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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Masimo Corporation

Dates of Test: May 19-20 & June 2-3, 16, 2022

52 Discovery

Test Report Number: SAR.20220603

Revision B

FCC ID: VKF-MWM2 IC Certificate: 7362A-MWM2

Model(s): Rad-97 Rainbow (P/N: 26255-006) & Rainbow NIBP (P/N: 26255-007)

Test Sample: Production Unit

Serial Number: 3000122701, 3000114840, 3000037609 (for conducted measurements only)

Equipment Type: Wireless Device Intended for Home Care Classification: Portable Transmitter Next to Body

TX Frequency Range: 2412 – 2462 MHz; 5180 – 5320 MHz; 5500 – 5700 MHz; 5745 – 5825 MHz

Frequency Tolerance: ± 2.5 ppm

Maximum RF Output: 2450 MHz (b) – 17.00 dBm, 2450 MHz (g) – 14.00 dBm, 2450 MHz (n20) – 15.00 dBm,

2450 MHz (n40) - 10.00 dBm, 5250 MHz (a) - 20.00 dBm, 5250 MHz (n20) - 21.00 dBm, 5250 MHz (n40) - 18.00 dBm, 5600 MHz (a) - 20.00 dBm, 5600 MHz (n20) - 21.00 dBm, 5600 MHz (n40) - 18.00 dBm, 5800 MHz (a) - 20.00 dBm, 5800 MHz (n20) - 21.00 dBm

5800 MHz (n40) - 18.00 dBm Conducted

Signal Modulation: DSSS, OFDM, GFSK Antenna Type: Internal PIFA Antenna

Application Type: Certification FCC Rule Parts: Part 2, 15C, 15E

KDB Test Methodology: KDB 447498 D01 v07, KDB 248227 v02r02

Industry Canada: RSS-102 Issue 5, Safety Code 6

Maximum SAR Value: 1.24 W/kg Reported

Separation Distance: 0 mm

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1528:2020 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President





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Comment/Revision	Date
Original Release	June 10, 2022
Revision A – Correct notes for test exclusion due to distance on pages 25-36, add date for the high and low channels for the highest SAR value, add the full serial numbers to data plots	June 17, 2022
Revision B – Correct model numbers, production unit and equipment type	July 29, 2022

Note: The latest version supersedes all previous versions listed in the above table. The latest version shall be used.



1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Masimo Corporation Model Rad-97 Rainbow (P/N: 26255-006) & Rainbow NIBP (P/N: 26255-007) FCC ID: VKF-MWM2 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 7362A-MWM2 with RSS102 Issue 5 & Safety Code 6. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Masimo Corporation Model Rad-97 Rainbow (P/N: 26255-006) & Rainbow NIBP (P/N: 26255-007) and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures and limits, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], IEEE Std.1528 – 2013 Recommended Practice [4], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following tables indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the Rad-97 Rainbow (P/N: 26255-006) & Rainbow NIBP (P/N: 26255-007) Wireless Device Intended for Home Care. The tables also show the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

Band	Technology	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Setpoint Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11b	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	17.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11g	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	14.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11n20	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	15.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11n40	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10.0
WLAN - 5 GHz Band I, IIA, IIC, III	802.11a	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	20.0
WLAN – 5 GHz Band I	802.11n20	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	20.0
WLAN - 5 GHz Band IIA, IIC, III	802.11n20	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	21.0
WLAN - 5 GHz Band I, IIA, IIC, III	802.11n40	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	18.0
BT – EDR & BT – LE	Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.0



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

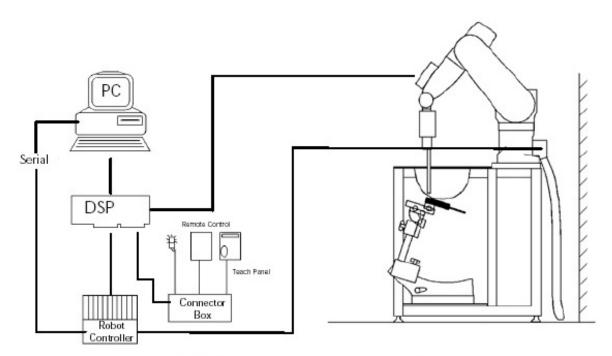


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup



System Electronics

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

Probe Measurement System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



DAE System



Probe Specifications

Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz

In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200

MHz, 5300 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz

Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity: ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Dynamic: 10 mW/kg to 100 W/kg

Range: Linearity: ±0.2dB

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 20 mm

Body diameter: 12 mm

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of wireless device

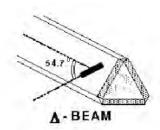


Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where: where:

 Δt = exposure time (30 seconds), σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to ΔT / Δt , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

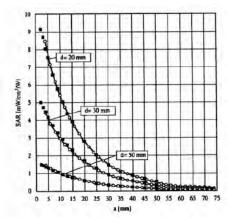


Figure 2.4 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

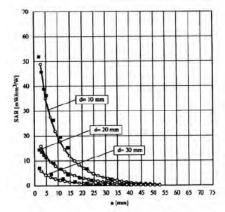


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below:

with
$$V_i = \text{compensated signal of channel i}$$
 $(i=x,y,z)$

$$U_i = \text{input signal of channel i} \qquad (i=x,y,z)$$

$$U_i = \text{input signal of channel i} \qquad (i=x,y,z)$$

$$cf = \text{crest factor of exciting field} \qquad (DASY parameter)$$

$$dcp_i = \text{diode compression point} \qquad (DASY parameter)$$

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: with
$$V_i = \text{compensated signal of channel i } (i = x,y,z)$$

$$Norm_i = \text{sensor sensitivity of channel i } (i = x,y,z)$$

$$\mu V/(V/m)^2 \text{ for E-field probes}$$

$$ConvF = \text{sensitivity of enhancement in solution}$$

$$E_i = \text{electric field strength of channel i in V/m}$$

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$
 with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g = total field strength in V/m = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pase} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 with $P_{pwe} = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm}^2$ = total electric field strength in V/m



Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges 2GHz is 15 mm in x and y- dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges						
Frequency range	Grid spacing					
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm					
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm					
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm					

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.



• A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges						
Frequency range	Grid spacing	Grid spacing	Minimum zoom			
rrequency range	for x, y axis	for z axis	scan volume			
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm			
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm			
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm			
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm			
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm			

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on Efield probes.



SAM PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

Phantom Specification

Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0) **Shell Material:** Vivac Composite

Thickness: $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$



Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 2.7 Mounting Device

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.



4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE1528-2013 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

		Simulating Tissue					
Ingredients		2450 MHz Head	5250 MHz Head	5600 MHz Head	5785 MHz Head		
Mixing Percentage							
Water	·	·	·	·	_		
Sugar							
Salt		Proprietary Mixture					
HEC		Procured from Speag					
Bactericide							
DGBE							
Dielectric Constant	Target	39.20 35.93 35.53 35.36					
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	1.80	4.71	5.07	5.22		



5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



7. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

		2450 N	2450 MHz Head		5250 MHz Head	
Date(s)		May	20, 2022	May	19, 2022	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		39.20	38.57	35.93	34.94	
Conductivity: σ		1.80	1.82	4.71	4.75	
		5600 N	MHz Head		MHz Head	
Date(s)		May	19, 2022	May	19, 2022	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		35.53	34.52	35.36	34.35	
Conductivity: σ		5.07	5.13	5.22	5.30	
			MHz Head	5250 N	ИНz Head	
Date(s)		Jun.	Jun. 3, 2022		2, 2022	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		39.20	38.60	35.93	34.88	
Conductivity: σ		1.80	1.83	4.71	4.75	
		5600 N	MHz Head	5750 MHz Head		
Date(s)		Jun.	2, 2022	Jun.	2, 2022	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		35.53	34.46	35.36	34.29	
Conductivity: σ		5.07	5.13	5.22	5.30	
		5600 N	ИHz Head			
Date(s)		Jun.	16, 2022			
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured			
Dielectric Constant: ε		35.53	34.35			
Conductivity: σ		5.07	5.11			

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

rabio riz o joioni bipolo ramaamon rangor a moacanoa								
	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation Target and Fast SAR to SAR (%)	Plot Number		
20-May-2022	2450 MHz	54.10	55.30	Head	+ 2.22	1		
19-May-2022	5250 MHz	79.50	81.90	Head	+ 3.02	2		
19-May-2022	5600 MHz	83.20	84.50	Head	+ 1.56	3		
19-May-2022	5750 MHz	80.50	82.20	Head	+ 2.11	4		
03-Jun-2022	2450 MHz	54.10	55.60	Head	+ 2.77	5		
02-Jun-2022	5250 MHz	79.50	81.30	Head	+ 2.26	6		
02-Jun-2022	5600 MHz	83.20	84.90	Head	+ 2.04	7		
02-Jun-2022	5750 MHz	80.50	82.50	Head	+ 2.48	8		
16-Jun-2022	5600 MHz	83.20	83.50	Head	+ 0.36	9		

See Appendix A for data plots.



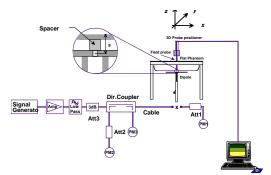


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup



8. SAR Test Data Summary

See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The EUT was tested on the front and right side for the 2.4 GHz band and the front, right and top for the 5.6 and 5.75 GHz bands. All remaining sides were excluded due to the distance of the antenna from the side. See the exclusion calculation on pages 25-36. All measurements were conducted with the side of the device in direct contact with the phantom.

The BT transmitter is excluded from SAR testing due to the low power and distance of the antenna from the user. The minimum distance from the user is 8 mm. The calculation is shown below.

For ISED, the exclusion is from RSS-102 Issue 5. The value is extrapolated from 5 mm to 8 mm which is 6.4 mW. The transmitter operates at a maximum of 6.3 mW. Therefore, the transmitter is excluded from ISED testing.

For the FCC, the calculation is done using the formula from 47 CFR 1.1307. The calculated maximum power from the formula is 7 mW. The transmitter's maximum power is 6.3 mW. Therefore, the BT transmitter is excluded from FCC testing.

The data rates used when evaluating the WiFi transmitter were the lowest data rates for each mode. The device was operating at its maximum output power at the lowest data rate for all measurements.

The antenna was on a minimum of 10 cm of Styrofoam during each test. The following is a picture of the antenna location.



Antenna Location





Power Measurements

Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
			1	2412		16.67	17.00
	802.11b	20	6	2437	1 Mbps	16.79	17.00
			11	2462		16.71	17.00
			1	2412		13.29	14.00
	802.11g	20	6	2437	6 Mbps	13.34	14.00
2450 MHz			11	2462		13.32	14.00
2430 101112			1	2412		14.51	15.00
	802.11n	20	6	2437	MCS0	14.56	15.00
			11	2462		14.48	15.00
			3	2422		9.88	10.00
	802.11n	40	6	2437	MCS0	9.92	10.00
			9	2452		9.81	10.00
	802.11a	20	36	5180	6 Mbps	19.69	20.00
			40	5200		19.84	20.00
			44	5240		19.75	20.00
			48	5230		19.71	20.00
5.15-5.25 GHz			36	5180	MCS0	19.53	20.00
3.13-3.23 GHZ	802.11n	20	40	5200		19.46	20.00
	802.1111	20	44	5240		19.59	20.00
			48	5230		19.44	20.00
	802.11n	40	38	5190	MCS0	17.59	18.00
		40	46	5230		17.66	18.00
			52	5260		19.69	20.00
	802.11a	20	56	5280	6 Mbps	19.75	20.00
	002.11a	20	60	5300	0 Miphs	19.78	20.00
			64	5320		19.59	20.00
5.25-5.35 GHz	·		52	5260		20.88	21.00
3.23-3.33 GHZ	802.11n	20	56	5280	MCS0	20.92	21.00
	002.1111	20	60	5300	IVICSU	20.94	21.00
			64	5320		20.83	21.00
	802.11n	40	54	5270	MCS0	17.67	18.00
	002.1111	.11 40	62	5310	IVICSU	17.73	18.00

Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
			100	5500		19.69	20.00
			104	5520		19.75	20.00
			108	5540		19.66	20.00
			112	5560		19.71	20.00
			116	5580		19.79	20.00
	802.11a	20	120	5600	6 Mbps	19.68	20.00
			124	5620		19.77	20.00
			128	5640		19.75	20.00
			132	5660		19.63	20.00
			136	5680		19.78	20.00
			140	5700		19.64	20.00
			100	5500	MCS0	20.83	21.00
			104	5520		20.80	21.00
5600 MHz		20	108	5540		20.76	21.00
	802.11n		112	5560		20.82	21.00
			116	5580		20.88	21.00
			120	5600		20.83	21.00
			124	5620		20.93	21.00
			128	5640		20.75	21.00
			132	5660		20.79	21.00
			136	5680		20.87	21.00
			140	5700		20.86	21.00
			102	5510		17.59	18.00
			110	5550	MCS0	17.64	18.00
	802.11n	40	118	5590		17.69	18.00
			126	5630		17.62	18.00
			134	5670		17.63	18.00



Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
			149	5745		19.58	20.00
			153	5765		19.62	20.00
	802.11a	20	157	5785	6 Mbps	19.69	20.00
			161	5805		19.67	20.00
			165	5825		19.63	20.00
5000 MALI-	802.11n	20	150	5750	MCS0	20.79	21.00
5800 MHz			153	5765		20.82	21.00
			157	5785		20.89	21.00
			161	5805		20.81	21.00
			164	5820		20.85	21.00
	802.11n	40	151	5755	MCS0	17.59	18.00
	802.11h		159	5795		17.51	18.00



Figure 8.1 Test Reduction Table - 2.4 GHz SN3000122701

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11b	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Loft Book Ton	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Back, Top, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dottom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Front	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Loft Book Ton	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Back, Top, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Front	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Loft Back Top	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Back, Top, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back, Top and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 50.1 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 393 mW. Top Edge distance: 43 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 164 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1616 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1469 mW.

Reduced² – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced³ – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.



Figure 8.2 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz SN3000122701

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	FIOR	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n	Right	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz	Right	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Back, Top, Bottom	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Front	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a	Right	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz	Kigrit	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Back, Top,	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg for UNII-2A, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 band with lower or equal maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.3.1 2) page 11.

Reduced² – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back, Top and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 125.9 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 329 mW. Top Edge distance: 43 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 128 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1529 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1379 mW.



Figure 8.3 Test Reduction Table - 5.2 GHz SN3000122701

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	FIOIIL	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Right	56 – 5280 MHz	Tested
5250 MHz	Right	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Back, Top, Bottom	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Front	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11a	Right	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
5250 MHz	Right	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Left, Back, Top,	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced⁴
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back, Top and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 125.9 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 328 mW. Top Edge distance: 43 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 127 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1528 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1377 mW.



Figure 8.4 Test Reduction Table - 5.6 GHz SN3000122701

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
wode	Side		
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
	- .	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right	116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Back, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 - 5700 IVIAZ	Reduced

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 125.9 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 323 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1520 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1369 mW.



Figure 8.5 Test Reduction Table - 5.6 GHz SN3000122701

<u> </u>	ot itodaotio	1 1 abic 5.0 C	112 0110000 122
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Left, Back, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 125.9 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 323 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1520 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1369 mW.



Figure 8.6 Test Reduction Table - 5.8 GHz SN3000122701

ule olo le			112 3143000 122
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Loft Book	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Left, Back, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	DOLLOTTI	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced⁴
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Left, Back,	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Dottom	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced⁴

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 125.9 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 321 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1518 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1367 mW.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.



Figure 8.7 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz SN3000114840

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11b	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Tested
	Loft Book Ton	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Back, Top, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dottom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Front	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Loft Book Ton	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Back, Top, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Front	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Back, Top,	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back, Top and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 50.1 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 393 mW. Top Edge distance: 43 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 164 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1616 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1469 mW.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced⁴ – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.



Figure 8.8 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz SN3000114840

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	FIOR	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n	Right	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz	Right	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Back, Top, Bottom	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Front	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a	Right	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz	Kigrit	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Back, Top,	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg for UNII-2A, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 band with lower or equal maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.3.1 2) page 11.

Reduced² – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back, Top and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 125.9 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 329 mW. Top Edge distance: 43 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 128 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1529 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1379 mW.



Figure 8.9 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz SN3000114840

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	FIOIL	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Dight	56 – 5280 MHz	Tested
5250 MHz	Right	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Back, Bottom	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Front	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	FIONL	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11a	Right	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
5250 MHz	Rigiit	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Loft Back Bottom	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Left, Back, Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced⁴
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 125.9 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 328 mW. Top Edge distance: 43 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 127 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1528 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1377 mW.



Figure 8.10 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz SN3000114840

		3.0 ,	
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Front	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
	- 1	124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Right	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Back, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	,,	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 125.9 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 323 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1520 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1369 mW.



Figure 8.11 Test Reduction Table - 5.6 GHz SN3000114840

<u> </u>	oot itoaaotio	il labic 5.0	<u> </u>
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Front	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Тор	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Back, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	,,	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 125.9 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 323 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1520 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1369 mW.



Figure 8.12 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz SN3000114840

Node	IC C. IZ IC	Joe Reductio	711 Table 5.0 (<u> </u>
Front	Mode	Side		
Front				
161 - 5805 MHz Reduced² 165 - 5825 MHz Tested 149 - 5745 MHz Reduced¹ 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced¹ 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced¹ 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced¹ 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced¹ 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced² 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced² 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced⁴ 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced⁴ 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced⁴ 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced² 161 - 5805 MHz Reduced² 163 - 5765 MHz Reduced² 163 - 5765 MHz Reduced² 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced² 161 - 5805 MHz Reduced¹ 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced¹ 161 - 5805 MHz Reduced² 163 - 5765 MHz Reduced² 163 - 5825 MHz Reduced² 163 - 5765 MHz Reduced² 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced² 16				Reduced ²
165 - 5825 MHz		Front	157 – 5785 MHz	
Reduced				Reduced ²
Top			165 – 5825 MHz	
Rogard			149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
161 - 5805 MHz			153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
165 - 5825 MHz		Тор	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
Right			161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
Right	802.11n		165 – 5825 MHz	
Right	5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
161 - 5805 MHz			153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
Left, Back, Bottom		Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
Left, Back, Bottom Left,		_	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
Left, Back, Bottom 153 - 5765 MHz			165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
Left, Back, Bottom			149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Bottom		Left Deels	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Bottom			157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Front				Reduced ⁴
Front 153 - 5765 MHz			165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Front			149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
161 - 5805 MHz Reduced² 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced² 149 - 5745 MHz Reduced¹ 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced¹ 157 - 5785 MHz Reduced¹ 161 - 5805 MHz Reduced¹ 161 - 5805 MHz Reduced¹ 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced¹ 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced² 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced² 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced² 157 - 5785 MHz Reduced² 161 - 5805 MHz Reduced² 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced² 149 - 5745 MHz Reduced² 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced⁴ 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced⁴ 157 - 5785 MHz Reduced⁴ 157 - 5785 MHz Reduced⁴ 161 - 5805 MHz Reduced⁴			153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
Top		Front	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
Top			161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
Top			165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
Top			149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
Top			153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		Тор		Reduced ¹
5800 MHz 149 - 5745 MHz Reduced² 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced² 161 - 5805 MHz Reduced² 165 - 5825 MHz Reduced² 149 - 5745 MHz Reduced⁴ 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced⁴ 157 - 5785 MHz Reduced⁴ 161 - 5805 MHz Reduced⁴			161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
Right 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced ² 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced ² 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced ² 165 – 5825 MHz Reduced ² 149 – 5745 MHz Reduced ⁴ 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced ⁴ 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced ⁴ 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced ⁴ 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced ⁴ 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced ⁴	802.11a		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
Right 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced ² 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced ² 165 – 5825 MHz Reduced ² 165 – 5825 MHz Reduced ² 149 – 5745 MHz Reduced ⁴ 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced ⁴ 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced ⁴ 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced ⁴ 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced ⁴	5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
161 – 5805 MHz Reduced² 165 – 5825 MHz Reduced² 149 – 5745 MHz Reduced⁴ 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced⁴ 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced⁴ 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced⁴ 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced⁴			153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
165 – 5825 MHz Reduced² 149 – 5745 MHz Reduced⁴ 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced⁴ 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced⁴ 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced⁴ 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced⁴		Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
Left, Back, Bottom 149 - 5745 MHz Reduced ⁴ 153 - 5765 MHz Reduced ⁴ 157 - 5785 MHz Reduced ⁴ 161 - 5805 MHz Reduced ⁴			161 – 5805 MHz	
Left, Back, Bottom 153 – 5765 MHz Reduced ⁴ 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced ⁴ 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced ⁴			165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
Leπ, Back, 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced ⁴ Bottom 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced ⁴			149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Bottom 157 – 5785 MHz Reduced* 161 – 5805 MHz Reduced4		Loft Dool:	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
161 – 5805 MHz Reduced ⁴				
165 – 5825 MHz Reduced ⁴		Bottom	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
			165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Tablet Left, Back and Bottom side.

Maximum power: 125.9 mW

Left Edge distance: 68 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 321 mW. Back Side distance: 143 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1518 mW. Bottom Side distance: 136 mm. Maximum power per 47 CFR 1.1307 is 1367 mW.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – If the maximum power of the device is less than the calculated value, the test can be reduced per 47 CFR 1.1307. See calculations below.



SAR Data Summary – 2450 MHz Body 802.11b

MEASUREMENT RESULTS Measured Reported **End Power Frequency Plot** Modulation Gap Unit **Position** SAR SAR Ch. MHz (dBm) (W/kg) (W/kg) 2437 DSSS 16.79 Front 6 0.0611 0.06 3000122701 Right 2437 6 DSSS 16.79 0.356 0.37 0 DSSS 16.79 0.0583 0.06 Front 2437 6 ---mm 2437 6 DSSS 16.79 1 3000114840 1.03 1.08 Right 11 DSSS 16.71 0.92 2462 0.857 Right 16.79 ----Repeat 2437 6 DSSS 1.01 1.06

Head Tissue
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. **□**EIRP Power Measured ⊠Conducted ☐ ERP 2. SAR Measurement Left Head Phantom Configuration ⊠Eli4 Right Head **SAR** Configuration Head Body Base Station Simulator 3. Test Signal Call Mode

 Test Code **Test Configuration** With Belt Clip Without Belt Clip N/A Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 5250 MHz Body 802.11n

ME	MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
Plot	Gap	Unit	Position	Frequency		Modulation	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
Piot				MHz	Ch.	Wodulation	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
		3000122701	Front	5300	60	OFDM	20.94	0.165	0.17	
2			Right	5280	56	OFDM	20.92	1.22	1.24	
	0		Right	5300	60	OFDM	20.94	1.16	1.18	
	0 mm		Front	5300	60	OFDM	20.94	0.385	0.39	
	mm	3000114840	114840 Right	5280	56	OFDM	20.92	1.12	1.14	
				5300	60	OFDM	20.94	1.07	1.09	
		Repeated	Right	5280	56	OFDM	20.92	1.20	1.22	

Head Tissue
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for all t	ests.		
	Power Measured		□ERP	□EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simular	tor
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A
5.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm	1		



SAR Data Summary – 5600 MHz Body 802.11n

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Plot	Gap	Unit	Position	Frequency		Modulation	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
				MHz	Ch.		(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
		3000122701	Front	5620	124	OFDM	20.93	0.310	0.32	
			Top	5620	124	OFDM	20.93	0.0225	0.02	
				5520	104	OFDM	20.80	1.02	1.07	
3			Right	5580	116	OFDM	20.88	1.06	1.09	
	0			5620	124	OFDM	20.93	1.06	1.08	
	•	3000114840		Front	5580	116	OFDM	20.88	0.922	0.95
	mm		FIOR	5620	124	OFDM	20.93	0.835	0.85	
			Тор	5620	124	OFDM	20.93	0.0651	0.07	
			Dight	5580	116	OFDM	20.88	0.782	0.80	
			Right	5620	124	OFDM	20.93	0.759	0.77	
		Repeated	Right	5580	116	OFDM	20.88	1 04	1 07	

Head Tissue
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for all tests.							
	Power Measured		□ERP	□EIRP				
2.	SAR Measurement							
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head				
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body					
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simula	tor				
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	$\sum N/A$				
5.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm	1						



SAR Data Summary – 5800 MHz Body 802.11n

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Plot	Gap	Unit	Position	Frequency		Modulation	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
Piot				MHz	Ch.	Wiodulation	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
			Front	5785	157	OFDM	20.89	0.179	0.18	
		3000122701	Top	5785	157	OFDM	20.89	0.0112	0.01	
		3000122701	Right	5785	157	OFDM	20.89	0.523	0.54	
	0			5825	165	OFDM	20.85	0.431	0.45	
4	mm		Front	5785	157	OFDM	20.89	0.576	0.59	
	111111	3000114840	FION	5825	165	OFDM	20.85	0.494	0.51	
			Тор	5785	157	OFDM	20.89	0.0128	0.01	
			Right	5785	157	OFDM	20.89	0.517	0.53	
				5825	165	OFDM	20.85	0.459	0.48	

Head Tissue 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for all tests.						
	Power Measured		□ERP	EIRP			
2.	SAR Measurement						
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head			
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	_			
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simula	tor			
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A			
5	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm	, 1	•				



9. Test Equipment List

Table 9.1 Equipment Specifications

Туре	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number
Staubli Robot TX60L	N/A	N/A	F07/55M6A1/A/01
Measurement Controller CS8c	N/A	N/A	1012
ELI5 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	2037
Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	04/12/2023	04/12/2022	1416
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	02/16/2022	02/16/2022	3662
Speag Validation Dipole D2450V2	06/03/2023	06/03/2021	881
Speag Validation Dipole D5GHzV2	06/08/2023	06/08/2021	1119
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	03/16/2023	03/16/2022	GB45100254
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	03/17/2023	03/17/2022	MY45240464
Agilent (HP) 8561E Spectrum Analyzer	03/17/2023	03/17/2022	31720068
Agilent (HP) 83752A Synthesized Sweeper	03/17/2023	03/17/2022	3610A01048
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/17/2023	03/17/2022	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/16/2023	03/16/2022	2904A00595
Agilent 778D Dual Directional Coupler	N/A	N/A	MY48220184
MiniCircuits BW-N20W5+ Fixed 20 dB	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator			
MiniCircuits SPL-10.7+ Low Pass Filter	N/A	N/A	R8979513746
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011
Head Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head Equivalent Matter (5 GHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A



10. Conclusion

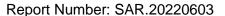
The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC/IC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



11. References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 2002.
- [4] International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 62209-2 (Edition 1.0), Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body mounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010.
- [5] IEEE Standard 1528 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.
- [6] Industry Canada, RSS 102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2015.
- [7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.





Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

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Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Fri 20/May/2022
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
***********
Freq FCC_eH FCC_sH Test_e Test_s 2.4100 39.26 1.76 38.67 1.77 2.4120 39.258 1.762 38.666 1.772* 2.4200 39.25 1.77 38.65 1.78 2.4300 39.24 1.78 38.63 1.79 2.4370 39.226 1.787 38.623 1.804* 2.4400 39.22 1.79 38.62 1.81 2.4420 39.216 1.792 38.61 1.812* 2.4500 39.20 1.80 38.57 1.82 2.4600 39.19 1.81 38.57 1.83 2.4620 39.186 1.812 38.566 1.832* 2.4700 39.17 1.82 38.55 1.84 2.4720 39.168 1.822 38.546 1.846* 2.4800 39.16 1.83 38.53 1.87
           FCC_eH FCC_sH Test_e Test_s
* value interpolated
****************
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Fri 03/Jun/2022
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
*****************
```

* value interpolated



Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Thu 19/May/2022 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM ************ 5.8600 35.23 5.33 34.22 5.42

^{*} value interpolated



Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Thu 02/Jun/2022 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM **************** Freq FCC_eH FCC_sH Test_e Test_s

^{*} value interpolated



Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Thu 16/Jun/2022
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM

FCC_eH	FCC_sH	Test_e	Test_s
35.64	4.96	34.46	5.00
35.62	4.98	34.44	5.02
35.60	5.00	34.42	5.04
35.57	5.02	34.40	5.07
35.55	5.04	34.37	5.09
35.53	5.07	34.35	5.11
35.51	5.09	34.32	5.13
35.48	5.11	34.30	5.16
35.46	5.13	34.28	5.18
35.44	5.15	34.26	5.20
35.41	5.17	34.23	5.22
	35.64 35.62 35.60 35.57 35.55 35.53 35.51 35.48 35.46 35.44	35.64 4.96 35.62 4.98 35.60 5.00 35.57 5.02 35.55 5.04 35.53 5.07 35.51 5.09 35.48 5.11 35.46 5.13 35.44 5.15	35.62 4.98 34.44 35.60 5.00 34.42 35.57 5.02 34.40 35.55 5.04 34.37 35.53 5.07 34.35 35.51 5.09 34.32 35.48 5.11 34.30 35.46 5.13 34.28 35.44 5.15 34.26

^{*} value interpolated



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 881

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.82 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.57$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/20/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2/16/2022;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

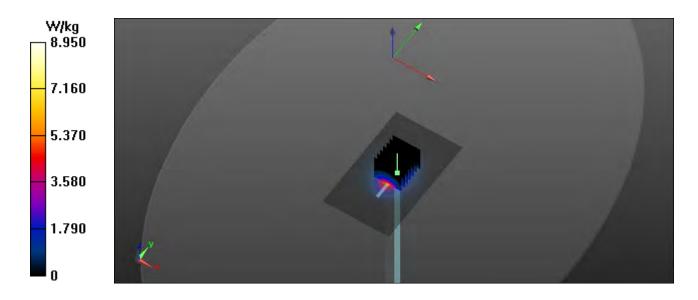
Head Verification/2450 MHz/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.42 W/kg

Head Verification/2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.487 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

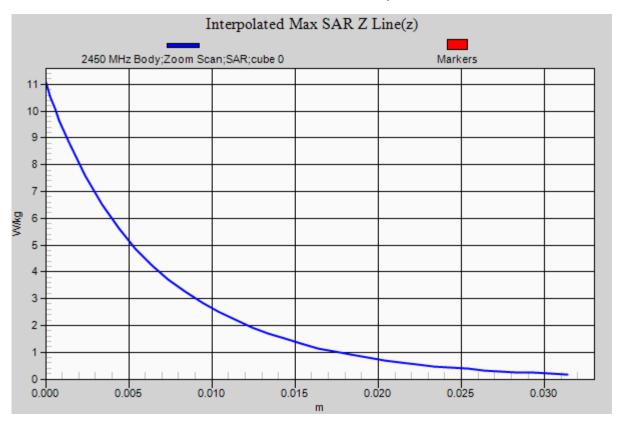
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.95 W/kg

Pin= 100 mW

SAR(1 g) = 5.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.52 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.94 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.745$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.935$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/19/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated 2/16/2022;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Head Verification/5250 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.51 W/kg

Head Verification/5250 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 14.357 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

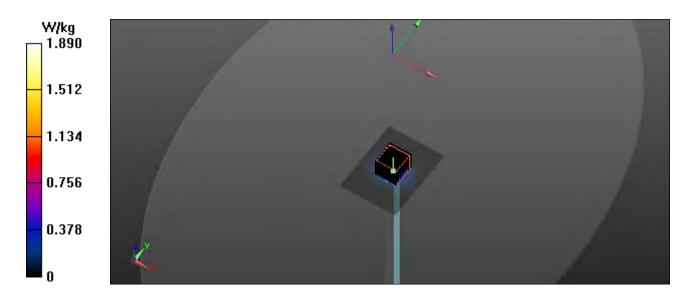
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.41 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

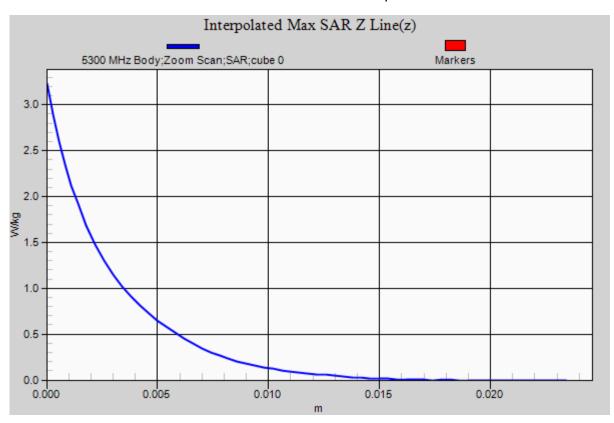
SAR(1 g) = 0.819 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.89 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.13 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.52$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/19/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2/16/2022;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Head Verification/5600 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.72 W/kg

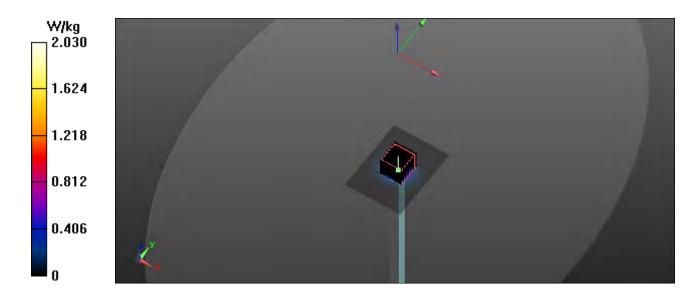
Head Verification/5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 15.398 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

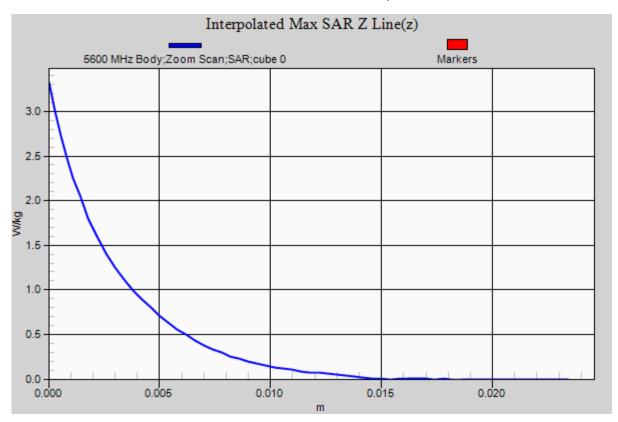
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

SAR(1 g) = 0.845 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.241 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.01 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.3 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.35$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/19/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2/16/2022;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Head Verification/5750 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.57 W/kg

Head Verification/5750 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 13.697 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

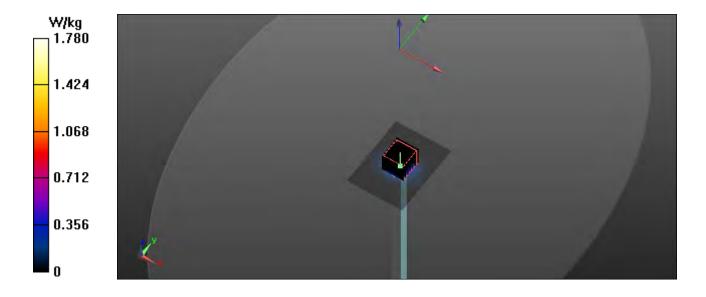
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.65 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

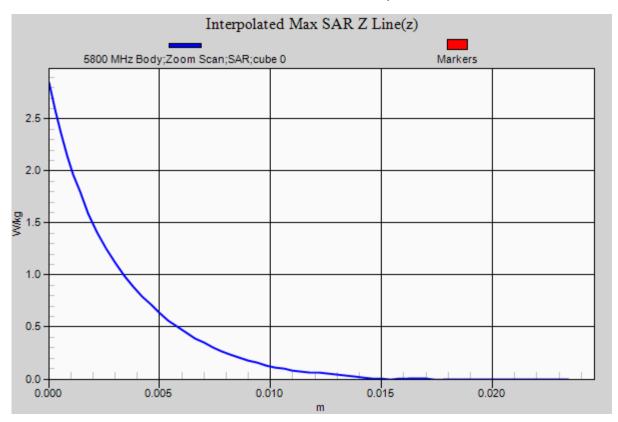
SAR(1 g) = 0.822 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.77 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 5

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 881

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.83 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/3/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2/16/2022;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

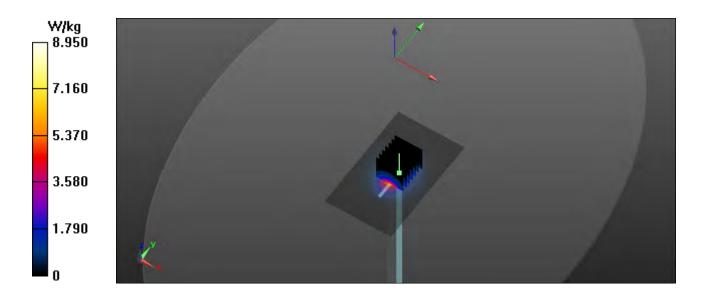
Head Verification/2450 MHz/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.22 W/kg

Head Verification/2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.025 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

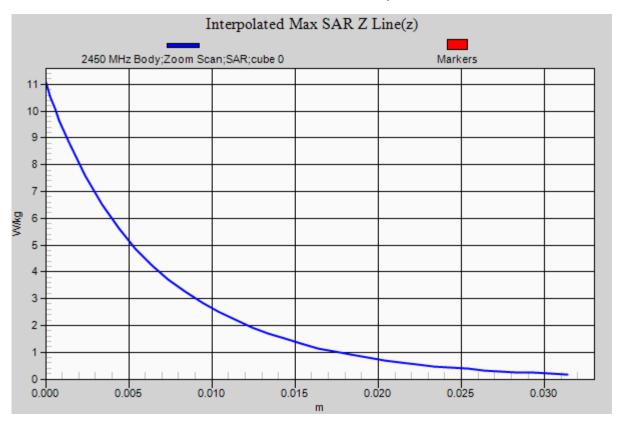
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.05 W/kg

Pin= 100 mW

SAR(1 g) = 5.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.53 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.96 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 6

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.745 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.875$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/2/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated 2/16/2022;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Head Verification/5250 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.47 W/kg

Head Verification/5250 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 15.267 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

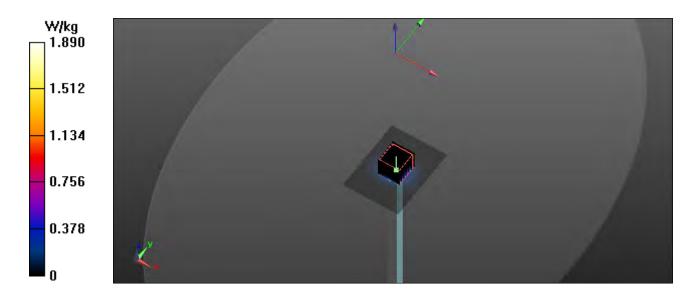
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.22 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

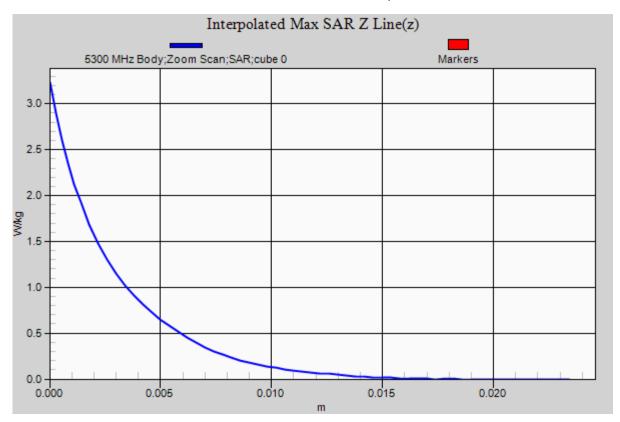
SAR(1 g) = 0.813 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.236 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.88 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 7

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.13 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.46$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/2/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2/16/2022;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Head Verification/5600 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.65 W/kg

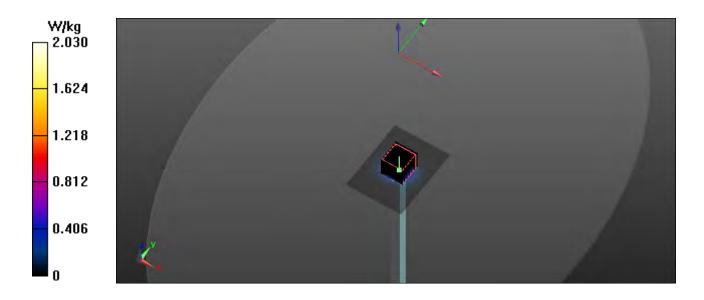
Head Verification/5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 16.698 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

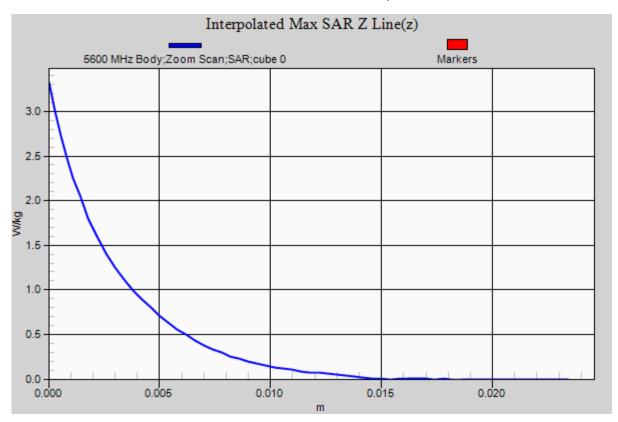
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.32 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

SAR(1 g) = 0.849 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.243 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.03 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 8

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.3$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.29$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/2/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2/16/2022;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Head Verification/5750 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.61 W/kg

Head Verification/5750 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 14.521 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

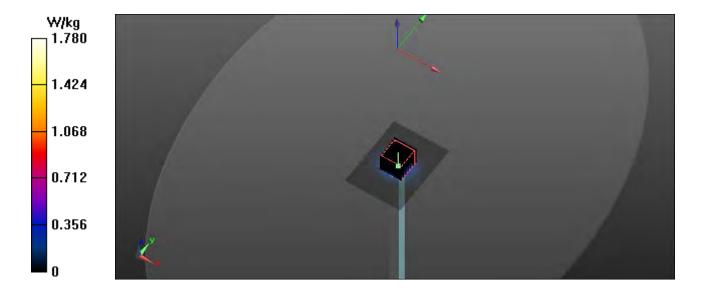
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.34 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

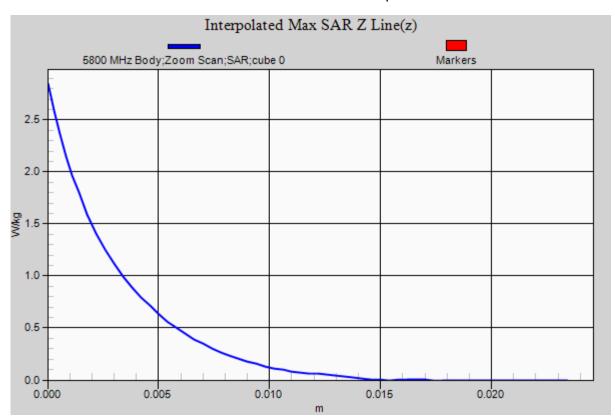
SAR(1 g) = 0.825 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.78 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 9

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.11 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.35$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/16/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2/16/2022;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Head Verification/5600 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.72 W/kg

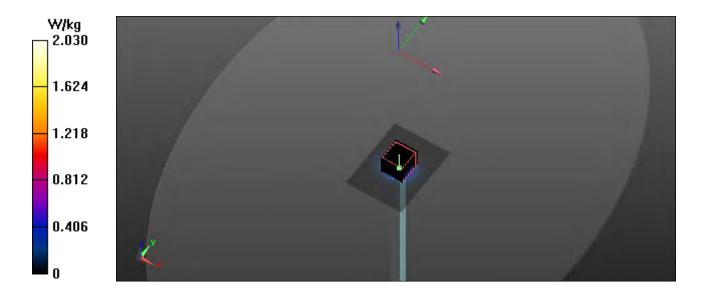
Head Verification/5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 15.398 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

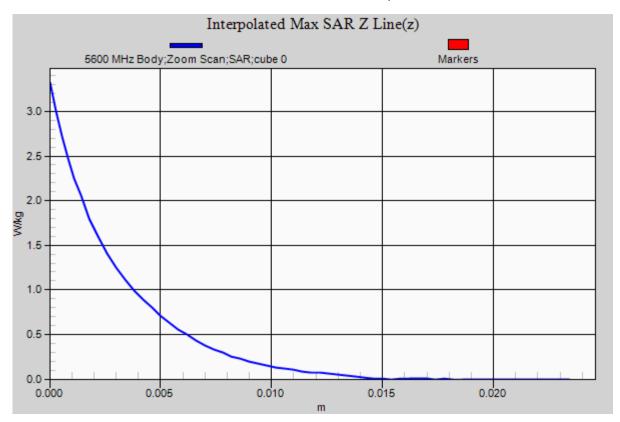
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

SAR(1 g) = 0.835 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.241 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.01 W/kg









Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: Rad-97; Type: Medical Equipment; Serial: 3000114840

Communication System: WiFi 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.804$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.623$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/20/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2/16/2022

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

2450 MHz 840/Right Mid 6/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.50 W/kg

2450 MHz 840/Right Mid 6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

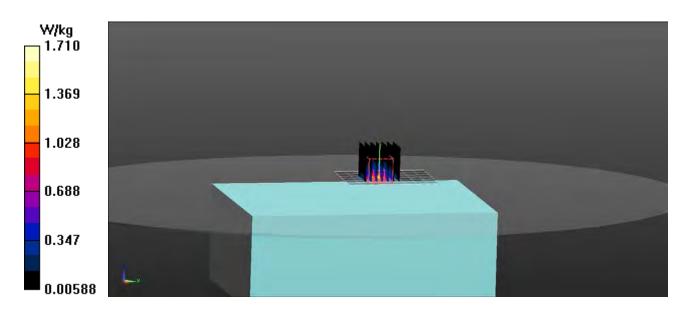
Reference Value = 0.6580 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.379 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.71 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: Rad-97; Type: Medical Equipment; Serial: 3000122701

Communication System: WiFi 802.11n (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL3-6GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; $\sigma = 4.78$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.83$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/2/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 2/16/2022

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

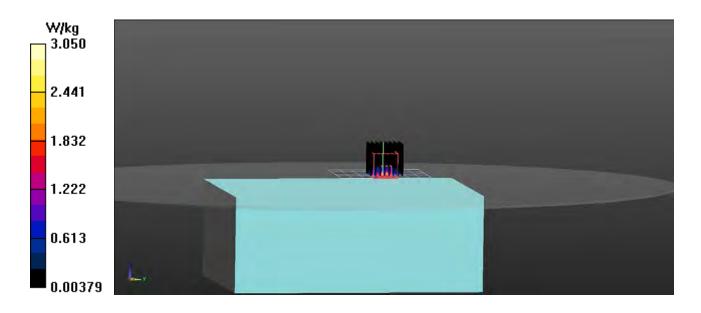
5200 MHz 701/Right 56/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.38 W/kg

5200 MHz 701/Right 56/Zoom Scan (8x8x16)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.287 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.391 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.05 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: Rad-97; Type: Medical Equipment; Serial: 3000122701

Communication System: WiFi 802.11n (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL3-6GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz; σ = 5.11 S/m; ϵ_r = 34.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/2/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2/16/2022

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

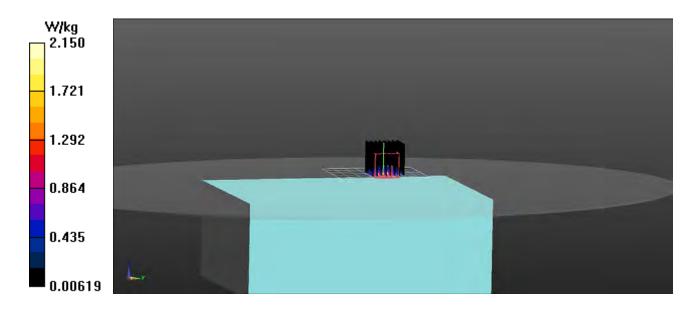
5600 MHz 701/Right 116/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.78 W/kg

5600 MHz 701/Right 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x16)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.4170 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.304 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.15 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: Rad-97; Type: Medical Equipment; Serial: 3000114840

Communication System: WiFi 802.11n (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL3-6GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 5.335$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.31$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/19/2022; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2/16/2022

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/12/2022 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

5800 MHz 840/Front 157/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.933 W/kg

5800 MHz 840/Front 157/Zoom Scan (9x9x16)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

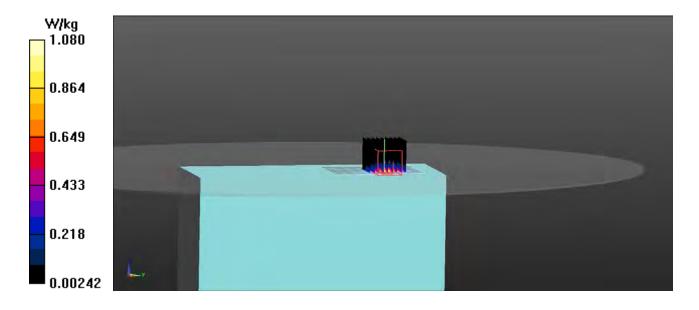
Reference Value = 1.472 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.576 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg







Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos



Test Position Front 0 mm Gap

Note: Cables removed for testing.





Test Position Top 0 mm Gap

Note: Cables removed for testing.





Test Position Right 0 mm Gap

Note: Cables removed for testing.





Front of 701 Device





Back of 701 Device





Front of 840 Device





Back of 840 Device



Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: EX3-3662 Feb22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5.

OA CAL-25.47

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

February 16, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22 Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	in house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Deputy Manager

S. C.

Issued: February 18, 2022

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Calibration Laboratory of

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.

b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3662_Feb22

EX3DV4 – SN:3662 February 16, 2022

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m)²) ^A	0.42	0.49	0.48	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	99.8	99.6	98.2	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	147.3	±2.7 %	± 4.7 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		161.3		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		168.0		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3662 February 16, 2022

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-94.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

EX3DV4-SN:3662

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
150	52.3	0.76	11.58	11.58	11.58	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
220	49.0	0.81	11.43	11.43	11.43	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
300	45.3	0.87	11.15	11.15	11.15	0.09	1.00	± 13.3 %
450	43.5	0.87	10.72	10.72	10.72	0.16	1.30	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.23	9.23	9.23	0.52	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.76	8.76	8.76	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.2	1.31	8.03	8.03	8.03	0.35	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.87	7.87	7.87	0.32	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.66	7.66	7.66	0.27	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.54	7.54	7.54	0.34	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.38	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.10	7.10	7.10	0.38	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.73	6.73	6.73	0.35	1.30	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.53	6.53	6.53	0.35	1.30	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3662 February 16, 2022

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.50	5.50	5.50	0.20	2.00	± 18.6 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 6GHz is \pm 700 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Certificate No: EX3-3662_Feb22 Page 6 of 10

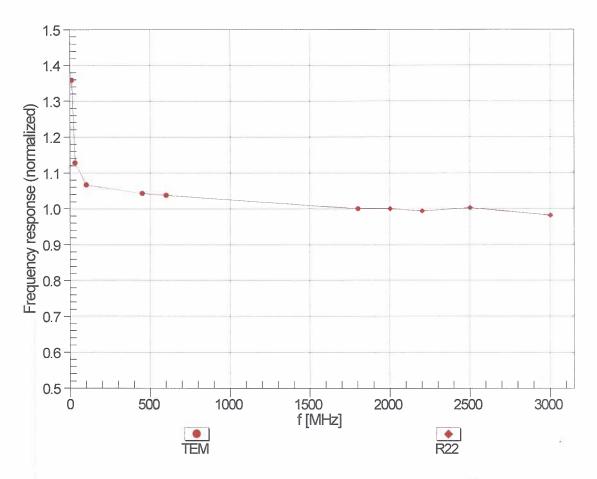
F At frequencies 6-10 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz; and below ± 4% for frequencies between 6-10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

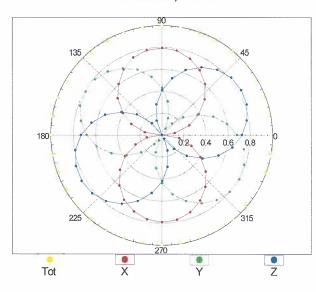


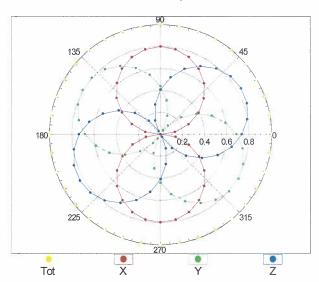
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

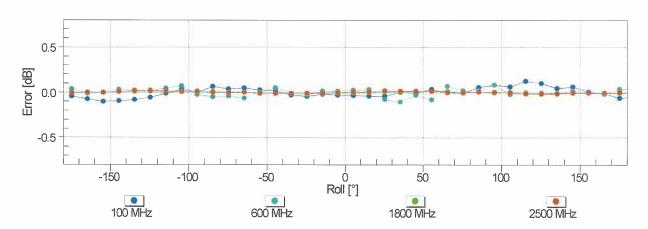
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



f=1800 MHz,R22





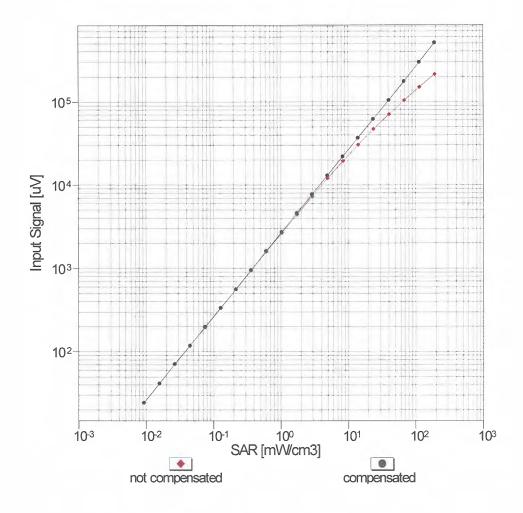


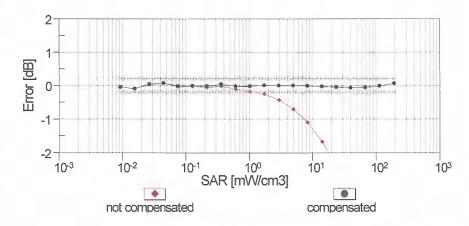
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3662 February 16, 2022

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

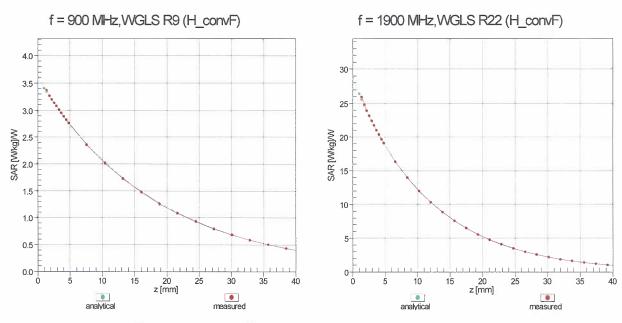
(TEM cell , feval= 1900 MHz)



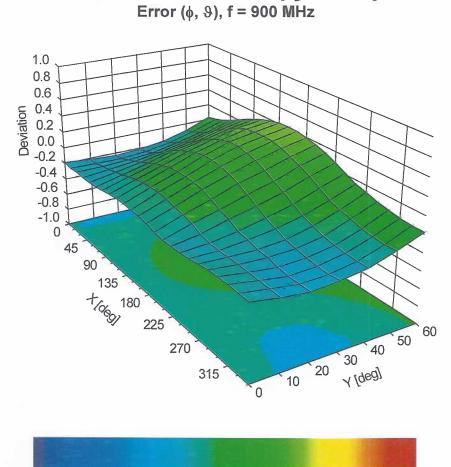


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



0.0

Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

0.2

0.4

0.6

0.8

-0.6

-0.4 -0.2



Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D2450V2-881_Jun21

Cheff the Exposure E			
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object	D2450V2 - SN:88	J	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05 v11 Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Source	s between 0.7-3 GHz
Calibration date:	June 03, 2021		
		onal standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a	
All calibrations have been conduc	ted in the closed laborator	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&T	E critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)	Apr-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	28-Dec-20 (No. EX3-7349_Dec20)	Dec-21
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)	Nov-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	N: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeffrey Katzman	Laboratory Technician	J. hip
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	all

Issued: June 8, 2021

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Certificate No: D2450V2-881_Jun21

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-881 Jun21 Page 2 of 6

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and substantial transfer approximately	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.7 ± 6 %	1.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3 Ω + 4.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.156 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (<-20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

D2450V2 SN: 829 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
6/3/2021	-24.7		54.3		4.3	
6/3/2022	-25.3	2.4	55.2	0.9	4.1	-0.2

Certificate No: D2450V2-881_Jun21 Page 4 of 6

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 03.06.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:881

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 119.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

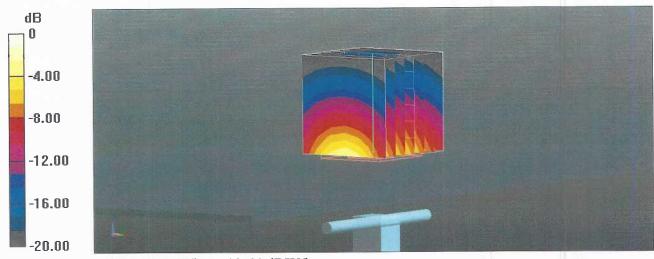
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.34 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

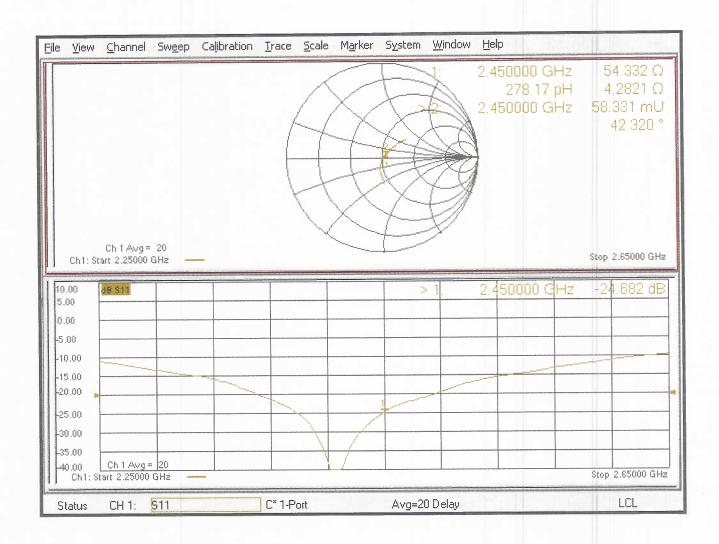
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.1 W/kg



0 dB = 23.1 W/kg = 13.64 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Jun21

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN:1119

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-22.v6

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz

Calibration date:

June 08, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)	Apr-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3503_Dec20)	Dec-21
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)	Nov-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	- 3-445-5-1/1/10 5-3-5
			M.NEX)
	adar dat il evalte sala ituad		- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	IL IL

Issued: June 8, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Jun21

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.59 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.1 ± 6 %	4.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

<u>. </u>	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	33.9 ± 6 %	5.10 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Jun21

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9 Ω - 7.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.8 Ω - 1.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.9 Ω - 1.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.206 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

	Manufactured by	SPEAG
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Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (<-20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

D5GHzV2 SN: 1085 - Head										
Date of Measurement	Frequency	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ			
6/8/2021		-22.6		51.9		-7.3				
6/5/2022	5250 MHz	-22.9	1.3	52.6	0.7	-7.7	-0.4			
6/8/2021		-23.8		56.8		-1.3				
6/5/2022	5600 MHz	-24.6	3.4	55.2	-1.6	-1.6	-0.3			
6/8/2021		-23.5		56.9		-1.8				
6/5/2022	5750 MHz	-24.8	5.5	56.2	-0.7	-2.5	-0.7			

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Jun21 Page 5 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.06.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1119

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750

MHz

Medium parameters used: f=5250 MHz; $\sigma=4.59$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=34.6;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5600 MHz; $\sigma=4.95$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=34.1;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5750 MHz; $\sigma=5.1$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=33.9;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.08, 5.08, 5.08) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Jun21

Page 6 of 8

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 75.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

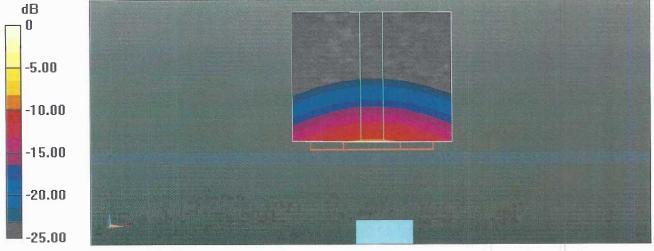
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

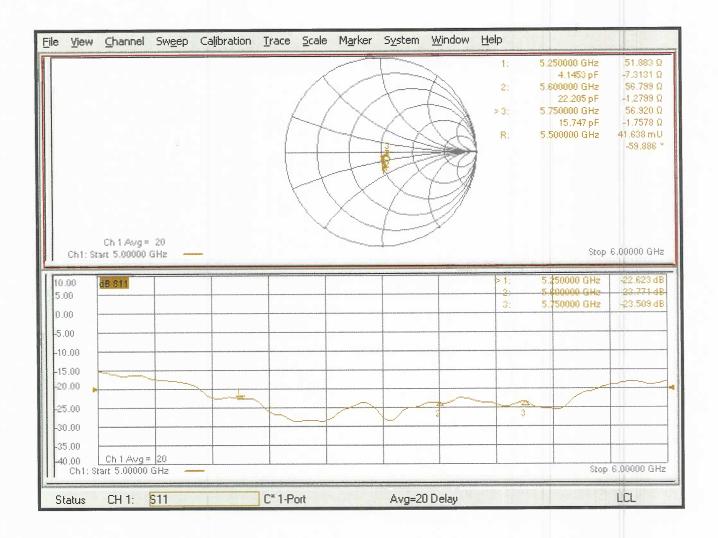
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.86 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	Oval Flat Phantom ELI 4.0
Type No	QD OVA 001 B
Series No	1003 and higher
Manufacturer	Untersee Composites
	Knebelstrasse 8
	CH-8268 Mannenbach, Switzerland

Tests

Complete tests were made on the prototype units QD OVA 001 AA 1001, QD OVA 001 AB 1002, pre-series units QD OVA 001 BA 1003-1005 as well as on the series units QD OVA 001 BB, 1006 ff.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Material thickness	Compliant with the standard requirements	Bottom plate: 2.0mm +/- 0.2mm	ali
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	< 6 GHz: Rel. permittivity = 4 +/-1, Loss tangent ≤ 0.05	Material sample
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards if handled and cleaned according to the instructions.	DGBE based simulating liquids. Observe Technical Note for material compatibility.	Equivalent phantoms, Material sample
Shape	Thickness of bottom material, Internal dimensions, Sagging compatible with standards from minimum frequency	Bottom elliptical 600 x 400 mm Depth 190 mm, Shape is within tolerance for filling height up to 155 mm, Eventual sagging is reduced or eliminated by support via DUT	Prototypes, Sample testing

Standards

- [2] IEEE 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques, December 2003
- [3] IEC 62209 1, "Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz Measurement Procedure, Part 1: Hand-held mobile wireless communication devices", February 2005
- [4] IEC 62209 2, Draft, "Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices Human models, Instrumentation and Procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the head and body for 30 MHz to 6 GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the Body.", February 2005
- [5] OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition January 2001

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the standards [1] to [5] if operated according to the specific requirements and considering the thickness. The dimensions are fully compliant with [4] from 30 MHz to 6 GHz. For the other standards, the minimum lower frequency limit is limited due to the dimensional requirements ([1]: 450 MHz, [2]: 300 MHz, [3]: 800 MHz, [5]: 375 MHz) and possibly further by the dimensions of the DUT.

Date

28.4.2008

Signature / Stamp

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughāugstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9709, Fax +41,46,245 9779 info@speag.com; http://www.speag.com



Appendix G – Validation Summary

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue equivalent media for system validation according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Table G-1
SAR System Validation Summary

SAR	F			D li		Bush a Cal	Deales Cal	Ducks Cal Can		Perm.		CW Validati	on	Modulatio	n Validati	ion
System #	Freq. (MHz)	Date	Probe S/N	Probe Type	Probe Cal. Point				Sens- itivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR		
3	2450	3/3/2022	3662	EX3DV4	2450	Head	1.81	38.77	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM/TDD	Pass	Pass		
3	5250	3/3/2022	3662	EX3DV4	5200	Head	4.75	35.21	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass		
3	5600	3/4/2022	3662	EX3DV4	5600	Head	5.11	35.08	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass		
3	5750	3/4/2022	3662	EX3DV4	5800	Head	5.26	34.84	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass		