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TEST REPORT (SAR EVALUATION)

APPLICANT	:	FUJITSU LIMITED
ADDRESS	:	1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki, 211-8588, Japan
PRODUCTS	:	Cellular Phone
MODEL NO.	:	F-02B
SERIAL NO.	:	356774020003166
FCC ID	:	VQK-F02B
TEST STANDARD	•	FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
TESTING LOCATION	:	Japan Quality Assurance Organization
		KITA-KANSAI Testing Center
		1-7-7, Ishimaru, Minoh-shi, Osaka 562-0027, Japan
TEST RESULTS	•	Passed
DATE OF TEST	:	July 30, 2009 ~ August 6, 2009

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farme

Junichi Wakamatsu Manager Japan Quality Assurance Organization KITA-KANSAI Testing Center Testing Dept. EMC Division 1-7-7, Ishimaru, Minoh-shi, Osaka 562-0027, Japan

- The measurement values stated in Test Report was made with traceable to National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) of Japan, National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT) of Japan, and Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zürich, Switzerland.
- The applicable standard, testing condition and testing method which were used for the tests are based on the request of the applicant.
- The test results presented in this report relate only to the offered test sample.
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DEFINITIONS FOR ABBREVIATION AND SYMBOLS USED IN THIS TEST REPORT

EUT	: Equipment Under Test	EMC	: Electromagnetic Compatibility
AE	: Associated Equipment	EMI	: Electromagnetic Interference
N/A	: Not Applicable	EMS	: Electromagnetic Susceptibility
N/T	: Not Tested	SAR	Specific Absorption Rate

 \boxtimes - indicates that the listed condition, standard or equipment is applicable for this report.

- indicates that the listed condition, standard or equipment is not applicable for this report.



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Documentation

1 Test Regulation

Applied Standard	:	FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio- frequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable
		Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions
Test Procedure	:	FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01) IEEE Std.1528–2003 KDB Publication 941225 Rev. 2.0 (October 2007)
Exposure Limits	:	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1, 1999 Edition

2 Test Location

KITA-KANSAI Testing Center 7-7, Ishimaru, 1-chome, Minoh-shi, Osaka, 562-0027, Japan KAMEOKA EMC Branch 9-1, Ozaki, Inukanno, Nishibetsuin-cho, Kameoka-shi, Kyoto, 621-0126, Japan

3 Recognition of Test Laboratory

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center Testing Department EMC Division is accredited under ISO/IEC 17025 by following accreditation bodies and the test facility of Testing Division is registered by the following bodies.

Accredited as conformity assessment body for Japan electrical appliances and material law by METI. (Effective through : February 22, 2010)



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4 Description of the Equipment Under Test

1.	Manufacturer	:	FUJITSU LIMITED 1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki, 211-8588, Japan
2.	Products	:	Cellular Phone
3.	Model No.	:	F-02B
4.	Serial No.	:	356774020003166
5.	Product Type	:	Pre-production
6.	Date of Manufacture	:	July, 2009
7.	Transmitting Frequency	:	826.40 MHz – 846.60 MHz (WCDMA 850 MHz) 1850.20 MHz – 1909.80 MHz (PCS 1900 MHz)
8.	Battery Option	:	Lithium-ion Battery Pack F09 (770mAh)
9.	Power Rating	:	3.7VDC
10.	EUT Grounding	:	None
11.	Device Category	:	Portable Device (§2.1093)
12.	Exposure Category	:	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure
13.	FCC Rule Part(s)	:	22(H), 24(E)
14.	EUT Authorization	:	Certification
15.	Received Date of EUT	:	July 29, 2009

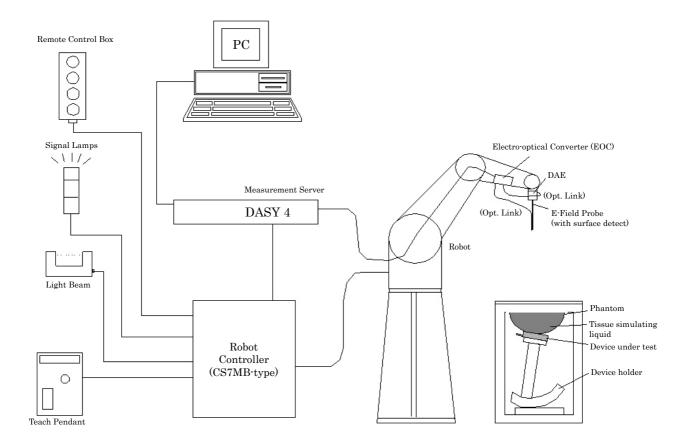


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5 Measurement System Diagram

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system (manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zürich, Switzerland). It consists of high precision robotics system, cell controller system, DASY4 measurement server, personal computer with DASY4 software, data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit, the Electro-optical converter (EOC), near-field probe, and the twin SAM phantom containing the equivalent tissue. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).

The Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. The DAE is connected to the EOC. The DAE performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the DASY4 measurement server.





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6 System Components

6.1 Probe Specification

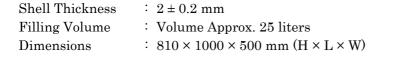
Construction	: Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static changes
Calibration	 In air form 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In head tissue simulating liquid (HSL) and muscle tissue simulating liquid 900 MHz (accuracy ± 11.0%; k=2) 1450 MHz (accuracy ± 11.0%; k=2) 1810 MHz (accuracy ± 11.0%; k=2) 1950 MHz (accuracy ± 11.0%; k=2) 2450 MHz (accuracy ± 11.8%; k=2)
Frequency	: 10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	 ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal probe axis)
Dynamic Range	: 5 μ W/g to >100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Surface Detection	: $\pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Dimensions	 Overall length 330 mm Tip length 16 mm Body diameter 12 mm Tip diameter 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers 2.7 mm



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6.2 Twin SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right head phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.



6.3 Mounting Device for Transmitters

The Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



6.4 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Liquid Tissue

Incredients	Frequency (MHz)							
Ingredients (% by weight)	835		19	00	2450			
(70 by weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body		
Water	41.45	52.40	54.90	40.40	62.70	73.20		
Salt (NaCl)	1.45	1.40	0.18	0.50	0.50	0.04		
Sugar	56.00	45.00	0.00	58.00	0.00	0.00		
HEC	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00		
Bactericide	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00		
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	36.80	0.00		
DGBE	0.00	0.00	44.92	0.00	0.00	26.70		

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium ChlorideSugar: 98+% Pure SucroseWater: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivityHEC: Hydroxyethyl CelluloseDGBE: 99+% Di (ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbuthyl)phenyl]ether

The composition of ingredients is according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C.



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7 Measurement Process

Area Scan for Maximum Search :

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm \times 15 mm. The evaluation on the measured area scan gives the interpolated maximum (hot spot) of the measured area.

Cube Scan for Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation :

The 1g and 10g peak evaluations were available for the predefined cube $5\times5\times7$ scans. The grid spacing was 8 mm \times 8 mm \times 5 mm. The first procedure is an extrapolation to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (35000 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. This last procedure is repeated for a 10g cube. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

Extrapolation:

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. Through the points in the first 3 cm in all z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from one another.

Interpolation :

The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) are computed by the 3D spline algorithm. The 3D spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" –condition (x, y and z –directions). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.



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8 Measurement Uncertainties

Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c_i	c_i	Std. Unc. (± %)		v _i
	(± 70)	Dist.		(1 g)	(10g)	1g	10g	
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	5.9	Ν	1	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	8
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout electronics	0.4	N	1	1	1	0.4	0.4	∞
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration time	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF ambient conditions – noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF ambient conditions – reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
algorithms for max. SAR evaluation								
Test Sample Related								
Test sample positioning	3.4	Ν	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	23
Device holder uncertainty	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	5
Output power variation – SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	×
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	8
Liquid conductivity – deviation from target	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity – measurement uncertainty	3.2	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.0	1.4	5
Liquid Permittivity – deviation from target	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity – measurement uncertainty	3.0	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.8	1.5	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				11.0	10.7	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)		k=2				22.0	21.4	
NOTES 1. Tol. : tolerance in influence quantity 2. Prob. Dist. : probability distributions								

3. N, R \vdots normal, rectanglar

4. Div. : divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty

5. c_i : sensitivity coefficient

6. Std. Unc. : standard uncertainty

7. Measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528 and IEC 62209-1.



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9 Equipment Under Test Modification

- \boxtimes No modifications were conducted by JQA to achieve compliance to the limitations.
- □ To achieve compliance to the limitations, the following changes were made by JQA during the compliance test.

The modifications will be implemented in all production models of this equipment.

Applicant	: Not Applicable
Date	: Not Applicable
Typed Name	: Not Applicable
Position	: Not Applicable

Signatory: <u>Not Applicable</u>

10 Responsible Party

Responsible Party of Test Item (Product)

Responsible Party :

Contact Person :

Signatory

11 Deviation from Standard

- \boxtimes No deviations from the standard described in clause 1.
- □ The following deviations were employed from the standard described in clause 1.



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12 Test Results

12.1 WCDMA 850 MHz (Band-V) Band

12.1.1 SAR Measurement for Head Configuration

Maximum SAR (1g)	<u>0.483</u> mW/g at	<u>836.40</u> MHz
Phantom Position	🛛 - Left Head	🗌 - Right Head
Device Position	🛛 - Cheek/Touch	🗌 - Ear/Tilt
Antenna Position	🗌 - In 🗌 - Out	🛛 - Fixed
Modulation Type		WCDMA
Remarks :		

12.1.2 SAR Measurement for Body-worn Configuration

Maximum SAR (1g)	$_ 0.580$ mW/g at	<u>826.40</u> MHz
Body-worn Carry Accessories	- Supplied	\boxtimes - Not supplied
Separation Distance between Device and Phantom		1.5 cm
Modulation Type		WCDMA
Remarks :		



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12.2 PCS 1900 MHz Band

12.2.1 SAR Measurement for Head Configuration

Maximum SAR (1g)	<u>0.468</u> mW/g at	<u>1850.20</u> MHz		
Phantom Position	🛛 - Left Head	🗌 - Right Head		
Device Position	Cheek/Touch	🗌 - Ear/Tilt		
Antenna Position	🗌 - In 🗌 - Out	\boxtimes - Fixed		
Modulation Type		GSM		
Remarks :				

12.2.2 SAR Measurement for Body-worn Configuration

Maximum SAR (1g)	<u>0.259</u> mW/g a	t <u>1850.20</u> MHz			
Body-worn Carry Accessories	- Supplied	🛛 - Not supplie			
Separation Distance between Device and Phantom		1.5 cm			
Modulation Type		GSM			
Remarks:					



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13 Summary

General Remarks :

The EUT was tested according to the requirements of the following standard.

FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

The test configuration is shown in clause 14 to 15.

The conclusion for the test items of which are required by the applied regulation is indicated under the test results.

Determining compliance with the limits in this report was based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.

Test Results:

The "as received" sample;

- \boxtimes fulfill the test requirements of the regulation mentioned on clause 1.
- □ doesn't fulfill the test requirements of the regulation mentioned on clause 1.

Reviewed by:

Shigeru Kinoshita Deputy Manager Testing Dept. EMC Div. JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

Tested by:

Yasuhisa Sakai Deputy Manager Testing Dept. EMC Div. JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

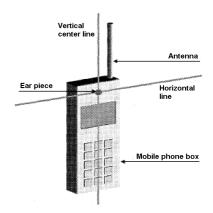


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14 Test Arrangement

14.1 Cheek-Touch Position

- 1. Position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center of the ear piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 2. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference points (M, RE and LE) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 3. Translate the mobile phone box towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line RE-LE until the phone touches the ear.
- 4. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of



the box until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.



14.2 Ear-Tilt Position

- 1. Position the device in the "Cheek/Touch Position".
- 2. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and pivoting against the ear, move it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.

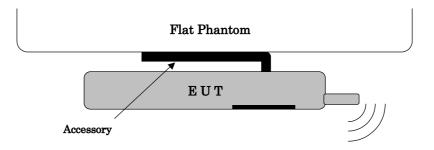




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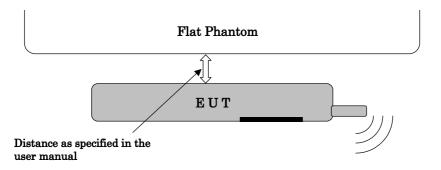
14.3 Body-worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. Both the physical spacing to the body of the user as dictated by the accessory and the materials used in an accessory affect the SAR produced by the transmitting device. For purpose of determining test requirements, accessories may be divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do.



When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



Lap-held device (e.g. laptop computer)

SAR is tested for a lap-held position with the bottom of the computer in direct contact against a flat phantom.



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15 Procedures used to Establish Test Signal

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

15.1 WCDMA 850 MHz (Band-V) Band

To setup the desire channel frequency and the maximum output power, a Radio Communication Tester "Anritsu, MT8815B" was used to program the EUT.

System Configuration	: W-CDMA (MX882000C 10.23 #002)
Test Loop Mode	: Mode 1
TPC Bit Pattern	: All 1
12.2 kbps RMC with HSD.	PA Settings
Channel Coding	: FRC with H-Set 1 (QPSK)
HS-DPCCH Sub-test	: Sub-test 1 (Beta $C = 2$, Beta $D = 15$)

Conducted power measurements:

	Conducted Power (dBm)					
Configuration	$4132 ext{ ch}$	$4182 ext{ ch}$	4233 ch			
	(826.40 MHz)	(836.40 MHz)	(846.60 MHz)			
12.2 kbps RMC	22.84	23.40	22.61			
64 kbps RMC	22.86	23.42	22.60			
144 kbps RMC	22.85	23.44	22.58			
384 kbps RMC	22.82	23.41	22.62			
12.2 kbps Voice AMR	22.82	23.41	22.62			
12.2 kbps RMC with HSDPA	22.08	22.51	21.97			

SAR in voice and data modes is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC. SAR in voice AMR configurations and for other spreading codes are not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¹/₄ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC.

Body SAR for HSDPA is not required when the maximum average output with HSDPA active is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit.

Maximum conducted power was measured by replacing the antenna with an adapter for conductive measurements, before and after the SAR measurements was done.



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15.2 PCS 1900 MHz Band

To setup the desire channel frequency and the maximum output power, a Radio Communication Tester "Rohde & Schwarz, CMU-200" was used to program the EUT.

SM Mobile Station	: GSM 1900
GSM mode	
Network Support	: GSM only
Main Service	: Circuit Switched
Power Setting	: PCL 0 (30 dBm)
GPRS mode	
Network Support	: GSM+GPRS (Power Setting 30 dBm)
Main Service	: Packet Data
Service Selection	: Test Mode A
Slot Configuration	: GPRS Class 8 (4 down / 1 up / 5 sum)
Coding Scheme	: CS1 (GMSK)

Conducted power measurements:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted H	Power (dBm)	
		GSM	GPRS	
512	1850.20	29.35	29.35	
661	1880.00	29.37	29.37	
810	1909.80	29.42	29.42	

Maximum conducted power was measured by replacing the antenna with an adapter for conductive measurements, before and after the SAR measurements was done.

Please refer to internal photo for the place of antennas.

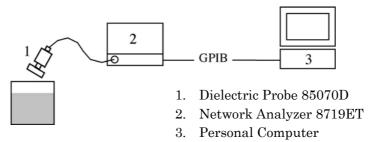


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Appendix A: Test Data

A.1 Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of the tissue medium at the middle of a device transmission band should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the parameters specified at that target frequency. It is verified by using the dielectric probe and the network analyzer.



Tissue Verification Results :

Ambient Conditions : 22°C 57%Date : August 6, 2009						
Liquid	Liquid		Torrat	Maggurad	Deviation	Limit
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Parameters	Target	Measured	[%]	[%]
Head 835 MHz	22.0	Permittivity	41.5	41.42	-0.19	± 5
nead 835 MHZ	22.0	Conductivity	0.90	0.886	-1.56	± 5
Ambient Conditions : 22°C 66%Date : August 5, 2						5, 2009
D. 1. 097 MIL	22.0	Permittivity	55.2	54.40	-1.45	± 5
Body 835 MHz		Conductivity	0.97	0.941	-2.99	± 5
Ambient Conditions :	22°C 69%				Date : July	30, 2009
		Permittivity	40.0	39.63	-0.93	± 5
Head 1900 MHz	22.0	Conductivity	1.40	1.448	+3.43	± 5
Ambient Conditions :	22°C 67%				Date : July	31, 2009
D. 1. 1000 MIL	22.0	Permittivity	53.3	52.74	-1.05	± 5
Body 1900 MHz	22.0	Conductivity	1.52	1.563	+2.83	± 5

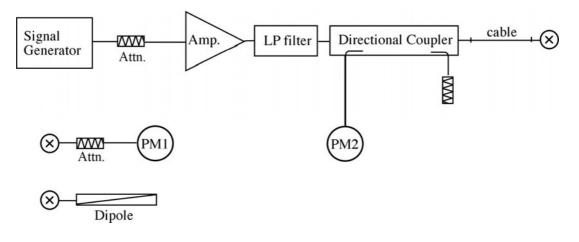


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A.2 System Validation

The power meter PM1 (including Attenuator) measures the forward power at the location of the validation dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for 250 mW at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

The dipole antenna is matched to be used near flat phantom filled with tissue simulating solution. A specific distance holder is used in the positioning of the antenna to ensure correct spacing between the phantom and the dipole.





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System Validation Results :

System Validation	Dipole : D835	5V2, S/1	N: 4d081					
Ambient Condition	s : 22°C 57%	Ι	Depth of Lie	quid:15.0 cm		Date : August 6, 2009		
Liquid	m [oc]		ured SAR nW/g)	Normalized to 1 W	Target	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	(1.	li w/g)	το τ νν		[70]	[70]	
Head 835 MHz	22.0	1g	2.61	10.44	9.71	+7.52	± 10	
Head 055 MHZ	22.0	10g	1.72	6.88	6.38	+7.84	± 10	
Ambient Conditions	s : 22°C 66%	Ι	Depth of Lie	quid:15.0 cm		Date : Augus	st 5, 2009	
	22.0	$1 \mathrm{g}$	2.50	10.00	10.1	-0.99	± 10	
Body 835 MHz		10g	1.66	6.64	6.65	-0.15	± 10	
System Validation	Dipole : D190	00V2, S	/N: 5d112					
Ambient Conditions	s : 22°C 69%	Ι	Depth of Lie	quid:15.0 cm		Date : July	30, 2009	
Head 1900 MHz	22.0	1g	10.7	42.80	41.7	+2.64	± 10	
Head 1900 MHz		10g	5.63	22.52	21.9	+2.83	± 10	
Ambient Conditions	s : 22°C 67%	Ι	Depth of Lie	quid:15.0 cm		Date : July	31, 2009	
D. 1. 1000 MIL-	22.0	$1 \mathrm{g}$	10.8	43.20	42.0	+2.86	± 10	
Body 1900 MHz	22.0	10g	5.66	22.64	22.3	+1.52	± 10	
NOTES : 1. The results were	normalized to	1 W for	ward power					

2. The target SAR values of SPEAG validation dipoles are given in the calibration data.



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A.3 SAR Measurement Data

A.3.1 WCDMA 850 MHz (Band-V) Band

A.3.1.1 Left Head

CONFIDENTIAL

Cheek/Touch Position

Ear/Tilt Position

WCDMA Band-V (Duty Cycle: 100 %, Crest Factor: 1) Date : August 6, 2009						6, 2009	
Test Position	Freq	uency	Tx Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Limit	SAR (1g)	Tissue
	Channel	MHz			[mW/g]	[mW/g]	Temp. [°C]
	4132	826.40	22.84	0.016		0.471	22.0
Cheek/Touch	4182	836.40	23.40	0.015	1.6	0.483	22.0
	4233	846.60	22.61	0.009		0.323	22.0
	4132	826.40				**	
Ear/Tilt	4182	836.40	23.40	0.003	1.6	0.185	22.0
	4233	846.60				**	

NOTES :

1. Depth of Liquid : 15.0 cm

2. Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.

3. SAR is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC.

4. The SAR result marked at ** is optional, because the SAR measured at the middle channel for that configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit.



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A.3.1.2 Right Head

Cl	- 1 marsh Da		ONFIDENTIAL		1/m:14 D		
	eek/Touch Pos		Factor: 1)	Ľ	Car/Tilt Pos	te : August	6 2000
Test Position	CDMA Band-V (Duty Cycle: 100 %, Crest F Frequency Frest Position Channel MHz		Tx Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Limit [mW/g]	SAR (1g) [mW/g]	Tissue Temp. [°C]
	4132	826.40				**	
Cheek/Touch	4182	836.40	23.40	0.093	1.6	0.454	22.0
	4233	846.60				**	
	4132	826.40				**	
Ear/Tilt	4182	836.40	23.40	-0.050	1.6	0.202	22.0
	4233	846.60				**	

3. SAR is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC.

4. The SAR result marked at ** is optional, because the SAR measured at the middle channel for that configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit.



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A.3.1.3 Body-worn Back Position

CONFIDENTIAL									
WCDMA Band-V	' (Duty Cycle:	100 %, Crest F	actor: 1)		Da	te : August	5, 2009		
Separation Distance	Freq Channel	Frequency Channel MHz		Power Drift [dB]	Limit [mW/g]	SAR (1g) [mW/g]	Tissue Temp. [°C]		
	4132	826.40	22.84	0.037		0.580	22.0		
$1.5~\mathrm{cm}$	4182	836.40	23.40	0.003	1.6	0.494	22.0		
Nompa	4233	846.60	22.61	0.027		0.338	22.0		

NOTES :

1. Depth of Liquid : 15.0 cm

2. Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.

3. SAR is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC.

4. The earphone wire connected to the EUT to simulate hand-free operation in a body-worn configuration.

5. The SAR result marked at ** is optional, because the SAR measured at the middle channel for that configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit.



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A.3.1.4 Body-worn Front Position

CONFIDENTIAL								
WCDMA Band-V	/ (Duty Cycle:	100 %, Crest I	Factor: 1)		Da	te : August	5, 2009	
Separation	Freq	uency	Tx Power	Power	Limit	SAR (1g)	Tissue	
Distance	Channel	MHz	[dBm]	Drift [dB]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	Temp. [°C]	
	4132	826.40				**		
$1.5~{ m cm}$	4182	836.40	23.40	0.033	1.6	0.196	22.0	
	4233	846.60]	**		

NOTES :

1. Depth of Liquid : 15.0 cm

2. Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.

3. SAR is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC.

4. The earphone wire connected to the EUT to simulate hand-free operation in a body-worn configuration.

5. The SAR result marked at ** is optional, because the SAR measured at the middle channel for that configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit.



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A.3.2 PCS 1900 MHz Band

A.3.2.1 Left Head

		CC	ONFIDENTIAI	5			
Cheek/Touch Position Ear/Tilt Position							
GSM 1900 (Duty Cycle: 12.0 %, Crest Factor: 8.3) Date : July 30, 200						30, 2009	
Test Position	Freq Channel	uency MHz	Tx Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Limit [mW/g]	SAR (1g) [mW/g]	Tissue Temp. [°C]
	0512	1850.20	29.35	-0.025		0.468	22.0
Cheek/Touch	0661	1880.00	29.37	-0.072	1.6	0.444	22.0
	0810	1909.80	29.42	-0.008		0.411	22.0
Ear/Tilt	0512	1850.20				**	
	0661	1880.00	29.37	-0.053	1.6	0.209	22.0
	0810	1909.80				**	
NOTES :							

NOTES

1. Depth of Liquid : 15.0 cm

2. Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.

The SAR result marked at ** is optional, because the SAR measured at the middle channel for that 3. configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit.



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A.3.2.2 Right Head

		CC	ONFIDENTIAL	;			
Ch	eek/Touch Pos	sition		E	ar/Tilt Po	sition	
GSM 1900 (Duty	Cycle: 12.0 %	, Crest Factor:	8.3)	Date : July 30, 2009			
	Freq	uency	Tx Power	Power Drift [dB]	Limit [mW/g]	SAR (1g)	Tissue
Test Position	Channel	MHz	[dBm]			[mW/g]	Temp. [°C]
	0512	1850.20			1.6	**	
Cheek/Touch	0661	1880.00	29.37	-0.080		0.436	22.0
	0810	1909.80				**	
	0512	1850.20				**	
Ear/Tilt	0661	1880.00	29.37	-0.063	1.6	0.216	22.0
	0810	1909.80				**	
	ower was measu		nna-conducted to because the SAI		at the mi	ddle channel	for that

configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit.



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A.3.2.3 Body-worn Back Position

CSM 1000 (Duty	Cualo: 12.0.%		NFIDENTIAI	5	Т	Date : July	21 2000
Separation Distance	Cycle: 12.0 %, Crest Factor: Frequency			Power			Tissue
	Channel	MHz	Tx Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]	Limit [mW/g]	SAR (1g) [mW/g]	Temp. [°C]
1.5 cm	0512	1850.20	29.35	-0.009	1.6	0.259	22.0
	0661	1880.00	29.37	-0.034		0.228	22.0
	0810	1909.80	29.42	-0.014		0.200	22.0
GSM 1900 GSM+	-GPRS (Duty	Cycle: 12.0 %,	Crest Factor: 8	8.3)			
	0512	1850.20			1.6	**	
$1.5~\mathrm{cm}$	0661	1880.00	29.37	-0.046		0.216	22.0
	0810	1909.80				**	
NOTES : 1. Depth of Liqui 2. Transmitter po		ured at the anter	nna-conducted t	erminal.	1	1	1

3. The SAR result marked at ** is optional, because the SAR measured at the middle channel for that configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit.

4. The earphone wire connected to the EUT to simulate hand-free operation in a body-worn configuration.



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A.3.2.4 Body-worn Front Position

CCM 1000 (D.)	Q.,		NFIDENTIAL	;			21 2000
GSM 1900 (Duty Separation Distance	Cycle: 12.0 %, Crest Factor: Frequency			Power		Date : July	Tissue
	Channel	MHz	Tx Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]	Limit [mW/g]	SAR (1g) [mW/g]	Temp. [°C]
	0512	1850.20				**	
$1.5~{ m cm}$	0661	1880.00	29.37	-0.002	1.6	0.051	22.0
	0810	1909.80				**	
	-GPRS (Duty (Cycle: 12.0 %,	Crest Factor: 8	3.3)			
GSM 1900 GSM-						**	
GSM 1900 GSM-	0512	1850.20					
GSM 1900 GSM- 1.5 cm	0512 0661	1850.20 1880.00	29.37	-0.025	1.6	0.048	22.0

3. The SAR result marked at ** is optional, because the SAR measured at the middle channel for that configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit.

4. The earphone wire connected to the EUT to simulate hand-free operation in a body-worn configuration.



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Appendix B: Test Instruments

Туре	Model	Manufacturer	ID No.	Last Cal.	Interval
E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	SPEAG	S-2	2008/12	1 Year
DAE	DAE3 V1	SPEAG	S-3	2008/10	1 Year
Robot	RX60L	SPEAG	S-7	N/A	N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	LB1RX60L	SPEAG	S-13	N/A	N/A
Network Analyzer	8719ET	Agilent	B-53	2008/10	1 Year
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	Agilent	B-54	N/A	N/A
835MHz Dipole	D835V2	SPEAG	S-23	2009/7	1 Year
1900MHz Dipole	D1900V2	SPEAG	S-25	2009/7	1 Year
Signal Generator	MG3681A	Anritsu	B-3	2008/9	1 Year
RF Amplifier	A0840-3833-R	R&K	A-34	N/A	N/A
Low Pass Filter	LSM1000-4BA	LARK	D-90	2008/11	1 Year
Low Pass Filter	LSM2200-4BA	LARK	D-91	2008/11	1 Year
Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	Rohde & Schwarz	B-21	2009/4	1 Year
Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8815B	Anritsu	B-69	2008/9	1 Year
Power Meter	E4417A	Agilent	B-51	2009/6	1 Year
Power Sensor	E9300B	Agilent	B-32	2009/6	1 Year
Power Sensor	E9323A	Agilent	B-59	2009/6	1 Year
Attenuator	4T-10	Weinschel	D-73	2009/6	1 Year
Attenuator	2-10	Weinschel	D-79	2008/9	1 Year



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Appendix C: Attachments

Exhibit	Contents	No. of page(s)
1	System Validation Plots	4
2-1	SAR Test Plots (WCDMA 850 MHz)	12
2-2	SAR Test Plots (PCS 1900 MHz)	14
3	Dosimetric E-Field Probe – ET3DV6, S/N: 1679	9
4-1	System Validation Dipole – D835V2, S/N: 4d081	9
4-2	System Validation Dipole – D1900V2, S/N: 5d112	9