



Report No. : CHTEW19030235 Report virificaiton: Project No. : SHT1903069901EW FCC ID. : VEP-RZRWT Applicant's name : K-Mark Industrial Limited. Address. : Flat A, 7/F., Mai On Ind. Bldg 17-21 Kung Yip St., Kwai Chur Hong Kong Manufacturer. : K-Mark Industrial (ShenZhen) Ltd. Address. : Building 2, No.43 Jinshi Road, Guangpei Community, Guan Street L onghun Now District Characteria
FCC ID : VEP-RZRWT Applicant's name : K-Mark Industrial Limited. Address : Flat A, 7/F., Mai On Ind. Bldg 17-21 Kung Yip St., Kwai Chur Hong Kong Manufacturer : K-Mark Industrial (ShenZhen) Ltd. Address : Building 2, No.43 Jinshi Road, Guangpei Community, Guan
Applicant's name: K-Mark Industrial Limited. Address Flat A, 7/F., Mai On Ind. Bldg 17-21 Kung Yip St., Kwai Chur Hong Kong Manufacturer K-Mark Industrial (ShenZhen) Ltd. Address Building 2, No.43 Jinshi Road, Guangpei Community, Guan
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Manufacturer K-Mark Industrial (ShenZhen) Ltd. Building 2, No.43 Jinshi Road, Guangpei Community, Guan
Addross . Building 2, No.43 Jinshi Road, Guangpei Community, Guan
Address
Test item description: Razor Mounted Walkie Talkie
Trade Mark
Model/Type reference GWP-RZRWT
Listed Model(s) See page 3 of the report
FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 Standard: IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition IEEE 1528: 2013
Date of receipt of test sample Jan. 15, 2019
Date of testing Jan. 16, 2019- Jan. 25, 2019
Date of issue Mar. 26, 2019
Result PASS
Compiled by (position+printed name+signature): File administrators:Xiaodong Zhao
Supervised by (position+printed name+signature): Test Engineer: Xiaodong Zhao Approved by (position+printed name+signature): Manager: Hans Hu
Approved by
(position+printed name+signature): Manager: Hans Hu
Testing Laboratory Name: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd
Address 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China
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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

Contents

<u>1.</u>	Test Standards and Report version	3
1.1.	Test Standards	3
1.2.	Report version	3
<u>2.</u>	Summary	4
2.1.	Client Information	4
2.2.	Product Description	4
2.3.	Test frequency list	5
<u>3.</u>	Test Environment	6
3.1.	Test laboratory	6
3.2.	Test Facility	6
3.3.	Environmental conditions	6
<u>4.</u>	Equipments Used during the Test	7
<u>5.</u>	Measurement Uncertainty	8
<u>6.</u>	SAR Measurements System Configuration	9
6.1.	SAR Measurement Set-up	9
6.2.	DASY5 E-field Probe System	10
6.3.	Phantoms	11
6.4.	Device Holder	11
<u>7.</u>	SAR Test Procedure	12
7.1.	Scanning Procedure	12
7.2.	Data Storage and Evaluation	14
<u>8.</u>	Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom	16
8.1.	Head Position	16
<u>9.</u>	System Verification	17
9.1.	Tissue Dielectric Parameters	17
9.2.	SAR System Verification	18
<u>10.</u>	SAR Exposure Limits	21
<u>11.</u>	Radiated Power Measurement Results	22
<u>12.</u>	Maximum Tune-up Limit	22
<u>13.</u>	SAR Measurement Results	
<u>14.</u>	Test Setup Photos	24
<u>15.</u>	External Photos of the EUT	24

1. Test Standards and Report version

1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

1.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2019-03-26	Original

Listed Model(s):

GWP-RZRWT-XX, GWP-RZRWT-XXX, GWP-RZRWT-XXXX, GWP-SF-RZRWT, GWP-SF-RZRWT-XX, GWP-SF-RZRWT-XXX, GWP-SF-RZRWT-XXXX "X"=A to Z

2. <u>Summary</u>

2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	K-Mark Industrial Limited.
Address:	Flat A, 7/F., Mai On Ind. Bldg 17-21 Kung Yip St., Kwai Chung Hong Kong
Manufacturer:	K-Mark Industrial (ShenZhen) Ltd.
Address:	Building 2, No.43 Jinshi Road, Guangpei Community, Guanlan Street, Longhua New District, Shenzhen City

2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:	Razor Mounted Walkie Talkie			
Trade mark:	-			
Model/Type reference:	GWP-RZRWT			
Listed model(s):	See page 3 of	the report		
Device Category:	Portable			
RF Exposure Environment:	General Popul	ation/Uncontrolled		
Power supply:	DC 4.5V			
Maximum SAR Value				
Separation Distance:	Head: 0mm			
Maximun SAR Value (1g):	Head: 0.634 W/kg			
RF Specification				
462.5625MHz~ 462.7125M		- 462.7125MHz		
Operation Frequency Range:	467.5625MHz-	- 467.7125MHz		
	462.5500MHz~ 462.7250MHz			
Rated Output Power:	0.5W(27.00dBm)			
Modulation Type:	FM(Analog)			
Channel Separation:	Analog:12.5kHz			
Antenna type:	Internal			
Remark:				
The EUT battery must be fully	charged and ch	ecked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power.		

2.3. Test frequency list

When the frequency channels required for SAR testing are not specified in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, the following should be applied to determine the number of required test channels. The test channels should be evenly spread across the transmission frequency band of each wireless mode:

$$N_{\rm c} = Round \left\{ \left[100 \left(f_{\rm high} - f_{\rm low} \right) \right] f_{\rm c} \right]^{0.5} \times \left(f_{\rm c} / 100 \right)^{0.2} \right\},$$

 $N_{\rm c}$ is the number of test channels, rounded to the nearest integer,

 F_{high} and f_{low} are the highest and lowest channel frequencies within the transmission band,

 $F_{\rm c}$ is the mid-band channel frequency,

all frequencies are in MHz.

MadulationTurna Channel Test Chan		Test Channel	Test Frequency(MHz)
ModulationType	Separation	Test Channel	Тх
		CH4	462.6375
Analog	12.5kHz	CH11	467.6375
		CH19	462.6500

3. Test Environment

3.1. Test laboratory

Laboratory:Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

3.2. Test Facility

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 762235.

IC-Registration No.: 5377B-1

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B-1.

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

4. Equipments Used during the Test

Used Test Equipment Manufacturer Model No. Serial No. (YY-MM-DD) (YY-MM-DD) Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx SPEAG DAE4 1549 2018/04/25 2019/04/24 E-field Probe SPEAG EX3DV4 7494 2018/02/25 2019/02/25 Universal Radio Communication Tester R&S CMW500 137681 2018/07/11 2019/02/25 Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-3.5 1267 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-3.5 1267 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 Network analyzer Kaysight E5071C MY46733048 2018/09/19 2019/02/28 System Validation System Validation Antenna SPEAG DAL-150 4024 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1102 2018/02/23 2021/02/28 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1102 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D750V3							
DAEx SPEAG DAE4 1949 2018/04/25 2018/04/25 E-field Probe SPEAG EX3DV4 7494 2018/02/26 2019/02/25 Universal Radio Communication Tester R&S CMV500 137681 2018/07/10 2019/02/28 Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-3.5 1267 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-12 1130 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 Network analyzer Keysight E5071C MY46733048 2018/02/21 2021/02/28 System Validation SPEAG CLA-150 4024 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1102 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D750V3 1180 2018/02/21 2021/02/26 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V2 1164 2018/02/21 2021/02/26 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D2600V2 1150 2018/02/25 2021/02/26 <t< th=""><th>Used</th><th>Test Equipment</th><th>Manufacturer</th><th>Model No.</th><th>Serial No.</th><th>Cal. date (YY-MM-DD)</th><th>Due date (YY-MM-DD)</th></t<>	Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date (YY-MM-DD)	Due date (YY-MM-DD)
Universal Radio Communication Tester R&S CMW500 137681 2018/07/11 2019/07/10 • Tissue-equivalent liquids Validation • Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-3.5 1267 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 • Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-12 1130 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 • Network analyzer Keysight E5071C MY46733048 2018/09/19 2019/02/28 • System Validation • System Validation Antenna SPEAG CLA-150 4024 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1102 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1102 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V3 1180 2018/02/22 2021/02/26 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V2 1164 2018/02/22 2021/02/26 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D2450V2 1009 2018/02/25 2021/02/26 <	•		SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2018/04/25	2019/04/24
Communication Tester R&S CMW500 13/681 2018/07/11 2019/07/10 • Tissue-equivalent liquids Validation • Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-3.5 1267 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 • Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-12 1130 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 • Network analyzer Keysight E5071C MY46733048 2018/02/21 2021/02/28 • System Validation • • System Validation 2018/02/21 2021/02/28 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG CLA-150 4024 2018/02/21 2021/02/28 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1102 2018/02/27 2021/02/28 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D750V3 1180 2018/02/27 2021/02/28 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V2 1164 2018/02/28 2021/02/28 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D190V2 5d226 2018/02/25 2021/02/24 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D260V	•	E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7494	2018/02/26	2019/02/25
Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-3.5 1267 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 O Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-12 1130 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 O Network analyzer Keysight E5071C MY46733048 2018/09/19 2019/02/28 O System Validation Validation 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 O System Validation Antenna SPEAG CLA-150 4024 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1102 2018/02/23 2021/02/20 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D750V3 1180 2018/02/07 2021/02/06 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V2 1164 2018/02/05 2021/02/06 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V2 1164 2018/02/22 2021/02/04 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D2450V2 1009 2018/02/05 2021/02/04	0		R&S	CMW500	137681	2018/07/11	2019/07/10
O Dielectric Assessment Kit SPEAG DAK-12 1130 2018/03/01 2019/02/28 • Network analyzer Keysight E5071C MY46733048 2018/09/19 2019/09/18 • System Validation Validation 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 • System Validation Antenna SPEAG CLA-150 4024 2018/02/23 2021/02/20 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1102 2018/02/07 2021/02/20 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1180 2018/02/07 2021/02/02 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D750V3 1180 2018/02/07 2021/02/04 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V2 1164 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1900V2 5d226 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 • System Validation Dipole SPEAG D2600V2 1150 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 <td>• Ti</td> <td>ssue-equivalent liquids Va</td> <td>lidation</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	• Ti	ssue-equivalent liquids Va	lidation				
Network analyzer Keysight E5071C MY46733048 2018/09/19 2019/09/18 • System Validation	•	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	2018/03/01	2019/02/28
System Validation SPEAG CLA-150 4024 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1102 2018/02/23 2021/02/20 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D450V3 1102 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D750V3 1180 2018/02/07 2021/02/06 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D835V2 4d238 2018/02/19 2021/02/05 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V2 1164 2018/02/06 2021/02/05 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1900V2 5d226 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D2450V2 1009 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D2600V2 1150 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D5GHzV2 1273 2018/02/21 2019/08/20 Signal Generator R&S SMB100A 114360 2018/08/21 2019/08/20	0	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-12	1130	2018/03/01	2019/02/28
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System Validation Dipole SPEAG D750V3 1180 2018/02/07 2021/02/08 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D835V2 4d238 2018/02/19 2021/02/08 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V2 1164 2018/02/06 2021/02/05 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V2 1164 2018/02/02 2021/02/05 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1900V2 5d226 2018/02/22 2021/02/04 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D2450V2 1009 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D2600V2 1150 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D5GHzV2 1273 2018/02/21 2021/02/04 System Validation Dipole SPEAG D5GHzV2 1273 2018/02/21 2021/02/04 Signal Generator R&S N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Power Viewer for Windows R&S NRP18A 101010 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 </td <td>0</td> <td>System Validation Antenna</td> <td>SPEAG</td> <td>CLA-150</td> <td>4024</td> <td>2018/02/21</td> <td>2021/02/20</td>	0	System Validation Antenna	SPEAG	CLA-150	4024	2018/02/21	2021/02/20
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O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1750V2 1164 2018/02/06 2021/02/05 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1900V2 5d226 2018/02/02 2021/02/04 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D2450V2 1009 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D2600V2 1150 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D5GHzV2 1173 2018/02/05 2021/02/04 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D5GHzV2 1273 2018/02/11 2021/02/04 O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D5GHzV2 1273 2018/02/21 2021/02/04 O Signal Generator R&S SMB100A 114360 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 O Power Viewer for Windows R&S N/A N/A N/A N/A O Power sensor R&S NRP18A 101010 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 O <td>0</td> <td>System Validation Dipole</td> <td>SPEAG</td> <td>D750V3</td> <td>1180</td> <td>2018/02/07</td> <td>2021/02/06</td>	0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1180	2018/02/07	2021/02/06
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O System Validation Dipole SPEAG D5GHzV2 1273 2018/02/21 2021/02/20 ● Signal Generator R&S SMB100A 114360 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 ● Power Viewer for Windows R&S N/A N/A N/A N/A ● Power sensor R&S NRP18A 101010 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 ● Power sensor R&S NRP18A 101010 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 ● Power sensor R&S NRP18A 101011 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 ● Power Amplifier BONN BLWA 0160-2M 1811887 2018/11/15 2019/11/14 ● Dual Directional Coupler Mini-Circuits ZHDC-10-62-S+ F975001814 2018/11/15 2019/11/14	0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2018/02/05	2021/02/04
Image: Signal Generator R&S SMB100A 114360 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 Image: Power Viewer for Windows R&S N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Image: Power Viewer for Windows R&S N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Image: Power Sensor R&S NRP18A 101010 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 Image: Power Sensor R&S NRP18A 101011 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 Image: Power Sensor R&S NRP18A 101011 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 Image: Power Sensor R&S NRP18A 101011 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 Image: Power Amplifier BONN BLWA 0160-2M 1811887 2018/11/15 2019/11/14 Image: Power Amplifier Mini-Circuits ZHDC-10-62-S+ F975001814 2018/11/15 2019/11/14	0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1150	2018/02/05	2021/02/04
Over Viewer for Windows R&S N/A N/A N/A N/A • Power viewer for Windows R&S N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A • Power sensor R&S NRP18A 101010 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 • Power sensor R&S NRP18A 101011 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 • Power Amplifier BONN BLWA 0160-2M 1811887 2018/11/15 2019/11/14 • Dual Directional Coupler Mini-Circuits ZHDC-10-62-S+ F975001814 2018/11/15 2019/11/14	0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1273	2018/02/21	2021/02/20
• Power sensor R&S NRP18A 101010 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 • Power sensor R&S NRP18A 101011 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 • Power sensor R&S NRP18A 101011 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 • Power Amplifier BONN BLWA 0160-2M 1811887 2018/11/15 2019/11/14 • Dual Directional Coupler Mini-Circuits ZHDC-10-62-S+ F975001814 2018/11/15 2019/11/14	•	Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	114360	2018/08/21	2019/08/20
• Power sensor R&S NRP18A 101011 2018/08/21 2019/08/20 • Power Amplifier BONN BLWA 0160-2M 1811887 2018/11/15 2019/11/14 • Dual Directional Coupler Mini-Circuits ZHDC-10-62-S+ F975001814 2018/11/15 2019/11/14	•	Power Viewer for Windows	R&S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
• Power Amplifier BONN BLWA 0160-2M 1811887 2018/11/15 2019/11/14 • Dual Directional Coupler Mini-Circuits ZHDC-10-62-S+ F975001814 2018/11/15 2019/11/14	•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101010	2018/08/21	2019/08/20
Image: Description of the section of the se	•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101011	2018/08/21	2019/08/20
	•	Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0160-2M	1811887	2018/11/15	2019/11/14
● Attenuator Mini-Circuits VAT-3W2+ 1819 2018/11/15 2019/11/14	•	Dual Directional Coupler	Mini-Circuits	ZHDC-10-62-S+	F975001814	2018/11/15	2019/11/14
	•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-3W2+	1819	2018/11/15	2019/11/14
Attenuator Mini-Circuits VAT-10W2+ 1741 2018/11/15 2019/11/14	•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-10W2+	1741	2018/11/15	2019/11/14

Note:

1. The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix B and C.

2. Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

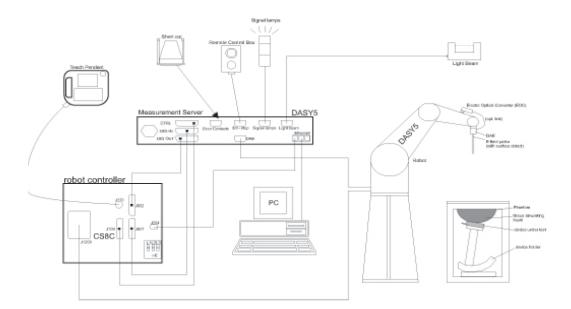
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

• Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

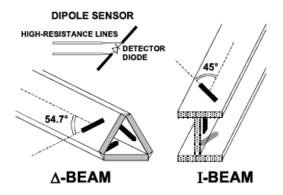
Frequency	10 MHz to 10 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)
Directivity	\pm 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 10 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



• Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^{\circ}$.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

			CC KDB Publication 8656	
			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr		measurement point rs) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the r			$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \text{GHz:} \leq 12 \ \text{mm} \\ 4-6 \ \text{GHz:} \leq 10 \ \text{mm} \end{array}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	\leq 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Z_{com}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	\leq 4 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 3 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2.5 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2 \ \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$
	grid Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoc}$	om(n-1) mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		\geq 30 mm	$3-4$ GHz: ≥ 28 mm $4-5$ GHz: ≥ 25 mm $5-6$ GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Table 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	Conversion factor:	ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – fieldprobes :
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

	J
Vi:	compensated signal of channel ($i = x, y, z$)
Normi:	sensor sensitivity of channel ($i = x, y, z$),
	[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF:	sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij:	sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f:	carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei:	electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi:	magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot: total field strength in V/m

σ: conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

8.1. Head Position

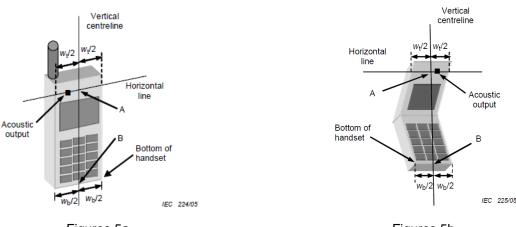
The wireless device define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centreline and the horizontal line, for the handset in vertical orientation as shown in Figures 5a and 5b.

The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width W_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figures 5a and 5b), and the midpoint of the width W_b of the bottom of the handset (point B).

The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes through the centre of the acoustic output (see Figures 5a and 5b). The two lines intersect at point A.

Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the centre of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 5b), especially for clam-shell handsets,

handsets with flip cover pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



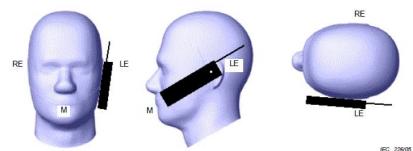
Figures 5a



- W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
- W_b Width of the bottom of the handset
- A Midpoint of the widthwt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
- B Midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset

Cheek position

Tilt position



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

RE LE ME

Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

9. System Verification

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664 D01.

Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body							
Target Frequency	Head						
(MHz)	٤r	σ(s/m)					
450	43.50	0.87					

CheckResult:

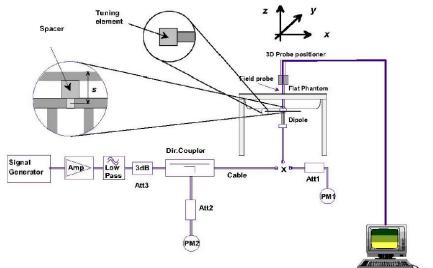
	Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid										
Frequency (MHz)	٤r		σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta	Limit	Temp	Date		
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ɛr)	(σ)		(°C)			
450	43.50	44.49	0.87	0.86	2.28%	-1.26%	±5%	22	2019-01-24		

9.2. SAR System Verification

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10%).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



System Performance Check Setup

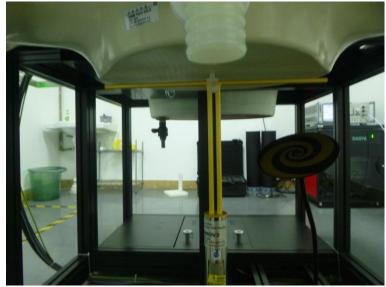


Photo of Dipole Setup

Check Result:

	Head										
Frequency (MHz)	1g SAR		10g SAR		Delta	Delta		Temp			
	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g)	(10g)	Limit	(°C)	Date
450	4.48	4.64	1.16	3.00	3.09	0.77	3.57%	3.07%	±10%	22	2019-01-24

Note:

1. the graph results see follow.

Plots of System Performance Check

SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 450MHz

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: 1102 Date: 2019-01-24 Communication System: UID 0, A-CW (0); Frequency: 450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; σ = 0.859 S/m; ϵ_r = 44.492; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

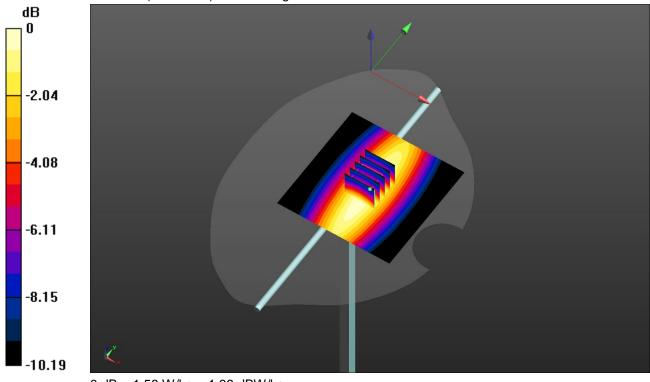
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(11.7, 11.7, 11.7); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.60 W/kg

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 44.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.773 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.58 W/kg



0 dB = 1.58 W/kg = 1.99 dBW/kg

10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

	Limit (W/kg)					
Type Exposure	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment				
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0				
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0				

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

11. Radiated Power Measurement Results

PMR									
Mode	Channel	Frequ	Radiated power						
	Separation	Channel	MHz	(dBm)					
Analog	12.5KHz	CH4	462.6375	25.36					
		CH11	467.6375	25.47					
		CH19	462.6500	25.38					

12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01

PMR								
Mode	Channel Separation	Operation Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum tune-up power (dBm)					
Analog	12.5 KHz	462.5625MHz~ 462.7125MHz	27.00					
		467.5625MHz~ 467.7125MHz	27.00					
		462.5500MHz~ 462.7250MHz	27.00					

13. SAR Measurement Results

	Head										
Mode Channel Separation	Fred	quency	Conducted		Tune-up	Power Drift(dB	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	50% Duty factor SAR	Test	
	СН	MHz	(dBm)	up limit (dBm))	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Plot	
	Analog 12.5KHz	CH4	462.6375	25.36	27.00	1.46	0.12	0.614	0.896	0.448	-
Analog		CH11	467.6375	25.47	27.00	1.42	-0.16	0.596	0.848	0.424	-
	CH19	462.6500	25.38	27.00	1.45	-0.10	0.873	1.268	0.634	1	

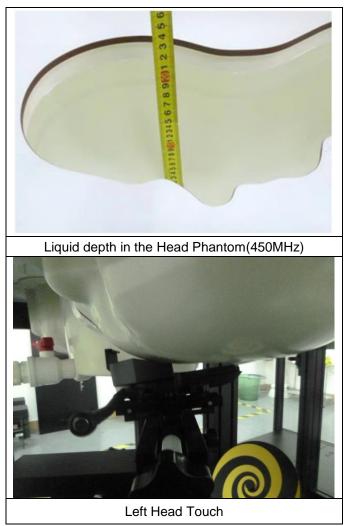
Note:

1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.

SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix A.

14. Test Setup Photos



15. External Photos of the EUT













-----End of Report-----