
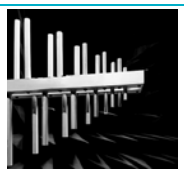
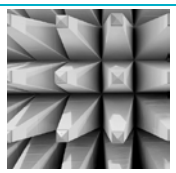

CTC advanced
member of RWTÜV group

Bundesnetzagentur

BNetzA-CAB-02/21-102

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-1232/20-02-48-B

Testing laboratory

CTC advanced GmbH
Untertuerkheimer Strasse 6 – 10
66117 Saarbruecken / Germany
Phone: + 49 681 5 98 - 0
Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 9075
Internet: https://www.ctcadvanced.com
e-mail: mail@ctcadvanced.com

Accredited Testing Laboratory:
The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2018-03) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)
The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate starting with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01.

Applicant

Roche Diagnostics GmbH
Sandhofer Str. 116
68305 Mannheim / GERMANY
Phone: +49 621 759-3409
Contact: Bernhard Lieske
e-mail: bernhard.lieske@roche.com

Manufacturer

Roche Diagnostics GmbH
Sandhofer Str. 116
68305 Mannheim / GERMANY

Test standard/s

FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15	FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item:	**Medical Device**
Model name:	**ACCU-Chek Inform II**
FCC ID:	**VO9-ACI2**
IC:	**3100B-ACI2**
Frequency:	5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5725 MHz to 5850 MHz
Technology tested:	WLAN
Antenna:	Integrated chip antenna
Power supply:	3.7 V DC by Li-Ion battery
Temperature range:	+5°C to +40°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:

cn=Michael Dorongovski, o=CTC advanced GmbH, ou=DOR-210422, email=Michael.Dorongovski@ctcadvanced.com, c=DE
2021.06.15 08:42:40 +02'00'

Michael Dorongovski
Lab Manager
Radio Communications

Test performed:

cn=David Lang, o=CTC advanced GmbH, ou=LNG-161129, email=david.lang@ctcadvanced.com, c=DE
2021.06.15 10:13:21 +02'00'

David Lang
Lab Manager
Radio Communications

1 Table of contents

2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.
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This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-1232/20-02-48-A and dated 2021-05-05.

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2020-12-08
Date of receipt of test item:	2021-02-08
Start of test:*	2021-02-24
End of test:*	2021-03-16
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

*Date of each measurement, if not shown in the plot, can be requested. Dates are stored in the measurement software.

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s, references and accreditations

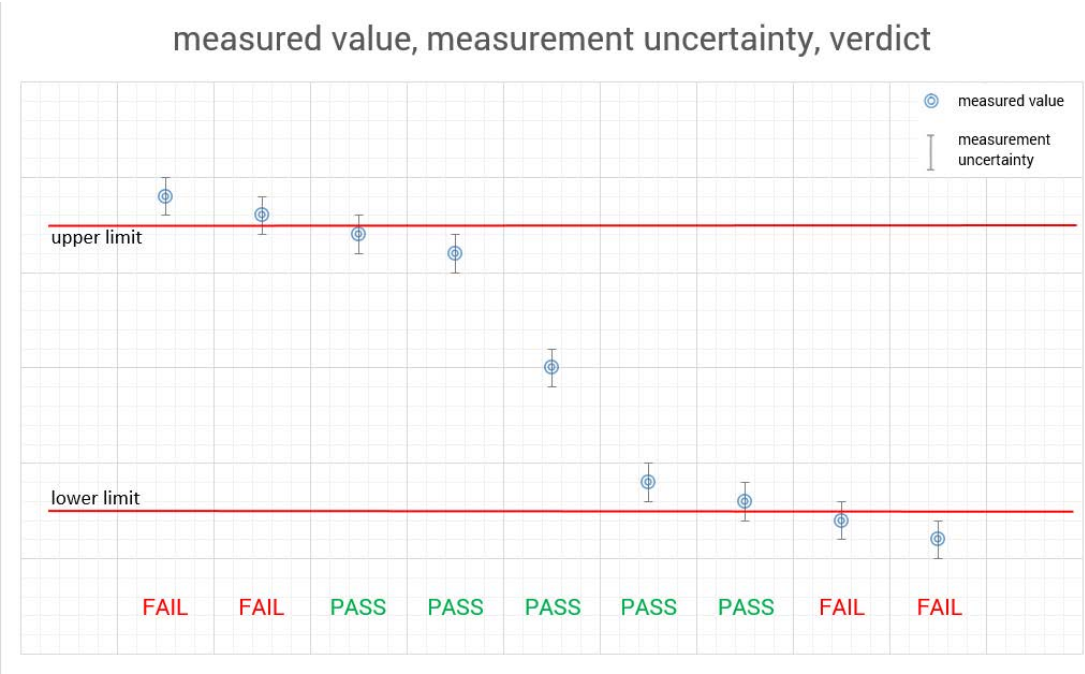
Test standard	Date	Description
FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15		FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 5 incl. Amendment 1	March 2019	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
KDB 789033 D02	v02r01	Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Accreditation	Description
D-PL-12076-01-04	Telecommunication and EMC Canada https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04.pdf
D-PL-12076-01-05	Telecommunication FCC requirements https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05.pdf

4 Reporting statements of conformity – decision rule

Only the measured values related to their corresponding limits will be used to decide whether the equipment under test meets the requirements of the test standards listed in chapter 3.
The measurement uncertainty is mentioned in this test report, see chapter 9, but is not taken into account - neither to the limits nor to the measurement results. Measurement results with a smaller margin to the corresponding limits than the measurement uncertainty have a potential risk of more than 5% that the decision might be wrong."



5 Test environment

Temperature	:	T_{nom} T_{max} T_{min}	+20 °C during room temperature tests No testing under extreme temperature conditions required! No testing under extreme temperature conditions required!
Relative humidity content	:		42 %
Barometric pressure	:		1021 hpa
Power supply	:	V_{nom} V_{max} V_{min}	3.7 V DC by Li-Ion battery No testing under extreme voltage conditions required! No testing under extreme voltage conditions required!

6 Test item

6.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Medical Device
Model name	:	ACCU-Chek Inform II
HMN	:	-/-
PMN	:	ACCU-Chek Inform II
HVIN	:	HBM 4.5
FVIN	:	-/-
S/N serial number	:	Rad. E00270050389474 Cond. E0027005043F9C4
Hardware status	:	Rad. HBM4.50 Cond. HBM4.50 (Modified for ext. Antenna)
Software status	:	04.05.00-dev-2
Frequency band	:	5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5725 MHz to 5850 MHz
Type of radio transmission Use of frequency spectrum	: :	OFDM
Type of modulation	:	CCK, (D)BPSK, (D)QPSK, 16 – QAM, 64 – QAM
Number of channels	:	9 with 20 MHz channel bandwidth 4 with 40 MHz channel bandwidth
Antenna	:	Integrated chip antenna; ANT162442DT-2001A2 with 1.5dBi (Peak Gain)
Power supply	:	3.7 V DC by Li-Ion battery
Temperature range	:	+5°C to +40°C

6.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup and EUT photos are included in test report: 1-1232/20-02-01_AnnexA
1-1232/20-02-01_AnnexB
1-1232/20-02-01_AnnexD

7 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

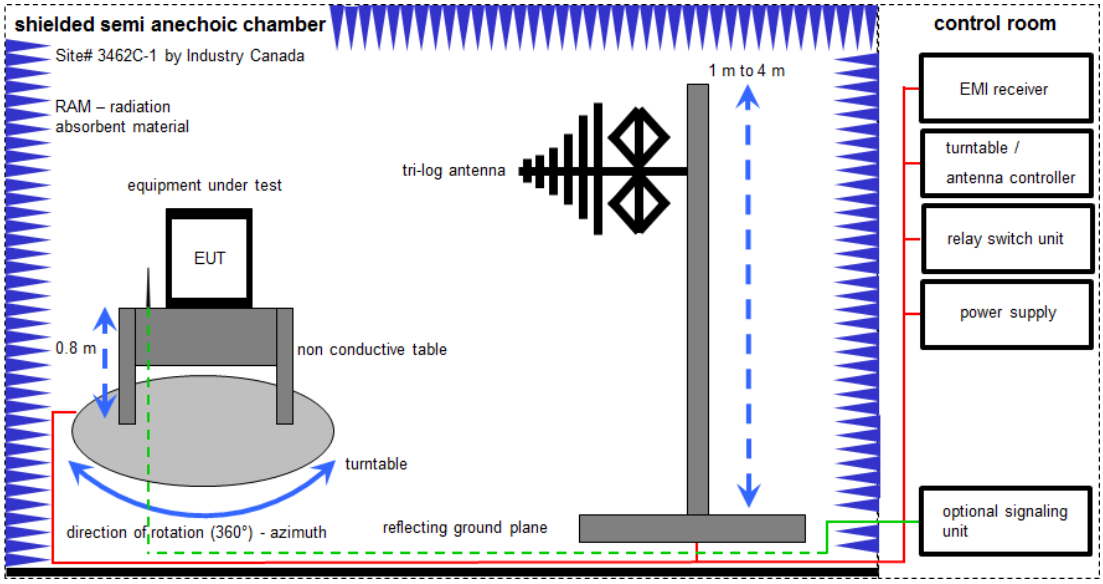
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlkl!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

7.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter
EMC32 software version: 10.59.00

FS = UR + CL + AF
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

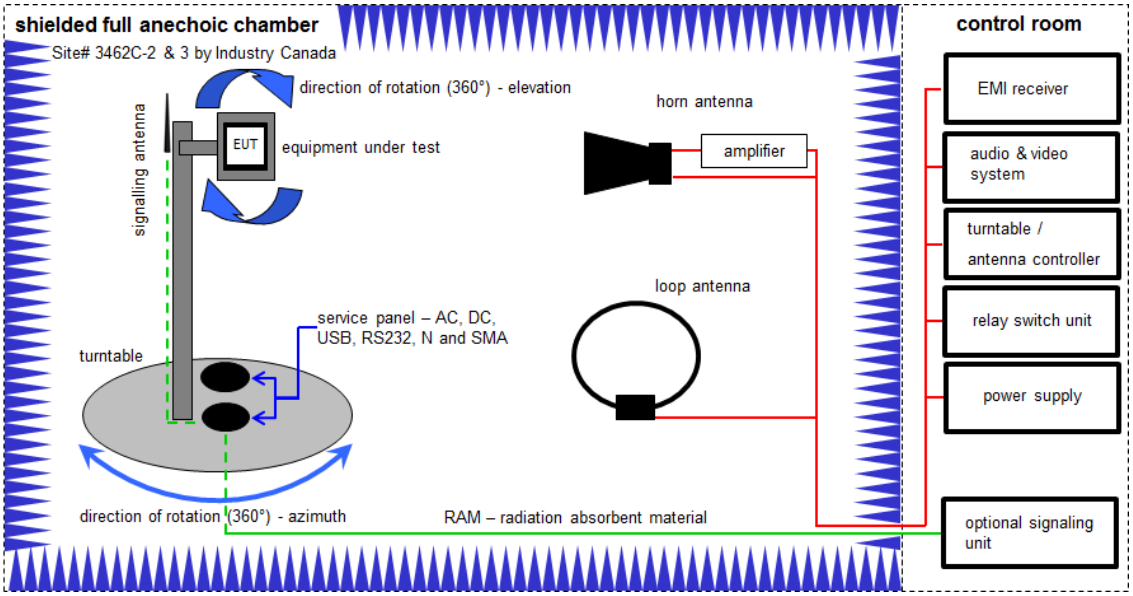
Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 12.35 [dBµV/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dBµV/m] (35.69 µV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Semi anechoic chamber	3000023	MWB AG		300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	Analyzer-Reference-System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	vIKI!	17.01.2020	16.01.2022
4	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
5	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-

7	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess - Elektronik	318	300003696	vlKl!	04.09.2019	03.09.2021
8	A	Turntable	2089-4.0	EMCO		300004394	ne	-/-	-/-
9	A	PC	TecLine	F+W		300004388	ne	-/-	-/-
10	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	Rohde & Schwarz	102587	300005771	k	10.12.2020	09.06.2022

7.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter

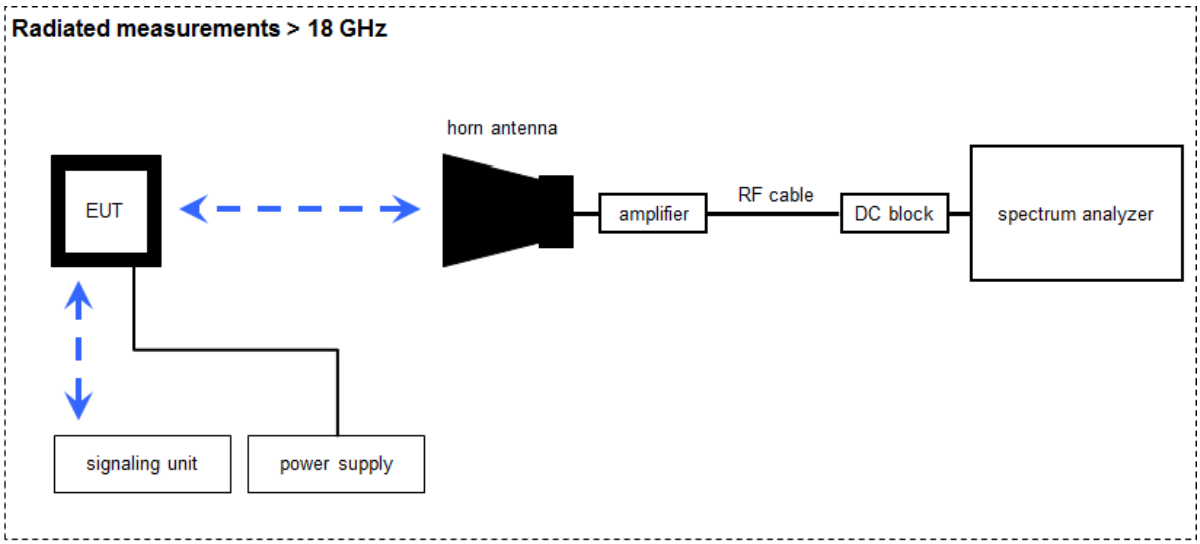
FS = UR + CA + AF
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 40.0 [dBµV/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dBµV/m] (71.61 µV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	C	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vlKl!	13.06.2019	12.06.2021
2	B,C	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
3	B	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3089	300000307	vlKl!	28.08.2019	27.08.2021
4	B,C	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
5	B,C	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	11.12.2020	10.12.2021
6	B	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	3	300003255	ev	-/-	-/-
7	B	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	19	300003790	ne	-/-	-/-
8	B	High Pass Filter	VHF-3500+	Mini Circuits	-/-	400000193	ne	-/-	-/-
9	B,	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22049	300004481	ev	-/-	-/-
10	B,C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
11	A,B,C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.20.0.17	EMCO		300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
12	A,B,C	Open Switch and Control Unit and Power Sensors	OSP120 incl. B157	Rohde & Schwarz	101274, 100877	300004825	vlKl!	16.12.2020	15.12.2022
13	A,B,C	PC	ExOne	F+W		300004703	ne	-/-	-/-
14	A,B,C	RF-Amplifier	AMF-6F06001800-30-10P-R	NARDA-MITEQ Inc	2011572	300005241	ev	-/-	-/-

7.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

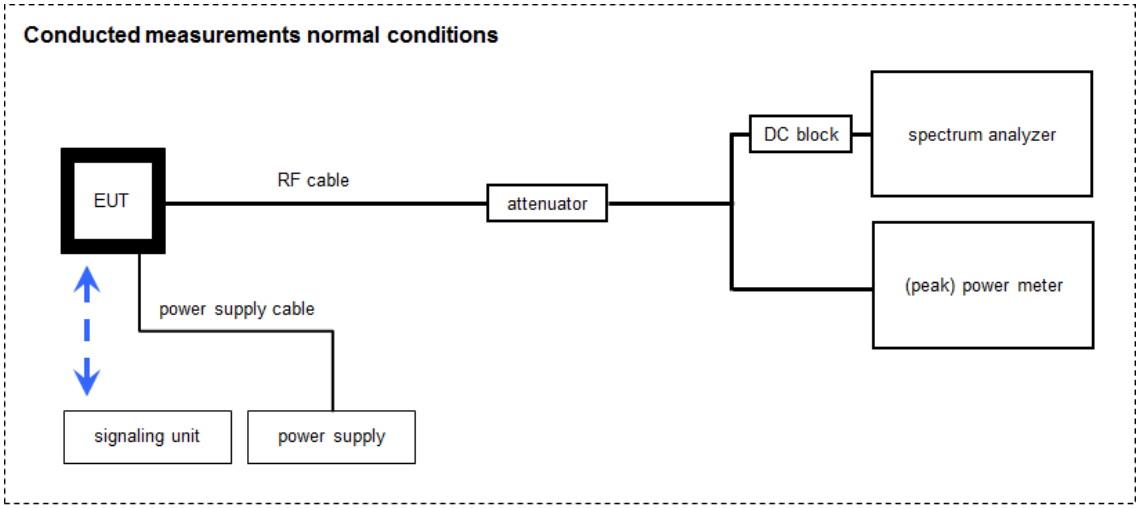
FS = UR + CA + AF
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 40.0 [dBµV/m] + (-60.1) [dB] + 36.74 [dB/m] = 16.64 [dBµV/m] (6.79 µV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5-26.5 GHz	83017A	HP	00419	300002268	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda	01096	300000486	vlKl!	21.01.2020	20.01.2022
3	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 26.5-40.0 GHz	V637	Narda	82-16	300000510	vlKl!	23.01.2020	22.01.2022
4	A	Amplifier 2-40 GHz	JS32-02004000-57-5P	MITEQ	1777200	300004541	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	Rohde & Schwarz	101042	300004517	k	07.12.2020	06.12.2021

7.4 Conducted measurements with peak power meter & spectrum analyzer



WLAN tester version: 1.1.13; LabView2015

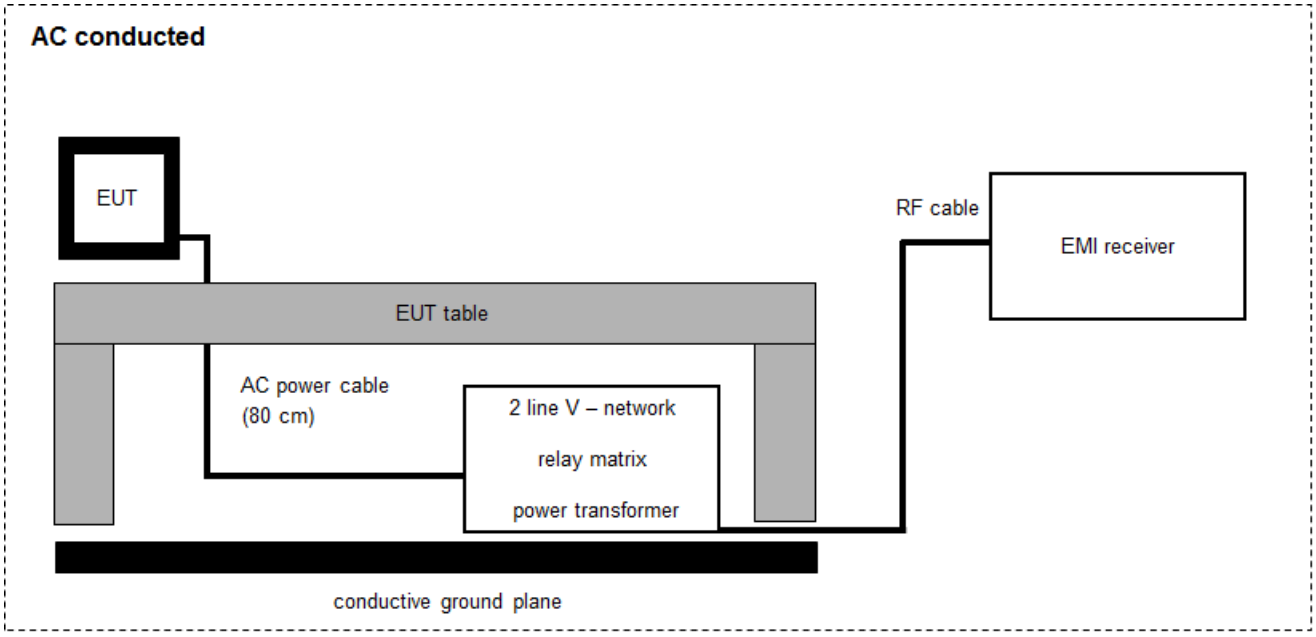
OP = AV + CA
(OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:
OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	Rohde & Schwarz	101042	300004517	k	07.12.2020	06.12.2021
2	A	PC Tester R005	Intel Core i3 3220/3,3 GHz, Prozessor		2V2403033A4523	300004589	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/60	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 606844	400001181	ev	-/-	-/-
4	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet		400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	Coax Attenuator 10 dB 2W 0-40 GHz	MCL BW-K10-2W44+	Mini Circuits		400001186	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	Tester Software RadioStar (C.BER2 for BT Conformance)	Version 1.0.0.X	CTC advanced GmbH	0001	400001380	ne	-/-	-/-

7.5 AC conducted



FS = UR + CF + VC
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CR-loss of the cable and filter; VC-correction factor of the ISN)

Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 37.62 [dBµV/m] + 9.90 [dB] + 0.23 [dB] = 47.75 [dBµV/m] (244.06 µV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Two-line V-Network (LISN) 9 kHz to 30 MHz	ESH3-Z5	R&S	892475/017	300002209	vIKI!	11.12.2019	10.12.2021
2	A	RF-Filter-section	85420E	HP	3427A00162	300002214	NK!	-/-	-/-
3	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	9.12.2021	8.12.2022
4	A	Hochpass 150 kHz	EZ-25	R&S	100010	300003798	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	PC	TecLine	F+W		300003532	ne	-/-	-/-

8 Sequence of testing

8.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

*)Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

8.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ± 45° and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

9 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Test case	**Uncertainty**	
Antenna gain	± 3 dB	
Power spectral density	± 1.56 dB	
DTS bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Occupied bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Maximum output power conducted	± 1.56 dB	
Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	± 1.56 dB	
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted	> 3.6 GHz	± 1.56 dB
	> 7 GHz	± 1.56 dB
	> 18 GHz	± 2.31 dB
	≥ 40 GHz	± 2.97 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	± 2.6 dB	

10 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Title 47 Part 15 RSS 247, Issue 2	See table	2021-06-15	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
-/-	Output power verification (cond.)	-/-				Declared
-/-	Antenna gain	-/-				Declared
U-NII Part 15	Duty cycle	-/-				-/-
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.1)	Maximum output power (conducted & radiated)	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.1)	Power spectral density	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS - 247 (6.2.4.1)	Spectrum bandwidth 6dB bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	Spectrum bandwidth 26dB bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS Gen clause 6.6	Spectrum bandwidth 99% bandwidth	-/-				-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	Band edge compliance radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(b) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	TX spurious emissions radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS-Gen	Spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Spurious emissions conducted emissions< 30 MHz	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407 RSS - 247 (6.3)	DFS	-/-				No DFS-Bands supported!

Notes:

C:	Compliant	NC:	Not compliant	NA:	Not applicable	NP:	Not performed

11 Additional comments

Reference documents: PAN9026 Wi-Fi Dual Band 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz and Bluetooth Module Product Specification Rev. 1.2

Module report : G0M-1810-7783-TFC407WF-V01

Special test descriptions: None

Configuration descriptions: Data rate vs. power setting (Multi region settings used for testing):

Data rate / Modulation	Power setting	
	U-NII-1 band	U-NII-3 band
6 Mbit/s, a-mode	16	10
MCS0, nHT20-mode	15	10
MCS0, nHT40-mode	14	9

EUT selection: ☒ Only one device available

☐ Devices selected by the customer

☐ Devices selected by the laboratory (Randomly)

Provided channels:

Channels with 20 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz) channel number & center frequency					
channel	36	40	44	48	-/-
f_c / MHz	5180	5200	5220	5240	

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency					
channel	149	153	157	161	165
f_c / MHz	5745	5765	5785	5805	5825

Channels with 40 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz) channel number & center frequency			
channel	38	46	-/-
f_c / MHz	5190	5230	

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency		
channel	151	159
f_c / MHz	5755	5795

Note: The channels used for the tests were marked in bold in the list.

Test mode:

☐ No test mode available.
Iperf is used to transmit data to a companion device

☒ Special software is used.
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

Antennas and transmit operating modes:

☒ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)
- Equipment with 1 antenna,
- Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
- Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)

☐ Operating mode 2 (multiple antennas, no beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously but without beamforming.

☐ Operating mode 3 (multiple antennas, with beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously with beamforming.
  In addition to the antenna assembly gain (G), the beamforming gain (Y) may have to be taken into account when performing the measurements.

12 Measurement results

12.1 Identify worst case data rate

Worst case data rates are taken from module report (see referenced documents).

12.2 Antenna gain

Antenna gain as per module specification (see referenced documents).

12.3 Duty cycle

Description:

The duty cycle is necessary to compute the maximum power during an actual transmission. The shown plots and values are to show an example of the measurement procedure. The real value is measured direct during the power measurement or power density measurement. The correction value is shown in each plot of these measurements.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, B.	
External result file(s)	1-1232/20-02-48_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Results:

Duty cycle and correction factor:

OFDM – mode	Calculation method			
	T_{on} ($D2_{plot}$) * 100 / $T_{complete}$ ($D3_{plot}$) = duty cycle 10 * log(duty cycle) = correction factor			
	T_{on} ($D2_{plot}$)	$T_{complete}$ ($D3_{plot}$)	Duty cycle	Correction factor
a – mode	-/-		100 %	0 dB
n/ac HT20 – mode	-/-		100 %	0 dB
n/ac HT40 – mode	-/-		100 %	0 dB

12.4 Maximum output power

12.4.1 Maximum output power according to FCC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, E.2.e.	
External result file(s)	1-1232/20-02-48_log1_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log2_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log3_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log4_conducted.pdf, FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Radiated output power	Conducted output power for mobile equipment
Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain	250mW 5.150-5.250 GHz The lesser one of 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 26dB Bandwidth [MHz]) 1W 5.725-5.85 GHz

Results:

a	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	6.84	8.24	6.03
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-0.2	1.04	2.40

Results:

n/ac HT20	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	6.50	8.28	5.02
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	0.41	1.37	2.90

Results:

n/ac HT40	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	6.38		4.98
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	0.64		0.08

12.4.2 Maximum output power according to IC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conduced + radiated

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-1232/20-02-48_log1_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log2_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log3_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log4_conducted.pdf, ISED Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Radiated output power	Conducted output power for mobile equipment
The lesser one of 200 mW or 10 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.150-5.250 GHz 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 99% Bandwidth [MHz]) Conducted power + 6dBi antenna gain 5.725-5.825 GHz	The lesser one of 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 99% Bandwidth [MHz]) 1W 5.725-5.825 GHz

Results:

a	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	6.75	8.14	5.94
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	8.25	9.64	7.44
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-0.27	0.96	2.32
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	1.23	2.46	3.82

Results:

n/ac HT20	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	6.41	8.20	5.11
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	7.91	9.70	6.61
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	0.31	1.27	2.80
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	1.81	2.77	4.30

Results:

n/ac HT40	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	Conducted		
	6.33		4.93
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	7.83		6.43
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-/-		-/-
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-/-		-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	Conducted		
	0.61		-0.04
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	2.11		1.46

12.5 Power spectral density

12.5.1 Power spectral density according to FCC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The measurement is repeated at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, F.	
External result file(s)	1-1232/20-02-48_log1_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log2_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log3_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log4_conducted.pdf, FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Power Spectral Density
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5150 – 5250 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5250 – 5350 MHz) power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5470 – 5725 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band (band 5725 – 5850 MHz)

Results:

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-4.14	-2.85	-4.71
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-13.72	-12.32	-11.53

Results:

n/ac HT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-4.48	-3.04	-5.70
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-13.29	-12.22	-11.33

Results:

n/ac HT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-7.48		-8.0
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-/-		-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-15.76		-16.17

12.5.2 Power spectral density according to IC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The measurement is repeated at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-1232/20-02-48_log1_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log2_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log3_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log4_conducted.pdf, ISED Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Power Spectral Density
power spectral density e.i.r.p. ≤ 10 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5150 – 5250 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5250 – 5350 MHz) power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5470 – 5725 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band (band 5725 – 5850 MHz)

Results:

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-4.15	-2.86	-4.72
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-2.65	-1.36	-3.22
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-13.72	-12.31	-11.53

Results:

n/ac HT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-4.49	-3.03	-5.68
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-2.99	-1.53	-4.18
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-13.33	-12.22	-11.33

Results:

n/ac HT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-7.52		-8.02
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-6.02		-6.52
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-/-		-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-15.72		-16.18

12.6 Minimum emission bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the 6 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, C.2.	
External result file(s)	1-1232/20-02-48_log1_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log2_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log3_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log4_conducted.pdf, FCC Part 15.407 & ISED Minimum Emission BW
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

FCC	IC
The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	

Results:

a	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16.35	16.35	16.3

Results:

n/ac HT20	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.3	17.35	17.35

Results:

n/ac HT40	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)	
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	36.7	36.4

12.7 Spectrum bandwidth / 26 dB bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 26 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, C.1.	
External result file(s):	1-1232/20-02-48_log1_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log2_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log3_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log4_conducted.pdf, FCC Part 15.407 & ISED Bandwidths
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Spectrum Bandwidth – 26 dB Bandwidth
IC: Any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250-5350 MHz shall be attenuated below the channel power by at least 26 dB, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth), above 5250 MHz. The 26 dB bandwidth may fall into the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall comply with all requirements in the band 5250-5350 MHz including implementing dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and TPC, on the portion of the emission that resides in the 5250-5350 MHz band. **FCC:** Radar Detection Function of Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS). U-NII devices operating with any part of its 26 dB emission bandwidth in the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands shall employ a DFS radar detection mechanism to detect the presence of radar systems and to avoid co-channel operation with radar systems.

Results:

a	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.4	20.05	20.0
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5169.85		5250.05*
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.15	20.25	19.9
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5734.95		5834.95

As per KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 the 99% bandwidth can be used in lieu of the 26dB bandwidth. The highest frequency measured with 99% measurement function is 5248.49 MHz and falls completely within the U-NII-1 band.

Results:

n/ac HT20	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	21.15	20.3	20.55
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5169.7		5250.4*
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.9	20.4	20.5
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5734.9		5835.25

As per KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 the 99% bandwidth can be used in lieu of the 26dB bandwidth. The highest frequency measured with 99% measurement function is 5248.99 MHz and falls completely within the U-NII-1 band.

Results:

n/ac HT40	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	40.8		40.1
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5169.6		5249.8
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-/-		-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	40.7		40.4
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5734.7		5815.1

12.8 Occupied bandwidth / 99% emission bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal acc. RSS-GEN.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-1232/20-02-48_log1_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log2_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log3_conducted.pdf, 1-1232/20-02-48_log4_conducted.pdf, FCC Part 15.407 & ISED Bandwidths
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.4 – B
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Usage:

-/-	IC
OBW is necessary for Emission Designator	

Results:

a	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16883	16783	16883
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16883	16833	16783

Results:

n/ac HT20	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17782	17732	17832
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17832	17782	17682

Results:

n/ac HT40	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	36963		37063
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-/-		-/-
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-/-	-/-	-/-
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	36863		37063

12.9 Band edge compliance radiated

Description:

Measurement of the radiated band edge compliance. The EUT is turned in the position that results in the maximum level at the band edge. Then a sweep over the corresponding restricted band is performed. The EUT is set to the lowest channel for the lower restricted band and to the highest channel for the upper restricted band. Measurement distance is 3m.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	≥ 3 x RBW
Span:	See plots!
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

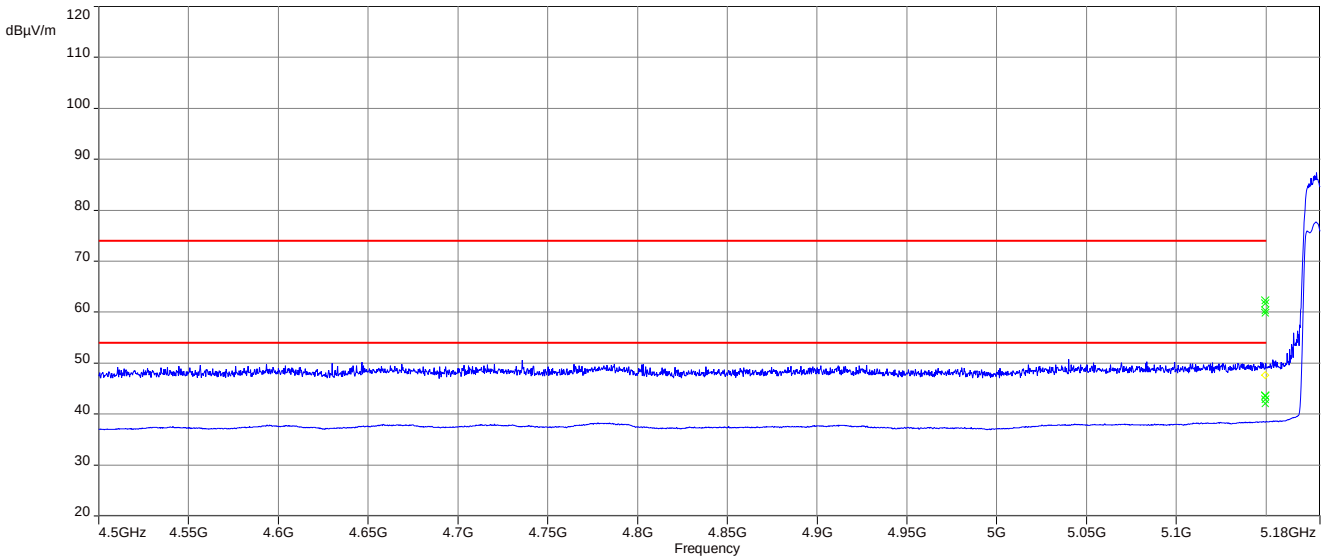
Band Edge Compliance Radiated
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 5.205(c)).
74 dBµV/m (peak) 54 dBµV/m (average)

Result:

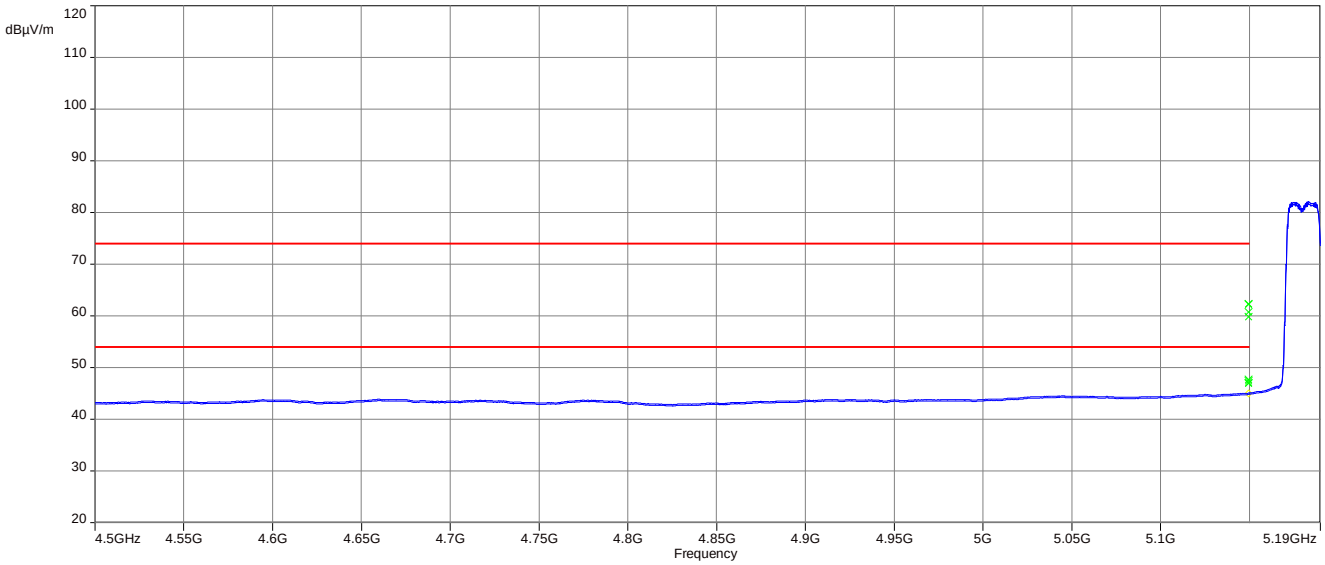
Scenario	Band Edge Compliance Radiated [dBµV/m]
band edge	< 74 dBµV/m (peak) < 54 dBµV/m (average)

Plots:

Plot 1: lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; 20 MHz channel bandwidth



Plot 2: lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; 40 MHz channel bandwidth



12.10 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The limits are re-calculated to a measurement distance of 3 m with 40 dB/decade according CFR Part 2.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 – C
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

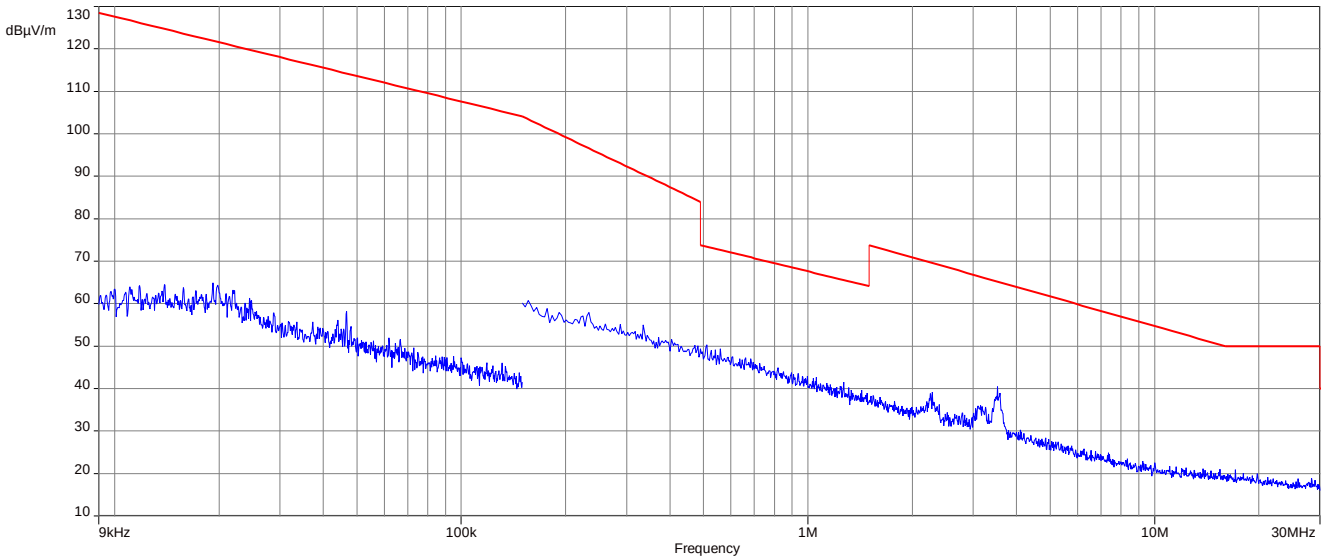
Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

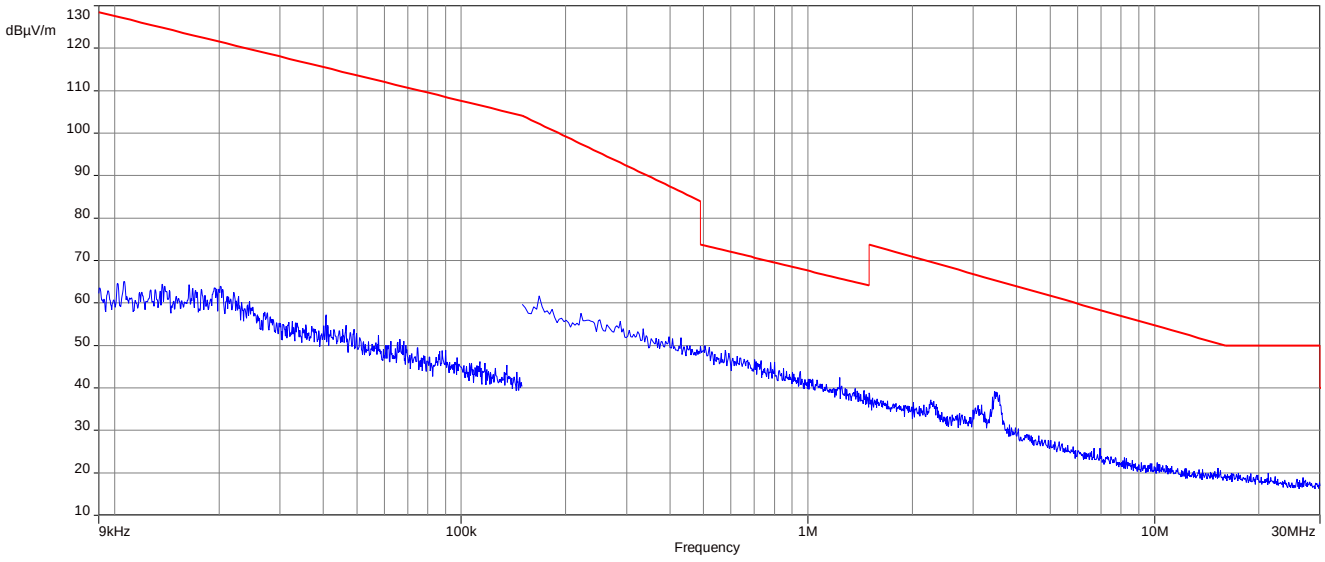
Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz [dBµV/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

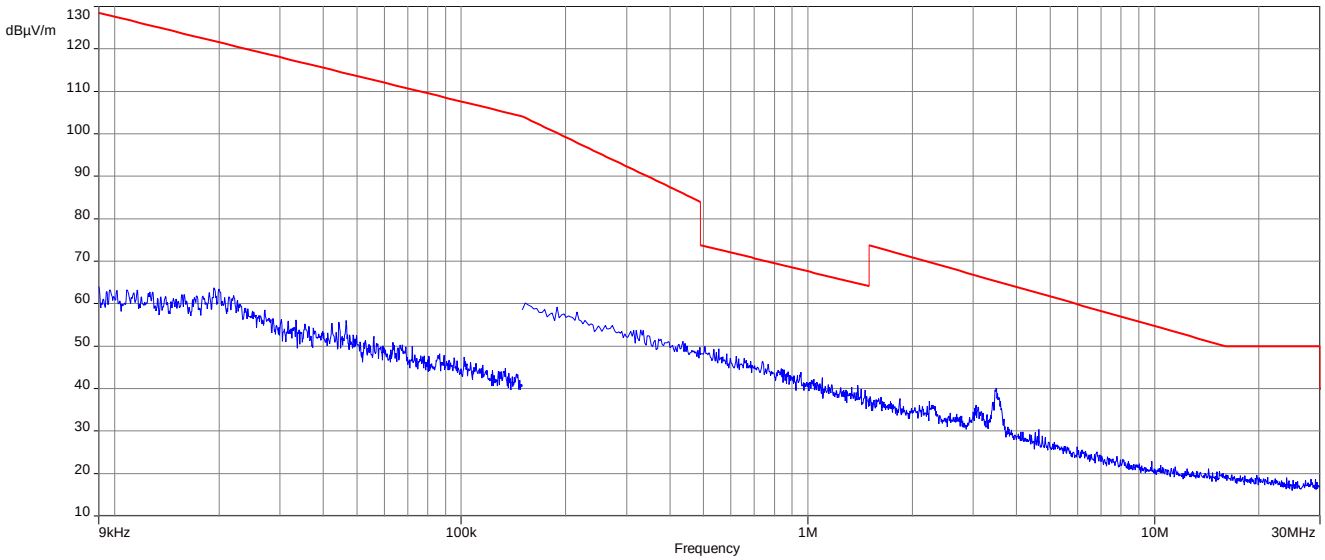
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; lowest channel



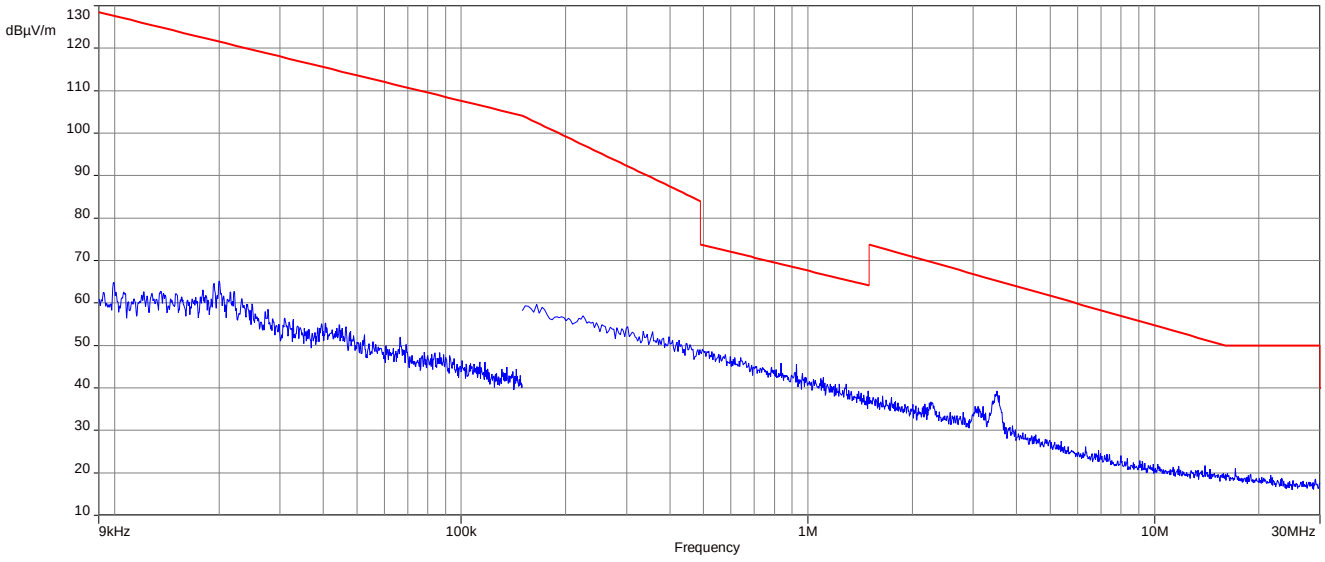
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; middle channel



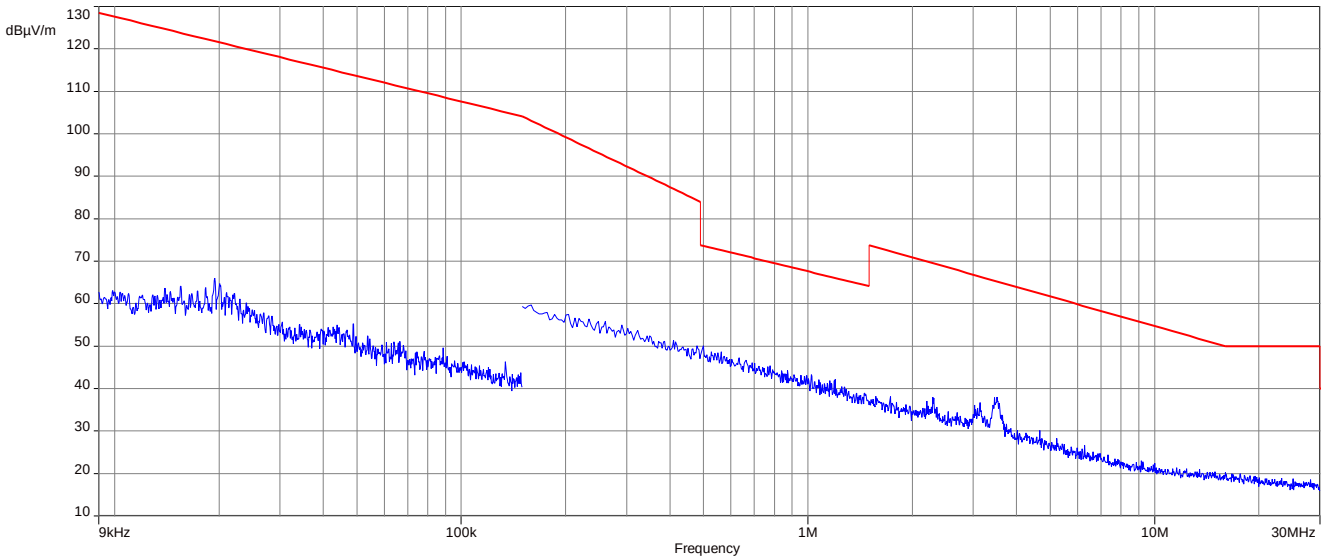
Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; highest channel



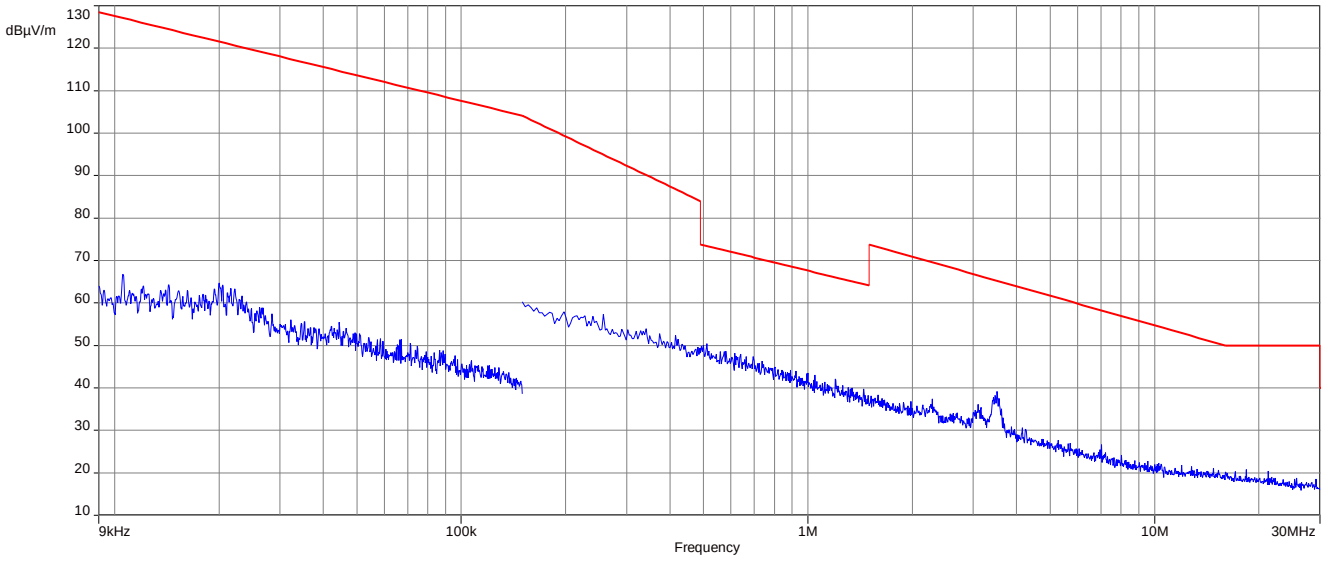
Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; lowest channel



Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; middle channel

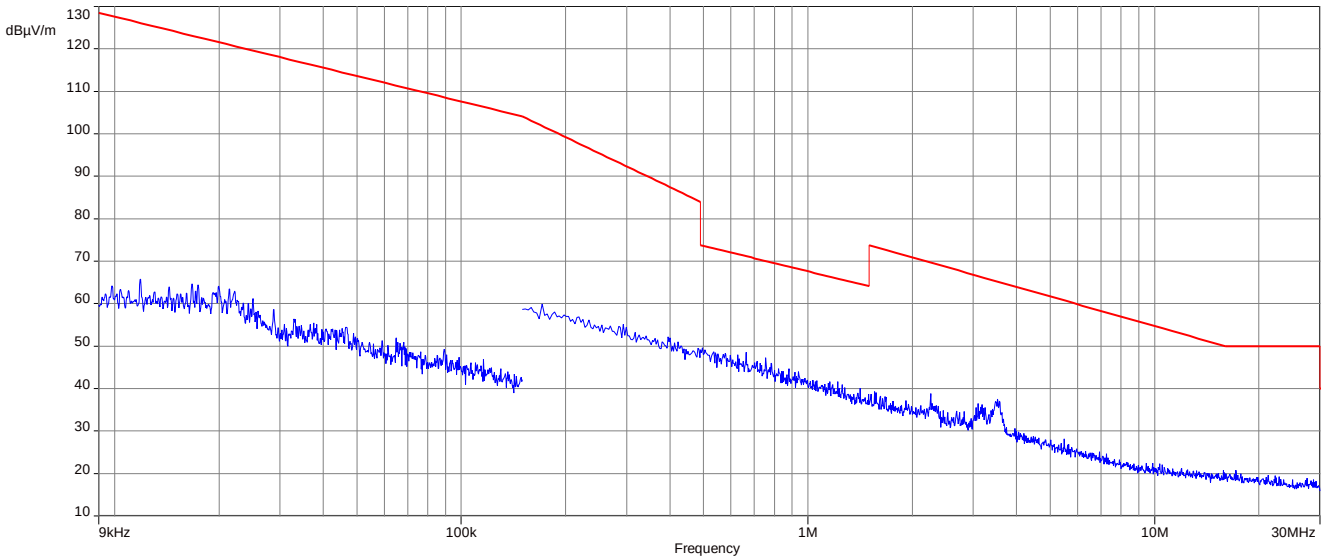


Plot 6: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; highest channel

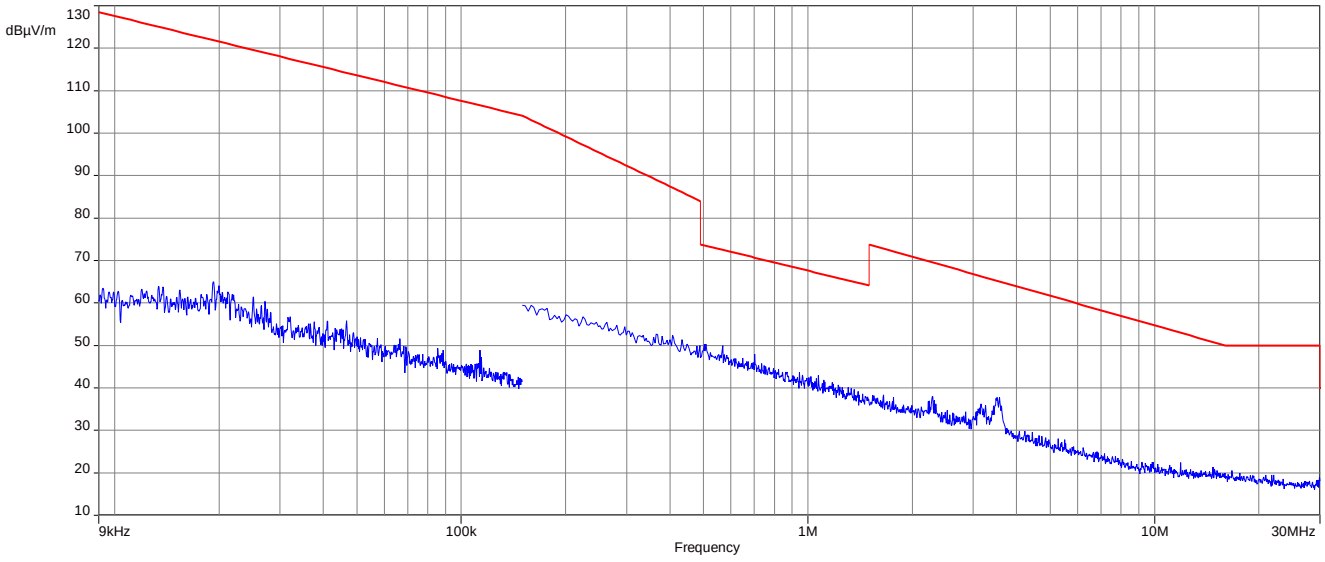


Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

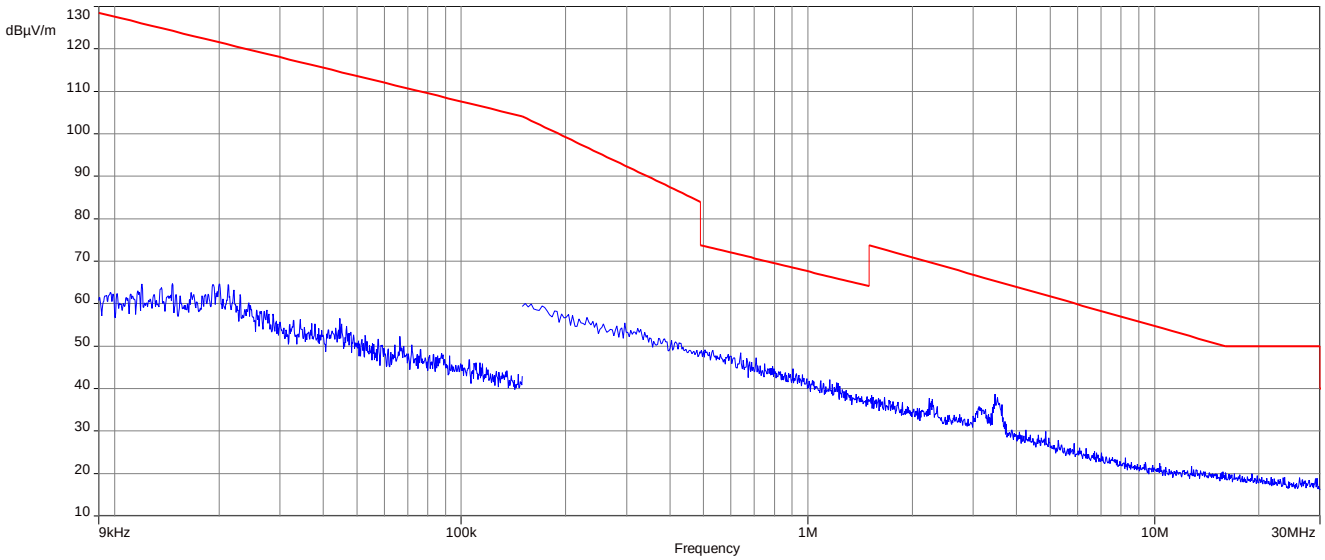
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; lowest channel



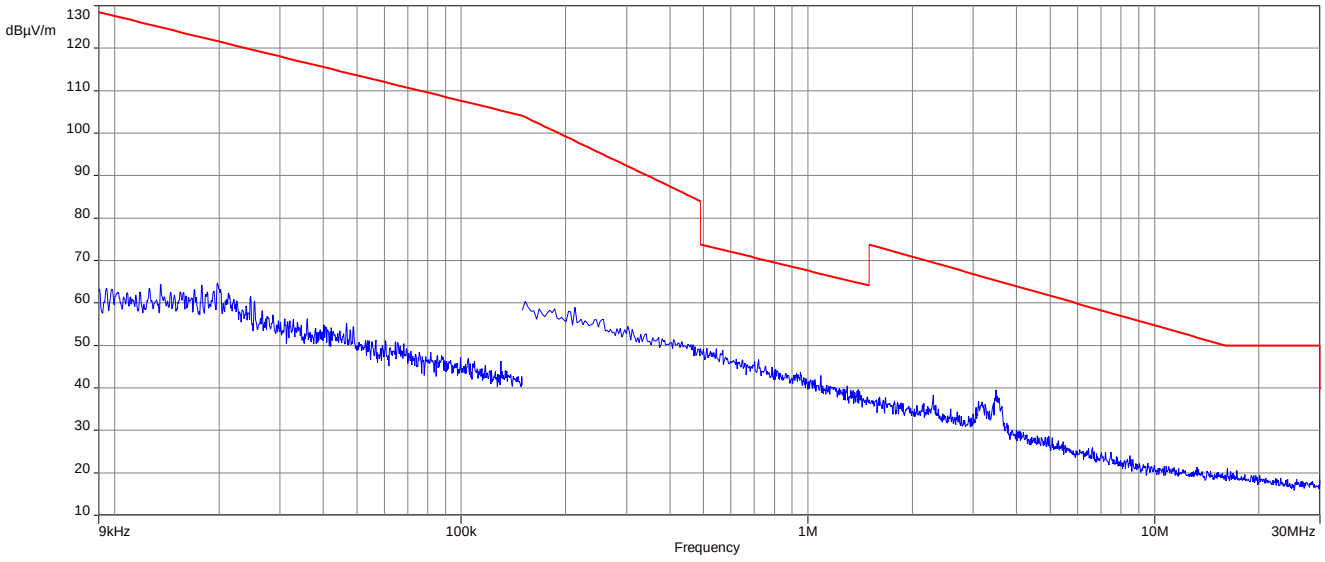
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; highest channel



Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; lowest channel



Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; highest channel



12.11 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations below 1 GHz.

Measurement:

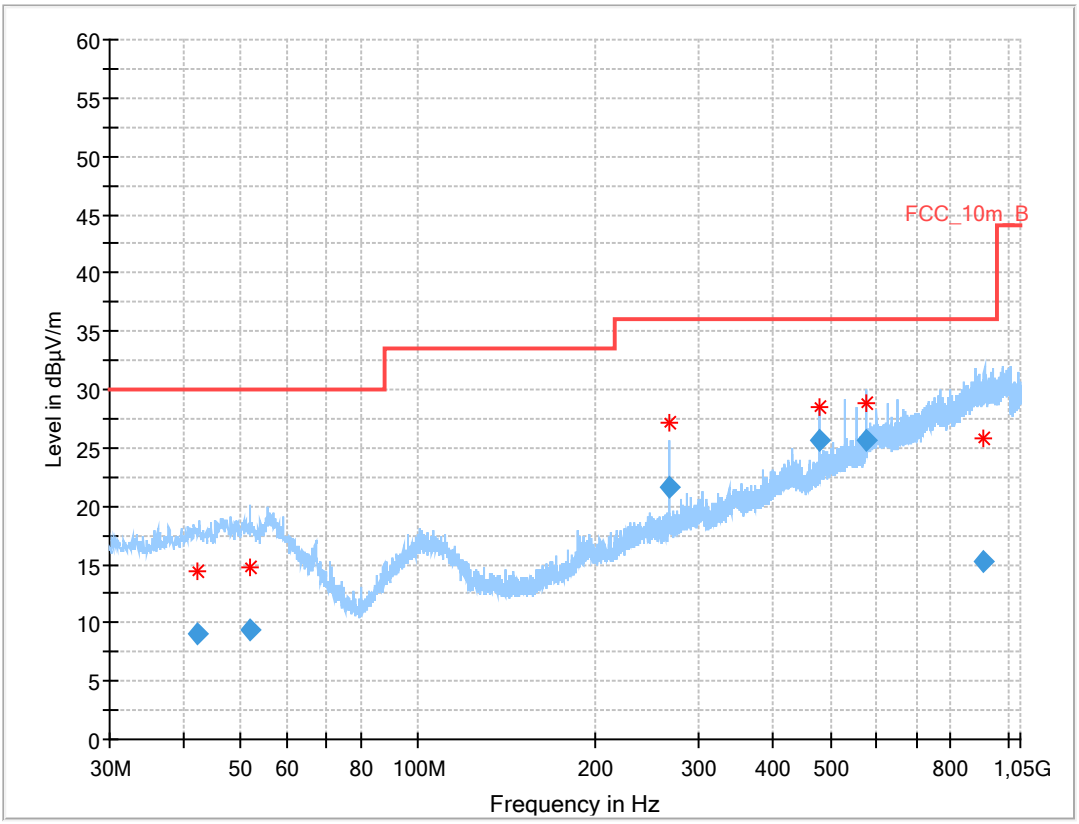
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	120 kHz
Video bandwidth:	500 kHz
Span:	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.1 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3
§15.407		
Outside the restricted bands!	-27 dBm / MHz	

Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

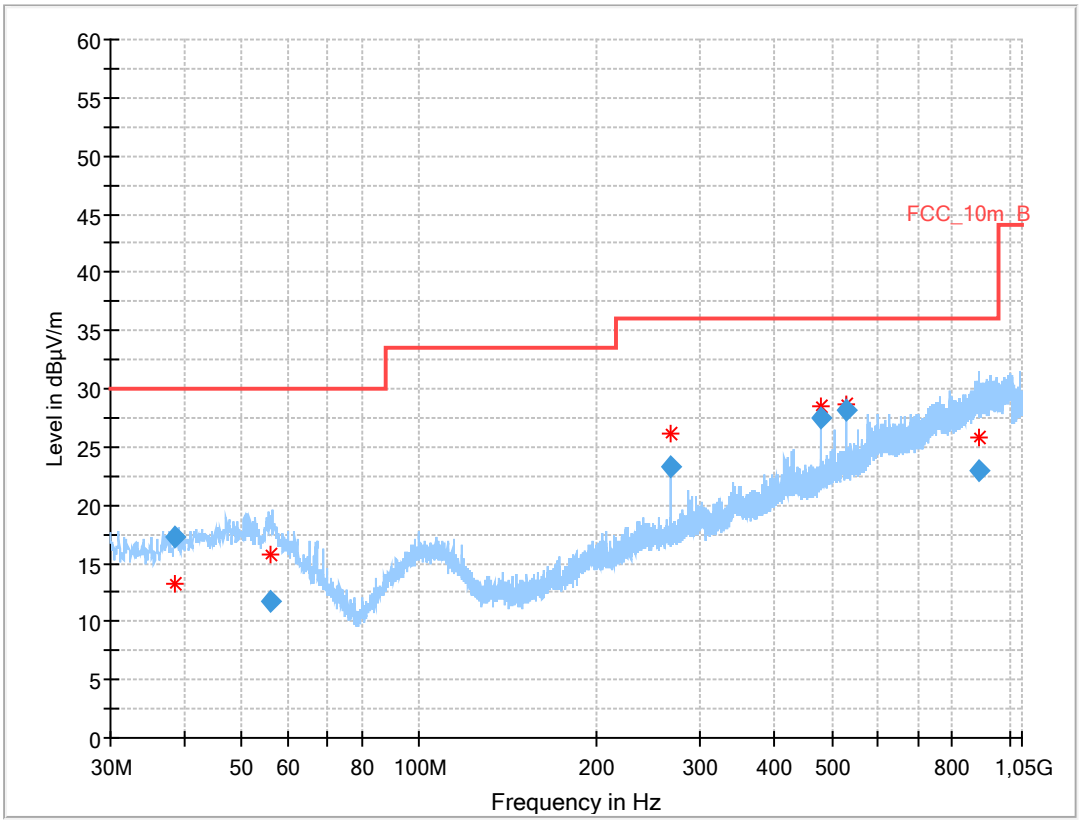
Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
42.112	9.13	30.0	20.9	1000	120.0	287.0	V	90	14
51.986	9.43	30.0	20.6	1000	120.0	200.0	V	257	14
265.973	21.62	36.0	14.4	1000	120.0	251.0	H	89	13
479.983	25.66	36.0	10.3	1000	120.0	200.0	H	265	18
575.993	25.70	36.0	10.3	1000	120.0	312.0	V	180	19
911.857	15.31	36.0	20.7	1000	120.0	239.0	H	45	24

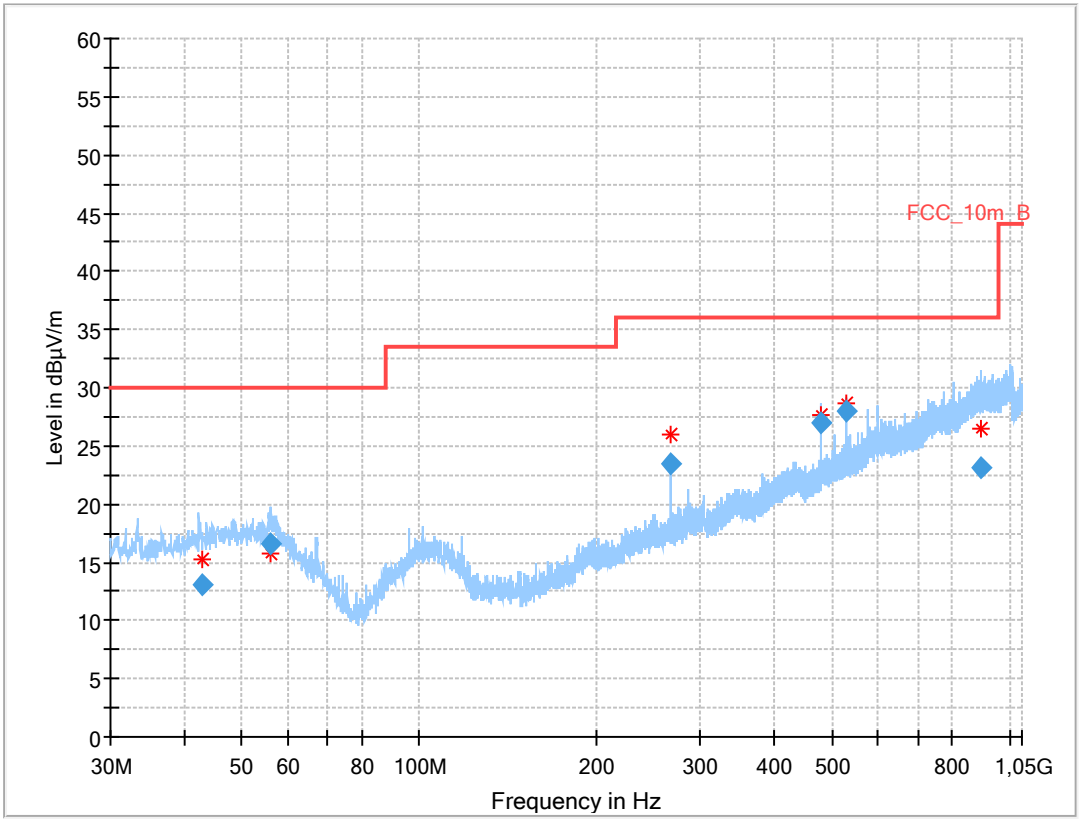
Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
38.632	17.34	30.0	12.7	1000	120.0	170.0	H	68	13
55.943	11.75	30.0	18.3	1000	120.0	98.0	H	189	15
265.983	23.36	36.0	12.6	1000	120.0	110.0	V	202	13
479.989	27.50	36.0	8.5	1000	120.0	141.0	H	285	18
527.991	28.12	36.0	7.9	1000	120.0	170.0	H	247	19
891.004	23.00	36.0	13.0	1000	120.0	101.0	V	67	24

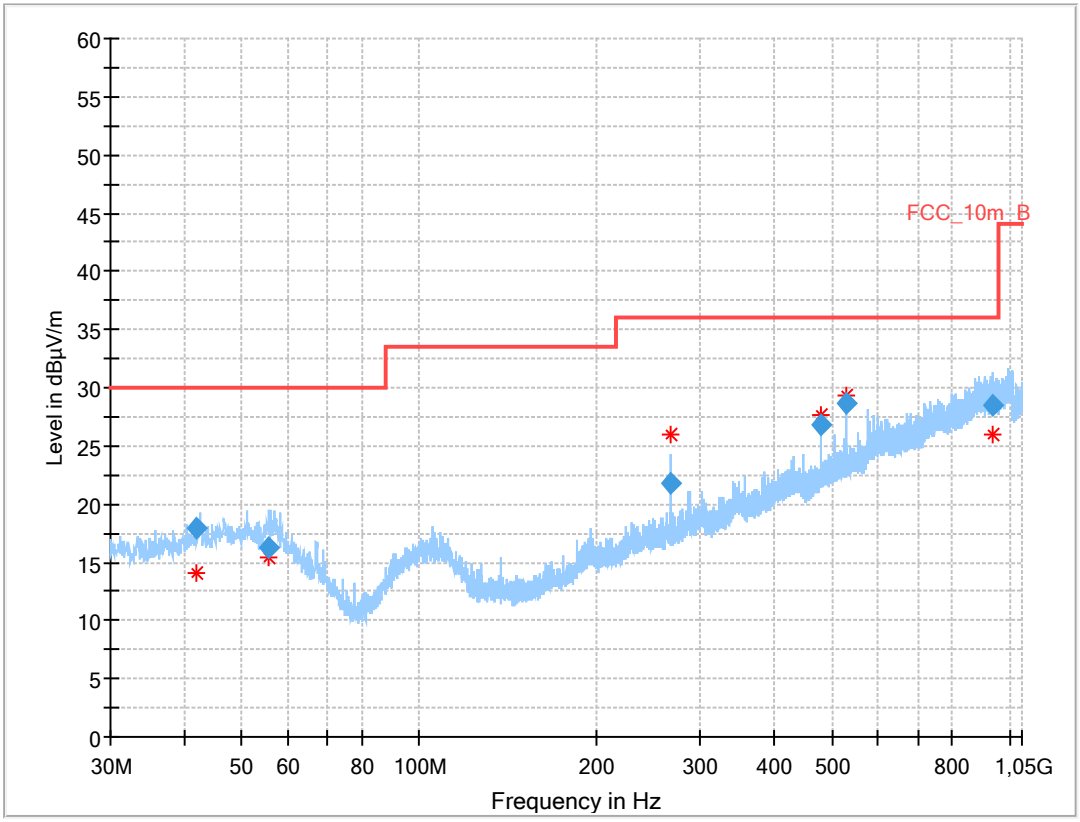
Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
42.754	13.06	30.0	16.9	1000	120.0	148.0	H	6	14
55.866	16.52	30.0	13.5	1000	120.0	170.0	H	67	15
265.986	23.41	36.0	12.6	1000	120.0	114.0	V	202	13
479.992	26.91	36.0	9.1	1000	120.0	160.0	H	247	18
527.988	27.92	36.0	8.1	1000	120.0	170.0	H	247	19
892.299	23.05	36.0	13.0	1000	120.0	170.0	V	67	24

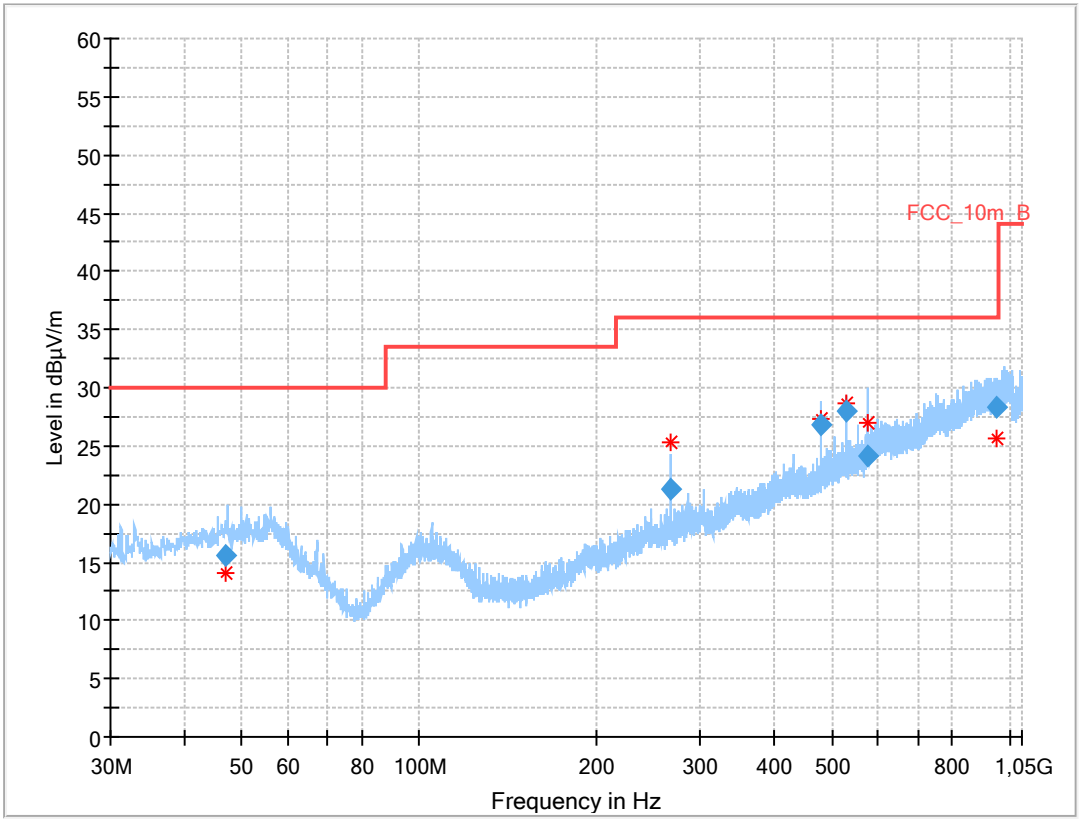
Plot 4: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
41.992	17.92	30.0	12.1	1000	120.0	107.0	V	67	14
55.622	16.33	30.0	13.7	1000	120.0	170.0	H	-13	15
265.989	21.86	36.0	14.1	1000	120.0	132.0	V	202	13
479.980	26.77	36.0	9.2	1000	120.0	157.0	H	247	18
527.985	28.58	36.0	7.4	1000	120.0	170.0	H	267	19
934.774	28.43	36.0	7.6	1000	120.0	170.0	V	157	24

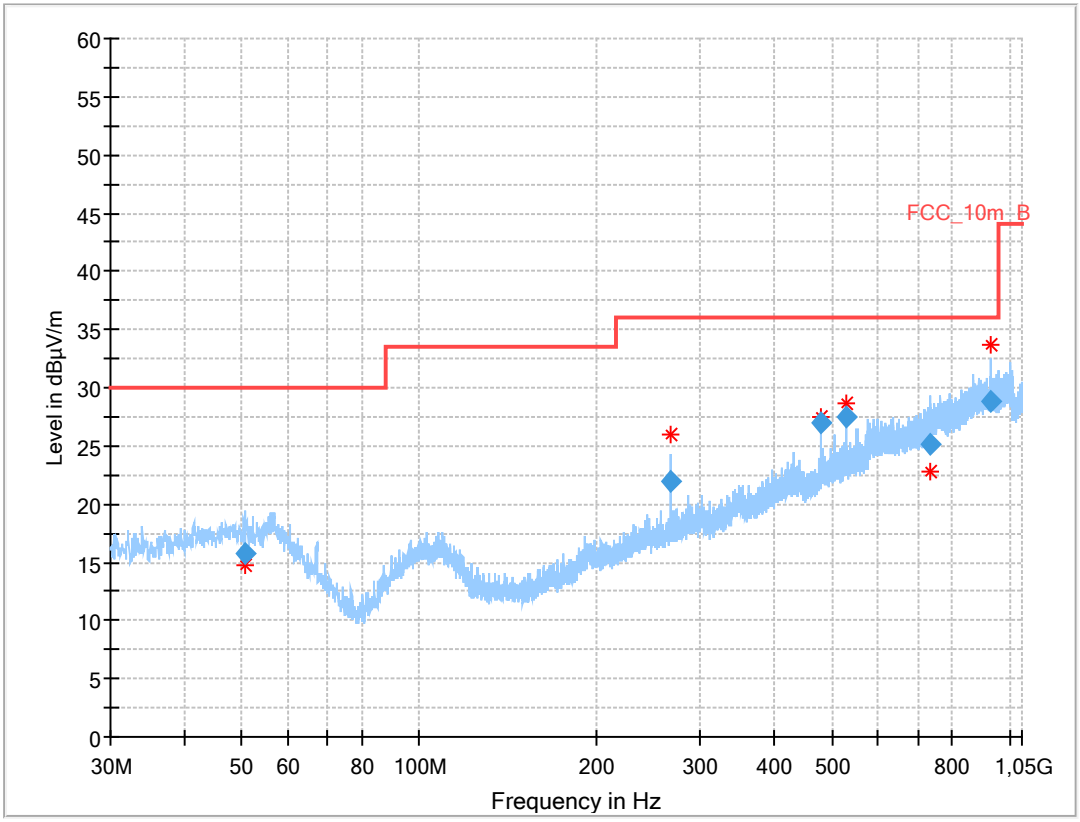
Plot 5: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
47.105	15.54	30.0	14.5	1000	120.0	170.0	V	22	14
266.007	21.35	36.0	14.7	1000	120.0	109.0	V	171	13
479.976	26.81	36.0	9.2	1000	120.0	139.0	H	247	18
527.977	27.98	36.0	8.0	1000	120.0	136.0	H	258	19
575.992	24.10	36.0	11.9	1000	120.0	129.0	H	247	19
947.998	28.39	36.0	7.6	1000	120.0	165.0	V	157	24

Plot 6: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

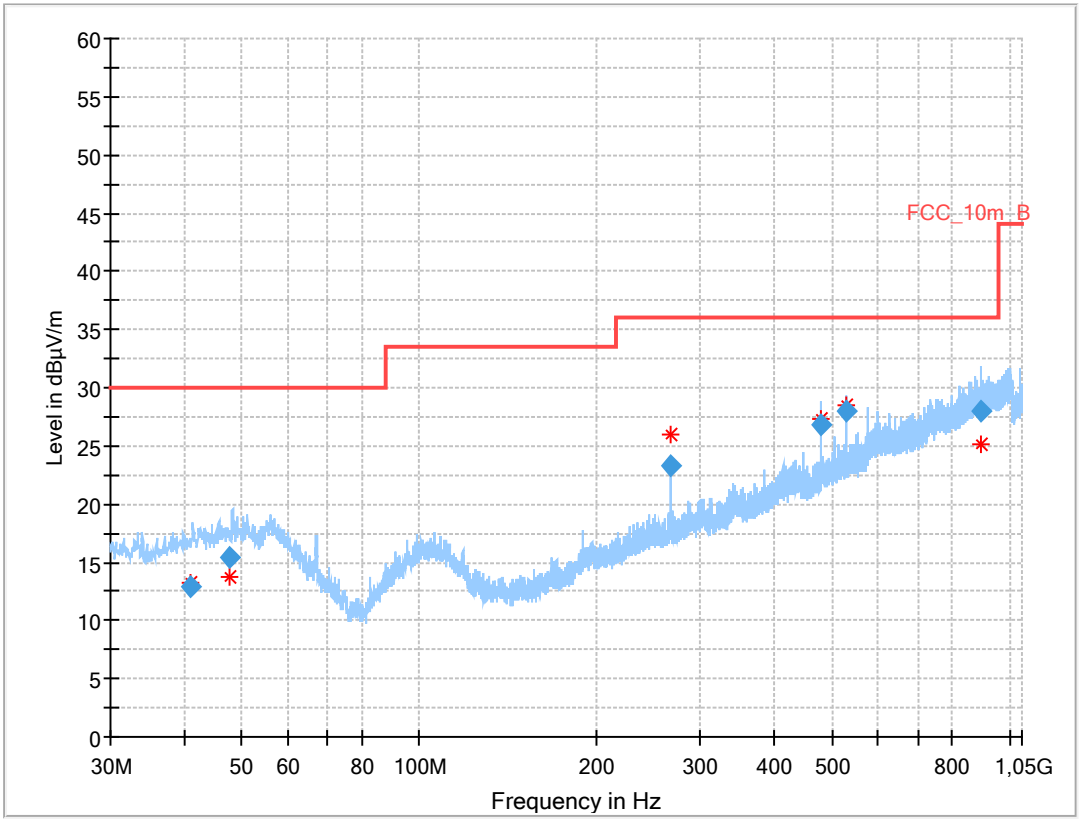


Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
50.861	15.68	30.0	14.3	1000	120.0	164.0	H	22	14
265.990	21.97	36.0	14.0	1000	120.0	124.0	V	202	13
479.995	26.99	36.0	9.0	1000	120.0	129.0	H	247	18
527.998	27.52	36.0	8.5	1000	120.0	166.0	H	247	19
733.300	25.13	36.0	10.9	1000	120.0	170.0	V	157	22
930.993	28.90	36.0	7.1	1000	120.0	170.0	V	-22	24

Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

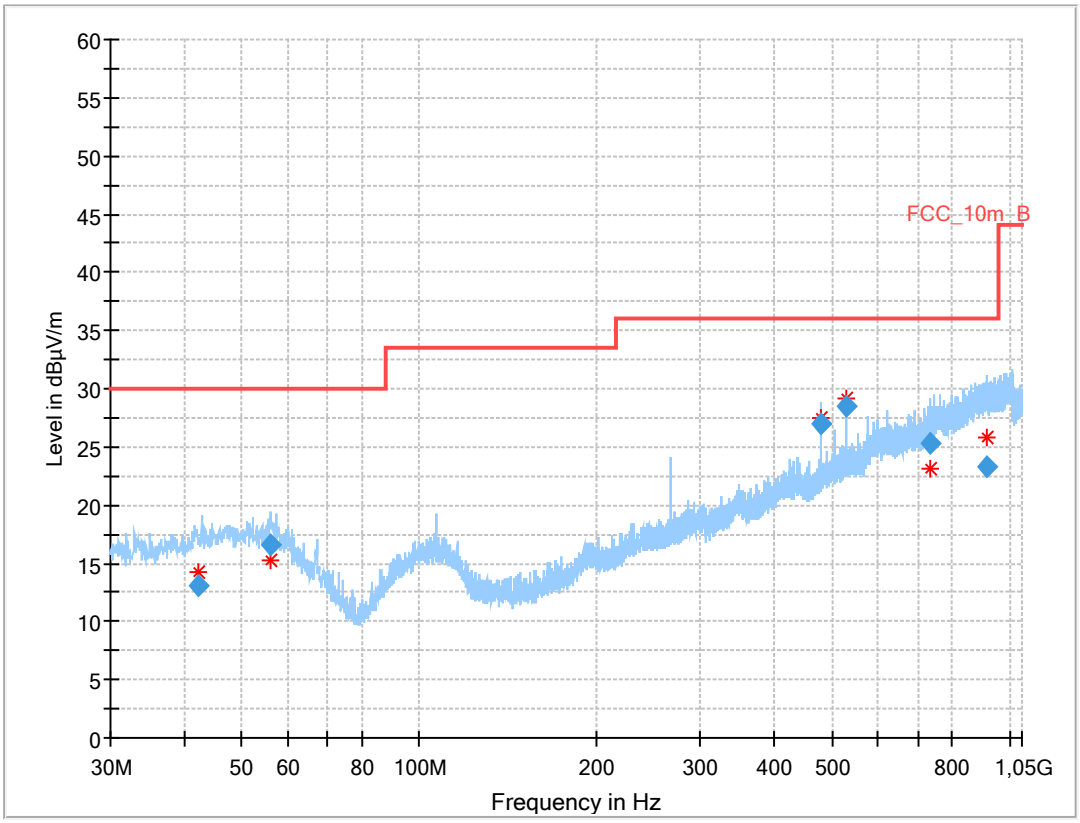
Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.847	12.90	30.0	17.1	1000	120.0	170.0	H	282	14
47.828	15.45	30.0	14.6	1000	120.0	106.0	H	-13	14
265.982	23.34	36.0	12.7	1000	120.0	104.0	V	202	13
479.985	26.86	36.0	9.1	1000	120.0	127.0	H	247	18
527.991	27.91	36.0	8.1	1000	120.0	170.0	H	247	19
893.470	28.02	36.0	8.0	1000	120.0	170.0	V	247	24

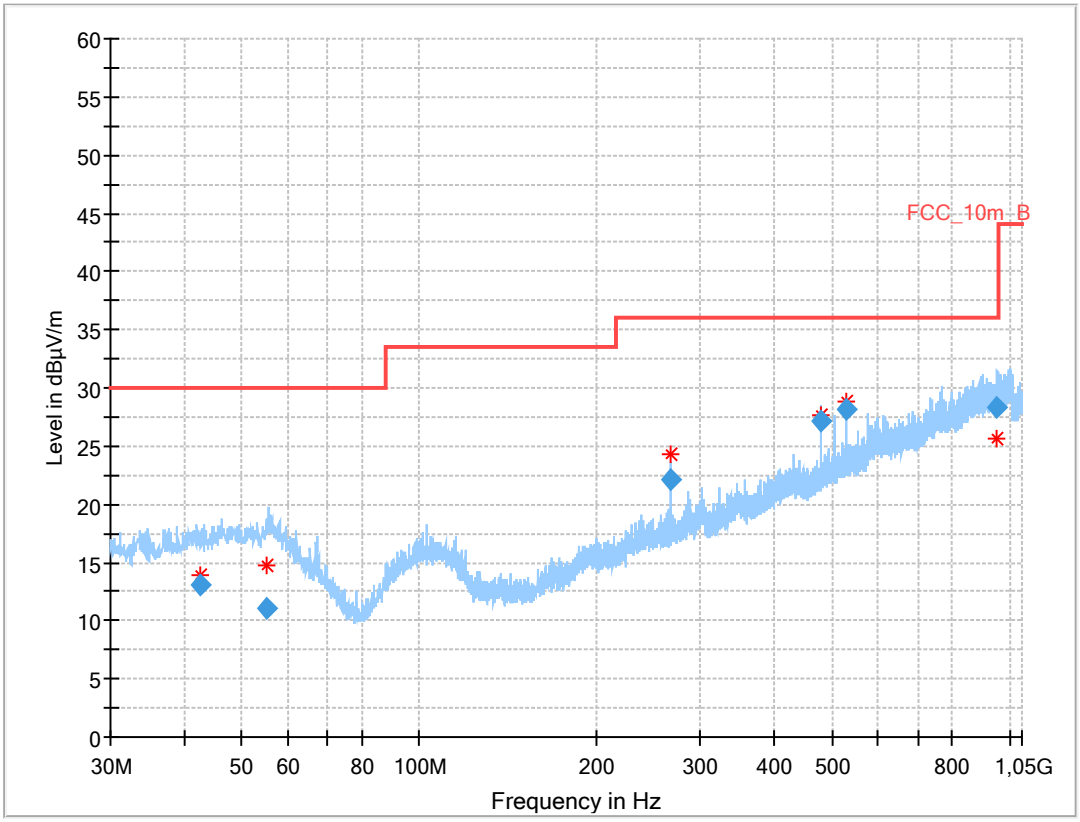
Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
42.210	13.07	30.0	16.9	1000	120.0	110.0	V	67	14
55.911	16.63	30.0	13.4	1000	120.0	170.0	V	163	15
479.988	26.95	36.0	9.1	1000	120.0	130.0	H	247	18
527.986	28.47	36.0	7.5	1000	120.0	170.0	H	292	19
734.581	25.25	36.0	10.8	1000	120.0	170.0	V	247	22
918.647	23.28	36.0	12.7	1000	120.0	170.0	H	68	24

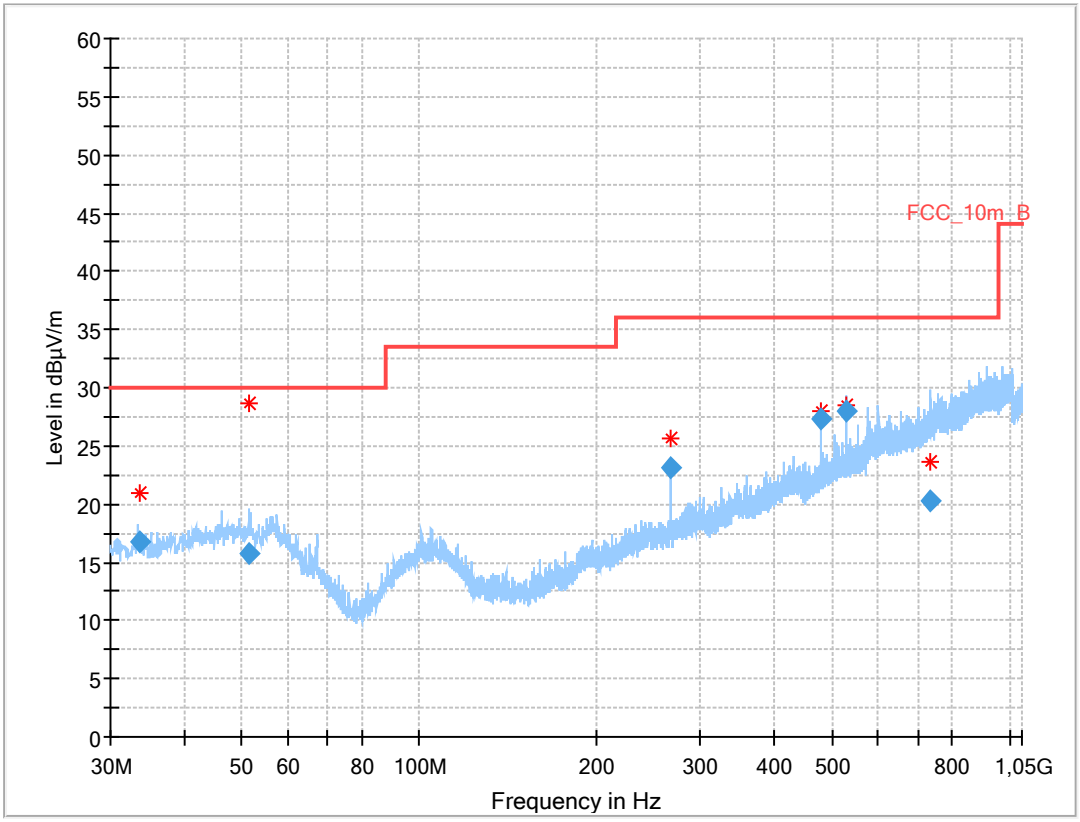
Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
42.446	13.01	30.0	17.0	1000	120.0	170.0	H	248	14
55.331	11.12	30.0	18.9	1000	120.0	170.0	H	157	15
265.953	22.15	36.0	13.9	1000	120.0	108.0	V	202	13
479.984	27.16	36.0	8.8	1000	120.0	132.0	H	247	18
527.984	28.10	36.0	7.9	1000	120.0	147.0	H	247	19
954.391	28.35	36.0	7.7	1000	120.0	148.0	V	79	24

Plot 4: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
33.589	16.74	30.0	13.3	1000	120.0	148.0	V	105	12
51.567	15.74	30.0	14.3	1000	120.0	127.0	V	-22	14
265.978	23.13	36.0	12.9	1000	120.0	98.0	V	187	13
479.975	27.40	36.0	8.6	1000	120.0	138.0	H	277	18
527.976	27.97	36.0	8.0	1000	120.0	170.0	H	247	19
735.083	20.27	36.0	15.7	1000	120.0	170.0	V	188	22

12.12 Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 40 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations from 1 GHz to 40 GHz.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Quasi Peak below 1 GHz (alternative Peak) Peak above 1 GHz / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Span:	1 GHz to 40 GHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold / Average with 100 counts + 20 log (1 / X) for duty cycle lower than 100 %
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 – B See sub clause 7.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0	3
§15.407		
Outside the restricted bands!	-27 dBm / MHz	

Results: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
1196.5	Peak	60.5	All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
	AVG	39.7						
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

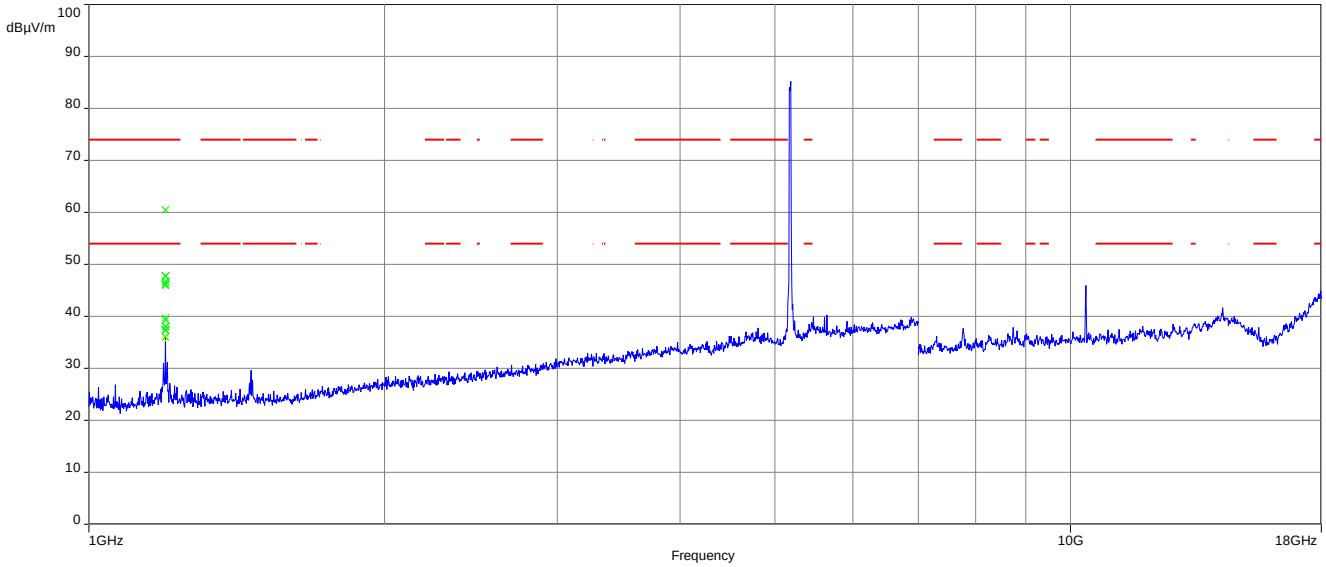
Results: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm						
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)						
Lowest channel				Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]		F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.				All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.				For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

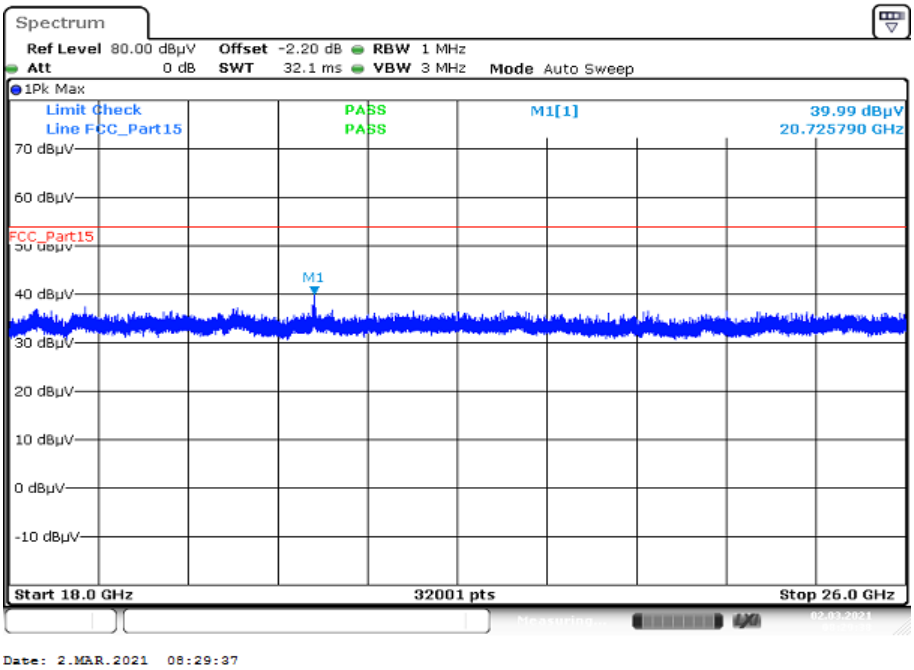
TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm						
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)						
Lowest channel				Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]		F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.				All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.				For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

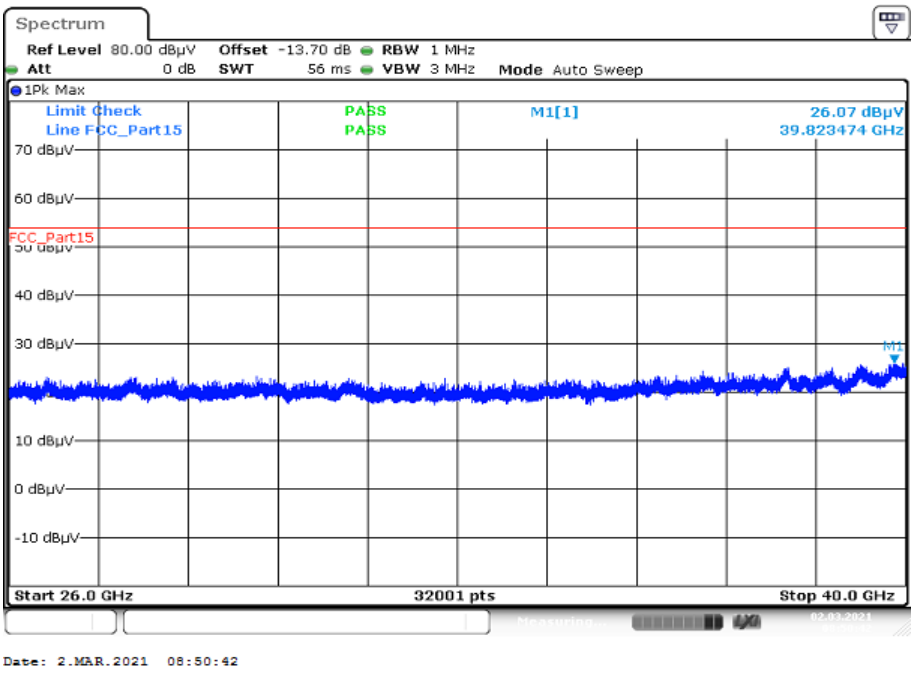
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



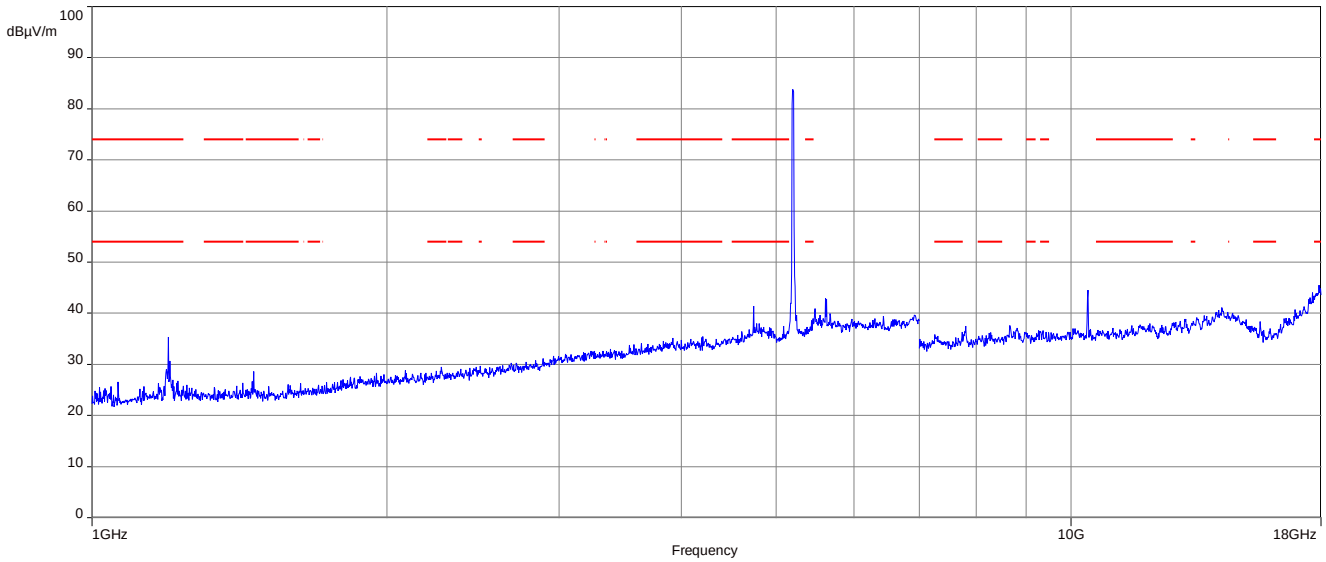
Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



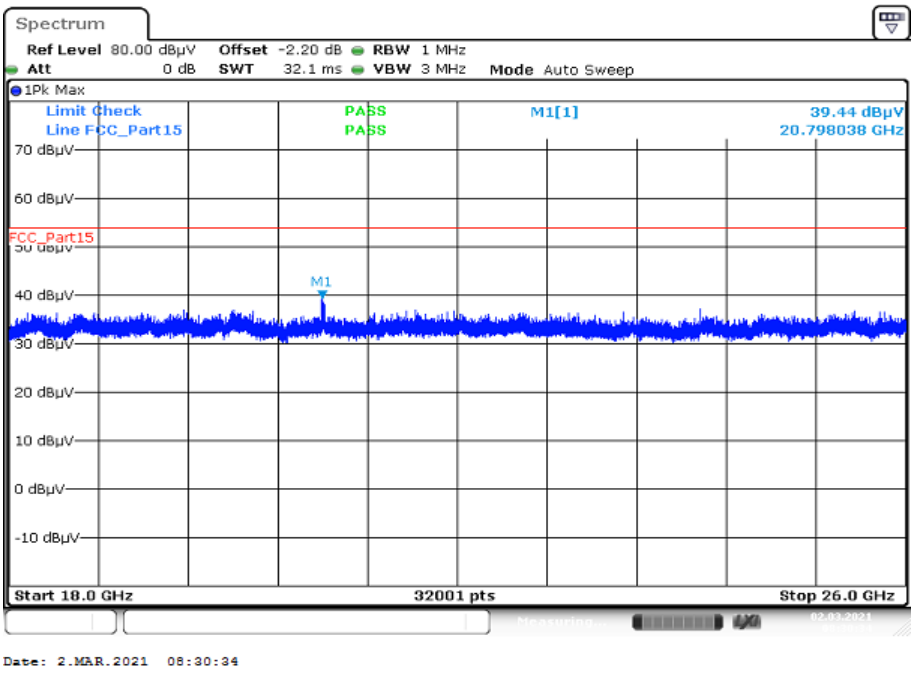
Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



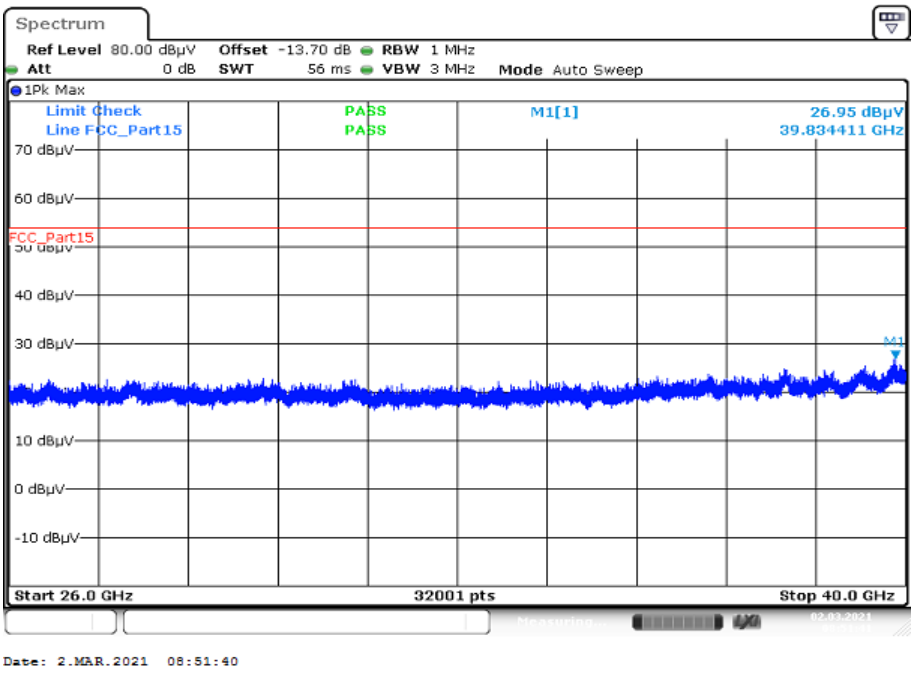
Plot 4: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel



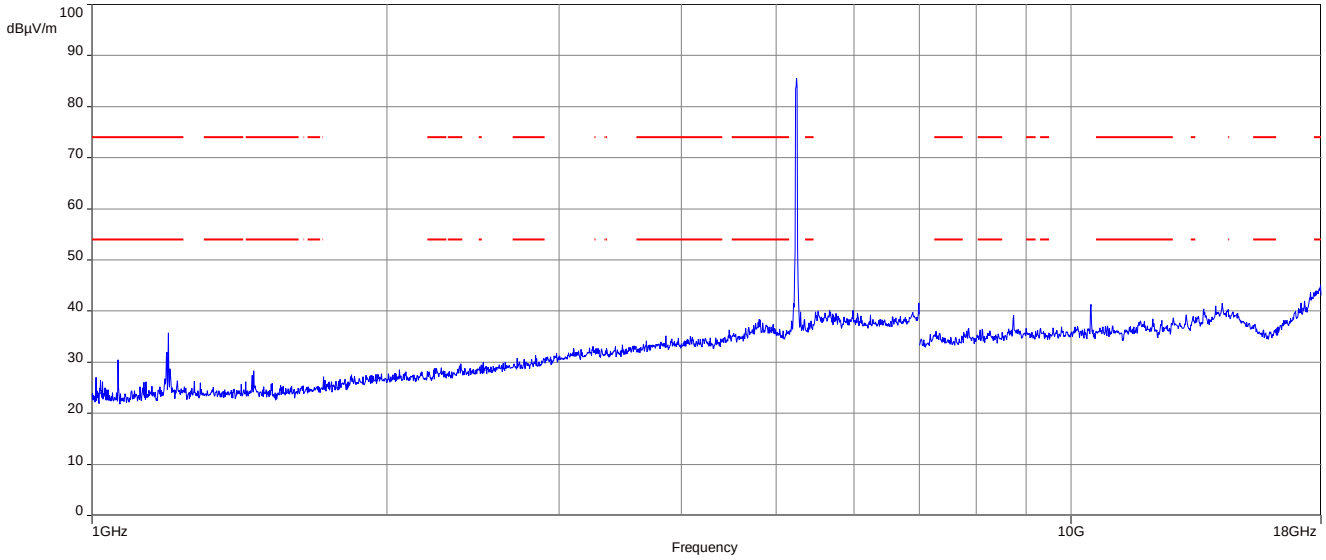
Plot 5: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel



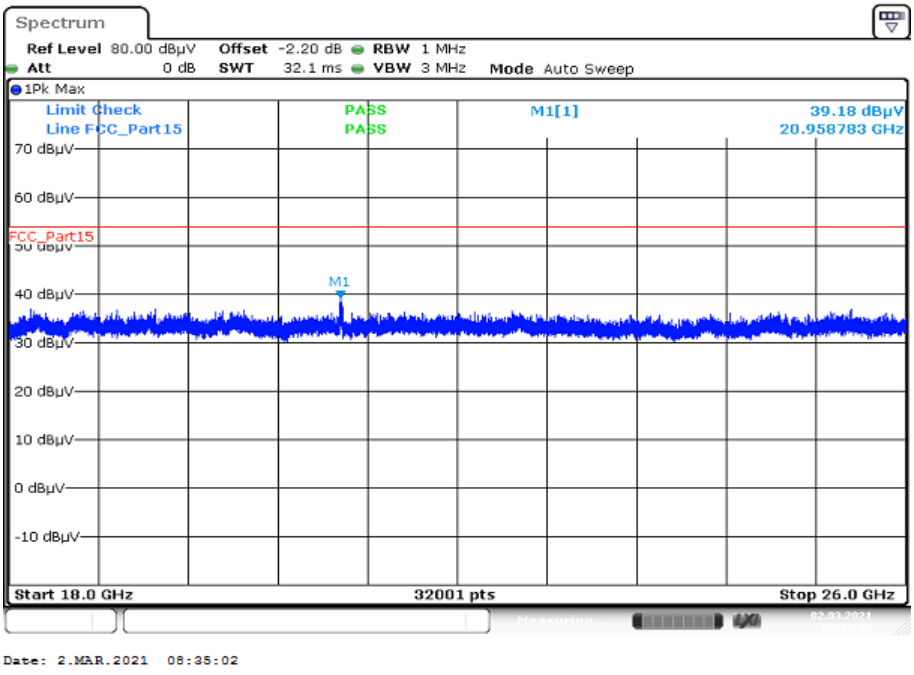
Plot 6: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel



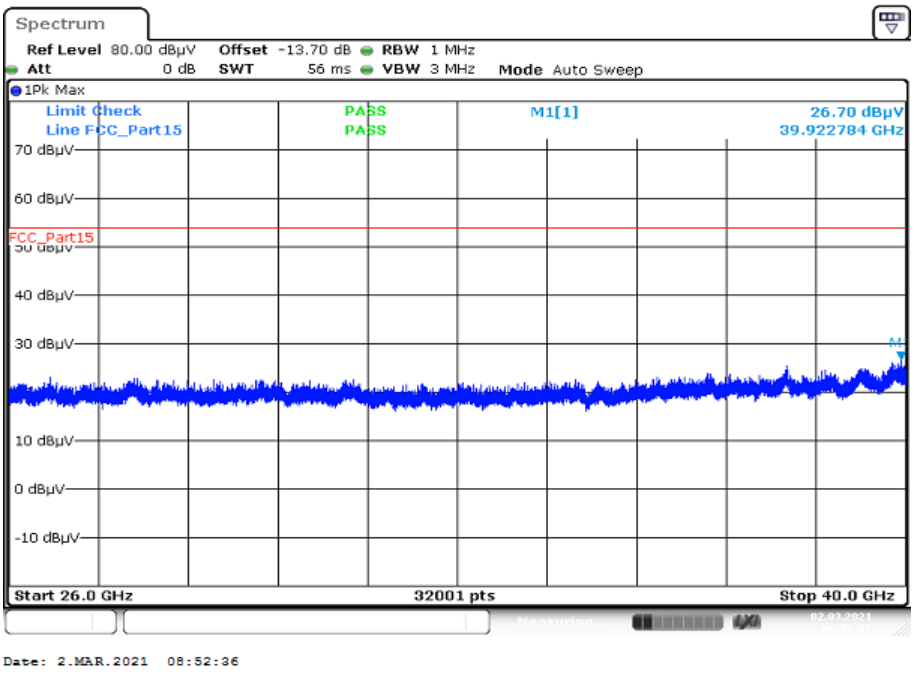
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel



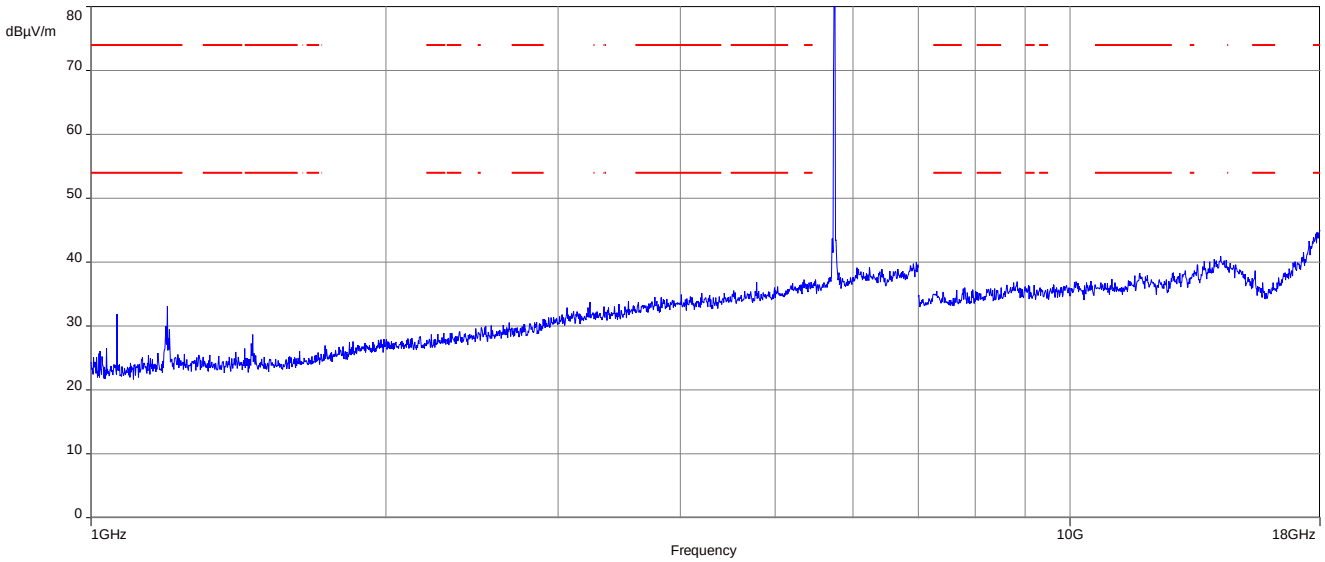
Plot 8: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel



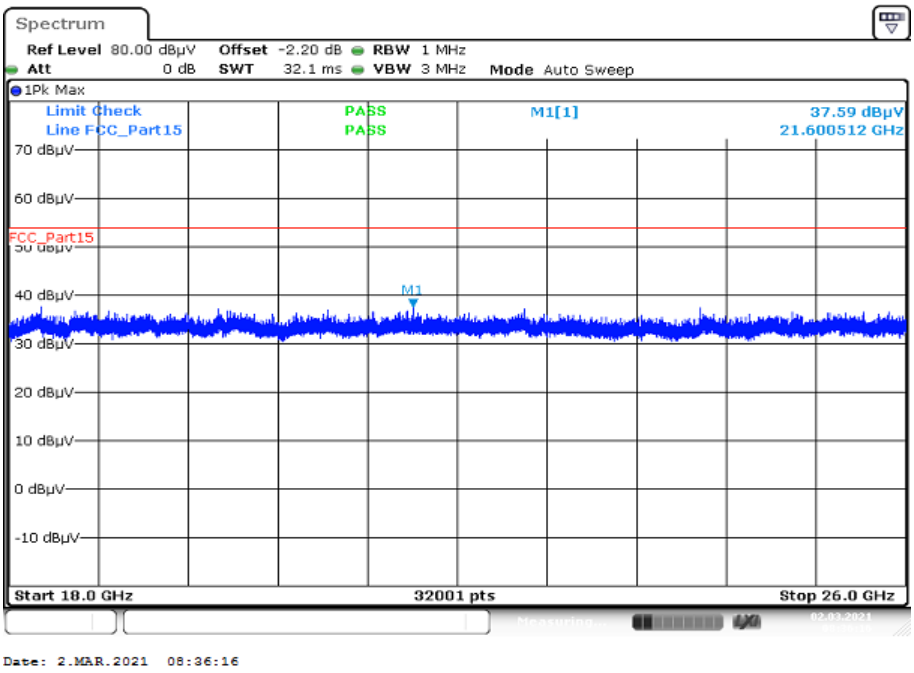
Plot 9: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel



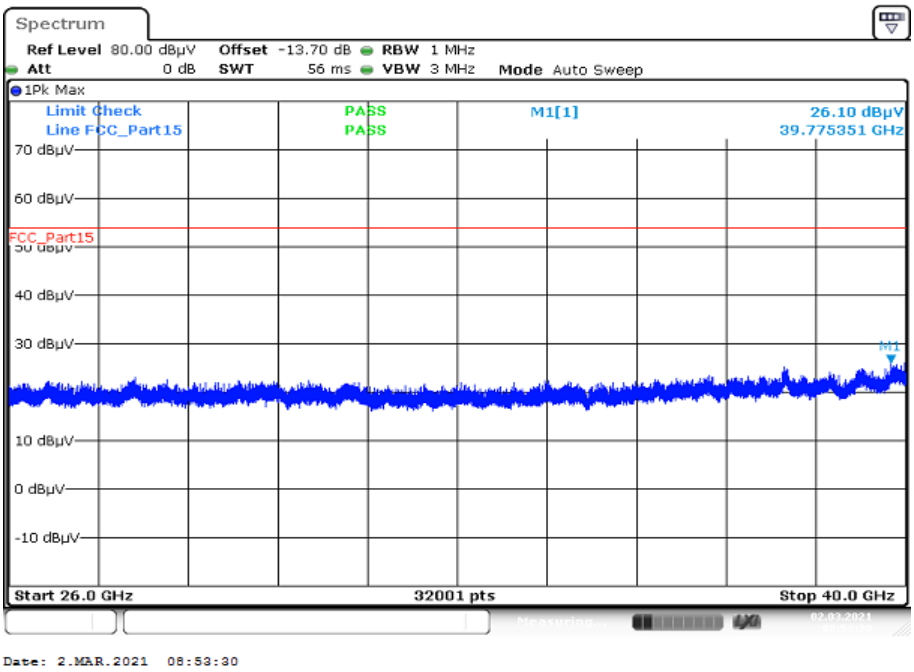
Plot 10: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel



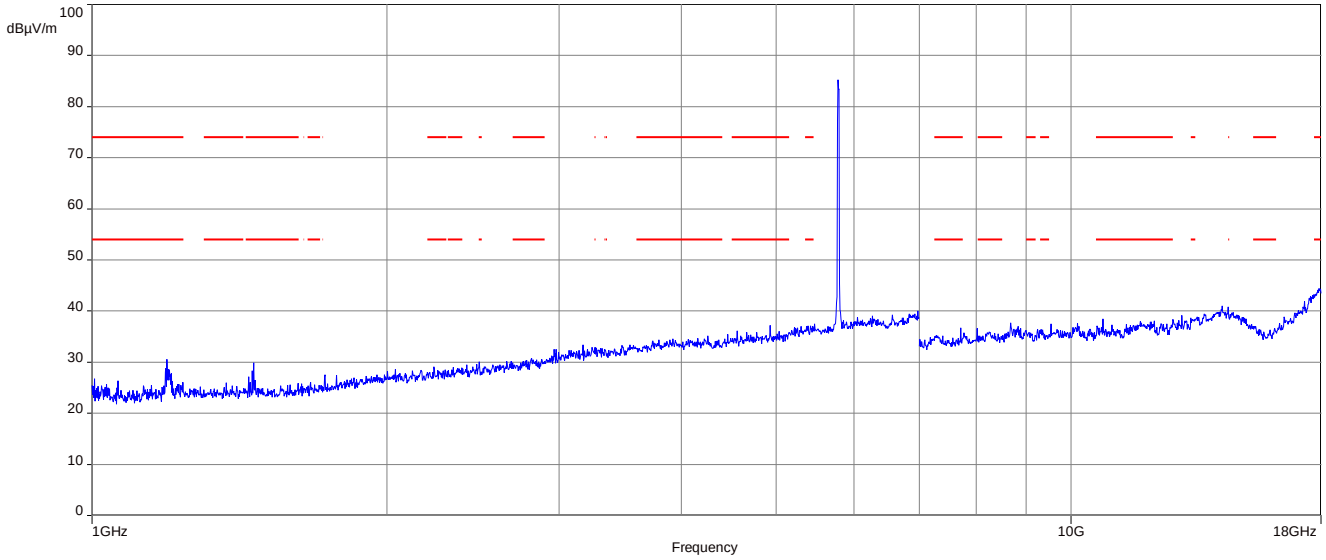
Plot 11: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel



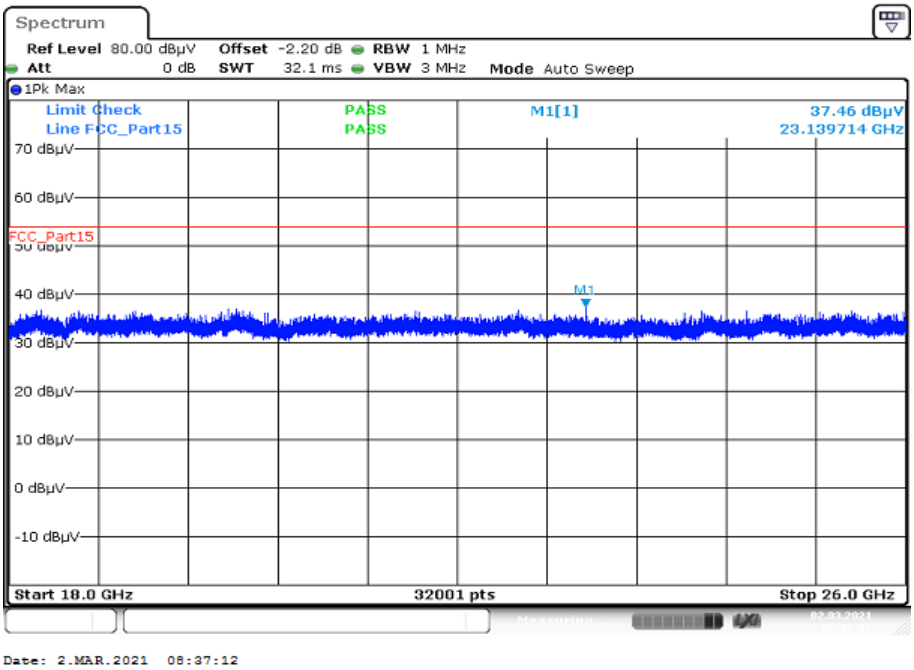
Plot 12: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel



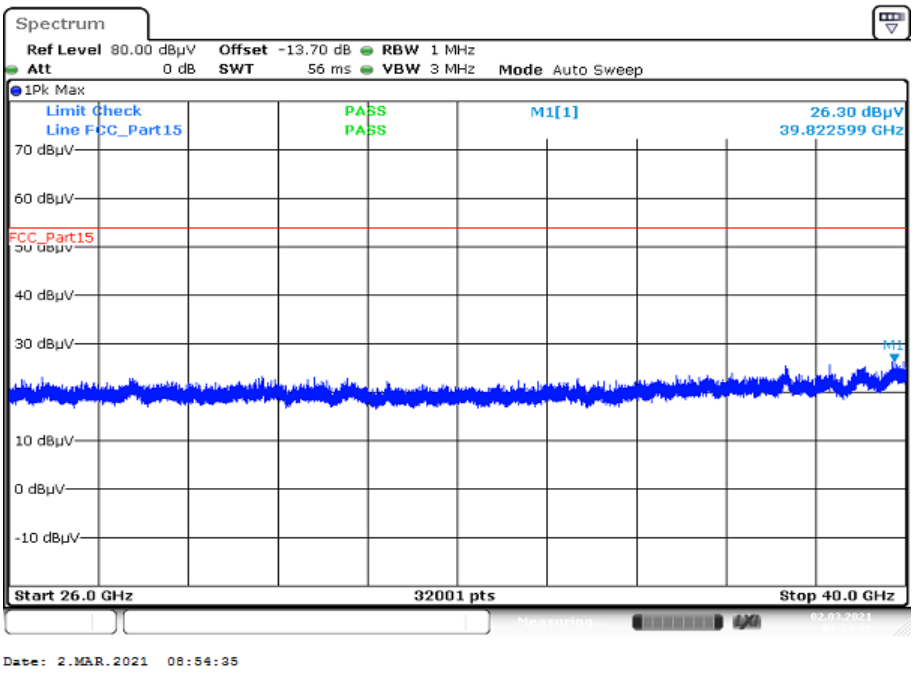
Plot 13: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel



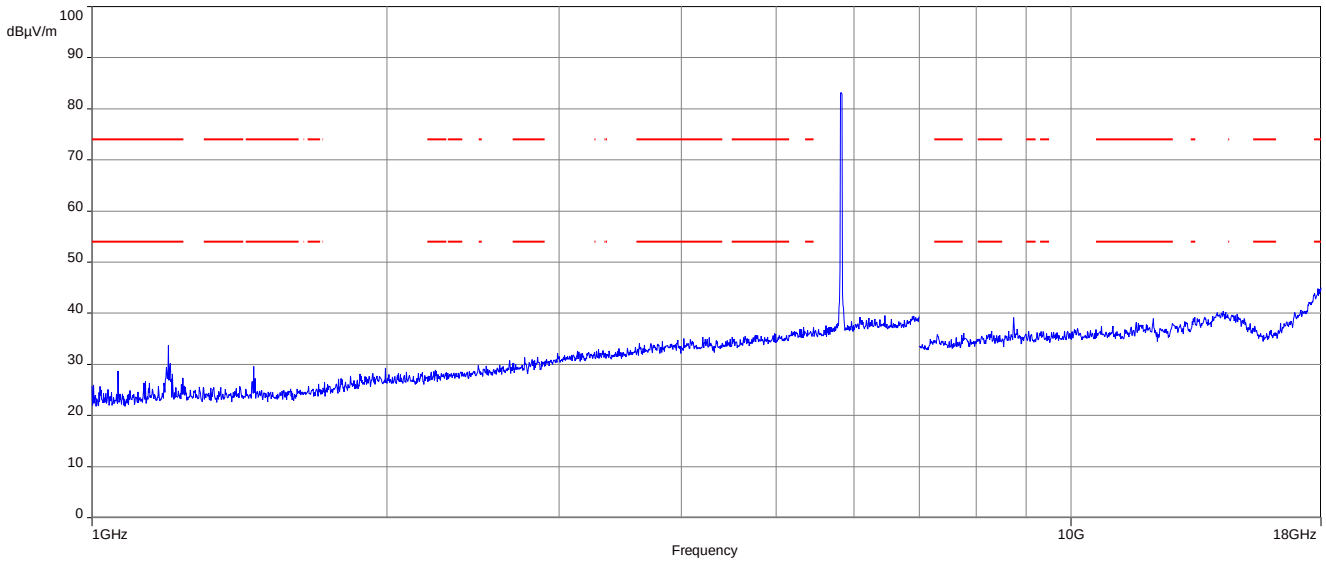
Plot 14: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel



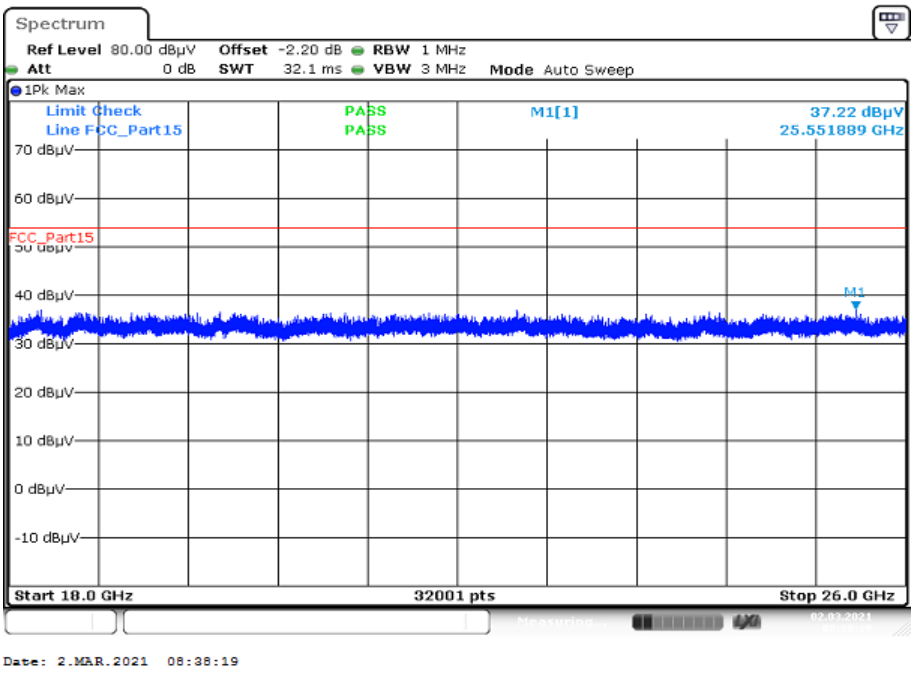
Plot 15: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel



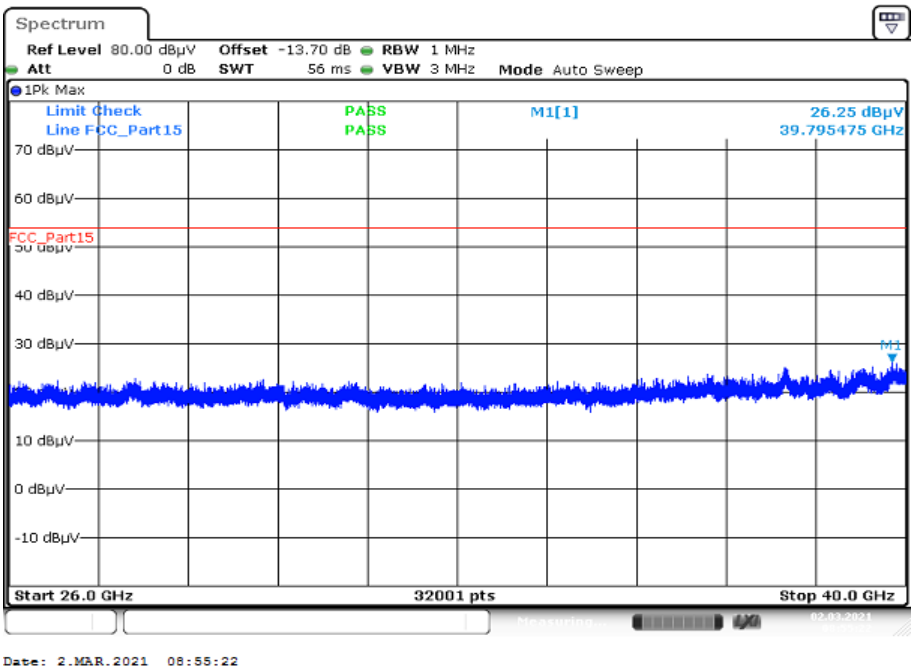
Plot 16: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel



Plot 17: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

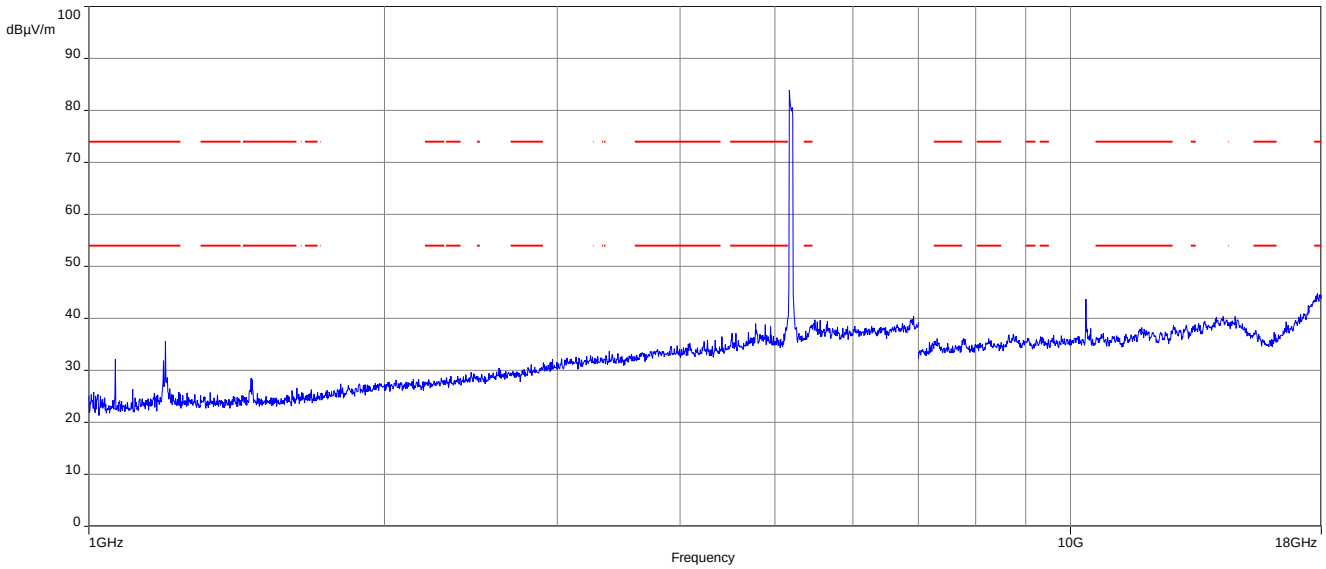


Plot 18: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

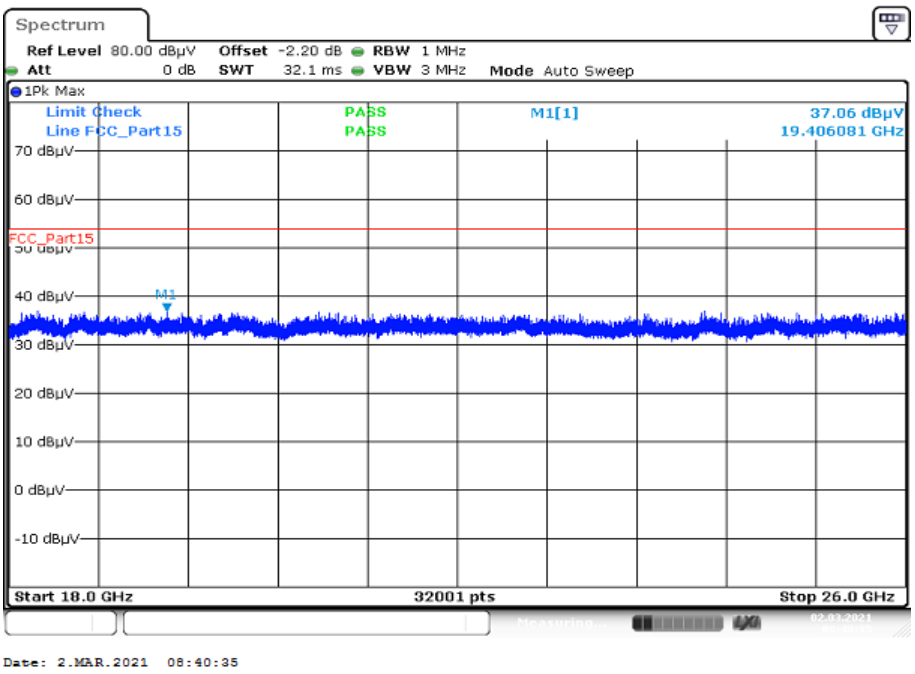


Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

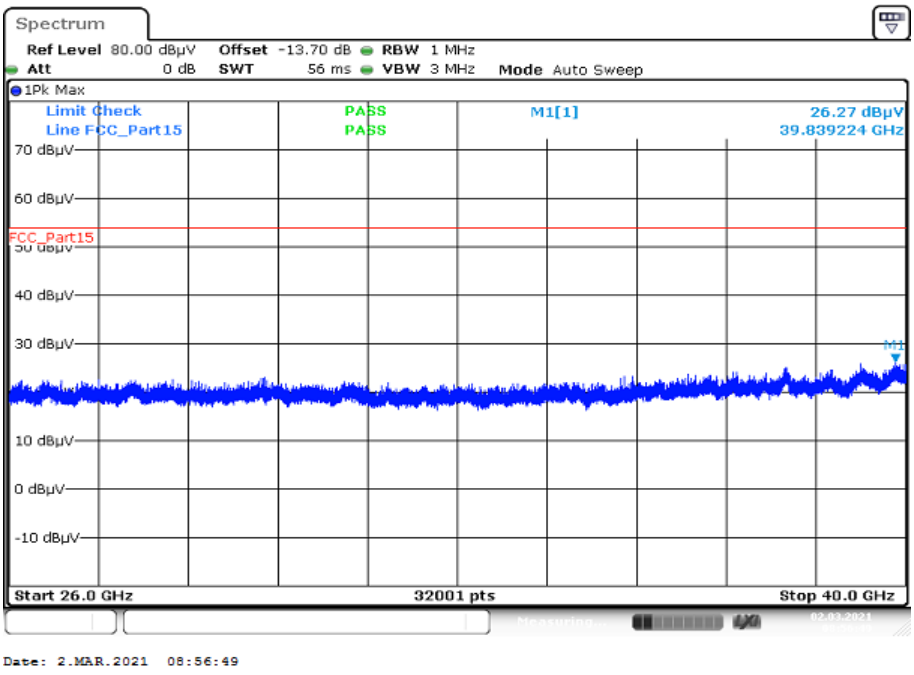
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



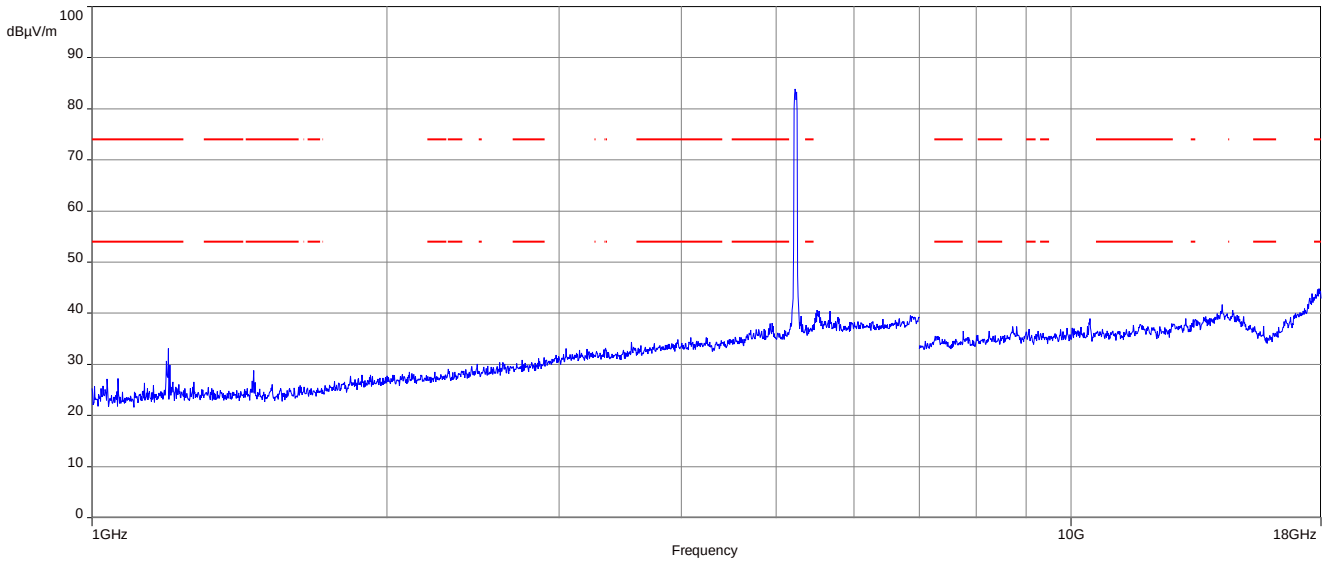
Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



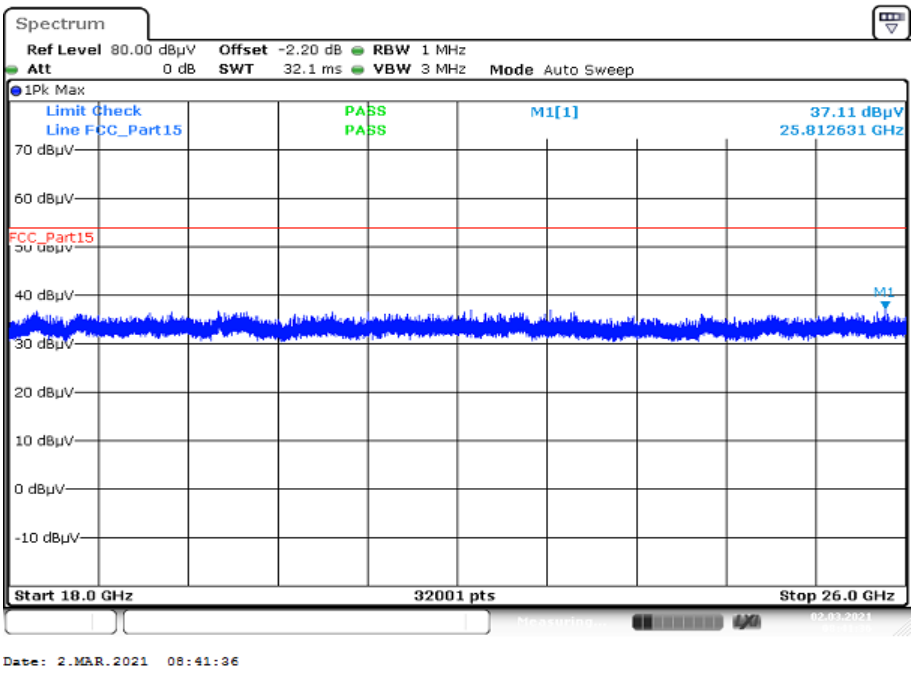
Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



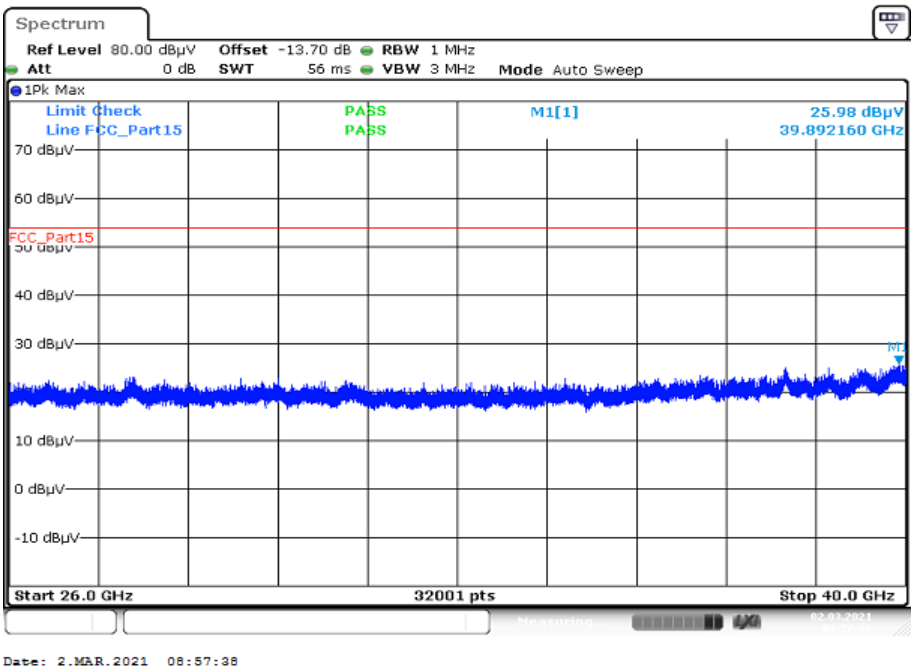
Plot 4: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel



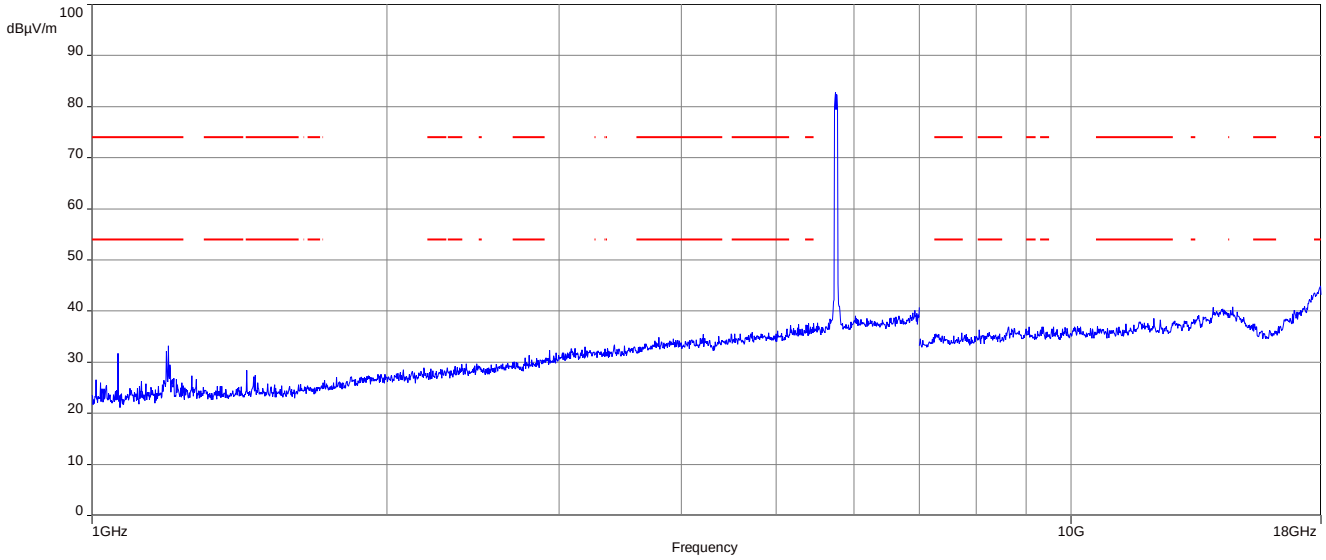
Plot 5: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel



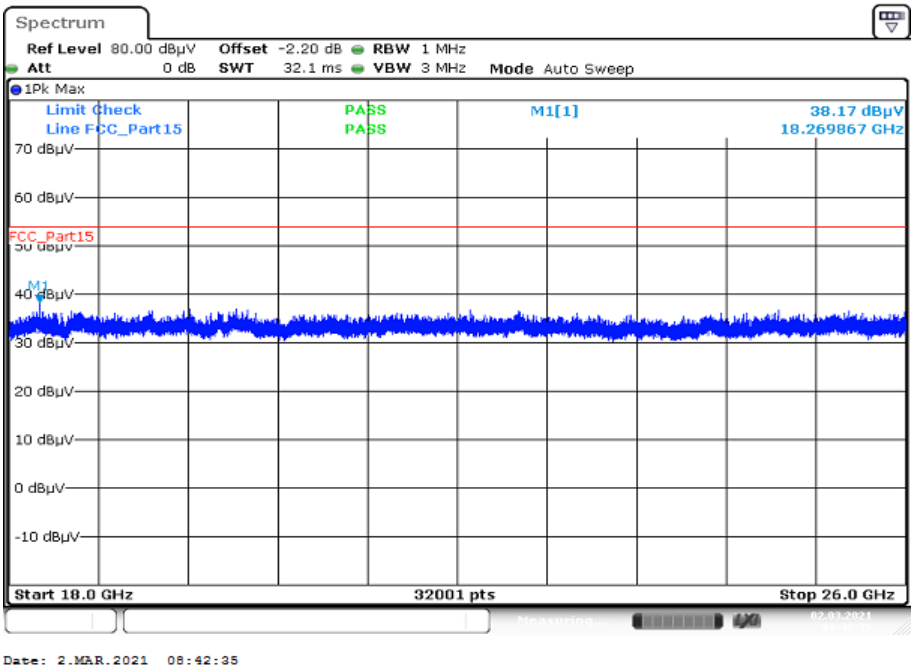
Plot 6: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel



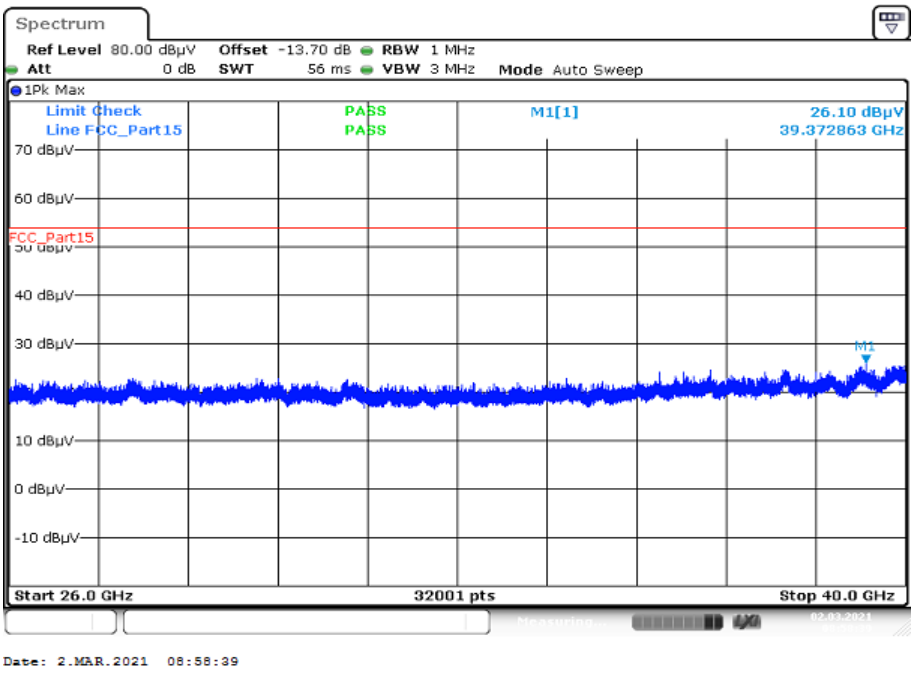
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel



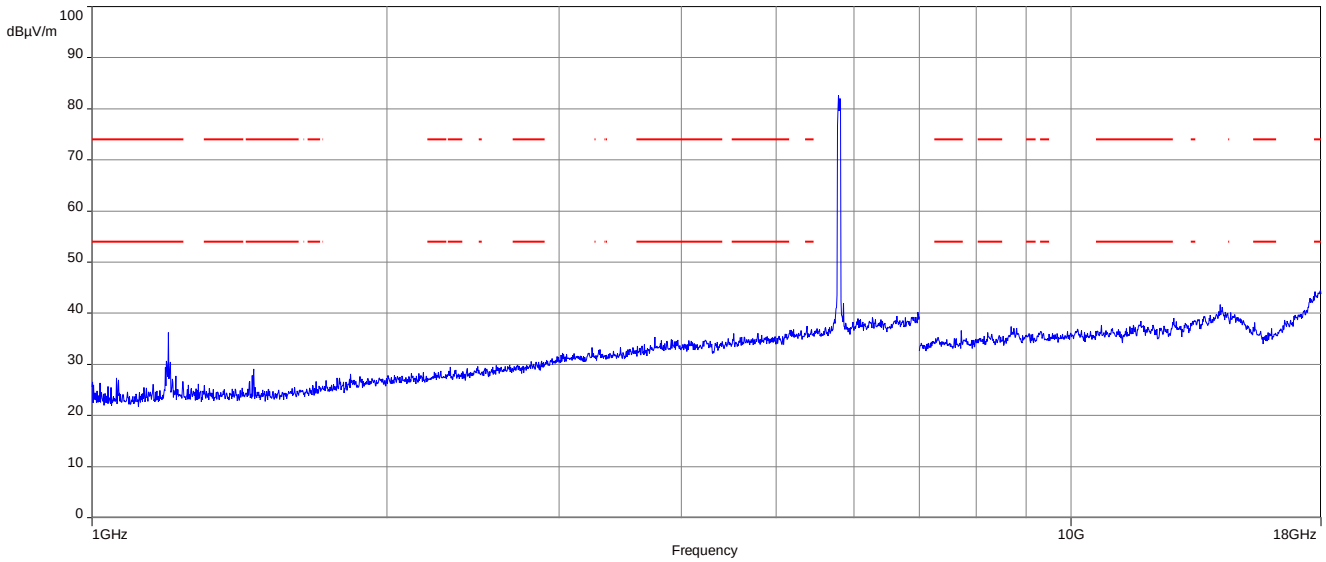
Plot 8: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel



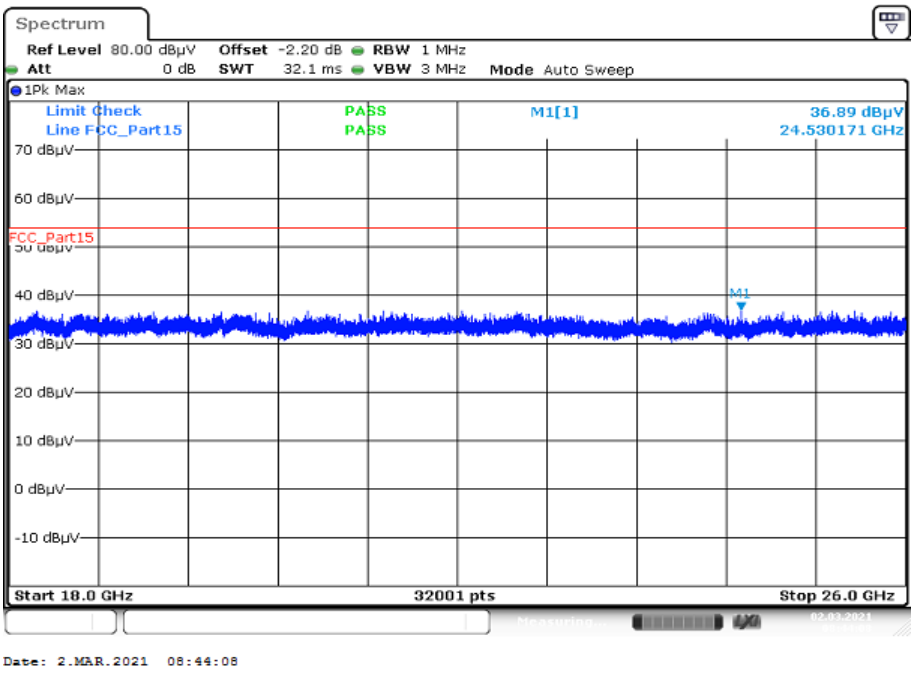
Plot 9: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel



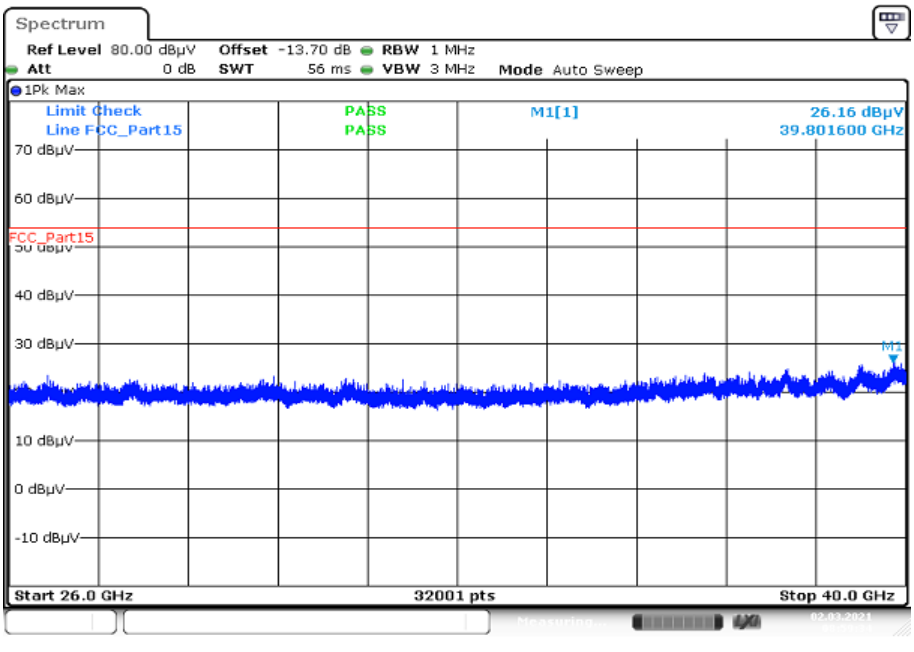
Plot 10: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel



Plot 11: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel



Plot 12: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel



12.13 Spurious emissions conducted < 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to middle channel. If critical peaks are found the lowest channel and the highest channel will be measured too. Both power lines, phase and neutral line, are measured. Found peaks are re-measured with average and quasi peak detection to show compliance to the limits.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak - Quasi Peak / Average
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Span:	150 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.5 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV/m)	Average (dBµV/m)
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30.0	60	50

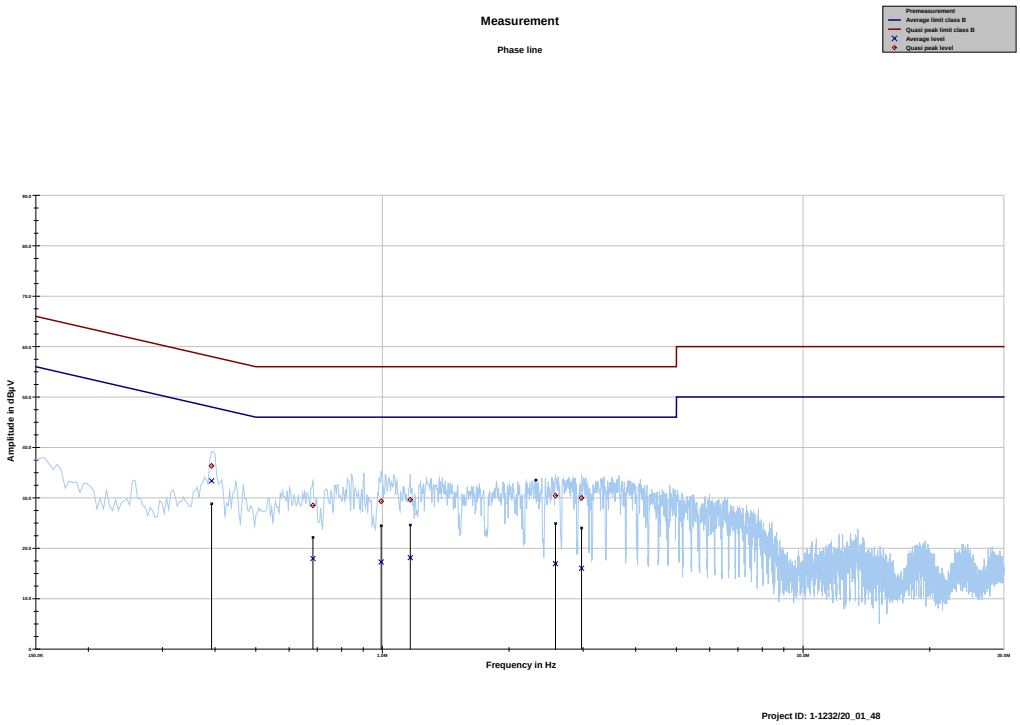
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Results:

Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz [dBµV/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
See result table below plots.		

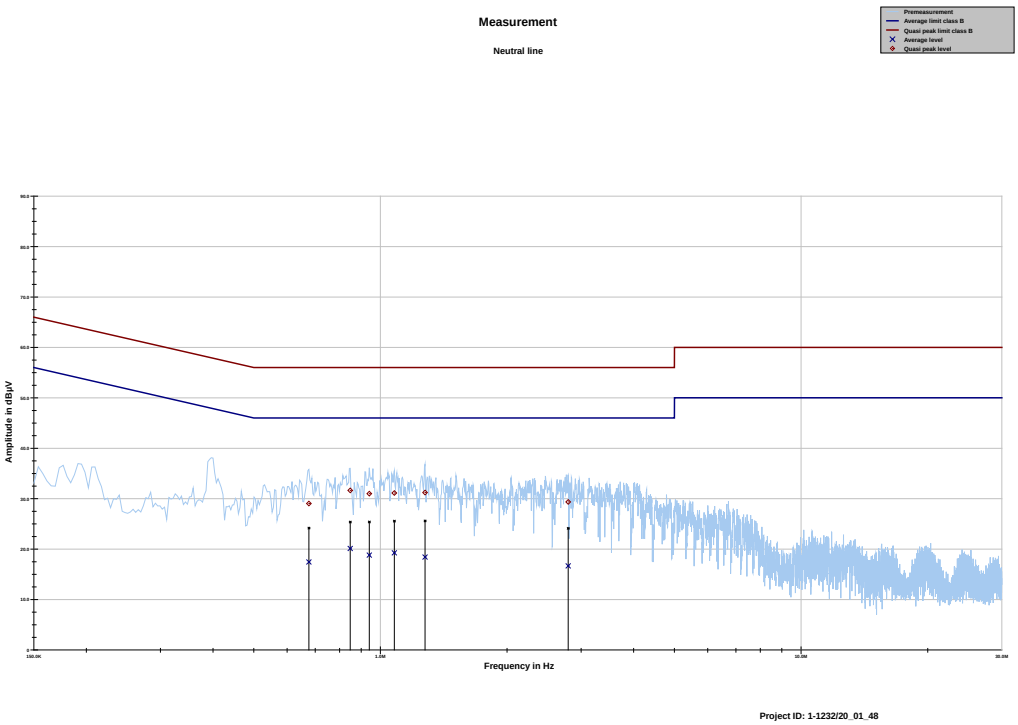
Plots:

Plot 1: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, phase line



Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin average	Limit AV
MHz	dBµV	dB	dBµV	dBµV	dB	dBµV
0.392531	36.34	21.67	58.010	33.36	15.71	49.071
0.683569	28.50	27.50	56.000	17.96	28.04	46.000
0.993263	29.31	26.69	56.000	17.28	28.72	46.000
1.164900	29.63	26.37	56.000	18.13	27.87	46.000
2.579044	30.45	25.55	56.000	16.94	29.06	46.000
2.974556	29.99	26.01	56.000	16.04	29.96	46.000

Plot 2: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, neutral line



Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin Average	Limit AV
MHz	dBµV	dB	dBµV	dBµV	dB	dBµV
0.676106	29.04	26.96	56.000	17.43	28.57	46.000
0.847744	31.63	24.37	56.000	20.11	25.89	46.000
0.941025	30.99	25.01	56.000	18.80	27.20	46.000
1.079081	31.12	24.88	56.000	19.25	26.75	46.000
1.276838	31.20	24.80	56.000	18.42	27.58	46.000
2.795456	29.34	26.66	56.000	16.66	29.34	46.000

13 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

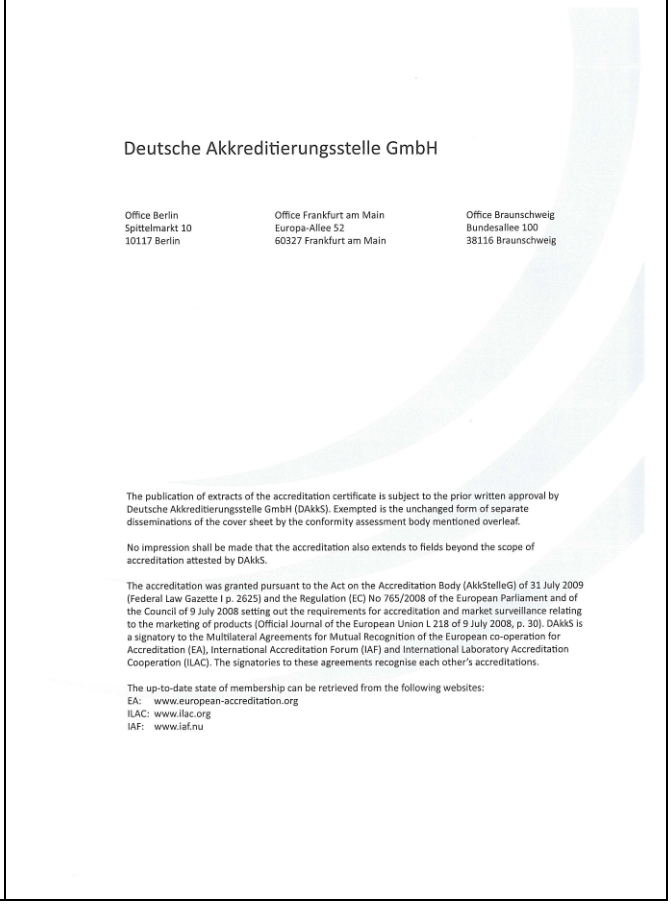
14 Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
C	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
AVG	Average
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
PER	Packet error rate
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum

15 Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2021-04-14
A	FCC ID and IC ID revised	2021-05-05
B	HVIN, PMN and model name changed	2021-06-15

16 Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-04

first page	last page
	

Note: The current certificate annex is published on the website (link see below) of the Accreditation Body DAkkS or may be received by CTC advanced GmbH on request

https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04e.pdf

17 Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-05

first page	last page

DAkkS
Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV
Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition

Accreditation

The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory

CTC advanced GmbH
Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken

is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018 to carry out tests in the following fields:

Telecommunication (FCC Requirements)

The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 09.06.2020 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 05 pages.

Registration number of the certificate: **D-PL-12076-01-05**

Frankfurt am Main, 09.06.2020

by order Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Ralf Egner
Head of Division

The certificate together with its annex reflects the status at the time of the date of issue. The current status of the scope of accreditation can be found in the database of accredited bodies of Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH.
https://www.dakks.de/en/content/accredited-bodies-dakks
See notes overleaf.

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

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10117 Berlin

Office Frankfurt am Main
Europa-Allee 52
60327 Frankfurt am Main

Office Braunschweig
Bundesallee 100
38116 Braunschweig

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No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkkS.

The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkkS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations.

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https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05e.pdf

################################ END OF TEST REPORT ################################