

MET Laboratories, Inc. Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation 914 WEST PATAPSCO AVENUE ! BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21230-3432 ! PHONE (410) 354-3300 ! FAX (410) 354-3313

February 1, 2008

NEC America, Inc. 6535 N. State Highway 161 Irving, TX 750392402

Dear Mark Cowles,

Enclosed is the Telecom test report for compliance testing of the NEC America, Inc., MDP-28MB5T-1A/D as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B for a Class B Digital Device and Subpart C for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours, MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Sanchez

Documentation Department

Reference: (\NEC America, Inc.\EMC23942B-FCC247)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

NEC America, Inc. Model MDP-28MB5T-1A/D

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.247, Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC23942B-FCC247

February 1, 2008

Prepared For:

NEC America, Inc. 6535 N. State Highway 161 Irving, TX 750392402

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 W. Patapsco Ave Baltimore, MD 21230

MDP-28MB5T-1A/D

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Dusmantha Tennakoon, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Jennifer Sanchez
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of Part 15.247, of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

Shawn McMillen, Wireless Manager Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	February 1, 2008	Initial Issue.

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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current			
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor			
Cal	Calibration			
d	Measurement Distance			
dB	Decibels			
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp			
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt			
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter			
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter			
DC	Direct Current μ			
E	Electric Field			
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line			
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge			
EUT	Equipment Under Test			
f	Frequency			
FCC	Federal Communications Commission			
GR-1089-CORE	(GR) General Requirement(s) imposed by the NEBS standard, (CORE) Central Office Recovery Express (AT&T), (1089) specifies various parts of the General Requirements under Bellcore Technical Standard, Requirements for Electromagnetic Compatibility and Electrical Safety - Generic Criteria for Network Telecommunications Equipment			
GRP	Ground Reference Plane			
Н	Magnetic Field			
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane			
Hz	Hertz			
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission			
kHz	kilohertz			
kPa	kilopascal			
kV	kilovolt			
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network			
MHz	Megahertz			
μ H	microhenry			
μ	microfarad			
μs	microseconds			
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System			
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency			
RF	Radio Frequency			
RMS	Root-Mean-Square			
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube			
V/m	Volts per meter			
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane			

I. Executive Summary

A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the NEC America, Inc. MDP-28MB5T-1A/D, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the MDP-28MB5T-1A/D. NEC America, Inc. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the MDP-28MB5T-1A/D, has been **permanently** discontinued

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference	RSS-210 and RSS-GEN	Description	Results				
	Transmitter Mode (TX)						
§15.207	6.6	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant				
§15.203/15.247(c)	A8.4	Antenna Requirement Comp					
§15.247(a)	A8.2	6dB Occupied Bandwidth Comp					
§15.247(b)	A8.4	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Comp					
§15.247(d), §15.205, §15.209	A8.5	Spurious Radiated and Conducted Emissions Compl					
§15.247(e)	A8.2/RSS-102	Peak Power Spectral Density and RF Exposure	Compliant				
Receiver Mode (RX)							
15.107	7.4	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant				
15.109	7.3	Radiated Spurious Emissions Complia					

Table 1 Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 Compliance Testing

II. Equipment Configuration

A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by NEC America, Inc. to perform testing on the MDP-28MB5T-1A/D, under NEC America, Inc.'s request.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the NEC America, Inc., MDP-28MB5T-1A/D.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	MDP-28MB5T-1A/D				
Model(s) Covered:	MDP-28MB5T-1A/D				
	Primary Power: -48VDC				
	FCC ID: VQL5816				
EUT	Type of Modulations:	QAM			
Specifications:	Emission Designators:	4M00D7D			
	Equipment Code:	DTS			
	Peak RF Output Power:	27.94dBm			
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	5730 – 5845MHz			
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.				
Environmental	Temperature: 15-35° C				
Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%				
Test Conditions:	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar				
Evaluated by:	Dusmantha Tennakoon				
Date(s):	February 1, 2008				

Table 2. EUT Specification Table

B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies		
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices		
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz		
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements		
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories		

Table 3. References



C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 West Patapsco Ave, Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories. . In accordance with §2.948(d), MET Laboratories has been accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (Lab Code: 100273-0).

D. Description of Test Sample

The NEC NLite L5.8 GHz is a line of sight unlicensed microwave radio that can be configured to support either 8 x DS1, 16 x DS1, or 1 x DS3 customer data. The radio consists of 2 each subassemblies, the IDU (In-Door Unit) and ODU (Out-Door Unit). The IDU unit contains the data interface, modulator/demodulator, power supply and IF interface. The ODU consists of an IF interface and RF transmitter and receiver circuits. The unit tested was configured for 16 x DS1.

MDP-28MB5T-1A/D



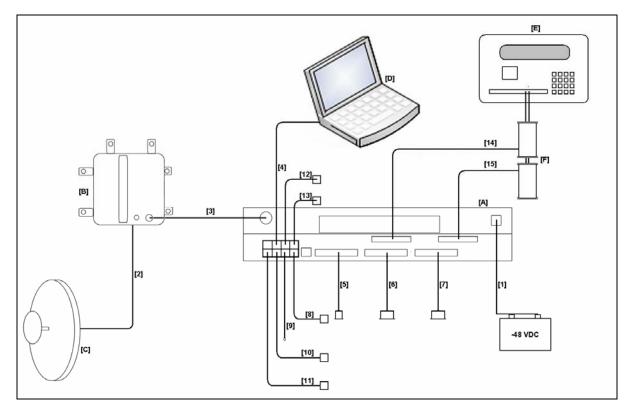


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration (Radiated Emissions)

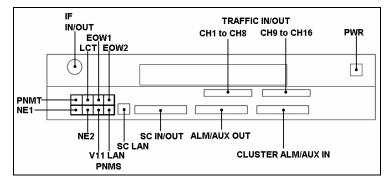


Figure 2. Block Diagram of Port Identification

E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
A	INDOOR UNIT	NEC	MDP-28MB7T-1A-D	1114
В	NLITE L (EHG) OUTDOOR UNIT	NEC	TRP-6G-6AA	5814
С	5.8 GHZ, 30.1 DBI, DISH ANTENNA	ANDREW	P2F-52-N7A	07DESA0272873
D	LAPTOP	COMPAQ	EVO N1020V	9X33LDLZM4BB
Е	BER TESTER	TTC	T_BERD 305	5253
F	JACKFIELD	ADC	MINI-DSX-1/WM	43298 AND 45770

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
1	POWER CONNECTOR	2 COND., 15 GA.	1	20 FT	N	-48 VDC
2	IFL	COAX WHU 18-1818- 072	1	6 FT	Y	ANTENNA
3	IF IN/OUT	COAX RG-8 TYPE III	1	46 FT	Y	IFL
4	LCT	CAT 5	1	14 FT	N	LAPTOP USB
5	SC IN/OUT	24 GA., CAT-5E	1	10 FT	Y	UNTERMINATED
6	ALM/AUX OUT	DB-37	1	10 FT	Y	UNTERMINATED
7	CLUSTER ALM/AUX IN	DB-25	1	10 FT	Y	UNTERMINATED
8	PNMS LAN	CAT 5	1	14 FT	N	EXT LOOPBACK
9	PNMS V11	CAT 5	1	14 FT	N	UNTERMINATED
10	NE2	CAT 5	1	14 FT	N	EXT LOOPBACK
11	NE1	CAT 5	1	14 FT	N	EXT LOOPBACK
12	EOW1	CAT 5	1	14 FT	N	600 Ω
13	EOW2	CAT 5	1	14 FT	N	600 Ω
14	TRAFFIC IN	DB-37	1	25 FT	Y	JACKFIELD
15	TRAFFIC IN	DB-37	1	25 FT	Y	JACKFIELD

Table 5. Ports and Cabling Information



G. Mode of Operation

The data injected into the modulator was a pseudo-random bit stream provided by the IDU's scrambler circuit. This is used to simulate live data and also insure proper RF signal energy dispersal. All user channels were active. The clock component is extracted from the data signal. Then the code format of the data stream is converted into Non-Return-To-Zero (NRZ) with extracted clock signal and fed to the QAM MODEM module. In the QAM MODEM module, additional bits for the digital service channel (DSC), orderwire (OW) and supervisory (SV) signals are inserted into the time slots, error correction FEC bits are inserted. The signal is then modulated with local oscillator signal into a 340 MHz IF signal, and is fed to the ODU. In the ODU assembly the 340 MHz IF signal applied from the MDP is converted into the RF signal in the 5.8 GHz band by mixing with a local signal generated at the SYNTH module. The RF signal is fed to the bandpass filter which eliminates undesired components caused through the IF-RF conversion. The amplified RF signal is sent to the antenna through the BPF and circulator.

In the 5.8 GHz band, any frequency between 5802 to 5818 MHz could be used for transmission. For the purposes of testing, three frequencies were chosen: 5802, 5810, and 5818 MHz.

H. Modifications

- a) Modifications to EUT

 No modifications were made to the EUT.
- Modifications to Test Standard
 No modifications were made to the test standard.

I. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to NEC America, Inc. upon completion of testing.





2.0 **Electromagnetic Compatibility Emission Criteria**

2.1 **Radiated Emission Limits**

Test Requirement(s):

15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 6

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 6.

	Field Strength (dBµV/m)					
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a),Class B Limit (dBμV) @ 3m				
30 - 88	39.00	40.00				
88 - 216	43.50	43.50				
216 - 960	46.40	46.00				
Above 960	49.50	54.00				

Table 6. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures:

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semianechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Emissions measured at 3m were normalized using an inverse proportionality factor of 20dB per decade for comparison to the 10 m limit.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 08/27/07



Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

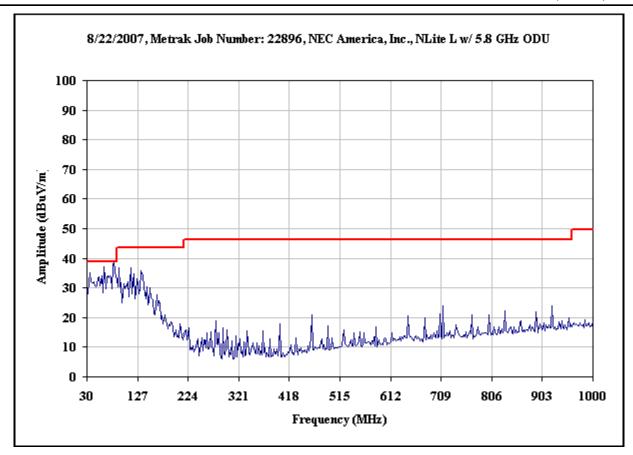
Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna Height (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB/m) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
64.846	200	Н	2.13	32.80	10.50	0.68	10.46	33.52	39.00	-5.48
64.846	97	V	1.00	32.58	10.10	0.68	10.46	32.90	39.00	-6.10
69.477	182	Н	1.84	28.18	9.69	0.67	10.46	28.09	39.00	-10.91
69.477	171	V	1.70	31.10	8.76	0.67	10.46	30.07	39.00	-8.93
81.826	171	Н	2.43	37.25	7.17	0.75	10.46	34.71	39.00	-4.29
81.826	136	V	1.62	38.46	6.89	0.75	10.46	35.64	39.00	-3.36
83.371	346	Н	2.55	33.00	6.89	0.75	10.46	30.18	39.00	-8.82
83.371	148	V	2.46	34.92	6.80	0.75	10.46	32.01	39.00	-6.99
84.920	-1	Н	2.36	38.55	6.61	0.75	10.46	35.45	39.00	-3.55
*84.920	135	V	2.19	41.21	6.70	0.75	10.46	38.20	39.00	-0.80
100.357	161	Н	1.79	34.45	7.77	0.80	10.46	32.56	43.50	-10.94
100.357	67	V	1.63	37.65	7.33	0.80	10.46	35.32	43.50	-8.18

Table 7. Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results

Note 1: * - At this frequency, the measured electric-field strength exhibits a margin of compliance that is less than 3 dB below the specification limit. We recommend that every emission measured, have at least a 3 dB margin to allow for deviations in the emission characteristics that may occur during the production process.

Note 2: The EUT was tested at 3 m. The data has been corrected for comparison with the 10 m limit using the formula: 20log (3 m/10 m) as expressed in the 'Distance Correction' column.





Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, Pre-Scan



Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 1. Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup





§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results:

The EUT as tested meets the criteria of this rule by virtue of having professionally installed. The EUT is therefore compliant with §15.203.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon



§ 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)				
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average			
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46			
0.45 - 0.5	56	46			
0.5 - 30	60	50			

Table 8. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 $\Omega/50~\mu H$ Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 $\Omega/50~\mu H$ LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. The tests were conducted in a RF-shielded enclosure.

Test Results:

The EUT was not applicable with the Conducted Emission limits of §15.207(a) for Intentional Radiators. The EUT is DC powered.

Test Engineer(s):

Dusmantha Tennakoon



§ 15.247(a) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and

digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 5725-5850~MHz

band. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to the mid channel at the highest output power and connected to the

spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The

measurements were repeated at the low and high channels.

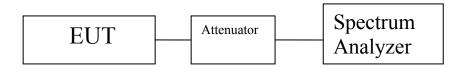
Test Results Equipment complies with § 15.247 (a). The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the

plots on the following pages.

802.11a mode						
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Measured 99% Bandwidth (MHz)			
Low	5730	4.001	4.1871			
Mid	Mid 5768		4.1812			
High	5845	3.975	4.2248			

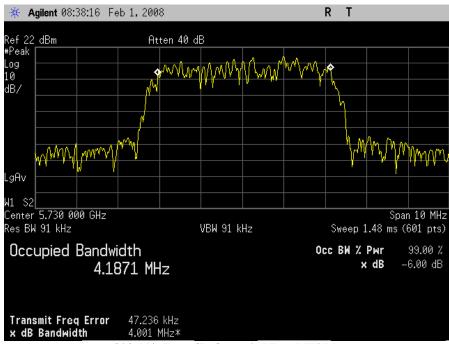
Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): February 1, 2008

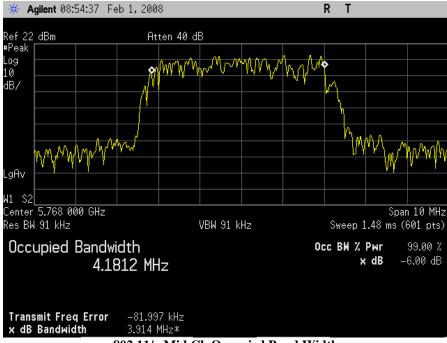


Block Diagram 1. Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

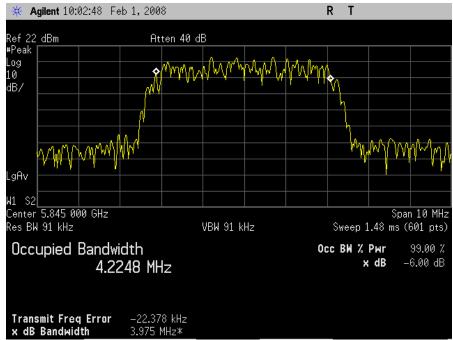




802.11/a Low Ch Occupied Band Width



802.11/a Mid Ch Occupied Band Width



802.11/a High Ch Occupied Band Width



§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

Test Requirements:

§15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)		
5725– 5850	1.000		

Table 9. Output Power Requirements from §15.247

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 9, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was connected to a calibrated Peak Power Meter. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at a data rate which gave the maximum power level.

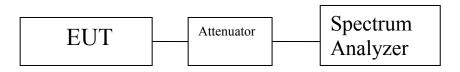
Test Results:

Equipment complies with the Peak Power Output limits of § 15.247(b).

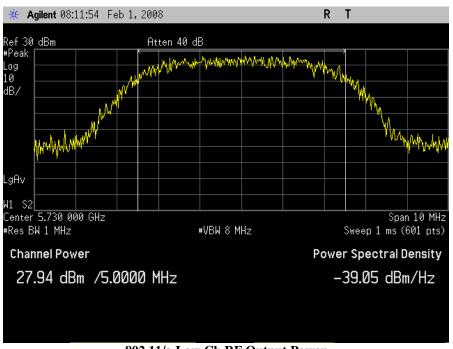
802.11a					
Carrier	Frequency	Measured Peak Output Power			
Channel	(MHz)	dBm			
Low	5730	27.94			
Mid	5768	27.58			
High	5845	27.57			

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): February 1, 2008



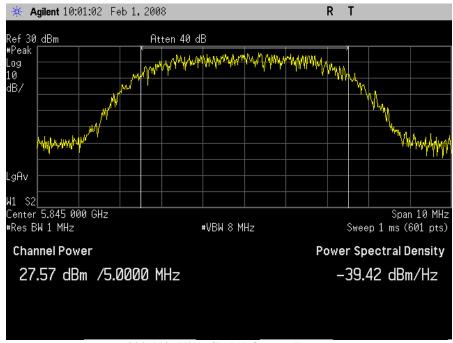
Block Diagram 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup



802.11/a Low Ch RF Output Power



802.11/a Mid Ch RF Output Power



802.11/a High Ch RF Output Power



§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this

section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to

radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of

this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ <u>5730 - 5845 MHz</u>; highest conducted power = 27.94dBm (peak) therefore, **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure:** 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²

EUT maximum antenna gain = 30.1 dBi.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2$ or $R = \int PG / 4\pi S$

where, $S = Power Density (1 mW/cm^2)$

P = Power Input to antenna (622.3 mW)

G = Antenna Gain (1023.3 numeric)

 $R = (622.3*1023.3/4*3.14*1.0)^{1/2} = (636795.5/12.56)^{1/2} = 225.1cm$



§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions – Radiated and Conducted

Test Requirements:

§15.247(d); Error! Reference source not found.; **§15.205**: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15	
1 0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46	
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75	
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5	
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2	
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5	
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7	
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4	
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5	
8.291-8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2	
8.362-8.366	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4	
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12	
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0	
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8	
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5	
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)	

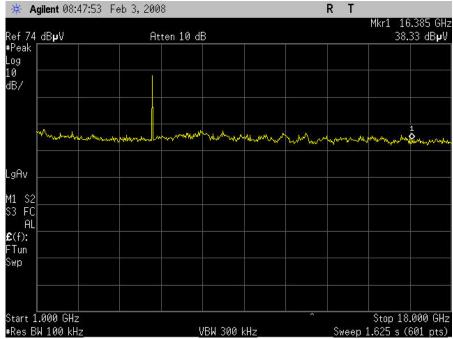
Table 10. Restricted Bands of Operation

 $^{^{1}}$ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 - 0.510 MHz.

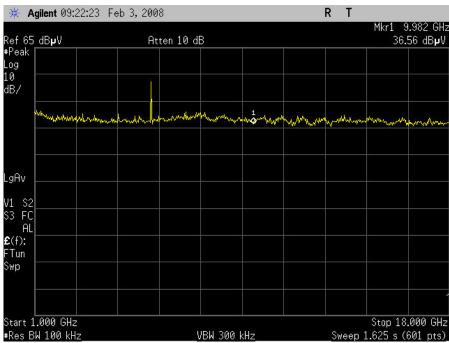
² Above 38.6



§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11a)

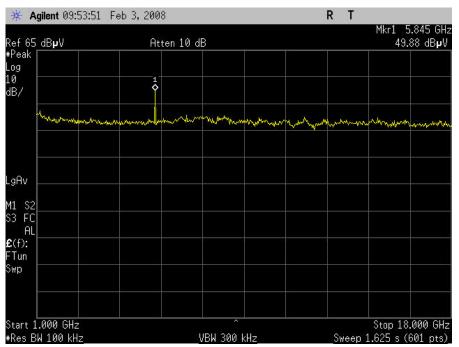


Radiated Spurious Emissions 1-18GHz Low Channel



Radiated Spurious Emissions 1-18GHz Mid Channel





Radiated Spurious Emissions 1-18GHz High Channel

Frequency (GHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Distance Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measuremen t Type
11460	V	38.5	21.29	39.4	2.67	0	59.3	74	-14.7	pk
11460	V	25.5	21.29	39.4	2.67	0	46.3	54	-7.7	avg
17190	V	38.7	16.6	42.2	3.5	0	67.9	74	-6.2	pk
	Low Channel 5730MHz									
Frequency (GHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Distance Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measuremen t Type
11536	V	39.1	21.1	39.4	3	0	60.5	74	-13.5	pk
11536	V	25.2	21.1	39.4	3	0	46.5	54	-7.5	avg
17304	V	38.0	17.9	43.9	3.5	0	67.5	74	-6.5	pk
				Mid Ch	annel 57	68MHz				
Frequency (GHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Distance Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measuremen t Type
11690	V	38.7	21.4	39.4	2.5	0	59.2	74	-14.8	pk
11690	V	25.0	21.4	39.4	2.5	0	45.5	54	-8.5	avg
17535	V	37.8	18.5	43.9	4.33	0	67.6	74	-6.4	pk
	High Channel 5845MHz									

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer



Photograph 2. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements



§ 15.247(d) Spurious Emissions Requirements –RF Conducted

Test Procedure:

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

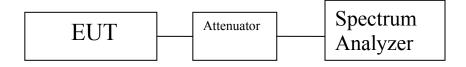
For frequencies 1-18GHz, measurements were made at coupler port of a 20dB directional coupler. The output of the coupler was terminated by a 50Ω load. For frequencies 18-40GHz a HP11970A and HP11970K harmonic mixer was used. Each harmonic mixer was fed with a SMA to wave guide adapter.

Test Results:

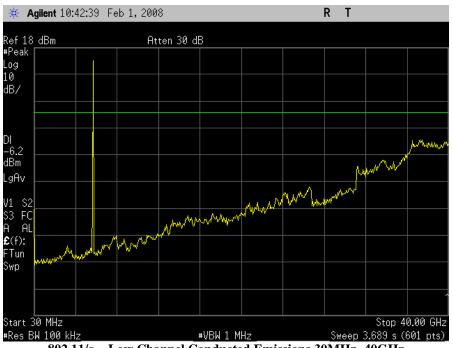
Equipment complies with the Spurious Emissions Requirements – Radiated and RF Conducted limits of § 15.247 (d). For Radiated Emissions result, refer to section "§15.209: Radiated Emission Limits". See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions and §15.205.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

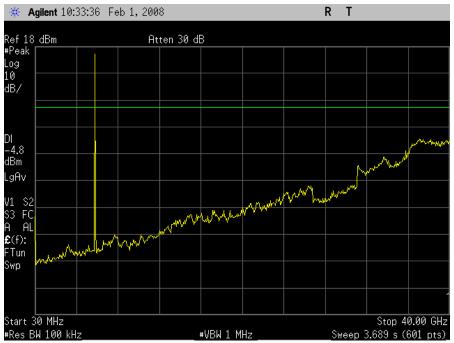
Test Date(s): February 1, 2008



Block Diagram 3. Spurious Conducted Emissions Test Setup



802.11/a - Mid Channel Conducted Emissions 30MHz - 40GHz

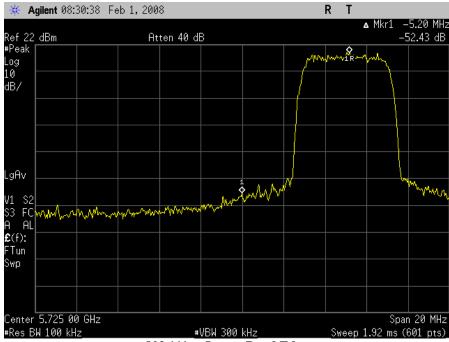


802.11/a - High Channel Conducted Emissions 30MHz - 40GHz

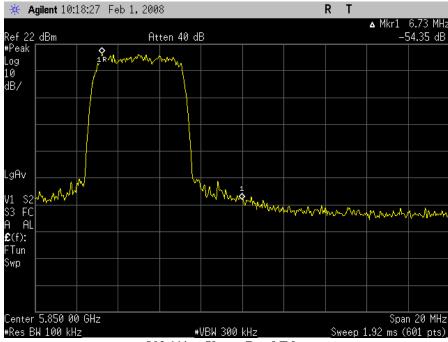


Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247 Spurious Emissions Requirements –Band Edge (Conducted)



802.11/a - Lower Band Edge



802.11/a - Upper Band Edge



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from

the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during

any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple.

The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Peak Power Meter. The power level was set to the maximum level. The RBW and VBW were set to 3 kHz and a SPAN of 3.0 MHz with a 100 second sweep to the Spectrum Analyzer. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid

and high channels.

Test Results: Equipment complies with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e). The peak

power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

802.11a								
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)				
Low	5730	5.78	8	2.22				
Mid	5768	5.68	8	2.32				
High	5845	5.37	8	2.63				

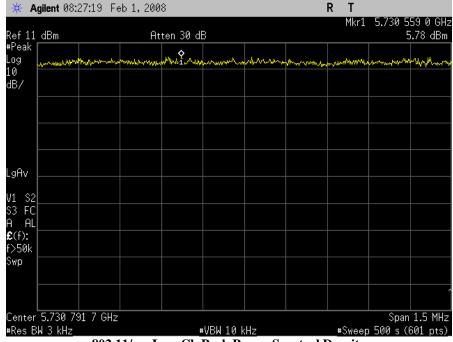
Test Engineer: Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date: February 1, 2008

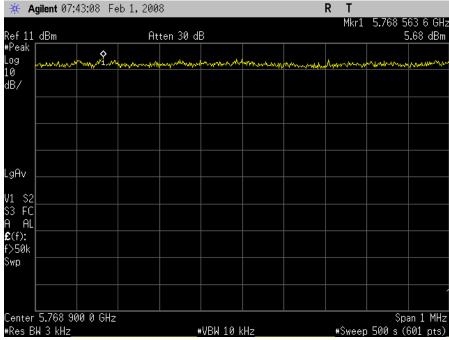


Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

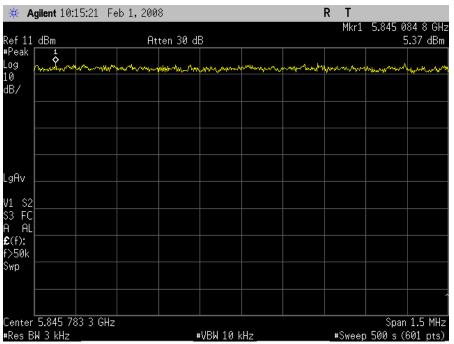
§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density (802.11a)



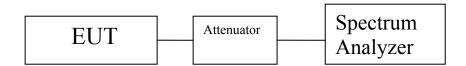
802.11/a – Low Ch Peak Power Spectral Density



802.11/a - Mid Ch Peak Power Spectral Density



802.11/a - High Ch Peak Power Spectral Density



Block Diagram 4. Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4351	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E7405A	10/13/2006	10/13/2007
1T4323	HARMONIC MIXER 18 TO 26.5 GHZ	HEWLETT PACKARD	11970K	SEE NOTE	
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	2/17/2006	1/17/2009
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARTZ	ESIB7	4/24/2007	4/24/2008
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARTZ	ESIB7	4/24/2007	4/24/2008
1T4303	ANTENNA; BILOG	SCHAFNER - CHASE EMC	CBL6140A	6/29/2007	6/29/2008
1T2665	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	4/17/2007	4/17/2008
1T2511	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	7/19/2007	7/19/2008
1T4080	SPECTRUM ANALYZER W/ MEMORY MODULE	HEWLETT PACKARD	8563A	9/11/2006	9/11/2007
1T4155	HARMONIC MIXER 26.5 TO 40 GHZ	HEWLETT PACKARD	11970A	SEE NOTE	
RENTAL	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E448A	02/20/2007	02/20/2008

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

Test Name: Radiated Emissions Test Date(s): 08/27/07						
MET Asset #	Nomenclature	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date	
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	02/17/2006	01/17/2009	
1T4303	ANTENNA; BILOG	SCHAFNER - CHASE EMC	CBL6140A	06/29/2007	06/29/2008	
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARTZ	ESIB7	04/24/2007	04/24/2008	

V. Certification & User's Manual Information



Certification & User's Manual Information

A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio-frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

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¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



Certification & User's Manual Information

Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

End of Report