

W-LAN + Bluetooth Module Data Sheet

Qualcomm Chipset
for 802.11a/b/g/n/ac + Bluetooth 5.0 (Dual)

Sample Part Number: **LBEE5ZZ1PJ-TEMP**
MP Part Number: **1PJ**

The revision history of the product specification

| Revised Date | Revision Code | Revised Page | Revised Item | Change Reason |
|---------------|---------------|---|--|---------------|
| May 4, 2018 | - | - | - | First release |
| May 17 2018 | A | 3 | Updated Scope and Key feature | Updated |
| May 28, 2018 | B | 13~19 | Added the WLAN TX power range | Added |
| July 6, 2018 | C | 3 3 4 8 8 8 10 14~19 20 21 | -Added Manufacturing site -Added Weight info -Added Co planarity spec -Updated Storage Temperature range -Updated Operating Temperature range -Updated Specification Temperature range. -Revise title of section 12 to "POWER SEQUENCE Timing" -Revised characterization table -Updated BT TX Power spec -Updated BLE TX Power spec | Added/updated |
| July 23, 2018 | D | 12 13~16 20/23 23 24 31 | -Added Digital I/O Requirements -Added INTERFACE TIMING -Revised the spec of Adjacent Input Level Sensitivity -Added *10) to DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE802.11ac-5G -Revised DC/RF Characteristics for Bluetooth -Added Box and Label info | Added |
| Aug 3, 2018 | E | 10 12 16~17 | -Revised spec of t _{a2} -Revised spec of VOL -Added UHS SDIO timing requirement | Revised/Added |
| Sep 3, 2018 | F | 13 | -Revised Digital IO requirement | Revised |
| Sep 12, 2018 | G | 28 | -Revised Reference circuit | Revised |
| Oct 8, 2018 | H | 7 25 | -Revised Marking -Updated BT Output Power spec -Added EDR Output Power spec | Revised |
| Nov 7, 2019 | I | 4 7 37~44 | -Added Radio certification information -Added the module picture -Added Appendix | Added |
| Nov 8, 2019 | J | 3 | -Updated BT version | Updated |
| Jun 5, 2019 | K | 38~44 | -Updated the FCC/IC info by adding a PIFA antenna | Updated |

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Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty and use in critical applications of Murata products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this specification sheet.

1. SCOPE

This specification is applied to the IEEE802.11a/b/g/n/ac W-LAN + Bluetooth 5.0 combo module.

2. KEY FEATURE

- Chipset: QCA9377-3
- Size: 7.2 x 7.4 x 1.25 (max) mm
- Weight: 0.15g/pc
- PCB w/ shielded resin mold module
- IEEE802.11a/b/g/n/ac dual band 2.4G/5G
- Supports BT5.0 (Except Options)
- SDIO 3.0 supporting SDR104 (WLAN), UART/PCM (Bluetooth)
- Lead Free Module

3. Manufacturing site

Company name:

Shenzhen Murata Technology Co., Ltd.

Address:

15 Cuijing Road, Longtian Street, Shenzhen Grand Industrial Zone, PingShan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518118 China

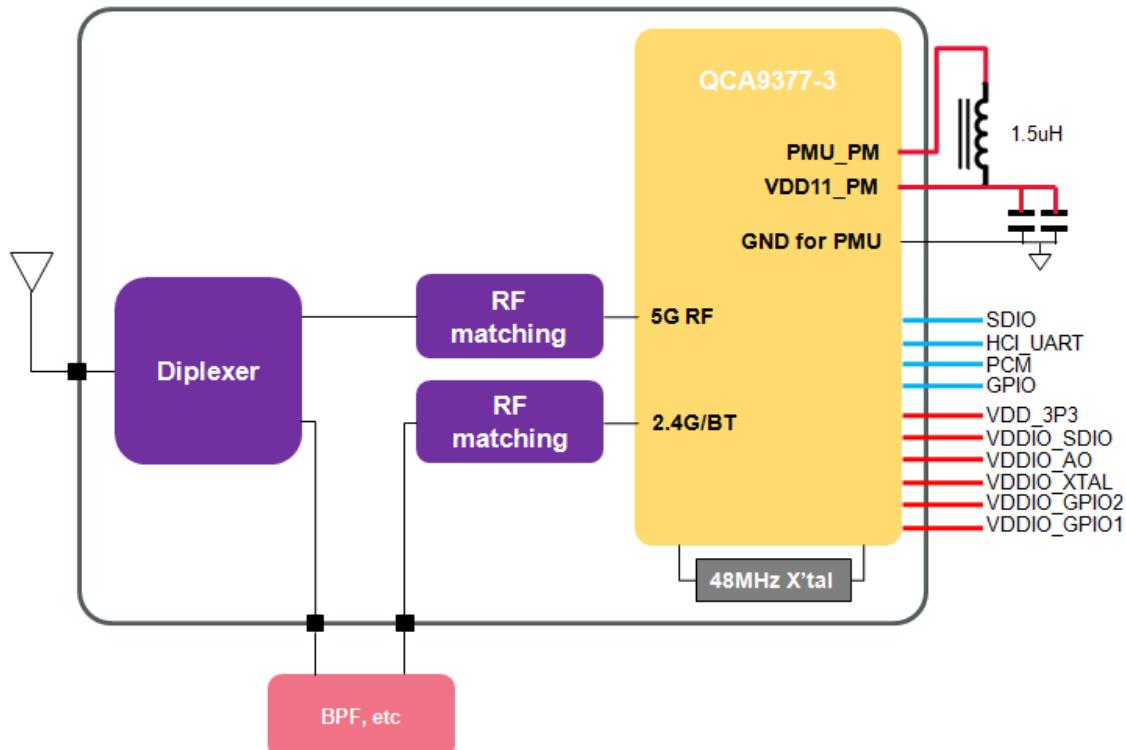
4. Part Number

| Ordering Part Number | Description |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| LBEE5ZZ1PJ-331TEMP | In case of sample order |

5. RoHS Compliance

This module is compliant with the RoHS directive.

6. Block Diagram



7. Certification Information

7.1. Radio Certification

USA/Canada

| | |
|--------|-----------------|
| FCC ID | VPYLBEE5ZZ1PJ |
| IC | 772C-LBEE5ZZ1PJ |

*Please follow installation manual in Appendix

Europe

EN300 328 v2.1.1, Draft EN 300 328 v2.2.0, EN301 893 v2.1.1 and Final draft EN300 440 v2.2.1are prepared.

8. DIMENSIONS, MARKING AND TERMINAL CONFIGURATIONS

8.1. Dimensions

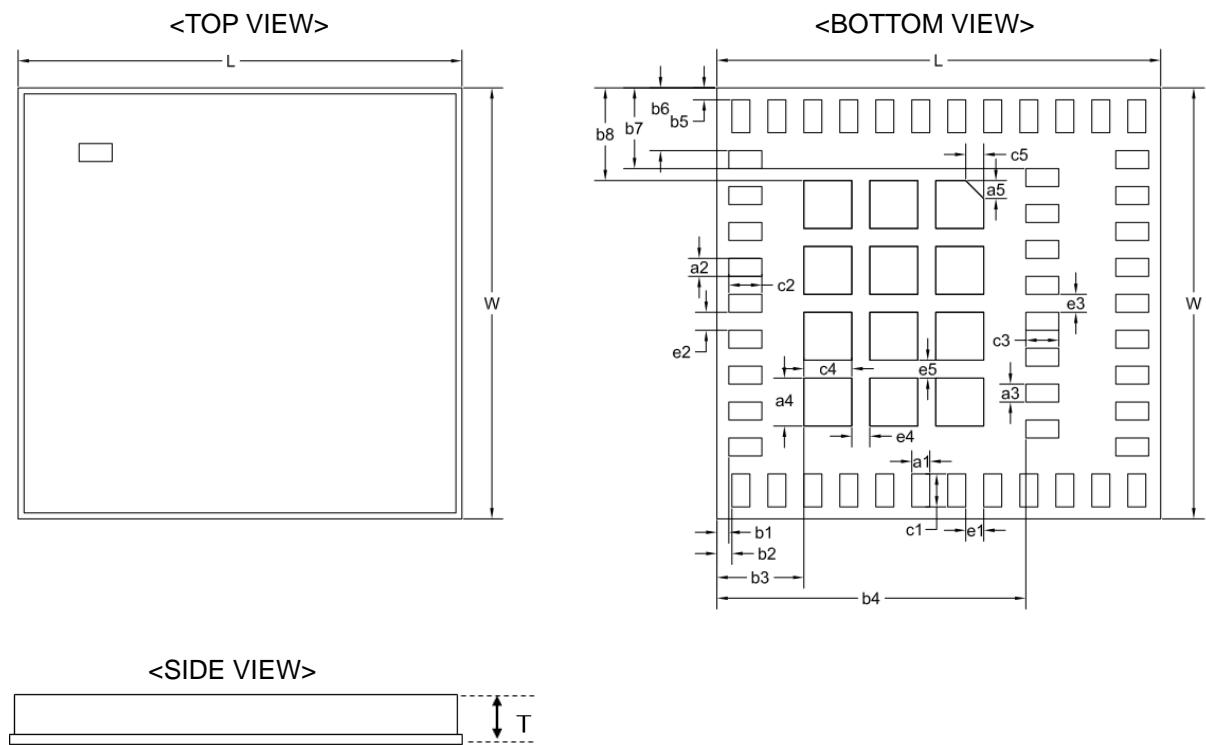


Table 1 Dimension (Unit: mm)

| Mark | Dimension | Mark | Dimension | Mark | Dimension |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| L | 7.40 ± 0.20 | W | 7.20 ± 0.20 | T | 1.25 max |
| a1 | 0.30 ± 0.10 | a2 | 0.30 ± 0.10 | a3 | 0.30 ± 0.10 |
| a4 | 0.80 ± 0.10 | a5 | 0.30 ± 0.10 | b1 | 0.20 ± 0.15 |
| b2 | 0.25 ± 0.15 | b3 | 1.45 ± 0.15 | b4 | 5.15 ± 0.15 |
| b5 | 0.20 ± 0.15 | b6 | 1.05 ± 0.15 | b7 | 1.35 ± 0.15 |
| b8 | 1.55 ± 0.15 | c1 | 0.55 ± 0.10 | c2 | 0.55 ± 0.10 |
| c3 | 0.55 ± 0.10 | c4 | 0.80 ± 0.10 | c5 | 0.30 ± 0.10 |
| e1 | 0.30 ± 0.10 | e2 | 0.30 ± 0.10 | e3 | 0.30 ± 0.10 |
| e4 | 0.30 ± 0.10 | e5 | 0.30 ± 0.10 | | |

(unit : mm)

Co-planarity: 100um Max.

8.2. Pin Layout and PIN Descriptions

Top View

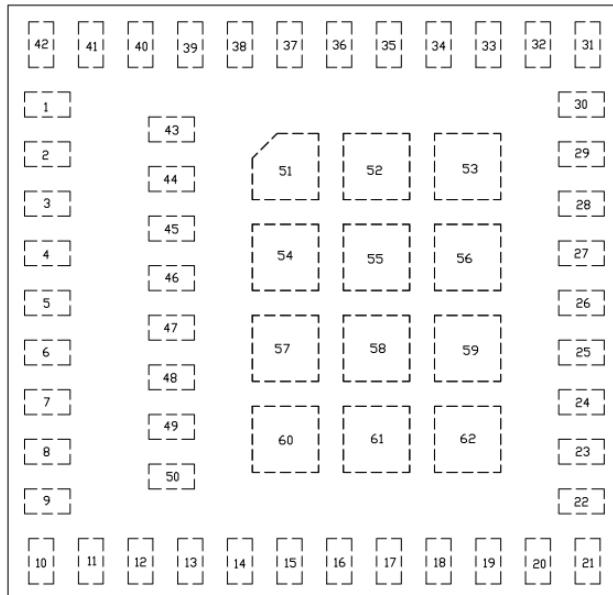
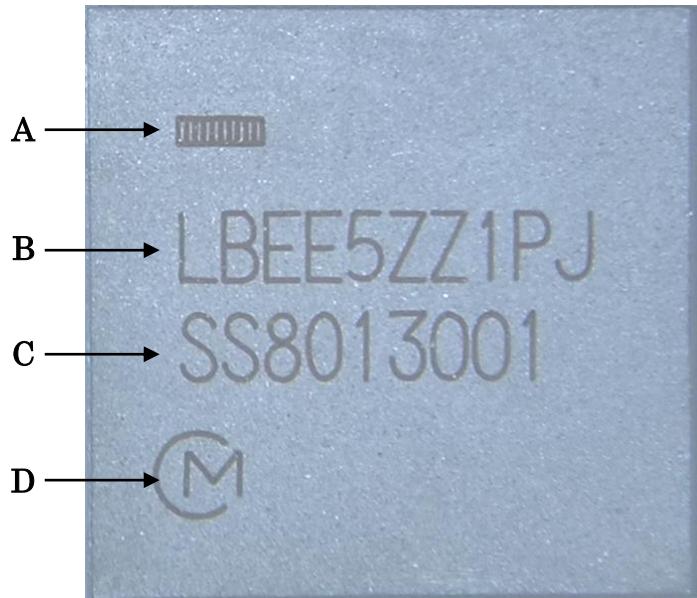


Table 2 Terminal Configurations

| Pin NO. | Terminal Name | Type | VDDIO or pad voltage | Connection to IC terminal | Description |
|---------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 1 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |
| 2 | VBUCK_GND_PM | Ground | - | VBUCK_GND_PM | Ground for internal 1.1 V regulator |
| 3 | PWM_PM | O | 1.1V | PWM_PM | SWREG PMU 1.1V output. |
| 4 | VDD11_PM | I | 1.1V | VDD11_PM | 1.1 V voltage feedback to SWREG PMU. |
| 5 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |
| 6 | SDIO_DATA3 | I/O | VDDIO_SDIO | SDIO_D3 | SDIO data bus D3 |
| 7 | SDIO_DATA2 | I/O | VDDIO_SDIO | SDIO_D2 | SDIO data bus D2 |
| 8 | SDIO_DATA1 | I/O | VDDIO_SDIO | SDIO_D1 | SDIO data bus D1 |
| 9 | SDIO_DATA0 | I/O | VDDIO_SDIO | SDIO_D0 | SDIO data bus D0 |
| 10 | SDIO_CMD | I | VDDIO_SDIO | SDIO_CMD | SDIO CMD line signal |
| 11 | SDIO_CLK | OD ⁽¹⁾ | VDDIO_SDIO | SDIO_CLK | SDIO clock signal |
| 12 | VDDIO_SDIO | Power | 1.8V or 3.3V | VDDIO_SDIO | Voltage supply for SDIO |
| 13 | SDIO_INTERRUPT_L | O | VDDIO_SDIO | SDIO_INTERRUPT_L | SDIO interrupt signal |
| 14 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |
| 15 | 32KHz_CLK_IN | I | VDDIO_GPIO2 | LF_CLK_IN | External low-power 32.768 kHz clock input |
| 16 | VDDIO_GPIO2 | Power | 1.8V or 3.3V | VDDIO_GPIO2 | Voltage supply |
| 17 | HCI_UART_WAKEHOST | OD ⁽¹⁾ | VDDIO_GPIO2 | HCI_UART_WAKEHOST | Bluetooth wakeup host. Active high |
| 18 | WLAN_RF_KILL_L | I | VDDIO_GPIO2 | WLAN_RFKILL_L | Turn off WLAN RF analog and front-end. Active low. |
| 19 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |
| 20 | 2G_WIFI/BT_RF_OUT | A,O | - | - | 2G WIFI and BT output |
| 21 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |
| 22 | 2G_WIFI/BT_RF_IN | A, I | - | - | 2G WIFI and BT input |
| 23 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |
| 24 | ANT | A, I/O | - | - | RF Transmit / Receive Antenna |
| 25 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |

| | | | | | |
|-------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|--|
| 26 | 3D_FRAME_SYNC | I | VDDIO_GPIO1 | 3D_FRAME_SYNC | Frame sync signal from TV to sync with 3D glass via Bluetooth. |
| 27 | HCI_UART_RXD | I | VDDIO_GPIO1 | HCI_UART_RXD | UART RXD signal |
| 28 | HCI_UART_TXD | O | VDDIO_GPIO1 | HCI_UART_TXD | UART TXD signal |
| 29 | HCI_UART_RTS | O | VDDIO_GPIO1 | HCI_UART_RTS | UART RTS signal |
| 30 | HCI_UART_CTS | I | VDDIO_GPIO1 | HCI_UART_CTS | UART CTS signal |
| 31 | PCM_CLK | I | VDDIO_GPIO1 | BT_I2S_SCK | Bluetooth PCM_CLK signal |
| 32 | PCM_SYNC | I/O | VDDIO_GPIO1 | BT_I2S_WS | Bluetooth PCM_SYNC signal |
| 33 | PCM_IN | OD ⁽¹⁾ | VDDIO_GPIO1 | BT_I2S_SDI | Bluetooth PCM_IN signal |
| 34 | PCM_OUT | O | VDDIO_GPIO1 | BT_I2S_SDO | Bluetooth PCM_OUT signal |
| 35 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |
| 36 | VDDIO_XTAL | Power | 1.8V or 3.3V | VDDIO_XTAL | Voltage supply for XTAL |
| 37 | VDDIO_GPIO1 | Power | 1.8V or 3.3V | VDDIO_GPIO1 | Voltage supply |
| 38 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |
| 39 | WLAN_EN | I | VDDIO_AO | WL_EN | WLAN enable. Active high |
| 40 | BT_EN | I | VDDIO_AO | BT_EN | Bluetooth enable. Active high |
| 41 | VDD_3P3 | Power | 3.3V | VDD33_PM | 3.3 V input voltage |
| 42 | VDDIO_AO | Power | 1.8V or 3.3V | VDDIO_AO_PM | Always-on I/O supply for power management and real-time clock. This supply must be present if any other supply is present. |
| 43 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |
| 44 | LTE_UART_RXD | I | VDDIO_GPIO1 | LTE_UART_RXD | LTE coexistence signal. LTE_UART_RXD or LTE_FS. |
| 45 | LTE_UART_TXD | O | VDDIO_GPIO1 | LTE_UART_TXD | LTE co-existence signal. LTE_UART_TXD or LTE_PRI. |
| 46 | CLK_REQ | O | VDDIO_GPIO1 | CLK_REQ | Clock request output |
| 47 | DBG_UART_TXD | OD ⁽¹⁾ | VDDIO_AO | GPIO[19] | DBG_UART_TXD |
| 48 | DBG_UART_RXD | OD ⁽¹⁾ | VDDIO_GPIO2 | GPIO[18] | DBG_UART_RXD |
| 49 | QOW | OD ⁽¹⁾ | VDDIO_GPIO2 | QOW | This signal can be used to enable for external Wireless charging UART circuit. |
| 50~62 | GND | Ground | - | - | Ground |

(1) OD means this PIN is a digital output signal with open drain, an external pull-up or pull-down resistor is needed when this PIN is used.

8.3. Marking

| Marking | Meaning |
|---------|-------------------|
| A | Pin 1 Marking |
| B | Module Descriptor |
| C | Inspection Number |
| D | Murata Logo |

9. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS^{*1)}

| Parameter | | min. | max. | Unit |
|---------------------|-------------|------|------|-------|
| Storage Temperature | | -40 | 85 | deg.C |
| Supply Voltage | VDD_3P3 | -0.3 | 3.65 | V |
| | VDDIO_SDIO | | | |
| | VDDIO_GPIO1 | | | |
| | VDDIO_GPIO2 | -0.3 | 3.6 | V |
| | VDDIO_XTAL | | | |
| | VDDIO_AO | | | |

^{*1)} Stresses in excess of the absolute ratings may cause permanent damage. Functional operation is not implied under these conditions. Exposure to absolute ratings for extended periods of time may adversely affect reliability. No damage assuming only one parameter is set at limit at a time with all other parameters are set within operating condition.

10. OPERATING CONDITION^{*2)}

| Parameter | | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operating Temperature | | -20 | - | 70 | deg.C |
| Specification Temperature range | | -20 | 25 | 60 | deg.C |
| Supply Voltage | VDD_3P3 | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V |
| | VDDIO_SDIO | | | | |
| | VDDIO_GPIO1 | | | | |
| | VDDIO_GPIO2 | 1.71 | 1.8 or 3.3 | 3.46 | V |
| | VDDIO_XTAL | | | | |
| | VDDIO_AO | | | | |

^{*2)} Functionality is guaranteed but the specifications require the derating at over-temperatures, over-voltage condition.

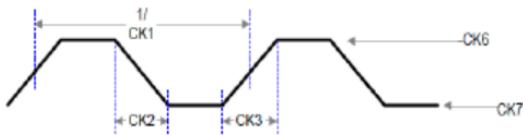
11. External low-power 32.768 kHz clock

The 32 kHz clock is used in low-power modes such as IEEE power-save and sleep. It serves as a timer to determine when to wake up to receive beacons in various power-save schemes and to maintain basic logic operations when in sleep.

Type1PJ module does not require an external 32 kHz clock. By default, Type1PJ module utilizes its internal 200 kHz clock shared with the WLAN and BT subsystem.

If the end application has a more accurate 32 kHz clock, then it can be supplied externally via the LF_CLK_IN pin. The LF_CLK_IN pin must be grounded when using the default internal clock mode. If an external 32 kHz clock is used, the requirements are:

| Symbol | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|---------------------------|------|
| CK1 | Clock rate | – | 32.768 | – | kHz |
| CK2 | Fall time | 1 | – | 100 | ns |
| CK3 | Rise time | 1 | – | 100 | ns |
| CK4 | Duty cycle (high-to-low ratio) | 15 | – | 85 | % |
| CK5 | Frequency stability | -200 | – | 200 | ppm |
| CK6 | Input high voltage | $0.8 \times VDDIO_GPIO2$ | – | $VDDIO_GPIO2 + 0.2$ | V |
| CK7 | Input low voltage | -0.3 | – | $0.2 \times VDDIO_GPIO2$ | V |



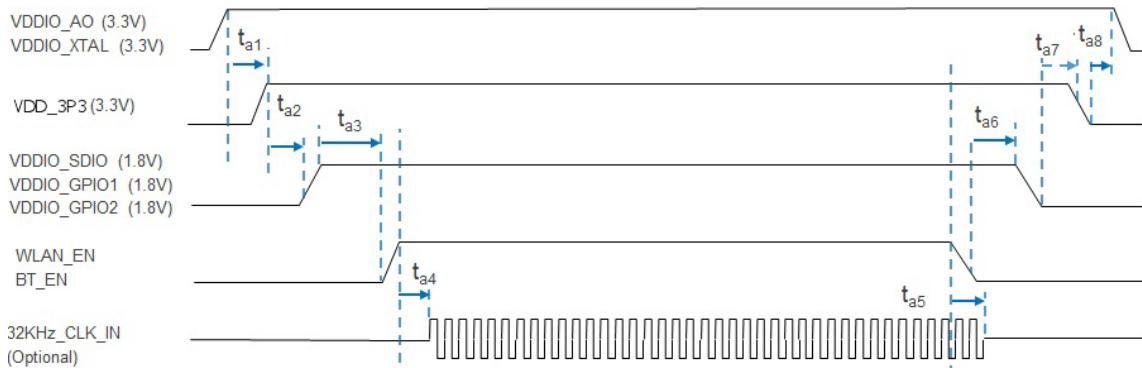
12. POWER SEQUENCE Timing

12.1. Case 1: 3.3 V power down after 1.8 V

If the battery source can be removed from the end user device (battery removed, AC/DC plugged in), this is the recommended power sequence. It will avoid violating the power off sequence by allowing the 3.3 V rail to shut down after the 1.8 V rail.

Notes:

1. VDDIO_GPIO voltage should match VIO voltage from the host. In some applications, VDDIO_GPIO may connect to 3.3 V upon Host VIO voltage.
2. In this case, both WLAN_EN and BT_EN on the 1PJ are at 3.3 V due to using the VDD_AO power rail. If the host VIO voltage is 1.8 V, it must have level shifters to interface with host.
3. All host interface signals must stay floating or low before valid power on sequence (WLAN_EN and BT_EN goes high).



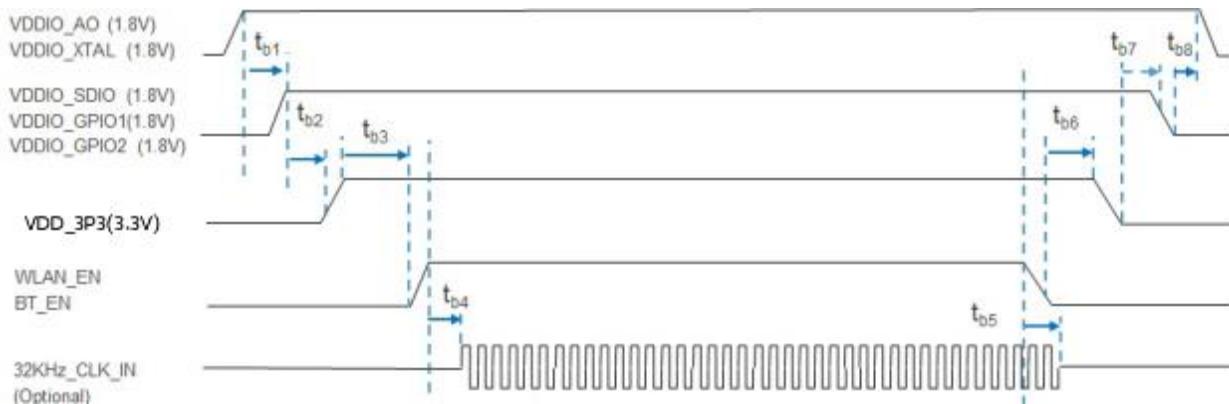
| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units |
|-----------------|---|-----|-----|-------|
| t _{a1} | No requirement if VDDIO_AO connected to 3.3 V | 0 | - | μs |
| t _{a2} | 90% of 3.3 V to 10% of 1.8 V | 0 | - | μs |
| t _{a3} | 90% of VDDIO_GPIO to 0.7 V of both WLAN_EN and BT_EN | 10 | - | μs |
| t _{a4} | WLAN_EN valid to LF_CLK_IN input | 0 | - | μs |
| t _{a5} | WLAN_EN de-assert ("low") to LF_CLK_IN de-assert (tristate or low) | 0 | - | μs |
| t _{a6} | Both WLAN_EN = low and BT_EN = low to 90% of 1.8 V | 10 | - | μs |
| t _{a7} | 3.3 V always higher than 1.8 V during operation, with power off by removing battery or unplugging AC/DC | 0 | - | μs |
| t _{a8} | VDDIO_AO and VDDIO_XTAL should be connected to 3.3 V power rail | 0 | - | μs |

12.2. Case 2: 1.8 V power down after 3.3 V

If the battery source cannot be removed from the end user device, this is the recommended power sequence for this application. This sequence allows the software to control the power on/off sequence.

Notes:

1. VDDIO_GPIO voltage should match VIO voltage from the host. In some applications, VDDIO_GPIO may connect to 3.3 V upon host VIO voltage.
2. Both WLAN_EN and BT_EN of 1PJ are 1.8 V. If host VIO voltage is 1.8 V, it does not need level shifter to interface with host.
3. All host interface signals must stay floating or low before WLAN_EN/BT_EN = "high", and after WLAN_EN/BT_EN = Low.



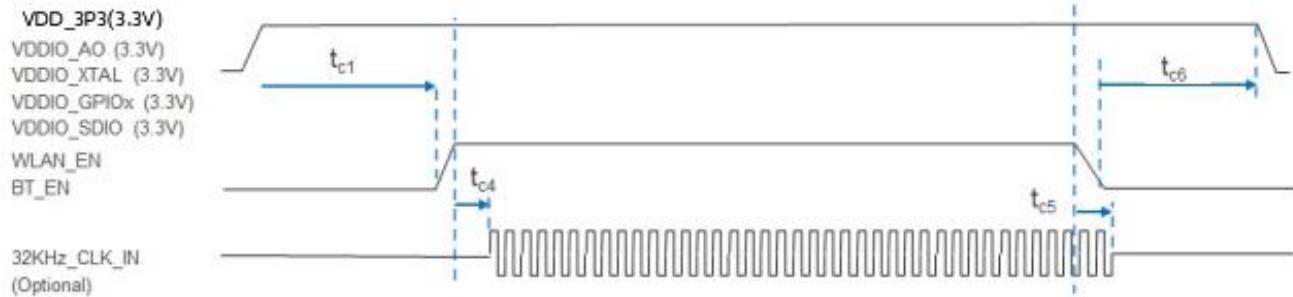
| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units |
|--------|--|-----|-----|-------|
| tb1 | No requirement if VDDIO_AO connected to 1.8 V | 0 | - | μs |
| tb2 | 90% of 1.8 V to 10% of 3.3 V | 0 | - | μs |
| tb3 | 90% of 3.3 V to 0.7 V of both WLAN_EN and BT_EN | 10 | - | μs |
| tb4 | WLAN_EN valid to LF_CLK_IN input | 0 | - | μs |
| tb5 | WLAN_EN de-assert ("low") to LF_CLK_IN de-assert (tristate or low) | 0 | - | μs |
| tb6 | Both WLAN_EN = low and BT_EN = low to 90% of 3.3 V | 10 | - | μs |
| tb7 | 10% of 3.3 V to 90% of 1.8 V | 0 | - | μs |
| tb8 | VDDIO_AO and VDDIO_XTAL should be connected to 1.8 V power rail | 0 | - | μs |

12.3. Case 3: All power rails supplied with 3.3 V

All power pins are connected to 3.3 V only include VDDIO_AO, VDDIO_XTAL, VDDIO_GPIOx.

Notes:

All host signals are either GND or floating before WLAN_EN/BT_EN = "high", and after WLAN_EN/BT_EN = Low.



| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units |
|----------|--|-----|-----|---------|
| t_{c1} | 90% of 3.3 V to 0.7 V of both WLAN_EN and BT_EN | 0 | - | μ s |
| t_{c4} | WLAN_EN valid to LF_CLK_IN input | 0 | - | μ s |
| t_{c5} | WLAN_EN de-assert ("low") to LF_CLK_IN de-assert (tristate or low) | 0 | - | μ s |
| t_{c6} | Both WLAN_EN = low and BT_EN = low to 90% of 3.3 V | 10 | - | μ s |

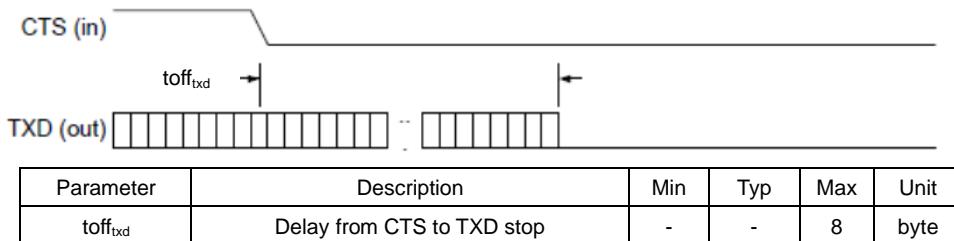
13. Digital I/O Requirements

| Symbol | Parameter | Comments | Minimum | Type | Maximum | Unit |
|--------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-------------|------|
| VIH | High-level input voltage | | 0.7x VDDIO | - | VDDIO + 0.3 | V |
| VIL | Low-level input voltage | | -0.3 | - | 0.3x VDDIO | V |
| VSHYS | Schmitt hysteresis | | - | 1.8 V IO: 375 3.3 V IO: 645 | - | mV |
| IIL | Input low leakage current | VIN = 0 V Supply = VIO max | -5 | - | 5 | uA |
| RPULL | Input pull resistor | Up or down | - | 1.8 V IO: 120 3.3 V IO: 70 | - | kohm |
| VOH | High-level output voltage | | 0.9x VDDIO | - | VDDIO | V |
| VOL | Low-level output voltage | | 0 | - | 0.1x VDDIO | V |
| IOH | High-level output current | | 3 | - | - | mA |
| IOL | Low-level output current | | - | - | -11 | mA |
| CIN | Input capacitance | | - | - | 3 | pF |

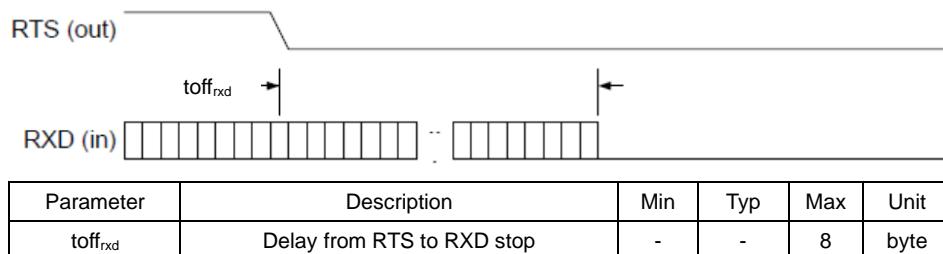
14. INTERFACE TIMING

14.1. Bluetooth UART Timing

14.1.1. UART transmit Timing



14.1.2. UART Receiver Timing



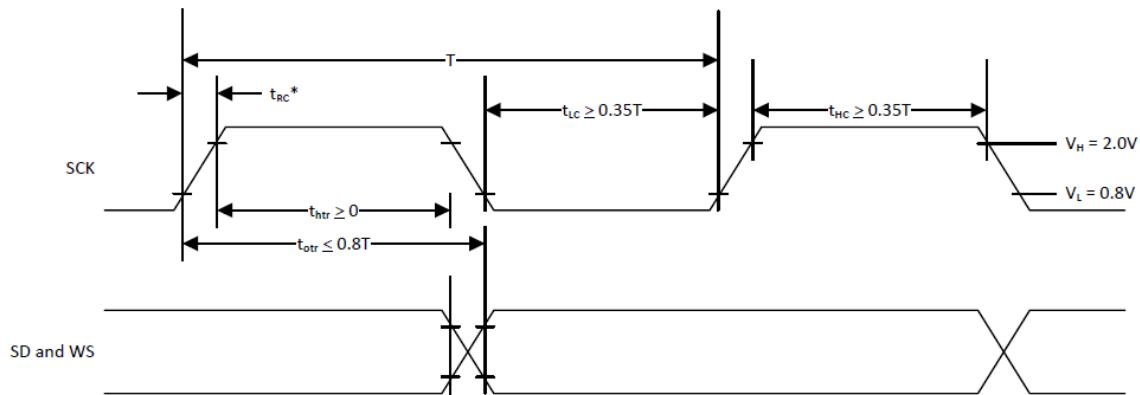
14.2. I²S Timing

| | Transmitter | | | | Receiver | | | | Notes | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----|-------|--|
| | Lower Limit | | Upper Limit | | Lower Limit | | Upper Limit | | | |
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | | |
| Clock Period T | T _{tr} | - | - | - | T _{tr} | - | - | - | a | |
| Master Mode: Clock generated by transmitter or receiver | | | | | | | | | | |
| HIGH t _{HC} | 0.35T _{tr} | - | - | - | 0.35T _{tr} | - | - | - | b | |
| LOW t _{LC} | 0.35T _{tr} | - | - | - | 0.35T _{tr} | - | - | - | b | |
| Slave Mode: Clock accepted by transmitter or receiver | | | | | | | | | | |
| HIGH t _{HC} | - | 0.35T _{tr} | - | - | - | 0.35T _{tr} | - | - | c | |
| LOW t _{LC} | - | 0.35T _{tr} | - | - | - | 0.35T _{tr} | - | - | c | |
| Rise time t _{RC} | - | - | 0.15T _{tr} | - | - | - | - | - | d | |
| Transmitter | | | | | | | | | | |
| Delay t _{dtr} | - | - | - | 0.8T | - | - | - | - | e | |
| Hold time t _{htx} | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | d | |
| Receiver | | | | | | | | | | |
| Setup time t _{sr} | - | - | - | - | - | 0.2T _r | - | - | f | |
| Hold time t _{hr} | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | - | - | f | |

Notes:

- The system clock period T must be greater than T_{tr} and T_r because both the transmitter and receiver have to be able to handle the data transfer rate.
- At all data rates in master mode, the transmitter or receiver generates a clock signal with a fixed mark/space ratio. For this reason, t_{HC} and t_{LC} are specified with respect to T.
- In slave mode, the transmitter and receiver need a clock signal with minimum HIGH and LOW periods so that they can detect the signal. So long as the minimum periods are greater than 0.35T_r, any clock that meets the requirements can be used.
- Because the delay(t_{dtr}) and the maximum transmitter speed (defined by T_{tr}) are related, a fast transmitter driven by a slow clock edge can result in t_{dtr} not exceeding t_{RC} which means t_{htx} becomes zero or negative. Therefore, the transmitter has to guarantee that t_{htx} is greater than or equal to zero, so long as the clock rise-time t_{RC} is not more than t_{RCmax}, where t_{RCmax} is not less than 0.15T_{tr}.
- To allow data to be clocked out on a falling edge, the delay is specified with respect to the rising edge of the clock signal and T, always giving the receiver sufficient setup time.
- The data setup and hold time must not be less than the specified receiver setup and hold time.

14.2.1. I²S Transmitter Timing



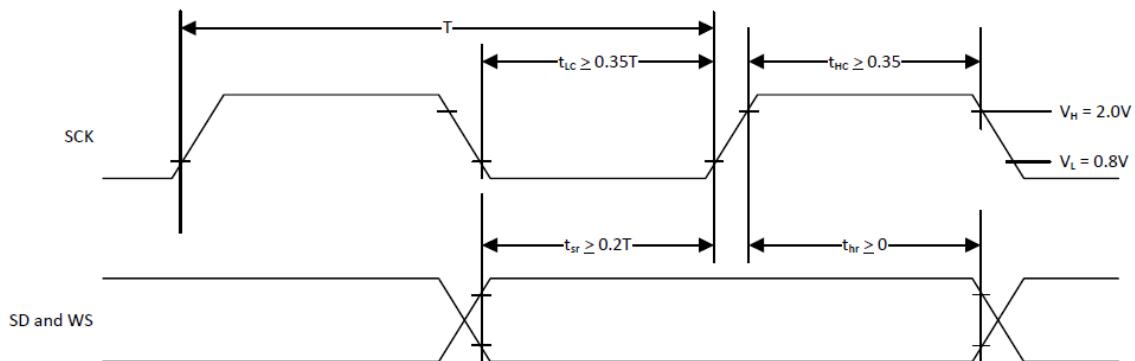
T = Clock period

T_{tr} = Minimum allowed clock period for transmitter

$T = T_{tr}$

* t_{RC}^* is only relevant for transmitters in slave mode.

14.2.2. I²S Receiver Timing



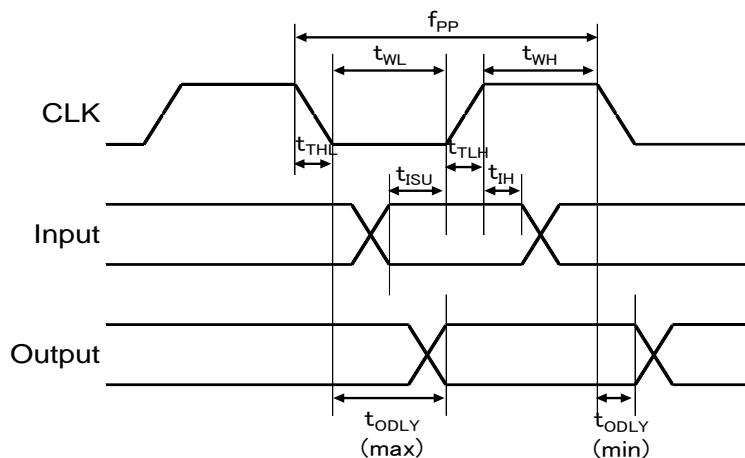
T = Clock period

T_r = Minimum allowed clock period for transmitter

$T > T_r$

14.3. SDIO Timing

14.3.1. SDIO Default Mode Timing

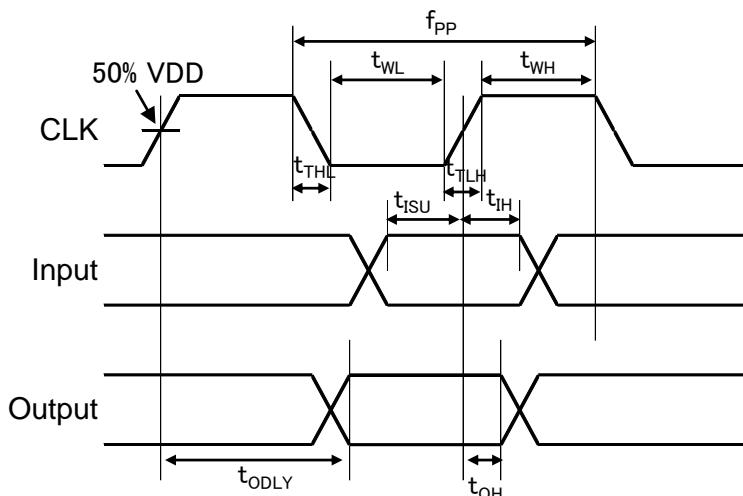


SDIO Bus Timing parameters (default Mode)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|
| SDIO CLK (All values are referred to minimum VIH and maximum VIL) | | | | | |
| Frequency-Data Transfer Mode | f_{PP} | 0 | - | 25 | MHz |
| Frequency-Identification Mode | f_{OD} | 0 ^a /100 | - | 400 | kHz |
| Clock Low Time | t_{WL} | 10 | - | - | ns |
| Clock High Time | t_{WH} | 10 | - | - | ns |
| Clock Rise Time | t_{TLH} | - | - | 10 | ns |
| Clock low Time | t_{THL} | - | - | 10 | ns |
| Inputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Input Setup Time | t_{ISU} | 5 | - | - | ns |
| Input Hold Time | t_{IH} | 5 | - | - | ns |
| Outputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Output Delay time-Data Transfer Mode | t_{ODLY} | 0 | - | 14 | ns |
| Output Delay time-Identification Mode | t_{ODLY} | 0 | - | 50 | ns |

a. 0 Hz means to stop the clock. The given minimum frequency range is for cases where continuous clock is required.

14.3.2. SDIO High-Speed Mode Timing



SDIO Bus Timing parameters (High-Speed Mode)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| SDIO CLK (All values are referred to minimum VIH and maximum VIL) | | | | | |
| Frequency-Data Transfer Mode | f_{PP} | 0 | - | 50 | MHz |
| Clock Low Time | t_{WL} | 7 | - | - | ns |
| Clock High Time | t_{WH} | 7 | - | - | ns |
| Clock Rise Time | t_{TLH} | - | - | 3 | ns |
| Clock low Time | t_{THL} | - | - | 3 | ns |
| Inputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Input Setup Time | t_{ISU} | 6 | - | - | ns |
| Input Hold Time | t_{IH} | 2 | - | - | ns |
| Outputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Output Delay time-Data Transfer Mode | t_{ODLY} | - | - | 14 | ns |
| Output Hold time | t_{OH} | 2.5 | - | - | ns |
| Total System Capacitance (each line) | C_L | - | - | 40 | pF |

14.3.3. SDIO UHS mode Timing

In UHS mode the supported features are:

1. Embedded SDIO

The chip is only designed for embedded system; that is, it should be mounted on the PCB with host system and not support plug & play.

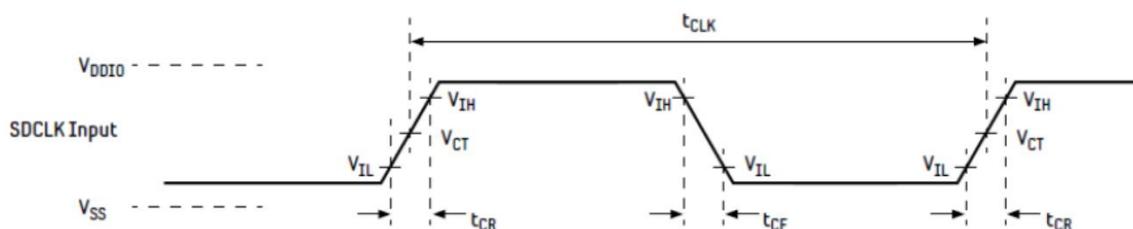
2. Fixed voltage supply (VDDIO_SDIO 1.8 V)

There is no on-chip LDO to do voltage switch when it receives CMD11 (voltage switch command). In other words, the VDDIO_SDIO power supply is provided from host and should keep constant. Note, though, it does not support voltage switch, it does follow the timing flow of CMD11, with the exception of no voltage change, so there is no effect to SW code.

3. Support for 8-bit mode

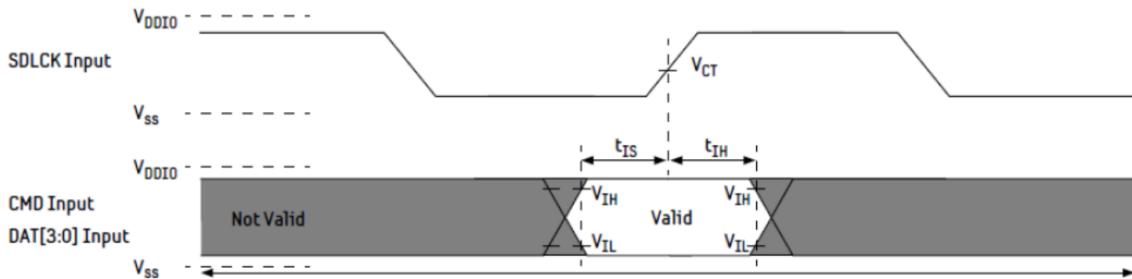
The 8-bit mode dedicated to embedded system is supported with the maximum frequency of 50 MHz

a). Clock signal timing



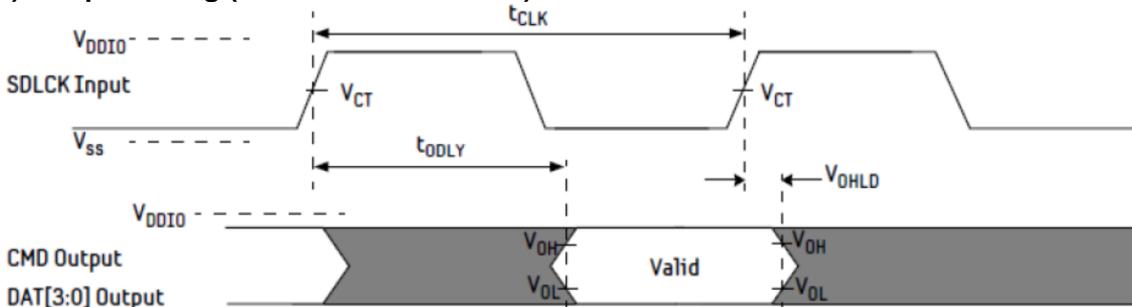
| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|------------|-----|---------------------|------|--|
| tCLK | 4.8 | - | ns | 208MHz (max.) between rising edge, VCT=0.975V |
| tCR, tCF | - | $0.2 \cdot t_{CLK}$ | ns | $t_{CR}, t_{CF} < 0.96\text{ns}$ (max.) at 208MHz, C=10 pF |
| Clock duty | 30 | 70 | % | |

b). Input timing



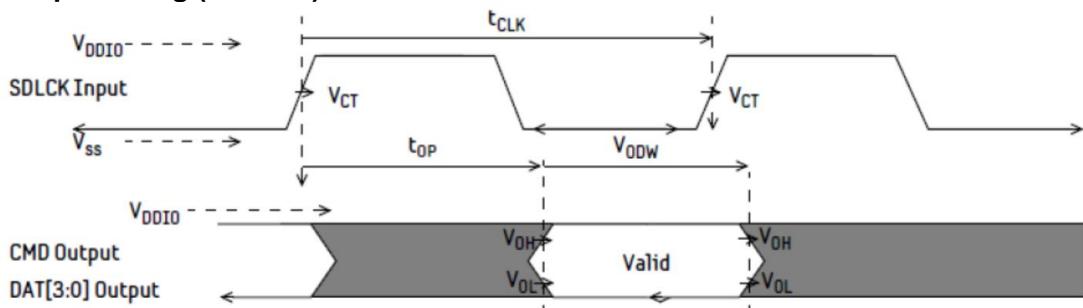
| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | SDR104 mode |
|-----------------|-----|-----|------|------------------------------|
| t _{IS} | 1.4 | - | ns | C = 10 pF, VCT=0.975V |
| t _{IH} | 0.8 | - | ns | C=10 pF, VCT=0.975V |
| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | SDR12, SDR25 and SDR50 modes |
| t _{IS} | 3 | - | ns | C = 10 pF, VCT=0.975V |
| t _{IH} | 0.8 | - | ns | C=10 pF, VCT=0.975V |

c). Output timing (SDR12/SDR25/SDR50)



| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|-------------------|-----|-----|------|---|
| t _{ODLY} | - | 7.5 | ns | TCLK=10ns, CL=30 pF, driver B for SDR50 |
| t _{ODLY} | - | 14 | ns | TCLK=20ns, CL=40 pF, driver B for SDR25,12 |
| t _{OH} | 1.5 | - | ns | Hold time at the t_{ODLY} , CL=15 pF |

d). Output timing (SDR104)



| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|--|
| t _{OP} | 0 | 2 | ns | Output phase |
| Delta t _{OP} | -350 | 1550 | ps | Delay variation due to temperature change after tuning |
| t _{ODW} | 0.6 | - | UI | t _{ODW} =2.88ns at 208 MHz. |

15. DC / RF Characteristics

15.1. DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE802.11b - 2.4GHz

| | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Specification | IEEE802.11b | | |
| Mode | DSSS / CCK | | |
| Frequency | 2412 to 2472 MHz | | |
| Data rate | 1, 2, 5.5, 11Mbps | | |

Conditions : 25deg.C,
VDD_3P3,VDDIO_SDIO,VDDIO_GPIO1,VDDIO_GPIO2,VDDIO_XTAL,VDDIO_AO=3.3V
Output power setting=19 dBm, 11Mbps mode unless otherwise specified.

| Items | Contents | | | |
|---|----------|------|------|------|
| | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| - DC Characteristics - | | | | |
| 1. DC current | | | | |
| 1) Tx mode (1024byte, 20usec interval) *4) *5) | - | 330 | - | mA |
| 2) Rx mode | - | 60 | - | mA |
| - Tx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 2. Output Power | 18 | 19 | 20 | dBm |
| 3. Spectrum Mask margin | | | | |
| 1) 1st side lobes(-30dB) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 2) 2nd side lobes(-50dB) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4. Power-on and Power-down ramp | - | | 2.0 | μsec |
| 5. RF Carrier Suppression | 15 | - | - | dB |
| 6. Modulation Accuracy (EVM) | - | - | 35 | % |
| 7. Frequency tolerance | -20 | - | 20 | ppm |
| 8. Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| 1) 30-1000MHz | - | - | -36 | dBm |
| 2) 1000-12750MHz | - | - | -30 | dBm |
| 3) 1800-1900MHz | | | -47 | dBm |
| 4) 5150-5300MHz | - | - | -47 | dBm |
| - Rx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 9. Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | - | - | -76 | dBm |
| 10. Maximum Input Level (PER ≤ 8%) | -10 | - | - | dBm |
| 11. Adjacent Channel Rejection (FER ≤ 8%) | 35 | - | - | dB |

*4): Defined when output power setting is 19 dBm at Murata module antenna pad

*5): Data rate is 1Mbps

15.2. DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE802.11g - 2.4GHz

| | | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Specification | IEEE802.11g | | | |
| Mode | OFDM | | | |
| Frequency | 2412 to 2472 MHz | | | |
| Data rate | 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps | | | |

Conditions : 25deg.C,
VDD_3P3,VDDIO_SDIO,VDDIO_GPIO1,VDDIO_GPIO2,VDDIO_XTAL,VDDIO_AO=3.3V
Output power setting=18 dBm, 54Mbps mode unless otherwise specified.

| Items | Contents | | | |
|---|----------|------|------|------|
| - DC Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 1. DC current | | | | |
| 1) Tx mode (1024byte, 20usec interval) *6) *7) | - | 310 | - | mA |
| 2) Rx mode | - | 60 | - | mA |
| - Tx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 2. Output Power | 17 | 18 | 19 | dBm |
| 3. Spectrum Mask margin | | | | |
| 1) 9MHz to 11MHz (0~ -20dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 2) 11MHz to 20MHz (-20~ -28dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 3) 20MHz to 30MHz (-28~ -40dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4) 30MHz to 33MHz (-40dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4. Constellation Error (EVM) | - | - | -25 | dB |
| 5. Frequency tolerance | -20 | - | 20 | ppm |
| 6. Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| 1) 30-1000MHz | - | - | -36 | dBm |
| 2) 1000-12750MHz | - | - | -30 | dBm |
| 3) 1800-1900MHz | | | -47 | dBm |
| 4) 5150-5300MHz | - | - | -47 | dBm |
| - Rx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 7. Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | - | - | -65 | dBm |
| 8. Maximum Input Level (PER < 10%) | -20 | - | - | dBm |
| 9. Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER < 10%) | -1 | - | - | dB |

*6): Defined when output power setting is 18dBm at Murata module antenna pad

*7): Data rate is 6Mbps

15.3. DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE802.11n – 2.4GHz

| | | | | |
|---------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Specification | IEEE802.11n | | | |
| Mode | OFDM | | | |
| Frequency | 2412 to 2472 MHz | | | |
| Data rate | MCS0-MCS7 | | | |

Conditions : 25deg.C,
VDD_3P3,VDDIO_SDIO,VDDIO_GPIO1,VDDIO_GPIO2,VDDIO_XTAL,VDDIO_AO=3.3V
Output power setting=18 dBm, BW=20MHz, MCS7 unless otherwise specified.

| - DC Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
|--|------|------|------|------|
| 1. DC current | | | | |
| 1) Tx mode (1024byte, 20usec interval) *8)*9) | - | 310 | - | mA |
| 2) Rx mode | - | 60 | - | mA |
| - Tx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 2. Output Power | 17 | 18 | 19 | dBm |
| 3. Spectrum Mask | | | | |
| 1) 9MHz to 11MHz (0 ~ -20dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 2) 11MHz to 20MHz (-20 ~ -28dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 3) 20MHz to 30MHz (-28 ~ -45dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4) 30MHz to 33MHz (-45dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4. Constellation Error (EVM) | - | - | -27 | dB |
| 5. Frequency tolerance | -20 | - | 20 | ppm |
| 6. Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| 1) 30-1000MHz | - | - | -36 | dBm |
| 2) 1000-12750MHz | - | - | -30 | dBm |
| 3) 1800-1900MHz | | | -47 | dBm |
| 4) 5150-5300MHz | - | - | -47 | dBm |
| - Rx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 7. Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | - | - | -64 | dBm |
| 8. Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER < 10%) | -2 | - | - | dB |

*8): Defined when output power setting is 18 dBm at Murata module antenna pad

*9): Data rate is MCS0

15.4. Removed

This section is removed.

15.5. DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE802.11a - 5GHz

| | | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Specification | IEEE802.11a | | | |
| Mode | OFDM | | | |
| Frequency | 5180 to 5825MHz | | | |
| Data rate | 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps | | | |

Conditions : 25deg.C,
VDD_3P3,VDDIO_SDIO,VDDIO_GPIO1,VDDIO_GPIO2,VDDIO_XTAL,VDDIO_AO=3.3V
Output power setting= 14 dBm, 54Mbps unless otherwise specified.

| - DC Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
|--|------|------|------|------|
| 1. DC current | | | | |
| 1) Tx mode (1024byte, 20usec interval) *8)*9) | - | 420 | - | mA |
| 2) Rx mode | - | 80 | - | mA |
| - Tx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 2. Output Power | 13 | 14 | 15 | dBm |
| 3. Spectrum Mask | | | | |
| 1) 9MHz to 11MHz (0 ~ -20dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 2) 11MHz to 20MHz (-20 ~ -28dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 3) 20MHz to 30MHz (-28 ~ -45dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4) 30MHz to 33MHz (-45dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4. Constellation Error (EVM) | - | - | -25 | dB |
| 5. Frequency tolerance | -20 | - | 20 | ppm |
| 6. Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| 1) 30-1000MHz | - | - | -36 | dBm |
| 2) 1000-12750MHz | - | - | -30 | dBm |
| 3) 1800-1900MHz | | | -47 | dBm |
| 4) 5150-5300MHz | - | - | -47 | dBm |
| - Rx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 7. Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | - | - | -65 | dBm |
| 8. Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER < 10%) | -1 | - | - | dB |

*8): Defined when output power setting is 14 dBm at Murata module antenna pad

*9): Data rate is 6Mbps

15.6. DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE802.11n - 5GHz

| | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Specification | IEEE802.11n | | | |
| Mode | OFDM | | | |
| Frequency | 5180 to 5825MHz | | | |
| Data rate | MCS0-MCS7 | | | |

Conditions : 25deg.C,
VDD_3P3,VDDIO_SDIO,VDDIO_GPIO1,VDDIO_GPIO2,VDDIO_XTAL,VDDIO_AO=3.3V
Output power setting= 14 dBm, BW=20MHz ,MCS7 unless otherwise specified.

| - DC Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
|--|------|------|------|------|
| 1. DC current | | | | |
| 1) Tx mode (1024byte, 20usec interval) *8)*9) | - | 420 | - | mA |
| 2) Rx mode | - | 80 | - | mA |
| - Tx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 2. Output Power | 13 | 14 | 15 | dBm |
| 3. Spectrum Mask | | | | |
| 1) 9MHz to 11MHz (0 ~ -20dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 2) 11MHz to 20MHz (-20 ~ -28dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 3) 20MHz to 30MHz (-28 ~ -45dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4) 30MHz to 33MHz (-45dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4. Constellation Error (EVM) | - | - | -32 | dB |
| 5. Frequency tolerance | -20 | - | 20 | ppm |
| 6. Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| 1) 30-1000MHz | - | - | -36 | dBm |
| 2) 1000-12750MHz | - | - | -30 | dBm |
| 3) 1800-1900MHz | | | -47 | dBm |
| 4) 5150-5300MHz | - | - | -47 | dBm |
| - Rx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 7. Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | - | - | -64 | dBm |
| 8. Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER < 10%) | -2 | - | - | dB |

*8): Defined when output power setting is 14 dBm at Murata module antenna pad

*9): Data rate is MCS0

15.7. DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE802.11ac - 5GHz

| | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Specification | IEEE802.11ac | | |
| Mode | OFDM | | |
| Frequency | 5210 to 5775MHz | | |
| Data rate | MCS0-MCS9 | | |

Conditions : 25deg.C,
VDD_3P3,VDDIO_SDIO,VDDIO_GPIO1,VDDIO_GPIO2,VDDIO_XTAL,VDDIO_AO=3.3V
Output power setting= 1 dBm, BW=80MHz ,MCS9 unless otherwise specified.

| - DC Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
|--|------|------|------|------|
| 1. DC current | | | | |
| 1) Tx mode (1024byte, 20usec interval) *8)*9) | - | 370 | - | mA |
| 2) Rx mode | - | 90 | - | mA |
| - Tx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 2. Output Power *10) | 11 | 12 | 13 | dBm |
| 3. Spectrum Mask | | | | |
| 1) 9MHz to 11MHz (0 ~ -20dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 2) 11MHz to 20MHz (-20 ~ -28dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 3) 20MHz to 30MHz (-28 ~ -45dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4) 30MHz to 33MHz (-45dBr) | 0 | - | - | dB |
| 4. Constellation Error (EVM) | - | - | -32 | dB |
| 5. Frequency tolerance | -20 | - | 20 | ppm |
| 6. Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| 1) 30-1000MHz | - | - | -36 | dBm |
| 2) 1000-12750MHz | - | - | -30 | dBm |
| 3) 1800-1900MHz | | | -47 | dBm |
| 4) 5150-5300MHz | - | - | -47 | dBm |
| - Rx Characteristics - | min. | typ. | max. | unit |
| 7. Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | - | - | -51 | dBm |
| 8. Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER < 10%) | -9 | - | - | dB |

*8): Defined when output power setting is 12dBm at Murata module antenna pad

*9): Data rate is MCS0

*10):Target output power for MCS9 VHT=40 at 5190, 5230, 5270 and 5310MHz is 7dBm.

15.8. DC/RF Characteristics for Bluetooth

Conditions : 25deg.C,

VDD_3P3,VDDIO_SDIO,VDDIO_GPIO1,VDDIO_GPIO2,VDDIO_XTAL,VDDIO_AO=3.3V

| Items | Contents | | | |
|---|----------------------------|------|------|----------|
| Bluetooth specification (power class) | Version 2.1 + EDR (Class1) | | | |
| Channel frequency (spacing) | 2402 to 2480 MHz (1MHz) | | | |
| Current Consumption | Min. | Typ. | Max. | unit |
| (a) Tx=DH5 | - | 55 | - | mA |
| (b) Tx=2DH5 | - | 50 | - | mA |
| (c) Tx=3DH5 | - | 50 | - | mA |
| (d) Rx=DH5 | - | 22 | - | mA |
| (e) Rx=2DH5 | - | 22 | - | mA |
| (f) Rx=3DH5 | - | 22 | - | mA |
| Transmitter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| Output Power@DH5 2402MHz | 0 | | 6 | dBm |
| Output Power@DH5 2441MHz | 0.5 | | 6.5 | dBm |
| Output Power@DH5 2480MHz | 1 | | 7 | dBm |
| Frequency range | 2402 | - | 2480 | MHz |
| 20dB bandwidth | - | 950 | 1000 | MHz |
| Adjacent Channel Power ^{*1} | | | | |
| (a) [M-N] =2 | - | - | -20 | dBm |
| (b) [M-N] ≥3 | - | - | -40 | dBm |
| Modulation characteristics | | | | |
| (a) Modulation Δf1avg | 140 | - | 175 | kHz |
| (b) Modulation Δf2max | 115 | | - | kHz |
| © Modulation Δf2avg / Δf1avg | 0.8 | - | - | |
| Carrier Frequency Drift | | | | |
| (a) 1slot | -25 | - | +25 | kHz |
| (b) 3slot / 5slot | -40 | - | +40 | kHz |
| © Maximum drift rate | | - | 20 | kHz/50us |
| EDR Output Power@2DH5 | 1 | | 7.5 | dBm |
| EDR Output Power@3DH5 | 1 | | 8 | dBm |
| EDR Relative Power | -4 | - | +1 | dB |
| EDR Carrier Frequency Stability and Modulation Accuracy | | | | |
| (a) wi | -75 | - | +75 | kHz |
| (b) wi+wo | -75 | - | +75 | kHz |
| (c) wo | -10 | - | +10 | kHz |
| (d) RMS DEVM (DQPSK) | - | - | 20 | % |
| (e) Peak DEVM (DQPSK) | - | - | 35 | % |
| (f) 99% DEVM (DQPSK) | - | - | 30 | % |
| (g) RMS DEVM (8DPSK) | - | - | 13 | % |
| (h) Peak DEVM (8DPSK) | - | - | 25 | % |
| (i) 99% DEVM (8DPSK) | - | - | 20 | % |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| (a) 10MHz≤f<2387MHz | - | - | -36 | dBm |
| (b) 2387MHz≤f<2400MHz | - | - | -30 | dBm |
| (c) 2483.5MHz<f≤2496.5MHz | | | -47 | dBm |
| (d) 2496.5MHz<f≤8GHz | - | - | -47 | dBm |
| Receiver | Min. | Typ. | Max. | unit |
| BDR Sensitivity (BER<0.1%) | - | - | -80 | dBm |
| EDR Sensitivity (BER<0.007%)@8DPSK | - | - | -77 | dBm |
| C/I Performance (BER<0.1%) ^{*2} | | | | |
| (a) co-channel | - | - | 11 | dB |
| (b) 1MHz | - | - | 0 | dB |

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< Specification may be changed by Murata without notice >

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| | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|-----|-----|
| (c) 2MHz | - | - | -30 | dB |
| (d) 3MHz | - | - | -40 | dB |
| Maximum Input Level (BER<0.1%) | -20 | - | - | dBm |

*1: Up to three spurious responses within Bluetooth limits are allowed.

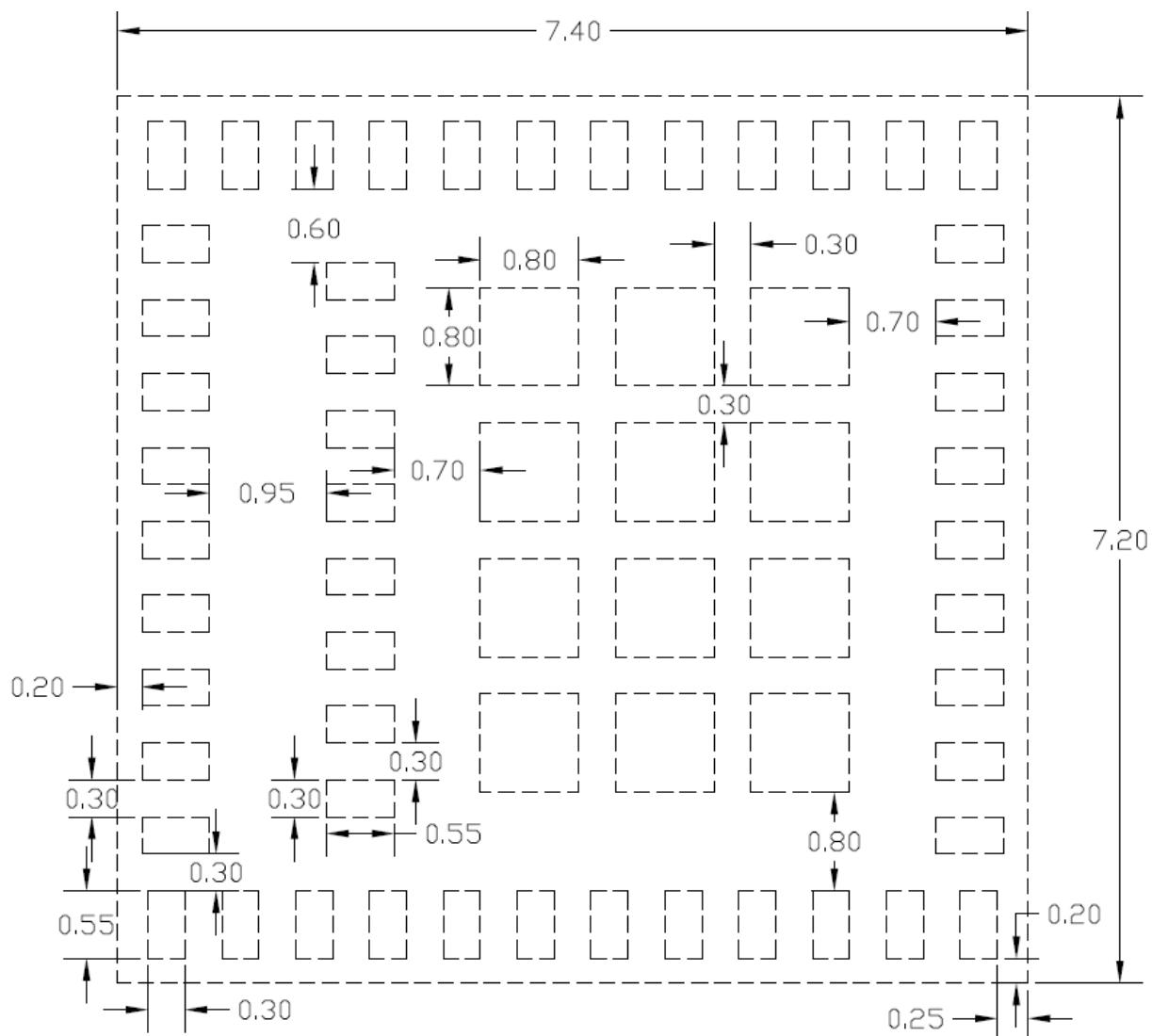
*2: Up to five spurious responses within Bluetooth limits are allowed.

15.9. DC/RF Characteristics for Bluetooth (LE)

Conditions : 25deg.C,

VDD_3P3,VDDIO_SDIO,VDDIO_GPIO1,VDDIO_GPIO2,VDDIO_XTAL,VDDIO_AO=3.3V

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------|------|------|
| Bluetooth specification (power class) | Version 4.1(LE) | | | |
| Channel frequency (spacing) | 2402 to 2480 MHz (2MHz) | | | |
| Number of RF Channel | 40 | | | |
| Item / Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| Center Frequency | 2402 | - | 2480 | MHz |
| Channel Spacing | - | 2 | - | MHz |
| Number of RF channel | - | 40 | - | - |
| Output power 2402MHz | 0 | | 6 | dBm |
| Output power 2440MHz | 0.5 | | 6.5 | dBm |
| Output power 2480MHz | 1 | | 7 | dBm |
| Modulation Characteristics | | | | |
| 1) $\Delta f_{1\text{avg}}$ | 225 | - | 275 | kHz |
| 2) $\Delta f_{2\text{max}}$ (at 99.9%) | 185 | - | - | kHz |
| 3) $\Delta f_{2\text{avg}} / \Delta f_{1\text{avg}}$ | 0.8 | - | - | - |
| Carrier frequency offset and drift | | | | |
| 1) Frequency offset | - | - | 150 | kHz |
| 2) Frequency drift | - | - | 50 | kHz |
| 3) Drift rate | - | - | 20 | kHz |
| Receiver sensitivity (PER < 30.8%) | - | - | -70 | dBm |
| Maximum input signal level (PER < 30.8%) | -10 | - | - | dBm |
| PER Report Integrity (-30dBm input) | 50 | - | 65.4 | % |

16. LAND PATTERN (TOP VIEW)**<Top View>**

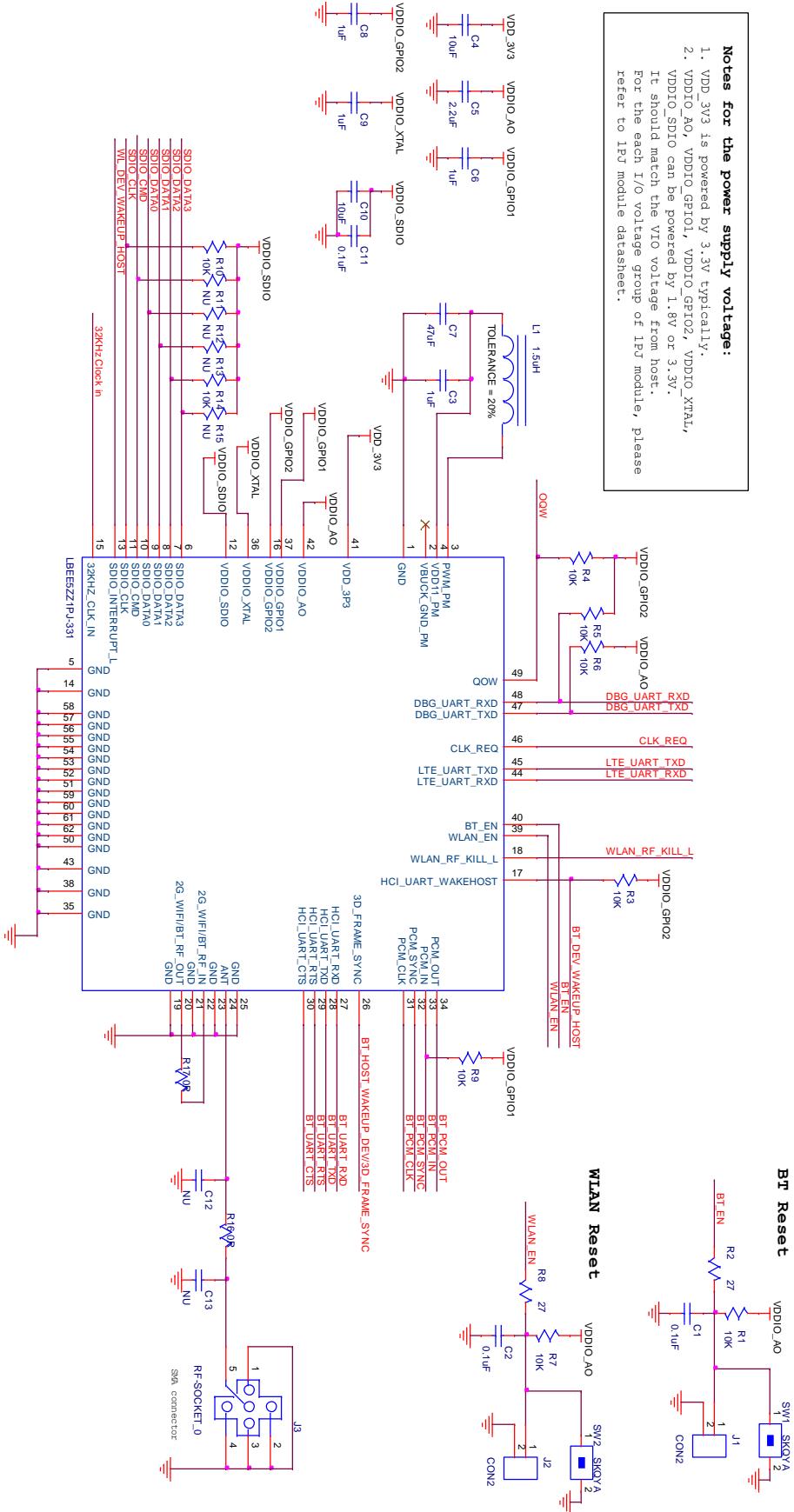
***Stencil design:

For 0.3x0.55mm electrodes, stencil pad is 0.24mm*0.44mm and should put in the center of the each conductor.

For 0.8x0.8mm electrodes, stencil pad is 0.66mm*0.66mm and should put in the center of the each conductor.

***This is based on Murata's condition using the thickness of the stencil 100 um.
So this is just the recommendation and needs to modify based on your condition.

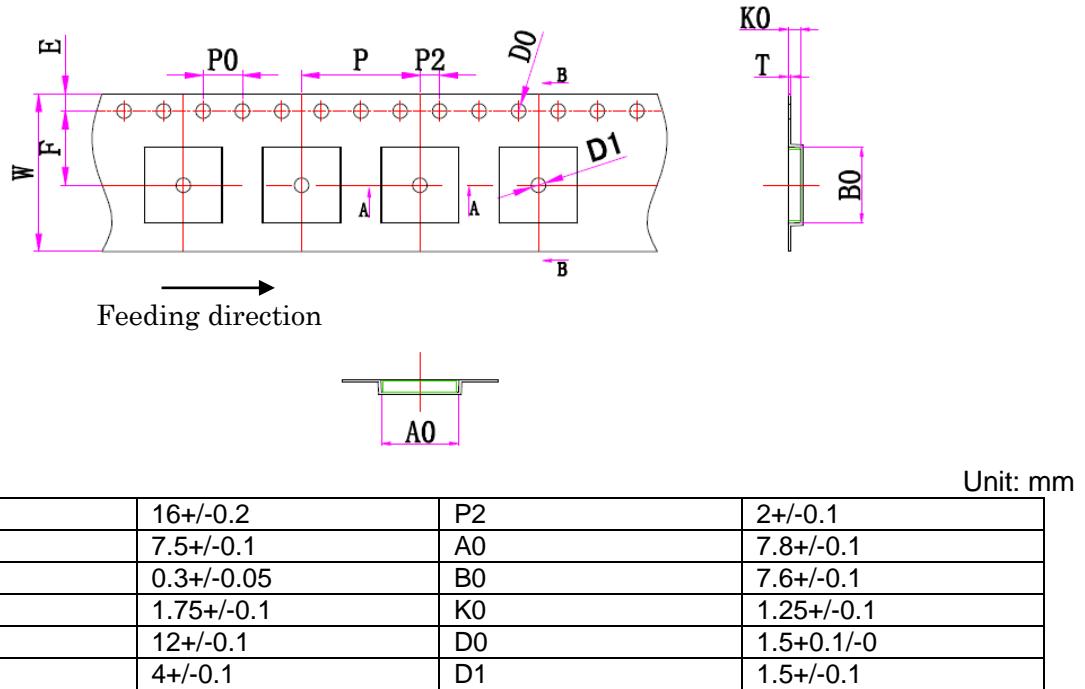
17. REFERENCE CIRCUIT



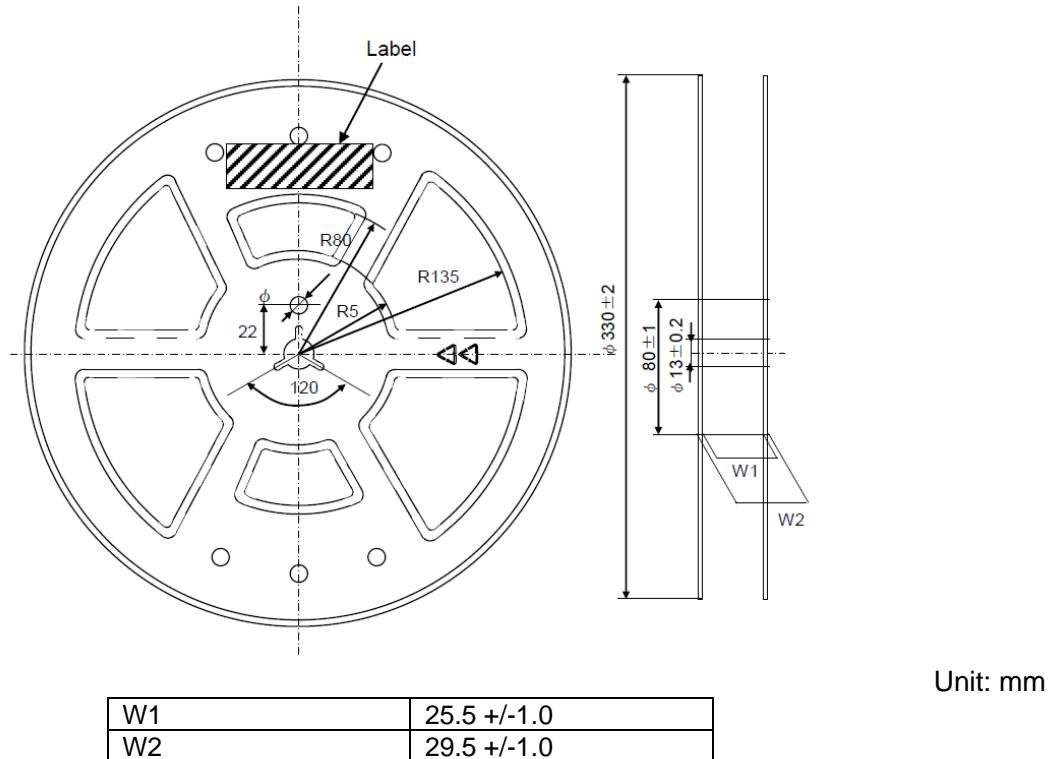
Preliminary & Confidential
< Specification may be changed by Murata without notice >
Murata(China) Investment Co., Ltd.

18. TAPE AND REEL PACKING

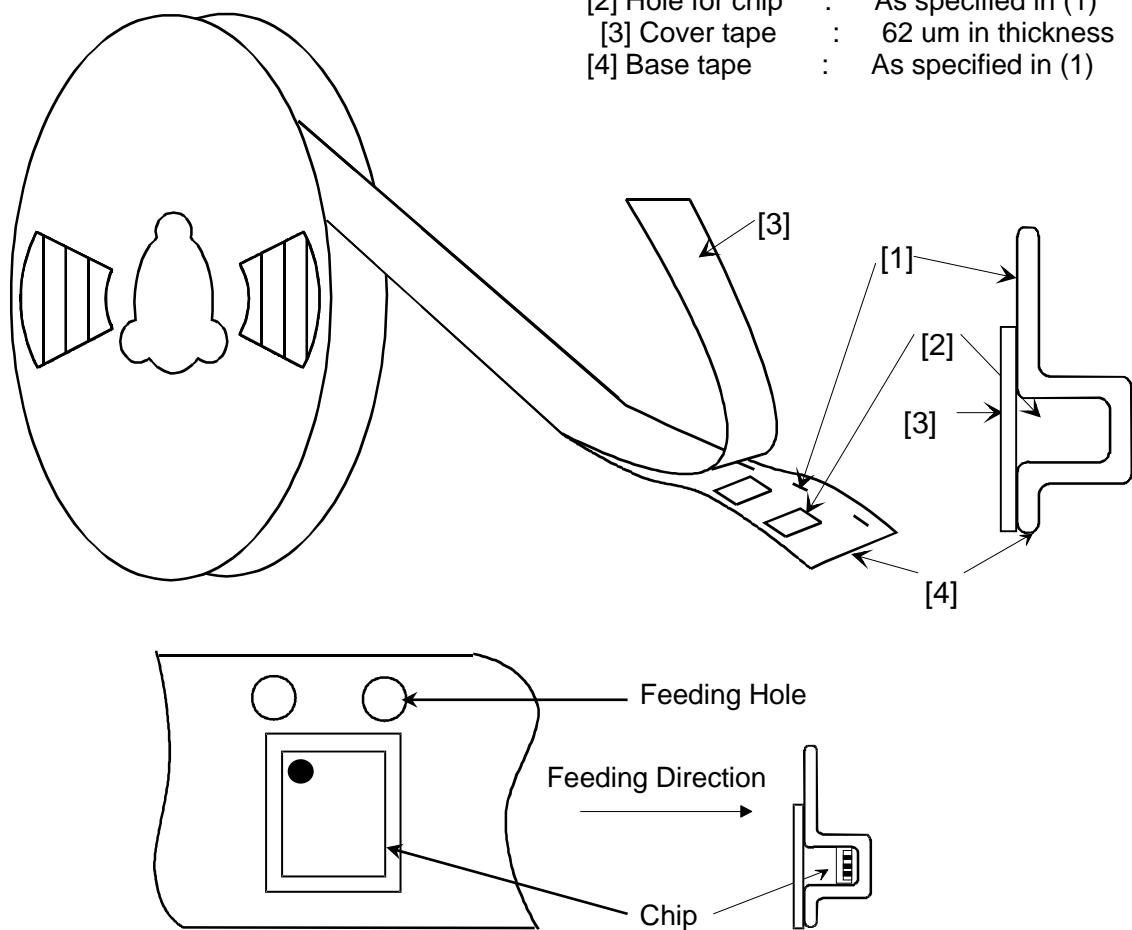
(1) Dimensions of Tape (Plastic tape)



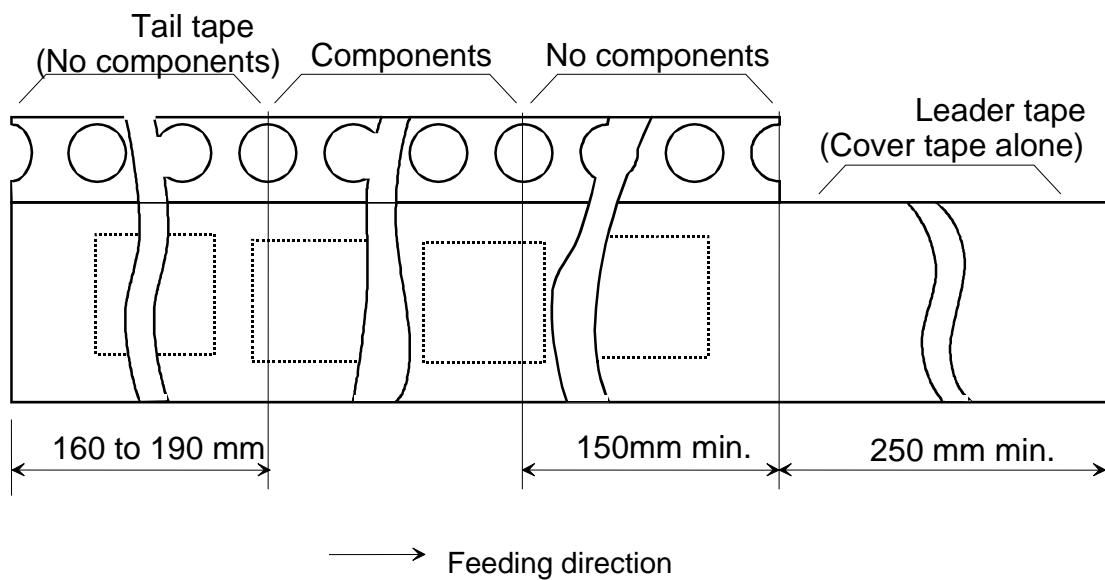
(2) Dimensions of Reel



(3) Taping Diagrams



(4) Leader and Tail tape



-The tape for chips are wound clockwise, the feeding holes to the right side as the tape is pulled toward the user.

-The cover tape and base tape are not adhered at no components area for 250 mm min.

-Tear off strength against pulling of cover tape: 5 N min.

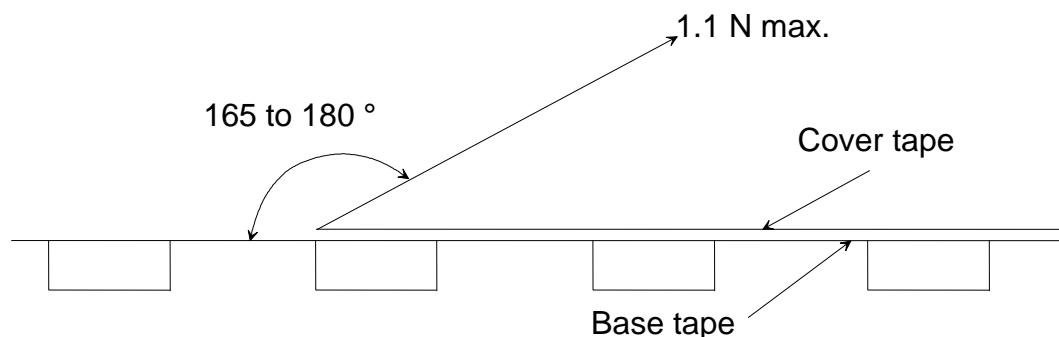
-Packaging unit: 1000 pcs/ reel

- Material: Base tape: Plastic

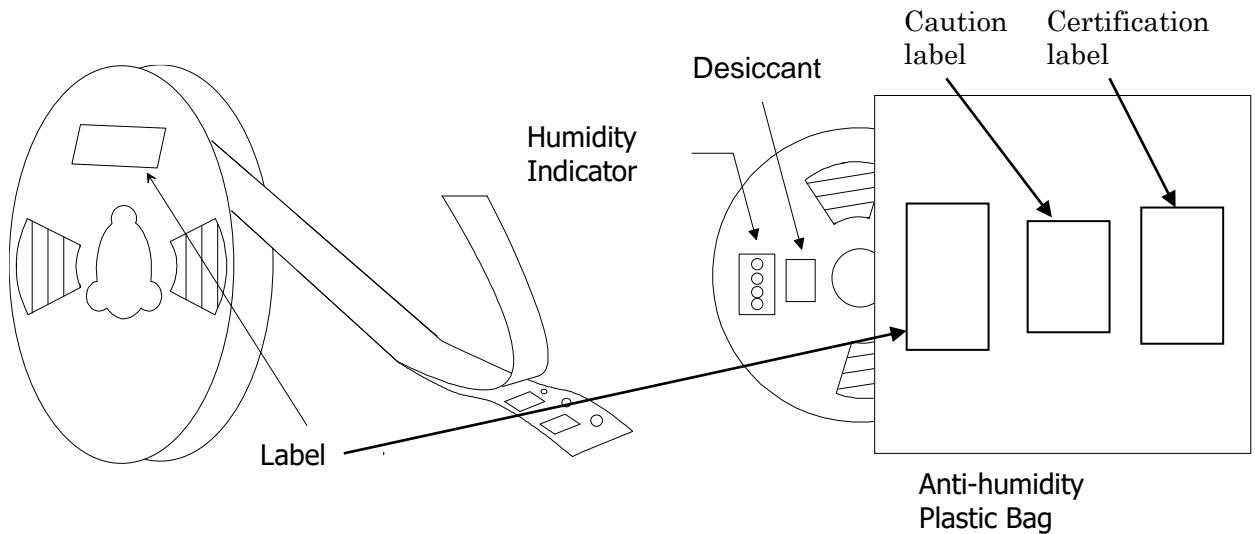
Reel : Plastic

Cover tape, cavity tape and reel are made the anti-static processing.

- Peeling of force: 1.1 N max. in the direction of peeling as shown below.



- PACKAGE (Humidity proof packing)



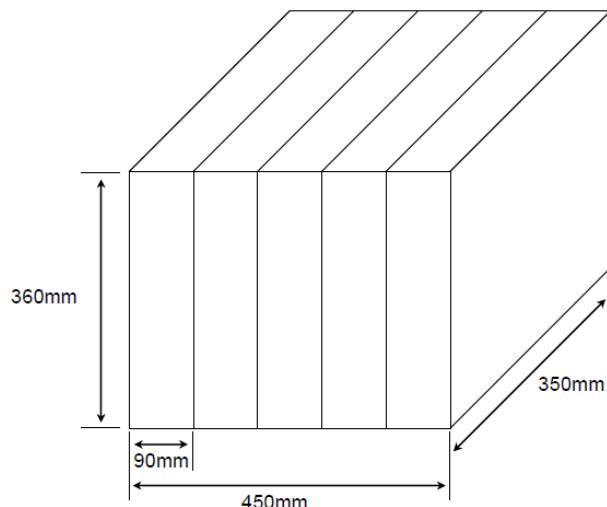
Tape and reel must be sealed with the anti-humidity plastic bag. The bag contains the desiccant and the humidity indicator.

- Box

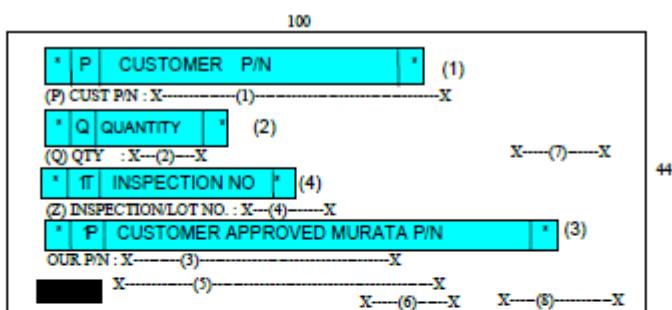
Box for plastic bag: 90 x 350 x 350 mm

Carton box: 390 x 380 x 380 mm

5 boxes for plastic bag are stored to a carton box as below.



- Label



44

| | | |
|---|--|------------|
| 1 | Customer P/N | 得意先品番 |
| 2 | Quantity | 数量 |
| 3 | Customer Approved Murata P/N | 村田品番 |
| 4 | Serial No | 検印/LOT No. |
| 5 | Opposite P/N to Customer Approved Murata P/N | 村田品番(逆品名) |
| 6 | Packing Code | 包装コード |
| 7 | Murata Standard ROHS discrimination | ROHS |
| 8 | Country of origin | 原産地表示 |

19. **NOTICE**

19.1. **Storage Conditions:**

Please use this product within 6month after receipt.

- The product shall be stored without opening the packing under the ambient temperature from 5 to 35deg.C and humidity from 20 to 70%RH.

(Packing materials, in particular, may be deformed at the temperature over 40deg.C.)

- The product left more than 6months after reception, it needs to be confirmed the solderability before used.

- The product shall be stored in non corrosive gas (Cl₂, NH₃, SO₂, No_x, etc.).

- Any excess mechanical shock including, but not limited to, sticking the packing materials by sharp object and dropping the product, shall not be applied in order not to damage the packing materials.

This product is applicable to MSL3 (Based on JEDEC Standard J-STD-020)

- After the packing opened, the product shall be stored at $\leq 30\text{deg.C}$ / $\leq 60\%$ RH and the product shall be used within 168hours.

- When the color of the indicator in the packing changed, the product shall be baked before soldering.

Baking condition: 125+5/-0deg.C, 24hours, 1time

The products shall be baked on the heat-resistant tray because the material (Base Tape, Reel Tape and Cover Tape) are not heat-resistant.

19.2. **Handling Conditions:**

Be careful in handling or transporting products because excessive stress or mechanical shock may break products.

Handle with care if products may have cracks or damages on their terminals, the characteristics of products may change. Do not touch products with bear hands that may result in poor solder ability and destroy by static electrical charge.

19.3. **Standard PCB Design (Land Pattern and Dimensions):**

All the ground terminals should be connected to the ground patterns. Furthermore, the ground pattern should be provided between IN and OUT terminals. Please refer to the specifications for the standard land dimensions.

The recommended land pattern and dimensions is as Murata's standard. The characteristics of products may vary depending on the pattern drawing method, grounding method, land dimensions, land forming method of the NC terminals and the PCB material and thickness. Therefore, be sure to verify the characteristics in the actual set. When using non-standard lands, contact Murata beforehand.

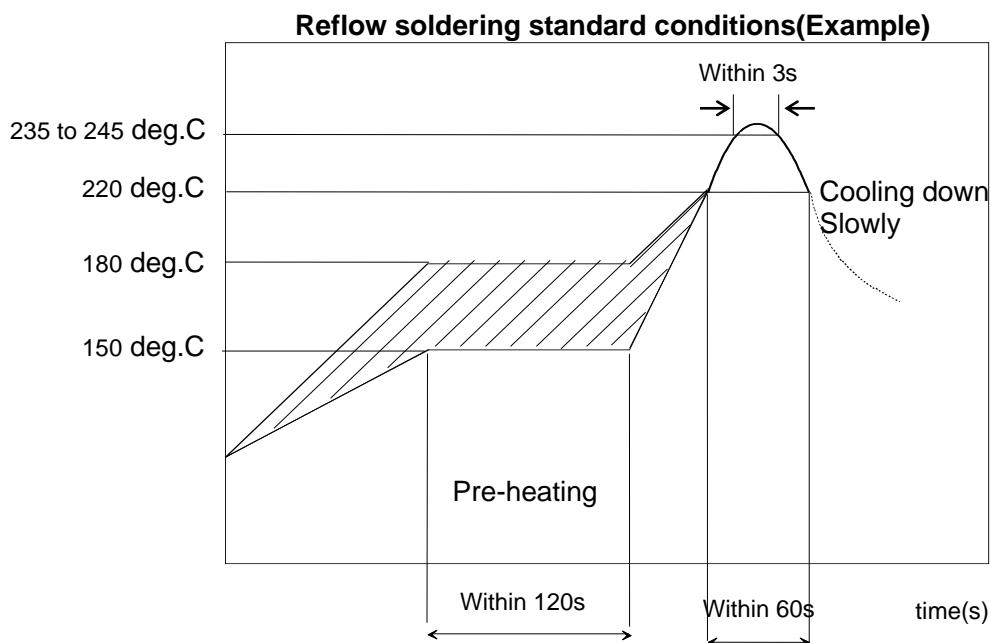
19.4. **Notice for Chip Placer:**

When placing products on the PCB, products may be stressed and broken by uneven forces from a worn-out chucking locating claw or a suction nozzle. To prevent products from damages, be sure to follow the specifications for the maintenance of the chip placer being used. For the positioning of products on the PCB, be aware that mechanical chucking may damage products.

19.5. Soldering Conditions:

The recommendation conditions of soldering are as in the following figure.

When products are immersed in solvent after mounting, pay special attention to maintain the temperature difference within 100 °C. Soldering must be carried out by the above mentioned conditions to prevent products from damage. Set up the highest temperature of reflow within 260 °C. Contact Murata before use if concerning other soldering conditions.



Please use the reflow within 2 times.

Use rosin type flux or weakly active flux with a chlorine content of 0.2 wt % or less.

19.6. Cleaning:

Since this Product is Moisture Sensitive, any cleaning is not permitted.

19.7. Operational Environment Conditions:

Products are designed to work for electronic products under normal environmental conditions (ambient temperature, humidity and pressure). Therefore, products have no problems to be used under the similar conditions to the above-mentioned. However, if products are used under the following circumstances, it may damage products and leakage of electricity and abnormal temperature may occur.

- In an atmosphere containing corrosive gas (Cl₂, NH₃, SO_x, NO_x etc.).
- In an atmosphere containing combustible and volatile gases.
- Dusty place.
- Direct sunlight place.
- Water splashing place.
- Humid place where water condenses.
- Freezing place.

If there are possibilities for products to be used under the preceding clause, consult with Murata before actual use.

As it might be a cause of degradation or destruction to apply static electricity to products, do not apply

static electricity or excessive voltage while assembling and measuring.

19.8. Input Power Capacity:

Products shall be used in the input power capacity as specified in this specifications.

Inform Murata beforehand, in case that the components are used beyond such input power capacity range.

20. PRECONDITION TO USE OUR PRODUCTS

PLEASE READ THIS NOTICE BEFORE USING OUR PRODUCTS.

Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed from the aspect of the fitness for the specifications of our product when our product is mounted to your product.

All the items and parameters in this product specification/datasheet/catalog have been prescribed on the premise that our product is used for the purpose, under the condition and in the environment specified in this specification. You are requested not to use our product deviating from the condition and the environment specified in this specification.

Please note that the only warranty that we provide regarding the products is its conformance to the specifications provided herein. Accordingly, we shall not be responsible for any defects in products or equipment incorporating such products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this specification.

WE HEREBY DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES REGARDING THE PRODUCTS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, THAT THEY ARE DEFECT-FREE, OR AGAINST INFRINGEMENT OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

The product shall not be used in any application listed below which requires especially high reliability for the prevention of such defect as may directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property. You acknowledge and agree that, if you use our products in such applications, we will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements. Furthermore, YOU AGREE TO INDEMNIFY AND DEFEND US AND OUR AFFILIATES AGAINST ALL CLAIMS, DAMAGES, COSTS, AND EXPENSES THAT MAY BE INCURRED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS, DUE TO THE USE OF OUR PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS.

- Aircraft equipment. - Aerospace equipment - Undersea equipment.
- Power plant control equipment - Medical equipment.
- Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, elevator, etc.).
- Traffic signal equipment. - Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment.
- Burning / explosion control equipment
- Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.

We expressly prohibit you from analyzing, breaking, reverse-engineering, remodeling altering, and reproducing our product. Our product cannot be used for the product which is prohibited from being manufactured, used, and sold by the regulations and laws in the world.

We do not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any our patent right, copyright, mask work right, or our other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which our products or services are used. Information provided by us regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from us to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from us under our patents or other intellectual property.

Please do not use our products, our technical information and other data provided by us for the purpose of developing of mass-destruction weapons and the purpose of military use.

Moreover, you must comply with "foreign exchange and foreign trade law", the "U.S. export administration regulations", etc.

Please note that we may discontinue the manufacture of our products, due to reasons such as end of supply of materials and/or components from our suppliers.

By signing on specification sheet or approval sheet, you acknowledge that you are the legal representative for your company and that you understand and accept the validity of the contents herein. When you are not able to return the signed version of specification sheet or approval sheet within 30 days from receiving date of specification sheet or approval sheet, it shall be deemed to be your consent on the content of specification sheet or approval sheet. Customer acknowledges that engineering samples may deviate from specifications and may contain defects due to their development status. We reject any liability or product warranty for engineering samples. In particular we disclaim liability for damages caused by

- the use of the engineering sample other than for evaluation purposes, particularly the installation or integration in the product to be sold by you,
- deviation or lapse in function of engineering sample,
- improper use of engineering samples.

We disclaim any liability for consequential and incidental damages.

If you can't agree the above contents, you should inquire our sales.

Appendix

LBEE5ZZ1PJ Installation Manual (FCC)

FCC ID of this module is as follows;

| | |
|----------------|----------------------|
| FCC ID: | VPYLBEE5ZZ1PJ |
|----------------|----------------------|

Contents

1. Theory of operation
2. Antenna
3. Notice

1. Theory of operation

| Frequency of operation | | | Scan | Ad-hoc mode |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| 2.4GHz | 802.11b/g/n-HT20 | 2412MHz – 2462MHz (ch1 – ch11) | Active | Yes |
| | 802.11n-HT40 | 2422MHz – 2452MHz (ch3 – ch9) | Active | Yes |
| W52 | 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT-20 | 5180MHz – 5240MHz (ch36 – ch48) | Active | Yes |
| | 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT-40 | 5190MHz – 5239MHz (ch38 – ch46) | Active | Yes |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 | 5210MHz (ch42) | Active | Yes |
| W53 | 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT-20 | 5260MHz – 5320MHz (ch52 – ch64) | Passive | No |
| | 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT-40 | 5270MHz – 5310MHz (ch54 – ch62) | Passive | No |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 | 5290MHz (ch58) | Passive | No |
| W56 | 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT-20 | 5500MHz – 5720MHz (ch100 – ch144) | Passive | No |
| | 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT-40 | 5510MHz – 5710MHz (ch102 – ch142) | Passive | No |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 | 5530MHz – 5690MHz (ch106 – ch138) | Passive | No |
| W58 | 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT-20 | 5745MHz – 5825MHz (ch149 – ch165) | Active | Yes |
| | 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT-40 | 5755MHz – 5795MHz (ch151 – ch159) | Active | Yes |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 | 5775MHz (ch155) | Active | Yes |

The device cannot operate in 5600MHz~5650MHz band in Canada

Compliance with FCC requirement 15.407(c)

Data transmission is always initiated by software, which is passed down through the MAC, through the digital and analog baseband, and finally to the RF chip. Several special packets are initiated by the MAC. These are the only ways the digital baseband portion will turn on the RF transmitter, which it then turns off at the end of the packet. Therefore, the transmitter will be on only while one of the aforementioned packets is being transmitted. In other words, this device automatically discontinues transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure.

Frequency Tolerance: ± 20ppm

End users cannot modify the software because F/W & driver are installed in device.

2. Antenna

- Please refer to KDB 996369
- Please perform the antenna design that followed the specifications of the antenna.
- About the signal line between an antenna or antenna connector and a module
It is a 50-ohm line design.

Fine tuning of return loss etc. can be performed using a matching network.
However, it is required to check "Class1 change" and "Class2 change" which the authorities define then.

The concrete contents of a check are the following three points.

- 1) It is the same type as the antenna type of antenna specifications.
- 2) An antenna gain is lower than a gain given in antenna specifications.
- 3) The emission level is not getting worse.

■ 50-ohm feed line(microstrip line length)

| | Antenna |
|-------------------------|---|
| Antenna type | (1) 2.4GHz Monopole PCB Antenna 5GHz Monopole PCB Antenna (2) 2.4GHz/5GHz PIFA Antenna (3) 2.4GHz/5GHz PCB Antenna |
| 50-ohm feed line length | We test the (1) Monopole PCB Antennas at 26.4mm, (2) the PIFA Antenna at 4mm, and (3) PCB Antenna at 6mm as a representative respectively |

3. Notice

For OEM integration only – device cannot be sold to general public.

Therefore we will ask OEM to include the following statements required by FCC/IC on the product and in the Installation manual Notice.

Please describe the following warning on the final product which contains this module.

Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: VPYLBEE5ZZ1PJ

or

Contains FCC ID: VPYLBEE5ZZ1PJ

• Please describe the following warning to the manual.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC CAUTION

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operated in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

※When the product is small, as for these words mentioned above, the posting to a manual is possible.

• When installing it in a mobile equipment. Please describe the following warning to the manual.

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment and meets the FCC radio frequency (RF) Exposure Guidelines. This equipment should be installed and operated keeping the radiator at least 20cm or more away from person's body.

RF Exposure requirements are met when installed in mobile equipment.

This module cannot be installed in portable equipment without further testing and a change to FCC's grant of authorization. Contact Murata regarding portable applications.

Note)

Portable equipment : Equipment for which the spaces between human body and antenna are used within 20cm.

Mobile equipment : Equipment used at position in which the spaces between human body and antenna exceeded 20cm.

This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions:

- 1) The antenna must be installed such that 20 cm is maintained between the antenna and users, and
 - 2) The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.
- 3-a) The use of an monopole PCB antenna with gain less than 2.0 dBi(2.4GHz), 2.0 dBi(5.15~5.35GHz), 1.2 dBi (5.47~5.725GHz) and 1.0 dBi (5.725~5.85GHz).
- 3-b) The use of a PIFA antenna with gain less than 3.29 dBi(2.4GHz) and 4.32 dBi (5GHz).
- 3-c) The use of a PCB antenna with gain less than 2.8dBi(2.4GHz) and 3.8dBi(5GHz).

As long as 3 conditions above are met, further transmitter test will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed

IMPORTANT NOTE: In the event that these conditions cannot be met (for example certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

End Product Labeling

This transmitter module is authorized only for use in device where the antenna may be installed such that 20 cm may be maintained between the antenna and users. The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: "Contains FCC ID: **VPYLBEE5ZZ1PJ**". The grantee's FCC ID can be used only when all FCC compliance requirements are met.

Manual Information To the End User

The OEM integrator has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module.

The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as show in this manual.

LBEE5ZZ1PJ Installation Manual (IC)

IC No. of this device is as follows;

| | |
|-----|------------------------|
| IC: | 772C-LBEE5ZZ1PJ |
|-----|------------------------|

Contents

1. Theory of operation
2. Antenna
3. Notice

1. Theory of operation

| Frequency of operation | | | Scan | Ad-hoc mode |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| 2.4GHz | 802.11b/g/n-HT20 | 2412MHz – 2462MHz (ch1 – ch11) | Active | Yes |
| | 802.11n-HT40 | 2422MHz – 2452MHz (ch3 – ch9) | Active | Yes |
| W52 | 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT-20 | 5180MHz – 5240MHz (ch36 – ch48) | Active | Yes |
| | 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT-40 | 5190MHz – 5239MHz (ch38 – ch46) | Active | Yes |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 | 5210MHz (ch42) | Active | Yes |
| W53 | 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT-20 | 5260MHz – 5320MHz (ch52 – ch64) | Passive | No |
| | 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT-40 | 5270MHz – 5310MHz (ch54 – ch62) | Passive | No |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 | 5290MHz (ch58) | Passive | No |
| W56 | 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT-20 | 5500MHz – 5720MHz (ch100 – ch144) | Passive | No |
| | 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT-40 | 5510MHz – 5710MHz (ch102 – ch142) | Passive | No |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 | 5530MHz – 5690MHz (ch106 – ch138) | Passive | No |
| W58 | 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT-20 | 5745MHz – 5825MHz (ch149 – ch165) | Active | Yes |
| | 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT-40 | 5755MHz – 5795MHz (ch151 – ch159) | Active | Yes |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 | 5775MHz (ch155) | Active | Yes |

The device cannot operate in 5600MHz~5650MHz band in Canada

| |
|--|
| <p>Data transmission is always initiated by software, which is passed down through the MAC, through the digital and analog baseband, and finally to the RF chip. Several special packets are initiated by the MAC. These are the only ways the digital baseband portion will turn on the RF transmitter, which it then turns off at the end of the packet. Therefore, the transmitter will be on only while one of the aforementioned packets is being transmitted. In other words, this device automatically discontinues transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure.</p> |
| <p>La transmission des données est toujours initiée par le logiciel, puis les données sont transmises par l'intermédiaire du MAC, par la bande de base numérique et analogique et, enfin, à la puce RF. Plusieurs paquets spéciaux sont initiés par le MAC. Ce sont les seuls moyens pour qu'une partie de la bande de base numérique active l'émetteur RF, puis désactive celui-ci à la fin du paquet. En conséquence, l'émetteur reste uniquement activé lors de la transmission d'un des paquets susmentionnés. En d'autres termes, ce dispositif interrompt automatiquement toute transmission en cas d'absence d'information à transmettre ou de défaillance.</p> |

End users cannot modify the software because F/W & driver are installed in device.

2. Antenna

- Please refer to KDB 996369
- Please perform the antenna design that followed the specifications of the antenna.
- About the signal line between an antenna or an antenna connector and a module
It is a 50-ohm line design.
Fine tuning of return loss etc. can be performed using a matching network.
However, it is required to check "Class1 change" and "Class2 change" which the authorities define then.

The concrete contents of a check are the following three points.

- 1) It is the same type as the antenna type of antenna specifications.
- 2) An antenna gain is lower than a gain given in antenna specifications.
- 3) The emission level is not getting worse.

■50-ohm feed line(microstrip line length)

| | Antenna |
|-------------------------|---|
| Antenna type | (1) 2.4GHz Monopole PCB Antenna 5GHz Monopole PCB Antenna (2) 2.4GHz/5GHz PIFA Antenna (3) 2.4GHz/5GHz PCB Antenna |
| 50-ohm feed line length | We test the (1) Monopole PCB Antennas at 26.4mm, (2) the PIFA Antenna at 4mm, and (3) PCB Antenna at 6mm as a representative respectively |

3. Notice

For OEM integration only – device cannot be sold to general public.

Therefore we will ask OEM to include the following statements required by IC on the product and in the Installation manual Notice.

Please describe the following warning on the final product which contains this module.

Contains IC: 772C-LBEE5ZZ1PJ

| |
|--|
| This device complies with Industry Canada's licence-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause interference; and (2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device. Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : 1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage; 2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement. |
|--|

*When the product is small, as for these words mentioned above, the posting to a manual is possible.

| |
|--|
| 5150-5250 MHz band is restricted to indoor operation only. |
| La bande 5150-5250 MHz est restreinte à une utilisation à l'intérieur seulement. |
| High-power radars are allocated as primary users (i.e. priority users) of the bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5650-5850 MHz and that these radars could cause interference and/or damage to LE-LAN devices. |
| Les radars de haute puissance sont désignés utilisateurs principaux (c.-à-d., qu'ils ont la priorité) pour les bandes 5250-5350 MHz et 5650-5850 MHz, et ces radars pourraient causer du brouillage et/ou des dommages aux dispositifs LAN-EL. |

•When installing it in a mobile equipment. Please describe the following warning to the manual.

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment and meets RSS-102 of the IC radio frequency (RF) Exposure rules. This equipment should be installed and operated keeping the radiator at least 20cm or more away from person's body.

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements énoncées pour un environnement non contrôlé et respecte les règles d'exposition aux fréquences radioélectriques (RF) CNR-102 de l'IC. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé en gardant une distance de 20 cm ou plus entre le radiateur et le corps humain.

RF Exposure requirements are met when installed in mobile equipment.

This module cannot be installed in portable equipment without further testing and a change to IC's grant of authorization.

Contact Murata regarding portable applications.

Note)

Portable equipment : Equipment for which the spaces between human body and antenna are used within 20cm.

Mobile equipment : Equipment used at position in which the spaces between human body and antenna exceeded 20cm.

This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions: (For module device use)

- 1) The antenna must be installed such that 20 cm is maintained between the antenna and users, and
- 2) The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.
- 3-a) The use of an monopole PCB antenna with gain less than 2.0 dBi(2.4GHz), 2.0 dBi(5.15~5.35GHz), 1.2 dBi (5.47~5.725GHz) and 1.0 dBi (5.725~5.85GHz).
- 3-b) The use of a PIFA antenna with gain less than 3.29 dBi(2.4GHz) and 4.32 dBi (5GHz).
- 3-c) The use of a PCB antenna with gain less than 2.8dBi(2.4GHz) and 3.8dBi(5GHz)

As long as 3 conditions above are met, further transmitter test will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed.

Cet appareil est conçu uniquement pour les intégrateurs OEM dans les conditions suivantes: (Pour utilisation de dispositif module)

- 1)L'antenne doit être installée de telle sorte qu'une distance de 20 cm est respectée entre l'antenne et les utilisateurs, et
- 2)Le module émetteur peut ne pas être coïmplanté avec un autre émetteur ou antenne.

Tant que les 3 conditions ci-dessus sont remplies, des essais supplémentaires sur l'émetteur ne seront pas nécessaires. Toutefois, l'intégrateur OEM est toujours responsable des essais sur son produit final pour toutes exigences de conformité supplémentaires requis pour ce module installé.

Data transmission is always initiated by software, which is passed down through the MAC, through the digital and analog baseband, and finally to the RF chip. Several special packets are initiated by the MAC. These are the only ways the digital baseband portion will turn on the RF transmitter, which it then turns off at the end of the packet. Therefore, the transmitter will be on only while one of the aforementioned packets is being transmitted. In other words, this device automatically discontinues transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure.

La transmission des données est toujours initiée par le logiciel, puis les données sont transmises par l'intermédiaire du MAC, par la bande de base numérique et analogique et, enfin, à la puce RF. Plusieurs paquets spéciaux sont initiés par le MAC. Ce sont les seuls moyens pour qu'une partie de la bande de base numérique active l'émetteur RF, puis désactive celui-ci à la fin du paquet. En conséquence, l'émetteur reste uniquement activé lors de la transmission d'un des paquets susmentionnés. En

d'autres termes, ce dispositif interrompt automatiquement toute transmission en cas d'absence d'information à transmettre ou de défaillance.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

In the event that these conditions cannot be met (for example certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the Canada authorization is no longer considered valid and the IC ID cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate Canada authorization.

NOTE IMPORTANTE:

Dans le cas où ces conditions ne peuvent être satisfaites (par exemple pour certaines configurations d'ordinateur portable ou de certaines co-localisation avec un autre émetteur), l'autorisation du Canada n'est plus considéré comme valide et l'ID IC ne peut pas être utilisé sur le produit final. Dans ces circonstances, l'intégrateur OEM sera chargé de réévaluer le produit final (y compris l'émetteur) et 'obtention d'une autorisation distincte au Canada.

End Product Labeling

This transmitter module is authorized only for use in device where the antenna may be installed such that 20 cm may be maintained between the antenna and users. The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: "Contains IC: **772C-LBEE5ZZ1PJ**".

Plaque signalétique du produit final

Ce module émetteur est autorisé uniquement pour une utilisation dans un dispositif où l'antenne peut être installée de telle sorte qu'une distance de 20cm peut être maintenue entre l'antenne et les utilisateurs. Le produit final doit être étiqueté dans un endroit visible avec l'inscription suivante: "Contient des IC: **772C-LBEE5ZZ1PJ**".

Manual Information To the End User

The OEM integrator has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module. The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as show in this manual.

Manuel d'information à l'utilisateur final

L'intégrateur OEM doit être conscient de ne pas fournir des informations à l'utilisateur final quant à la façon d'installer ou de supprimer ce module RF dans le manuel de l'utilisateur du produit final qui intègre ce module.

Le manuel de l'utilisateur final doit inclure toutes les informations réglementaires requises et avertissements comme indiqué dans ce manuel.