	267	CDMA	Back	23.35	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.00	1.16
0		848.31	777	CDMA		23.40	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.893	1.03
mm		833.01	267	CDMA	Right	23.35	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.597	0.69
		817.25	450	CDMA	Repeat	23.40	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.08	1.24

Left Head

Test Code

With Belt Clip

Head



Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$

Right Head

 \boxtimes Eli4

Body

- 1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- 2. Test Signal Call Mode
- 3. Test Configuration
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body - GPRS

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequ	•	Rev Level/ Modulation	Position	End Power	TX Level	Multislot Configuration	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
		MHz	Ch.	Modulation		(dBm)		oomiguration	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
	4	824.2	128	GMSK		29.87	5	2 Slot	1.16	1.20	
0		836.6	190	GMSK	Back	29.87	5	2 Slot	1.09	1.12	
0		848.8	251	GMSK		29.85	5	2 Slot	0.945	0.98	
mm		836.6	190	GMSK	Right	29.87	5	2 Slot	0.583	0.60	
		824.2	128	GMSK	Repeat	29.87	5	2 Slot	1.11	1.14	



Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$

Right Head

 \boxtimes Eli4

 \boxtimes Body

1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

Left Head Head Test Code

With Belt Clip

- 2. Test Signal Call Mode
- 3. Test Configuration
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot Frequency		ency	Modulation	Position	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
_		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)		_	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		826.4	4132	WCDMA		22.99	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.918	0.92
0	5	836.6	4183	WCDMA	Back	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.936	0.94
0		846.6	4233	WCDMA		22.99	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.804	0.81
mm		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Right	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.645	0.65
		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Repeat	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.922	0.93

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$

Right Head

 \boxtimes Eli4

 \boxtimes Body

- 1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- Left Head Head Test Code

With Belt Clip

- 2. Test Signal Call Mode
- 3. Test Configuration
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body – LTE Band 5

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Position	Frequ	lency	BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR			
-			MHz	Ch.	modulation	Size	Unset	Target	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
			829.0	20450	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	22.91	0.812	0.83			
			829.0	20450	10 MHz/QPSK	25	0	1	22.76	0.718	0.76			
	6	Back	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	22.97	0.885	0.89			
0		Dack	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	0	1	22.85	0.712	0.74			
mm			844.0	20600	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	23.00	0.830	0.83			
111111			844.0	20600	10 MHz/QPSK	25	0	1	22.97	0.671	0.68			
	D		Diaht	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	22.97	0.530	0.53		
		Right	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	0	1	22.85	0.403	0.42			
		Repeat	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	22.97	0.846	0.85			

- 1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
 - Left Head Head
- 2. Test Signal Call Mode
 - Test Code With Belt Clip
- 3. Test Configuration
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Eli4 Right Head Body Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip

N/A

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

SAR Data Summary – 1750 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap Plot		Frequency		Rev Level/ Modulation	Position	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
-	MHz		Ch.	Modulation		(dBm)		-	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1712.4	1312	WCDMA		18.88	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.24	1.28
	7	1732.6	1413	WCDMA	Back	18.90	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.27	1.30
0		1752.6	1513	WCDMA		18.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.18	1.19
0		1712.4	1312	WCDMA		18.88	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.815	0.84
mm		1732.6	1413	WCDMA	Right	18.90	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.882	0.90
		1752.6	1513	WCDMA	-	18.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.864	0.87
		1732.6	1413	WCDMA	Repeat	18.90	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.25	1.28
								Body		

1.6 W/kg (mW/g)

averaged over 1 gram

1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

Left Head

Head

Test Code

With Belt Clip

 \boxtimes Eli4 \boxtimes Body Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$

Right Head

2. Test Signal Call Mode

3. Test Configuration

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 1750 MHz Body – LTE Band 4

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Position	Frequ	iency	BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR Target	End Power	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
			MHz	Ch.	wouldton	5120	Unset	Target	(dBm)	SAIT (W/Kg)	
			1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	19.00	1.12	1.12
			1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.81	1.13	1.18
	8	Back	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.90	1.24	1.27
			1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	18.00	1.13	1.13
			1745.0	20300	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.98	1.16	1.17
0			1745.0	20300	20 MHz//QPSK	50	0	1	17.91	1.14	1.16
mm			1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	19.00	0.860	0.86
			1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.81	0.868	0.91
		Right	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.90	0.912	0.93
		nigrit	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	18.00	0.888	0.89
			1745.0	20300	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.98	0.909	0.91
		F	1745.0	20300	20 MHz//QPSK	50	0	1	17.91	0.928	0.95
		Repeat	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.90	1.22	1.25

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)

averaged over 1 gram

1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

Left Head Head

2. Test Signal Call Mode

Test Code With Belt Clip

- 3. Test Configuration
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



Jay M. Moulton Vice President

🛛 Eli4 Body

Right Head

Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip

N/A

SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body - CDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Modulation	Position	End Power	Reverse Channel	Forward Channel	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
_		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	Channer	Channel	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1851.25	25	CDMA		18.70	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.19	1.28
	9	1880.00	600	CDMA	Back	18.70	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.23	1.32
0		1908.75	1175	CDMA		18.71	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.15	1.23
-		1851.25	25	CDMA		18.70	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.850	0.91
mm		1880.00	600	CDMA	Right	18.70	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.815	0.87
		1908.75	1175	CDMA		18.71	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.761	0.81
		1880.00	600	CDMA	Repeat	18.70	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.21	1.30
								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram)	

1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

Left Head

Head

Test Code

With Belt Clip

➢Eli4 ☐Righ
➢Body
➢Base Station Simulator
◯Without Belt Clip ☑N/A

Right Head

2. Test Signal Call Mode

3. Test Configuration

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body - GPRS

ME	MEASUREMENT RESULTS												
Gap	Plot	Frequency		Rev Level/	Position	End Power	TX	Multislot	Measured SAR	Reported SAR			
-		MHz	Ch.	Modulation		(dBm)	Level	Configuration	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
	10	1850.2	512	GMSK		24.96	0	2 Slot	1.21	1.22			
0		1880.0	661	GMSK	Back	24.91	0	2 Slot	1.13	1.15			
0		1909.8	810	GMSK		24.95	0	2 Slot	1.01	1.02			
mm		1880.0	661	GMSK	Right	24.91	0	2 Slot	0.658	0.67			
		1850.2	512	GMSK	Repeat	24.96	0	2 Slot	1.19	1.20			
								Body					

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

- 1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- Head Test Code

Left Head

With Belt Clip

- 2. Test Signal Call Mode
- 3. Test Configuration
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Eli4 Body

Right Head

Base Station Simulator

SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap Plot		Frequency		Rev Level/ Modulation	Position	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
-		MHz	Ch.	Modulation		(dBm)		_	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1852.4	9262	WCDMA		18.92	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.25	1.27
	11	1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Back	18.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.27	1.28
0		1907.6	9538	WCDMA		18.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.23	1.24
0		1852.4	9262	WCDMA		18.92	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.871	0.89
mm		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Right	18.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.828	0.83
		1907.6	9538	WCDMA	_	18.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.807	0.82
		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Repeat	18.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.25	1.26
								Body		

1.6 W/kg (mW/g)

averaged over 1 gram

1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

Left Head

Head

Test Code

With Belt Clip

 \boxtimes Eli4 \boxtimes Body Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$

Right Head

2. Test Signal Call Mode

3. Test Configuration

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body – LTE Band 2

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Position	Frequ	iency	BW/	RB	RB	MPR	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
•			MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Size	Offset	Target	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.98	1.16	1.17
			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	0	17.89	1.13	1.16
	12	Back	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.97	1.21	1.22
		Dack	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.91	1.11	1.13
			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.94	1.19	1.21
0			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.92	1.15	1.17
mm			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.98	0.856	0.86
			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	0	17.89	0.869	0.89
		Right	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.97	0.828	0.83
		night	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.91	0.826	0.84
			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.94	0.802	0.81
		-	1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.92	0.806	0.82
		Repeat	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.97	1.19	1.20

Body

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

Left Head Head

2. Test Signal Call Mode

Test Code With Belt Clip

3. Test Configuration 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Eli4 Body

Right Head

Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip

N/A



SAR Data Summary – 2450 MHz Body 802.11b

ME	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Can	Diat	Position	Frequency		Modulation	Antonno	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported			
Gap	Plot	Position	MHz	Ch.	wodulation	Antenna	(dBm)	ЗАП (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)			
		Back	2437	6	DSSS		18.00	0.0338	0.03			
0		Тор	2437	6	DSSS	Main	18.00	0.0191	0.02			
°,		Left	2437	6	DSSS	1	18.00	0.0246	0.02			
mm	13	Back	2437	6	OFDM	Aux	17.98	0.0564	0.06			
		Right	2437	6	OFDM	Aux	17.98	0.0383	0.04			
							1.6 W/I	Body kg (mW/g) d over 1 gram				

- 1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- □Left Head □Head ⊠Test Code

Test Code With Belt Clip Eli4 Body Base Static Right Head

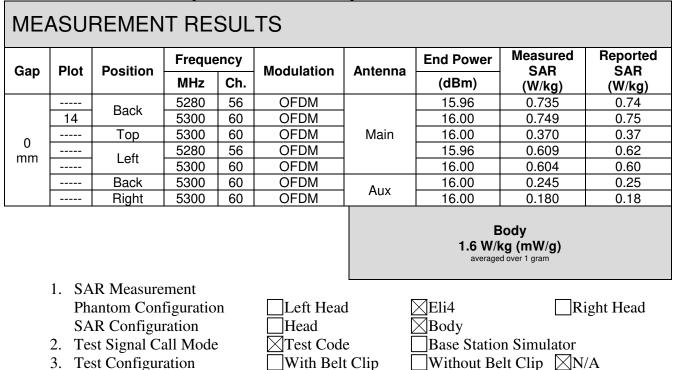
Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip N/A

- 2. Test Signal Call Mode
- 3. Test Configuration
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 5250 MHz Body 802.11a



4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 5600 MHz Body 802.11a



Con	Plot	Position	Frequ	ency	Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
Gap	FIOL	FUSILION	MHz	Ch.	wouldton	Antonna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		Back	5580	116	OFDM		16.00	0.919	0.92
	15	Dack	5620	124	OFDM		16.00	0.933	0.93
		Тор	5580	116	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.468	0.47
0		төр	5620	124	OFDM		16.00	0.474	0.47
0		ا م	5580	116	OFDM		16.00	0.751	0.75
mm		Left	5620	124	OFDM		16.00	0.782	0.78
		Back	5620	124	OFDM	Διιχ	16.00	0.212	0.21
		Right	5620	124	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.172	0.17
		Repeat	5620	124	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.927	0.93

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

Left Head

With Belt Clip

Head $\overline{\boxtimes}$ Test Code

- 2. Test Signal Call Mode
- 3. Test Configuration
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

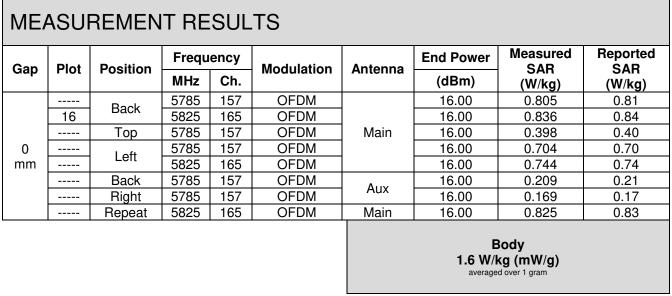
Eli4

Right Head

- \boxtimes Body Base Station Simulator
- Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$



SAR Data Summary – 5800 MHz Body 802.11a



1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

Left Head

Test Code

3. Test Configuration

2. Test Signal Call Mode

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Eli4 Right Head
Body
Base Station Simulator
Without Belt Clip N/A



Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 900 MHz Body RFID

MEASUREMENT RESULTS												
Can	Plot	Position	Frequency		Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR			
Gap			MHz	Ch.		Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
		Back	922.4	Mid	FHSS		19.95	1.14	1.16			
0		Left	922.4	Mid	FHSS	Main	19.95	0.335	0.34			
0		Right	922.4	Mid	FHSS		19.95	0.0212	0.02			
mm		Тор	922.4	Mid	FHSS		19.95	0.236	0.24			
		Repeat	922.4	Mid	FHSS		19.95	1.12	1.14			
	4	R Measure					1.6 W/I	Body kg (mW/g) d over 1 gram				

- 1. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- ☐Left Head ☐Head ☑Test Code

With Belt Clip

 \boxtimes Eli4 \boxtimes Body

Right Head

Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip N/A

- 2. Test Signal Call Mode
- 3. Test Configuration
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Transmit (WWAN-WLAN Main)

MEAS	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Plot	Position	SAR (W/kg) WLA	٩N	SAR (W/kg) WWAN	Total SAR (W/kg)							
	Back	0.93		1.32	2.25							
				Body 1.6 W/kg (m averaged over								

The WWAN and WLAN Main antennas are a minimum of 112.85 mm apart. Using the highest reported SAR to calculate the simultaneous Tx using peak separation ratio, the highest ratio would be 0.03 which meets the requirements of KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 3) on page 13. The calculation is shown below.

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$ rounded to two digits

 $(0.93 + 1.32)^{1.5}/112.85 = 0.03$

SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Transmit (WWAN-WLAN Aux)

MEAS	MEASUREMENT RESULTS												
Plot	Position	SAR (W/kg) WLA	N	SAR (W/kg) WWAN	Total SAR (W/kg)								
	Back	0.25		1.32	1.57								
				Body 1.6 W/kg (n averaged over									

The sum of the two transmitters is less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission meets the requirements of KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 page 11.



SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Transmit (RFID)

MEAS	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Plot	Transmitter	SAR (W/kg) WLAN/WWAN	SAR (W/kg) RFID	Total SAR (W/kg)								
	WWAN	1.32	1.16	2.48								
	WLAN Main	0.93	1.16	2.09								
	WLAN Aux	0.25	1.16	1.41								
			Body 1.6 W/kg (m averaged over									

The RFID and WWAN antennas are a minimum of 96 mm apart. Using the highest reported SAR to calculate the simultaneous Tx using peak separation ratio, the highest ratio would be 0.04 which meets the requirements of KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 3) on page 13. The calculation is shown below.

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$ rounded to two digits

 $(1.32 + 1.16)^{1.5}/96 = 0.04$

The RFID and WLAN Main antennas are a minimum of 71 mm apart. Using the highest reported SAR to calculate the simultaneous Tx using peak separation ratio, the highest ratio would be 0.04 which meets the requirements of KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 3) on page 13. The calculation is shown below.

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$ rounded to two digits

 $(0.93 + 1.16)^{1.5}/71 = 0.04$

The sum of the two transmitters (RFID and WLAN Aux) is less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission meets the requirements of KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 page 11.

All three transmitters can transmit simultaneously. Each pair is evaluated individually per KDB447498 v06 section 4.3.2 c) on page 15.



11. Test Equipment List

Table 11.1 Equipment Specifications			
Туре	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number
Staubli Robot TX60L	N/A	N/A	F07/55M6A1/A/01
Measurement Controller CS8c	N/A	N/A	1012
ELI4 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	1065
Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	04/15/2016	04/15/2015	1416
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	08/13/2016	08/13/2015	759
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	04/27/2016	04/27/2016	3662
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	08/20/2016	08/20/2015	3693
Speag Validation Dipole D750V2	08/10/2016	08/10/2015	1053
Speag Validation Dipole D835V2	08/10/2016	08/10/2015	4d131
Speag Validation Dipole D900V2	08/10/2016	08/10/2015	1d128
Speag Validation Dipole D1750V2	08/13/2016	08/13/2015	1061
Speag Validation Dipole D1900V2	08/13/2016	08/13/2015	5d147
Speag Validation Dipole D2450V2	08/10/2016	08/10/2015	881
Speag Validation Dipole D5GHzV2	08/11/2016	08/11/2015	1119
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	05/20/2017	05/20/2015	GB45100254
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	06/25/2017	06/25/2015	MY45240464
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2904A00595
Agilent (HP) 8960 Base Station Sim.	03/31/2017	03/31/2015	MY48360364
Anritsu MT8820C	07/28/2017	07/28/2015	6201176199
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011
Body Equivalent Matter (750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (835/900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (1750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (5 GHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 11.1 Equipment Specifications



12. Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC/IC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



13. References

[1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996

[2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.

[3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 – 1992, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.

[4] International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 62209-2 (Edition 1.0), Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010.

[5] IEEE Standard 1528 – 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.

[6] Industry Canada, RSS – 102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2015.

[7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.





Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

```
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
 Wed 30/Dec/2015
 Freq Frequency (GHz)
 FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
 FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
 FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
 FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
 Test_s Sigma of UIM
 FreqFCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s0.700055.730.9654.980.890.709055.6940.9654.9260.899*0.710055.690.9654.920.900.711055.6860.9654.9150.901*0.720055.650.9654.870.910.730055.610.9654.810.920.740055.570.9654.770.930.750055.530.9654.620.950.770055.450.9654.580.960.780055.410.9754.570.970.782055.380.9754.500.98
 Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
 * value interpolated
 Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
 Tue 29/Dec/2015
Freq Frequency (GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
 Test_e Epsilon of UIM
 Test_s Sigma of UIM
FreqFCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s0.815055.280.9754.280.950.817355.2710.9754.2920.952*0.824255.2430.9754.3260.959*0.824755.2410.9754.3290.96*0.825055.2240.9754.3360.966*0.826455.2240.9754.3460.968*0.833055.2080.9754.3620.976*0.835055.200.9754.370.980.836555.1960.97254.3750.982*0.844055.1730.97954.3970.989*0.846655.1650.98254.4060.995*0.848355.160.98354.4131.00*0.848855.1590.98454.4151.001*0.855055.140.9954.441.02
```



Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Mon 28/Dec/2015 Freq Frequency (GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s 53.59 1.45 52.89 1.51 Freq 1.6900 53.56 1.46 52.85 1.52 1.7000 * value interpolated Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Mon 21/Dec/2015 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM FreqFCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s1.850053.301.5253.271.491.850253.301.5253.271.49*1.851353.301.5253.2671.49*1.852453.301.5253.2651.492*1.860053.301.5253.251.501.870053.301.5253.231.511.880053.301.5253.211.521.890053.301.5253.191.531.900053.301.5253.171.541.907653.301.5253.1551.548*1.908853.301.5253.1521.549*1.900053.301.5253.151.55*1.910053.301.5253.151.55* Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s 1.9100 1.9200 1.9300
 53.30
 1.52
 53.15
 1.55

 53.30
 1.52
 53.14
 1.57
 53.30 1.52 53.12 1.58





Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Fri 18/Dec/2015 Freq Frequency (GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s 49.15 5.18 49.22 5.10 49.12 5.21 49.19 5.12 Freq 5.1000

 5.1200
 49.13
 5.110
 49.12
 5.12

 5.1200
 49.10
 5.21
 49.19
 5.12

 5.1400
 49.01
 5.23
 49.16
 5.14

 5.1800
 49.07
 5.25
 49.13
 5.16

 5.1800
 49.01
 5.30
 49.07
 5.21

 5.2000
 48.99
 5.32
 49.04
 5.23

 5.2400
 48.96
 5.35
 49.01
 5.25

 5.2600
 48.93
 5.37
 48.98
 5.28

 5.2800
 48.91
 5.39
 48.95
 5.31

 5.3000
 48.85
 5.44
 48.89
 5.36

 5.3400
 48.85
 5.44
 48.89
 5.36

 5.3400
 48.77
 5.51
 48.80
 5.43

 5.400
 48.69
 5.58
 48.71
 5.51

 5.400
 48.63
 5.63
 48.65
 5.55

 5.5000
 48.61
 5.65
 48.62
 5.86

 5.5200
 48.53
 5.70
 48.50
 5.70

 5.6400
 48.55
 5.70< 5.1200 49.10 5.23 49.16 5.14 5.1400





Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1053

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.94 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

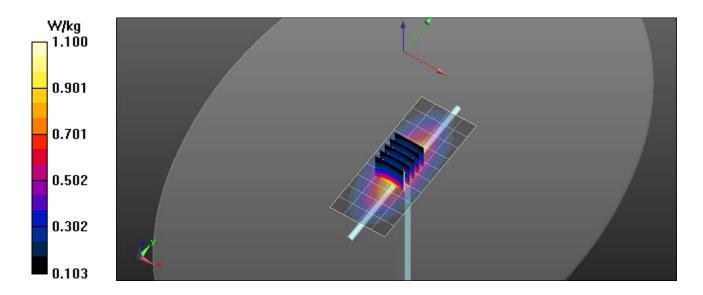
Test Date: Date: 12/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.92, 8.92, 8.92); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

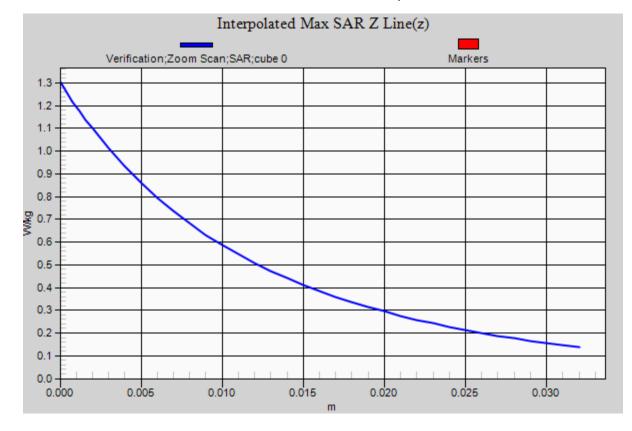
750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg

750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.865 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20151211





Plot 2

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d131

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.98 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.37; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/29/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

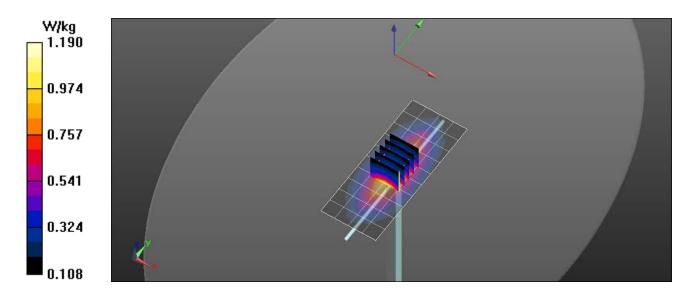
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.86, 8.86, 8.86); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

835 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg

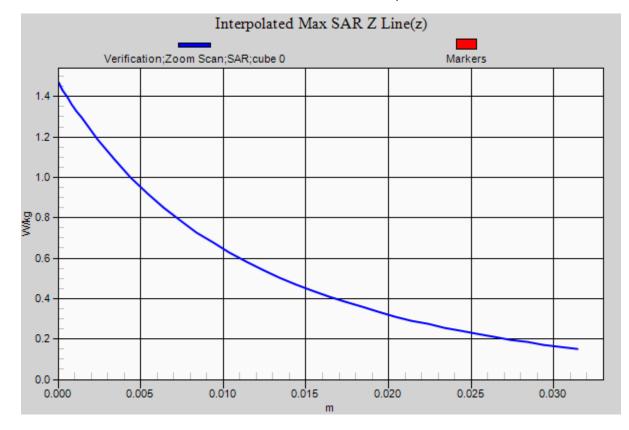
835 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.943 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.619 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20151211





Plot 3

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.56 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.68; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

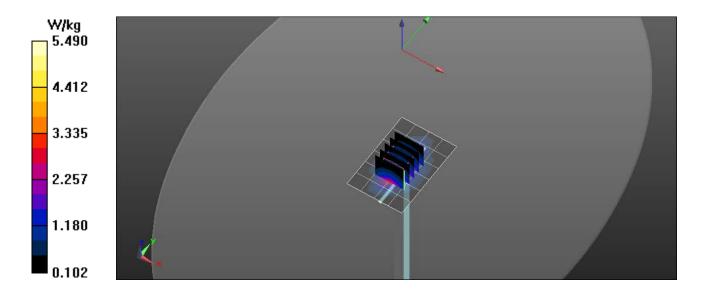
Test Date: Date: 12/28/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

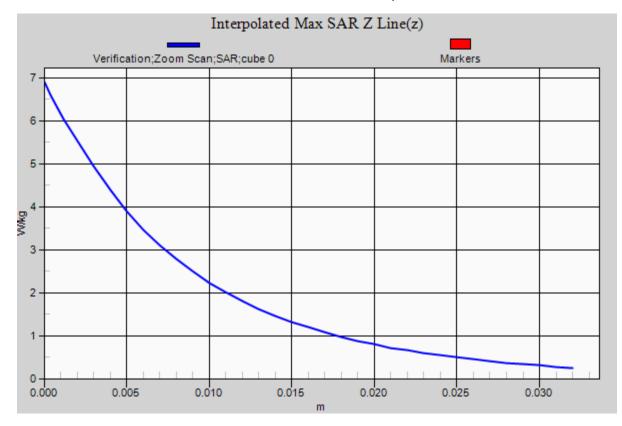
1750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.33 W/kg

1750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.89 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.49 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20151211





Plot 4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d147

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.54 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.17; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

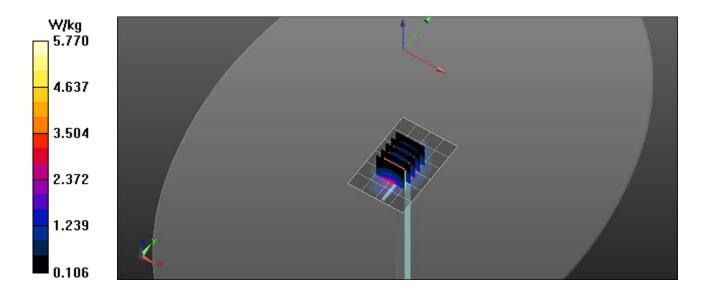
Test Date: Date: 12/21/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.31, 7.31, 7.31); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

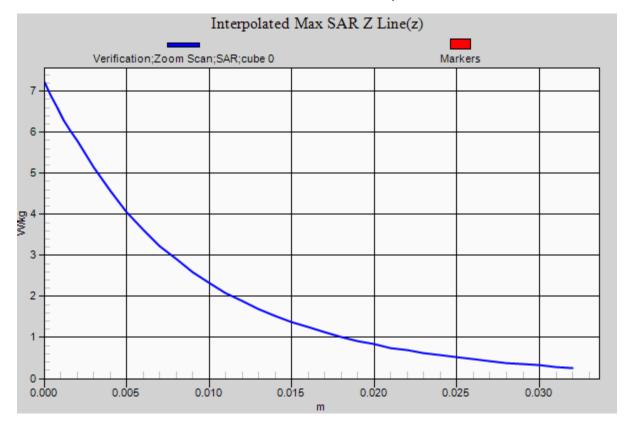
1900 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.44 W/kg

1900 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.22 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 4.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.77 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20151211





Plot 5

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 881

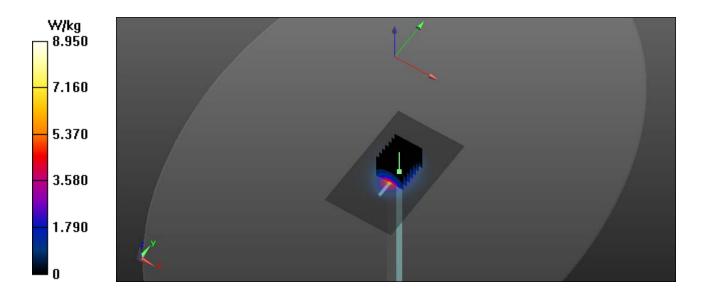
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.92 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.77; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/17/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

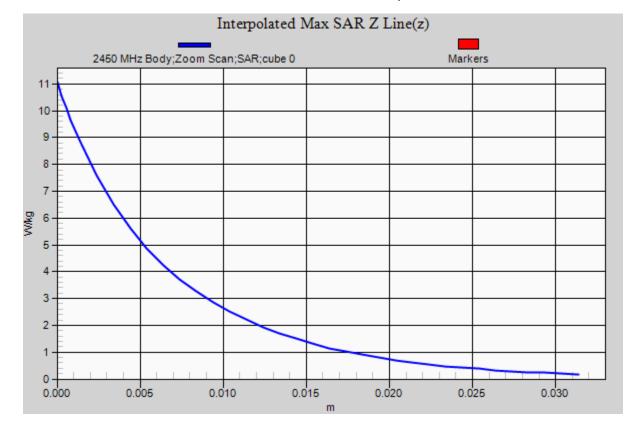
Body Verification/2450 MHz/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.92 W/kg

Body Verification/2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.359 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.04 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.79 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20151211





Plot 6

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1119

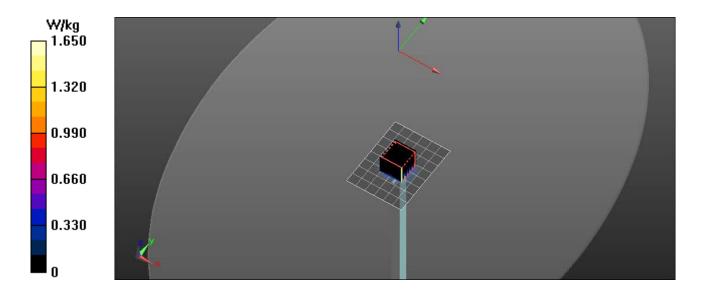
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.21 S/m; ϵ_r = 49.07; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/18/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

5200 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.58 W/kg

5200 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 11.705 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.75 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.763 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.65 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20151211





Plot 7

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1119

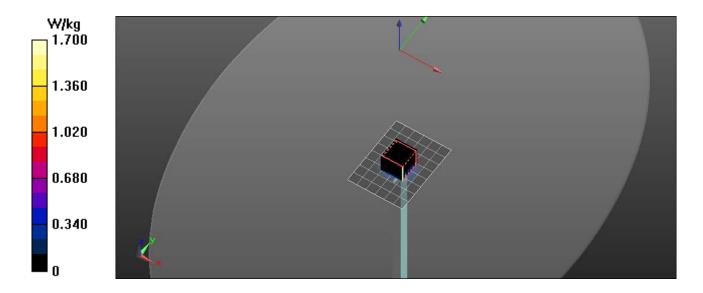
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.73 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.47; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/18/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

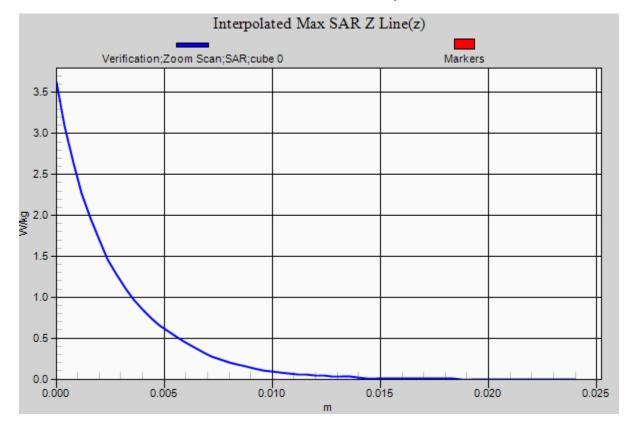
5600 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.64 W/kg

5600 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 11.892 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.783 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 W/kg





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Plot 8

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1119

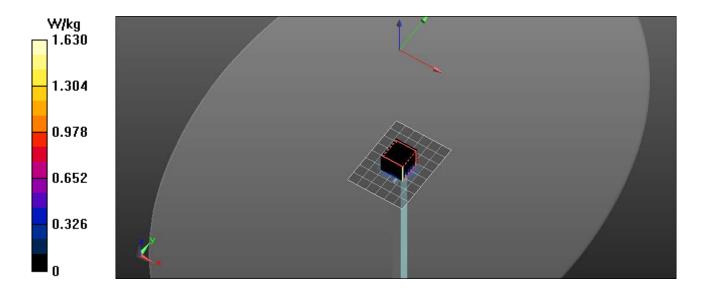
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.99 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.17; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/18/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(3.99, 3.99, 3.99); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

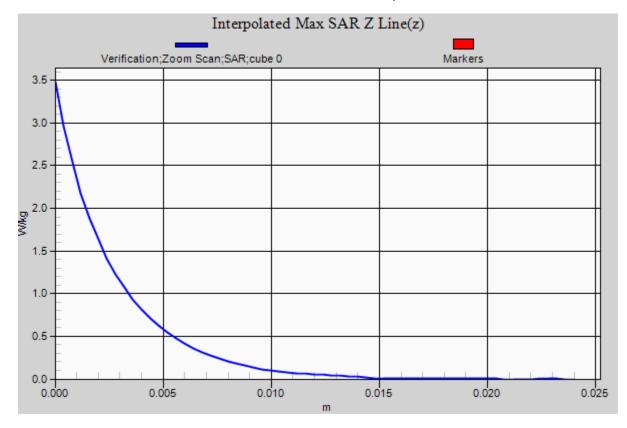
5800 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg

5800 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 11.621 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.47 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.749 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg





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Plot 9

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz D900V2; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 1d128

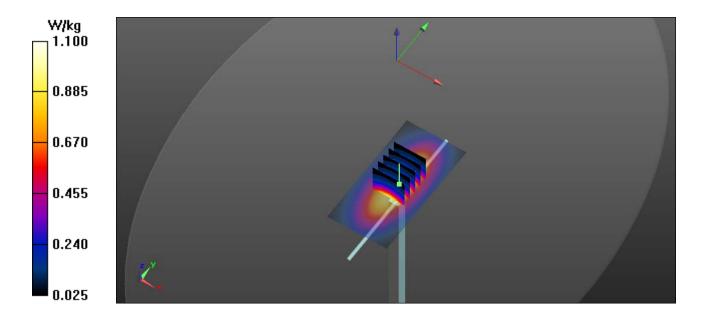
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL900; Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; σ = 1.03 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.39; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: J22/2016; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3693; ConvF(8.79, 8.79, 8.79); Calibrated: 8/20/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/13/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 2037 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

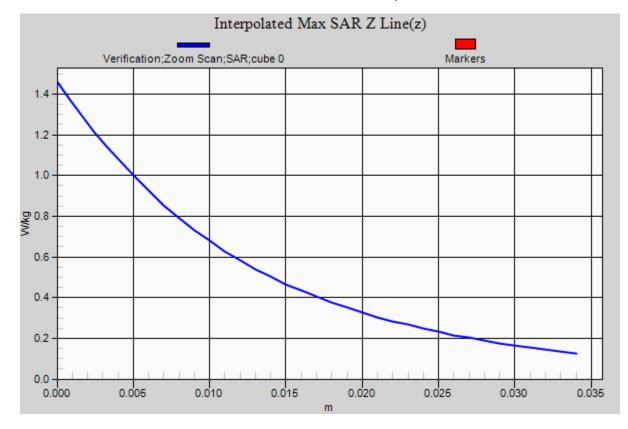
900 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.10 W/kg

900 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 33.278 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.647 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20151211





Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



Plot 1

DUT: MS2; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 710 MHz; σ = 0.9 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.92; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

750 MHz LTE B17/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.402 W/kg

750 MHz LTE B17/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.728 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.392 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.557 W/kg

