

# **TEST REPORT**

Date: 2014-09-15

Report No.: 60.870.14.018.01F

**Applicant:** Binatone Electronics International Ltd.

Floor 23A, 9 Des Voeux Road West, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

**Description of Samples:** Model name: Video Baby Monitor (Baby Unit)

Brand name: motorola Model no.: MBP621BU FCCID: VLJ-MBP621BU

Date Samples Received: 2014-08-27

**Date Tested:** 2014-08-27 to 2014-09-14

**Investigation Requested:** FCC Part 15 Subpart C, Section 15.247

Conclusions: The submitted product COMPLIED with the

requirements of Federal Communications Commission [FCC] Rules and Regulations Part 15. The tests were performed in accordance with the standards described above and on Section 2.2

in this Test Report.

Remarks: ---

Checked by: Approved by:-

Ray Cheung Jeff Pong

Project Engineer Manager

Wireless & Telecom Department Wireless & Telecom Department



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# Appendix A

Photos of Test Setup

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External EUT Photos

# Appendix C

Internal EUT Photos



# 1.0 General Details

# 1.1 Test Laboratory

Attestation of Global Compliance SZ Co Ltd. 2/F, Building 2,No.1-No.4,Chaxi Sanwei, Technical Industrial Park, Gushu, Xixiang, Shenzhen, China. Registration Number: 259865

Tested by:

John Zhi

# 1.2 Applicant Details

### **Applicant**

# Binatone Electronics International Ltd.

Floor 23A, 9 Des Voeux Road West, Sheung Wan Hong Kong

#### Manufacturer

# VTech(Dongguan) Telecommunications Limted

VTech Science Park, Xia Ling Bei Management Zone, Liaobu, Dongguan, Guandong, China



# 1.3 Equipment Under Test [EUT]

### **Description of EUT**

Product Description: Video Baby Monitor (Baby Unit)

Model No.: MBP621BU motorola

FCCID: VLJ-MBP621BU

Rating: DC 6.0V, 600mA powered by AC/DC power adaptor

Operated Frequency: 2407.5 – 2475 MHz

No. of Operated Channel:

Accessories and Auxiliary Equipments: Switching Adaptor

Antenna Type: Integral

Manufacture of Antenna: VTech(Dongquan) Telecommunications Limited

Antenna Gain: 0 dBi Antenna Model: N/A

### **General Operation of EUT**

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a Camera of Wireless Monitoring System.

# FHSS Operation Principle:

This module is controlled by microchip to generate Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence, this module support 21 hopping channels. Refer to section 4.5 of this report to have more detail of Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm.

# 1.4 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a signal application subjected to Certificate Authorization.



# 2.0 Technical Details

# 2.1 Investigations Requested

Perform ElectroMagnetic Interference measurement in accordance with FCC 47CFR [Codes of Federal Regulations] Part 15:2012 and ANSI C63.4: 2009

# 2.2 Test Standards and Results Summary Tables

Test Condition	Test Requirement	Test Re	esult
		Pass	N/A
Number of Frequency Hopping	Section 15.247 ( a1 )		
20dB Bandwidth Measurement	Section 15.247 ( a1 )		
Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	Section 15.247 ( a1 )		
Average Time of Occupancy	Section 15.247 ( a1 )		
Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm	Section 15.247 ( a1 )		
Band Edge Measurement	Section 15.247		
Maximum Output Power	Section 15.247 ( b1 )		
Out of Band Emission	Section 15.247 ( d )		
Radiated Emission in Restricted Band	Section 15.247 ( d )		
Conducted Emission on AC Mains	Section 15.207		
Antenna Requirement	Section 15.203	⊠ See note 1	

Note 1: The EUT uses a permanently attached antenna, which in accordance to Section 15.203, is considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Remark: N/A - Not Applicable



#### 3.0 Test Methodology

#### 3.1 Radiated Emission

The sample was placed 0.8m above the ground plane on a standard emission test site \*. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were performed. During the test, each emission was maximized by: having the EUT continuously working, investigated all operating modes, rotated about all 3 axis (X, Y & Z) and considered typical configuration to obtain worst position, manipulating interconnecting cables, rotating turntable, varying antenna height from 1m to 4m in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The emissions worst-case are shown in Test Results of the following pages.

#### 3.2 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength at 3 m was established by adding the meter reading of the spectrum analyzer to the factors associated with antenna correction factor, cable loss, preamplifiers and filter attenuation.

The equation is expressed as follow:

FS = R + System Factor System Factor = AF + CF + FA - PA

Where FS = Net Field Strength in dBuV/m at 3 meters.

R = Reading of Spectrum Analyzer / Test Receiver in dBuV.

AF = Antenna Factor in dB.

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB.

FA = Filter Attenuation Factor in dB.

PA = Preamplifier Factor in dB.

FA and PA are only be used for the measuring frequency above 1 GHz.

#### 3.3 Conducted Emissions

The test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4: 2009, with the following: initial measurements were performed in peak and average detection modes on the live line of personal computer, any emissions recorded within 30dB of the relevant limit lines were re-measured using quasi-peak and average detection on the live and neutral lines with the worst case recorded in the table of results.



# 4.0 Test Results

# 4.1 Number of Hopping Frequency

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)(iii)

Test Date: 2014-08-27

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

**Result: PASS** 

#### Measured Result:

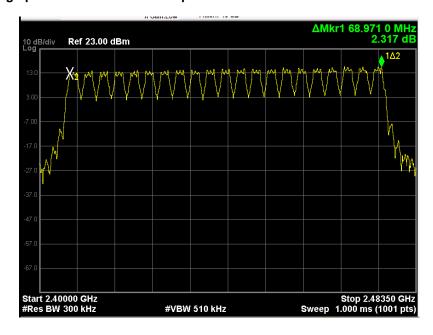
Operating Channel Frequency in sequence (MHz):

Channels list					
CH1=2407.500MHz	CH8=2431.125MHz	CH15=2454.750MHz			
CH2=2410.875MHz	CH9=2434.500MHz	CH16=2458.125MHz			
CH3=2414.250MHz	CH10=2437.875MHz	CH17=2461.500MHz			
CH4=2417.625MHz	CH11=2441.250MHz	CH18=2464.875MHz			
CH5=2421.000MHz	CH12=2444.625MHz	CH19=2468.250MHz			
CH6=2424.375MHz	CH13=2448.000MHz	CH20=2471.625MHz			
CH7=2427.750MHz	CH14=2451.375MHz	CH21=2475.000MHz			

### Limit for Number of Hopping Channel [ Section 15.247 (a1)(iii) ]

At least 15 non-overlapping channels of each sequence for 2400-2483.5MHz.

# Result data graph shows the number of operation channels:





### 4.2 20dB Bandwidth Measurement

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)

Test Date: 2014-08-27

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

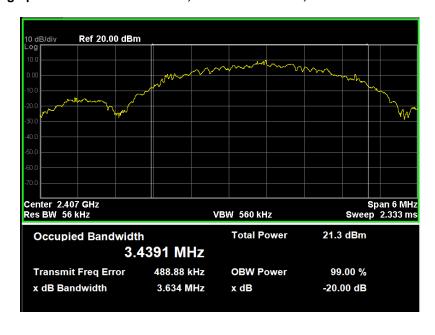
### Test Setup:

The bandwidth is measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level by a specified ratio. The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at the fundamental frequency. Once the reference level is established, the equipment is conditioned with typical modulating signal to produce the worst-case (i.e. the widest) bandwidth.

Channel	Measured frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Lowest	2407.500	3.643
Middle	2441.250	3.947
Highest	2475.000	3.758

This result is used for checking the hopping channel carrier frequencies separation.

### Result data graph shows 20 dB bandwidth, CF = 2407.500MHz, BW = 3.643MHz

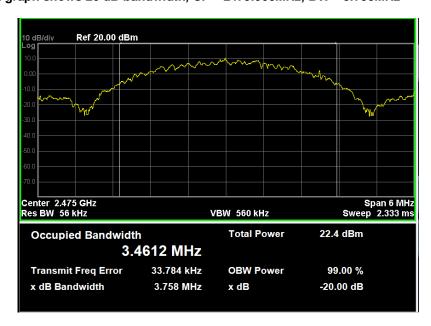




# Result data graph shows 20 dB bandwidth, CF = 2441.250MHz, BW = 3.947MHz



# Result data graph shows 20 dB bandwidth, CF = 2475.000MHz, BW = 3.758MHz





# 4.3 Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)

Test Date: 2014-08-27

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

**Result: PASS** 

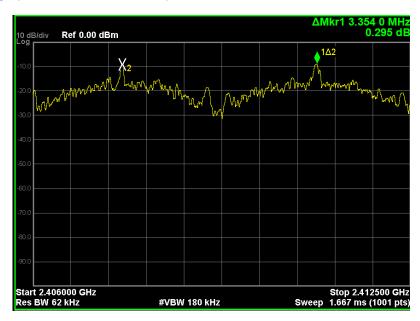
#### Measured Result:

Refer to the delta marker, the frequency separation between two adjacent channels is 3.38 MHz, therefore, the requirement of channel separated by a minimum of 25kHz of the hopping channel is applied.

# Limits for Hopping Channel Separation [Section 15.247 (a1)]:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25KHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

#### Result data graph shows the channel separation:





# 4.4 Average Time of Channel Occupancy

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)(iii)

Test Date: 2014-09-09

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Zero span, Sweep time 1s

**Result: PASS** 

#### **Measured Result:**

Each transmission only 16 channels will be used.

Observe time = 16 channels  $\times$  0.4s = 6.4s

There are 12 pulses within 200 ms

And one set of pulses = 760us

Therefore, the average channel occupancy times (ms)

 $= 760us \times 12 \times 6.4s/200ms$ 

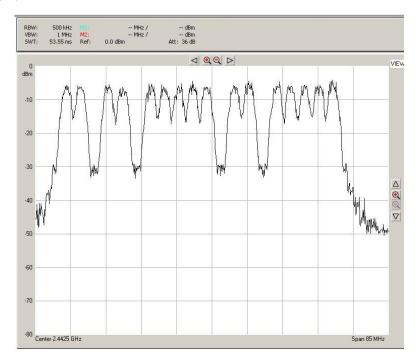
So, total transmitting time is 0.292s. (<0.4s).

# Limits for Average Time of Occupancy [ Section 15.247 (a1)(iii) ]:

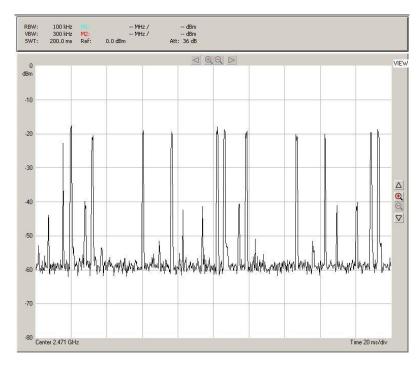
The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.



# Result data graph shows total 16 channels are used.

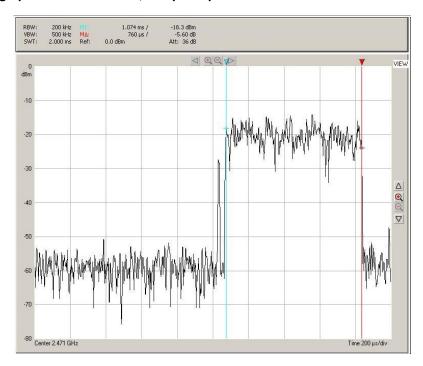


# Result data graph shows total 12 pulses with 200ms.





# Result data graph zooms into detail, one pulse period is 760us.





### 4.5 Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm

#### **Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping**

MBP621BU uses FHSS technology, the frequency range of the system is operating from 2407.5MHz to 2475MHz. There are totally 21 channels with 3.375MHz channel separation. Only 16 channels are active if no jamming occurred. The 16 active channels are non-overlapping and will be selected in pseudo random manner.

#### Channel mapping:

The 21 channel frequencies are mapped into 64 locations. These 64 locations are divided into 16 groups (from 1 to 16). Each group has 4 numbers from A to D. Below is the number of each location. 1A , 1B , 1C , 1D; 2A , 2B , 2C , 2D; 3A , 3B , 3C , 3D; 4A , 4B , 4C , 4D; 5A , 5B , 5C , 5D; 6A , 6B , 6C , 6D; 7A , 7B , 7C , 7D; 8A , 8B , 8C , 8D; 9A , 9B , 9C , 9D; 10A , 10B , 10C , 10D; 11A , 11B , 11C , 11D; 12A , 12B , 12C , 12D; 13A , 13B , 13C , 13D; 14A , 14B , 14C , 14D; 15A , 15B , 15C , 15D; 16A , 16B , 16C , 16D

Each location has its own correspondence frequency, below is the mapping table of correspondence frequencies vs locations.

```
1A=2407.500MHZ, 1B=2461.500MHZ, 1C=2448.000MHZ, 1D=2434.500MHZ, 2A=2410.875MHZ, 2B=2464.875MHZ, 2C=2451.375MHZ, 2D=2437.875MHZ, 3A=2414.250MHZ, 3B=2468.250MHZ, 3C=2454.750MHZ, 3D=2441.250MHZ, 4A=2417.625MHZ, 4B=2471.625MHZ, 4C=2458.125MHZ, 4D=2444.625MHZ, 5A=2421.000MHZ, 5B=2407.500MHZ, 5C=2461.500MHZ, 5D=2448.000MHZ, 6A=2424.375MHZ, 6B=2410.875MHZ, 6C=2464.875MHZ, 6D=2451.375MHZ, 7A=2427.750MHZ, 7B=2414.250MHZ, 7C=2468.250MHZ, 7D=2454.750MHZ, 8A=2431.125MHZ, 8B=2417.625MHZ, 8C=2471.625MHZ, 8D=2458.125MHZ, 9A=2434.500MHZ, 1DB=2424.375MHZ, 10C=2410.875MHZ, 1DD=2464.875MHZ, 10A=2437.875MHZ, 1DB=2424.375MHZ, 10C=2410.875MHZ, 1DD=2464.875MHZ, 12A=2444.625MHZ, 12B=2431.125MHZ, 11C=2414.250MHZ, 11D=2468.250MHZ, 12A=2444.625MHZ, 12B=2431.125MHZ, 12C=2417.625MHZ, 12D=2471.625MHZ, 13A=2448.000MHZ, 13B=2434.500MHZ, 13C=2421.000MHZ, 13D=2407.500MHZ, 14A=2451.375MHZ, 14B=2437.875MHZ, 14C=2424.375MHZ, 14B=2410.875MHZ, 15D=2414.250MHZ, 15D=2414.250MHZ, 15D=2414.250MHZ, 16A=2458.125MHZ, 16B=2444.625MHZ, 16C=2431.125MHZ, 16D=2475.000MHZ
```

#### Hopping Sequence:

There are 4 hopping sequences as below.

12A-1A-2A-10A-4A-13A-11A-3A-6A-14A-8A-5A-15A-7A-9A-16A-

12B-1B-2B-10B-4B-13B-11B-3B-6B-14B-8B-5B-15B-7B-9B-16B-

12C-1C-2C-10C-4C-13C-11C-3C-6C-14C-8C-5C-15C-7C-9C-16C-

12D-1D-2D-10D-4D-13D-11D-3D-6D-14D-8D-5D-15D-7D-9D-16D-

These 4 hopping sequences will be used alternatively.

# Requirement for Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm [ Section 15.247 (a1) ]:

The channel frequencies shall be selected from a pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on average by the transmitter.



# 4.6 Band Edge Measurement

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247

Test Date: 2014-08-27

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

**Result: PASS** 

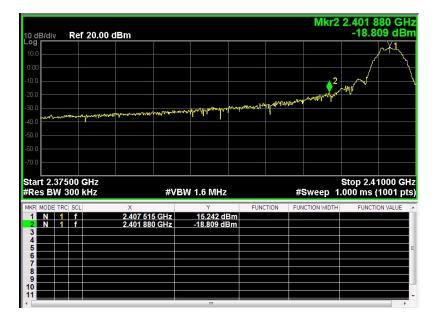
### Measured Result:

Refer to the figure, it shows the frequency of lower band edge and upper band edge separately.

# Limits of Band Edge for Carrier Frequencies Operated within the Bands [ Section 15.247 ]:

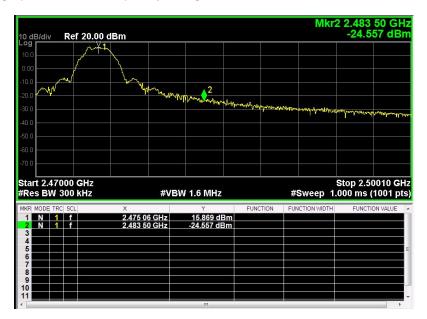
The carrier frequencies should operate within 2400-2483.5MHz.

### Result data graph shows the frequency of lowest channel.





Result data graph shows the frequency of highest channel.





#### 4.7 **Maximum Output Power**

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)

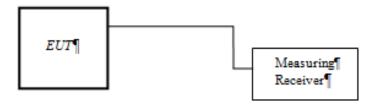
Test Method: ANSI C63.4:2009 Test Date: 2014-08-27

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

**Detector Function:** Peak

Measurement BW: RBW 1MHz; VBW 1MHz

### Test Setup:



**Result: PASS** 

Frequency	Peak Outp	Peak Output Power		Limit	
(MHz)	(dBm)	(W)	(dBm)	(W)	
Lowest Channel: 2407.500	16.100	0.041	21	0.125	
Middle Channel : 2441.250	16.721	0.047	21	0.125	
Highest Channel : 2475.000	17.623	0.058	21	0.125	

# Limits for Maximum Output Power [ Section 15.247 (a1)(iii) ]:

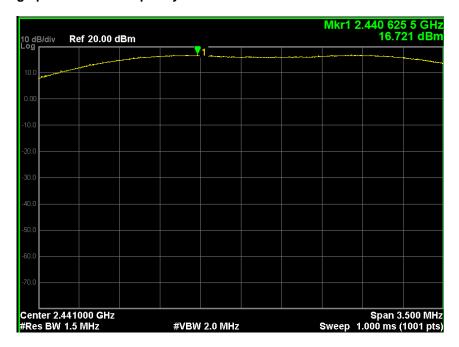
For frequency hopping systems employing at least 75 hopping channels: 1 Watt For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 Watts



# Result data graph shows the frequency of lowest channel

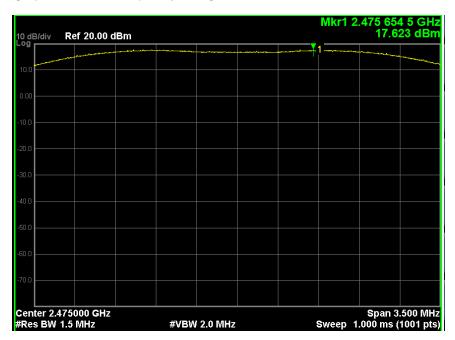


### Result data graph shows the frequency of middle channel





# Result data graph shows the frequency of highest channel





# 4.8 Out of Band Emissions and Emissions in Restricted Bands

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (d )

Test Method: ANSI C63.4:2009

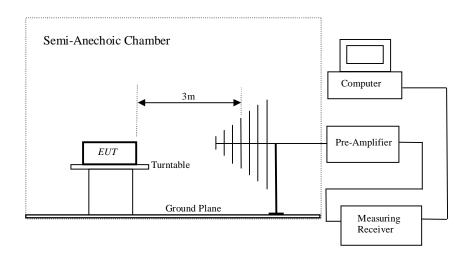
Test Date: 2014-08-27

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Peak

Measurement BW: RBW 100KHz ; VBW 300KHz

# Test Setup:





**Result: PASS** 

#### **Out of Frequency Band Emissions:**

For out of band emissions that are close to or exceed 20dB attenuation requirement, and emission falls into restricted band, radiated emission was performed in order to show compliance with the general radiated emission requirement.

#### **Result Summary:**

Refer to the emission data graph, result shows that the significant emissions detected are with more than 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

### Limits for Out of Frequency Band Emission [ Section 15.247 (d) ]:

In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

#### Limit for Radiated Emission Falling in Restricted Bands [ Section 15.209 ]:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength	Field Strength
	[μV/m]	[dBµV/m]
30-88	100	40.0
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46.0
Above 960	500	54.0

Radiated emissions, which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209.

The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurement employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector and above 1000MHz are based on measurements employing an average detector.



Result: PASS All Emission and Emissions Fall into Restricted Band were recorded as below:

	Radiated Emissions							
	Emissions Frequency	E-Field Polarity	Reading	System Factor	Field strength at 3m	Limit	Delta to Limit	
	MHz		dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
	Lowest Chann	nel					•	
PK	4814.55	Н	44.65	8.30	52.95	74.00	-21.05	
AV	4814.55	Н	32.13	8.30	40.43	54.00	-13.57	
PK	4814.67	V	43.36	8.30	51.66	74.00	-22.34	
AV	4814.67	V	31.68	8.30	39.98	54.00	-14.02	
	Middle Chann							
PK	4882.00	Н	47.83	8.40	56.23	74.00	-17.77	
AV	4882.00	Н	32.93	8.40	41.33	54.00	-12.67	
PK	4882.00	V	47.05	8.40	55.45	74.00	-18.55	
AV	4882.00	V	35.22	8.40	43.62	54.00	-10.38	
	Highest Chan	nel						
PK	4950.00	V	49.76	8.46	58.22	74.00	-15.78	
AV	4950.00	V	31.75	8.46	40.21	54.00	-13.79	
PK	4950.00	Н	50.11	8.46	58.57	74.00	-15.43	
AV	4950.00	Н	32.64	8.46	41.10	54.00	-12.90	
	Spurious Emis							
QP	30.00	V	17.60	15.60	33.20	40.00	-6.80	
QP	33.88	V	10.00	17.40	27.40	40.00	-12.60	
QP	187.14	V	14.60	13.10	27.70	43.50	-15.80	
QP	456.80	V	10.10	20.00	30.10	46.00	-15.90	
QP	769.14	V	14.20	25.10	39.30	46.00	-6.70	
QP	924.34	V	12.40	27.50	39.90	46.00	-6.10	
QP	30.00	Н	11.50	15.60	27.10	40.00	-12.90	
QP	39.70	Н	5.90	20.20	26.10	40.00	-13.90	
QP	187.14	Н	15.40	13.10	28.50	43.50	-15.00	
QP	194.90	Н	12.30	12.60	24.90	43.50	-18.60	
QP	709.00	Н	8.30	25.60	33.90	46.00	-12.10	
QP	864.20	Н	9.10	27.50	36.60	46.00	-9.40	

Refer to Figures shows the worst case channel's emission data graph from 30MHz-26GHz.

Remarks:

Calculated measurement uncertainty: ±3.8dB



### **Result Summary:**

- 1) Communication mode: All other emissions are more than 20dB below FCC part 15.209 limit.
- 2) No further spurious emissions found between 30 MHz and lowest internal used/generated frequency and from 30MHz to 1GHz.

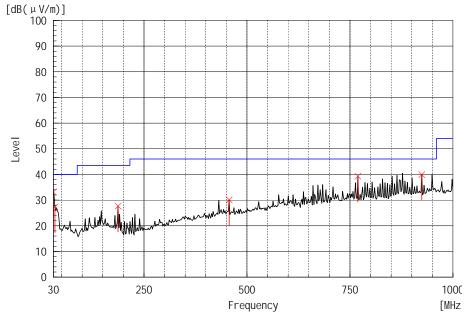
#### Remarks:

- 1. " \* " Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands as defined in Section 15.205(a).
- 2. Emission level with more than 20dB below the FCC required limit is not mentioned in table.
- 3. Delta to Limit = Field strength  $(dB\mu V/m)$  Limit  $(dB\mu V/m)$ .
- 4. Calculated measurement uncertainty: 9kHz -30MHz: 1.8dB.

30MHz -1GHz: 3.2dB. 1GHz -18GHz: 5.1dB.

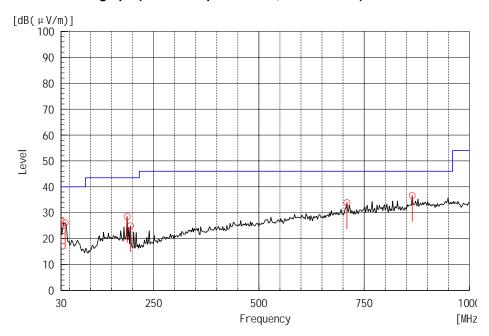


# Radiated emission data graph (Vertical polarization, 30MHz-1GHz)



Remark: Only background noise was measured from 1GHz-26GHz excluding the operation frequency relational.

### Radiated emission data graph (Horizontal polarization, 30MHz-1GHz)



Remark: Only background noise was measured from 1GHz-26GHz excluding the operation frequency relational.



# 4.9 Conducted Emissions (0.15MHz to 30MHz)

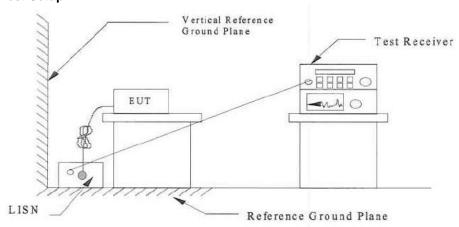
Test Requirement: FCC part 15 Section 15.207 Class B

Test Method: ANSI C63.4:2009
Test Date: 2014-09-10
Mode of Operation: -Transmitting mode

Detector Function: CISPR Quasi Peak

Measurement BW: 100 kHz

### Test Setup:



**Results: PASS** 

- Refer Figures and tables for the result.

# Limits for Conducted Emission [ Section 15.207]:

Frequency Range	Quasi-Peak Limit	Average Limit
[MHz]	[dB <sub>µ</sub> V]	[dBµV]
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5.0	56	46
5.0-30.0	60	50

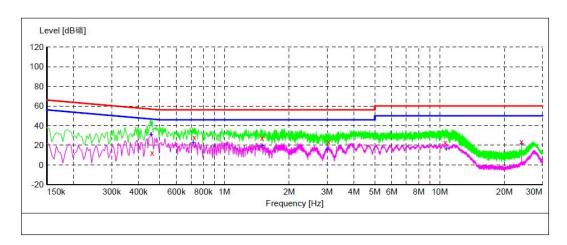
<sup>\*</sup> Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Remarks:

Calculated measurement uncertainty: ±2.8dB



# Result data graph shows the conducted emission (Live).

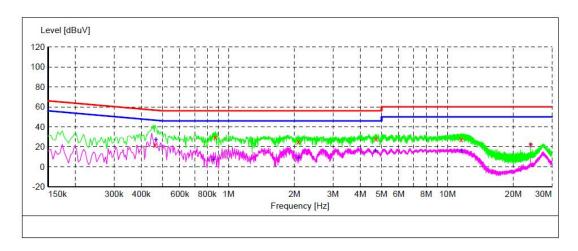


Refer to the following table for the result details:

Conducted Emission								
Frequency Detector Phase Result Limit Margin (MHz) (QP/AV) (dBµV) (dBµV)								
0.462	QP	L	12.10	57.00	-44.90			
0.726	QP	L	28.00	56.00	-28.00			
1.498	QP	L	27.30	56.00	-28.70			
3.046	QP	L	23.50	56.00	-32.50			
10.622	QP	Ĺ	23.10	60.00	-36.90			
24 002	QΡ		23 60	60.00	-36 40			



# Result data graph shows the conducted emission (Neutral).



Refer to the following table for the result details:

Conducted Emission									
Frequency	Frequency Detector Phase Result Limit Margin								
(MHz)	(QP/AV)		(dBµV)	(dBµV)					
0.462	QP	N	21.50	57.00	-35.50				
1.518	QP	N	31.45	56.00	-24.55				
2.934	QP	Ν	36.94	56.00	-19.06				
3.790	QP	N	35.65	56.00	-20.35				
12.370	QP	N	28.35	60.00	-31.65				
17.438	QP	N	26.27	60.00	-33.73				



#### <u>5.0</u> **List of Measurement Equipment**

### **Radiated Emission and Bandwidth Emissions**

Description	Manufacturer Model no. Serial n		Serial no.	CAL due
N/A	3m Semi- Anechoic Chamber	9.0(L)*6.0(W)* 6.0(H)	1 · · · · · ·   N/A	
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	US41421290	Jul. 16 2015
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100694	Jul. 16 2015
A.H.	Wideband Antenna	SAS-521-4	26	Jul. 16 2015
EMCO	Antenna	3142C	60447	Jul. 16 2015
EM	Horn Antenna	EM-AH-10180	67	Jul. 16 2015
EM	Power Amplifier	EM30180	0607030	Jul. 16 2015
MF	Position Controller	MF-7802	MF780208138	N/A

# **Conducted Emissions**

Description	Manufacturer	Model no.	Serial no.	CAL due
N/A	Shielding Room	7.(L)x4(W)x3(H)	N/A	Jul. 16 2015
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100694	Jul. 16 2015
R&S	LISN	ESH3-Z5	8389791009	Jul. 16 2015

N/A Not Applicable or Not Available