

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.4 Ω - 7.0 j Ω |
| Return Loss | - 23.1 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.411 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | July 04, 2001 |

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 07.11.2007 15:30:39

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:122

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.939 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.93, 5.93, 5.93); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 58.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

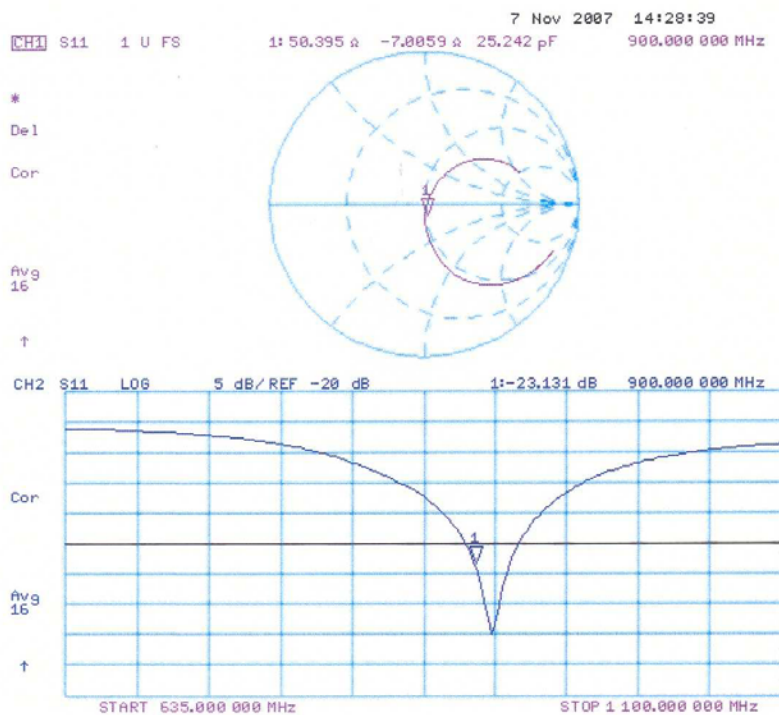
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.74 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



APPENDIX D - TEST SYSTEM VERIFICATIONS SCANS**Liquid Measurement Result**

Testing was performed by Jimmy Nguyen 2008-05-16.

| Simulant | Freq [MHz] | Parameters | Liquid Temp [°C] | Target Value | Measured Value | Deviation [%] | Limits [%] |
|----------|------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|------------|
| Head | 835 | ϵ_r | 22 | 41.5 | 42.1 | 1.45 | ±5 |
| | | σ | 22 | 0.90 | 0.89 | - 1.11 | ±5 |
| | | 1g SAR | 22 | 9.5 | 10.04 | 5.68 | ±10 |

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (BACL)

System Performance Check D835 Head

Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 122

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 11/8/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Post processing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

d=15mm, Pin=0.5W/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.14 mW/g

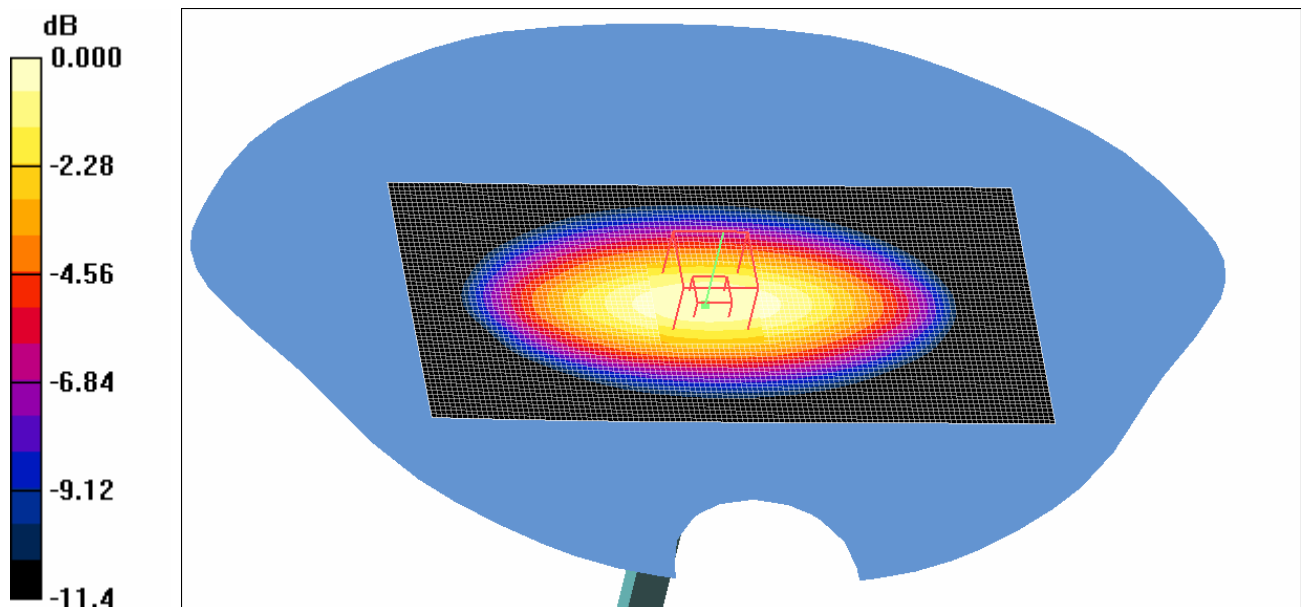
d=15mm, Pin=0.5W/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.73 W/kg

SAR (1 g) = 5.02 mW/g; SAR (10 g) = 3.27 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.12 mW/g



0 dB = 6.12 mW/g

System Validation

APPENDIX E - EUT SCANS

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (BACL)

1.5 cm Separation to the Flat Phantom without Headset (Middle Channel)

Hangzhou Newsky Technology Co., Ltd; Type: CDMA Mobile Phone; Serial: B1806

Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.09$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.47, 6.47, 6.47); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 11/8/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Post processing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

1.5 cm Separation to the Flat Phantom /Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.703 mW/g

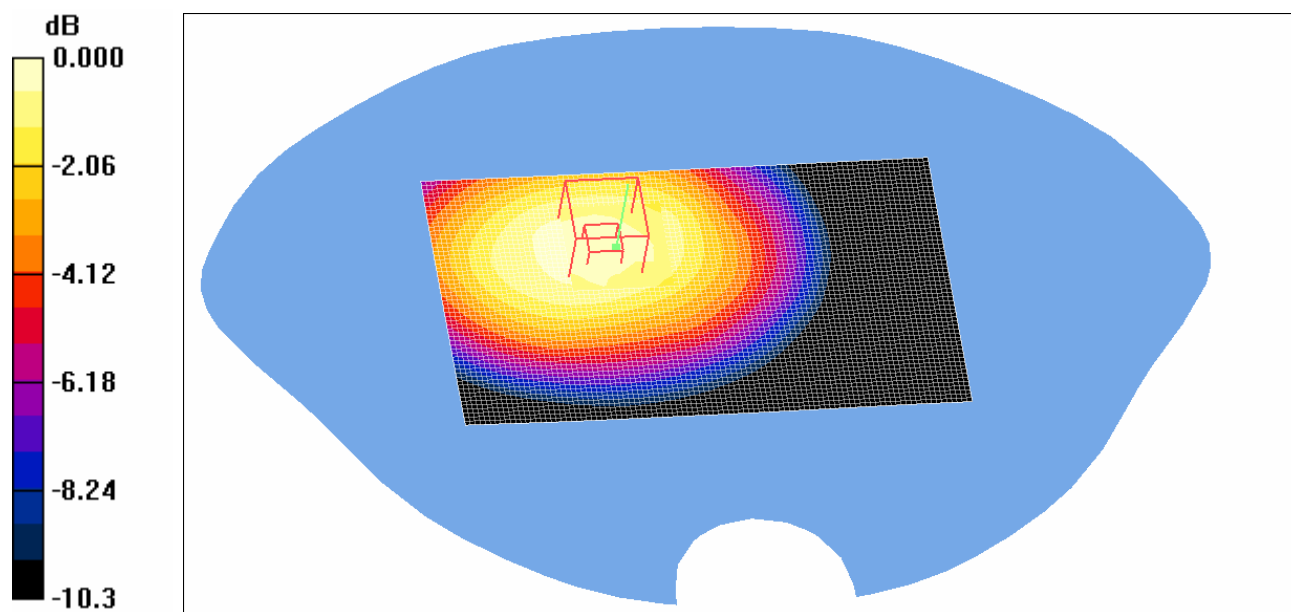
1.5 cm Separation to the Flat Phantom/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.978 W/kg

SAR (1 g) = 0.674 mW/g; SAR (10 g) = 0.482 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.727 mW/g



0 dB = 0.727 mW/g

Plot #1

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (BACL)

Left Head Touch (Middle Channel)

Hangzhou Newsky Technology Co., Ltd; Type: CDMA Mobile Phone; Serial: B1806

Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.90$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 11/8/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Post processing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Left Head Touch/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.843 mW/g

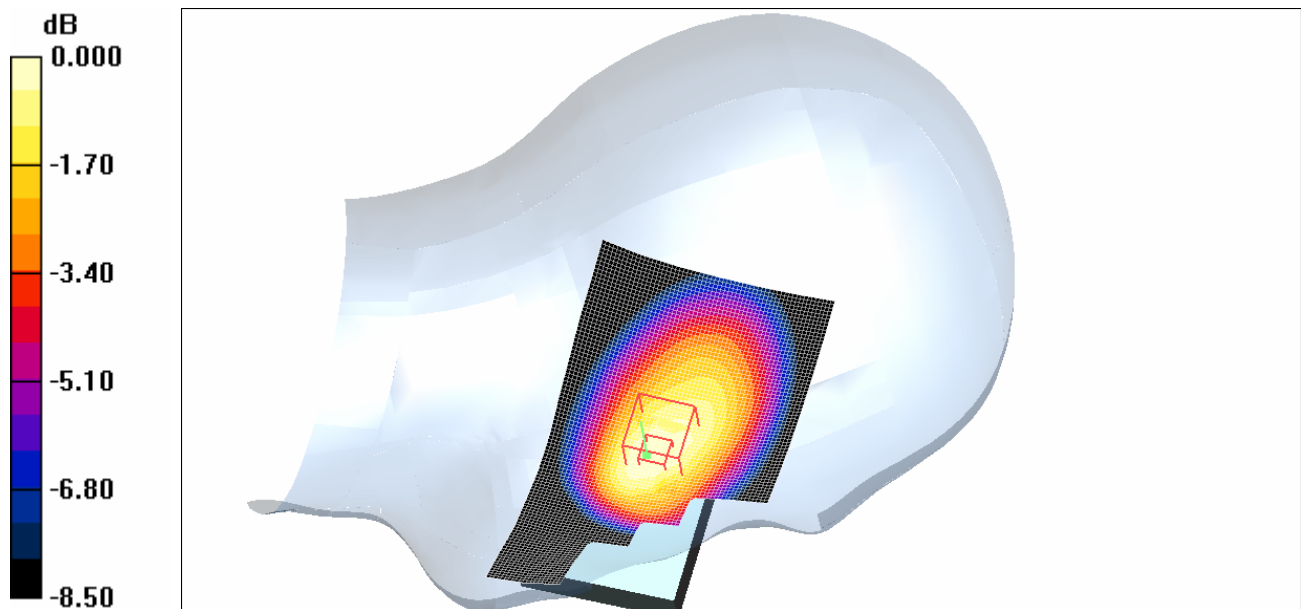
Left Head Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR (1 g) = 0.792 mW/g; SAR (10 g) = 0.519 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.852 mW/g



0 dB = 0.852 mW/g

Plot #2

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (BACL)

Left Head Tilt (Middle Channel)

Hangzhou Newsky Technology Co., Ltd; Type: CDMA Mobile Phone; Serial: B1806

Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 11/8/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Left Head Touch/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.425 mW/g

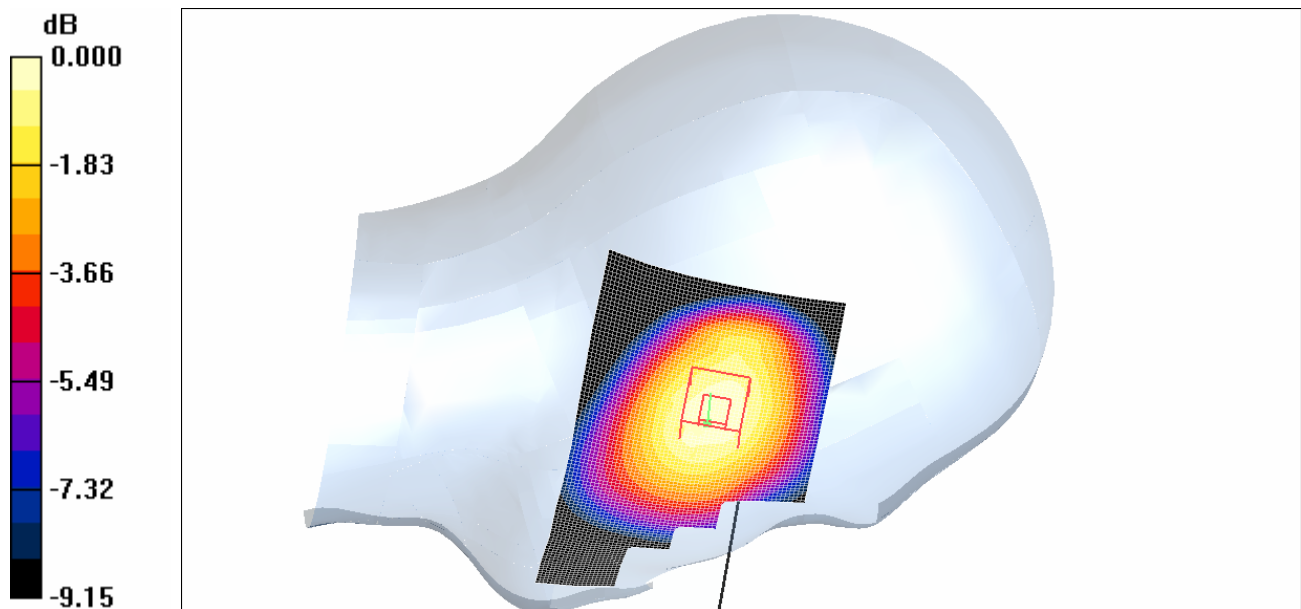
Left Head Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.532 W/kg

SAR (1 g) = 0.402 mW/g; SAR (10 g) = 0.300 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.430 mW/g



0 dB = 0.430 mW/g

Plot #3

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (BACL)

Right Head Touch (Middle Channel)

Hangzhou Newsky Technology Co., Ltd; Type: CDMA Mobile Phone; Serial: B1806

Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.90$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 11/8/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Post processing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Right Head Touch/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.803 mW/g

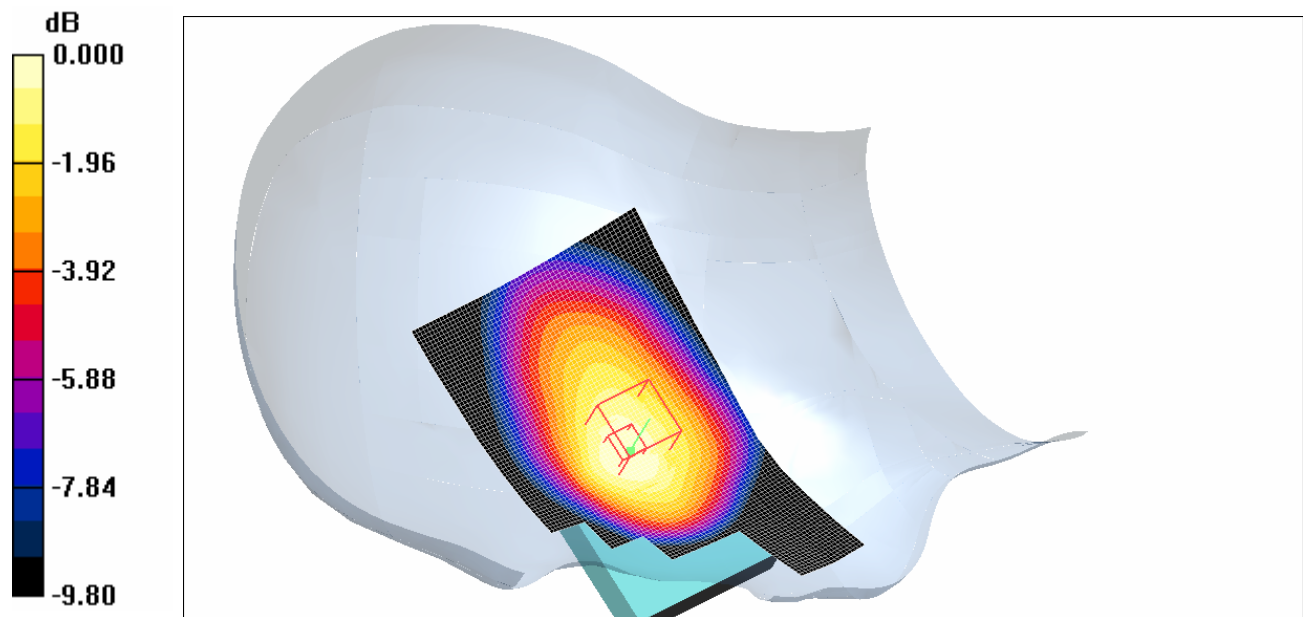
Right Head Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR (1 g) = 0.734 mW/g; SAR (10 g) = 0.479 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.799 mW/g



0 dB = 0.799 mW/g

Plot #4

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (BACL)

Right Head Tilt (Middle Channel)

Hangzhou Newsky Technology Co., Ltd; Type: CDMA Mobile Phone; Serial: B1806

Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1604; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn456; Calibrated: 11/8/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: Twin SAM; Serial: TP-1032
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Post processing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Right Head Tilt /Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.366 mW/g

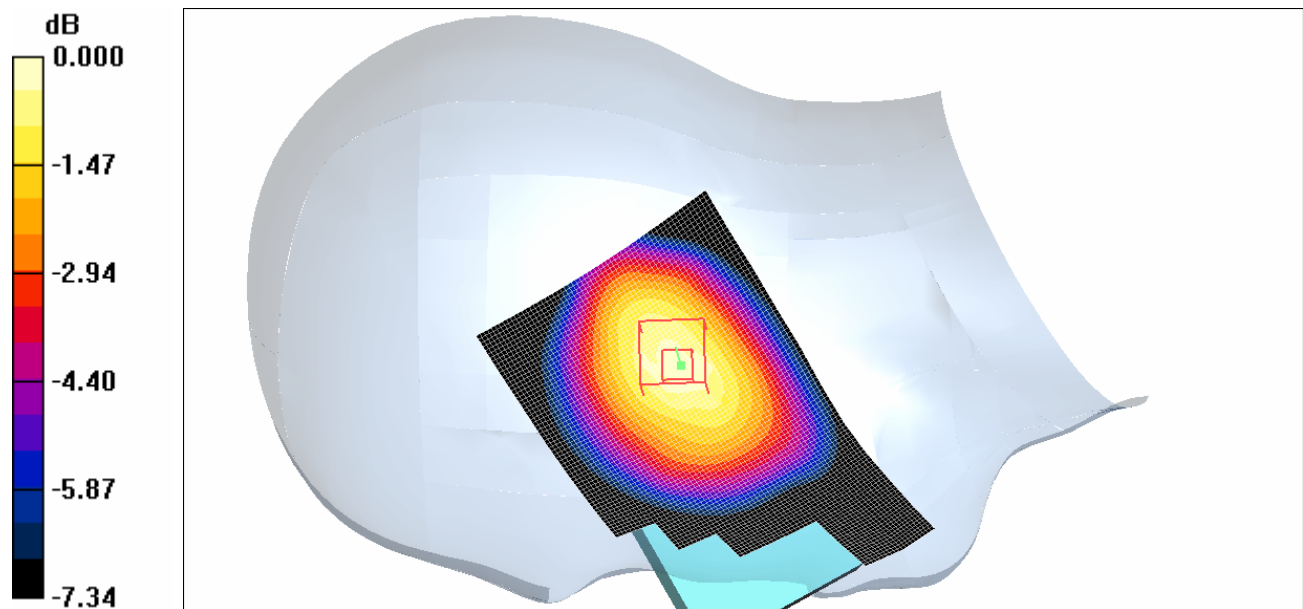
Right Head Tilt /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 W/kg

SAR (1 g) = 0.376 mW/g; SAR (10 g) = 0.272 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.399 mW/g



0 dB = 0.399 mW/g

Plot #5

APPENDIX F – CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.

Test equipment

| Manufacturer | Description | Model No. | Serial No. | Calibration Date |
|--------------|------------------------|-----------|------------|------------------|
| Agilent | Analyzer, Spectrum | E4440A | MY44303352 | 2008-04-28 |
| Agilent | Communication Test Set | E5515C | GB44051221 | 2007-08-08 |

Test Results

| RADIO CONFIG | OUTPUT POWER (dBm) | | |
|--------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Low CH (824.7 MHz) | Middle CH (836.52 MHz) | High CH (848.31 MHz) |
| RC1, S02 | 25.20 | 25.30 | 25.40 |
| RC2, S09 | 25.30 | 25.15 | 25.30 |
| RC3, S055 | 25.35 | 25.34 | 25.45 |
| RC4, S055 | 25.35 | 25.20 | 25.30 |
| RC5, S055 | 25.40 | 25.30 | 25.10 |

APPENDIX G –TEST POSITION PHOTOS

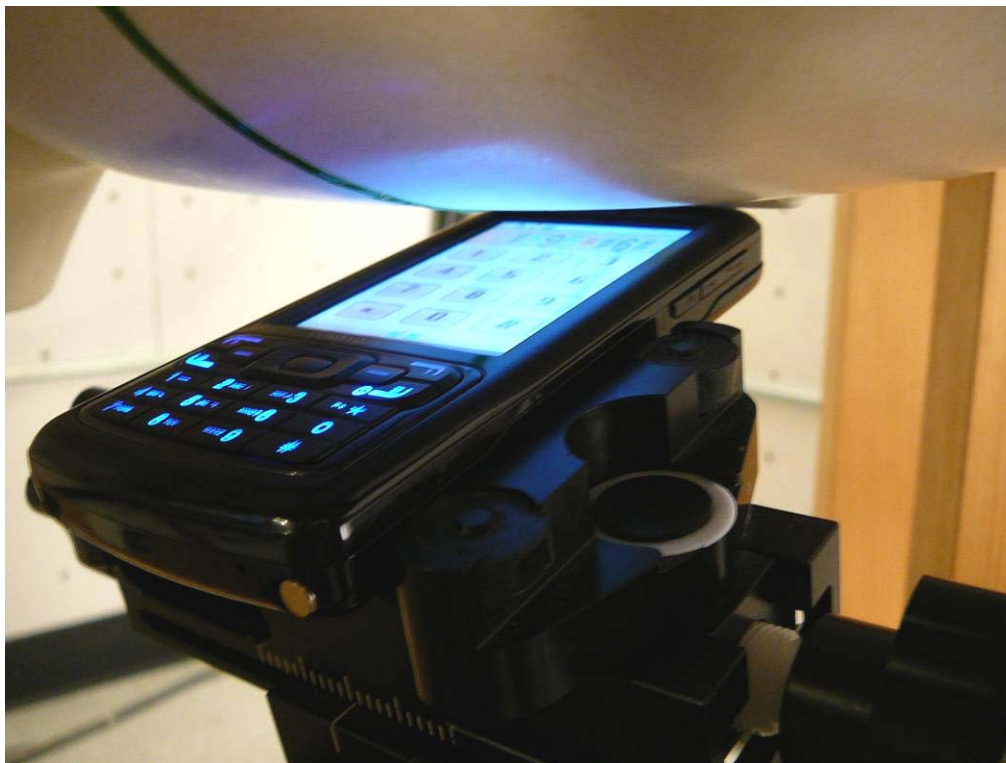
EUT 1.5 cm separation to the flat phantom



EUT Left Head Cheek



EUT Left Head Tilt



EUT Right Head Cheek



EUT Right Head Tilt

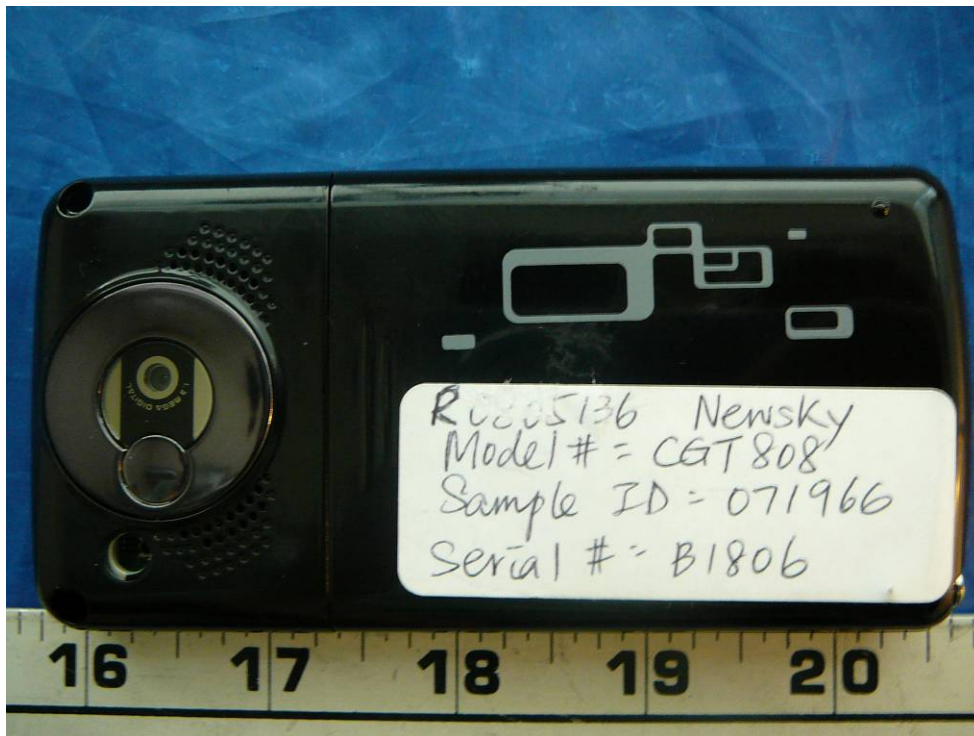


APPENDIX H- EUT PHOTO

EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



APPENDIX I - INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, "Report and order: Guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation", Tech. Rep. FCC 96-326, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1996.
- [2] David L. Means Kwok Chan, Robert F. Cleveland, "Evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields", Tech. Rep., Federal Communication Commission, Office of Engineering & Technology, Washington, DC, 1997.
- [3] Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger, and Niels Kuster, "Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp. 105-113, Jan. 1996.
- [4] Niels Kuster, Ralph Kastle, and Thomas Schmid, "Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision", IEEE Transactions on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, pp. 645-652, May 1997.
- [5] CENELEC, "Considerations for evaluating of human exposure to electromagnetic fields (EMFs) from mobile telecommunication equipment (MTE) in the frequency range 30MHz - 6GHz", Tech. Rep., CENELEC, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization, Brussels, 1997.
- [6] ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992.
- [7] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, "Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies", in ICECOM '97, Dubrovnik, October 15-17, 1997, pp. 120-24.
- [8] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, "E-field probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids", in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23-25 June, 1996, pp. 172-175.
- [9] Volker Hombach, Klaus Meier, Michael Burkhardt, Eberhard Kuhn, and Niels Kuster, "The dependence of EM energy absorption upon human head modeling at 900 MHz", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, no. 10, pp. 1865-1873, Oct. 1996.
- [10] Klaus Meier, Ralf Kastle, Volker Hombach, Roger Tay, and Niels Kuster, "The dependence of EM energy absorption upon human head modeling at 1800 MHz", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, Oct. 1997, in press.
- [11] W. Gander, Computermathematik, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.
- [12] W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling, and B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 9
- [13] NIS81 NAMAS, "The treatment of uncertainty in EMC measurement", Tech. Rep., NAMAS Executive, National Physical Laboratory, Teddington, Middlesex, England, 1994.
- [14] Barry N. Taylor and Christ E. Kuyatt, "Guidelines for evaluating and expressing the uncertainty of NIST measurement results", Tech. Rep., National Institute of Standards and Technology, 1994. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 10.

***** END OF REPORT *****