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January 30, 2013

Rajant Corporation
400 E. King Street
Malvern, PA 19355

Dear Keith Sullivan,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Rajant Corporation, LX4-2409 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B, ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004 for a Class A Digital Device and FCC Part 15 Subpart C, RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Reference: (\Rajant Corporation\EMC36837A-FCC247 Rev. 2)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

**Rajant Corporation
LX4-2409**

Tested under
the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003
for Class A Digital Devices
&
15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC36837A-FCC247 Rev. 2

January 30, 2013

Prepared For:

**Rajant Corporation
400 E. King Street
Malvern, PA 19355**

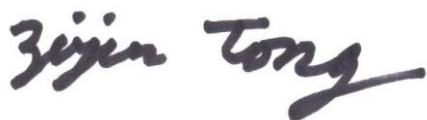
Prepared By:
MET Laboratories, Inc.
914 W. Patapsco Ave
Baltimore, MD 21230

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

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Rajant Corporation
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Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003
for Class A Digital Devices
&
15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010
for Intentional Radiators



Zijun Tong, Project Engineer
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004, RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 under normal use and maintenance.



Asad Bajwa,
Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	January 14, 2013	Initial Issue.
1	January 18, 2013	Revised to reflect engineer and customer corrections.
2	January 30, 2013	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.

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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
<i>d</i>	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
<i>f</i>	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μH	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane

I. Executive Summary

A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Rajant Corporation LX4-2409, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the LX4-2409. Rajant Corporation should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the LX4-2409, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Rajant Corporation, purchase order number 2011264. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-210 Issue 8: 2010; RSS-GEN Issue 3: 2010	Description	Compliance
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Compliant
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-GEN (7.2.4)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	RSS-Gen(4.6)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant See FCC ID: VJA-DLM108RJT for 900 MHz compliance.
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	RSS-210(A8.4)	Peak Power Output	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant See FCC ID: VJA-DLM108RJT for 900 MHz compliance.
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Compliant See FCC ID: VJA-DLM108RJT for 900 MHz compliance.
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	RSS-210(A8.2)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant See FCC ID: VJA-DLM108RJT for 900 MHz compliance.
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	RSS-Gen(5.6)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant
N/A	RSS-Gen(4.10)	Receiver Spurious Emissions	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 Compliance Testing

II. Equipment Configuration

A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Rajant Corporation to perform testing on the LX4-2409, under Rajant Corporation's purchase order number 2011264.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Rajant Corporation, LX4-2409.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	LX4-2409		
Model(s) Covered:	LX4-2409		
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: 120 VAC, 60 Hz		
	FCC ID: VJA-LX4-2409 IC: 7382A-LX42409		
	Type of Modulations:	DSSS, OFDM, BPSK	
	Equipment Code:	DTS	
	Peak RF Output Power:	2.4 GHz – 27.65 dBm 900 MHz – 29.70 dBm	
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	2412 – 2462 MHz; 907 – 922 MHz	
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.		
Environmental Test Conditions:	Temperature: 15-35° C		
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%		
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar		
Evaluated by:	Dusmantha Tennakoon		
Report Date(s):	January 30, 2013		

Table 2. EUT Summary Table

B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010	Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment
RSS-GEN, Issue 3, Dec. 2010	General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus
ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

D. Description of Test Sample

The Rajant Corporation LX4-2409, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a portable networking device that supports wired and wireless routing, and 802.11 a/b/g access point / bridging / meshing functionality. The BreadCrumb is powered from a DC power source (48V nominal).

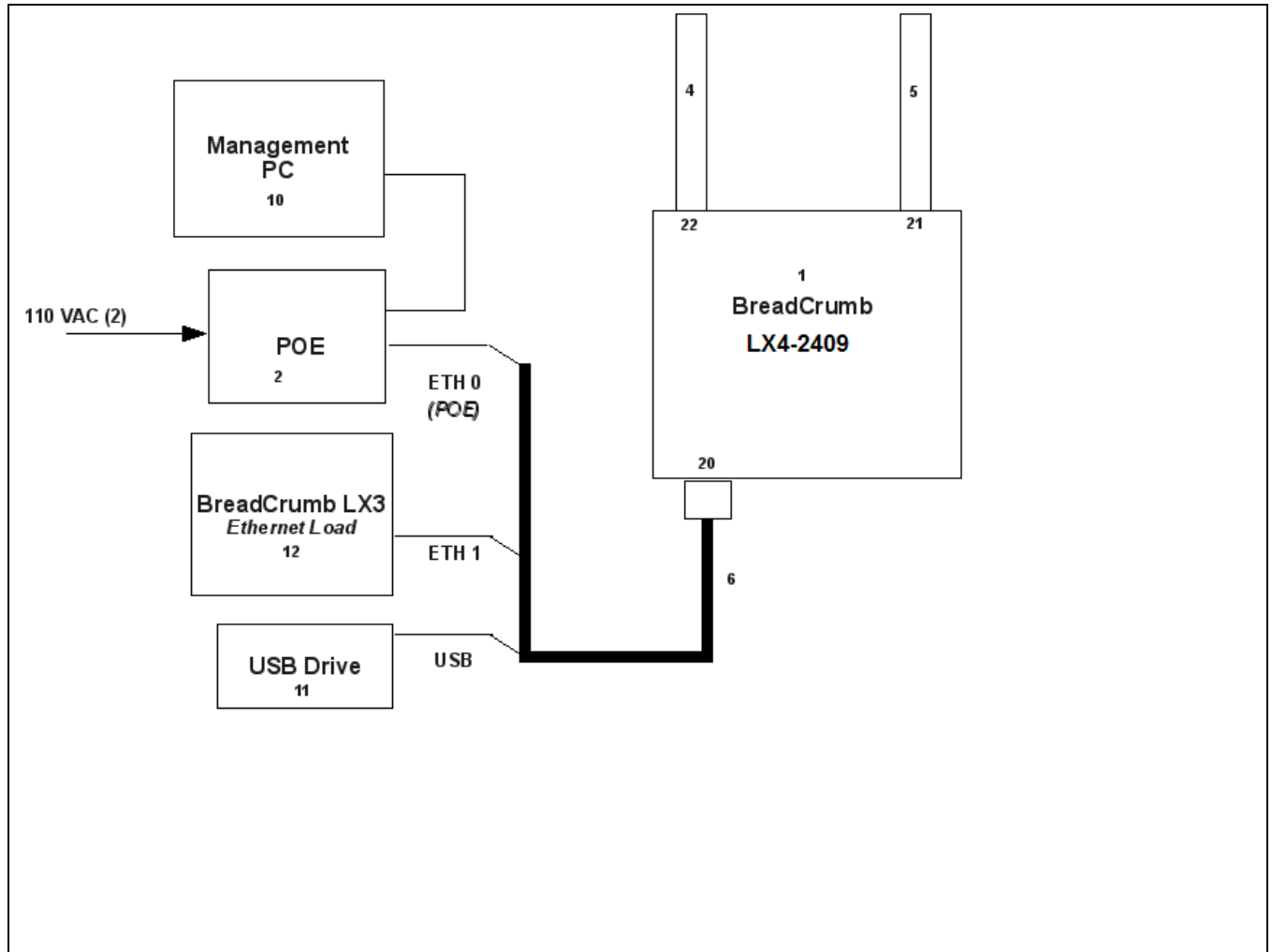


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

Note: For ports 21 and 22, the wireless approval for this product is conditional on non-co-location of the antennas. At least one of the antennas must be connected to the product using a 50 ohm co-axial cable to guarantee a minimum separation of 20 cm between the antennas.

E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number
1	BreadCrumb LX4-2409	LX4-2409	FCC EUT LX4-2409
2	Cincon PR60A AC/DC POE	PR60A	NA
3	Reserved	--	NA
4	2.4GHz 5dBi Omni Antenna	OD24M-5	NA
5	900 MHz 5dBi Antenna	OD9-5	NA
6	LX4 IO Cable	06-100044-001	NA
7	Reserved	--	NA

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
10	Laptop PC	Toshiba	Satellite R10	--
11	USB Key	SanDisk	Cruzer	--
12	BreadCrumb LX3	Rajant	LX3-2209D	FCC DUT 31256

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
20	ETH0,ETH1,USB	I/O Breakout Cable	1	0.3	Y	--
21	900 MHz Antenna	Cabled	1	0.1	Y	--
22	2.4 GHz Antenna	Cabled	1	0.1	Y	--

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

The LX4-2409 test article will be configured with BreadCrumb firmware, and will operate in the worst case condition as required to determine compliance with Part 15B/C requirements. A management PC will monitor the operation of the EUT.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

Operation of the test article shall be verified in two ways. The operation of the device under test (DUT) will be observed from network management software (BC|Commander) running on a management PC configured for a wired bridge connection to the DUT. The status indicator on the DUT will also be used to verify the operation and mode setting of the DUT.

J. Modifications

- a) **Modifications to EUT**
No modifications were made to the EUT.
- b) **Modifications to Test Standard**
No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Rajant Corporation upon completion of testing.

III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.107 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency range (MHz)	Class A Conducted Limits (dB μ V)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50
Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies. Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz. * -- Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).				

Table 7. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section.

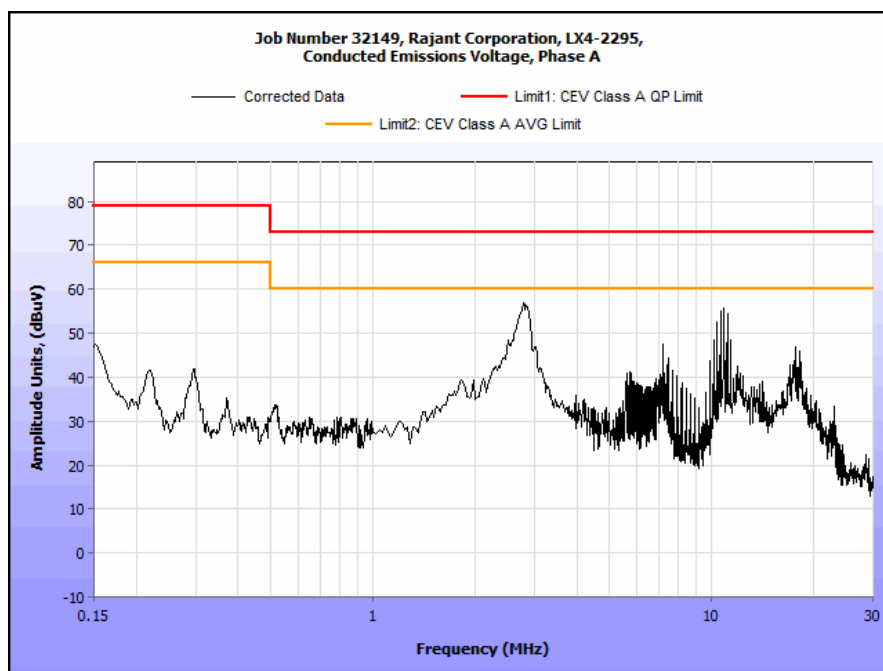
Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 07/06/11

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
2.803	51.57	0	51.57	73	-21.43	36.53	0	36.53	60	-23.47
7.175	43.55	0.05	43.6	73	-29.4	41.96	0.05	42.01	60	-17.99
10.64	54.49	0.09	54.58	73	-18.42	51.03	0.09	51.12	60	-8.88
10.88	55.11	0.09	55.2	73	-17.8	51.75	0.09	51.84	60	-8.16
17.69	44.87	0.09	44.96	73	-28.04	41.51	0.09	41.6	60	-18.4
18.2	32.66	0.1	32.76	73	-40.24	25.91	0.1	26.01	60	-33.99

Table 8. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

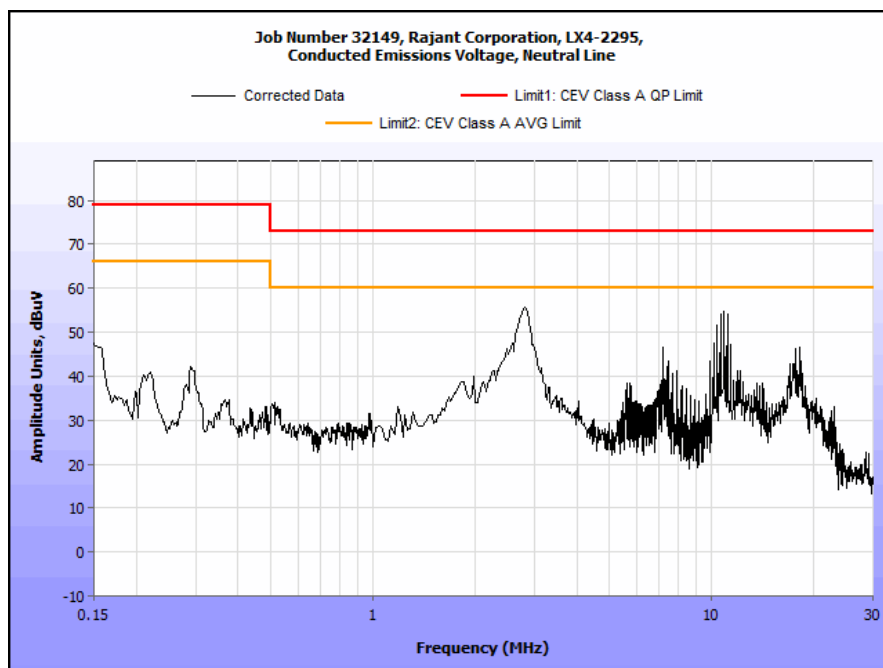


Plot 1. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
2.848	49.6	0	49.6	73	-23.4	38.17	0	38.17	60	-21.83
5.67	21.46	0.09	21.55	73	-51.45	17.88	0.09	17.97	60	-42.03
7.41	36.02	0.05	36.07	73	-36.93	31.71	0.05	31.76	60	-28.24
10.64	53.92	0.09	54.01	73	-18.99	50.48	0.09	50.57	60	-9.43
17.69	43.82	0.09	43.91	73	-29.09	40.65	0.09	40.74	60	-19.26
18.21	33.42	0.1	33.52	73	-39.48	26.87	0.1	26.97	60	-33.03

Table 9. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)



Plot 2. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot

Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.109 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 10.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 10.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	
	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a), Class B Limit (dBμV) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures: The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

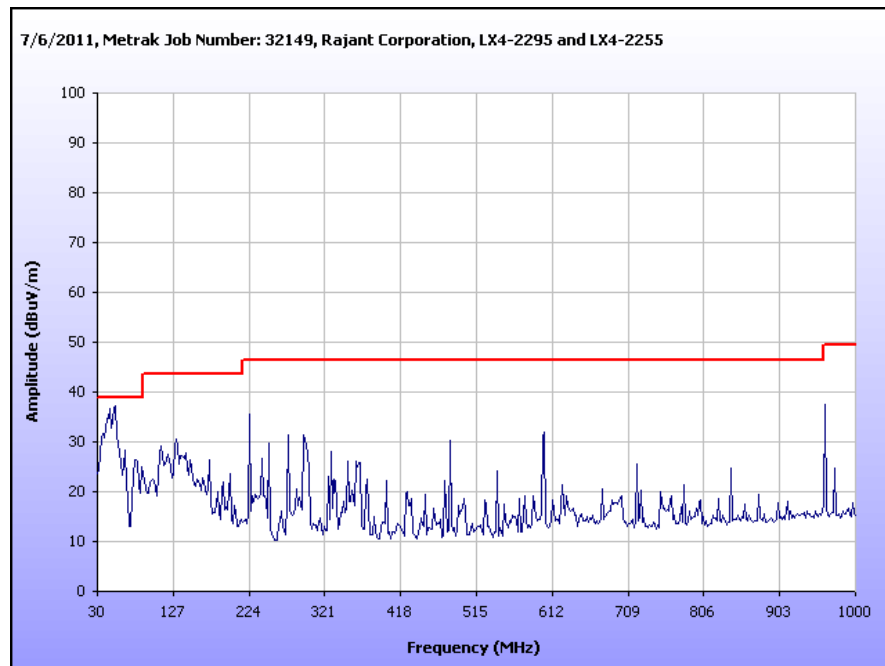
Test Date(s): 07/06/11

Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

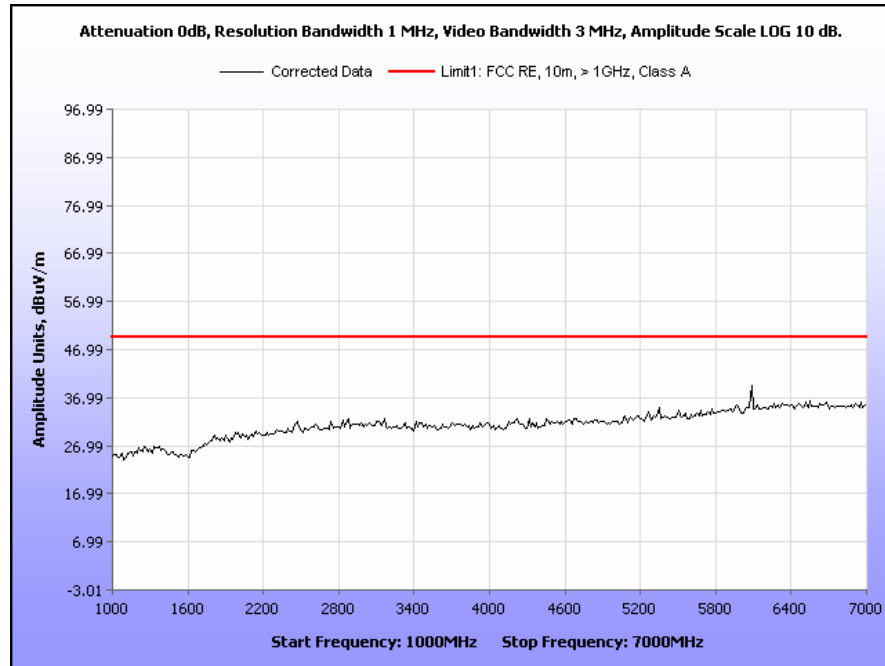
Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
52.912325	223	H	1.00	14.75	7.90	0.23	10.46	12.42	39.00	-26.58
52.912325	105	V	1.00	38.48	7.90	0.23	10.46	36.15	39.00	-2.85
224.98572	170	H	1.49	33.58	11.50	0.23	10.46	34.85	46.40	-11.55
224.98572	230	V	1.00	35.23	11.50	0.23	10.46	36.50	46.40	-9.90
959.98672	95	H	1.30	20.50	23.10	1.73	10.46	34.87	46.40	-11.53
959.98672	236	V	1.00	22.60	23.10	1.73	10.46	36.97	46.40	-9.43
51.19226	254	H	1.43	8.57	8.22	0.23	10.46	6.56	39.00	-32.44
51.19226	101	V	1.00	33.28	8.22	0.23	10.46	31.27	39.00	-7.73

Table 11. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, FCC Limits

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, FCC Limits



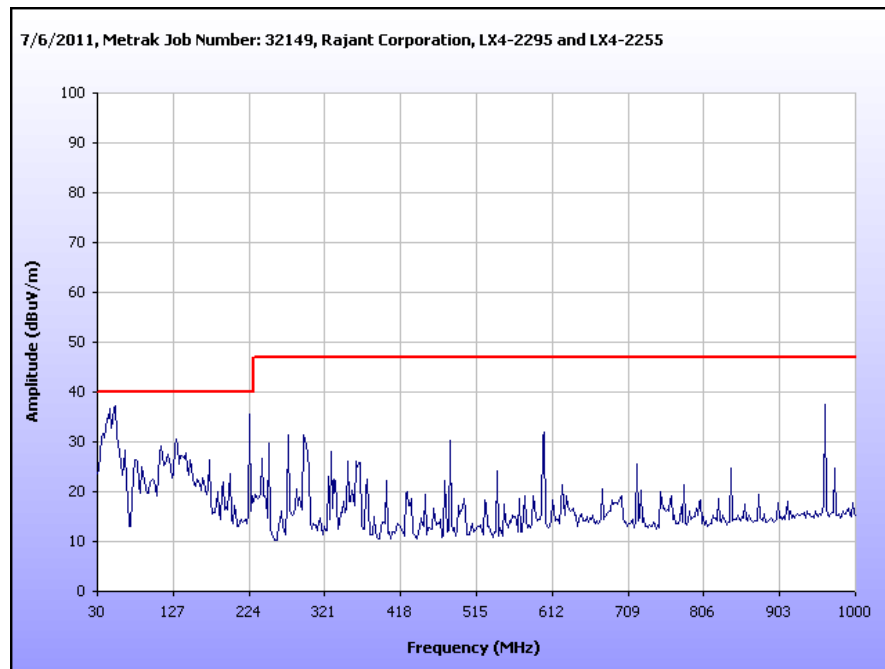
Plot 4. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, FCC Limits

Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

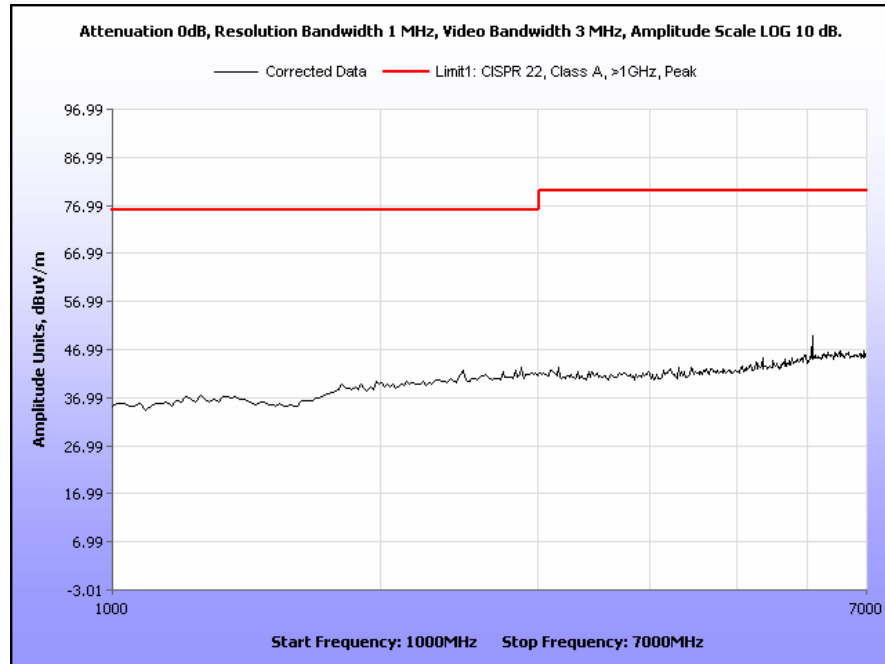
Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
52.912325	223	H	1.00	14.75	7.90	0.23	10.46	12.42	40.00	-27.58
52.912325	105	V	1.00	38.48	7.90	0.23	10.46	36.15	40.00	-3.85
224.98572	170	H	1.49	33.58	11.50	0.23	10.46	34.85	40.00	-5.15
224.98572	230	V	1.00	35.23	11.50	0.23	10.46	36.50	40.00	-3.50
959.98672	95	H	1.30	20.50	23.10	1.73	10.46	34.87	47.00	-12.13
959.98672	236	V	1.00	22.60	23.10	1.73	10.46	36.97	47.00	-10.03
51.19226	254	H	1.43	8.57	8.22	0.23	10.46	6.56	40.00	-33.44
51.19226	101	V	1.00	33.28	8.22	0.23	10.46	31.27	40.00	-8.73

Table 12. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits

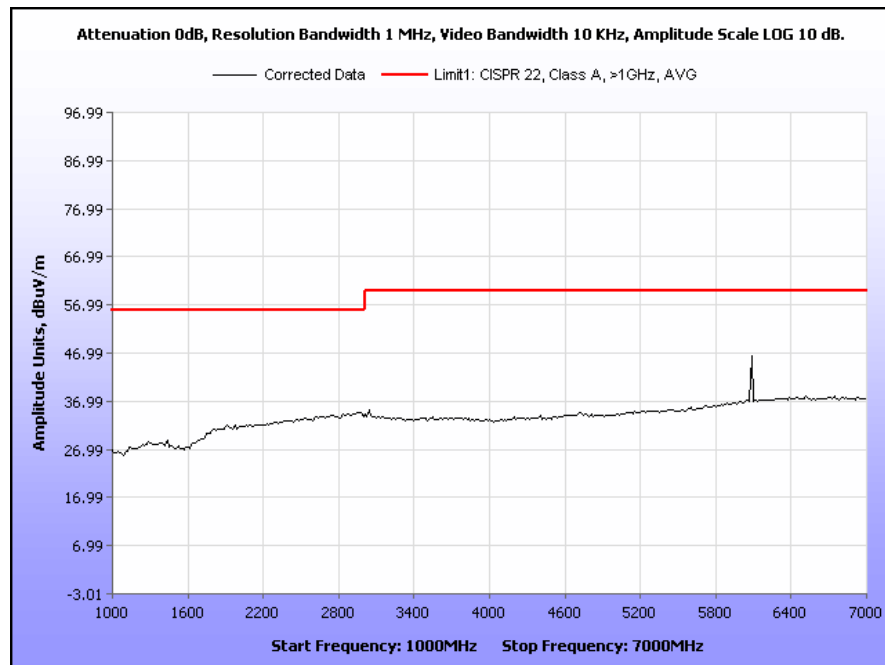
Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



Plot 5. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, ICES-003 Limits



Plot 6. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, ICES-003 Limits



Plot 7. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average, ICES-003 Limits



IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement: § 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203.
2.4 GHz – Professionally installed 5 dBi Omni antenna.
900 MHz – Professionally installed 5 dBi Omni antenna.

Test Engineer(s): Jeff Pratt

Test Date(s): 12/06/12

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): § 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 13. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure: The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with *ANSI C63.4-2003 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz"*. The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with this requirement. Please refer to FCC ID: VJA-DLM108RJT for 900 MHz compliance.

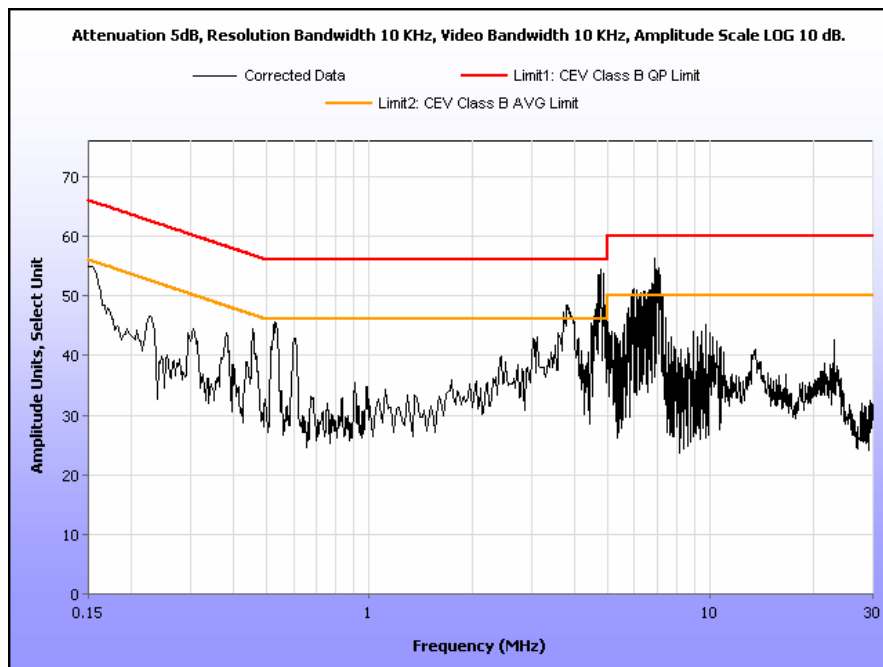
Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 07/06/11

15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results, 2.4 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.1544	49.7	0	49.7	65.76	-16.06	24.87	0	24.87	55.76	-30.89
0.5362	32.83	0	32.83	56	-23.17	21.65	0	21.65	46	-24.35
4.66	49.75	0.05	49.8	56	-6.2	45.43	0.05	45.48	46	-0.52
5.809	45.88	0.04	45.92	60	-14.08	42.6	0.04	42.64	50	-7.36
6.926	42.31	0.01	42.32	60	-17.68	37.12	0.01	37.13	50	-12.87
7.029	52.27	0.01	52.28	60	-7.72	46.26	0.01	46.27	50	-3.73

Table 14. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, Test Results, 2.4 GHz

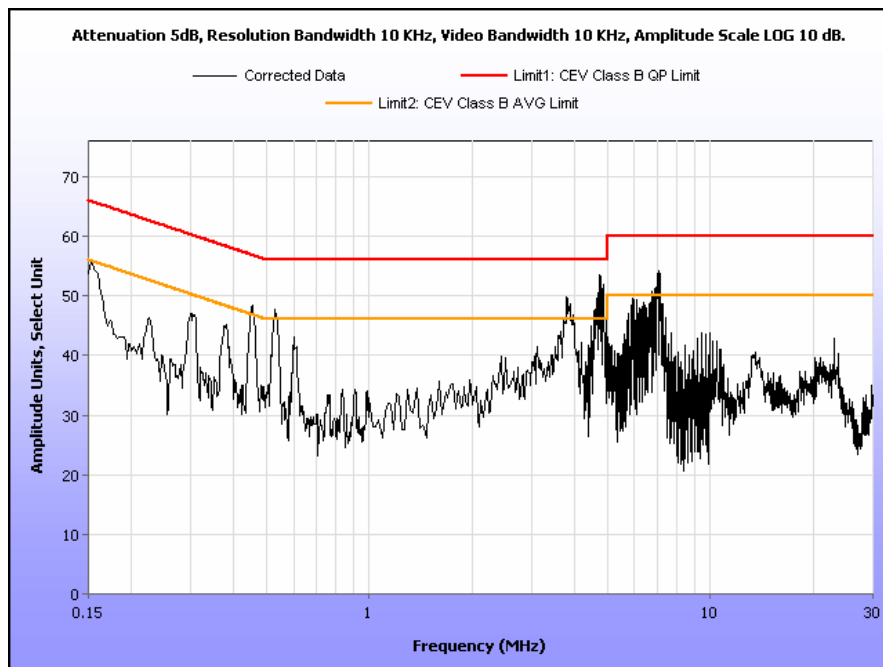


Plot 8. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, 2.4 GHz

15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results, 2.4 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.1544	49.44	0	49.44	65.76	-16.32	26.11	0	26.11	55.76	-29.65
0.535	32.73	0	32.73	56	-23.27	23.18	0	23.18	46	-22.82
3.805	43.04	0.01	43.05	56	-12.95	36.32	0.01	36.33	46	-9.67
4.713	49.82	0.05	49.87	56	-6.13	44.86	0.05	44.91	46	-1.09
6.099	45.94	0.03	45.97	60	-14.03	42.28	0.03	42.31	50	-7.69
7.14	52.77	0.01	52.78	60	-7.22	47.12	0.01	47.13	50	-2.87

Table 15. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Test Results, 2.4 GHz



Plot 9. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, 2.4 GHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a)(2): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

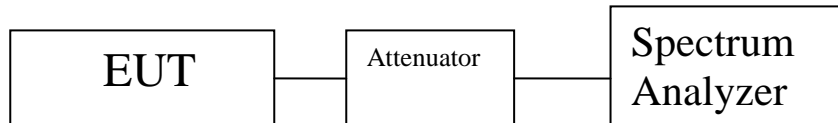
For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to the mid channel at the highest output power and connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were repeated at the low and high channels.

Test Results Equipment complies with § 15.247 (a). The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages. Please refer to FCC ID: VJA-DLM108RJT for 900 MHz compliance.

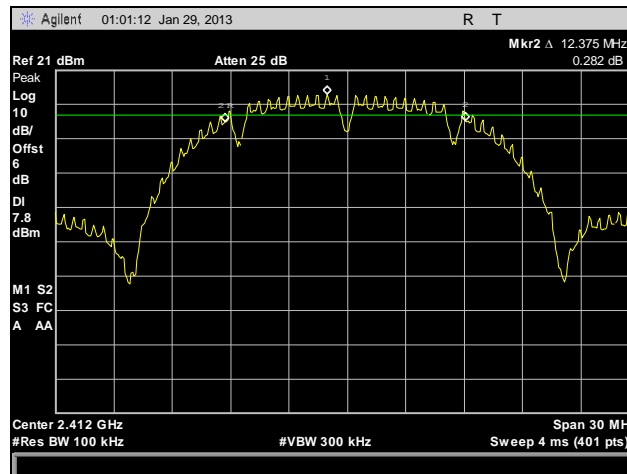
Test Engineer(s): Zijun Tong

Test Date(s): 01/29/13

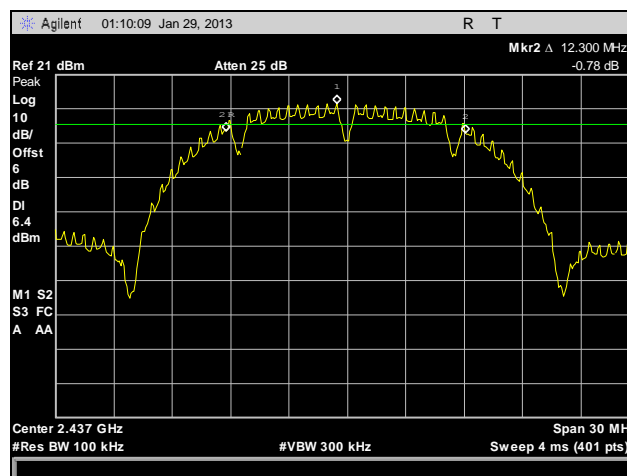


Block Diagram 1. Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

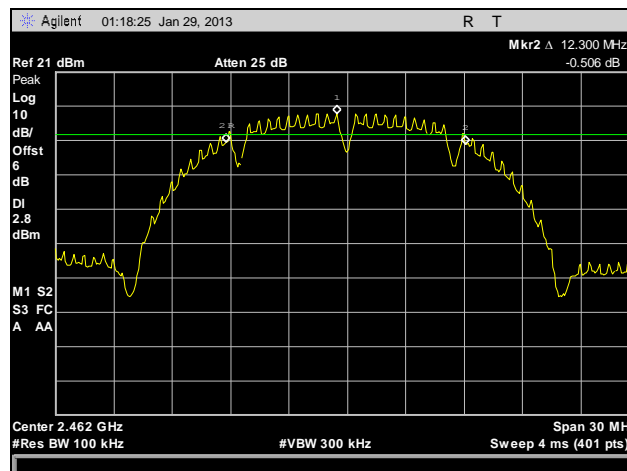
Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



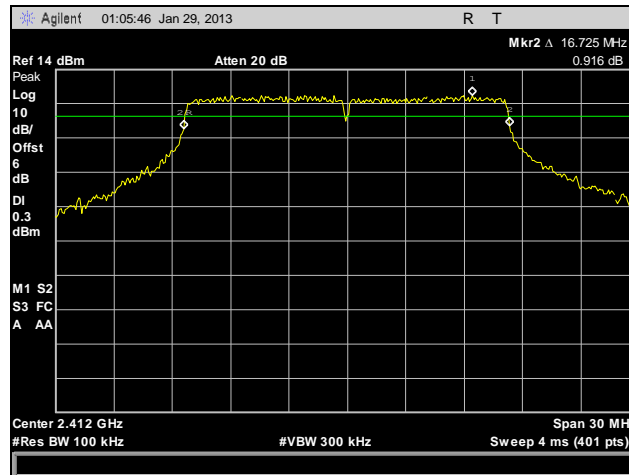
Plot 10. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, Low Channel, FCC



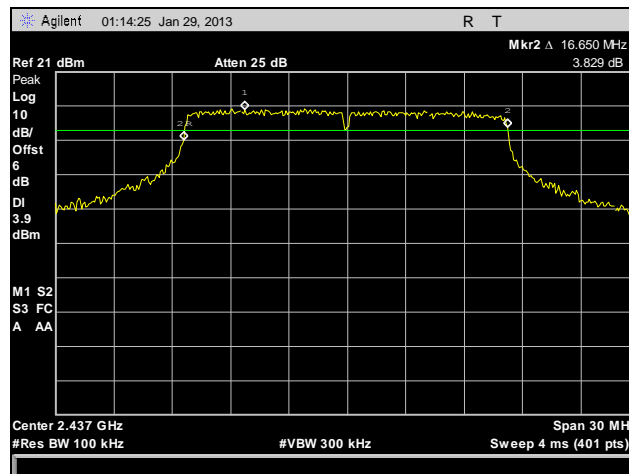
Plot 11. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, Mid Channel, FCC



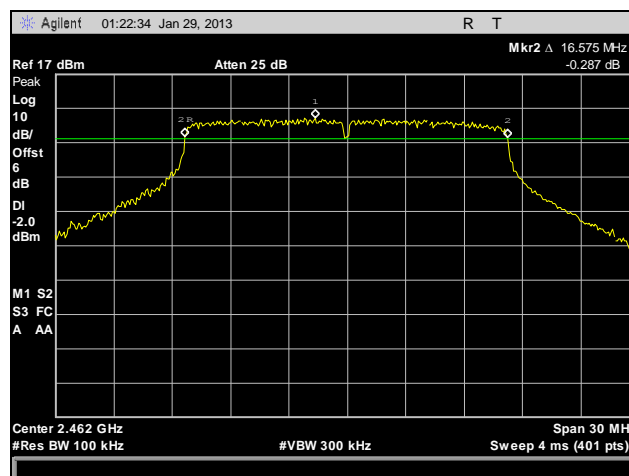
Plot 12. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, High Channel, FCC



Plot 13. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, Low Channel, FCC

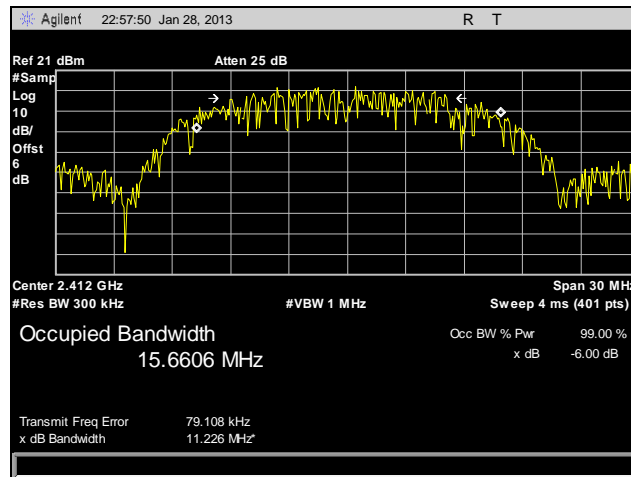


Plot 14. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, Mid Channel, FCC

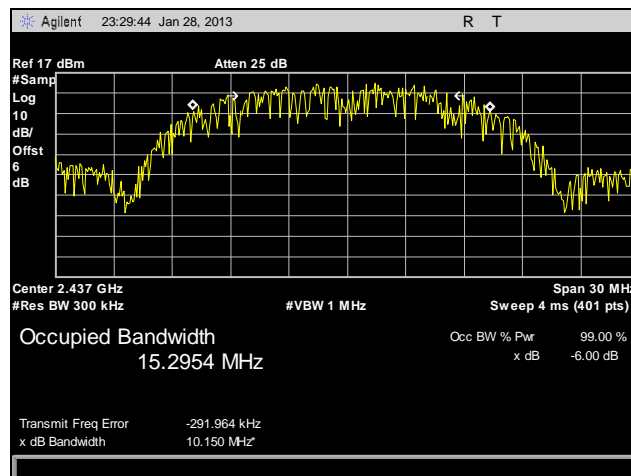


Plot 15. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, High Channel, FCC

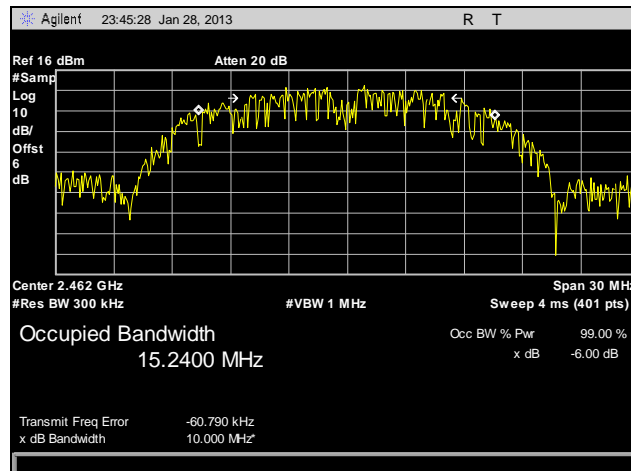
Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



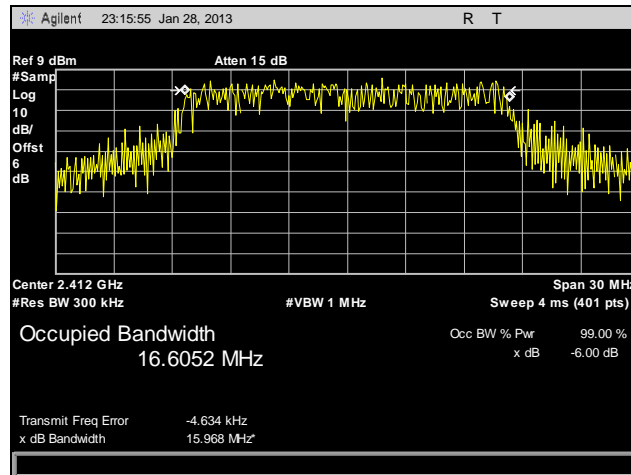
Plot 16. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, Low Channel, IC



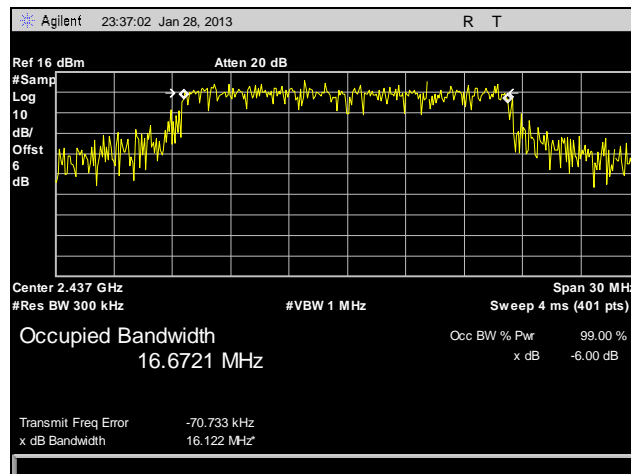
Plot 17. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, Mid Channel, IC



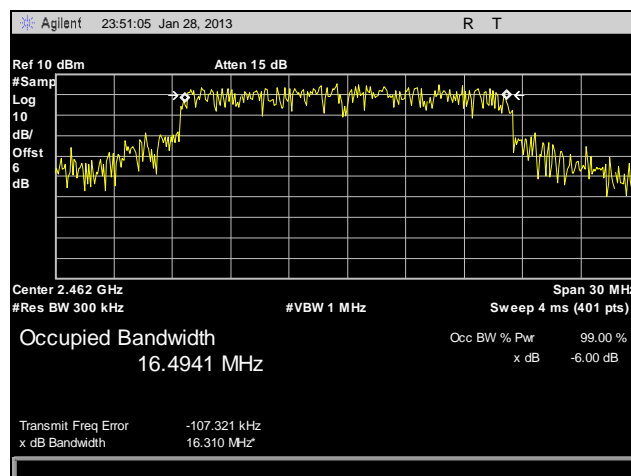
Plot 18. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, High Channel, IC



Plot 19. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, Low Channel, IC



Plot 20. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, Mid Channel, IC



Plot 21. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, High Channel, IC

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements: §15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400-2483.5	1.000
5725- 5850	1.000

Table 16. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 16, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omni-directional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with this requirement. Please refer to FCC ID: VJA-DLM108RJT for 900 MHz compliance.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 07/06/11

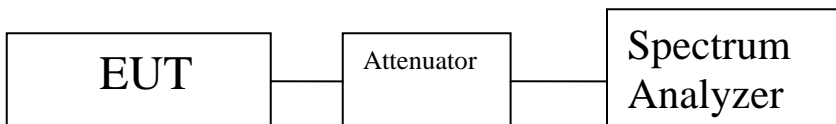


Figure 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup



Peak Power Output Test Results

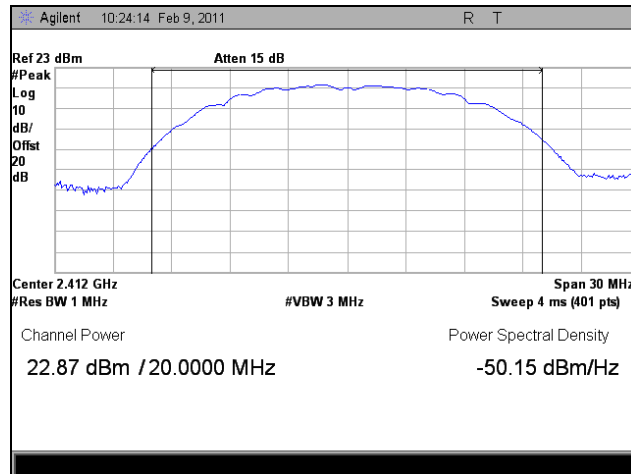
Peak Conducted Output Power		
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power dBm
Low	2412	22.87
Mid	2437	25.72
High	2462	20.80

Table 17. Peak Power Output, Test Results, b Mode, 2.4 GHz

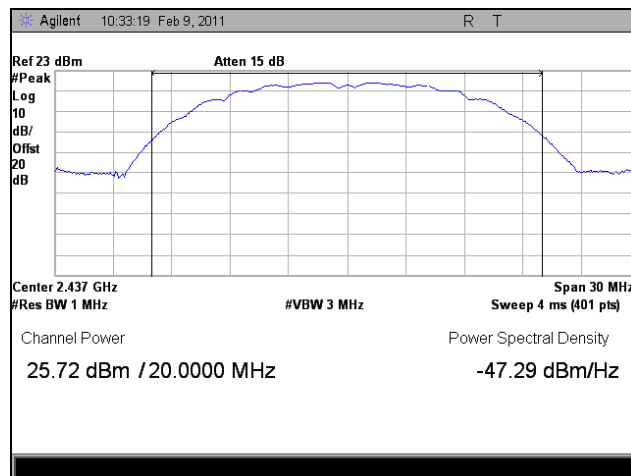
Peak Conducted Output Power		
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power dBm
Low	2412	25.24
Mid	2437	27.65
High	2462	22.31

Table 18. Peak Power Output, Test Results, g Mode, 2.4 GHz

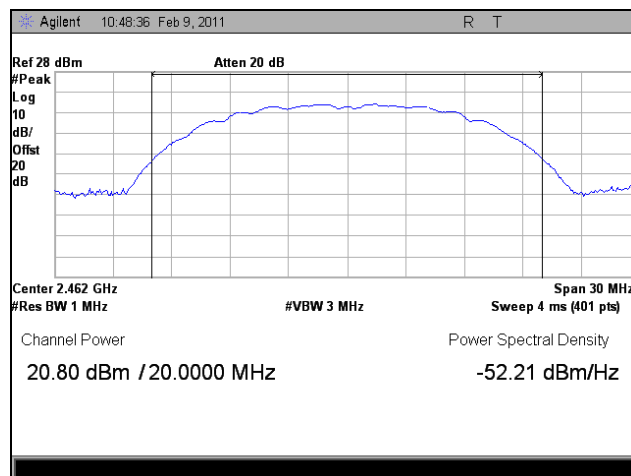
Peak Power Output Test Results, 2.4 GHz



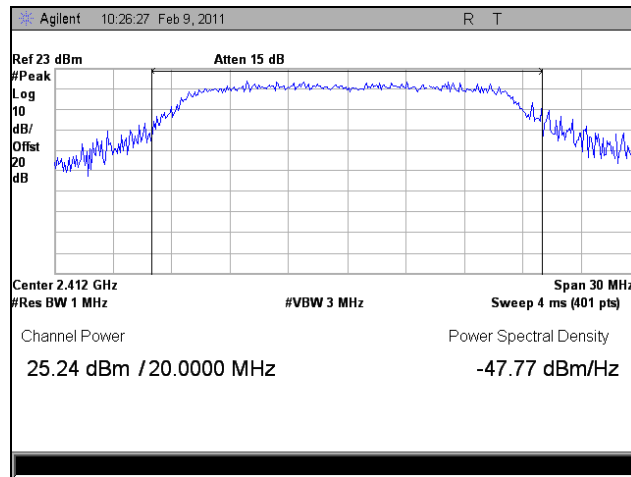
Plot 22. Peak Power Output, b Mode, Channel 1, 2.4 GHz



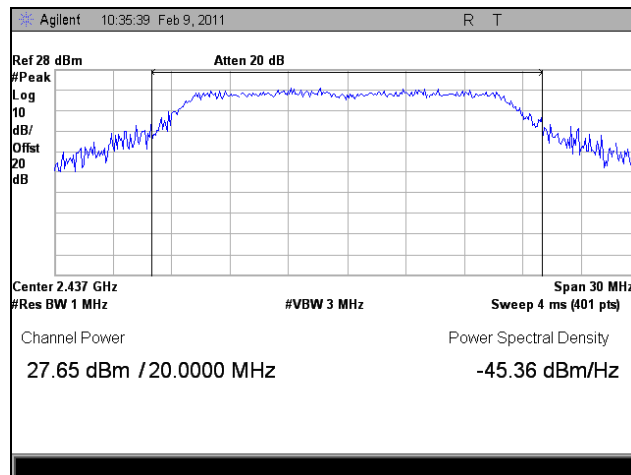
Plot 23. Peak Power Output, b Mode, Channel 6, 2.4 GHz



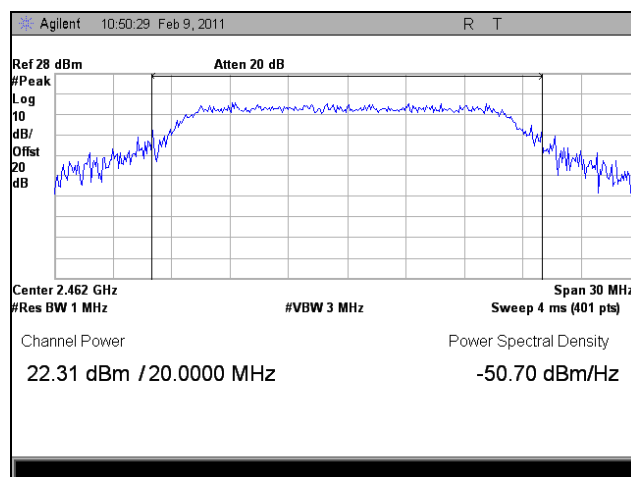
Plot 24. Peak Power Output, b Mode, Channel 11, 2.4 GHz



Plot 25. Peak Power Output, g Mode, Channel 1, 2.4 GHz



Plot 26. Peak Power Output, g Mode, Channel 6, 2.4 GHz



Plot 27. Peak Power Output, g Mode, Channel 11, 2.4 GHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110----- ¹	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
0.495–0.505-----	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905-----	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128-----	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775-----	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775-----	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218-----	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825-----	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225-----	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294-----	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366-----	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675-----	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475-----	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293-----	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025-----	240–285	3345.8–3358.36	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725-----	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)

Table 19. Restricted Bands of Operation

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

Test Requirement(s): § 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 20.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a), Radiated Emission Limits (dBμV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 20. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)



Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line. Only noise floor was measured above 18 GHz.

Test Results: The EUT is compliant with this requirement. Please refer to FCC ID: VJA-DLM108RJT for 900 MHz compliance. Failing emissions below 1 GHz are from digital circuitry and/or do not fall in restricted bands.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 07/06/11

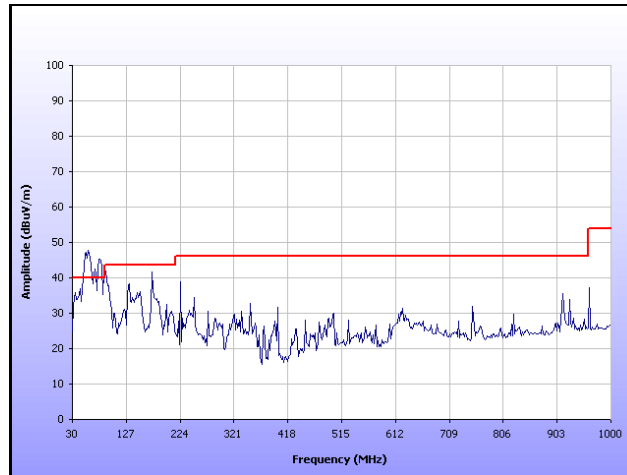
Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated

Mode	Channel (MHz)	Measured Frequency (GHz)	Measured corrected amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remark
b mode	low	1.637	31.69	54	-22.31	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
		2.275	44.76	54	-9.24	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
	mid	1.63	34.08	54	-19.92	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
		2.24	51.87	54	-2.13	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
		2.74	42.12	54	-11.88	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
	high	1.64	32.76	54	-21.24	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
		2.24	44.36	54	-9.64	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
		2.76	34.1	54	-19.9	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
		g mode	low	2.27	43.23	54	-10.77
mid	1.63		31.39	54	-22.61	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
	2.24		52.98	54	-1.02	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
	2.74		44.59	54	-9.41	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
high	1.64		28.91	54	-25.09	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
	2.26		45.47	54	-8.53	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit
	2.76		34.14	54	-19.86	Peak	Peak value below avg. limit

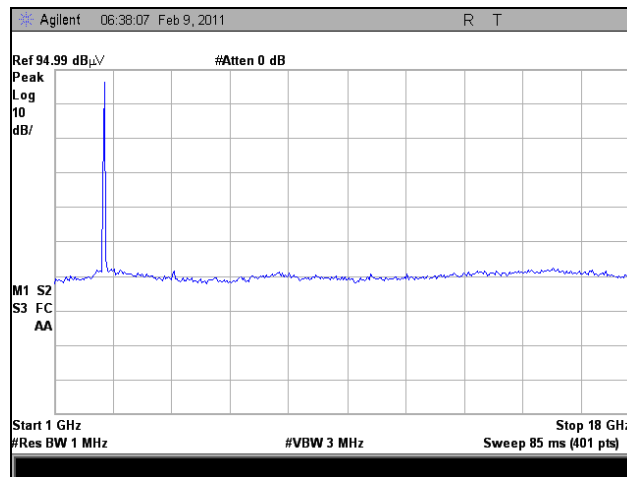
Table 21. Radiated Harmonic Emissions, 2.4 GHz

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.

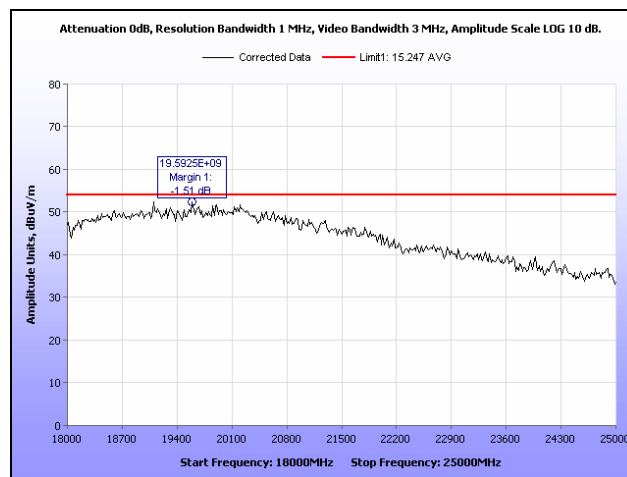
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 2.4 GHz



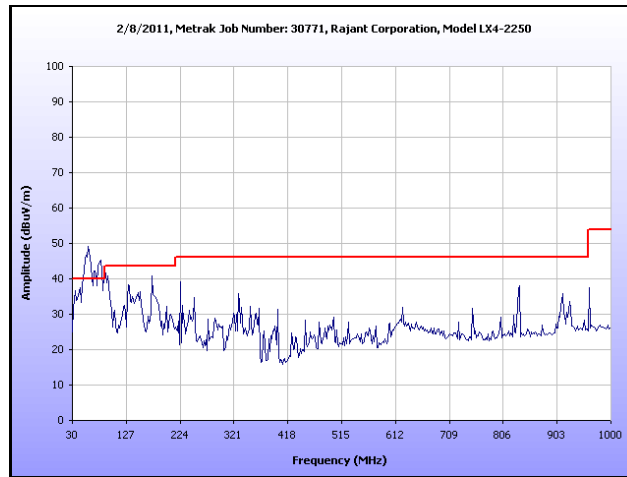
Plot 28. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, b Mode, 2.4 GHz



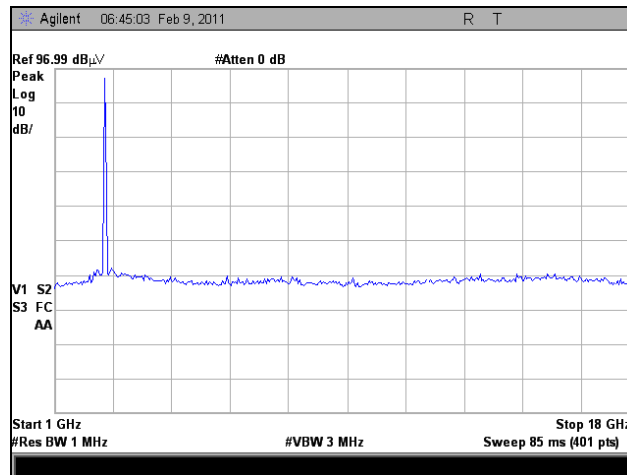
Plot 29. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, b Mode, 2.4 GHz



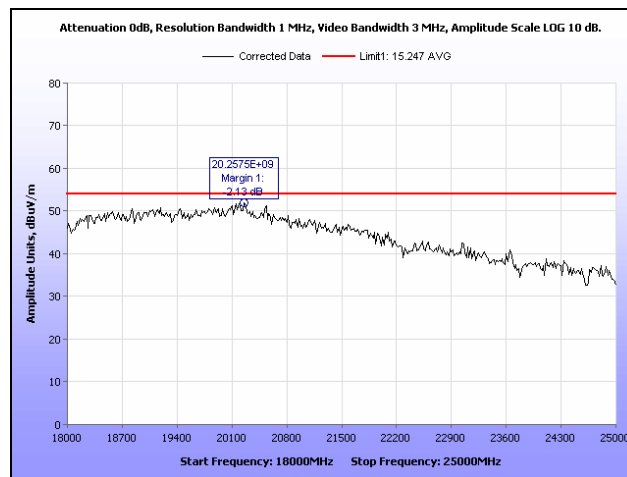
Plot 30. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 25 GHz, b Mode, 2.4 GHz



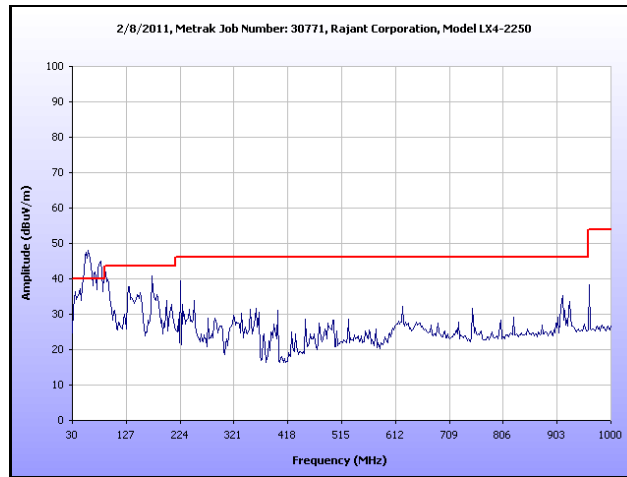
Plot 31. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, b Mode, 2.4 GHz



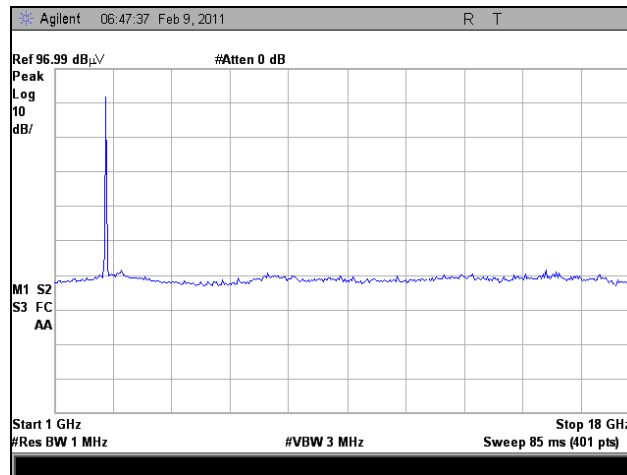
Plot 32. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, b Mode, 2.4 GHz



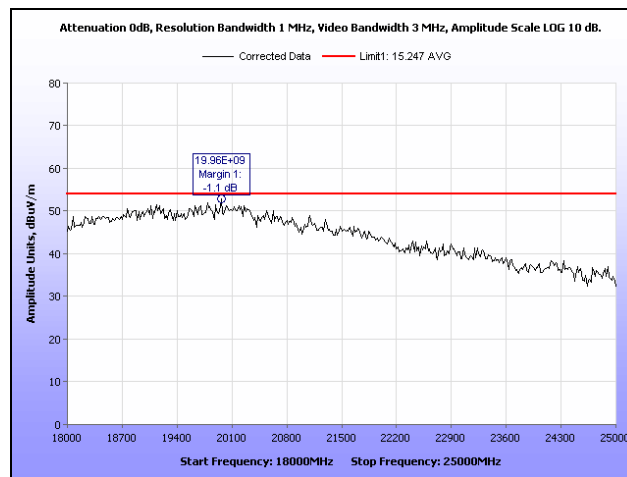
Plot 33. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 18 GHz – 25 GHz, b Mode, 2.4 GHz



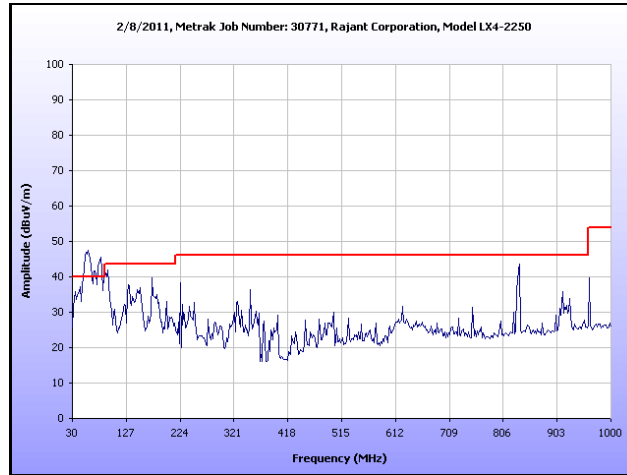
Plot 34. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, b Mode, 2.4 GHz



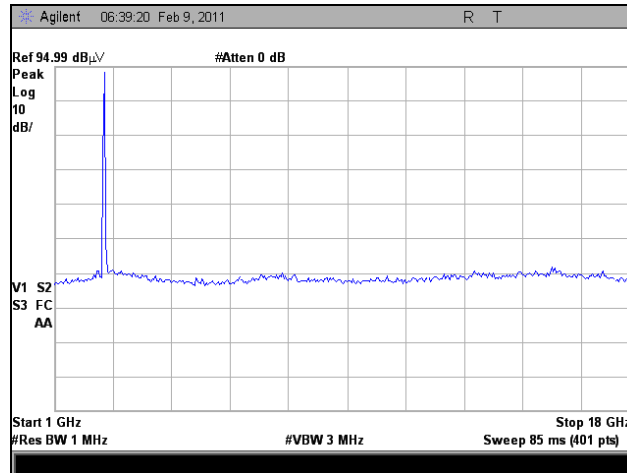
Plot 35. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, b Mode, 2.4 GHz



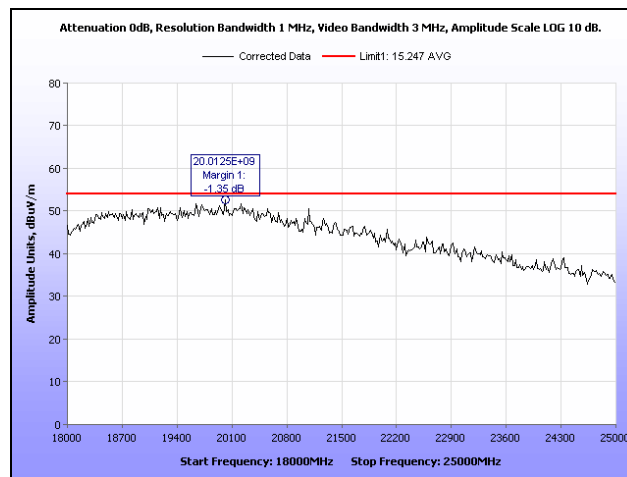
Plot 36. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 18 GHz – 25 GHz, b Mode, 2.4 GHz



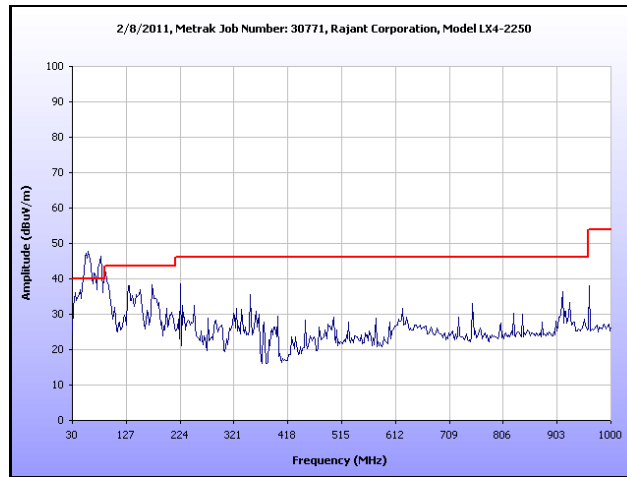
Plot 37. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, g Mode, 2.4 GHz



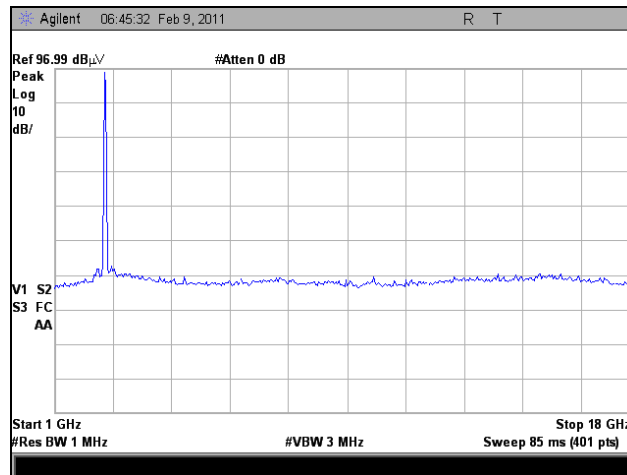
Plot 38. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, g Mode, 2.4 GHz



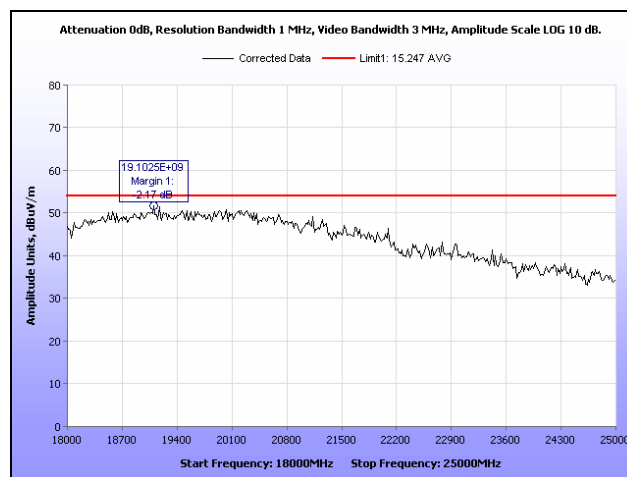
Plot 39. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 25 GHz, g Mode, 2.4 GHz



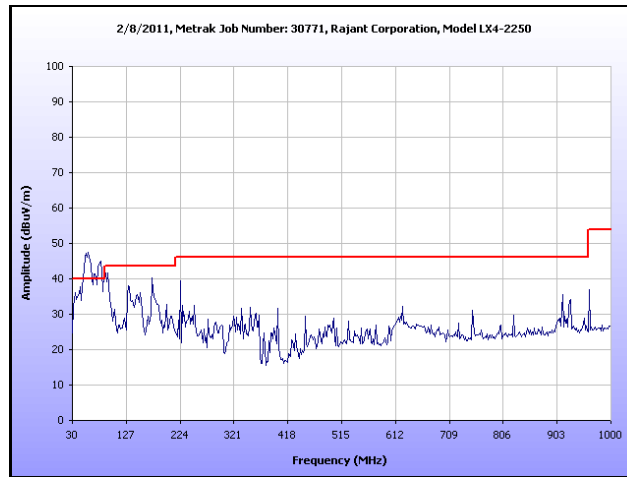
Plot 40. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, g Mode, 2.4 GHz



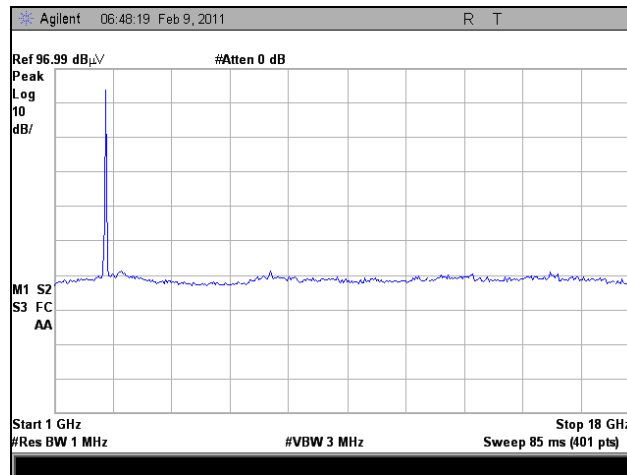
Plot 41. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, g Mode, 2.4 GHz



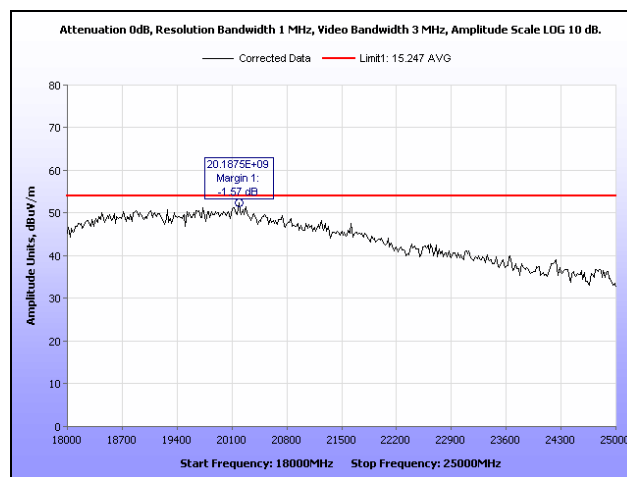
Plot 42. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 18 GHz – 25 GHz, g Mode, 2.4 GHz



Plot 43. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, g Mode, 2.4 GHz



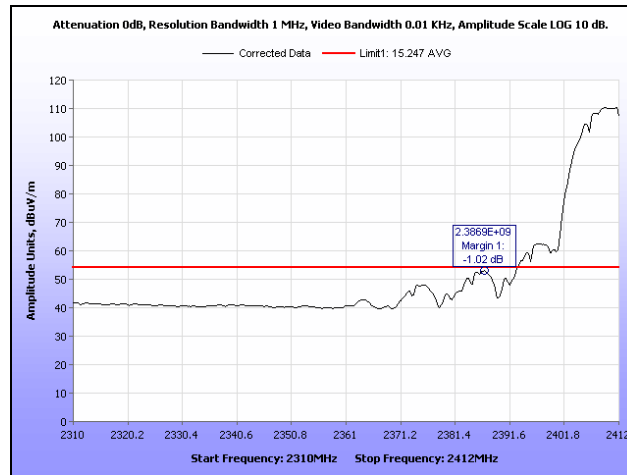
Plot 44. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, g Mode, 2.4 GHz



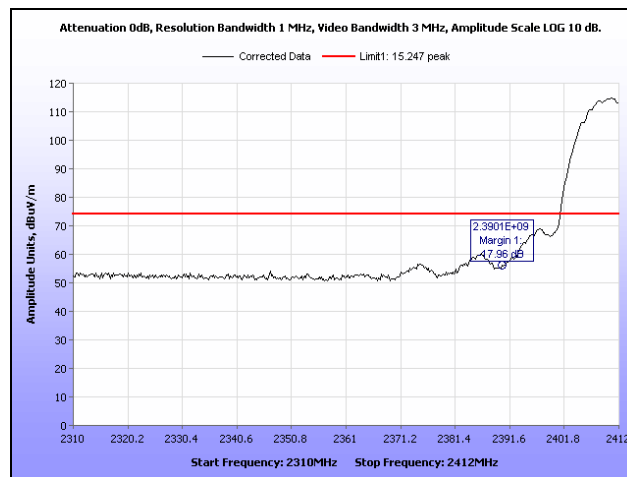
Plot 45. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 18 GHz – 25 GHz, g Mode, 2.4 GHz

Radiated Band Edge Measurements

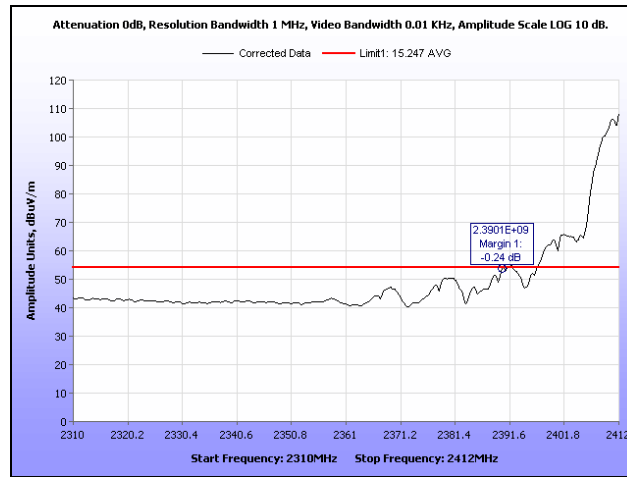
Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.



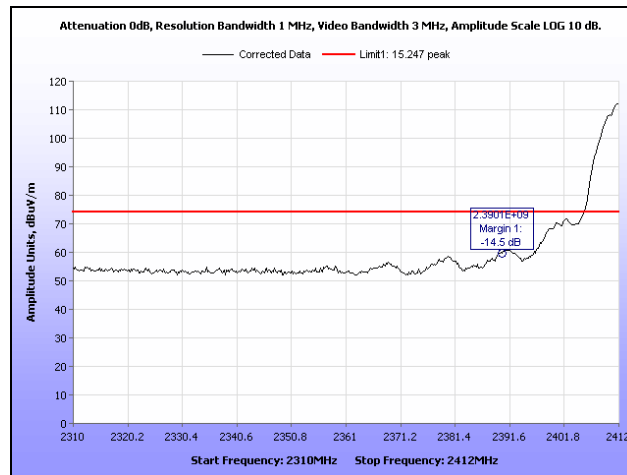
Plot 46. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 1, Average, 2.4 GHz



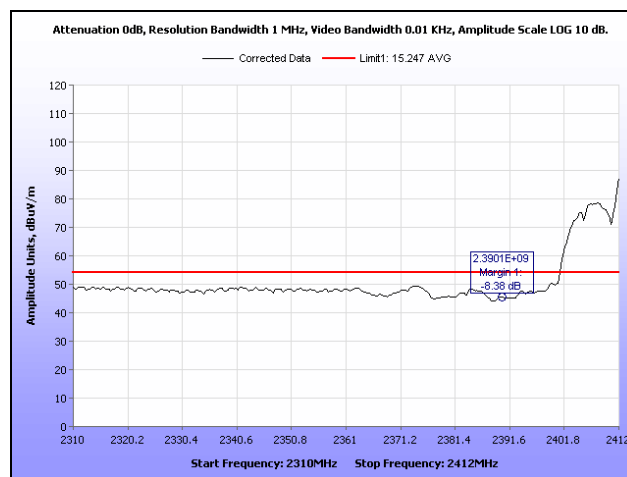
Plot 47. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 1, Peak, 2.4 GHz



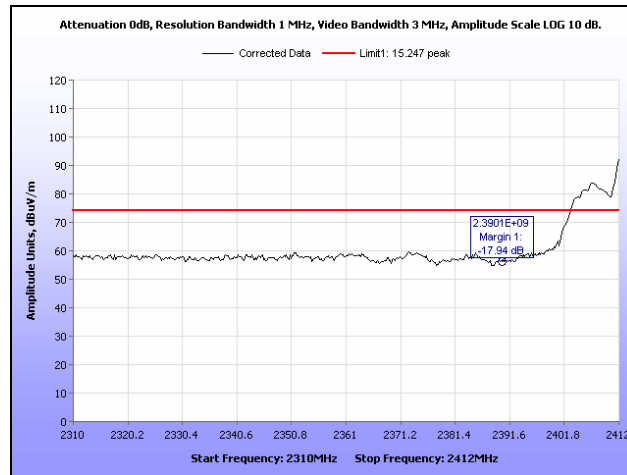
Plot 48. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 2, Average, 2.4 GHz



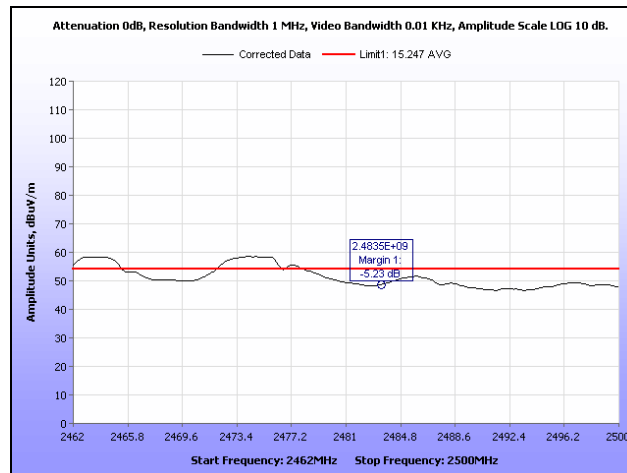
Plot 49. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 2, Peak, 2.4 GHz



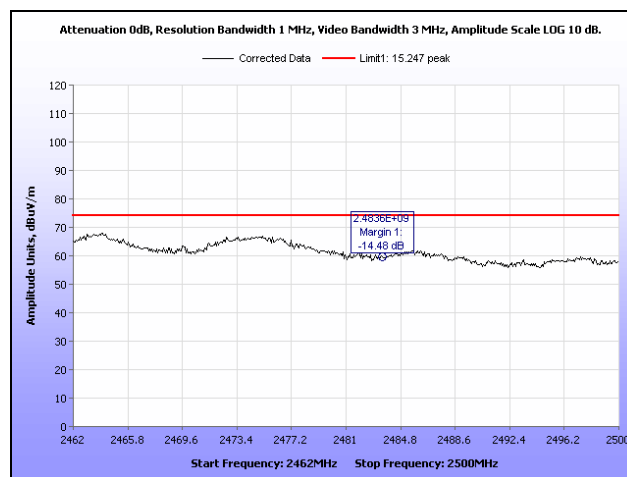
Plot 50. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 3, Average, 2.4 GHz



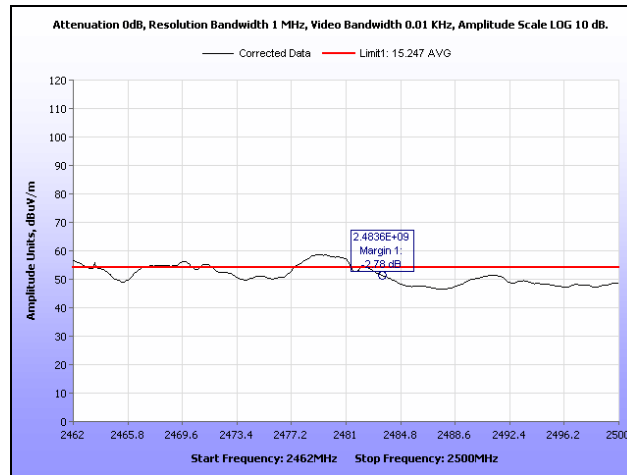
Plot 51. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 3, Peak, 2.4 GHz



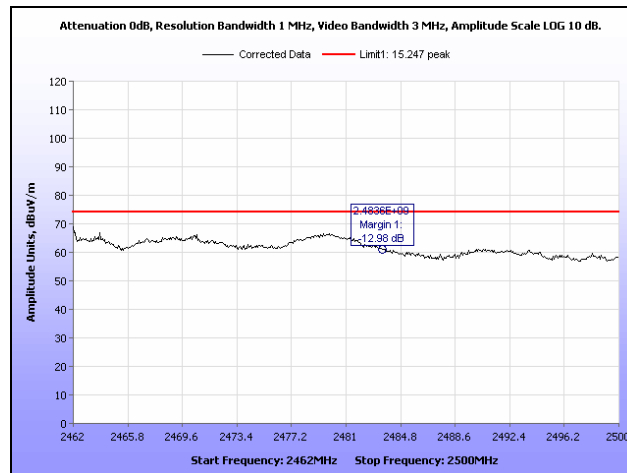
Plot 52. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 4, Average, High End, 2.4 GHz



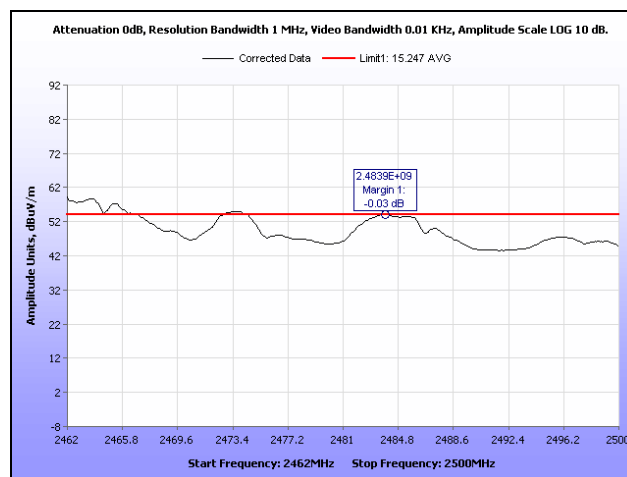
Plot 53. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 4, Peak, High End, 2.4 GHz



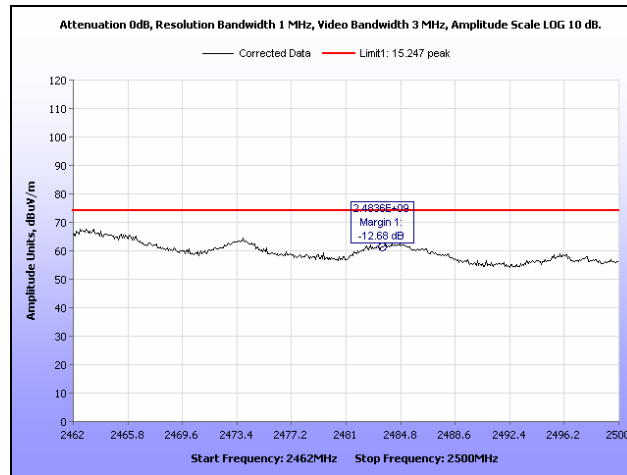
Plot 54. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 5, Average, 2.4 GHz



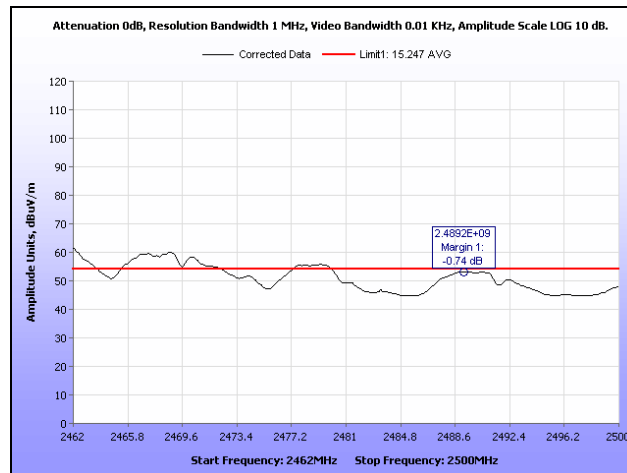
Plot 55. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 5, Peak, 2.4 GHz



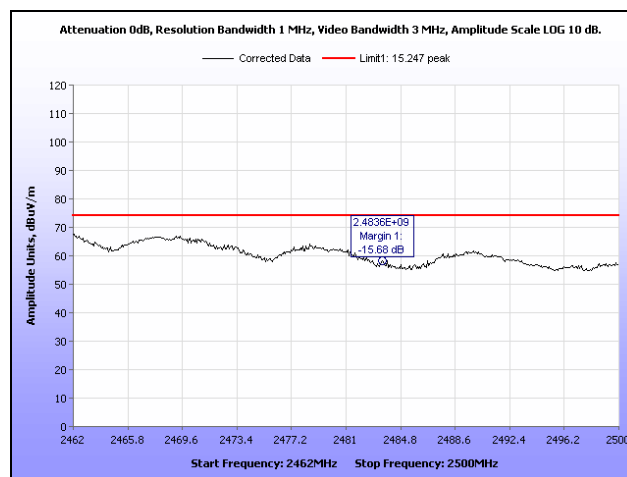
Plot 56. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 6, Average, 2.4 GHz



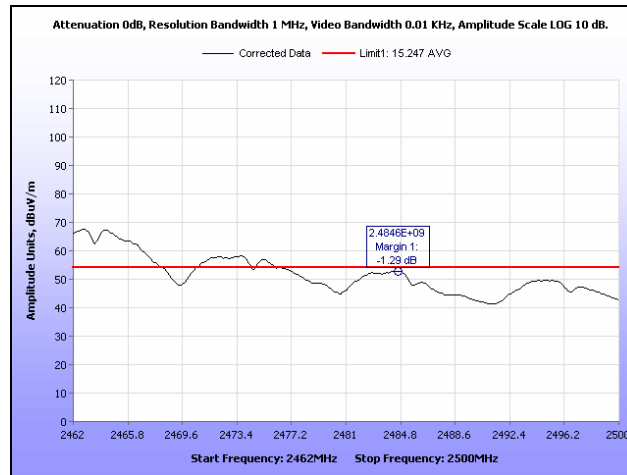
Plot 57. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 6, Peak, 2.4 GHz



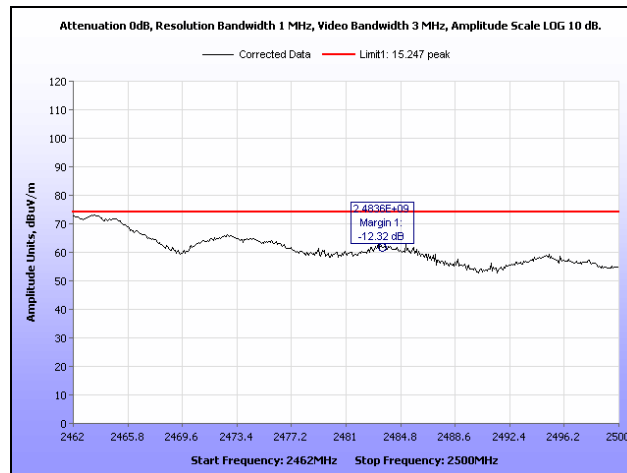
Plot 58. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 7, Average, 2.4 GHz



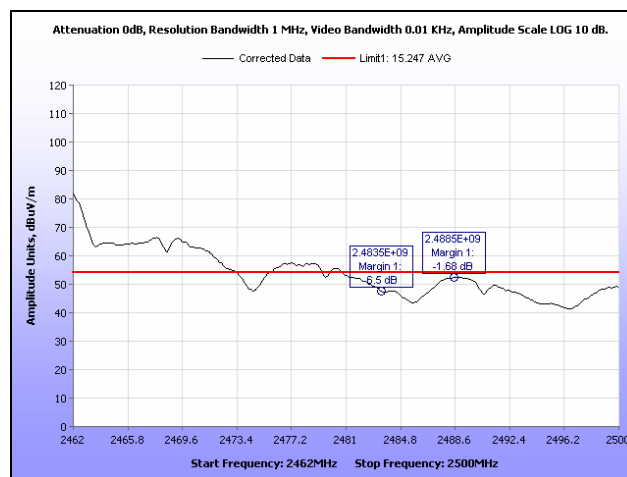
Plot 59. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 7, Peak, 2.4 GHz



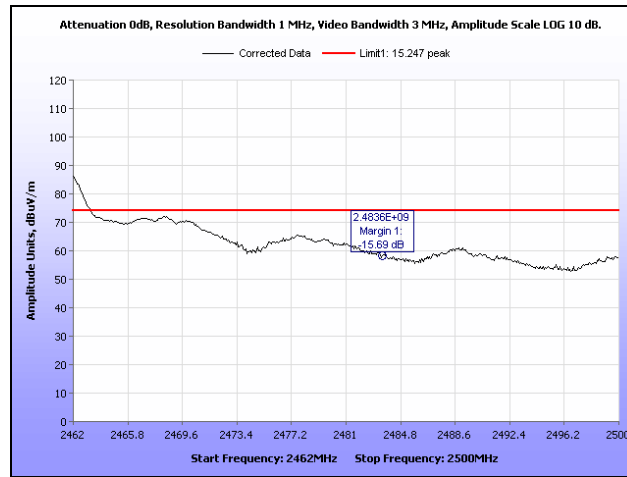
Plot 60. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 8, Average, 2.4 GHz



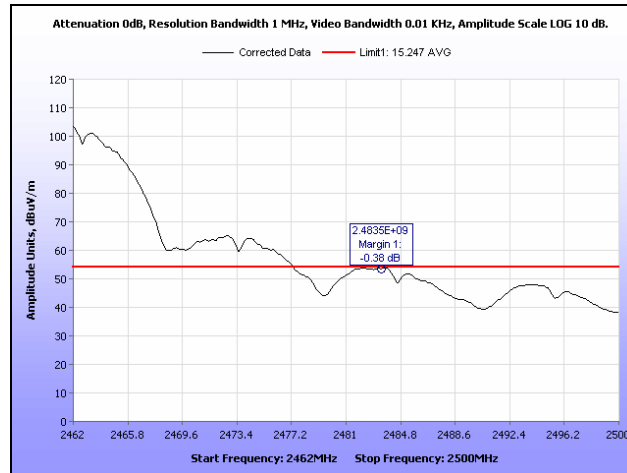
Plot 61. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 8, Peak, 2.4 GHz



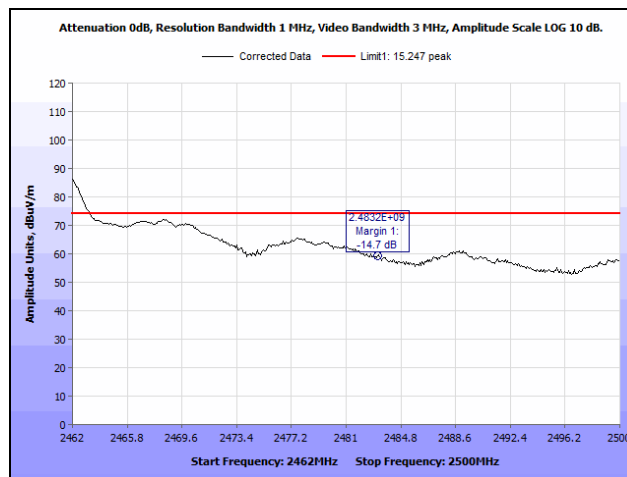
Plot 62. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 9, Average, 2.4 GHz



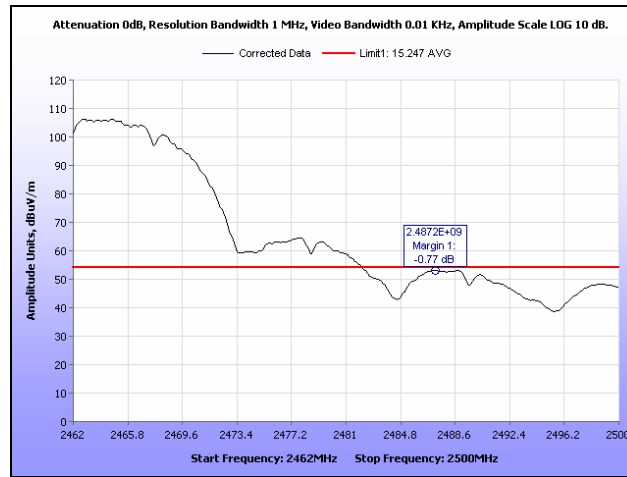
Plot 63. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 9, Peak, 2.4 GHz



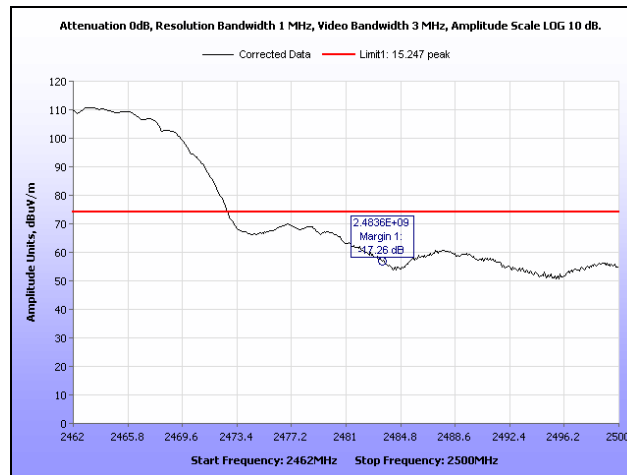
Plot 64. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 10, Average, 2.4 GHz



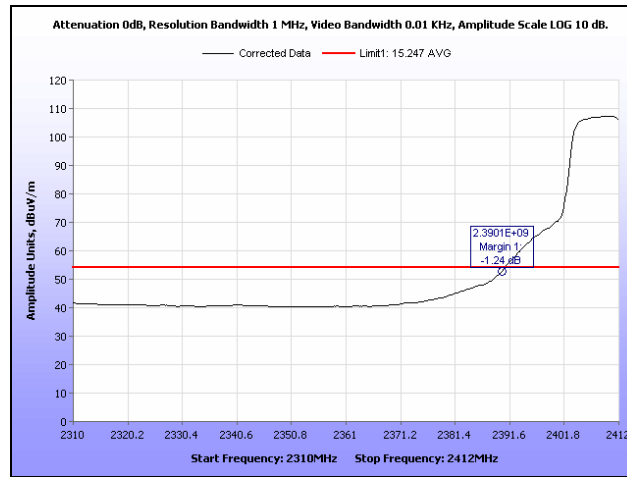
Plot 65. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 10, Peak, 2.4 GHz



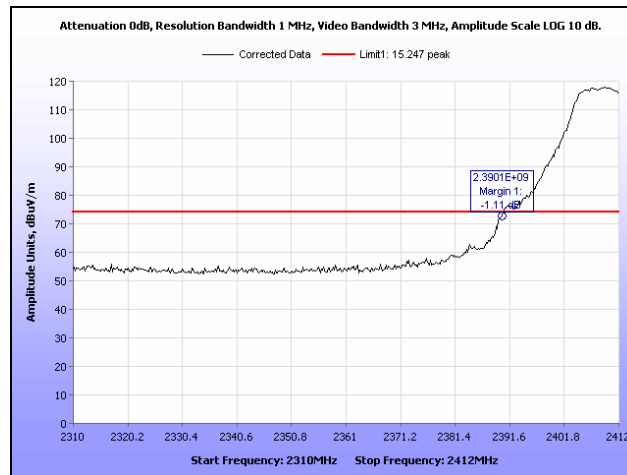
Plot 66. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 11, Average, 2.4 GHz



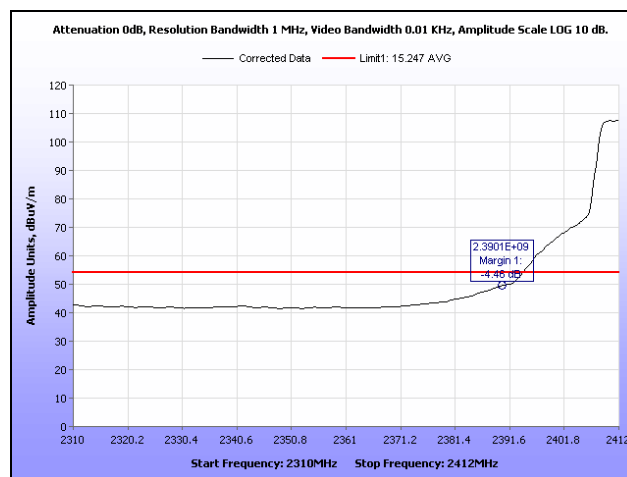
Plot 67. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, b Mode, Channel 11, Peak, 2.4 GHz



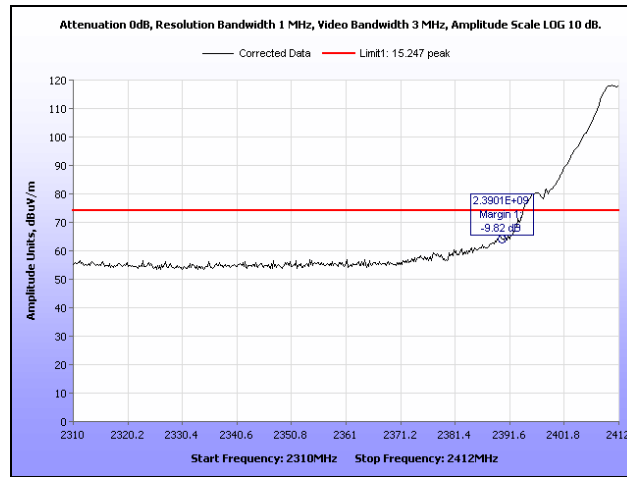
Plot 68. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 1, Average, 2.4 GHz



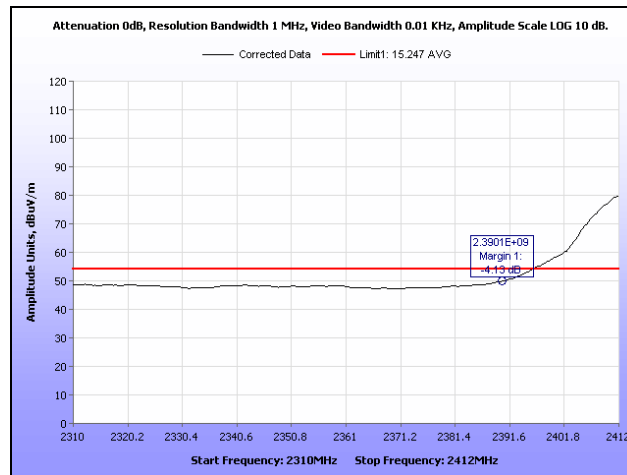
Plot 69. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 1, Peak, 2.4 GHz



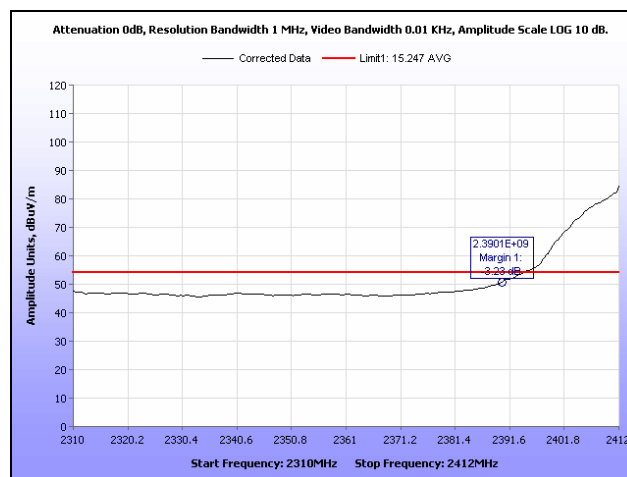
Plot 70. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 2, Average, 2.4 GHz



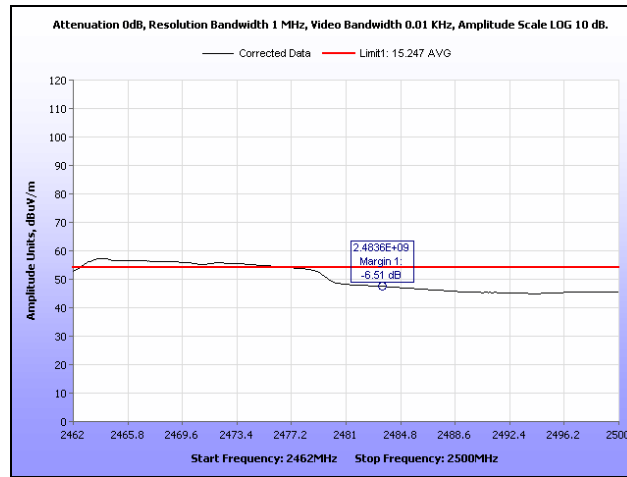
Plot 71. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 2, Peak, 2.4 GHz



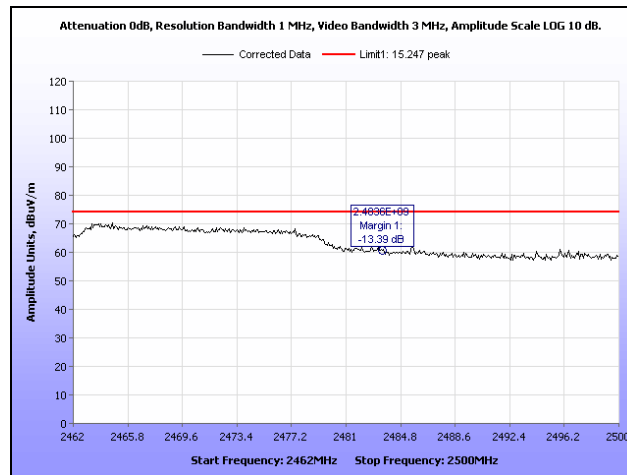
Plot 72. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 3, Average, 2.4 GHz



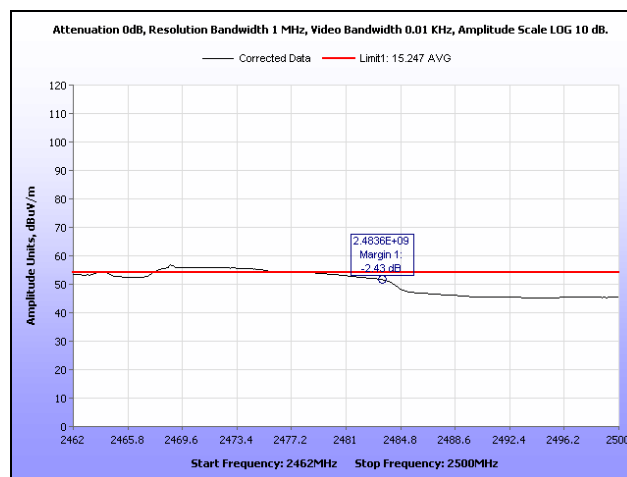
Plot 73. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 3, Peak, 2.4 GHz



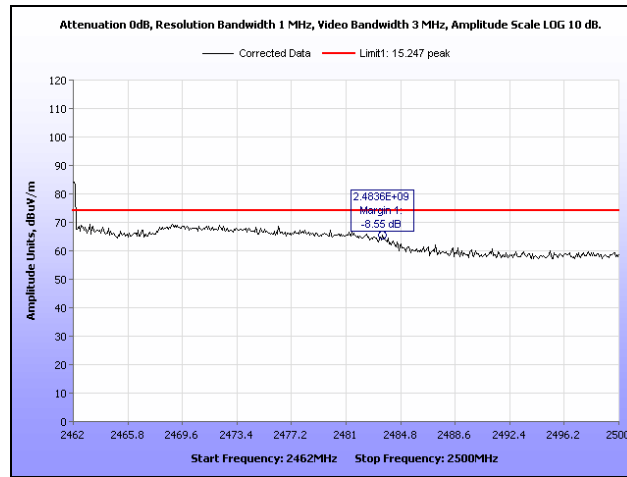
Plot 74. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 4, Average, High End, 2.4 GHz



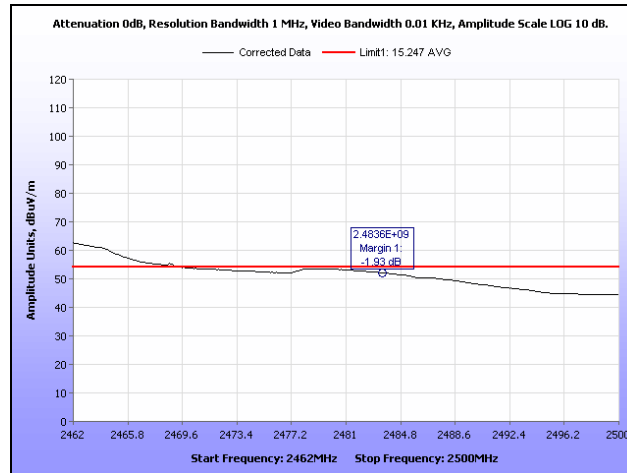
Plot 75. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 4, Peak, High End, 2.4 GHz



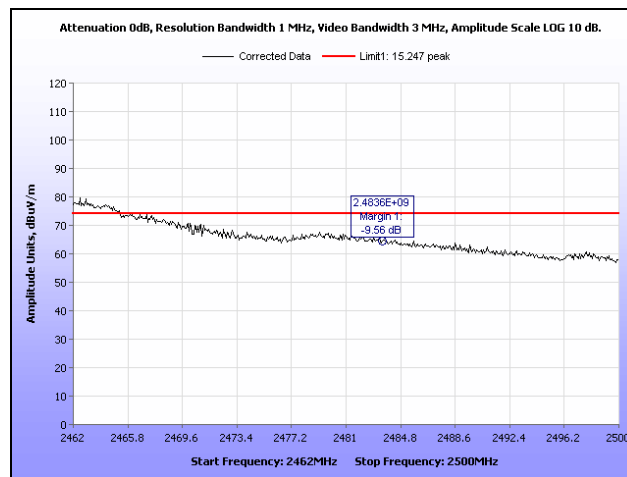
Plot 76. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 5, Average, 2.4 GHz



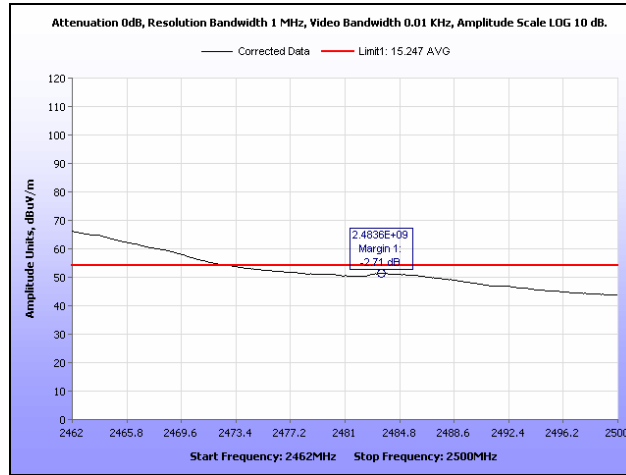
Plot 77. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 5, Peak, 2.4 GHz



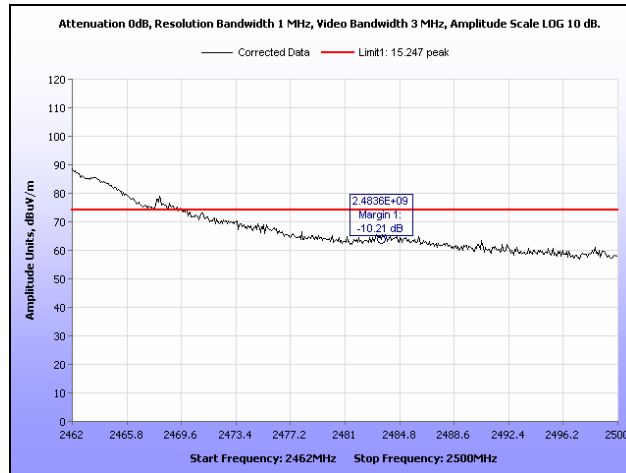
Plot 78. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 7, Average, 2.4 GHz



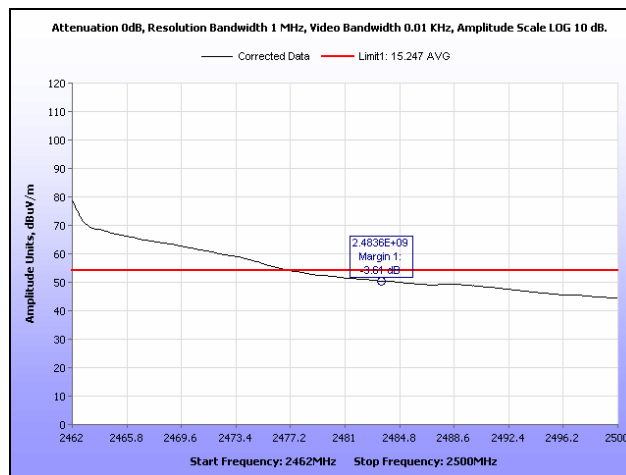
Plot 79. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 7, Peak, 2.4 GHz



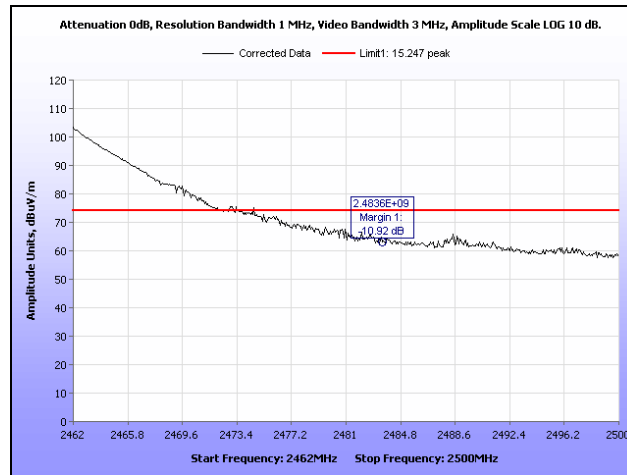
Plot 80. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 8, Average, 2.4 GHz



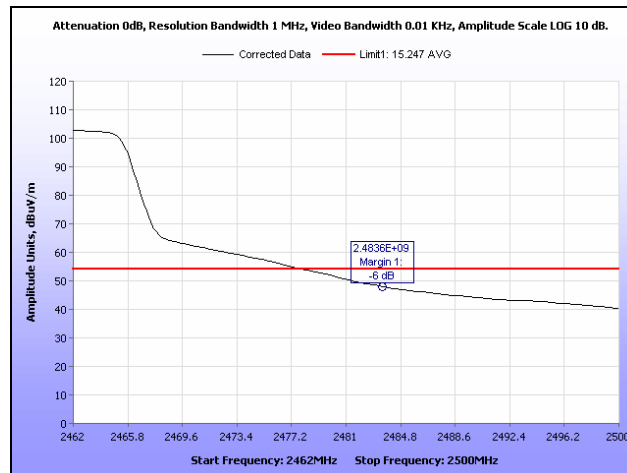
Plot 81. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 8, Peak, 2.4 GHz



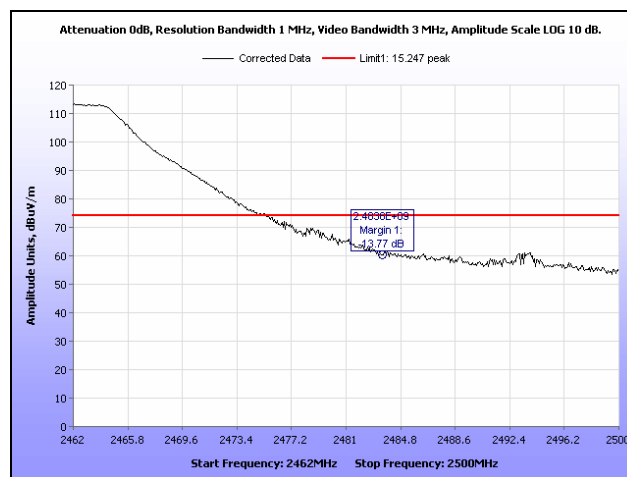
Plot 82. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 9, Average, 2.4 GHz



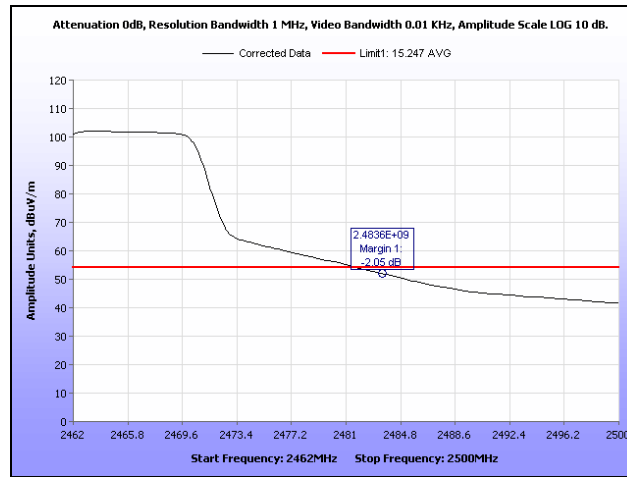
Plot 83. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 9, Peak, 2.4 GHz



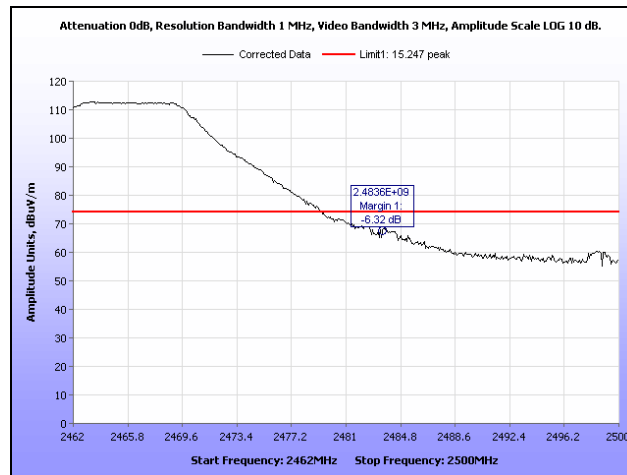
Plot 84. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 10, Average, 2.4 GHz



Plot 85. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 10, Peak, 2.4 GHz



Plot 86. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 11, Average, 2.4 GHz



Plot 87. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, g Mode, Channel 11, Peak, 2.4 GHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement: **15.247(d)** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

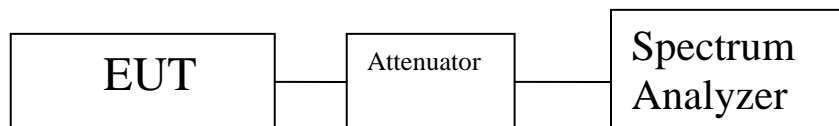
Test Procedure: For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

For frequencies 1-18GHz, measurements were made at coupler port of a 20dB directional coupler. The output of the coupler was terminated by a 50Ω load. For frequencies 18-40GHz a HP11970A and HP11970K harmonic mixer was used. Each harmonic mixer was fed with a SMA to wave guide adapter.

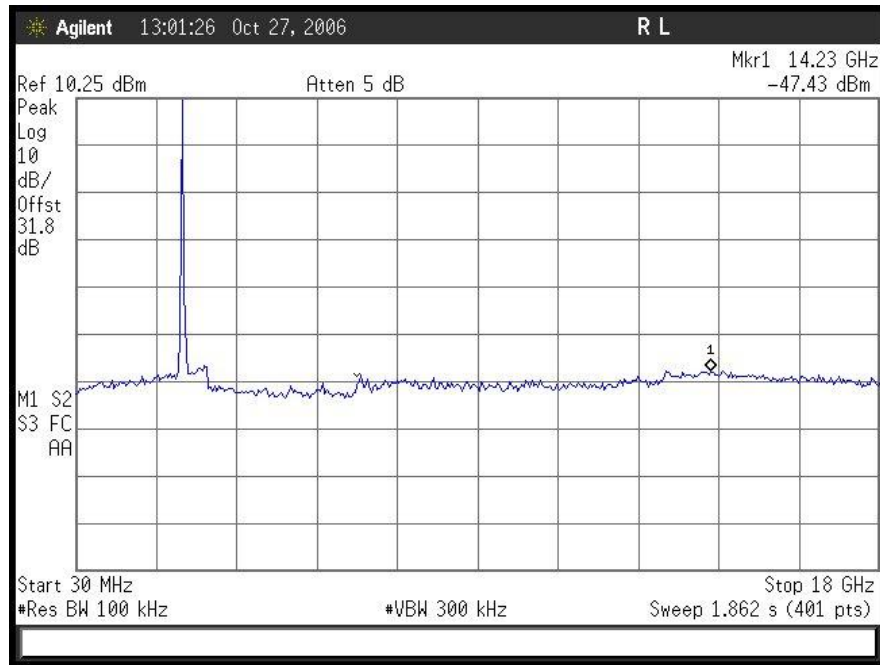
Test Results: Equipment complies with the Spurious Emissions Requirements – Radiated and RF Conducted limits of § 15.247 (c). For Radiated Emissions result, refer to section “§15.209: Radiated Emission Limits”. See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions and §15.205. Please refer to FCC ID: VJA-DLM108RJT for 900 MHz compliance.

Test Approved By: Dusmantha Tennakoon

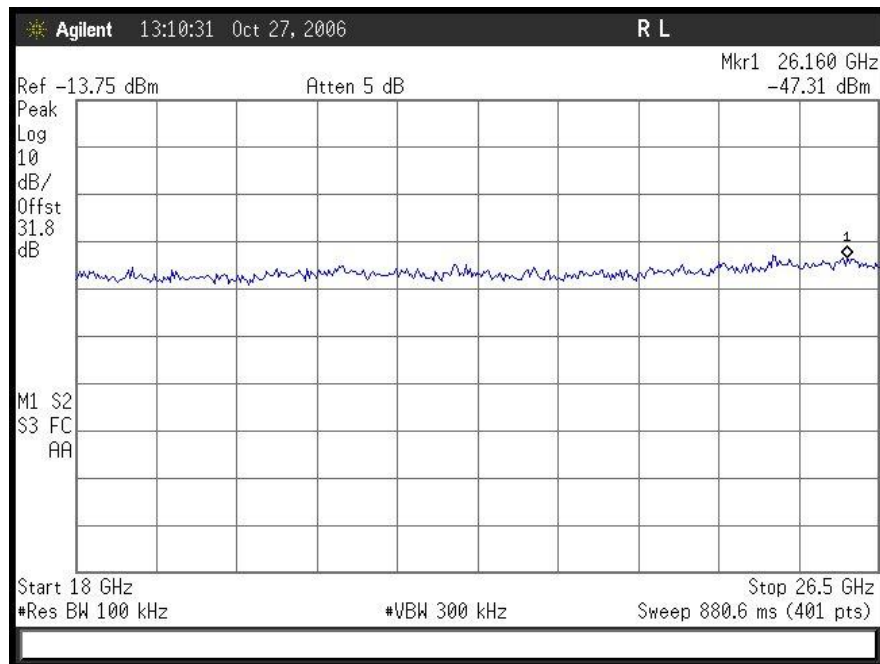
Test Date(s): 10/27/06



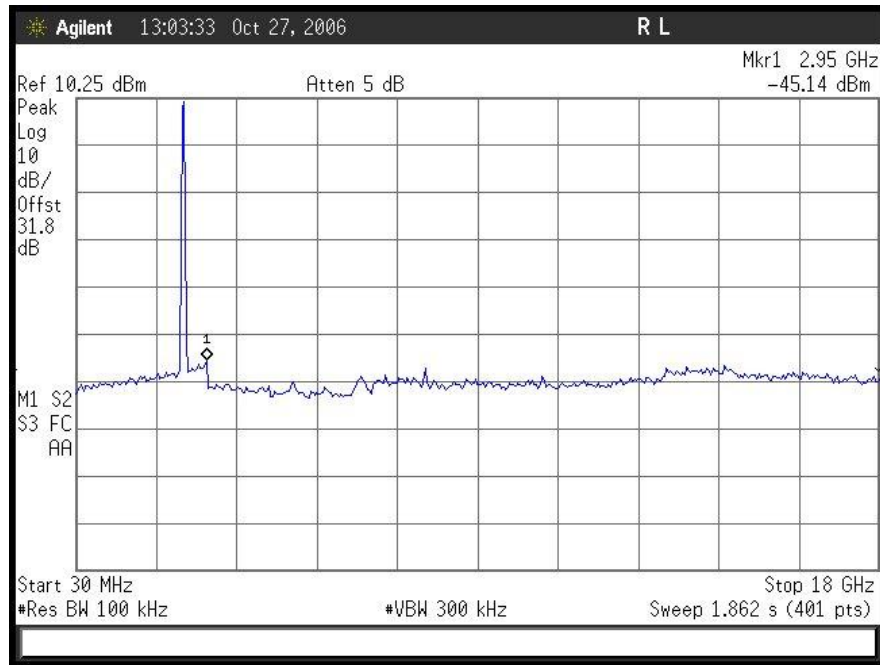
Block Diagram 2. Spurious Conducted Emissions Test Setup



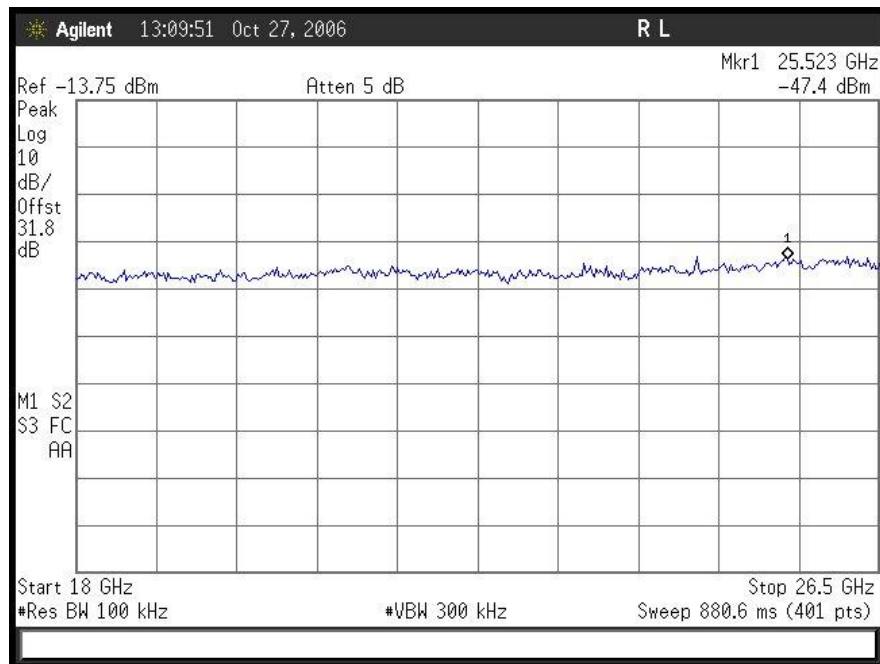
Plot 88. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11b, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 18 GHz



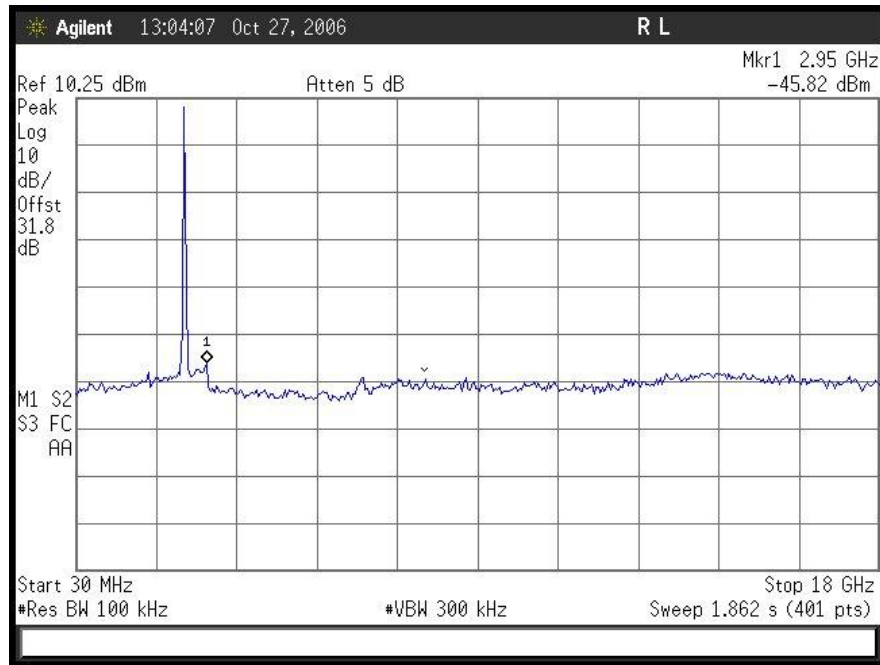
Plot 89. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11b, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz



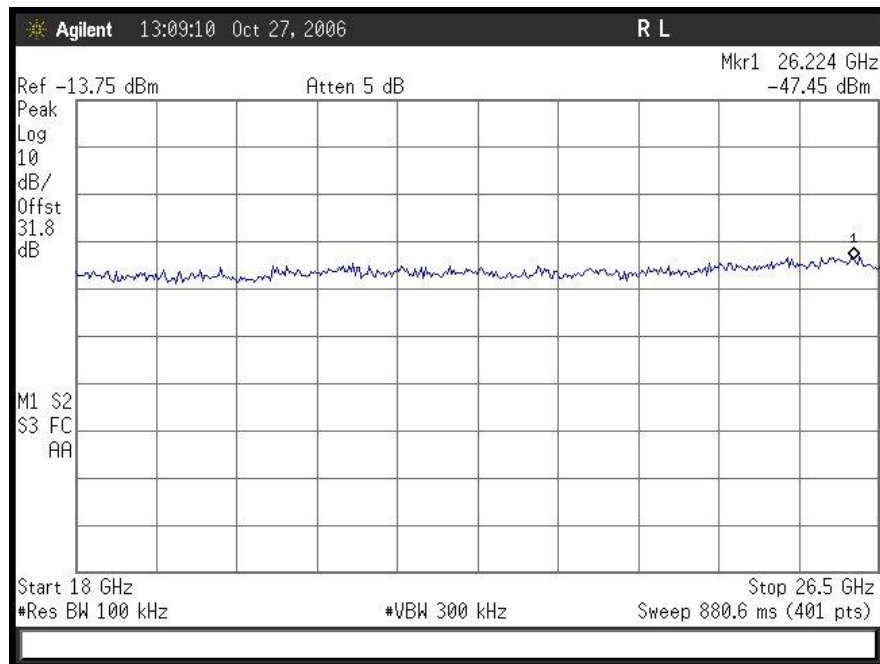
Plot 90. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11b, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 18 GHz



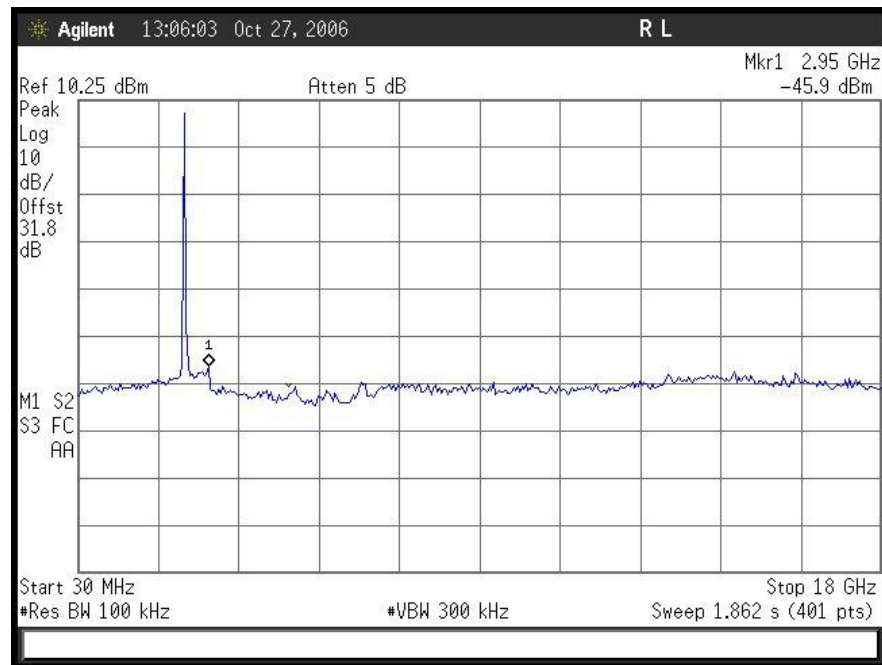
Plot 91. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11b, Mid Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz



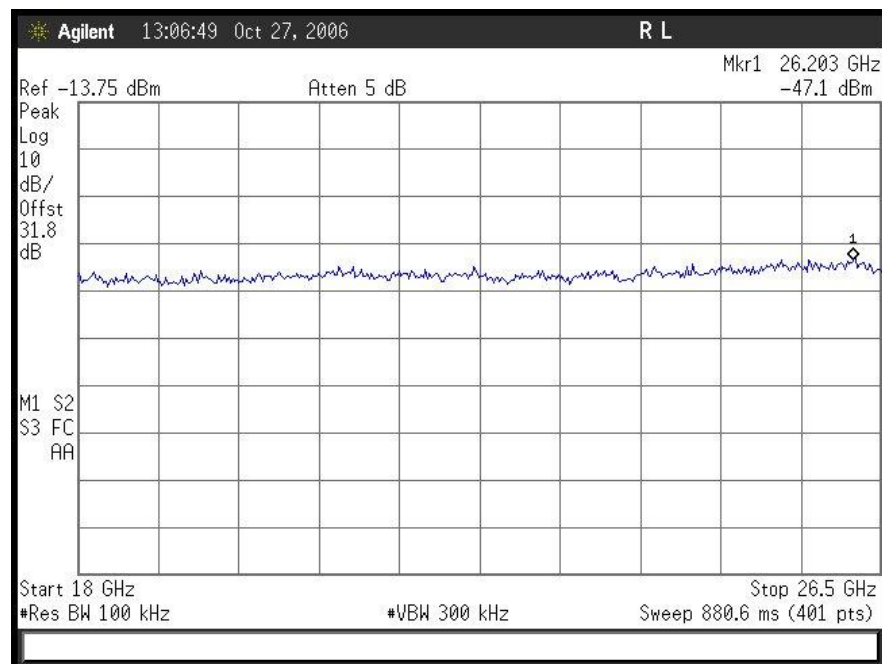
Plot 92. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11b, High Channel, 30 MHz – 18 GHz



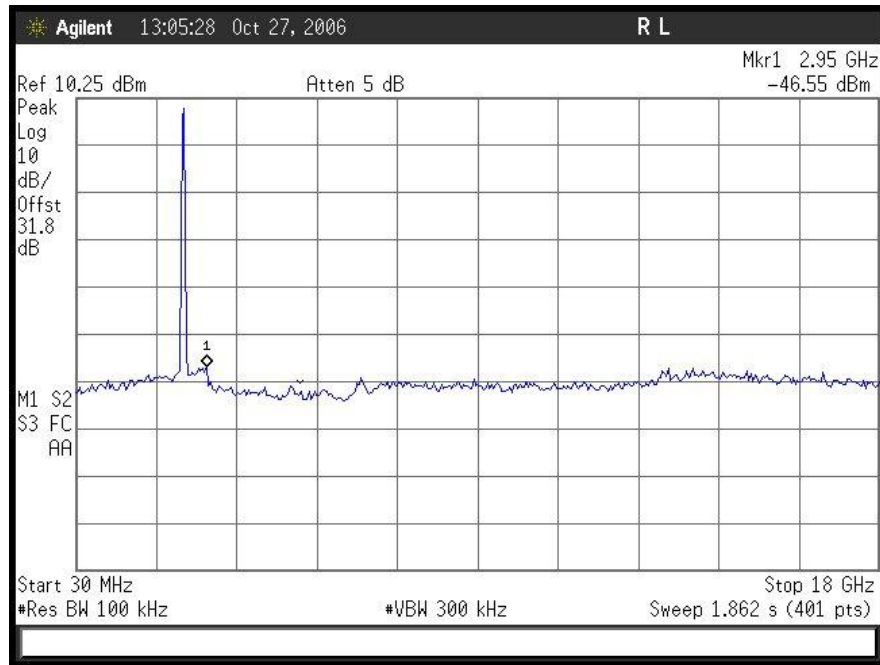
Plot 93. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11b, High Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz



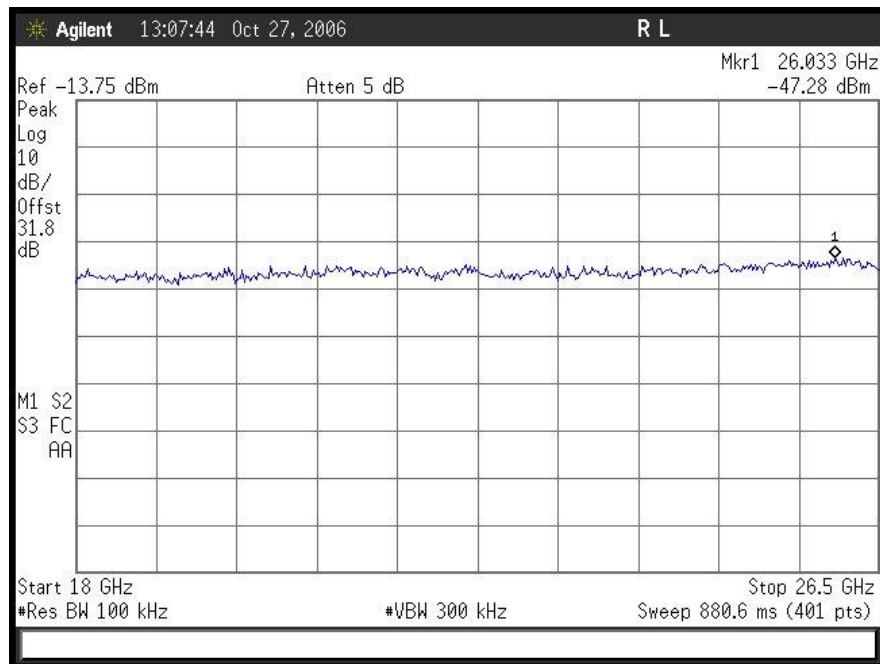
Plot 94. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11g, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 18 GHz



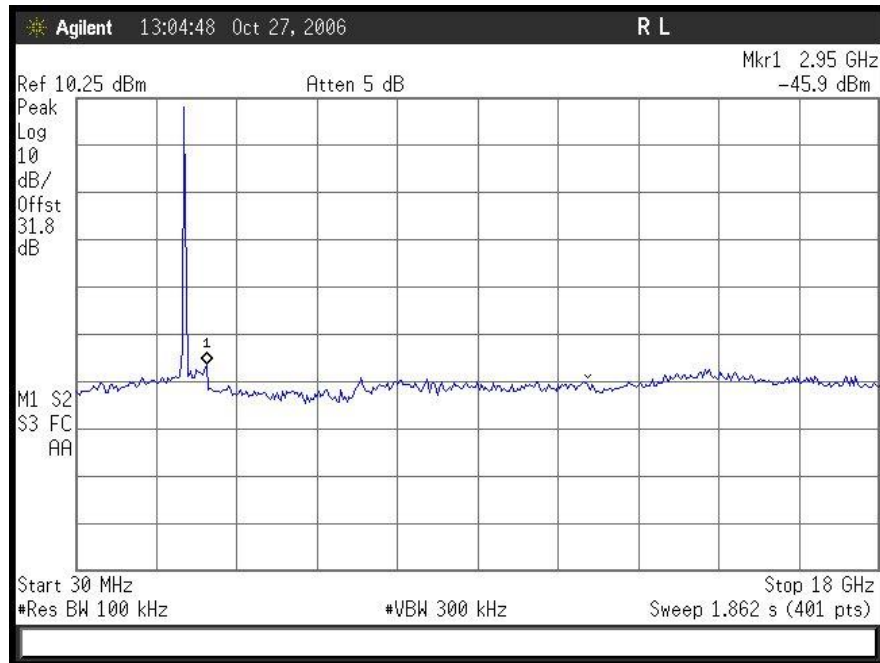
Plot 95. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11g, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz



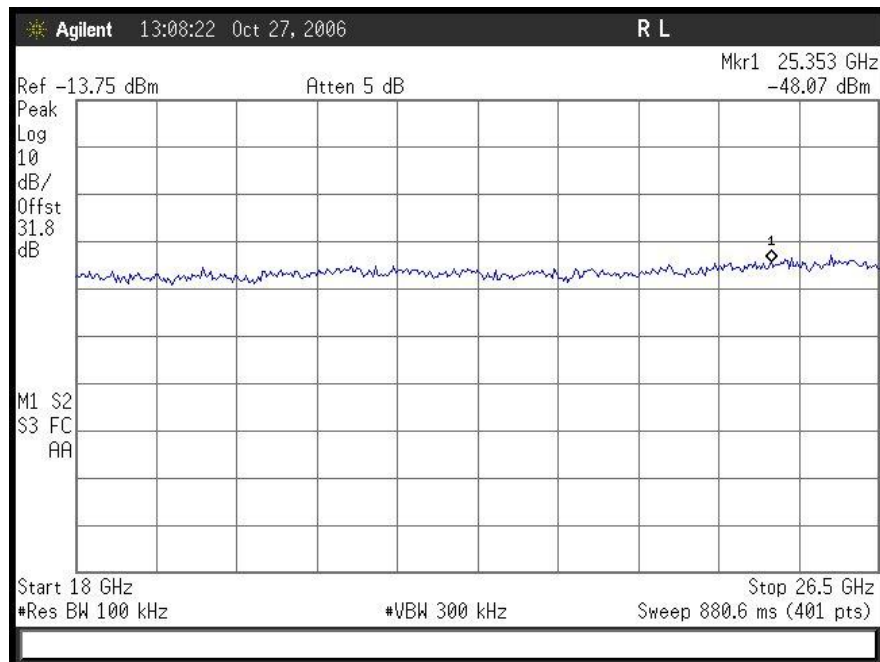
Plot 96. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11g, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 18 GHz



Plot 97. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11g, Mid Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz



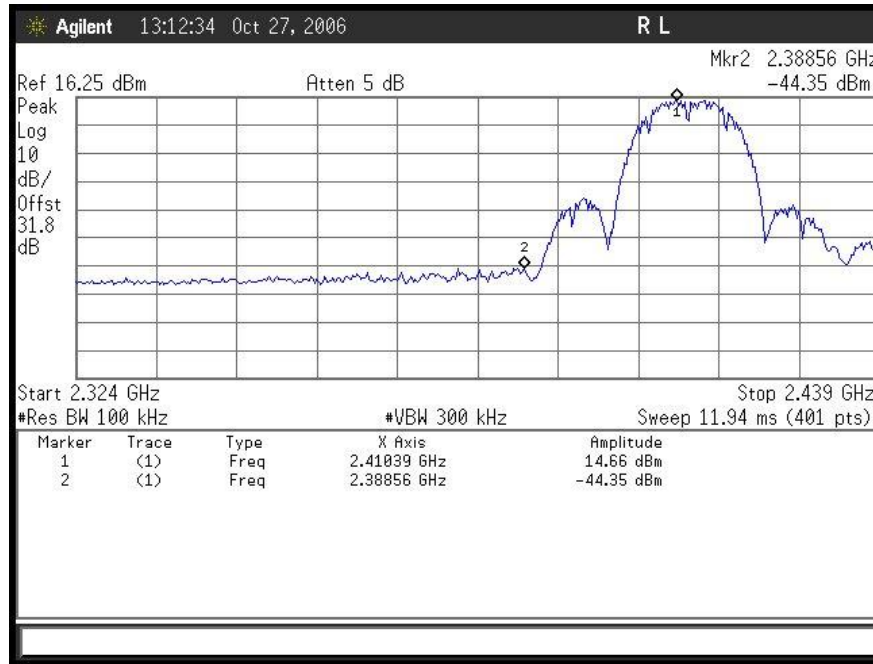
Plot 98. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11g, High Channel, 30 MHz – 18 GHz



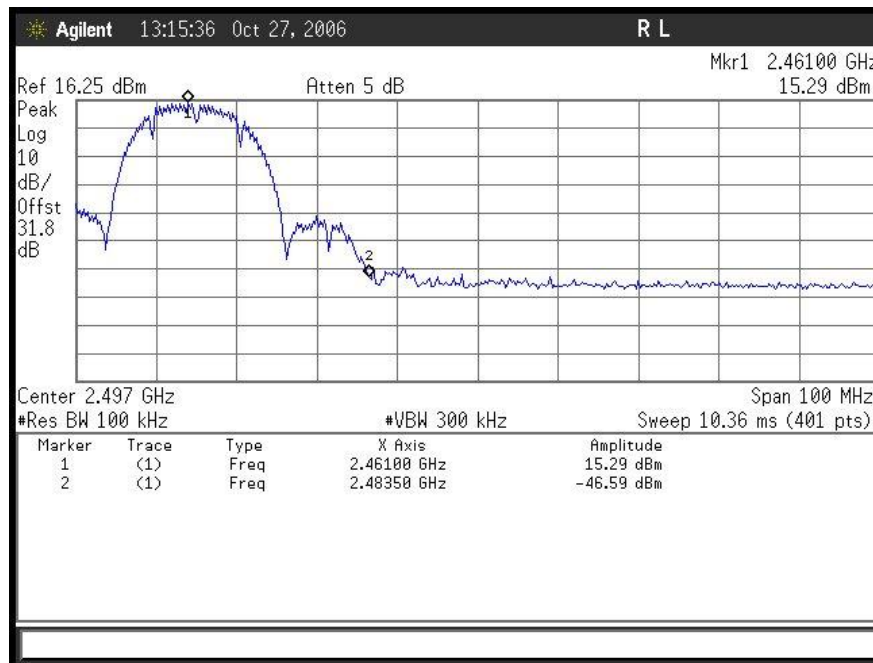
Plot 99. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 802.11g, High Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.205 Spurious Emissions Requirements –Band Edge (Conducted)



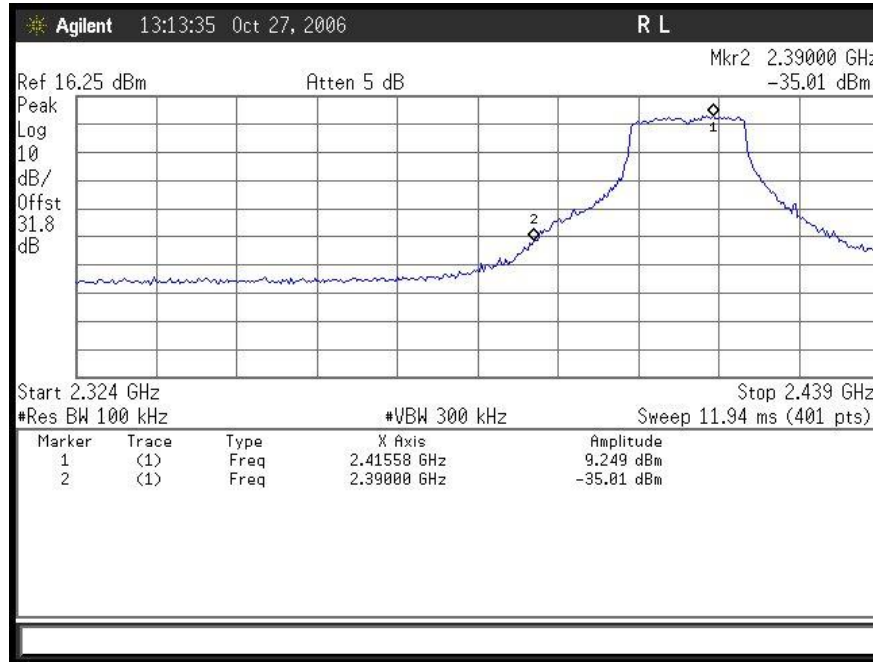
Plot 100. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11b, Low Channel



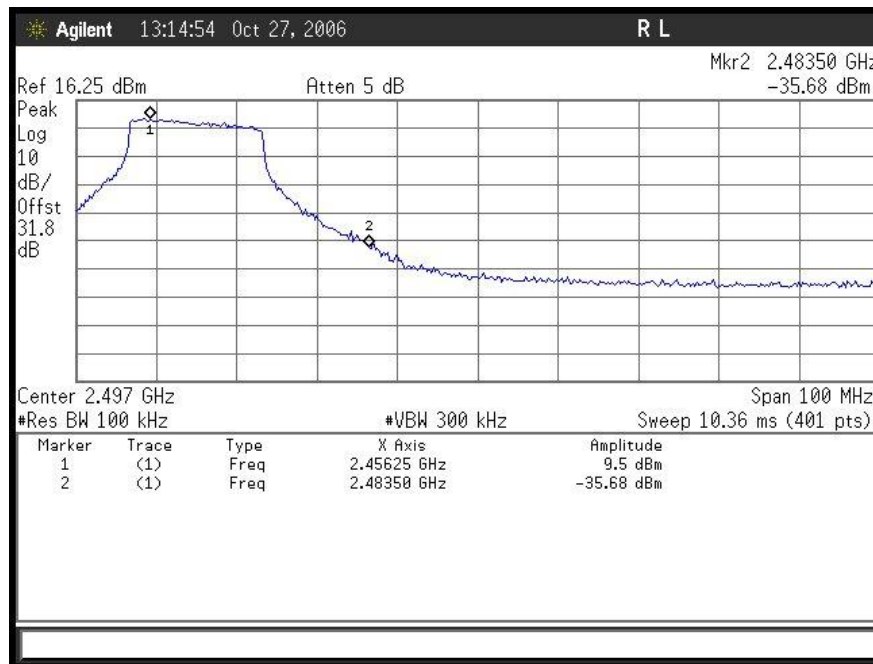
Plot 101. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11b, High Channel

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.205 Spurious Emissions Requirements –Band Edge (Conducted)



Plot 102. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11g, Low Channel



Plot 103. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11g, High Channel

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Peak Power Meter. The power level was set to the maximum level. The RBW and VBW were set to 3 kHz and a SPAN of 3.0 MHz with a 100 second sweep to the Spectrum Analyzer. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results: Equipment complies with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e). The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s). Please refer to FCC ID: VJA-DLM108RJT for 900 MHz compliance.

Test Approved By: Dusmantha Tennakoon

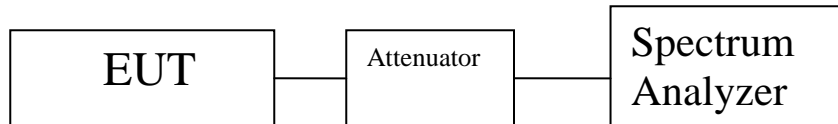
Test Date: 10/27/06

802.11b				
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PPSP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2412	1.135	8	6.865
Mid	2437	1.643	8	6.357
High	2462	1.678	8	6.322

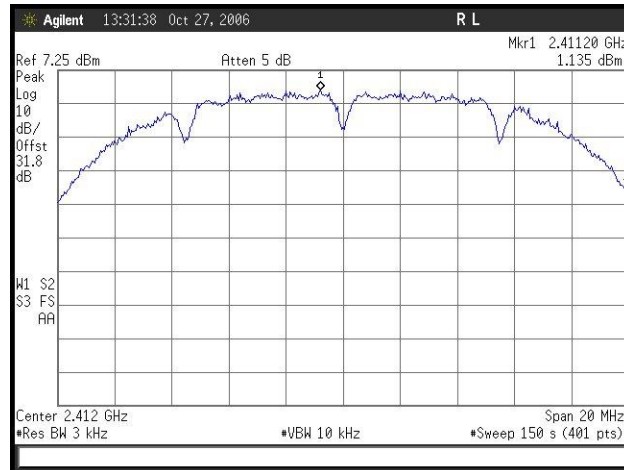
Table 22. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results, 802.11b

802.11g				
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PPSP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2412	4.368	8	3.632
Mid	2437	-1.181	8	9.181
High	2462	-0.323	8	8.323

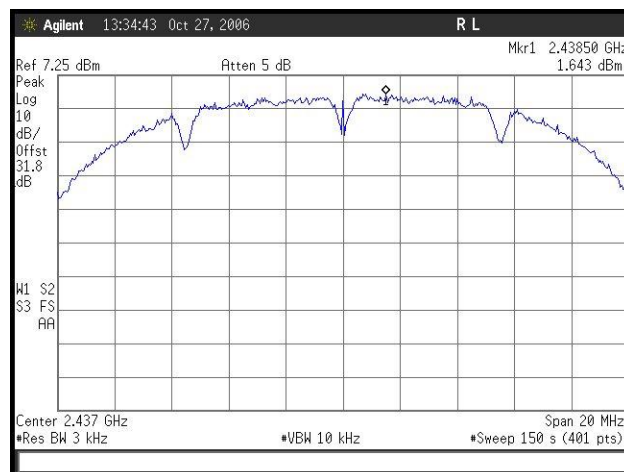
Table 23. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results, 802.11g



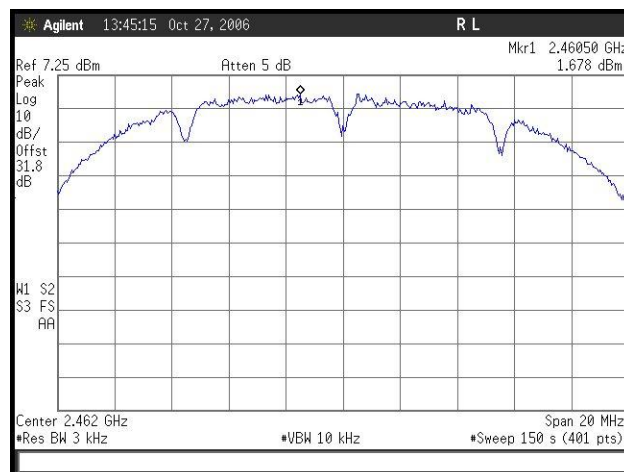
Block Diagram 3. Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup



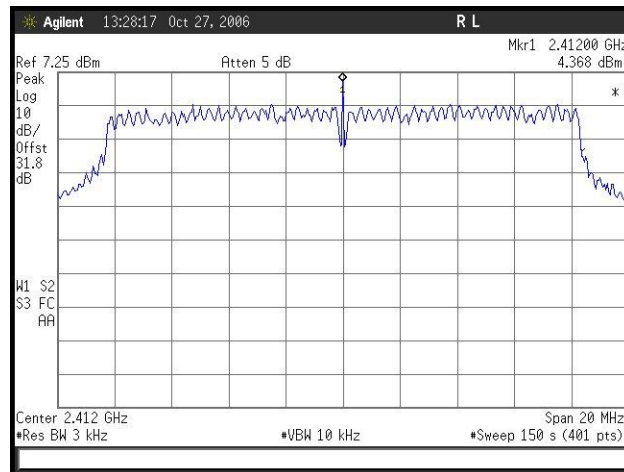
Plot 104. Peak Power Spectral Density, 802.11b, Low Channel



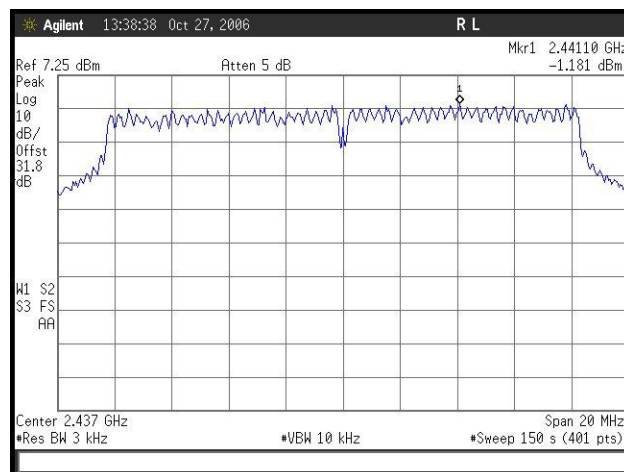
Plot 105. Peak Power Spectral Density, 802.11b, Mid Channel



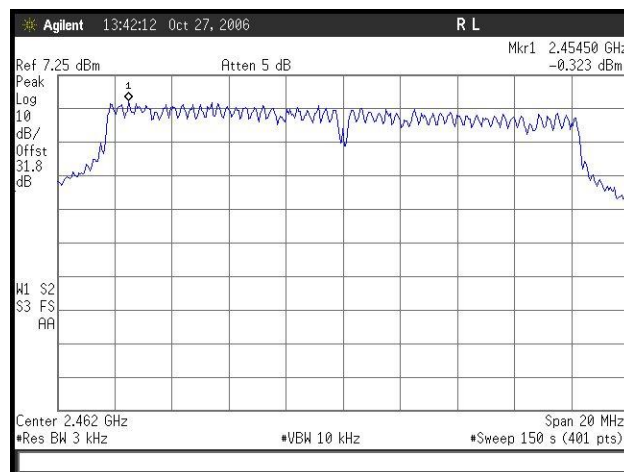
Plot 106. Peak Power Spectral Density, 802.11b, High Channel



Plot 107. Peak Power Spectral Density, 802.11g, Low Channel



Plot 108. Peak Power Spectral Density, 802.11g, Mid Channel



Plot 109. Peak Power Spectral Density, 802.11g, High Channel

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the requirements of this section.

2.4 GHz Band

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

$$\frac{(582.1 \text{ mW})(3.16)}{4\pi(25)^2}$$

$$S1 = 0.234 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

900 MHz

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

$$\frac{(933.3 \text{ mW})(3.16)}{4\pi(25)^2}$$

$$S3 = 0.375 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

1. All three radios co-located and transmitting simultaneously.

S	Power density (mW/cm ²)	General Population Limit (mW/cm ²)	S as a fraction of the limit (%)
S1	0.234	1	23.4
S3	0.375	0.61	61.5

The total percentages do not exceed 100 % per OET 65 requirements when the spectral power density is calculated at least 25cm away from the unit.

Therefore, the EUTs meet the Uncontrolled Exposure limit.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

RSS-GEN Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements

Test Requirements: The following receiver spurious emission limits shall be complied with:

- (a) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table 24.

Spurious Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/m at 3 metres)
30 – 88	100
88 – 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

Table 24. Spurious Emission Limits for Receivers

- (b) If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with this requirement. Measurements were made radiated. The highest recorded receiver spurs is 45.93 dBuV/m @ 3m.

IV. Test Equipment

Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4502	COMB GENERATOR	COM-POWER	CGC-255	10/06/2010	10/06/2011
1T4503	SHIELDED ROOM	UNIVERSAL SHIELDING CORP	N/A	SEE NOTE	
1T4565	LISN (24 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9252-50-R-24-BNC	10/28/2010	10/28/2011
1T4621	ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4402B	05/31/2011	05/31/2012
1T4563	LISN (10 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9322-50-R-10-BNC	10/28/2010	10/28/2011
1T4758	THERMO-HYGROMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	4040	05/21/2010	05/21/2012
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	06/14/2011	06/14/2012
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	08/23/2010	08/23/2013
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	11/03/2010	11/03/2011
1T4633	THERMO/HYGRO/BAROMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	02-401	03/11/2010	03/11/2012
1T4394	ISOLATION TRANSFORMER	TOPAZ	0111T335	SEE NOTE	
1T4568	RADIATING NOISE SOURCE	MET LABORATORIES	N/A	SEE NOTE	

Table 25. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

V. Certification & User's Manual Information

Certification & User's Manual Information

A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) *The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.*
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
- (i) *Compliance testing*;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.*
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.

Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) *If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.*
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

Certification & User's Manual Information

1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) *In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:*

- (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

- (2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

- (3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

- (a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

- (b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

"At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

Procedural Requirements:

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 4, February 2004:

- Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination on the request of the Minister.
- Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the user's manual.

Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

This Class [²] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe [¹] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

² Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.

End of Report