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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Juniper Systems 1132 West 1700 North Logan, UT 84321 Dates of Test: December 17-31, 2015 & November 30, 2016
Test Report Number: SAR.20151211
Revision I

FCC ID: VSF25271, VSFMS2, VSF26593

IC Certificate: 7980A-25271, 7980A-MS2, 7980A-26593

Model(s): MS2GCR

Test Sample: Engineering Unit Same as Production

Serial Number: MS2P41

Equipment Type: Wireless Rugged Tablet

Classification: Portable Transmitter Next to Body

TX Frequency Range: 704 – 716 MHz, 777 – 787 MHz, 817 – 849 MHz; 1710 – 1755 MHz, 1850 – 1910 MHz,

2412 - 2462 MHz, 5150 - 5350 MHz, 5500 - 5700 MHz; 5745 - 5825 MHz, 917.4 - 927.2 MHz

Frequency Tolerance: ± 2.5 ppm

Maximum RF Output: 750 MHz (LTE) – 23.0 dBm, 850 MHz (CDMA) – 24.0 dBm, 850 MHz (GSM) – 33.0 dBm,

850 MHz (WCDMA) - 23.0 dBm, 850 MHz (LTE) - 23.0 dBm, 1735 MHz (WCDMA) - 19.0 dBm, 1735 MHz (LTE) - 19.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (CDMA) - 19.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (GSM) - 28.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (WCDMA) - 19.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (LTE) - 19.0 dBm, 2450 MHz (b) - 18.0 dBm, 2450 MHz (g) - 17.00 dBm, 2450 MHz (n20) - 16.0 dBm, 2450 MHz (n40) - 16.0 dBm, 5250 MHz (n20) - 14.0 dBm, 5250 MHz (n40) - 14.0 dBm,

5600 MHz (a) - 16.0 dBm, 5600 (n20) - 14.0 dBm, 5600 (n40) - 14.0 dBm,

5800 MHz (a) - 16.0 dBm, 5800 MHz (n20) - 14.0 dBm, 5800 MHz (n40) - 14.0 dBm,

900 MHz - 30 dBm Conducted

Signal Modulation: WCDMA, GMSK, 8-PSK, CDMA, QPSK, 16QAM, DSSS, OFDM, FHSS

Antenna Type: Internal Application Type: Certification

FCC Rule Parts: Part 2, 15C, 15E, 22, 24, 27

KDB Test Methodology: KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 248227 v02r02, KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, KDB 941225 D01 v03r01 &

D05 v02r05

Industry Canada: RSS-102 Issue 5, Safety Code 6

Max. Stand Alone SAR Value: 1.32 W/kg Reported (Body); 3.98 W/kg Reported (Extremity)

Max. Simultaneous SAR Value: 1.57 W/kg Reported & 0.04 Separation Ratio (Body); 0.09 Separation Ratio (Extremity)

Separation Distance: 0 mm

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-2:2010 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).









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1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Juniper Systems Model MS2GCR FCC ID: VSF25271, VSFMS2, VSF26593 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 7980A-25271, 7980A-MS2, 7980A-26593 with RSS102 Issue 5 & Safety Code 6. The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Juniper Systems Model MS2GCR and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], IEEE Std.1528 – 2013 Recommended Practice [4], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the MS2GCR Wireless Rugged Tablet. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 17 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 13 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 5 – 835 MHz	CDMA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	GPRS	4	32.0	32.0	±1.0	31.0	33.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	EDGE	E2	26.0	26.0	±1.0	25.0	27.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 5 – 835 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	LTE	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	CDMA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	GPRS	1	27.0	27.0	±1.0	26.0	28.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	EDGE	E2	25.0	25.0	±1.0	24.0	26.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	LTE	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11b	N/A	N/A	16	±2.0	16.0	18.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11g	N/A	N/A	15	±2.0	13.0	17.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11n	N/A	N/A	14	±2.0	12.0	16.0
WLAN – 5.0 GHz	802.11a	N/A	N/A	14	±2.0	12.0	16.0
WLAN – 5.0 GHz	802.11n	N/A	N/A	12	±2.0	10.0	14.0
Bluetooth	802.15.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.5
RFID – MS2 Micro	FHSS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	30.0



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

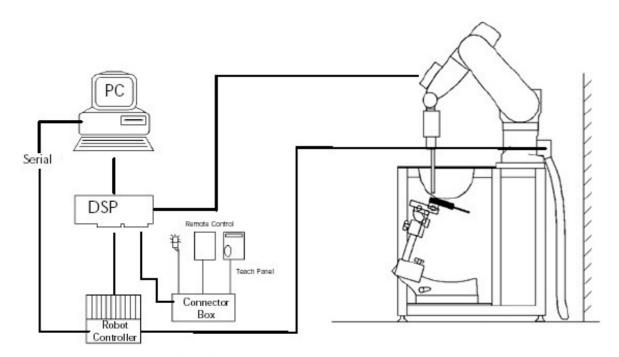


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup



System Electronics

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

Probe Measurement System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



DAE System



Probe Specifications

Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz

In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz,

5600 MHz, 5800 MHz

Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity: ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Dynamic: 10 mW/kg to 100 W/kg

Range: Linearity: ±0.2dB

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 20 mm

Body diameter: 12 mm

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of wireless device

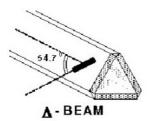


Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$SAR = \frac{\left| E \right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where: where:

 Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

 σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 $\rho = \text{Tissue} \text{ density } (1.25 \text{ g/cm}^3 \text{ for brain tissue})$

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue

heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

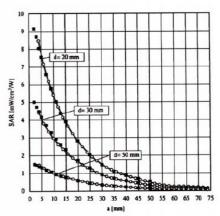


Figure 2.4 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

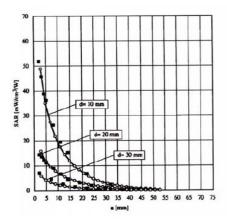


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

with
$$V_i = \text{compensated signal of channel i}$$
 $(i=x,y,z)$ $U_i = \text{input signal of channel i}$ $(i=x,y,z)$ $U_i = \text{input signal of channel i}$ $(i=x,y,z)$ $C_i = \text{crest factor of exciting field}$ $C_i = C_i = C_i$ $C_i = C_i$ $C_$

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: with
$$V_i$$
 = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z) Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z) $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$
 with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g = total field strength in V/m = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{proc} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 with $P_{proc} = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm}^2$ = total electric field strength in V/m



Scanning procedure

• The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges 2GHz is 15 mm in x and y-dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges						
Frequency range	Grid spacing					
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm					
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm					
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm					

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.

• A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges							
Frequency range	Grid spacing	Grid spacing	Minimum zoom				
r requericy rarige	for x, y axis	for z axis	scan volume				
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm				
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm				
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm				
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm				
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm				

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on Efield probes.



SAM PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

Phantom Specification

Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0) **Shell Material:** Vivac Composite

Thickness: $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$

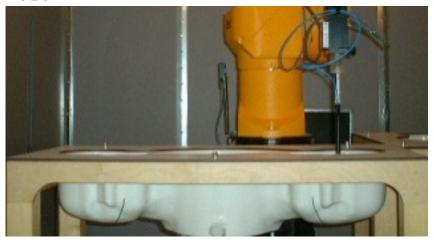


Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 2.7 Mounting Device

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.



4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE1528 – 2013 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

			Simulating Tissue						
Ingredients		750 MHz Body	835/900 MHz Body	1750 MHz Body	1900 MHz Body	2450 MHz Body	5 GHz Body		
Mixing Percentage									
Water			52.50		69.91	73.20			
Sugar			45.00]	0.00	0.00			
Salt		Proprietary Purchased	1.40 Proprietary Purchased From Speag 0.10		0.13	0.10	Proprietary		
HEC		From Speag				0.00	0.00	Purchased From Speag	
Bactericide]			0.00	0.00	, ,		
DGBE			0.00		29.96	26.70			
Dielectric Constant	Target	55.53	55.20	53.43	53.30	52.70	Various		
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	0.96	0.97	1.49	1.52	1.95	Various		



5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Exposure Assessment Measurement Uncertainty

Exposure Assessment Measurement Oncertainty									
Relative DASY5 Uncertainty Budget for SAR Tests									
	According to	EC62209-2/20	10 (30 MH	z - 6 GH	Iz range)			
Error Description	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	Ci	Ci	Standard Uncertain		v _i ² or	
Error Description	Value	Distribution		(1g)	(10g)	± %, (1g)	± %, (10g)	V _{eff}	
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	± 6.6%	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.6%	± 6.6%	8	
Axial isotropy	± 4.7%	Rectangular	٧3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9%	± 1.9%	8	
Hemispherical isotropy	± 9.6%	Rectangular	٧3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9%	± 3.9%	8	
Boundary effects	± 2.0%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 1.2%	± 1.2%	8	
Probe linearity	± 4.7%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 2.7%	± 2.7%	8	
System detection limits	± 1.0%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	8	
Modulation response	± 2.4%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 1.4%	± 1.4%	8	
Readout electronics	± 0.3%	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3%	± 0.3%	8	
Response time	± 0.8%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 0.5%	± 0.5%	8	
Integration time	± 2.6%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 1.5%	± 1.5%	8	
RF ambient noise	± 3.0%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	8	
RF ambient reflections	± 3.0%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	8	
Probe positioner	± 0.8%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 0.5%	± 0.5%	8	
Probe positioning	± 6.7%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 3.9%	± 3.9%	8	
Post-processing	± 4.0%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 2.3%	± 2.3%	8	
Test Sample Related									
Device positioning	± 2.9%	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9%	± 2.9%	145	
Device holder uncertainty	± 3.6%	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6%	± 3.6%	5	
Power drift	± 5.0%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 2.9%	± 2.9%	8	
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom uncertainty	± 7.9%	Rectangular	٧3	1	1	± 4.6%	± 4.6%	8	
SAR algorithm correction	± 1.9%	Normal	1	1	0.84	± 1.9%	± 1.9%	8	
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	٧3	0.78	0.71	± 0.1%	± 0.1%	8	
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	٧3	0.26	0.26	± 0.1%	± 0.1%	8	
Temp. Unc. – Conductivity	± 3.4%	Rectangular	٧3	0.78	0.71	± 1.5%	± 1.5%	8	
Temp. Unc. – Permittivity	± 0.4%	Rectangular	٧3	0.23	0.26	± 0.1%	± 0.1%	8	
Combined Uncertainty						± 12.4%	± 12.3%	330	
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						± 24.8%	± 24.6%		

Worst case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEC62209-2/2010 standard. The budget is valid for the frequency range 30 MHz - 6 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.



7. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

		750 MHz Body		835 MHz Body		1750 MHz Body		
Date(s)		Dec.	Dec. 30, 2015		Dec. 29, 2015		Dec. 28, 2015	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		55.35	54.69	55.20	54.37	53.43	52.68	
Conductivity: σ		0.96	0.94	0.97	0.98	1.49	1.56	
		1900	MHz Body	2450 N	ИНz Body	5200 l	MHz Body	
Date(s)		Dec.	21, 2015	Dec.	17, 2015	Dec.	18, 2015	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		53.30	53.17	52.70	52.77	49.01	49.07	
Conductivity: σ		1.52	1.54	1.95	1.92	5.30	5.21	
		5600 MHz Body		5800 MHz Body		2450 MHz Body		
Date(s)		Dec.	18, 2015	Dec. 18, 2015		Mar. 19, 2016		
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		48.47	48.47	48.20	48.17	52.70	52.64	
Conductivity: σ		5.77	5.73	6.00	5.99	1.95	1.96	
		900 N	ИНz Body					
Date(s)		Nov.	30, 2016					
Liquid Temperature (°C) 20.0		Target	Measured					
Dielectric Constant: ε		55.00	54.83					
Conductivity: σ		1.05	1.07					

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation (%)	Plot Number
30-Dec-2015	750 MHz	8.48	8.65	Body	+ 2.00	1
30-Dec-2015	835 MHz	9.28	9.43	Body	+ 1.62	2
30-Dec-2015	1750 MHz	37.70	38.50	Body	+ 2.12	3
30-Dec-2015	1900 MHz	40.40	40.20	Body	- 0.50	4
30-Dec-2015	2450 MHz	52.10	51.20	Body	- 1.73	5
30-Dec-2015	5200 MHz	77.40	76.30	Body	- 1.42	6
30-Dec-2015	5600 MHz	80.70	78.30	Body	- 2.97	7
30-Dec-2015	5800 MHz	78.80	74.90	Body	- 4.95	8
19-Mar-2016	2450 MHz	52.10	52.00	Body	- 0.19	9
30-Nov-2016	900 MHz	10.60	11.00	Body	+ 3.77	10

See Appendix A for data plots.



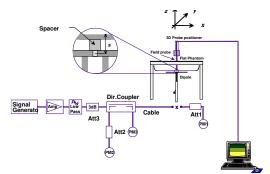


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup



8. LTE Document Checklist

1) Identify the operating frequency range of each LTE transmission band used by the device

LTE Operating	Uplink (transmit)	Downlink (Receive)	Duplex mode
Band	Low - high	Low - high	(FDD/TDD)
2	1850-1910	1930-1990	FDD
4	1710-1755	2110-2155	FDD
5	824-849	869-894	FDD
13	777-787	746-756	FDD
17	704-716	734-746	FDD

2) Identify the channel bandwidths used in each frequency band; 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz etc

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
2	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1910 MHz
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755 MHz
5	5, 10	824-849 MHz
13	5, 10	777-787 MHz
17	5, 10	704-716 MHz

3) Identify the high, middle and low (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE frequency band

LTE Band	Bandwidth	Frequency (MHz)/Channel #						
Class	(MHz)	L	Low		id	High		
2	1.4	1850.7	18607	1880.0	18900	1909.3	19193	
2	3	1851.5	18615	1880.0	18900	1908.5	19185	
2	5	1852.5	18625	1880.0	18900	1907.5	19175	
2	10	1855.0	18650	1880.0	18900	1905.0	19150	
2	15	1857.5	18675	1880.0	18900	1902.5	19125	
2	20	1860.0	18700	1880.0	18900	1900.0	19100	
4	1.4	1710.7	19957	1732.5	20175	1754.3	20393	
4	3	1711.5	19965	1732.5	20175	1753.5	20385	
4	5	1712.5	19975	1732.5	20175	1752.5	20375	
4	10	1715.0	20000	1732.5	20175	1750.0	20350	
4	15	1717.5	20025	1732.5	20175	1747.5	20325	
4	20	1720.0	20050	1732.5	20175	1745.0	20300	
5	5	826.5	20425	836.5	20525	846.5	20625	
5	10	829.0	20450	836.5	20525	844.0	20600	
13	5			782.0	23230			
13	10			782.0	23230			
17	5	706.5	23755	710.0	23790	713.5	23825	
17	10	709.0	23780	710.0	23790	711.0	23800	



- 4) Specify the UE category and uplink modulations used:
 - UE Category: 3
 - Uplink modulations: QPSK and 16QAM
- 5) Include descriptions of the LTE transmitter and antenna implementation; and also identify whether it is a standalone transmitter operating independently of other wireless transmitters in the device or sharing hardware components and/or antenna(s) with other transmitters etc

The device has 4 antennas:

- WWAN Main (Transmit and Receive) Antenna
- WLAN Main and Aux (Transmit and Receive) Antenna
- Diversity (Receive Only) Antenna

Transmission relationship

- All transmission (TX) is limited to the WWAN and WLAN antennas only
- The device is <u>unable</u> to transmit CDMA/EDGE/GPRS/WCDMA/HSPA and LTE simultaneously.
- The Diversity antenna is receive only antenna which is reserved for the WWAN operation.
- Rx is simultaneous on Main and Diversity
- Simultaneous Tx with the WWAN and WLAN is allowed.

	CDMA/ED0	CDMA/EDGE/GPRS/			802.11 b/g/n	
Antenna port	WCDMA/HSPA					
	TX	RX	TX	RX	TX	RX
#1 WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
#2 WLAN Main	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
#3 WLAN Aux	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
#4 (Diversity)	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No

6) Identify the LTE voice/data requirements in each operating mode and exposure condition with respect to head and body test configurations, antenna locations, handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc

The device is a data only. Data mode was tested in each operating mode and exposure condition in the body configuration. See test setup photos to see all configurations tested.

- 7) Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design:
 - a) Only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards

MPR is mandatory, built-in by design on all production units. It was enabled during testing.

Modulation	Ch	Channel Bandwidth/transmission Bandwidth Configuration							
		(RB)							
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20			
	MHz	MHz MHZ MHz MHz MHz MHz							
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1		
16QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1		
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2		

- b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled
- c) A-MPR was disabled during testing.



8) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured on the required test channels for each channel bandwidth and UL modulation used in each frequency band:

The maximum average conducted output power measured for the testing is listed on pages 48-60 of this report. The below table shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 17 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 13 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 5 – 835 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	LTE	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	LTE	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0

9) Identify all other U.S. wireless operating modes (3G, Wi-Fi, WiMax, Bluetooth etc), device/exposure configurations (head and body, antenna and handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.) and frequency bands used for these modes

Other wireless modes:

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 5 – 835 MHz	CDMA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	GPRS	4	32.0	32.0	±1.0	31.0	33.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	EDGE	E2	26.0	26.0	±1.0	25.0	27.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	CDMA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	GPRS	1	27.0	27.0	±1.0	26.0	28.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	EDGE	E2	25.0	25.0	±1.0	24.0	26.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	18.0	18.0	±1.0	17.0	19.0

10) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured for the other wireless modes and frequency bands.

The maximum average conducted output power measured for the testing is listed on pages 25-29 of this report. The table in item 9 shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.



11) Identify the <u>simultaneous transmission conditions</u> for the voice and data configurations supported by all wireless modes, device configurations and frequency bands, for the head and body exposure conditions and device operating configurations (handset flip or cover positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.)

The device is unable to transmit WCDMA/GPRS/EDGE/CDMA and LTE simultaneously.

The device is able to transmit WWAN and WLAN simultaneously.

TX Modes	WCDMA/GPRS/EDGE/CDMA	LTE	802.11 b/g/n
1	ON	OFF	ON
2	OFF	ON	ON

12) When power reduction is applied to certain wireless modes to satisfy SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission conditions, other equipment certification or operating requirements, include the maximum average conducted output power measured in each power reduction mode applicable to the simultaneous voice/data transmission configurations for such wireless configurations and frequency bands; and also include details of the power reduction implementation and measurement setup

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

13) Include descriptions of the test equipment, test software, built-in test firmware etc. required to support testing the device when power reduction is applied to one or more transmitters/antennas for simultaneous voice/data transmission

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

14) When appropriate, include a SAR test plan proposal with respect to the above

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

15) If applicable, include preliminary SAR test data and/or supporting information in laboratory testing inquiries to address specific issues and concerns or for requesting further test reduction considerations appropriate for the device; for example, simultaneous transmission configurations.

Not applicable.



9. SAR Test Data Summary See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The testing was conducted on all edges closest to each antenna. The back and right side was tested for the WWAN antenna. The remaining sides were not tested as the WWAN antenna was more than 2.5 cm from the side. The back, top, left and right sides were tested for the WLAN antennas. The remaining sides were not tested as the antenna was more than 2.5 cm from these sides. The back, left, right and top sides were tested for the RFID antenna. The remaining side was not tested as the RFID antenna was more than 2.5 cm for this side. All further test reductions are shown on pages 45-47 for CDMA/GSM/WCDMA bands, page 34-44 for WLAN, page 48 for RFID and pages 63-67 for LTE bands. See the photo in Appendix C for a pictorial of the setups and antenna locations.

The main antenna was evaluated for stand-alone SAR per RSS-102 Issue 5 for BT. Please see data sheet summary on page 80.

This device is capable of operating in 850/1900 GPRS/EDGE frequency bands. In GPRS mode, the device is in Class 4 for 850 MHz and Class 1 for 1900 MHz. In EDGE mode, the device is in Class E2 for 850/1900 MHz. The testing was conducted in the GPRS mode. The GPRS mode has 1-slot, 2-slot, 3-slot and 4-slot configurations. The power measured is peak power. The average power in all GPRS Slots calculated and the 1-slot had the highest average power. Therefore, the testing was conducted in 1-Slot. The EDGE mode is >5 dB lower than its equivalent slot configuration for GPRS. Therefore, the device was only tested in the highest power configuration which was 1-slot GPRS.

The WCDMA testing was conducted using 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. The HSPA testing was conducted with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH all enabled and a 12.2 kbps RMC. FRC was configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-Test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK.



The 1xRTT testing was conducted in RC3 with the device configured using TDSO/SO32 with FCH transmitting at full rate. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." 1xRTT did not require SAR testing due to the measured power being less than ½ dB higher than Rev. 0.

The Rev. 0 testing was conducted with the Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps. The Forward Traffic Channel data rate is set to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Other rates were not tested due to the conducted power measured was less than ½ dB higher than 153.6 kbps.

The Rev. A Subtype 2 testing was conducted with the Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots. The Forward Traffic Channel data rate is set to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Rev. A did not require SAR testing due to the measured power being less than ½ dB higher than Rev. 0.



UHF RFID-BT/Wifi Primary 1.352 1.724 Wifi Secondary 5.341 Cellular Primary Cellular Diversity

Figure 9.1
SAR Location Diagram of Antenna Distances

Antenna Distances

WWAN main to WLAN (Chain 1) (mm): 112.85 mm WWAN main to WLAN (Chain 2) (mm): 23.67 mm



10. FCC 3G Measurement Procedures

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under average power.

10.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a screen room. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.

10.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000, 1xEV-DO

10.2.1 Output Power Verification 1xRTT

Use CDMA2000 Rev 6 protocol in the call box.

- 1) Test for RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH0 and demodulation of RC 3, 4 and 5.
 - a. Set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3, SO 32) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
 - b. As per C.S0011 or TIA/EIA-98-F Table 4.4.5.2-2, set the test parameters.
 - c. Send alternating '0' and '1' power control bit to the device
 - d. Determine the active channel configuration. If the desired channel configuration is not the active channel configuration, increase for by 1 dB and repeat the verification. Repeat this step until the desired channel configuration becomes active.
 - e. Measure the output power at the device antenna connector.
 - f. Decrease lor by 0.5 dB.
 - g. Determine the active channel configuration. If the active channel configuration is the desired channel configuration, measure the output power at the device antenna connector.
 - h. Repeat step f and g until the output power no longer increases or the desired channel configuration is no longer active. Record the highest output power achieved with the desired channel configuration active.
 - Repeat step a through h ten times and average the result.

10.2.2 Output Power Verification 1xEvDo

- 1) Use 1xEV-DO Rel 0 protocol in the call box 8960.
 - a. FTAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to FTAP
 - Set FTAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
 - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
 - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
 - Send continuously '0' power control bits
 - Measure the power at device antenna connector
 - b. RTAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to RTAP
 - Set RTAP Rate to 9.6 kbps



- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- Send continuously '0' power control bits
- Measure the power at device antenna connector
- Repeat above steps for RTAP Rate = 19.2 kbps, 38.4 kbps, 76.8 kbps and 153.6 kbps respectively
- 2) Use 1xEV-DO Rev A protocol in the call box 8960

a. FETAP

- Select Test Application Protocol to FETAP
- Set FETAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- Send continuously '0' power control bits
- Measure the power at device antenna connector

b. RETAP

- Select Test Application Protocol to RETAP
- F-Traffic Format -> 4 (1024, 2, 128) Canonical (307.2k, QPSK) Set R-Data Pkt Size to 128
- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots -> ACK R-Data After -> Subpacket 0 (All ACK)
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- Send continuously '0' power control bits
- Measure the power at device antenna connector
- Repeat above steps for R-Data Pkt Size = 256, 512, 768, 1024, 1536, 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144, 8192, 12288 respectively.

		IS-2000	1Xev-Do Rev. 0	1Xev-Do Rev. A Subtype 0/1
	Channel	TDSO SO32 RC3	RTAP [dBm]	RTAP [dBm]
Callular	1013	23.40	23.40	23.46
Cellular BC0	384	23.36	23.35	23.40
ВСО	777	23.42	23.40	23.45
Cellular	450	23.45	23.41	23.42
BC10	584	23.39	23.39	23.45
ВСТО	719	23.48	23.38	23.41
	25	18.50	18.70	18.38
PCS	600	18.49	18.70	18.44
	1175	18.50	18.71	18.43

CDMA Power Measurements
Power Control was set in "All Bits Up" for all measurements.



10.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA

Configure the call box 8960 to support all WCDMA tests in respect to the 3GPP 34.121 (listed in Table below). Measure the power at Ch4132, 4182 and 4233 for US cell; Ch9262, 9400 and 9538 for US PCS band.

For Rel99

- Set a Test Mode 1 loop back with a 12.2kbps Reference Measurement Channel (RMC).
- Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the device
- Measure the power at the device antenna connector using the power meter with average detector.

For HSDPA Rel 6

- Establish a Test Mode 1 look back with both 1 12.2kbps RMC channel and a H-Set1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC). With the 8960 this is accomplished by setting the signal Channel Coding to "Fixed Reference Channel" and configuring for HSET-1 QKSP.
- Set beta values and HSDPA settings for HSDPA Subtest1 according to Table below.
- Send continuously Up power control commands to the device
- Measure the power at the device antenna connector using the power meter with modulated average detector.
- Repeat the measurement for the HSDPA Subtest2, 3 and 4 as given in Table below.

For HSUPA Rel 6

- Use UL RMC 12.2kbps and FRC H-Set1 QPSK, Test Mode 1 loop back. With the 8960 this is accomplished by setting the signal Channel Coding to "E-DCH Test Channel" and configuring the equipment category to Cat5_10ms.
- Set the Absolute Grant for HSUPA Subtest1 according to Table below.
- Set the device power to be at least 5dB lower than the Maximum output power
- Send power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = +1 command to the device. If device doesn't send any E-DPCH data with decreased E-TFCI within 500ms, then repeat this process until the decreased E-TFCI is reported.
- Confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the device is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table below. If the E-TFCI transmitted by the device is not equal to the target E-TFCI, then send power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = -1 command to the UE. If UE sends any E-DPCH data with decreased E-TFCI within 500 ms, send new power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = -1 command to the UE. Then confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the UE is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table below.
- Measure the power using the power meter with modulated average detector.
- Repeat the measurement for the HSUPA Subtest2, 3, 4 and 5 as given in Table below.

3GPP Release	Mode	Cellular Band [dBm]			Sub-Test (See Table	MPR
Version		4132	4183	4233	Below)	
99	WCDMA	22.99	22.98	22.99	-	-
6		22.86	22.87	22.79	1	0
6	HSDPA	22.82	22.89	22.85	2	0
6	порра	22.39	22.42	22.37	3	0.5
6		22.94	22.49	22.40	4	0.5
6		22.80	22.90	22.83	1	0
6		20.95	20.99	20.96	2	2
6	HSUPA	21.97	22.08	21.99	3	1
6		21.06	21.01	21.04	4	2
6		22.82	22.84	22.87	5	0



3GPP Release	Mode	AWS Band [dBm]			Sub-Test (See Table	MPR
Version		1312	1413	1513	` Below)	
99	WCDMA	18.88	18.90	18.95	-	-
6		18.79	18.82	18.76	1	0
6	HSDPA	18.81	18.75	18.79	2	0
6	ПЭБРА	18.36	18.34	18.36	3	0.5
6		18.41	18.31	18.39	4	0.5
6		18.84	18.82	18.75	1	0
6		16.97	17.01	16.89	2	2
6	HSUPA	17.94	18.05	17.94	3	1
6		16.99	16.95	17.03	4	2
6		17.82	18.80	18.71	5	0

3GPP Release	Mode	T T		Bm]	Sub-Test (See Table	MPR
Version		9262	9400	9538	Below)	
99	WCDMA	18.92	18.97	18.95	-	-
6		18.81	18.85	18.79	1	0
6	HSDPA	18.75	18.79	18.74	2	0
6	порра	18.42	18.36	18.38	3	0.5
6		18.44	18.36	18.40	4	0.5
6		18.88	18.85	18.72	1	0
6		16.92	17.05	16.93	2	2
6	HSUPA	17.91	18.03	17.99	3	1
6		16.95	16.97	17.00	4	2
6		17.85	18.81	18.78	5	0

Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSDPA

Sub-Test	βc	β_d	B _c / β _d	β_{hs}
1	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15
2	12/15	15/15	15/15	24/15
3	15/15	8/15	15/8	30/15
4	15/15	4/15	15/4	30/15
$\Delta_{ m ack}$, $\Delta_{ m nack}$ a	and $\Delta_{cqi} =$	8		

Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-Test	eta_{c}	β_d	B _c / β _d	eta_{hs}	B_{ec}	B_{ed}	MPR	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	15/9	30/15	30/15	47/15	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/15	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	15/15	30/15	24/15	134/15	0.0	21	81
Δ_{ack} , Δ_{nack} at	$nd \Delta_{cai} = 8$	3							



10.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for GSM

Configure the 8960 box to support GMSK and 8PSK call respectively, and set one timeslot and two timeslot transmission for GMSK GSM/GPRS and 8PSK EDGE. Measure and record power outputs for both modulations.

GPRS-GMSK/1 slot									
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average						
Callular	128	32.50	23.47						
Cellular	190	32.45	23.42						
	251	32.44	23.41						
	512	27.45	18.42						
PCS	661	27.20	18.17						
	810	27.50	18.47						

GPRS-GMSK/2 slot							
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average				
Cellular	128	29.87	23.85				
	190	29.87	23.85				
	251	29.85	23.83				
PCS	512	24.96	18.94				
	661	24.91	18.89				
	810	24.95	18.93				

GPRS-GMSK/3 slot						
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average			
	128	27.25	22.99			
Cellular	190	27.16	22.90			
	251	27.23	22.97			
PCS	512	22.35	18.09			
	661	22.22	17.96			
	810	22.46	18.02			

GPRS-GMSK/4 slot							
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average				
	128	26.87	23.86				
Cellular	190	26.76	23.75				
	251	26.70	23.69				
	512	21.03	18.02				
PCS	661	21.93	17.92				
	810	21.03	18.02				

EDGE-8PSK/1 slot							
Band	Channel	Peak Frame Power Average					
	128	26.59	17.56				
Cellular	190	26.53	17.50				
	251	26.68	17.65				
	512	25.62	16.59				
PCS	661	25.46	16.43				
	810	25.55	16.52				

EDGE-8PSK/2 slot							
Band	Channel	Channel Peak F Power Av					
	128	23.99	17.97				
Cellular	190	23.95	17.93				
	251	23.99	17.97				
PCS	512	22.99	16.97				
	661	22.89	16.87				
	810	23.06	17.04				

EDGE-8PSK/3 slot							
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average				
	128	22.35	18.09				
Cellular	190	22.29	18.03				
	251	22.45	18.19				
	512	21.38	17.12				
PCS	661	21.34	17.08				
	810	21.52	17.26				

EDGE-8PSK/4 slot						
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average			
	128	21.18	18.17			
Cellular	190	21.16	18.15			
	251	21.21	18.20			
	512	20.22	17.21			
PCS	661	20.17	17.16			
	810	20.28	17.27			



Donal	Mada	Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency	Data	ta Antonno	Power
Band	Mode	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Antenna	(dBm)
			11	2412			17 91
			6	2437		Chain A	18.00
	802.11b	20	11 1	2462 2412	1 Mbps		17.96 17.95
			6	2437		Chain B	17.98
			11	2462			17.96
			1	2412			16.93
			6	2437		Chain A	16.98
	802.11g	20	11	2462	6 Mbps		16.96
	•		6	2412 2437		Chain B	16.95 16.99
			11	2462		Chairib	16.92
2450 MHz			1	2412			15.90
			6	2437		Chain A	15.97
	802.11n	20	11	2462	HT4		15.89
	002.1111	20	1	2412	1114	_,	15.91
			6	2437		Chain B	15.92
			11 3	2462 2422			15.96
			6	2422		Chain A	13.92 13.95
			9	2452		Channy	13.98
	802.11n	40	3	2422	HT4		13.91
			6	2437		Chain B	13.96
			9	2452			13.97
			36	5180			15.92
			40	5200		Chain A	15.97
		20	44	5220	6 Mbps		16.00
	802.11a		48 36	5240 5180			15.96 15.96
			40	5200			15.92
			44	5220		Chain B	16.00
			48	5240			15.99
			36	5180		Chain A -	13.89
5.15-5.25 GHz			40	5200			13.93
			44	5220			13.96
	802.11n	20	48 36	5240 5180	HT4		13.92 13.88
			40	5200			13.85
			44	5220		Chain B	13.93
			48	5240			13.90
			38	5190	HT4	Chain A	13.86
	802.11n	40	46	5230		Chairri	13.89
			38	5190	HT4	Chain B Chain A Chain B Chain A Chain B Chain B Chain B	13.85
		+	46 52	5230 5260			13.88 15.98
		1	56	5280			15.96
		1	60	5300		Chain A	16.00
	802.11a	20	64	5320	6 Mbps		15.86
	002.11d	20	52	5260	o ivinha		15.94
			56	5280		Chain B	15.95
		1	60	5300			16.00
		+	64 52	5320 5260			15.92 13.91
		1	52 56	5260 5280			13.91 13.87
5.25-5.35 GHz		1	60	5300		Chain A	13.89
	002 115	20	64	5320	UT4	- -	13.83
	802.11n	20	52	5260	HT4		13.91
		1	56	5280		Chain B	13.88
		1	60	5300			13.96
		+	64	5320			13.90
		1	54	5270	HT4	Chain A	13.92
	802.11n	40	62 54	5310 5270			13.89 13.85
		1		J2/U	HT4	Chain B	13.03

Conducted Average Power Measurements



		Bandwidth		Frequency	Data		Power
Band	Mode	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Antenna	(dBm)
			100	5500			15.96
			104	5520			15.89
			108 112	5540 5560			15.92 15.91
			116	5580			16.00
			120	5600		Chain A	15.94
			124	5620		Chairry	16.00
			128	5640			15.92
			132	5660			16.00
			136	5680			15.93
	802.11a	20	140	5700	6 Mbps		15.90
	002.114	20	100	5500	5 III.5 p.5		15.94
			104	5520			15.92
			108	5540			15.90
			112 116	5560 5580			15.95 16.00
			120	5600		Chain B	15.89
			124	5620		Chairib	16.00
			128	5640			15.92
			132	5660			16.00
			136	5680			15.91
			140	5700			15.94
			100	5500		Chain A	13.95
			104	5520			13.90
			108	5540			13.89
			112	5560			13.87
5600 MHz			116	5580			13.88
3000 WIT12			120	5600			13.90
			124	5620			13.94
			128	5640			13.85
			132	5660			13.82
			136 140	5680			13.87
	802.11n	20	100	5700 5500	HT4		13.83 13.84
			104	5520			13.96
			108	5540			13.92
			112	5560			13.90
			116	5580			13.93
			120	5600		Chain B	13.97
			124	5620			13.89
			128	5640			13.87
			132	5660			13.94
			136	5680			13.82
			140	5700			13.91
			102	5510			13.92
			110	5550			13.91
			118	5580		Chain A	13.87
			126	5610			13.89
	802.11n	40	134	5670	HT4		13.90 13.91
			102 110	5510 5550			13.91
			118	5580		Chain B	13.84
			126	5610		Chair	13.81
			134	5670			13.89

Conducted Average Power Measurements



Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Antenna	Power (dBm)
			149	5745			15 92
			153	5765			15.98
			157	5785		Chain A	16.00
			161	5805			15.94
	802.11a	20	165	5825	6 Mbps		16.00
	0UZ.11d	20	149	5745	σινιυμς		15.96
			153	5765		Chain B	15.91
			157	5785			16.00
			161	5805			15.95
			165	5825			16.00
			149	5745	нт8	Chain A	13.91
E000 MALL			153	5765			13.90
5800 MHz		20	157	5785			13.89
			161	5805			13.93
	802.11n		165	5825			13.88
	802.1111	20	149	5745			13.96
			153	5765			13.91
			157	5785		Chain B	13.90
			161	5805			13.93
			165	5825			13.97
			151	5755		Charles A	13.89
	002.11-	40	159	5795		Chain A	13.85
	802.11n	40	151	5755	нів		13.84
			159	5795		Chain B	13.87

Conducted Average Power Measurements

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Power (dBm)
2450 1411	002.45.4	1	2402	GL : A	8 26
2450 MHz	802.15.1	39	2440	Chain A	3.55

BT Conducted Average Power Measurements

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Power (dBm)
		1	917.2		29 92
900 MHz	FHSS	2	922.4	Chain A	29.96
		3	927.2		29.89

RFID Conducted Average Power Measurements



Figure 10.1 Test Reduction Table - WiFi 2.4 GHz Main

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
		6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11b		6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
802.110		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left Side	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
		6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	Remaining Sides	
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Тор	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
000 11 ~		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left Side	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ³
	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Тор	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
802.1111		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left Side	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
1	Remaining Sides		Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 2) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 63.1 mW

Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{2.462})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{90-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=495 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 63.1 mW



Figure 10.2 Test Reduction Table - WiFi 2.4 GHz Aux

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
		6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11b	Right Side	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
		6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ³
	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right Side	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ³
	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right Side	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 2) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 63.1 mW Closest Distance to Left: 128.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 126.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 55 mm

The closest distance is from the top side. Therefore, if the top side is excluded the bottom and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{2.462})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{55-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=145 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 63.1 mW



Figure 10.3 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.1 GHz Main

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a 5150 MHz		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ²
	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
3130 1011 12		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Remaining Sides		Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{5.24}$)]*50 mm}]+[{90-50 mm}*10]=465 mW which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.4 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.1 GHz Aux

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
3130 101112	Right	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	nigiit	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
000 115		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n 5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
3130 WII 12	Diaht	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Left: 128.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 126.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 55 mm

The closest distance is from the top side. Therefore, if the top side is excluded the bottom and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.24})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{55-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=115 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.5 Test Reduction Table - WiFi 5.2 GHz Main

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dools	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dack	Channel 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 55 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 65 – 5280 MHz 66 – 5320 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 62 – 5260 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 53 – 5260 MHz 54 – 5320 MHz 55 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Tested
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
000 110	Ton	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	ΤΟΡ	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
3230 IVII IZ		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
	Loft	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
	Leit	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		Channel 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 62 – 5280 MHz 63 – 5280 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 65 – 5280 MHz 66 – 5300 MHz 66 – 5300 MHz 67 – 5300 MHz 68 – 5320 MHz 69 – 5300 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 61 – 5320 MHz 62 – 5260 MHz 63 – 5280 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 65 – 5280 MHz 66 – 5300 MHz 67 – 5300 MHz 68 – 5320 MHz 69 – 5300 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
	Rema	Channel 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 63 – 5280 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 62 – 5260 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 53 – 5280 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 65 – 5280 MHz 66 – 5280 MHz 66 – 5280 MHz 66 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	Channel 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 63 – 5280 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 65 – 5280 MHz 66 – 5280 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
902 11n	Ton	Channel 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 56 – 5280 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 60 – 5300 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 52 – 5260 MHz 5320 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 64 – 5320 MHz 65 – 5280 MHz 66 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz	ТОР	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
3230 WII 12		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back Back 52 - 5260 MHz 56 - 5280 MHz 60 - 5300 MHz 64 - 5320 MHz 52 - 5260 MHz 56 - 5280 MHz 60 - 5300 MHz 56 - 5280 MHz 60 - 5300 MHz 60 - 5300 MHz 64 - 5320 MHz 56 - 5280 MHz 60 - 5300 MHz 60 - 5300 MHz 60 - 5300 MHz Remaining Sides 52 - 5260 MHz 8ack 52 - 5260 MHz 60 - 5300 MHz 52 - 5260 MHz 60 - 5300 MHz 56 - 5280 MHz 56 - 5280 MHz 56 - 5280 MHz 60 - 5300 MHz	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
			Reduced ³
	Leit	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
			Reduced ³
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{5.32}$)]*50 mm}]+[{90-50 mm}*10]=465 mW which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.6 Test Reduction Table - WiFi 5.2 GHz Aux

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
802.11a		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
3230 WII 12	Right	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	nigrit	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
3230 IVII IZ	Dight	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Left: 128.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 126.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 55 mm

The closest distance is from the top side. Therefore, if the top side is excluded the bottom and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.24})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{55-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=115 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.7 Test Reduction Table - WiFi 5.6 GHz Main

	TCSt TICGUCTION TUDIC - WILL 1 3.0 GITZ I				
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced		
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹		
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹		
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹		
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹		
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested		
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹		
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested		
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹		
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹		
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹		
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹		
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³		
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³		
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³		
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³		
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested		
802.11a	Тор	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³		
5600 MHz	·	124 – 5620 MHz	Tested		
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³		
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³		
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³		
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³		
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³		
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³		
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³		
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³		
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested		
	Left	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³		
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested		
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³		
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³		
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³		
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³		
	Rema	aining Sides	Reduced ²		

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}]+[\{90-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=462 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.8 Test Reduction Table - WiFi 5.6 GHz Main

Mode	Side	Channel	Tested/Reduced
			Reduced ¹
	Back		Reduced ¹
			Reduced ¹
<u>_</u>			Reduced ¹
		Channel 100 – 5500 MHz 104 – 5520 MHz 108 – 5540 MHz 112 – 5560 MHz 116 – 5580 MHz 120 – 5600 MHz 124 – 5620 MHz 132 – 5660 MHz 132 – 5660 MHz 136 – 5680 MHz 140 – 5700 MHz 100 – 5500 MHz 100 – 5500 MHz 101 – 5500 MHz 102 – 5600 MHz 103 – 5660 MHz 104 – 5520 MHz 105 – 5560 MHz 116 – 5580 MHz 112 – 5600 MHz 112 – 5600 MHz 124 – 5620 MHz 128 – 5640 MHz 132 – 5660 MHz 136 – 5680 MHz 140 – 5700 MHz 100 – 5500 MHz 110 – 5500 MHz 111 – 5500 MHz 110 – 5500 MHz 112 – 5560 MHz 112 – 5560 MHz 113 – 5660 MHz 114 – 5580 MHz 115 – 5580 MHz 116 – 5580 MHz 117 – 5560 MHz 118 – 5660 MHz 119 – 5600 MHz 119 – 5600 MHz 110 – 5600 MHz 110 – 5600 MHz 110 – 5600 MHz 111 – 5560 MHz 111 – 5560 MHz 112 – 5600 MHz 113 – 5660 MHz 113 – 5660 MHz 113 – 5680 MHz 114 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
			Reduced ³
802.11n	Тор		Reduced ³
5600 MHz			Reduced ³
			Reduced ³
			Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
			Reduced ³
	Left	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
			Reduced ³
	Rema	aining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{5.70}$)]*50 mm}]+[{90-50 mm}*10]=462 mW which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.9 Test Reduction Table - WiFi 5.6 GHz Aux

guie 10.3		11 1 3.0 GIIZ A	
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
			Deduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz 104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz 108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dools	116 – 5580 MHz 120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹
	Back	124 – 5620 MHz	
			Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
	D: 1.	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Left: 128.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 126.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 55 mm

The closest distance is from the top side. Therefore, if the top side is excluded the bottom and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{55-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=112 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.10 Test Reduction Table - WiFi 5.8 GHz Main

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced⁴
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced⁴
802.11a	Тор	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
5800 MHz		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced⁴
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced⁴
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11n	Тор	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced⁴
5800 MHz		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced⁴
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ³
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ³
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, ŠAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW

Closest Distance to Right: 90.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 180.0 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.825})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{90-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=462 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.11 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 5.8 GHz Aux

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
3600 IVII 12		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	Channel Tested/Rec 149 – 5745 MHz Reduced 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced 157 – 5785 MHz Tested 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced 165 – 5825 MHz Reduced 149 – 5745 MHz Reduced 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced 165 – 5825 MHz Reduced 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced 165 – 5825 MHz Reduced 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced <td>Reduced²</td>	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
3000 IVII 12		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 39.8 mW Closest Distance to Left: 128.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 126.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 55 mm

The closest distance is from the top side. Therefore, if the top side is excluded the bottom and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.825})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{55-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=112 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 39.8 mW



Figure 10.12 Test Reduction Table – 3G 850 MHz

Band/	Technology	Side	Required	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)			Channel	Reduced
			450	Tested
		Back	267	Tested
			777	Tested
	CDMA		450	Reduced ¹
		Right	267	Tested
			777	Reduced ¹
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
	GSM		128	Tested
		GSM Right	190	Tested
			251	Tested
Band 5			128	Reduced ¹
824-849 MHz			190	Tested
			251	Reduced ¹
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
			4132	Tested
		Back	4183	Tested
			4233	Tested
	WCDMA		4132	Reduced ¹
	WODIVIA	Right	4183	Tested
		_	4233	Reduced ¹
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		Al	I HSPA	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the conducted power for HSPA ≤ ¼ dB higher than WCDMA mode, SAR testing is reduced for HSPA per KDB941225 D01 v03r01 section 2.1 page 2.

Maximum power: 251.19 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{0.849})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{67-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=332 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 251.19 mW



Figure 10.13 Test Reduction Table – 3G 1750 MHz

Band/ Frequency (MHz)	Technology	Side	Required Channel	Tested/ Reduced
			1312	Tested
		Back	1413	Tested
			1513	Tested
Band 4	WCDMA		1312	Tested
1710-1755 MHz	WCDIVIA	Right	1413	Tested
			1513	Tested
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		Al	I HSPA	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the conducted power for HSPA ≤ ¼ dB higher than WCDMA mode, SAR testing is reduced for HSPA per KDB941225 D01 v03r01 section 2.1 page 2.

Maximum power: 79.43 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{1.755})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{67-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=283 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 79.43 mW



Figure 10.14 Test Reduction Table – 3G 1900 MHz

Band/	Technology	Side	Required	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)			Channel	Reduced
			25	Tested
		Back	600	Tested
			1175	Tested
	CDMA		25	Tested
		Right	600	Tested
			1175	Tested
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
	GSM		512	Tested
		Back Right	661	Tested
			810	Tested
Band 2			512	Reduced ¹
1850-1910 MHz			661	Tested
			810	Reduced ¹
		Remaining Sides		Reduced ²
			9262	Tested
		Back	9400	Tested
			9538	Tested
	WCDMA		9262	Tested
	WODIVIA	Right	9400	Tested
		_	9538	Tested
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
		All	HSPA	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the conducted power for HSPA ≤ ¼ dB higher than WCDMA mode, SAR testing is reduced for HSPA per KDB941225 D01 v03r01 section 2.1 page 2.

Maximum power: 79.43 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{1.91})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{67-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=278 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 79.43 mW



Figure 10.15 Test Reduction Table -900 MHz RFID - MS2 Micro

Band/	Technology	Side	Required	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)			Frequency	Reduced
			917.4	Tested
		Back	922.3	Tested
			927.2	Tested
917.4-927.2 MHz	FHSS	Left	922.3	Tested
		Right	922.3	Tested
		Тор	922.3	Tested
		Bottom	922.3	Reduced ¹

Reduced¹ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 100 mW

Closest Distance to Bottom: 160.8 mm

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{0.928}$)]*50 mm}]+[{160.8-50 mm}*10]=1263 mW which is greater than 100 mW



10.5 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE Bands

10.5.1 LTE Functionality

The follow table identifies all the channel bandwidths in each frequency band supported by this device.

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
2	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1910 MHz
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755 MHz
5	5, 10	824-849 MHz
13	5, 10	777-787 MHz
17	5, 10	704-716 MHz

10.5.2 Test Conditions

All SAR measurements for LTE were performed using the Anritsu MT8820C. A closed loop power control setting allowed the UE to transmit at the maximum output power during the SAR measurements. The Figure 11.1 table indicates all the test reduction utilized for this report.

MPR was enabled for this device. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR test measurements.



Table 10.5.1 LTE Power Measurements

	Table 10.5.1 LTE Power Measurements									
Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power			
					18607	1850.7	17.95			
			6	0	18900	1880	18.20			
					19193	1909.3	17.19			
					18607	1850.7	19.00			
			3	1	18900	1880	19.00			
		4 4 5 4 1 -			19193	1909.3	18.70			
		1.4 MHz			18607	1850.7	19.00			
			1	0	18900	1880	18.61			
					19193	1909.3	18.85			
					18607	1850.7	18.99			
			1	5	18900	1880	19.00			
					19193	1909.3	18.99			
					18615	1851.5	18.01			
			15	0	18900	1880	18.11			
					19185	1908.5	17.91			
					18615	1851.5	17.95			
			8	3	18900	1880	18.05			
2	QPSK	3 MHz			19185	1908.5	17.81			
2	QF3K	3 141112			18615	1851.5	19.00			
			1	0	18900	1880	18.74			
					19185	1908.5	18.99			
			1	14	18615	1851.5	18.99			
					18900	1880	18.73			
					19185	1908.5	19.00			
					18625	1852.5	17.93			
			25	0	18900	1880	17.98			
					19175	1907.5	17.92			
					18625	1852.5	17.83			
			12	6	18900	1880	18.13			
		E N411-			19175	1907.5	17.88			
		5 MHz			18625	1852.5	18.95			
			1	0	18900	1880	18.56			
					19175	1907.5	18.32			
			1		18625	1852.5	18.45			
				24	18900	1880	18.36			
					19175	1907.5	18.98			



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
						- requestion	
					18650	1855	17.52
			50	0	18900	1880	17.55
					19150	1905	17.57
					18650	1855	17.30
			25	12	18900	1880	17.95
					19150	1905	17.42
		10 MHz			18650	1855	18.95
			1	0	18900	1880	18.30
					19150	1905	18.23
					18650	1855	18.46
			1	24	18900	1880	19.00
					19150	1905	18.35
					18675	1857.5	17.38
			75	0	18900	1880	17.51
					19125	1902.5	17.46
					18675	1857.5	17.16
		15 MHz	36	19	18900	1880	17.86
					19125	1902.5	17.31
2	QPSK				18675	1857.5	18.89
			1	0	18900	1880	18.38
					19125	1902.5	18.42
			1	74	18675	1857.5	18.48
					18900	1880	18.31
					19125	1902.5	19.00
					18625	1852.5	17.50
			100	0	18900	1880	17.52
					19175	1907.5	17.40
					18700	1860	17.89
			50	25	18900	1880	17.91
		20 1411-			19100	1900	17.92
		20 MHz			18700	1860	18.98
			1	0	18900	1880	18.97
					19100	1900	18.94
			1		18700	1860	18.33
				99	18900	1880	18.35
					19100	1900	18.43



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
				0	18607	1850.7	16.96
			6		18900	1880	17.11
					19193	1909.3	16.92
					18607	1850.7	16.95
			3	1	18900	1880	17.14
					19193	1909.3	16.88
		1.4 MHz			18607	1850.7	16.94
			1	0	18900	1880	17.12
					19193	1909.3	16.91
					18607	1850.7	16.91
			1	5	18900	1880	17.10
			_	_	19193	1909.3	16.93
					18615	1851.5	16.98
			15	0	18900	1880	17.14
					19185	1908.5	16.92
					18615	1851.5	16.76
		3 MHz	8	3	18900	1880	17.10
	16000				19185	1908.5	16.82
2	16QAM				18615	1851.5	17.92
			1	0	18900	1880	17.63
					19185	1908.5	17.75
				14	18615	1851.5	17.69
			1		18900	1880	17.39
					19185	1908.5	17.74
					18625	1852.5	17.01
			25	0	18900	1880	16.96
					19175	1907.5	17.01
					18625	1852.5	16.84
			12	6	18900	1880	17.21
		5 MHz			19175	1907.5	16.88
		J IVITZ			18625	1852.5	17.79
			1	0	18900	1880	17.44
					19175	1907.5	17.37
		_	1	24	18625	1852.5	17.21
					18900	1880	17.07
					19175	1907.5	17.75



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
						- requestion	
					18650	1855	16.30
			50	0	18900	1880	16.62
					19150	1905	16.53
					18650	1855	16.17
			25	12	18900	1880	16.81
					19150	1905	16.42
		10 MHz			18650	1855	17.77
			1	0	18900	1880	17.19
					19150	1905	17.07
					18650	1855	17.24
			1	24	18900	1880	17.96
					19150	1905	17.25
					18675	1857.5	16.35
			75	0	18900	1880	16.25
		15 MHz			19125	1902.5	16.46
					18675	1857.5	16.17
			36	19	18900	1880	16.64
	16QAM				19125	1902.5	16.23
2			1		18675	1857.5	17.79
				0	18900	1880	17.07
					19125	1902.5	17.21
			1	74	18675	1857.5	17.13
					18900	1880	16.96
					19125	1902.5	17.76
					18625	1852.5	16.54
			100	0	18900	1880	16.50
					19175	1907.5	16.32
					18700	1860	16.39
			50	25	18900	1880	16.54
		20 1411-			19100	1900	16.16
		20 MHz			18700	1860	17.68
			1	0	18900	1880	17.38
					19100	1900	16.74
			1	99	18700	1860	17.01
					18900	1880	16.71
					19100	1900	17.68



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					19957	1710.7	18.67
			6	0	20175	1732.5	18.06
					20393	1754.3	18.61
					19957	1710.7	18.99
			3	1	20175	1732.5	19.00
					20393	1754.3	18.99
		1.4 MHz			19957	1710.7	18.98
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.58
					20393	1754.3	18.99
					19957	1710.7	18.98
			1	5	20175	1732.5	18.93
					20393	1754.3	19.00
					19965	1711.5	18.11
			15	0	20175	1732.5	18.09
		3 MHz			20385	1753.5	18.15
					19965	1711.5	18.02
			8	3	20175	1732.5	17.93
4	ODCK				20385	1753.5	18.07
4	QPSK				19965	1711.5	19.00
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.40
					20385	1753.5	18.53
			1	14	19965	1711.5	18.34
					20175	1732.5	18.99
					20385	1753.5	18.94
					19975	1712.5	17.49
			25	0	20175	1732.5	18.19
					20375	1752.5	17.87
					19975	1712.5	17.44
			12	6	20175	1732.5	18.13
		5 MHz			20375	1752.5	17.64
		J IVITIZ			19975	1712.5	18.99
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.31
					20375	1752.5	18.67
			1	24	19975	1712.5	18.19
					20175	1732.5	19.00
					20375	1752.5	18.99



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
				0	20000	1715	17.36
			50		20175	1732.5	17.99
					20350	1750	17.80
					20000	1715	16.92
			25	12	20175	1732.5	18.04
		40 8411-			20350	1750	17.57
		10 MHz			20000	1715	19.00
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.31
					20350	1750	18.60
					20000	1715	18.14
			1	24	20175	1732.5	18.92
					20350	1750	18.67
					20025	1717.5	17.29
			75	0	20175	1732.5	17.67
					20325	1747.5	17.62
		15 MHz	36		20025	1717.5	17.01
				19	20175	1732.5	18.17
4	QPSK				20325	1747.5	17.64
4	QF3K				20025	1717.5	18.99
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.13
					20325	1747.5	18.38
			1	74	20025	1717.5	18.18
					20175	1732.5	18.45
					20325	1747.5	18.60
					20050	1720	17.23
			100	0	20175	1732.5	17.68
					20300	1745	17.52
					20050	1720	17.81
			50	25	20175	1732.5	18.00
		20 MHz			20300	1745	17.91
		20 101112			20050	1720	19.00
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.90
					20300	1745	18.98
			1	99	20050	1720	18.28
					20175	1732.5	18.56
					20300	1745	19.00



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
			•	•	•		•
					19957	1710.7	17.51
			6	0	20175	1732.5	17.02
					20393	1754.3	17.52
					19957	1710.7	18.44
			3	1	20175	1732.5	17.90
					20393	1754.3	18.25
		1.4 MHz			19957	1710.7	18.39
			1	0	20175	1732.5	17.52
					20393	1754.3	18.25
					19957	1710.7	18.09
			1	5	20175	1732.5	18.05
					20393	1754.3	18.21
					19965	1711.5	17.12
			15	0	20175	1732.5	17.19
		3 MHz			20385	1753.5	17.22
			8		19965	1711.5	17.02
				3	20175	1732.5	17.05
4	16000				20385	1753.5	17.27
4	16QAM				19965	1711.5	18.20
			1	0	20175	1732.5	17.22
					20385	1753.5	17.51
			1	14	19965	1711.5	17.18
					20175	1732.5	18.32
					20385	1753.5	18.50
					19975	1712.5	16.53
			25	0	20175	1732.5	17.19
					20375	1752.5	16.94
					19975	1712.5	16.51
			12	6	20175	1732.5	17.00
		5 MHz			20375	1752.5	16.59
		3 141117			19975	1712.5	18.40
			1	0	20175	1732.5	17.03
					20375	1752.5	17.33
			1	24	19975	1712.5	16.62
					20175	1732.5	18.26
					20375	1752.5	18.33



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20000	1715	16.37
			50	0	20175	1732.5	17.06
					20350	1750	16.69
					20000	1715	16.11
			25	12	20175	1732.5	16.96
					20350	1750	16.44
		10 MHz			20000	1715	18.35
			1	0	20175	1732.5	16.91
					20350	1750	17.26
					20000	1715	17.00
			1	24	20175	1732.5	17.83
			_		20350	1750	17.33
					20025	1717.5	16.23
			75	0	20175	1732.5	16.58
					20325	1747.5	16.61
					20025	1717.5	16.13
			36	19	20175	1732.5	17.17
					20325	1747.5	16.55
4	16QAM	15 MHz			20025	1717.5	18.38
			1	0	20175	1732.5	16.79
					20325	1747.5	17.15
			1	74	20025	1717.5	16.96
					20175	1732.5	17.32
					20325	1747.5	18.19
					20050	1720	16.30
			100	0	20175	1732.5	16.65
					20300	1745	16.57
					20050	1720	16.21
			50	25	20175	1732.5	17.12
		20.8411			20300	1745	16.58
		20 MHz			20050	1720	18.20
			1	0	20175	1732.5	18.13
			-		20300	1745	17.75
		-	1	99	20050	1720	16.94
					20175	1732.5	17.35
					20300	1745	18.24



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
		241141515411				Trequency	
				<u> </u>	20425	826.5	22.01
			25	0	20525	836.5	22.01
			25	Ö	20625	846.5	22.18
					20425	826.5	22.76
			12	6	20525	836.5	22.85
			12		20625	846.5	22.97
		5 MHz			20425	826.5	22.91
		1	0	20525	836.5	22.97	
			1		20625	846.5	23.00
			1		20425	826.5	22.89
				24	20525	836.5	23.00
			_	2-7	20625	846.5	23.00
5	QPSK		50	0	20450	829.0	22.01
					20525	836.5	22.05
					20600	844.0	22.11
					20450	829.0	22.87
			25	12	20525	836.5	22.91
					20600	844.0	22.93
		10 MHz			20450	829.0	22.96
			1	0	20525	836.5	22.97
					20600	844.0	23.00
					20450	829.0	22.89
			1	24	20525	836.5	22.94
					20600	844.0	23.00



			55.0 1	oss :		_	
Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20425	826.5	20.12
			25	0	20525	836.5	20.08
					20625	846.5	20.16
					20425	826.5	21.89
			12	6	20525	836.5	21.92
		5 MHz			20625	846.5	21.99
		2 IVITZ			20425	826.5	21.96
			1	0	20525	836.5	21.98
					20625	846.5	22.13
					20425	826.5	21.92
	16QAM		1	24	20525	836.5	22.16
5					20625	846.5	22.33
3			50	0	20450	829.0	20.08
					20525	836.5	20.10
					20600	844.0	20.16
					20450	829.0	21.92
			25	12	20525	836.5	21.97
		10 MHz			20600	844.0	21.96
		TO IAILIT			20450	829.0	21.98
			1	0	20525	836.5	21.99
					20600	844.0	22.11
					20450	829.0	21.93
			1	24	20525	836.5	21.97
					20600	844.0	22.15



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
			25	0	23230	782.0	22.23
		5 MHz	12	6	23230	782.0	22.24
		2 IVITZ	1	0	23230	782.0	23.00
	QPSK		1	24	23230	782.0	23.00
	QP3K		50	0	23230	782.0	22.19
		10 MHz	25	12	23230	782.0	23.00
		10 101112	1	0	23230	782.0	23.00
13			1	24	23230	782.0	23.00
15			25	0	23230	782.0	20.32
		5 MHz	12	6	23230	782.0	22.11
		2 IVITZ	1	0	23230	782.0	22.26
	16QAM		1	24	23230	782.0	22.22
	IOQAIVI		50	0	23230	782.0	20.29
		10 MHz	25	12	23230	782.0	22.10
		10 MHz	1	0	23230	782.0	22.20
			1	24	23230	782.0	22.29



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RR Size	RR Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
Dana	Modulation	Danawiath	ND SIZE	ND OTISEE	CHAINICI	rrequeries	1 00001
		<u> </u>		Г			
					23755	706.5	22.19
			25	0	23790	710.0	22.20
					23825	713.5	22.15
					23755	706.5	23.00
			12	6	23790	710.0	23.00
		5 MHz			23825	713.5	23.00
		3 141112			23755	706.5	23.00
	QPSK		1	0	23790	710.0	23.00
					23825	713.5	23.00
			1		23755	706.5	23.00
				24	23790	710.0	23.00
17					23825	713.5	23.00
1/	QP3K		50	0	23780	709.0	22.08
					23790	710.0	22.15
					23800	711.0	22.21
					23780	709.0	23.00
			25	12	23790	710.0	23.00
		10 1411-			23800	711.0	23.00
		10 MHz			23780	709.0	23.00
			1	0	23790	710.0	23.00
					23800	711.0	23.00
					23780	709.0	23.00
			1	24	23790	710.0	23.00
					23800	711.0	23.00



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RR Sizo	RR Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
Dana	Wiodulation	Danawiath	ND SIZE	ND Offset	Citatillei	rrequericy	rowei
		T	T	T			
					23755	706.5	20.29
			25	0	23790	710.0	20.23
					23775	713.5	20.19
					23755	706.5	22.10
			12	6	23790	710.0	22.08
		5 MHz			23775	713.5	22.13
		3 101112			23755	706.5	22.18
			1	0	23790	710.0	22.24
					23775	713.5	22.26
			1		23755	706.5	22.29
	16QAM			24	23790	710.0	22.18
17					23775	713.5	22.27
1/			50	0	23780	709.0	20.14
					23790	710.0	20.26
					23800	711.0	20.30
					23780	709.0	22.05
			25	12	23790	710.0	22.08
		10 MHz			23800	711.0	22.14
		TO IVIUS			23780	709.0	22.07
			1	0	23790	710.0	22.18
					23800	711.0	22.15
			1		23780	709.0	22.22
				24	23790	710.0	22.27
					23800	711.0	22.20



Table 10.5.2 Test Reduction Table – LTE

Donal/		Demined	100.1100	action lub		DD	To also al/
Band/	Side	Required	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Danawiatii	modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		18700					Tested
		18900			50	0	Tested
		19100					Tested
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		QPSK			Reduced ¹
		18700				_	Tested
		18900				0	Tested
		19100			1		Tested
		18700				99	Reduced ²
		18900					Reduced ²
	Pools	19100	20 MHz				Reduced ²
	Back	18700			50	0.5	Reduced ³ Reduced ³
		18900 19100	- - -		50	25	Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900		16QAM -	100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100			100	U	Reduced ¹
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100			1	U	Reduced ⁴
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900				99	Reduced ⁴
		19100				00	Reduced ⁴
5			wer bandwidths (15	MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz	, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)		Reduced ⁵
Band 2		18700			50	25	Tested
1850-1910 MHz		18900					Tested
		19100					Tested
		18700		QPSK			Reduced ¹
		18900					Reduced ¹
		19100					Reduced ¹
		18700					Tested
		18900				0	Tested
		19100			1		Tested
		18700			'		Reduced ²
		18900				99	Reduced ²
		19100	20 MHz				Reduced ²
	Right	18700	20 1011 12				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100			1		Reduced ⁴
		18700			l l	00	Reduced ⁴
		18900				99	Reduced ⁴ Reduced ⁴
		19100 All lower bandwidths (15 MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)					
		All 10			, o ividz, 1.4 ividz)		Reduced ⁵
Dodused If the CAD	Lalua in the	50% RR testing is less t		ining sides	dueed new ICDD04100	DE DOE 0\ A\ I\ m	Reduced ⁶

Reduced 1 – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Reduced - When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 79.43 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{1.91})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{67-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=278 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 79.43 mW

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4. Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5. Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I)



Band/	61.	Required			RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
r requericy (Wiriz)		18700			Allocation	Oliset	
					EO	OF	Tested
		18900 19100			50	25	Tested Tested
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100			100	U	Reduced ¹
		18700		QPSK			Tested
		18900				0	Tested
		19100				· ·	Tested
		18700			1		Reduced ²
		18900				99	Reduced ²
		19100	00.1411				Reduced ²
	Back	18700	20 MHz				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700		16QAM -			Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100					Reduced ¹
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100			1		Reduced ⁴
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900				99	Reduced ⁴
		19100	1 1 1 1 1 /45		0.141.		Reduced ⁴
Band 4			ower bandwidths (15 N	MHZ, 10 MHZ, 5 MHZ,	, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)		Reduced ⁵
1710-1755 MHz		18700			50	25	Tested
		18900 19100					Tested
		18700		QPSK	100	0	Tested Reduced ¹
		18900					Reduced ¹
		19100					Reduced ¹
		18700	_				Tested
		18900				0	Tested
		19100				U	Tested
		18700			1		Reduced ²
		18900				99	Reduced ²
		19100					Reduced ²
	Right	18700	20 MHz				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		100414			Reduced ¹
		18700		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100			1		Reduced ⁴
		18700			ı		Reduced⁴
		18900				99	Reduced⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
		All lo		MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz	, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)		Reduced ⁵
			All rema	ining sides			Reduced ⁶

Reduced¹ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴ - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵ - If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 79.43 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{1.755}$)]*50 mm}]+[{67-50 mm}*10]=283 mW which is greater than 79.43 mW



Band/		Required			RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
ricquericy (iiii i=)		20450			7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	O III C C	Tested
		20525			25	12	Tested
		20600					Tested
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600		ODOK			Reduced ¹
		20450		QPSK			Tested
		20525				0	Tested
		20600			1		Tested
		20450			į.		Reduced ²
		20525				24	Reduced ²
		20600	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	Back	20450	10 101112		05		Reduced ³
		20525			25	12	Reduced ³
		20600					Reduced ³
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525		16QAM	50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600					Reduced ¹
		20450	-				Reduced ⁴
		20525				0	Reduced ⁴
		20600			1		Reduced ⁴
		20450				0.4	Reduced ⁴
		20525				24	Reduced ⁴
		20600	All lowe	r bandwidths (5 MHz)			Reduced ⁴ Reduced ⁵
Band 5		20450	All lowe	QPSK -			Reduced ⁶
824-849 MHz		20525	- - - -		25	12	Tested
		20600			25	12	Reduced ⁶
		20450			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20525					Reduced ¹
		20600					Reduced ¹
		20450				0	Reduced ⁶
		20525					Tested
		20600					Reduced ⁶
		20450			1		Reduced ²
		20525				24	Reduced ²
		20600	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	Right	20450	10 IVITZ				Reduced ³
	_	20525			25	12	Reduced ³
		20600					Reduced ³
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		20450		IOQAW			Reduced ⁴
		20525				0	Reduced ⁴
		20600			1		Reduced ⁴
		20450			ı		Reduced ⁴
		20525				24	Reduced ⁴
		20600					Reduced ⁴ Reduced ⁵
		All lower bandwidths (5 MHz)					
			All rema	ining sides			Reduced ⁷

Reduced¹ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4. Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Maximum power: 199.53 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{0.849})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{67-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=332 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 199.53 mW

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I)

page 5.

Reduced⁶- If the SAR value measured on the middle channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 page 4 footnote 2.

Reduced⁷ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.



Band/ Frequency (MHz)	Side	Required Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Allocation	RB Offset	Tested/ Reduced
		23095			25	12	Tested
		23095		ODCK	50	0	Reduced ¹
		23095	10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	Tested
		23095			ı	24	Reduced ²
	Back	23095	10 IVID2	16QAM	25	12	Reduced ³
		23095			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23095			1	0	Reduced⁴
		23095			I	24	Reduced ⁴
Band 13			Reduced ⁵				
777-787 MHz		23095		QPSK	25	12	Tested
777-767 WII 12		23095			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23095			4	0	Tested
		23095	10 MHz		I	24	Reduced ²
	Right	23095	TO MINZ		25	12	Reduced ³
		23095		16QAM	50	0	Reduced ¹
		23095		TOQAIVI	1	0	Reduced ⁴
		23095			I	24	Reduced ⁴
			Reduced ⁵				
			All rema	ining sides			Reduced ⁷

Reduced¹ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁶- If the SAR value measured on the middle channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 page 4 footnote 2.

Reduced⁷ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 199.53 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{0.787})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{67-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=339 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 199.53 mW



Band/	0:4	Required	Dominion del	No advitant	RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		23780					Tested
		23790			25	12	Tested
		23800					Tested
		23780					Reduced ¹
		23790			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23800		QPSK			Reduced ¹
		23780		QFSN			Tested
		23790				0	Tested
		23800			1		Tested
		23780			Į.	24	Reduced ²
		23790					Reduced ²
		23800	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	Back	23780	10 1011 12				Reduced ³
		23790			25	12	Reduced ³
		23800					Reduced ³
		23780		16QAM -			Reduced ¹
		23790			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23800					Reduced ¹
		23780				_	Reduced⁴
		23790				0	Reduced⁴
		23800			1		Reduced⁴
		23780			'		Reduced⁴
		23790				24	Reduced⁴
Band 17		23800					Reduced ⁴
			All lowe	r bandwidths (5 MHz)			Reduced ⁵
704-716 MHz		23780	-		25	12	Reduced ⁶
		23790					Tested
		23800		QPSK -			Reduced ⁶
		23780			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23790					Reduced ¹
		23800					Reduced ¹
		23780				0	Reduced ⁶
		23790					Tested
		23800			1		Reduced ⁶
		23780			•		Reduced ²
		23790				24	Reduced ²
		23800	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	Right	23780					Reduced ³
		23790			25	12	Reduced ³
		23800					Reduced ³
		23780					Reduced ¹
		23790			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23800		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		23780		100/1111			Reduced ⁴
		23790				0	Reduced ⁴
		23800			1		Reduced ⁴
		23780			'		Reduced⁴
		23790				24	Reduced⁴
		23800					Reduced⁴
		All lower bandwidths (5 MHz)					Reduced ⁵
			All rema	ining sides			Reduced ⁷

Reduced¹ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5. Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I)

nane 5

Reduced⁶- If the SAR value measured on the middle channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 page 4 footnote 2.

Reduced⁷ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 199.53 mW Closest Distance to Left: 117.0 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 67.0 mm Closest Distance to Top: 82 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the top and left sides would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{0.716}$)]*50 mm}]+[{67-50 mm}*10]=347 mW which is greater than 199.53 mW



4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Report Number: SAR.20151211

SAR Data Summary - 750 MHz Body - LTE Band 17

MEASUREMENT RESULTS End Frequency BW/ RB RB **MPR** Measured Reported Gap **Plot Position** Power Modulation Size Offset Target SAR (W/kg) SAR (W/kg) Ch. MHz (dBm) 1 710.0 23790 10 MHz/QPSK 1 0 0 23.00 0.392 0.39 Back 0 710.0 23790 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.00 0.218 0.22 mm 710.0 23790 10 MHz/QPSK 1 0 0 23.00 0.147 0.15 Right -----710.0 23790 10 MHz/QPSK 25 0 23.00 0.120 0.12

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Ι.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠Base Station Simula	itor
3.	Test Configuration	With Belt Clip	Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A



4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Report Number: SAR.20151211

SAR Data Summary – 750 MHz Body – LTE Band 13

MEASUREMENT RESULTS End Frequency BW/ RB RB **MPR** Measured Reported Gap **Plot Position** Power Modulation Size Offset Target SAR (W/kg) SAR (W/kg) Ch. MHz (dBm) 2 782.0 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 0 0 23.00 0.721 0.72 Back 0 782.0 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.00 0.577 0.58 0 mm 782.0 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 0 23.00 0.572 0.57 Right 23.00 -----782.0 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 0 1 0.458 0.46

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	☐Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code		nulator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	Without Belt Cli	p 🔀N/A



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body - CDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Modulation	Position	End Power	Reverse Channel	Forward Channel	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	Ollallilei	Onamici	SAIT (W/Kg)	SAIT (W/kg)
	3	817.25	450	CDMA		23.40	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.11	1.27
_		833.01	267	CDMA	Back	23.35	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.00	1.16
mm		848.31	777	CDMA		23.40	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.893	1.03
mm		833.01	267	CDMA	Right	23.35	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.597	0.69
		817.25	450	CDMA	Repeat	23.40	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.08	1.24

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Ι.	SAR Measurement		
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4
	SAR Configuration	Head	⊠Body
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠Base Station Simulator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip ☑N/A
		-	_

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body - GPRS

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Rev Level/ Modulation	Position	End Power	TX Level	Multislot Configuration	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz	Ch.	Wodulation		(dBm)	Level	Comiguration	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	4	824.2	128	GMSK	Back	29.87	5	2 Slot	1.16	1.20
0		836.6	190	GMSK		29.87	5	2 Slot	1.09	1.12
0		848.8	251	GMSK		29.85	5	2 Slot	0.945	0.98
mm		836.6	190	GMSK	Right	29.87	5	2 Slot	0.583	0.60
		824.2	128	GMSK	Repeat	29.87	5	2 Slot	1.11	1.14

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	⊠Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠Base Station Simul	ator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A
		-	-	

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Modulation	Position	End Power		Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
Сар		MHz	Ch.	Modulation		(dBm)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		826.4	4132	WCDMA	Back	22.99	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.918	0.92
	5	836.6	4183	WCDMA		22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.936	0.94
0		846.6	4233	WCDMA		22.99	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.804	0.81
mm		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Right	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.645	0.65
		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Repeat	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.922	0.93

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Ι.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠Base Station Sim	ulator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	Without Belt Clip	N/A
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body – LTE Band 5

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		BW/	RB	RB Offset	MPR	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
-			MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Size	Oliset	Target	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		- Back	829.0	20450	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	22.91	0.812	0.83
			829.0	20450	10 MHz/QPSK	25	0	1	22.76	0.718	0.76
	6		836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	22.97	0.885	0.89
_			836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	0	1	22.85	0.712	0.74
mm			844.0	20600	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	23.00	0.830	0.83
111111			844.0	20600	10 MHz/QPSK	25	0	1	22.97	0.671	0.68
		Dight	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	22.97	0.530	0.53
		Right	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	0	1	22.85	0.403	0.42
		Repeat	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	22.97	0.846	0.85

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement
	Phantom Configuration
	SAR Configuration

☐Left Head ☐Head Test Signal Call Mode
 Test Configuration

☐Test Code ☐With Belt Clip ⊠Base Station Simulator

□ Without Belt Clip

□ N/A

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 1750 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Rev Level/ Modulation	Position	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz	Ch.	Modulation		(dBm)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1712.4	1312	WCDMA	Back	18.88	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.24	1.28
	7	1732.6	1413	WCDMA		18.90	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.27	1.30
		1752.6	1513	WCDMA		18.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.18	1.19
0		1712.4	1312	WCDMA		18.88	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.815	0.84
mm		1732.6	1413	WCDMA	Right	18.90	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.882	0.90
		1752.6	1513	WCDMA		18.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.864	0.87
		1732.6	1413	WCDMA	Repeat	18.90	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.25	1.28

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	ıd
	SAR Configuration	Head	Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠ Base Station Simulator	
3.	Test Configuration	With Belt Clip	Without Belt Clip ⊠N/A	
4	TI' D 41' 41 417'0		<u> </u>	

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 1750 MHz Body – LTE Band 4

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		BW/	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR Target	End Power	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)	
			MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Size	Oliset	rarget	(dBm)	SAN (W/kg)	(VV/Kg)	
		Back	1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	19.00	1.12	1.12	
			1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.81	1.13	1.18	
	8		1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.90	1.24	1.27	
			1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	18.00	1.13	1.13	
			1745.0	20300	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.98	1.16	1.17	
0			1745.0	20300	20 MHz//QPSK	50	0	1	17.91	1.14	1.16	
_			1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	19.00	0.860	0.86	
mm			1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.81	0.868	0.91	
		Right	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.90	0.912	0.93	
		nigiii	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	18.00	0.888	0.89	
			1745.0	20300	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.98	0.909	0.91	
			1745.0	20300	20 MHz//QPSK	50	0	1	17.91	0.928	0.95	
		Repeat	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.90	1.22	1.25	

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement
	Phantom Configuration
	SAR Configuration

Left Head
Head

2. Test Signal Call Mode3. Test Configuration

☐Test Code ☐With Belt Clip ☐ Base Station Simulator ☐ Without Belt Clip

⊠N/A

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body - CDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Modulation	Position	End Power	Reverse Channel	Forward Channel	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	Chamile	Chamile	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1851.25	25	CDMA		18.70	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.19	1.28
•	9	1880.00	600	CDMA	Back	18.70	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.23	1.32
0		1908.75	1175	CDMA		18.71	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.15	1.23
0		1851.25	25	CDMA		18.70	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.850	0.91
mm		1880.00	600	CDMA	Right	18.70	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.815	0.87
-		1908.75	1175	CDMA		18.71	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.761	0.81
		1880.00	600	CDMA	Repeat	18.70	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.21	1.30

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	d
	SAR Configuration	Head	Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠ Base Station Simulator	
3.	Test Configuration	With Belt Clip	Without Belt Clip ⊠N/A	
4	TI' D 41' 41 417'0			

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body - GPRS

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Rev Level/ Modulation	Position	End Power	TX Level	Multislot Configuration	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz	Ch.	Wodulation		(dBm)	Level	Comiguration	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	10	1850.2	512	GMSK	Back	24.96	0	2 Slot	1.21	1.22
_		1880.0	661	GMSK		24.91	0	2 Slot	1.13	1.15
0		1909.8	810	GMSK		24.95	0	2 Slot	1.01	1.02
mm		1880.0	661	GMSK	Right	24.91	0	2 Slot	0.658	0.67
		1850.2	512	GMSK	Repeat	24.96	0	2 Slot	1.19	1.20

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	⊠Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠Base Station Simulator	or
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip ∑	〗N/A
		-	-	

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Rev Level/ Modulation	Position	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz Ch.	Ch.	Wodulation	ition	(dBm)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1852.4	9262	WCDMA	Back	18.92	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.25	1.27
	11	1880.0	9400	WCDMA		18.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.27	1.28
_		1907.6	9538	WCDMA		18.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.23	1.24
0		1852.4	9262	WCDMA		18.92	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.871	0.89
mm		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Right	18.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.828	0.83
-		1907.6	9538	WCDMA		18.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.807	0.82
		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Repeat	18.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.25	1.26

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	d
	SAR Configuration	Head	Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠ Base Station Simulator	
3.	Test Configuration	With Belt Clip	Without Belt Clip N/A	
4	T' D 41 ' 41 4150			

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body – LTE Band 2

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequ	iency	BW/ Modulation	RB	RB	MPR	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
			MHz	Ch.		Size	Offset	Target	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.98	1.16	1.17	
			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	0	17.89	1.13	1.16	
	12	Back	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.97	1.21	1.22	
			1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.91	1.11	1.13	
			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.94	1.19	1.21	
0			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.92	1.15	1.17	
mm			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.98	0.856	0.86	
111111			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	0	17.89	0.869	0.89	
		Right	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.97	0.828	0.83	
		- Right	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.91	0.826	0.84	
			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.94	0.802	0.81	
			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	17.92	0.806	0.82	
		Repeat	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	18.97	1.19	1.20	

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

Left Head
Head

⊠Eli4 ⊠Body

Right Head

Test Signal Call Mode
 Test Configuration

☐Test Code ☐With Belt Clip ⊠N/A

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



Back

Top

Left

2402

2402

2402

1

1

Report Number: SAR.20151211

SAR Data Summary – 2450 MHz Body 802.11b and Bluetooth

GFSK

GFSK

GFSK

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Gap	Plot	Position	Freque	uency Modulation Antenna	Antonna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR			
Сар	FIOL	1 03111011	MHz	Ch.	wodalation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
		Back	2437	6	DSSS		18.00	0.0338	0.03		
		Top	2437	6	DSSS	Main	18.00	0.0191	0.02		
		Left	2437	6	DSSS		18.00	0.0246	0.02		
0	13	Back	2437	6	OFDM	Ausz	17.98	0.0564	0.06		
mm		Right	2437	6	OFDM	Aux	17.98	0.0383	0.04		

Main

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

0.00422

0.00238

0.00307

< 0.01

<0.01

<0.01

8.26

8.26

8.26

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Sin	nulator
3.	Test Configuration		☐Without Belt Cli	p N/A
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		

In M. Marillan



SAR Data Summary - 5250 MHz Body 802.11a

ME	MEASUREMENT RESULTS												
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR				
Сар			MHz	Ch.	Wodulation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)				
0 mm		Back	5280	56	OFDM		15.96	0.735	0.74				
	14		5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.749	0.75				
		Top	5300	60	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.370	0.37				
		Left	5280	56	OFDM		15.96	0.609	0.62				
			5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.604	0.60				
		Back	5300	60	OFDM	Ausz	16.00	0.245	0.25				
		Riaht	5300	60	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.180	0.18				

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Ι.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simu	ılator
3.	Test Configuration		☐Without Belt Clip	$\sum N/A$
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – 5600 MHz Body 802.11a

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR			
		rosition	MHz	Ch.	Wodulation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
		Back	5580	116	OFDM		16.00	0.919	0.92			
	15		5620	124	OFDM		16.00	0.933	0.93			
		Тор	5580	116	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.468	0.47			
_			5620	124	OFDM		16.00	0.474	0.47			
0 mm		Loft	5580	116	OFDM		16.00	0.751	0.75			
		Left	5620	124	OFDM		16.00	0.782	0.78			
		Back	5620	124	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.212	0.21			
		Right	5620	124	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.172	0.17			
		Repeat	5620	124	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.927	0.93			

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	_
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Sir	nulator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Cl	ip N/A
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – 5800 MHz Body 802.11a

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR			
			MHz	Ch.	Wodulation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
		Back	5785	157	OFDM		16.00	0.805	0.81			
	16		5825	165	OFDM		16.00	0.836	0.84			
		Top	5785	157	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.398	0.40			
0		Left	5785	157	OFDM		16.00	0.704	0.70			
mm			5825	165	OFDM		16.00	0.744	0.74			
		Back	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.209	0.21			
		Right	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.169	0.17			
		Repeat	5825	165	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.825	0.83			

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simu	lator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		

Tissue Depth is at least 13.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 900 MHz Extremity RFID – MS2 Micro

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gan	Plot	Desition	Frequency		Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
Gap		Position	MHz	Ch.	Woddiation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		Back	917.4	Low	FHSS		29.92	3.02	3.08
	18		922.4	Mid	FHSS		29.96	3.94	3.98
			927.2	High	FHSS		29.89	2.99	3.07
0		Left	922.4	Mid	FHSS	Main	29.96	0.421	0.43
mm		Right	922.4	Mid	FHSS	IVIAITI	29.96	0.442	0.45
		Top	922.4	Mid	FHSS		29.96	1.32	1.33
		Repeat #1	922.4	Mid	FHSS		29.96	3.86	3.90
		Repeat #2	922.4	Mid	FHSS		29.96	3.91	3.95

Extremity
4.0 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 10 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simu	ılator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	$\sum N/A$
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		

Tibbue Depui is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Transmit (WWAN-WLAN Main)

MEASUREMENT RESULTS						
Plot	Position	SAR (W/kg) WLA	AN	SAR (W/kg) WWAN	Total SAR (W/kg)	
	Back	0.93		1.32	2.25	
			Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

The WWAN and WLAN Main antennas are a minimum of 112.85 mm apart. Using the highest reported SAR to calculate the simultaneous Tx using peak separation ratio, the highest ratio would be 0.03 which meets the requirements of KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 3) on page 13. The calculation is shown below.

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$ rounded to two digits

 $(0.93 + 1.32)^{1.5}/112.85 = 0.03$

SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Transmit (WWAN-WLAN Aux)

MEASUREMENT RESULTS					
Plot	Position	SAR (W/kg) WLAN	SAR (W/kg) WWAN	Total SAR (W/kg)	
	Back	0.25	1.32	1.57	
			Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram		

The sum of the two transmitters is less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission meets the requirements of KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 page 11.



SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Transmit (RFID) – MS2 Micro

MEASUREMENT RESULTS					
Plot	Transmitter	SAR (W/kg) WLAN/WWAN	SAR (W/kg) RFID	Total SAR (W/kg)	
	WWAN	0.81	3.98	4.79	
	WLAN Main	0.16	3.98	4.14	
	WLAN Aux	0.02	3.98	4.00	
			F. dun		

Extremity
4.0 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 10 gram

The RFID and WWAN hotspots are a minimum of 132 mm apart. Using the highest reported SAR to calculate the simultaneous Tx using peak separation ratio, the highest ratio would be 0.08 which meets the requirements of KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 3) on page 13. The calculation is shown below.

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.10$ rounded to two digits

$$(0.81 + 3.98)^{1.5}/132 = 0.08$$

The location of the hotspot for the RFID is (12,5). The location of the hotspot for the WWAN is (65,-116). The calculation for the distance between the hotspots is as follows:

$$z = \sqrt{(x^2 + y^2)} = \sqrt{[(65-12)^2 + (5-\{-116\})^2]} = 132.09$$

The RFID and WLAN Main hotspots are a minimum of 92 mm apart. Using the highest reported SAR to calculate the simultaneous Tx using peak separation ratio, the highest ratio would be 0.09 which meets the requirements of KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 3) on page 13. The calculation is shown below.

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.10$ rounded to two digits

$$(0.16 + 3.98)^{1.5}/92 = 0.09$$

The location of the hotspot for the RFID is (12,5). The location of the hotspot for the WiFi is (-78,26). The calculation for the distance between the hotspots is as follows:

$$z = \sqrt{(x^2 + y^2)} = \sqrt{(12-(-78))^2 + (26-5)^2} = 92.42$$

The sum of the two transmitters (RFID and WLAN Aux) is less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission meets the requirements of KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 page 11.

All three transmitters can transmit simultaneously. Each pair is evaluated individually per KDB447498 v06 section 4.3.2 c) on page 15.



11. Test Equipment List

Table 11.1 Equipment Specifications

Туре	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number
Staubli Robot TX60L	N/A	N/A	F07/55M6A1/A/01
Measurement Controller CS8c	N/A	N/A	1012
ELI4 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	1065
ELI4 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	1251
Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	04/15/2016	04/15/2015	1416
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	01/14/2017	01/14/2016	1321
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	08/13/2016	08/13/2015	759
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	08/17/2017	08/17/2016	759
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	04/27/2016	04/27/2015	3662
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	04/27/2017	04/27/2016	3662
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	01/27/2017	01/27/2016	3833
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	08/20/2016	08/20/2015	3693
Speag Validation Dipole D750V2	08/10/2016	08/10/2015	1053
Speag Validation Dipole D835V2	08/10/2016	08/10/2015	4d131
Speag Validation Dipole D900V2	08/10/2017	08/10/2015	1d128
Speag Validation Dipole D1750V2	08/13/2016	08/13/2015	1061
Speag Validation Dipole D1900V2	08/13/2016	08/13/2015	5d147
Speag Validation Dipole D2450V2	08/10/2016	08/10/2015	881
Speag Validation Dipole D5GHzV2	08/11/2016	08/11/2015	1119
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	05/20/2017	05/20/2015	GB45100254
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	06/25/2017	06/25/2015	MY45240464
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2904A00595
Agilent (HP) 8960 Base Station Sim.	03/31/2017	03/31/2015	MY48360364
Anritsu MT8820C	07/28/2017	07/28/2015	6201176199
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011
Body Equivalent Matter (750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (835/900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (1750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (5 GHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A



12. Conclusion

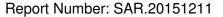
The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC/IC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



13. References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 1992, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [4] International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 62209-2 (Edition 1.0), Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body mounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010.
- [5] IEEE Standard 1528 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.
- [6] Industry Canada, RSS 102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2015.
- [7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.





Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

```
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Wed 30/Dec/2015
Freq Frequency (GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
*****
Freq FCC_sB FCC_sB Test_s 0.7000 55.73 0.96 54.98 0.89 0.7090 55.694 0.96 54.92 0.90 0.7110 55.686 0.96 54.915 0.901* 0.7200 55.65 0.96 54.87 0.91 0.7300 55.61 0.96 54.81 0.92 0.7400 55.57 0.96 54.87 0.93 0.7500 55.53 0.96 54.62 0.95 0.7700 55.45 0.96 54.58 0.96 0.7800 55.41 0.97 54.55 0.972* 0.7820 55.38 0.97 54.55 0.972* 0.7900 55.38 0.97 54.50 0.98
Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
* value interpolated
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Tue 29/Dec/2015
Freq Frequency (GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
*****
```

^{*} value interpolated



```
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
 Mon 28/Dec/2015
 Freq Frequency (GHz)
 FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
 FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
  FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
  FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
  Test_e Epsilon of UIM
  Test_s Sigma of UIM
  **********
                        FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s 53.59 1.45 52.89 1.51
 Freq
                                 53.56 1.46 52.85 1.52

      1.7000
      53.56
      1.46
      52.85
      1.52

      1.7100
      53.54
      1.46
      52.81
      1.53

      1.7124
      53.533
      1.462
      52.803
      1.532*

      1.7200
      53.51
      1.47
      52.78
      1.54

      1.7300
      53.48
      1.48
      52.74
      1.55

      1.7325
      53.475
      1.48
      52.73
      1.55*

      1.7326
      53.475
      1.48
      52.73
      1.55*

      1.7400
      53.46
      1.48
      52.70
      1.55

      1.7450
      53.445
      1.485
      52.69
      1.555*

      1.7500
      53.43
      1.49
      52.68
      1.56*

      1.7526
      53.425
      1.49
      52.675
      1.56*

      1.7600
      53.31
      1.49
      52.66
      1.56*

      1.7700
      53.38
      1.50
      52.65
      1.57

      1.7800
      53.33
      1.51
      52.58
      1.59

 1.7000
 * value interpolated
  Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
 Mon 21/Dec/2015
 Freq Frequency (GHz)
 FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
 FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
 FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
 FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
 Test_e Epsilon of UIM
 Test_s Sigma of UIM

        Freq
        FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s

        1.8500
        53.30 1.52 53.27 1.49

        1.8502
        53.30 1.52 53.27 1.49*

        1.8513
        53.30 1.52 53.267 1.491*

        1.8524
        53.30 1.52 53.265 1.492*

        1.8600
        53.30 1.52 53.25 1.50

        1.8700
        53.30 1.52 53.23 1.51

        1.8800
        53.30 1.52 53.21 1.52

        1.8900
        53.30 1.52 53.19 1.53

        1.9076
        53.30 1.52 53.15 1.548*

        1.9088
        53.30 1.52 53.15 1.55*

        1.9100
        53.30 1.52 53.15 1.55*

        1.9200
        53.30 1.52 53.14 1.57

        1.9300
        53.30 1.52 53.12 1.58

 Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
1.9100
1.9200
1.9300
                                   53.30 1.52 53.12 1.58
```

^{*} value interpolated



^{*} value interpolated



Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Fri 18/Dec/2015 Freq Frequency (GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM ********** FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s 49.15 5.18 49.22 5.10 49.12 5.21 49.19 5.12 Freq 5.1000 5.1200 49.10 5.23 49.16 5.14 5.1400

^{*} value interpolated



```
*************
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Sat 19/Mar/2016
Freq Frequency (GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
**********
              FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
52.76 1.90 52.73 1.91
52.758 1.902 52.726 1.912*
52.75 1.91 52.71 1.92
52.74 1.92 52.69 1.93
52.73 1.93 52.68 1.94
52.71 1.94 52.66 1.95
52.70 1.95 52.64 1.96
52.69 1.96 52.63 1.98
Freq
2.4000
2.4020
2.4100
2.4300
2.4400
2.4500
2.4600
                    52.69 1.96 52.63 1.98

      2.4700
      52.67
      1.98
      52.61
      1.99

      2.4800
      52.66
      1.99
      52.60
      2.00

* value interpolated
*****************
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Wed 30/Nov/2016
Freq Frequency (GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
 ************
              FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
55.09 1.01 54.92 1.02
55.06 1.03 54.88 1.04
55.03 1.04 54.85 1.05
0.8700
0.8800
0.8900
0.9000
                    55.00 1.05 54.83 1.07

      0.9000
      55.00
      1.05
      54.83
      1.07

      0.9100
      55.00
      1.06
      54.80
      1.08

      0.9174
      54.993
      1.06
      54.778
      1.087*

      0.9200
      54.99
      1.06
      54.77
      1.09

      0.9223
      54.985
      1.062
      54.763
      1.095*

      0.9272
      54.976
      1.067
      54.748
      1.104*

      0.9300
      54.97
      1.07
      54.74
      1.11

      0.9400
      54.95
      1.07
      54.72
      1.12

      0.9500
      54.93
      1.08
      54.69
      1.13

      0.9600
      54.91
      1.08
      54.64
      1.15
```

^{*} value interpolated



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1053

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.94 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.92, 8.92, 8.92); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

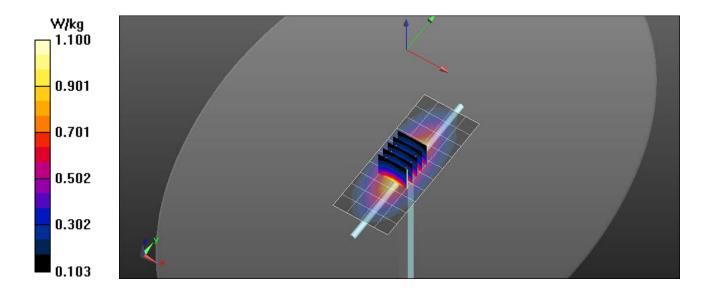
750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg

750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

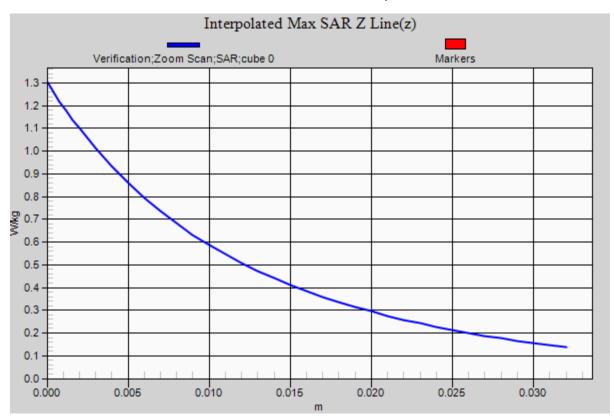
Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.865 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d131

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.37$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/29/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.86, 8.86, 8.86); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

835 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg

835 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

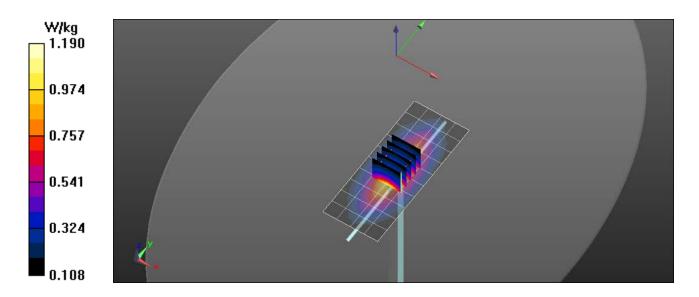
Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

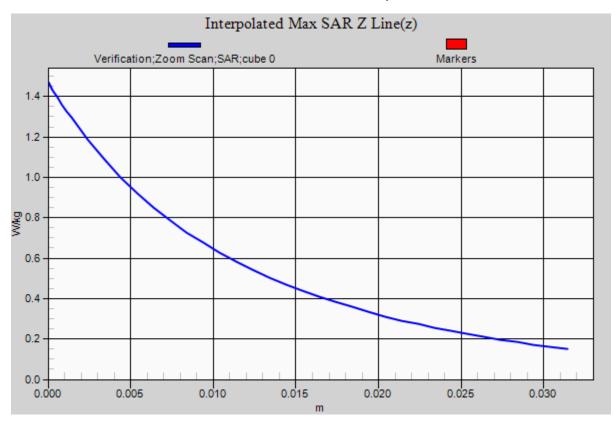
SAR(1 g) = 0.943 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.619 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz, σ = 1.56 S/m; ε_r = 52.68; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/28/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

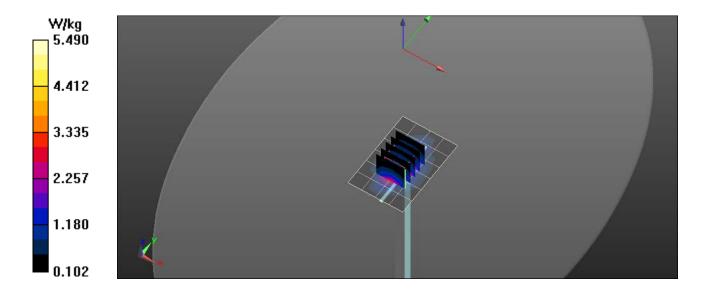
Procedure Notes:

1750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.33 W/kg

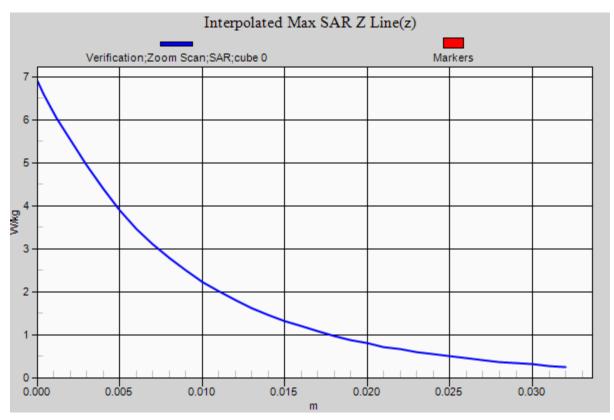
1750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.49 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d147

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz, σ = 1.54 S/m; ε_r = 53.17; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/21/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.31, 7.31, 7.31); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

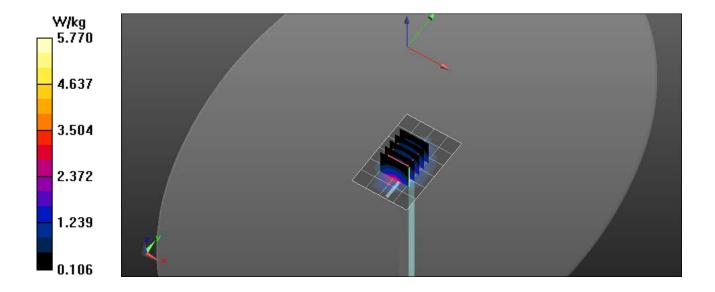
Procedure Notes:

1900 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.44 W/kg

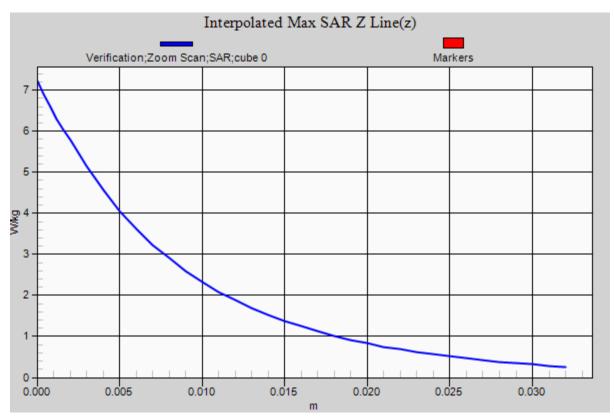
1900 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.77 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 5

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 881

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.77$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/17/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

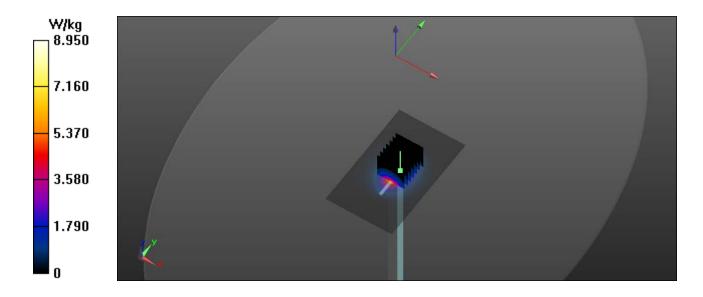
Body Verification/2450 MHz/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.92 W/kg

Body Verification/2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

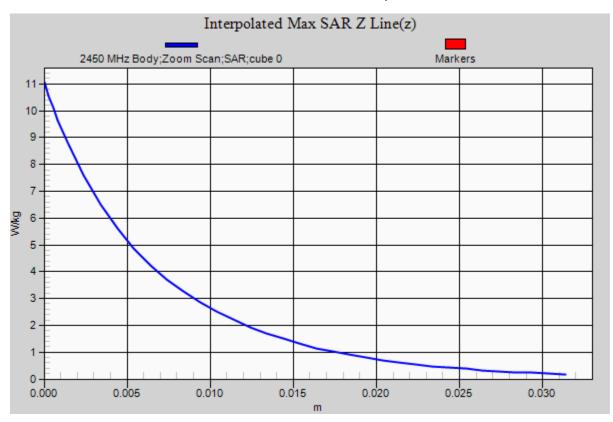
Reference Value = 53.359 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.79 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 6

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.21 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 49.07$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/18/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

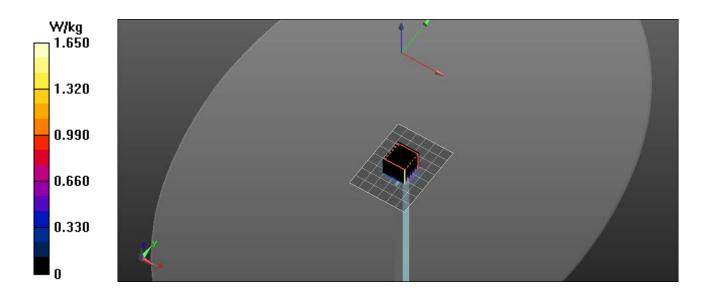
5200 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.58 W/kg

5200 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

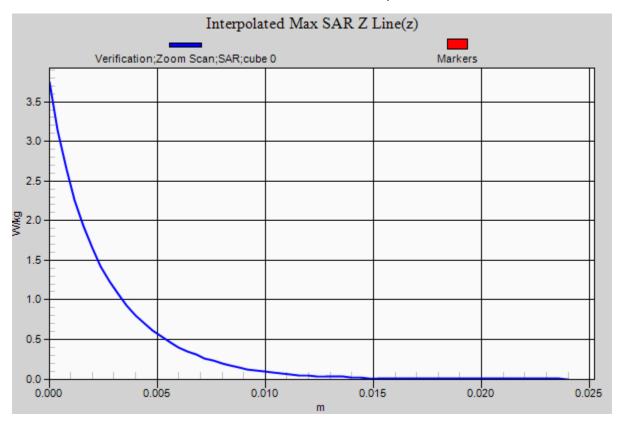
Reference Value = 11.705 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.763 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.65 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 7

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.73$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.47$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/18/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

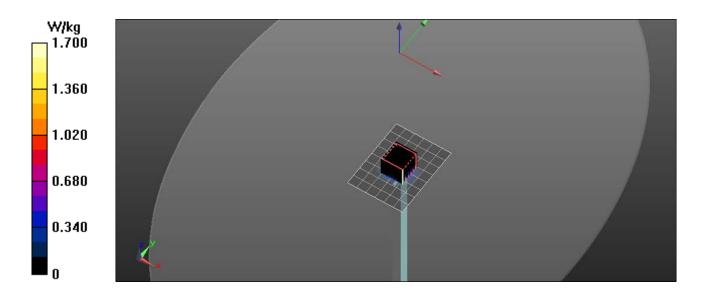
5600 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.64 W/kg

5600 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

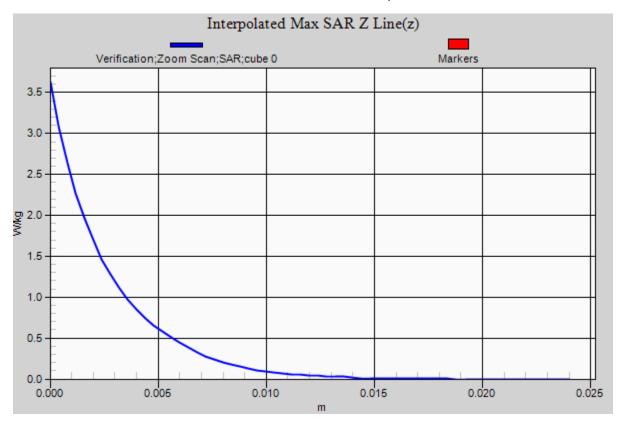
Reference Value = 11.892 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.783 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 8

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.99$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.17$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/18/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(3.99, 3.99, 3.99); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

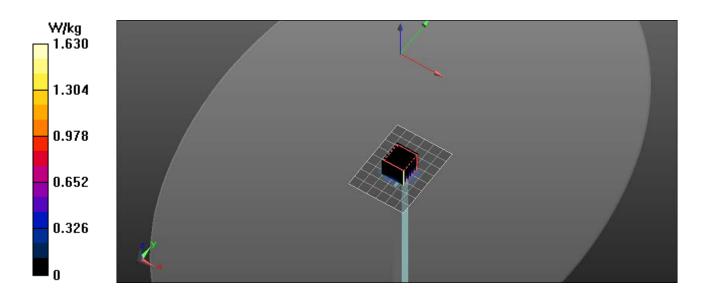
5800 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg

5800 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

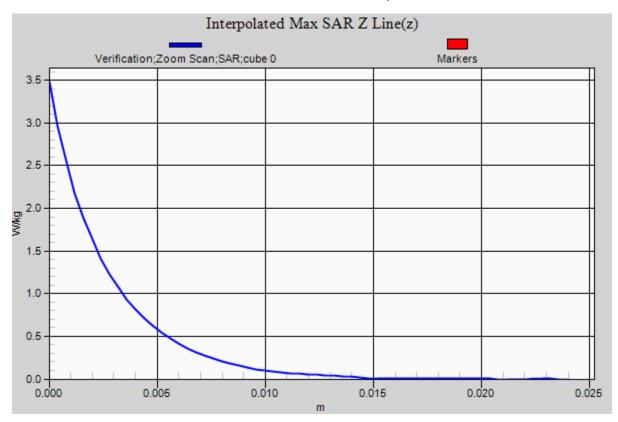
Reference Value = 11.621 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.749 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 9

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:881

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.64$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 3/19/2016; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(6.87, 6.87, 6.87); Calibrated: 1/27/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 1/14/2016 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

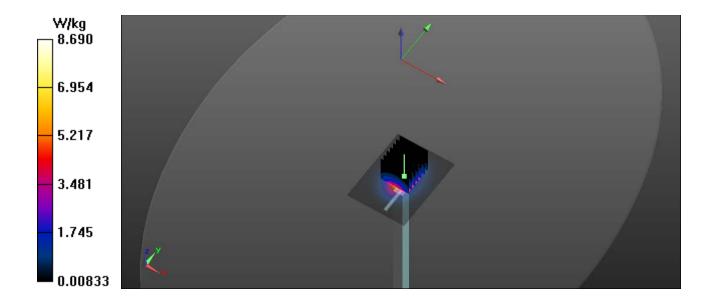
2450 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.68 W/kg

2450 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

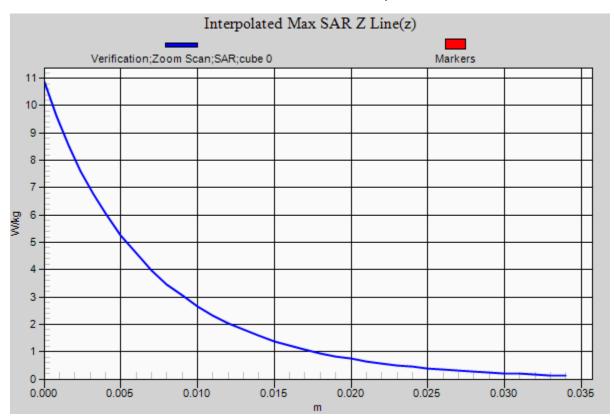
Reference Value = 55.751 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.91 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 10

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz D900V2; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 1d128

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900; Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; σ = 1.07 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.83; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 11/30/2016; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.94, 8.94, 8.94); Calibrated: 4/27/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/17/2016 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

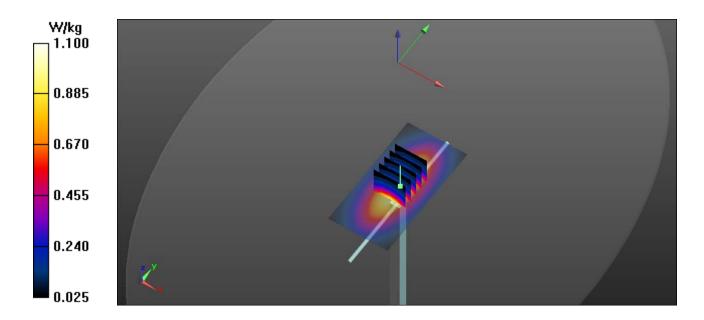
900 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 W/kg

900 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

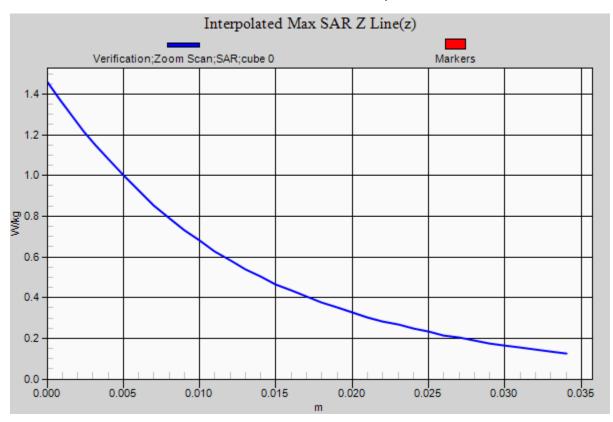
Reference Value = 33.592 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.621 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg









Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 710 MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

750 MHz LTE B17/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.402 W/kg

750 MHz LTE B17/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

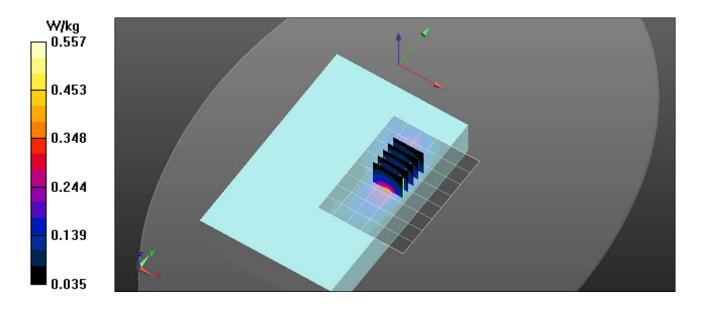
Reference Value = 20.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.728 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.392 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.557 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 782 MHz; $\sigma = 0.972 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.556$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

750 MHz LTE B13/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.743 W/kg

750 MHz LTE B13/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

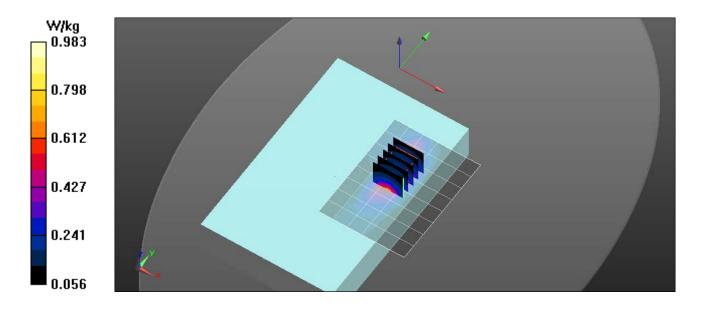
Reference Value = 22.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.721 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.414 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.983 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: CDMA2000 (1xRTT); Frequency: 817.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 817.25 MHz; $\sigma = 0.952$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.292$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/29/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.86, 8.86, 8.86); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

835 MHz CDMA/Back Low/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg

835 MHz CDMA/Back Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

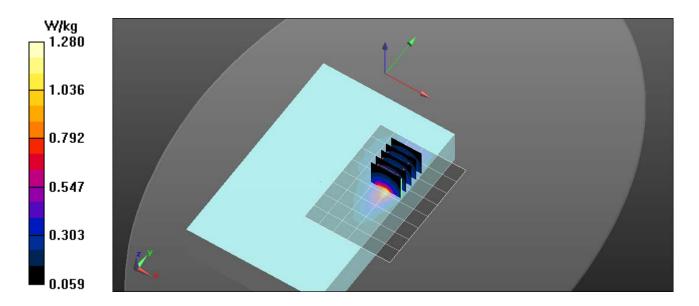
Reference Value = 26.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.585 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: GPRS 2-Slot (GMSK); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.00037

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.375$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.86, 8.86, 8.86); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

835 MHz GSM/Back Mid/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg

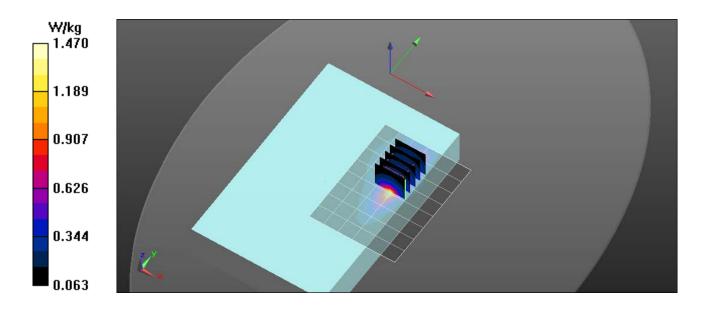
835 MHz GSM/Back Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.596 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 5

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.982 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.375; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.86, 8.86, 8.86); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

835 MHz WCDMA/Back Mid/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg

835 MHz WCDMA/Back Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

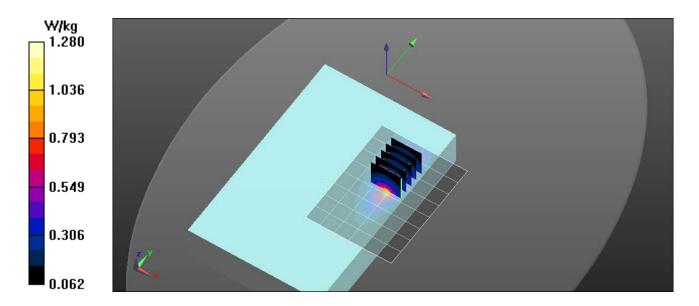
Reference Value = 28.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.936 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.521 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 6

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.982$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.375$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/29/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.86, 8.86, 8.86); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

850 MHz LTE/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg

850 MHz LTE/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

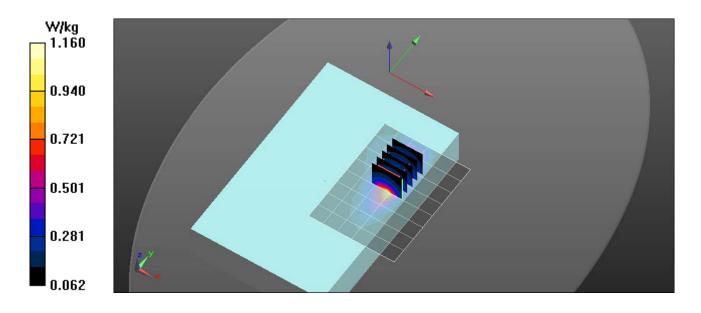
Reference Value = 29.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.885 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.497 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 7

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.73$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/28/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1750 MHz WCDMA/Back Mid/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.23 W/kg

1750 MHz WCDMA/Back Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

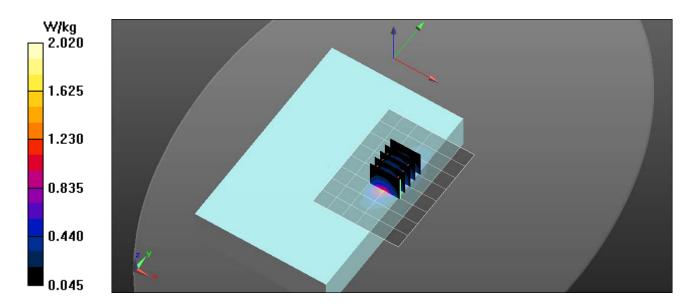
Reference Value = 34.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.704 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.02 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 8

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.55 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.73; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/28/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1750 MHz LTE/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.22 W/kg

1750 MHz LTE/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

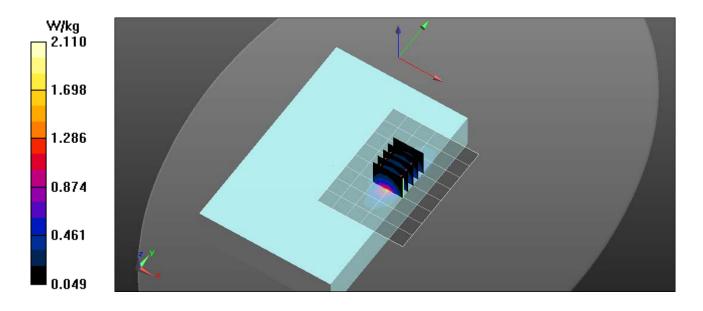
Reference Value = 36.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.746 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.11 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 9

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: CDMA2000 (1xRTT); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 S/m; ε_r = 53.21; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/22/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.31, 7.31, 7.31); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

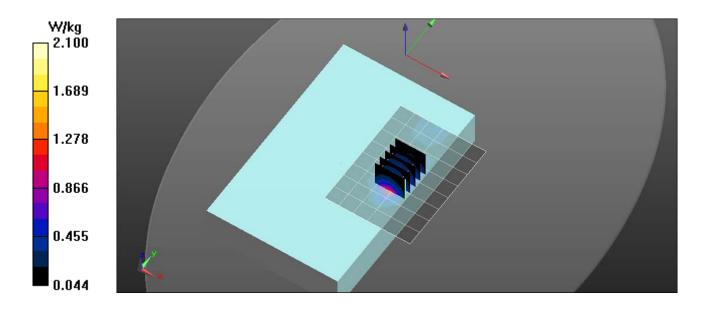
1900 MHz CDMA/Back Mid/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.07 W/kg

1900 MHz CDMA/Back Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.774 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.10 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 10

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: GPRS 2-Slot (GMSK); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.00037

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.27$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/23/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.31, 7.31, 7.31); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1900 MHz GSM/Back Low/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.80 W/kg

1900 MHz GSM/Back Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

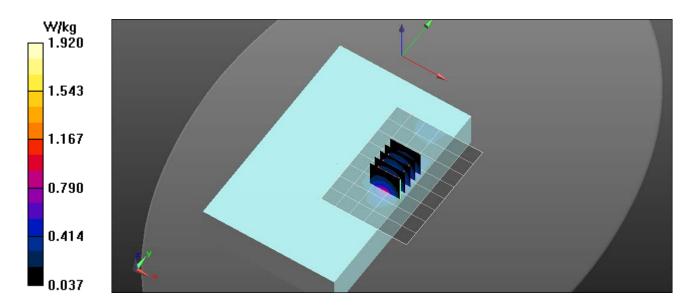
Reference Value = 32.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.714 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.92 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 11

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 S/m; ε_r = 53.21; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/22/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.31, 7.31, 7.31); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

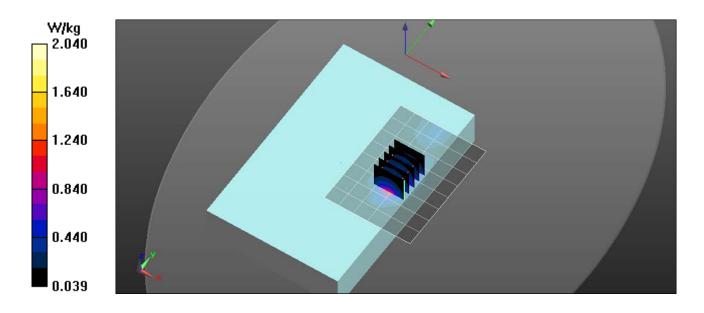
1900 MHz WCDMA/Back Mid/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.05 W/kg

1900 MHz WCDMA/Back Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.748 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.04 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 12

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.21$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/23/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.31, 7.31, 7.31); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1900 MHz LTE/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.01 W/kg

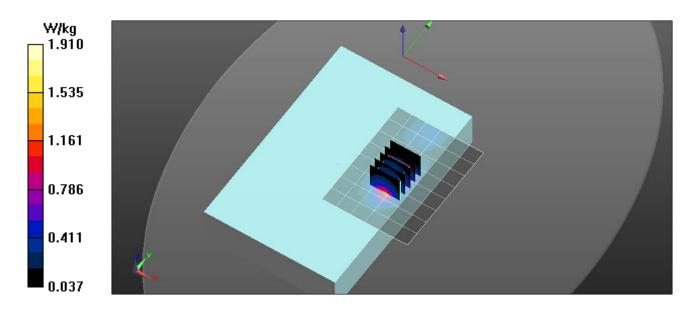
1900 MHz LTE/Back Mid 1RB 0 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 33.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.720 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.91 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 13

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: WiFi 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.907$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.796$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/17/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

2.4 GHz/Primary Back 6/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0269 W/kg

2.4 GHz/Primary Back 6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

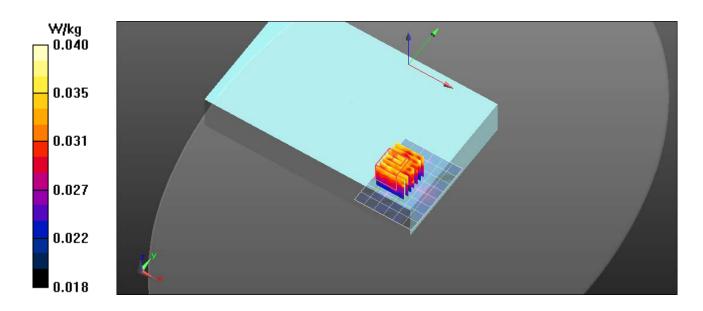
Reference Value = 3.430 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0400 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0395 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 14

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.33$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/18/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

5.2 GHz/Primary Back 60/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 W/kg

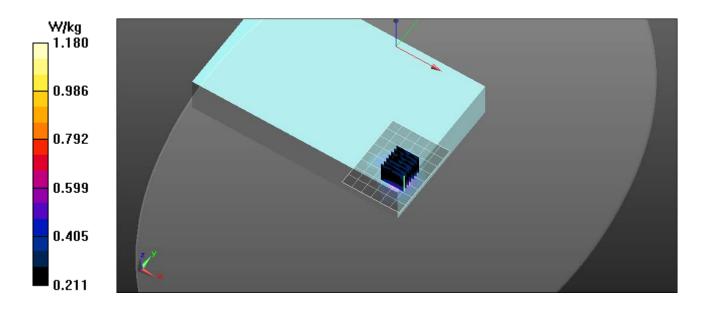
5.2 GHz/Primary Back 60/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 10.81 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.87 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.749 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 15

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5620 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5620 MHz; $\sigma = 5.75$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.44$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/18/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

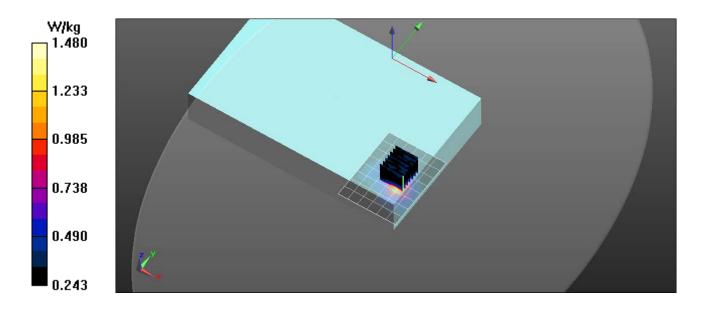
5.6 GHz/Primary Back 124/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg

5.6 GHz/Primary Back 124/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 11.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.933 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.48 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 16

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5825 MHz; $\sigma = 6.025$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.133$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/18/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(3.99, 3.99, 3.99); Calibrated: 4/27/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

5.8 GHz/Primary Back 165/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg

5.8 GHz/Primary Back 165/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

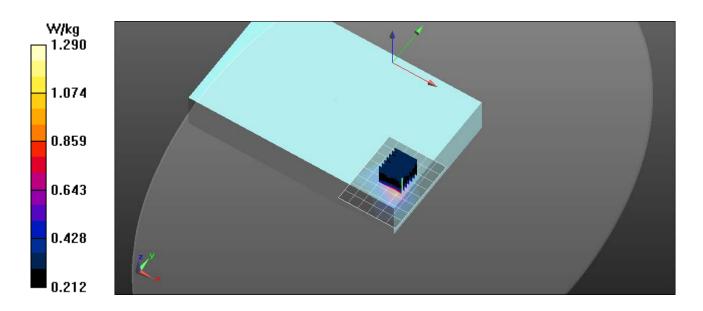
Reference Value = 10.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.84 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.836 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 17

DUT: MS2GCR; Type: Tablet Computer; Serial: MS2P41

Communication System: FM; Frequency: 922.3 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 922.3 MHz; $\sigma = 1.095 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.763$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 11/30/2016; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.94, 8.94, 8.94); Calibrated: 4/27/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/17/2016 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

RFID NA/Back/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.09 W/kg

RFID NA/Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

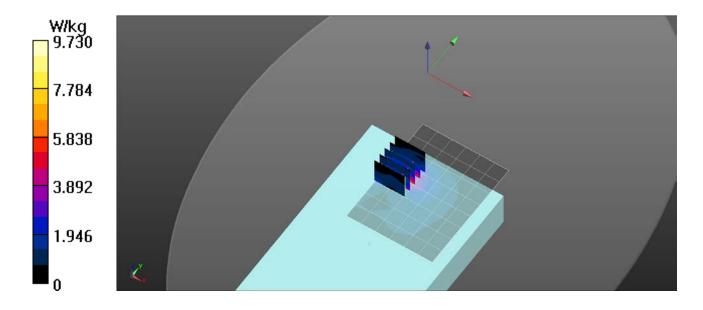
Reference Value = 39.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.4 W/kg

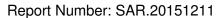
SAR(1 g) = 7.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.94 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.73 W/kg









Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos



Test Position Back 0 mm Gap





Test Position Left 0 mm Gap





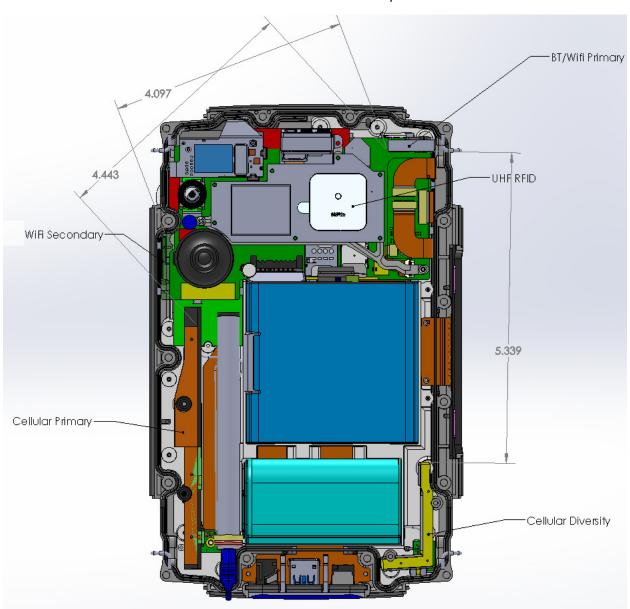
Test Position Right 0 mm Gap





Test Position Top 0 mm Gap





Antenna Locations





Front of Device





Back of Device



Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: EX3-3662_Apr15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3662**

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: April 27, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Certificate No: EX3-3662_Apr15

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration			
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16			
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16			
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16			
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16			
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16			
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15			
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16			
O Chandanda	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check			
Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16			
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15			

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: April 28, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques". June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:3662 April 27, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3662

Manufactured: Calibrated:

October 20, 2008 April 27, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Basic Calibration Parameters

Dasic Cambration Fara	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.44	0.47	0.52	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	101.9	95.6	97.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	153.2	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		140.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		142.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3662 April 27, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
150	52.3	0.76	10.87	10.87	10.87	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
220	49.0	0.81	11.06	11.06	11.06	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
450	43.5	0.87	10.63	10.63	10.63	0.16	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.42	9.42	9.42	0.23	1.33	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.00	9.00	9.00	0.34	0.93	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.79	8.79	8.79	0.21	1.31	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.76	7.76	7.76	0.19	1.18	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.48	7.48	7.48	0.34	0.85	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.95	6.95	6.95	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.84	6.84	6.84	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CopyE uncertainty for indicated tarret tissue parameters

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3662 April 27, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
150	61.9	0.80	10.83	10.83	10.83	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
220	60.2	0.86	10.42	10.42	10.42	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
450	56.7	0.94	10.37	10.37	10.37	0.08	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	8.92	8.92	8.92	0.25	1.26	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	8.86	8.86	8.86	0.41	0.88	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.59	8.59	8.59	0.35	1.07	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.49	7.49	7.49	0.25	1.07	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.31	7.31	7.31	0.37	0.89	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.34	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.84	6.84	6.84	0.34	0.90	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.30	4.30	4.30	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.89	3.89	3.89	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.80	3.80	3.80	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.99	3.99	3.99	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

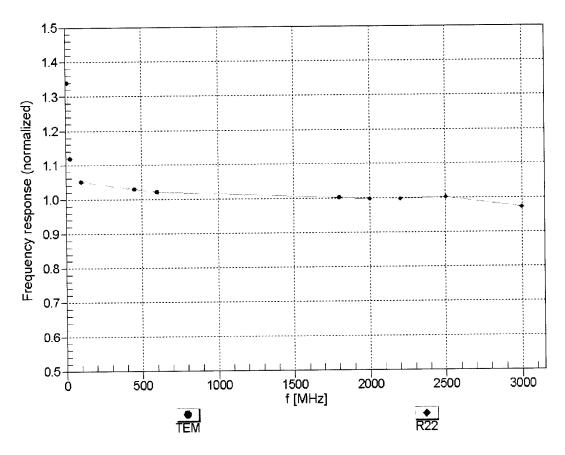
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

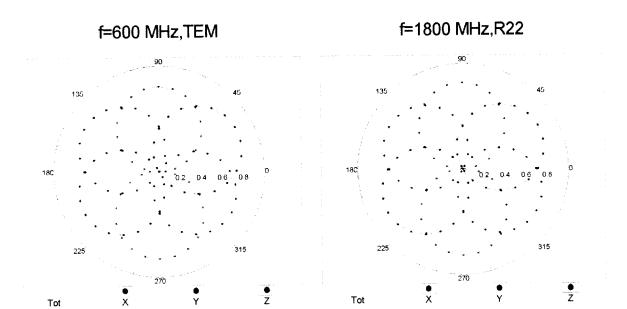
Certificate No: EX3-3662_Apr15 Page 6 of 11

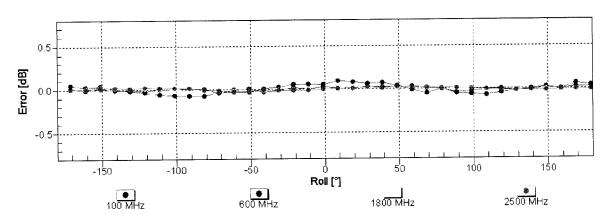
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

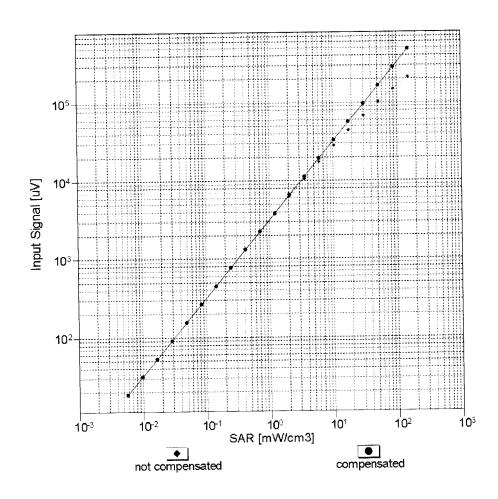
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

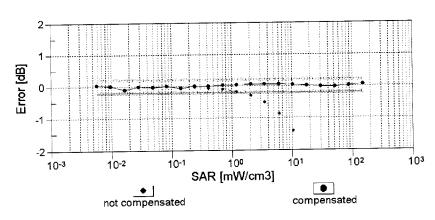




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

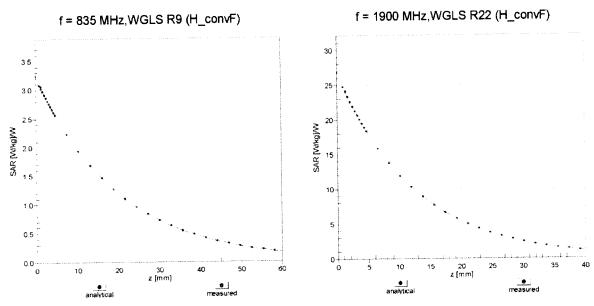
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



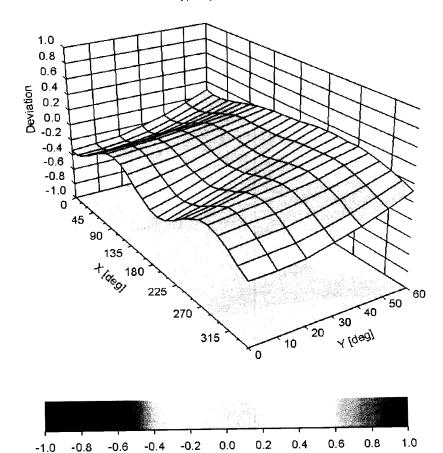


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)