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May 13, 2011

Autani Corp.
7125 Columbia Gateway Drive, Suite 200
Columbia, MD 21046

Dear Mark Plasterer,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Autani Corp., Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2) as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B, ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004 for a Class B Digital Device and FCC Part 15 Subpart C, RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Reference: (\Autani Corp.\EMC31083-FCC247 Rev. 2)

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria
Test Report

for the

Autani Corp.
Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2)

Tested under
the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003
for Class B Digital Devices
&
15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC31083-FCC247 Rev. 2

May 13, 2011

Prepared For:

Autani Corp.
7125 Columbia Gateway Drive, Suite 200
Columbia, MD 21046

Prepared By:
MET Laboratories, Inc.
914 W. Patapsco Ave.
Baltimore, MD 21230

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15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010
for Intentional Radiators

Len Knight, Project Engineer
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004, RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 under normal use and maintenance.

Shawn McMillen,
Wireless Manager, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
∅	April 25, 2011	Initial Issue.
1	April 25, 2011	Revised to reflect editorial corrections.
2	May 13, 2011	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.

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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	**A**lternating **C**urrent
ACF	**A**ntenna **C**orrection **F**actor
Cal	**Cal**ibration
d	**M**easurement **D**istance
dB	**D**eci**b**els
dBµA	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**amp
dBµV	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**volt
dBµA/m	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**amp **per m**eter
dBµV/m	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**volt **per m**eter
DC	**D**irect **C**urrent
E	**E**lectric Field
DSL	**D**igital **S**ubscriber **L**ine
ESD	**E**lectro**s**tatic **D**ischarge
EUT	**E**quipment **U**nder **T**est
f	**F**requency
FCC	**F**ederal **C**ommunications **C**ommission
GRP	**G**round **R**eference **P**lane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	**H**orizontal **C**oupling **P**lane
Hz	**H**ert**z**
IEC	**I**nternational **E**lectrotechnical **C**ommission
kHz	**k**ilo**h**ert**z**
kPa	**k**ilo**pa**scal
kV	**k**ilo**v**olt
LISN	**L**ine **I**mpedance **S**tabilization **N**etwork
MHz	**M**ega**h**ertz
µH	**microh**enry
µ	**microf**arad
µs	**micros**econds
NEBS	**N**etwork **E**quipment-**B**uilding **S**ystem
PRF	**P**ulse **R**epetition **F**requency
RF	**R**adio **F**requency
RMS	**R**oot-**M**ean-**S**quare
TWT	**T**raveling **W**ave **T**ube
V/m	**V**olts **per m**eter
VCP	**V**ertical **C**oupling **P**lane

I. Executive Summary

A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Autani Corp. Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2), with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2). Autani Corp. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2), has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Autani Corp., purchase order number 20110318. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-210 Issue 8: 2010	Description	Compliance
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-210(7.2.2)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	RSS-Gen(4.6)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
		99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	RSS-210(A8.4)	Peak Power Output	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	RSS-210(A8.3)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	RSS-Gen(5.5)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant
N/A	RSS-Gen(4.8)	Receiver Spurious Emissions	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting

II. Equipment Configuration

A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Autani Corp. to perform testing on the Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2), under Autani Corp.'s purchase order number 20110318.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Autani Corp., Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2).

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2)	
Model(s) Covered:	Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2)	
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: 120 VAC, 60 Hz	
	FCC ID: V8NWAT1000142 IC: 7737A-WAT1000142	
	Type of Modulations:	O-QPSK
	Equipment Code:	DTS
	Peak RF Output Power:	7.80 dBm
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	2405 – 2480 MHz
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.	
Environmental Test Conditions:	Temperature: 15-35º C	
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%	
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar	
Evaluated by:	Len Knight	
Report Date(s):	May 13, 2011	

Table 2. EUT Summary Table

B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010	Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Table 3. References

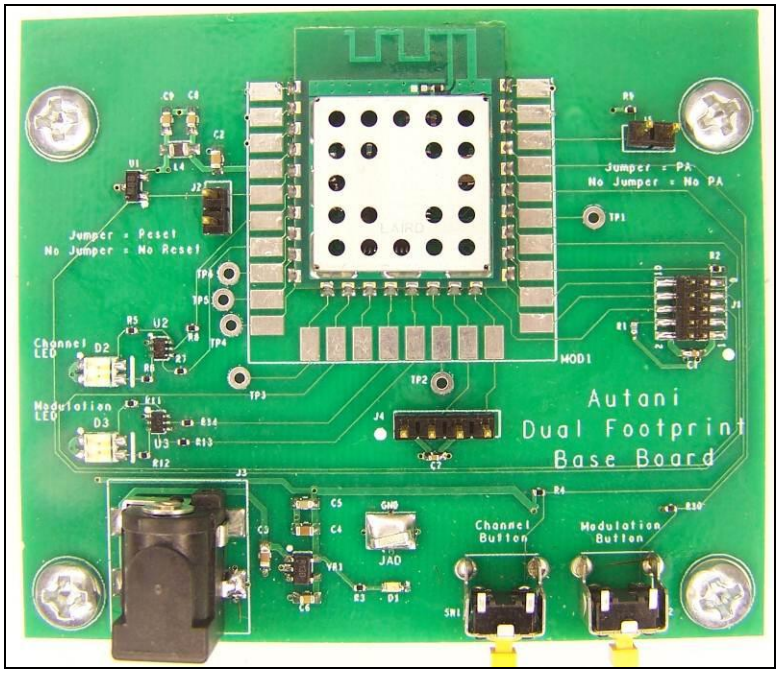
C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

D. Description of Test Sample

The Autani Corp. Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2), Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a wireless ZigBee transceiver module. The WAT2 will be used primarily by Autani for its wirelessly controlled products, but may also be sold to other companies to be used on their wirelessly controlled products.



Photograph 1. Autani Corp. Wireless Autani Transceiver Module (WAT2)

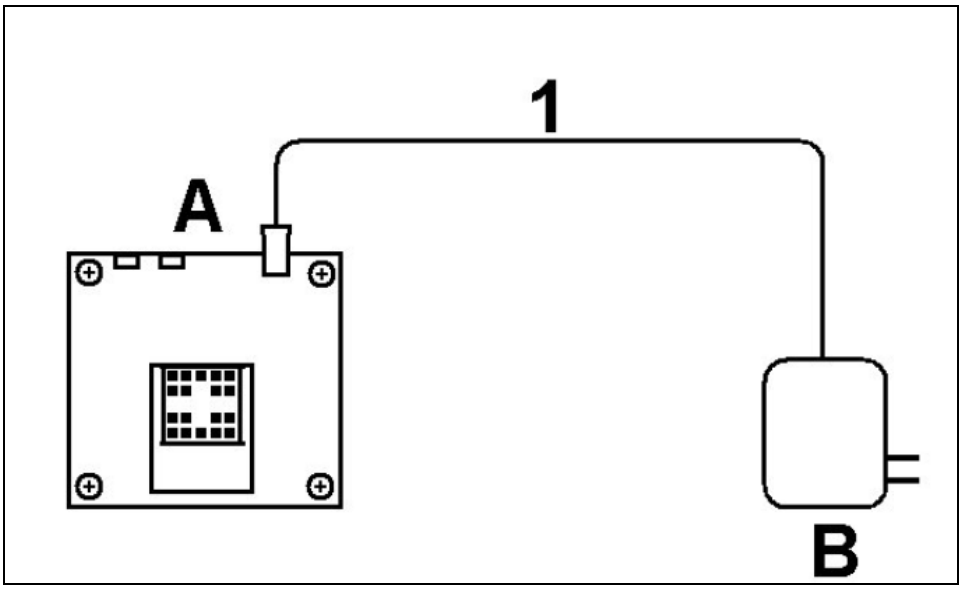


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Part Number	Serial Number	Revision
A	WAT2 Module	1000142	N/A	N/A	N/A
B	Both hand Enterprise Inc.	M1-10505	N/A	R00024335705	N/A

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Mode of Operation

In a deployed environment the WAT's major function is to act as a wireless communications device. The Ember EM250 SOC contains a microprocessor which can be programmed to complete any number of tasks.

Production Mode:
The WAT2 is configured wirelessly through the ZigBee interface. Once configured the mode of operation is dependent on the firmware loaded into the device; however, each mode has the same basic features.

FCC Test Mode:
The WAT2 has a special image programmed into the SoC to facilitate the FCC testing. This image represents the worse possible case from a noise perspective. The following details the operation and how to change states.

There are two switches (SW1 & SW2), a Power LED (D1) and two Status LED's (D2 & D3) on the WAT2 base board. The functions are as follows:

1) At board power-on, both LED's are off and there is no RF transmission.
2) Pressing SW1 repeatedly sequences the user through the following 4 states:
   State 1) RF channel 11 is selected and a CW tone is transmitted. D2 turns solid green.
   State 2) RF channel 17 is selected and a CW tone is transmitted. D2 turns solid amber.
   State 3) RF channel 25 is selected and a CW tone is transmitted. D2 turns solid red.
   State 4) RF channel 26 is selected and a CW tone is transmitted. D2 turns solid green.
   State 5) No channel is selected and the RF transmitter is turned off. ALL LED's are turned off.
3) Pressing SW2 while states in 1-4 above causes the CW tone to be replaced with a modulated tone containing pseudo-random data. LED D3 turns solid green while the pseudo-random modulation is in effect.

G. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

Production Mode:
The device has two indicating LEDs which provide status feedback to the user/installer. If the device is operating as anticipated one of the LEDs will be blinking red or green. If the device is not performing to the manufacturer's intended operation the LEDs should be off.

FCC Test Mode:
If the device is operating as described in the Modes of Operation section, in states 1-4 above one should see RF energy in the ISM band. If the device is not operating properly, states 1-4 above will show no RF energy in the ISM band.

H. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT
No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard
No modifications were made to the test standard.

I. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Autani Corp. upon completion of testing.

III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.107 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 5. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 5. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency range (MHz)	Class A Conducted Limits (dBµV)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dBµV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50
Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies. Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz. * -- Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).				

Table 5. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

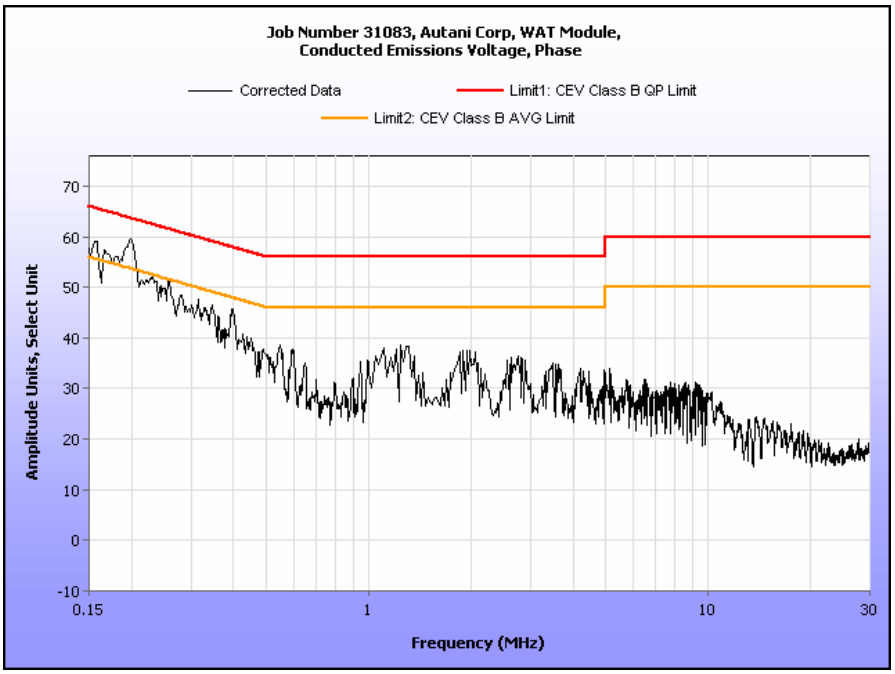
Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor

Test Date(s): 04/04/11

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.20025	58.05	0.01	58.06	63.6	-5.54	45.84	0.01	45.85	53.6	-7.75
0.25225	47.35	0.05	47.4	61.68	-14.28	40.36	0.05	40.41	51.68	-11.27
0.3975	41.81	0.01	41.82	57.91	-16.09	29.29	0.01	29.3	47.91	-18.61
1.145	34.55	0.09	34.64	56	-21.36	25.97	0.09	26.06	46	-19.94
1.89	33.84	0.15	33.99	56	-22.01	25.36	0.15	25.51	46	-20.49
2.69	32.57	0.18	32.75	56	-23.25	24.62	0.18	24.8	46	-21.2

Table 6. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

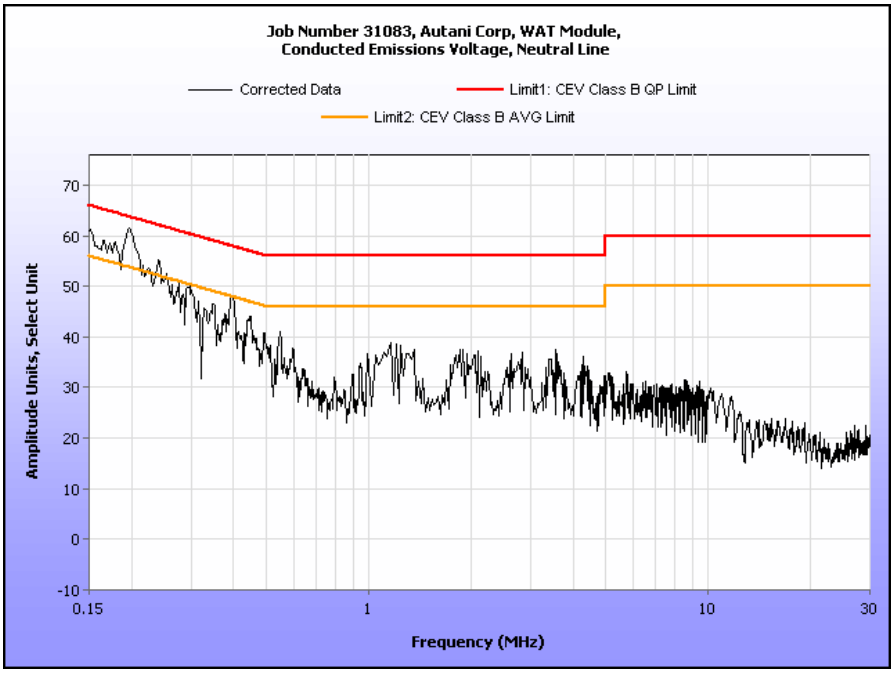


Plot 1. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.197625	54.58	0.01	54.59	63.71	-9.12	43.4	0.01	43.41	53.71	-10.3
0.253	43.26	0.05	43.31	61.66	-18.35	36.58	0.05	36.63	51.66	-15.03
0.3975	42.01	0.01	42.02	57.91	-15.89	29.98	0.01	29.99	47.91	-17.92
1.1425	34.12	0.09	34.21	56	-21.79	28.47	0.09	28.56	46	-17.44
2.095	30.57	0.16	30.73	56	-25.27	25.52	0.16	25.68	46	-20.32
2.6875	33.14	0.18	33.32	56	-22.68	28.47	0.18	28.65	46	-17.35

Table 7. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)



Plot 2. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot

Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup

Photograph 2. Conducted Emissions, Test Setup

Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.109 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 8.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 8.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	
	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBµV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a),Class B Limit (dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures: The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

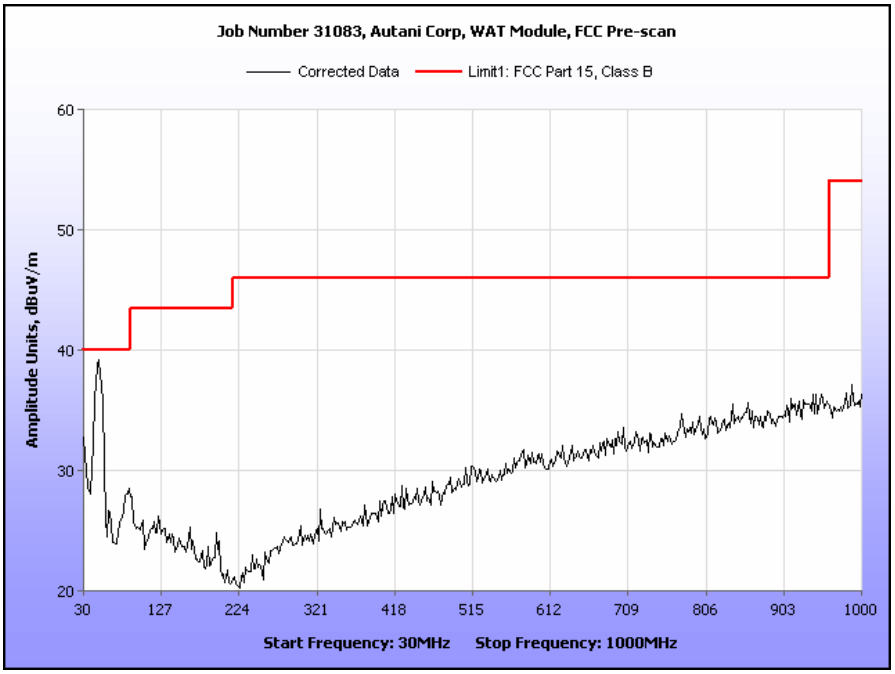
Test Date(s): 04/04/11

Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
51.042084	323	H	2.01	5.26	8.28	0.23	0.00	13.77	40.00	-26.23
51.042084	84	V	1.01	27.00	8.28	0.23	0.00	35.51	40.00	-4.49
86.913828	148	H	1.78	5.42	7.60	0.23	0.00	13.25	40.00	-26.75
86.913828	234	V	1.02	17.38	7.60	0.23	0.00	25.21	40.00	-14.79

Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, FCC Limits

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



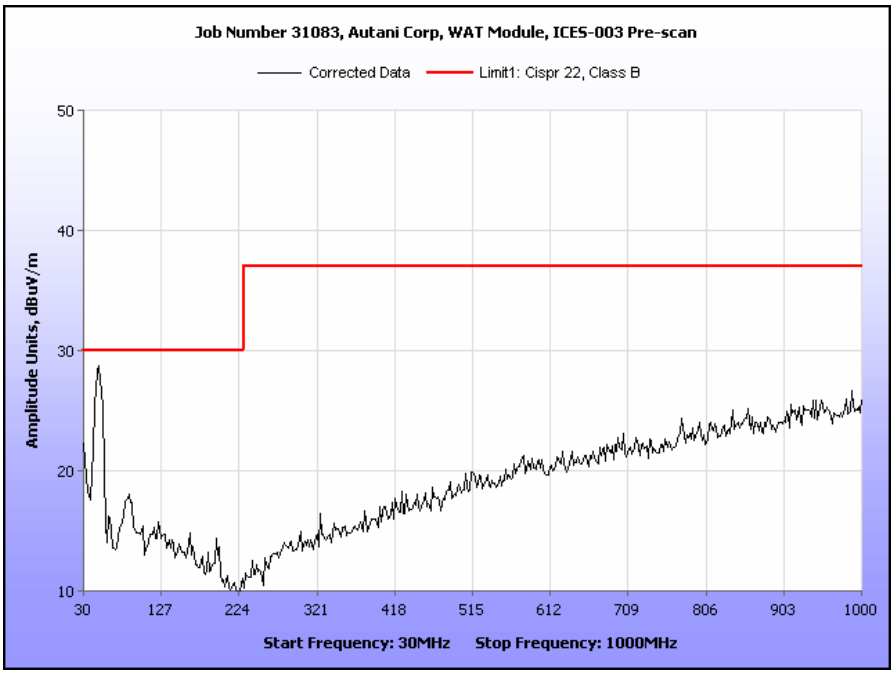
Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, FCC Limits

Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
51.042084	323	H	2.01	5.26	8.28	0.23	10.46	3.31	30.00	-26.69
51.042084	84	V	1.01	27.00	8.28	0.23	10.46	25.05	30.00	-4.95
86.913828	148	H	1.78	5.42	7.60	0.23	10.46	2.79	30.00	-27.21
86.913828	234	V	1.02	17.38	7.60	0.23	10.46	14.75	30.00	-15.25

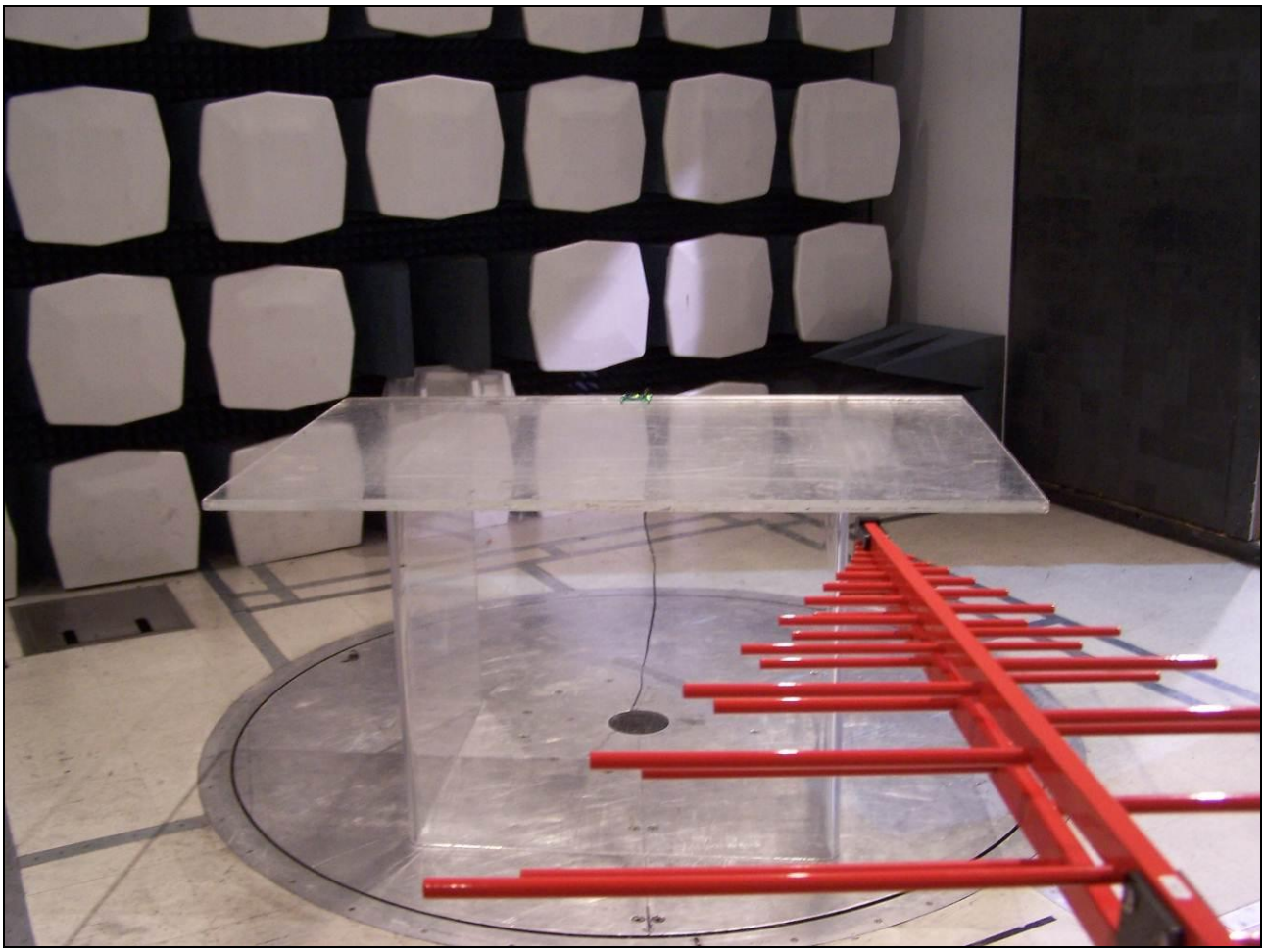
Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



Plot 4. Radiated Emissions, ICES-003 Limits

Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 3. Radiated Emission, Test Setup

IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement: **§ 15.203:** An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.

b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant with the criteria of §15.203. The EUT has an integral antenna.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 04/04/11

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **§ 15.207 (a):** For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μH/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 11. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure: The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω/50 μH Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with *ANSI C63.4-2003 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz"*. The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω/50 μH LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with this requirement. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

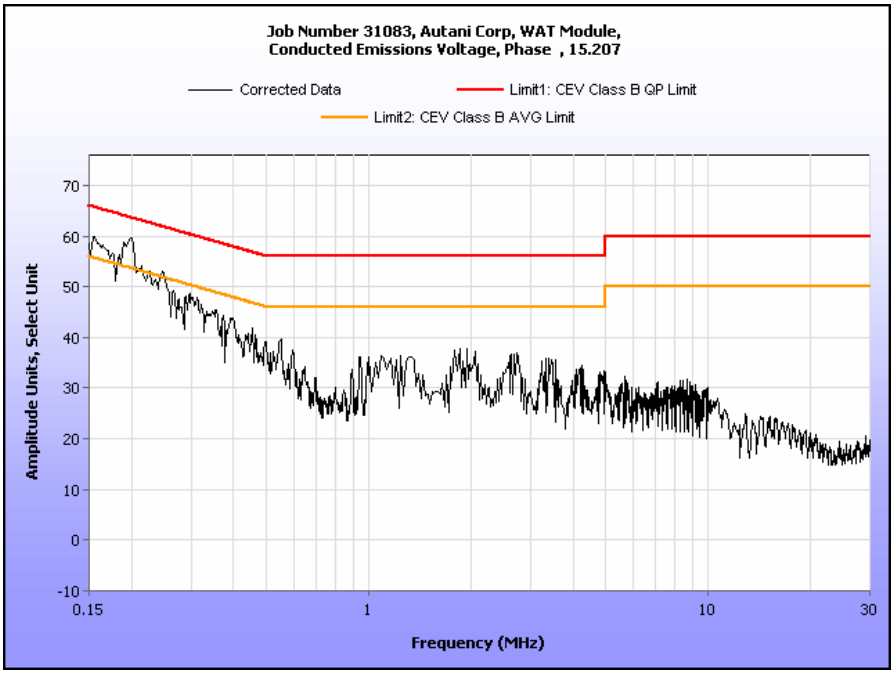
Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor

Test Date(s): 04/04/11

15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.19875	54.69	0.01	54.7	63.66	-8.96	44.02	0.01	44.03	53.66	-9.63
0.220125	44.11	0.02	44.13	62.81	-18.68	22.53	0.02	22.55	52.81	-30.26
0.29675	38.83	0.06	38.89	60.33	-21.44	28.17	0.06	28.23	50.33	-22.1
1.15	31.64	0.09	31.73	56	-24.27	26.07	0.09	26.16	46	-19.84
1.99	33.51	0.15	33.66	56	-22.34	28.45	0.15	28.6	46	-17.4
2.69	32.09	0.18	32.27	56	-23.73	27.56	0.18	27.74	46	-18.26

Table 12. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, Test Results

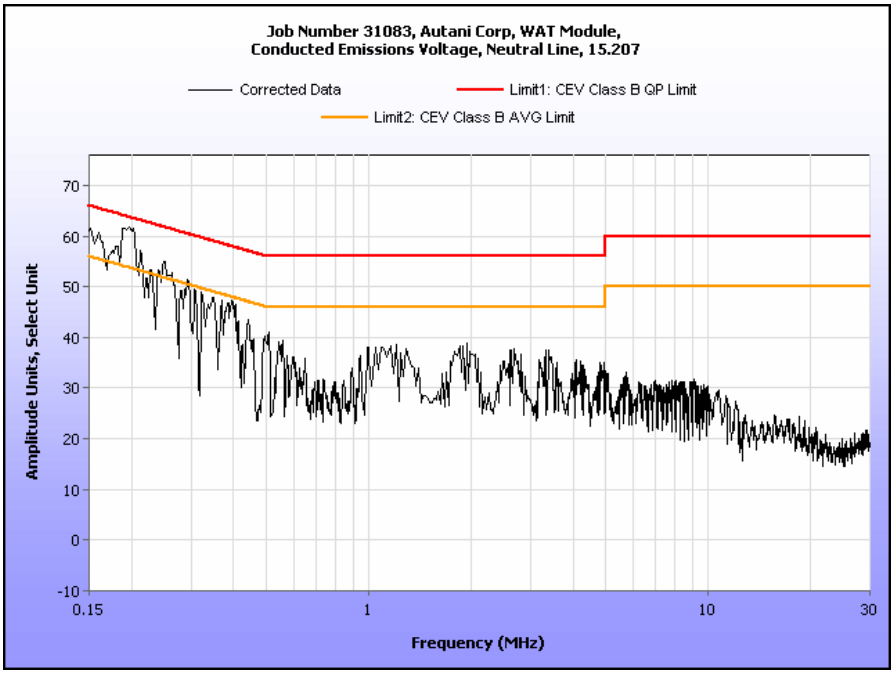


Plot 5. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line

15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.19875	58.25	0.01	58.26	63.66	-5.4	46.43	0.01	46.44	53.66	-7.22
0.25063	48.08	0.05	48.13	61.74	-13.61	41.19	0.05	41.24	51.74	-10.5
0.303125	39.89	0.06	39.95	60.16	-20.21	29.51	0.06	29.57	50.16	-20.59
1.1	31.45	0.08	31.53	56	-24.47	23.01	0.08	23.09	46	-22.91
1.9	26.61	0.15	26.76	56	-29.24	18.51	0.15	18.66	46	-27.34
2.64	32.73	0.17	32.9	56	-23.1	24.78	0.17	24.95	46	-21.05

Table 13. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Test Results



Plot 6. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line

15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Setup Photo

Photograph 4. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Test Setup

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

Test Requirements: **§ 15.247(a)(2):** Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure: A test sample was fashioned with an SMA connector for direct injection to a spectrum analyzer.

The transmitter was on and transmitting at the appropriate output power per channel. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 04/04/11

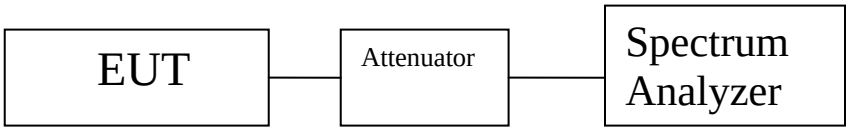


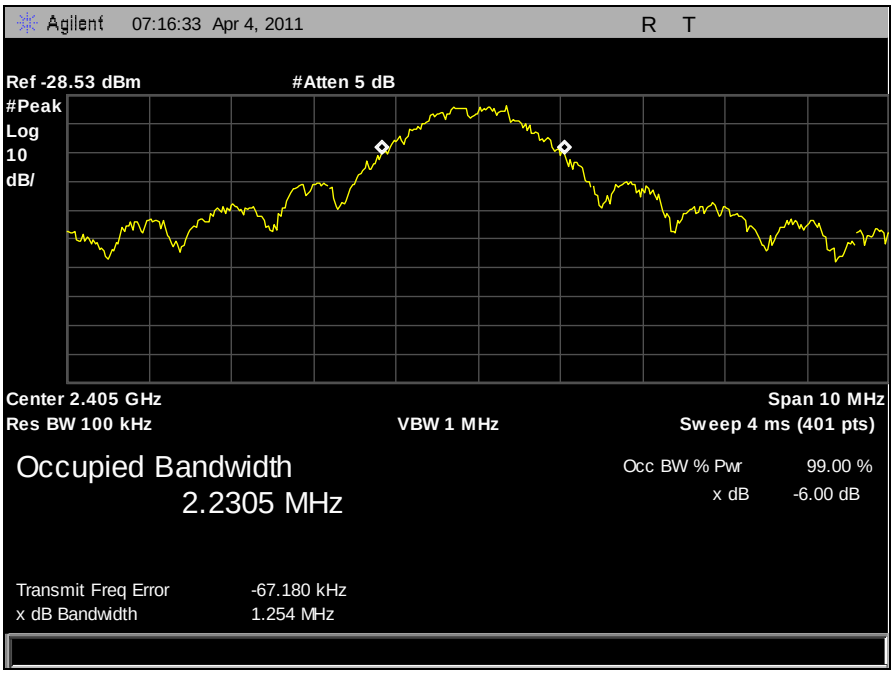
Figure 2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

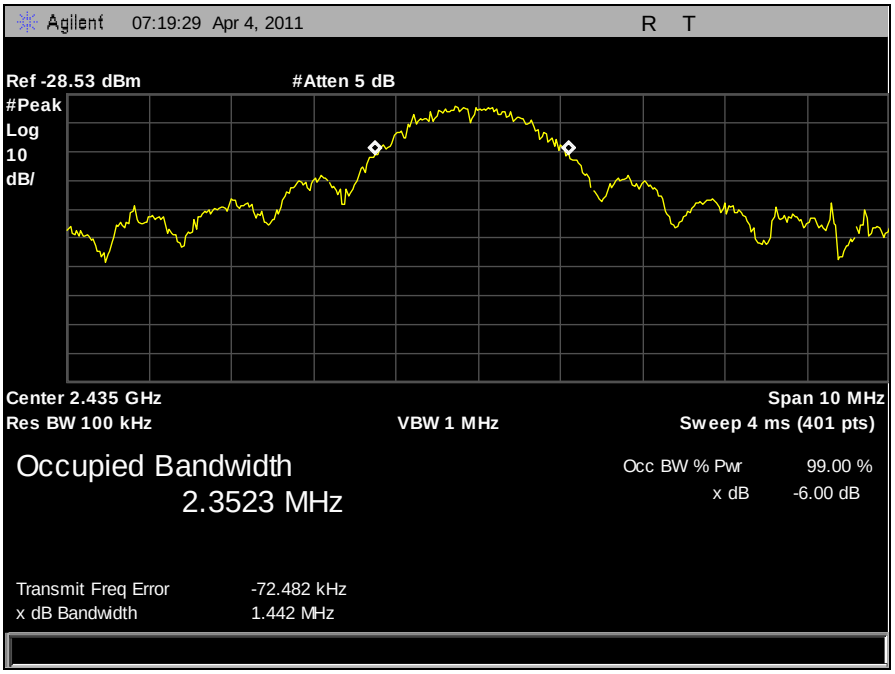
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	GUI	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
11	2405	5	1.254	2.23
17	2435	5	1.442	2.352
25	2475	5	1.413	2.329
26	2480	3	1.368	2.344

Table 14. Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

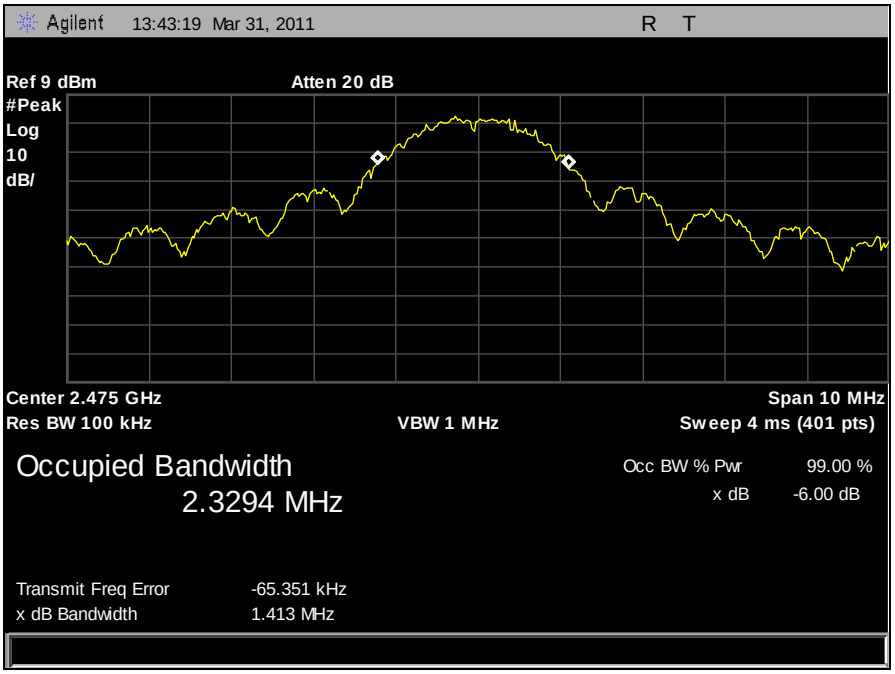
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



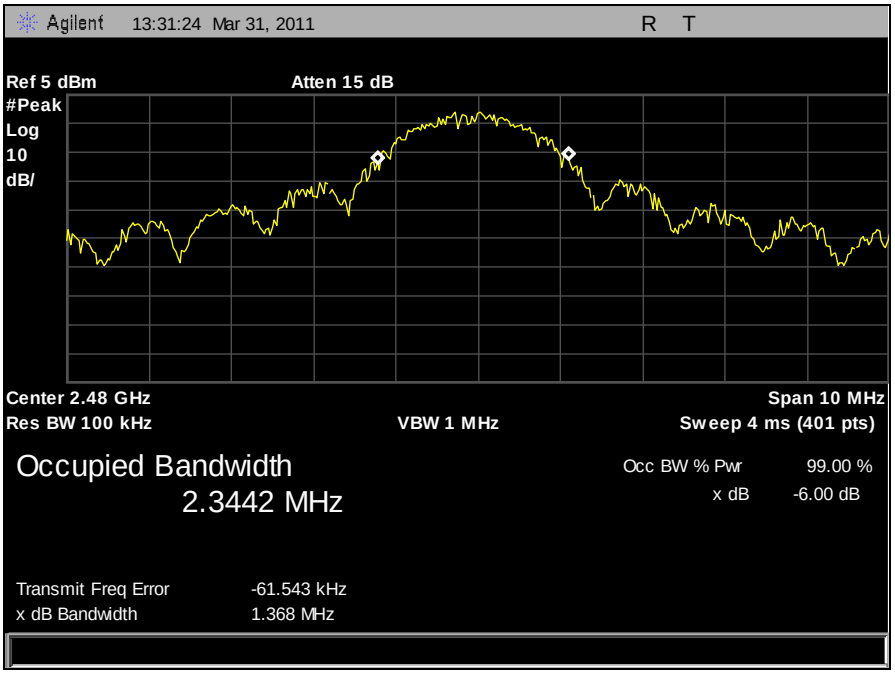
Plot 7. Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 11



Plot 8. Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 17



Plot 9. Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 25



Plot 10. Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 26

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements: **§15.247(b):** The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400–2483.5	1.000
5725– 5850	1.000

Table 15. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 15, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omni-directional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

Test Procedure: A test sample was fashioned with an SMA connector for direct injection to a spectrum. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the appropriate power level per channel.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of **§15.247(b)**.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 04/03/11

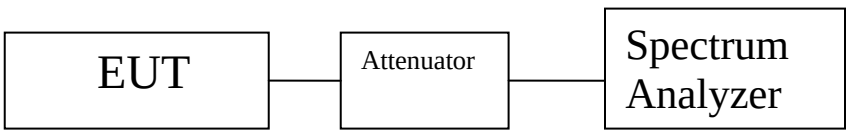


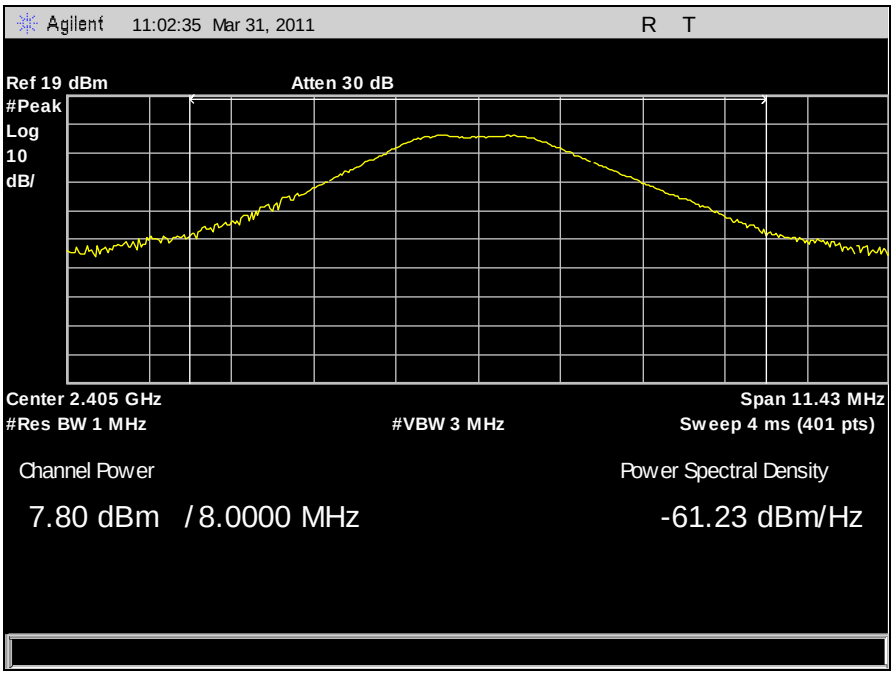
Figure 3. Peak Power Output Test Setup

Peak Power Output Test Results

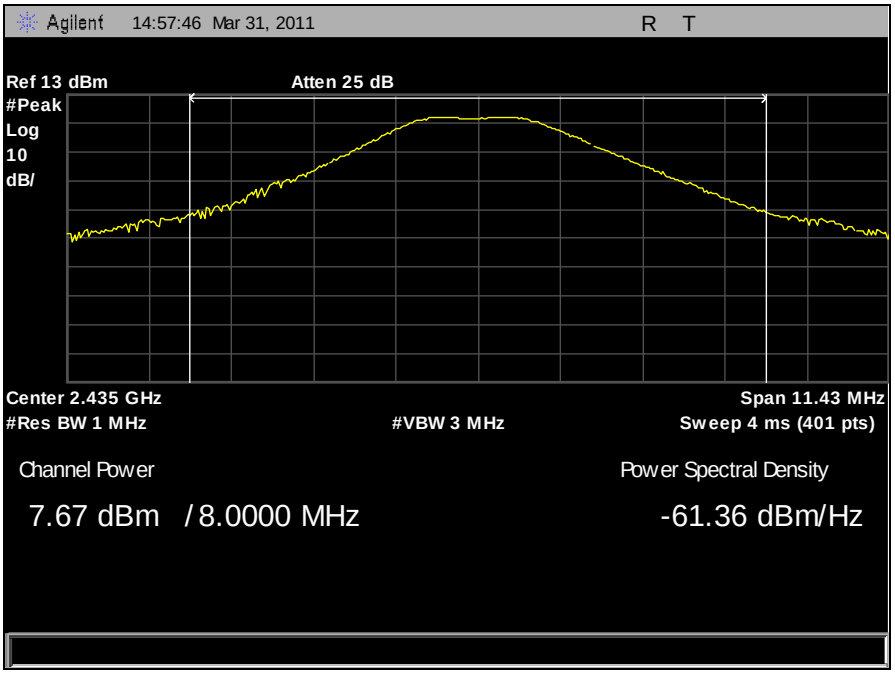
Frequency (MHz)	Channel	GUI	Power (dBm)
2405	11	5	7.80
2435	17	5	7.67
2475	25	5	6.96
2480	26	3	5.20

Table 16. Peak Power Output, Test Results

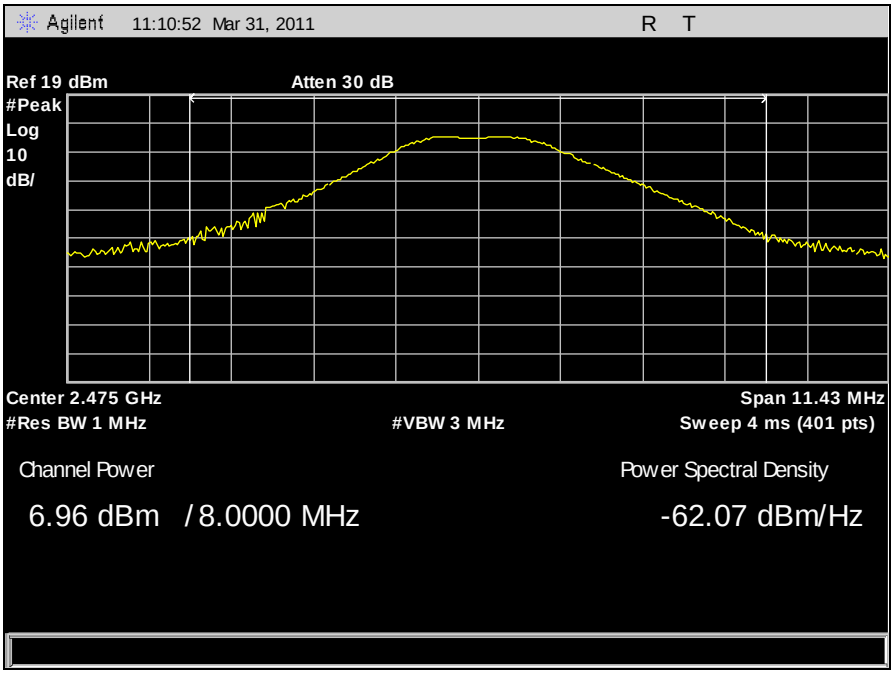
Peak Power Output Test Results



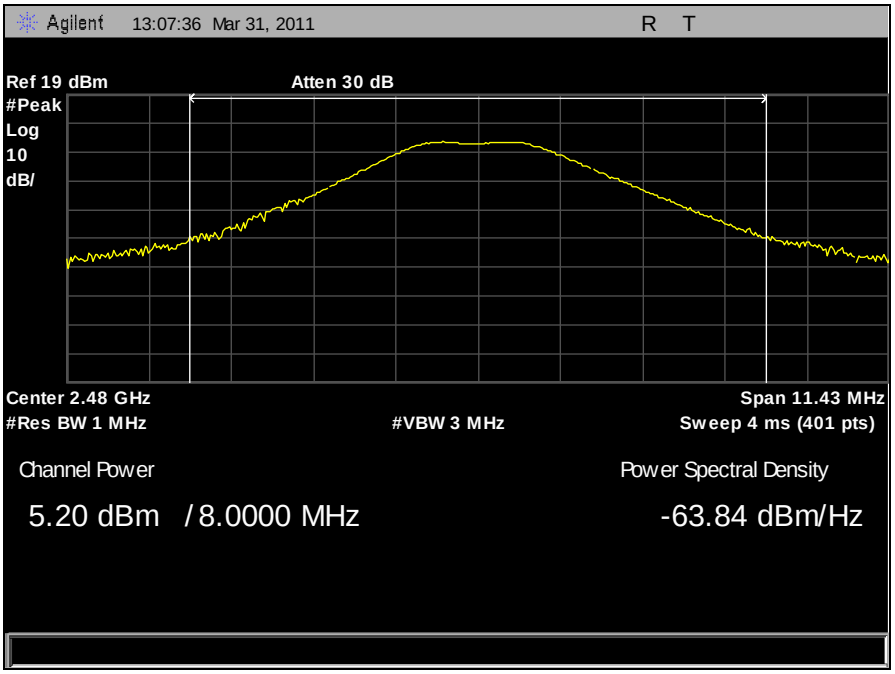
Plot 11. Peak Power Output, Channel 11



Plot 12. Peak Power Output, Channel 17



Plot 13. Peak Power Output, Channel 25



Plot 14. Peak Power Output, Channel 26

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: **§15.247(d); §15.205:** Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110----------	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
[1] 0.495–0.505----------	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905----------	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128----------	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775----------	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775----------	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218----------	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825----------	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225----------	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294----------	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366----------	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675----------	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475----------	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293----------	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025----------	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725----------	322–335.4	3600–4400	([2])

Table 17. Restricted Bands of Operation

[1] Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.
[2] Above 38.6

Test Requirement(s): **§ 15.209 (a):** Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 18.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits (dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 18. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on and the power set appropriate to each channel investigated. Spurious field strength measurements were performed on Channels 11, 17, 25, and 26. During measurements, the EUT was rotated through all three orthogonal axes. The frequency range from 30 MHz to 26.5 GHz was investigated, as well as peak and average measurements at key harmonics of the fundamental. Plots corrected for antenna correction factor, distance, and cable loss have been provided to demonstrate compliance.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of **§ 15.247(d)**.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 04/01/11

Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated

Channel 11	GUI	Frequency	Corrected Measurement (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
Harmonic		(GHz)	Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
2nd	5	4.8108	46.57	38.95	74	54	-27.43	-15.05
3rd		7.2156	60.53	50.78	74	54	-13.47	-3.22

Table 19. Radiated Harmonic Emissions, Channel 11

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.

Channel 17	GUI	Frequency	Corrected Measurement (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
Harmonic		(GHz)	Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
2nd	5	4.8688	42.86	28.26	74	54	-31.14	-25.74
3rd		7.3060	52.03	41.39	74	54	-21.97	-12.61

Table 20. Radiated Harmonic Emissions, Channel 17

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.

Channel 25	GUI	Frequency	Corrected Measurement (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
Harmonic		(GHz)	Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
2nd	5	4.9489	43.13	26.81	74	54	-30.87	-27.19
3rd		7.4262	49.77	39.76	74	54	-24.23	-14.24

Table 21. Radiated Harmonic Emissions, Channel 25

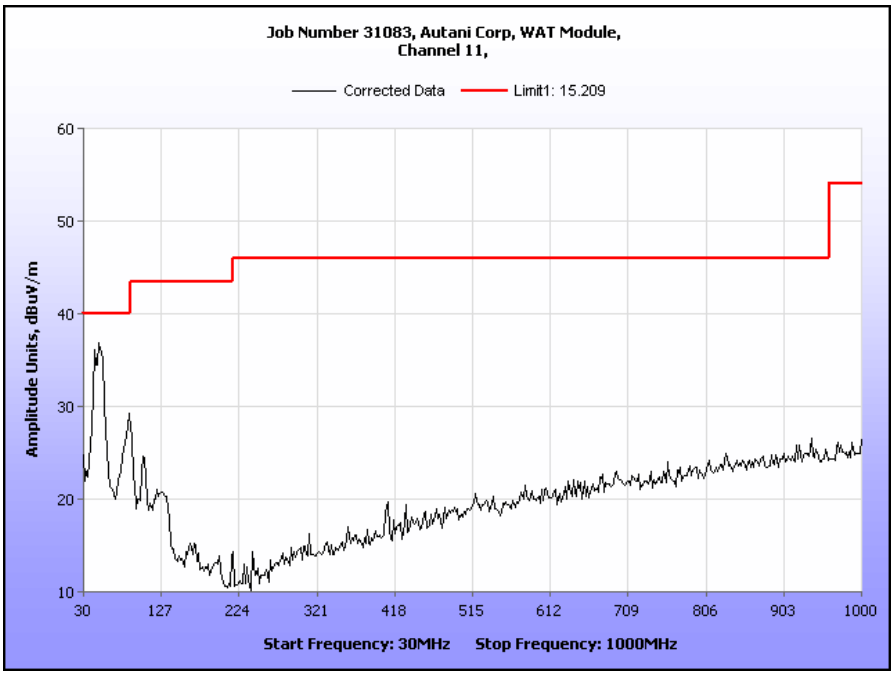
Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.

Channel 26	GUI	Frequency	Corrected Measurement (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
Harmonic		(GHz)	Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
2nd	3	4.959	39.07	28.54	74	54	-34.93	-25.46
3rd		7.4381	49.48	39.51	74	54	-24.52	-14.49

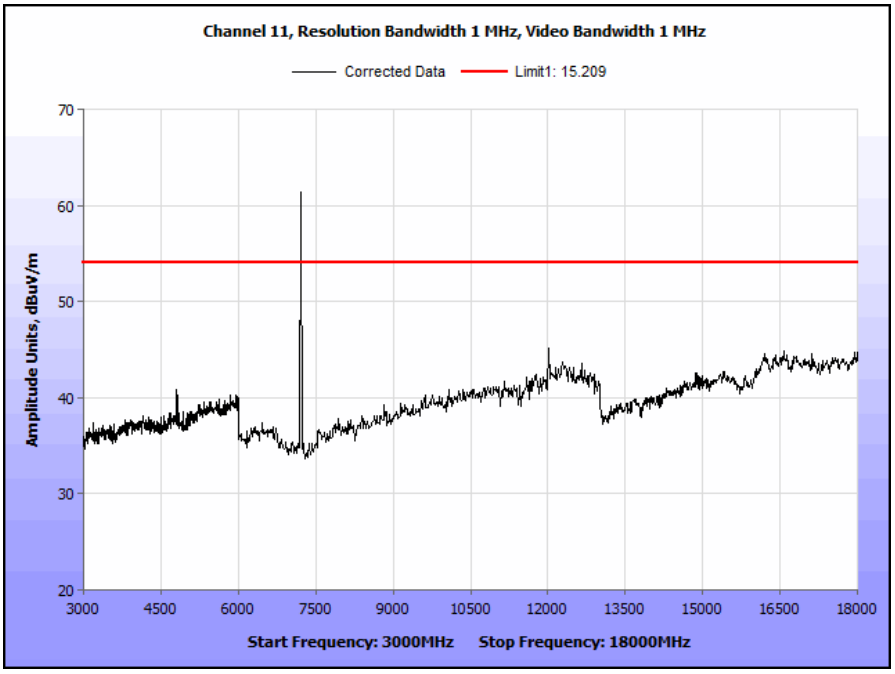
Table 22. Radiated Harmonic Emissions, Channel 26

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.

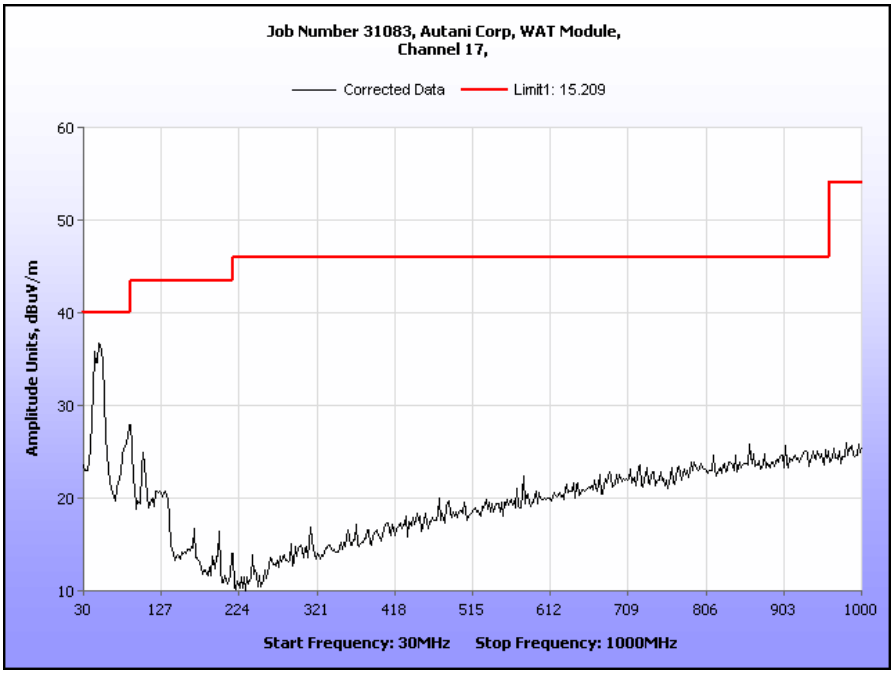
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



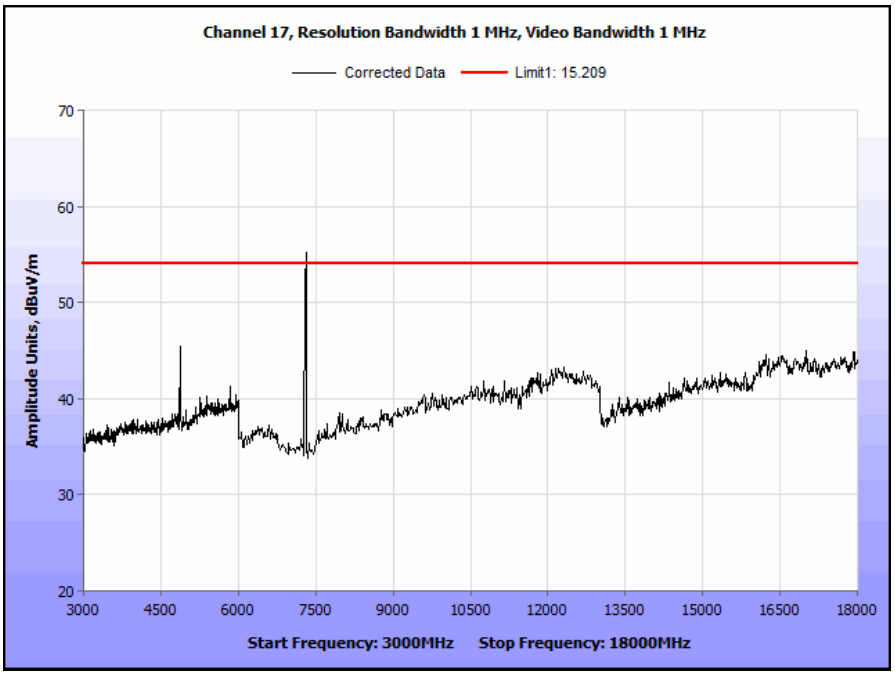
Plot 15. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Channel 11, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



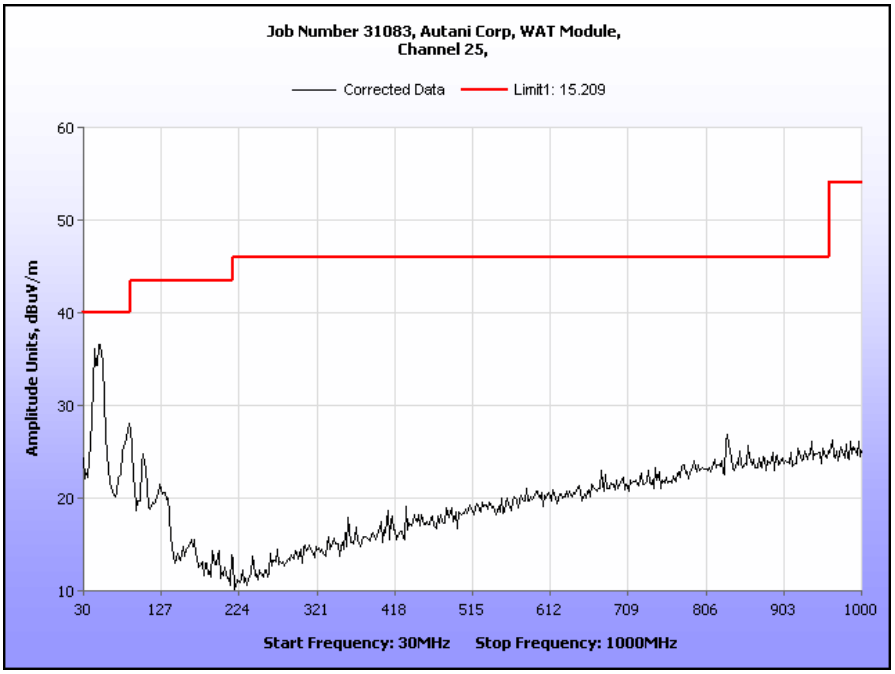
Plot 16. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Channel 11, 3 GHz – 18 GHz



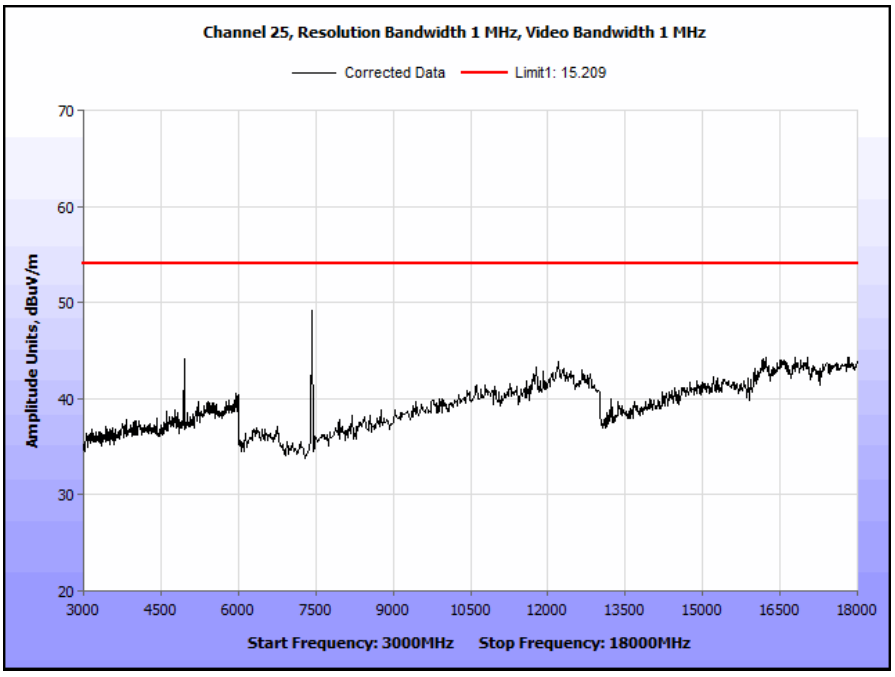
Plot 17. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Channel 17, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



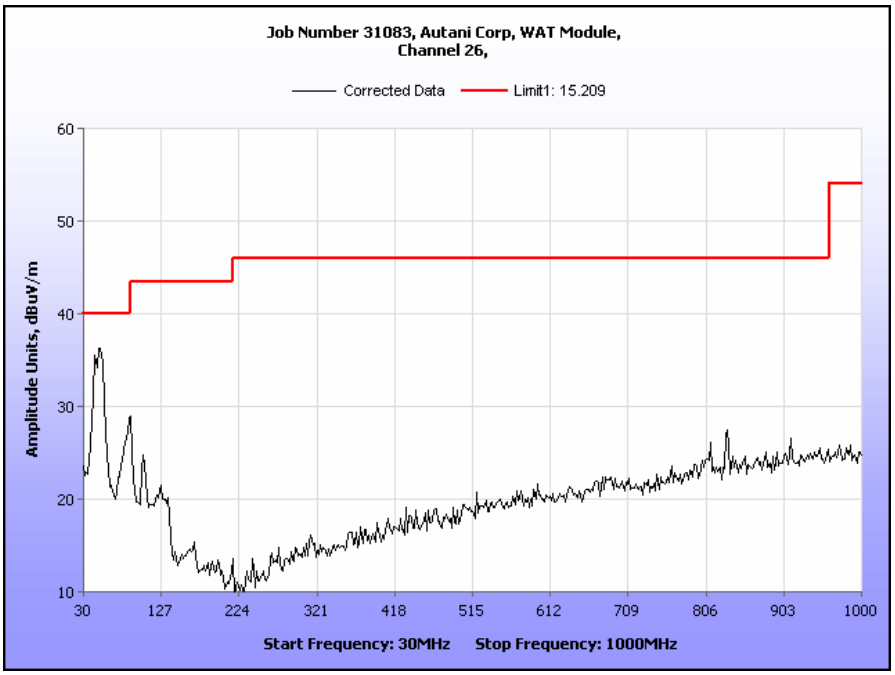
Plot 18. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Channel 17, 3 GHz – 18 GHz



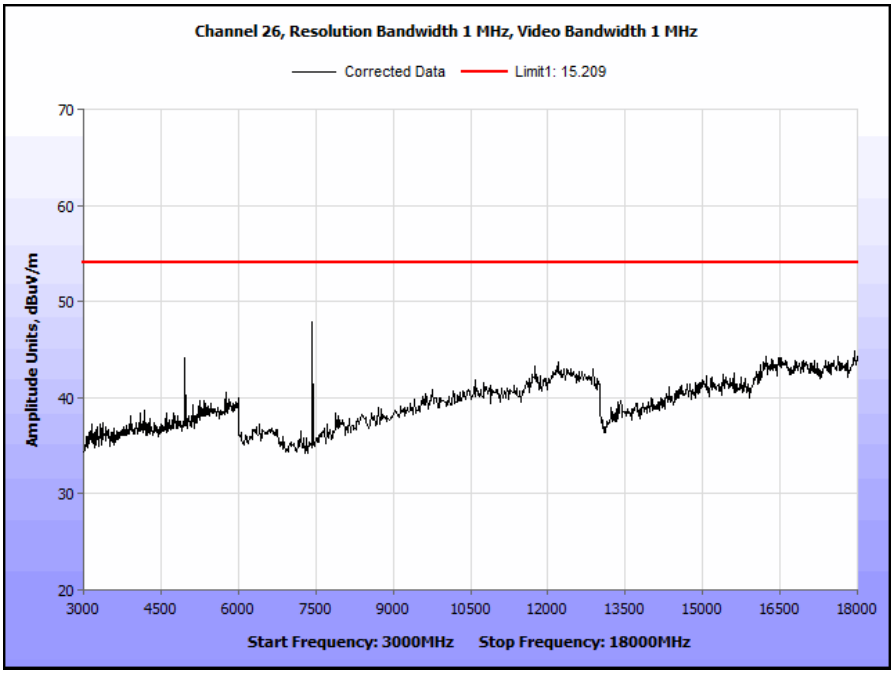
Plot 19. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Channel 25, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Plot 20. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Channel 25, 3 GHz – 18 GHz



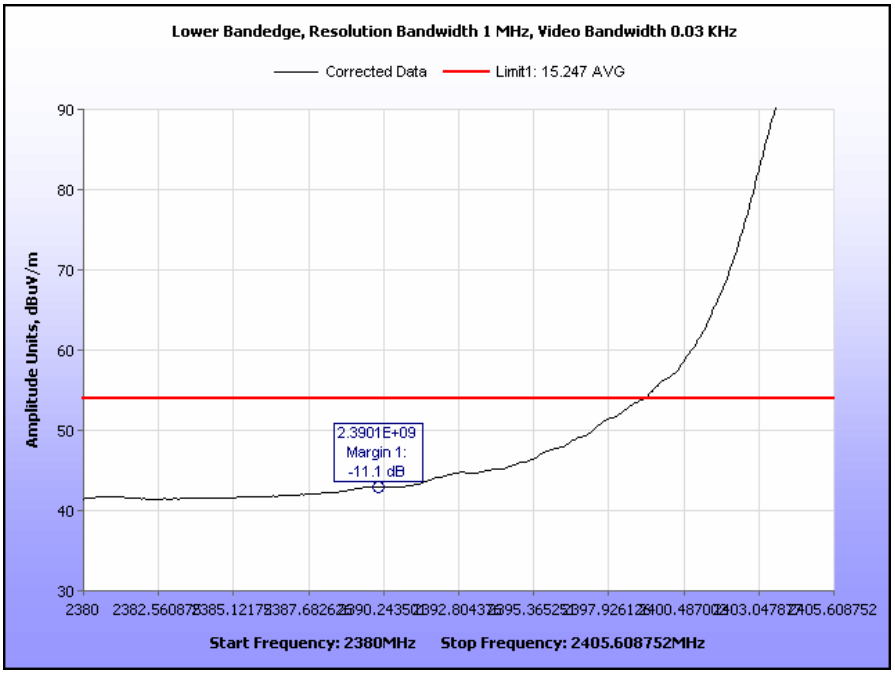
Plot 21. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Channel 26, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



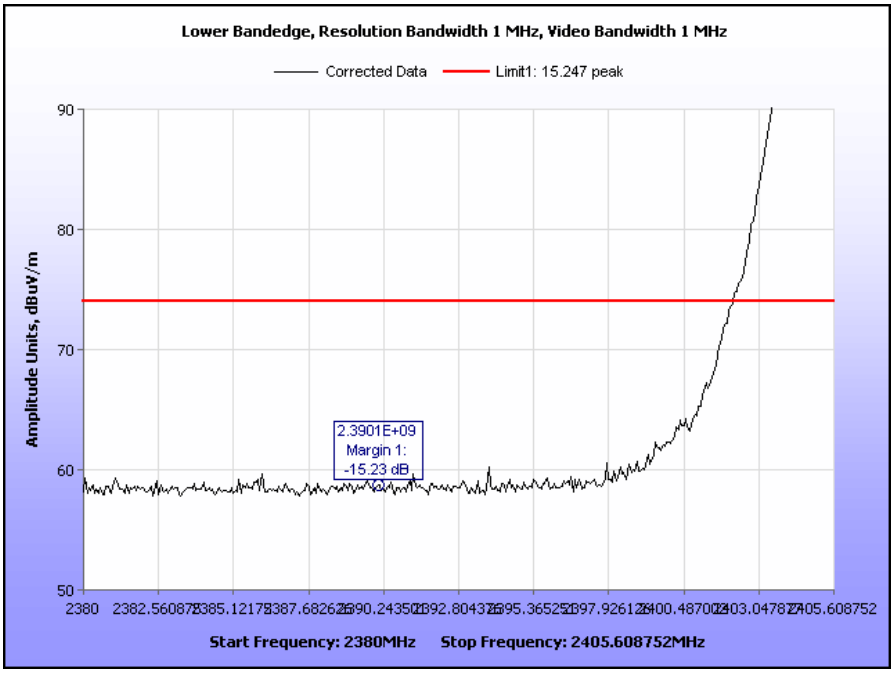
Plot 22. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Channel 26, 3 GHz – 18 GHz

Radiated Band Edge Measurements

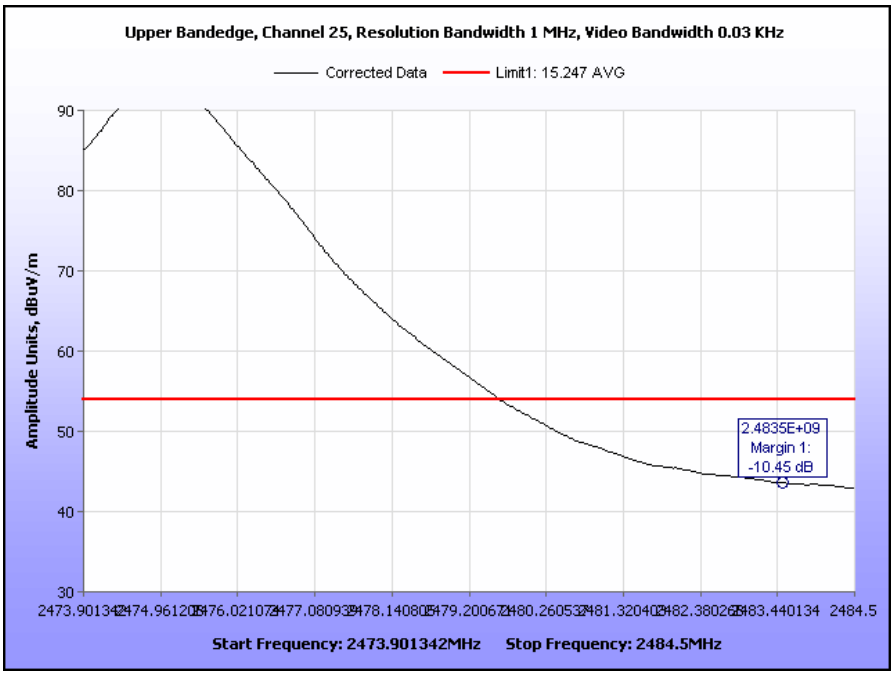
Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed on the low channel, channel 11, and on the high channels, channels 25 and 26. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line. In order to show compliance to channel 26, the Delta-Marker method was used.



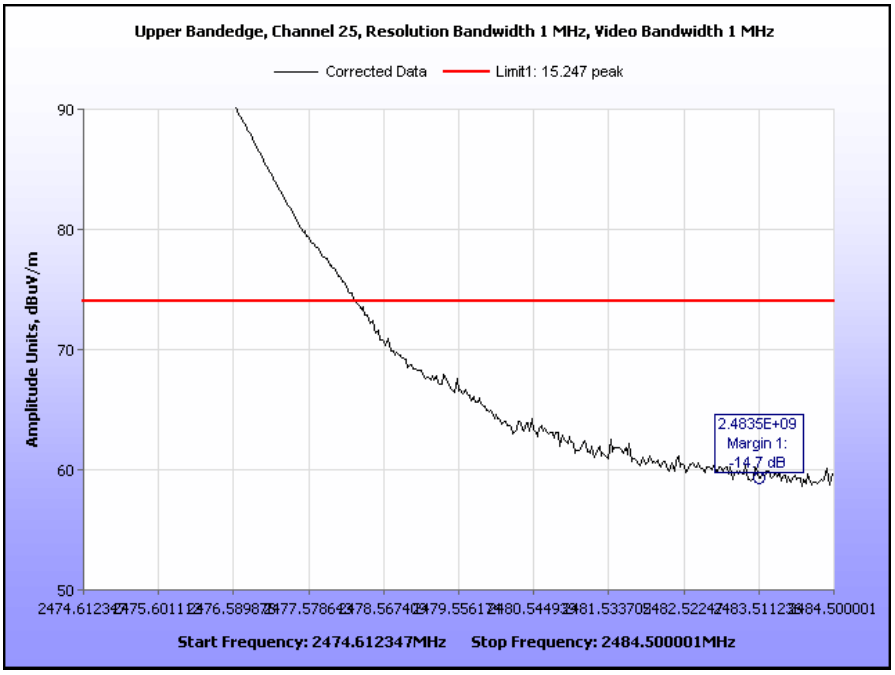
Plot 23. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Average



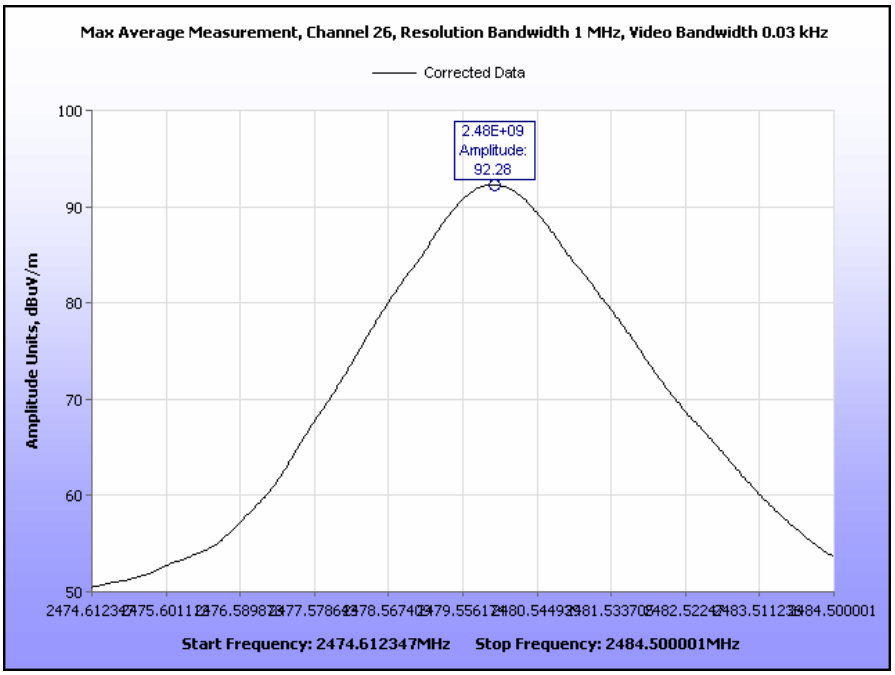
Plot 24. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Peak



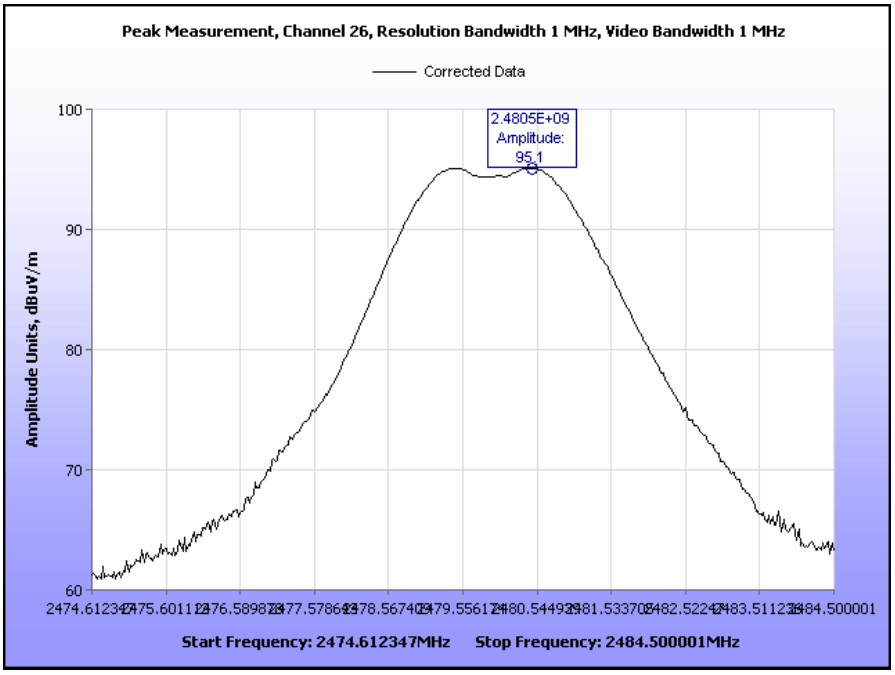
Plot 25. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel 25, Average



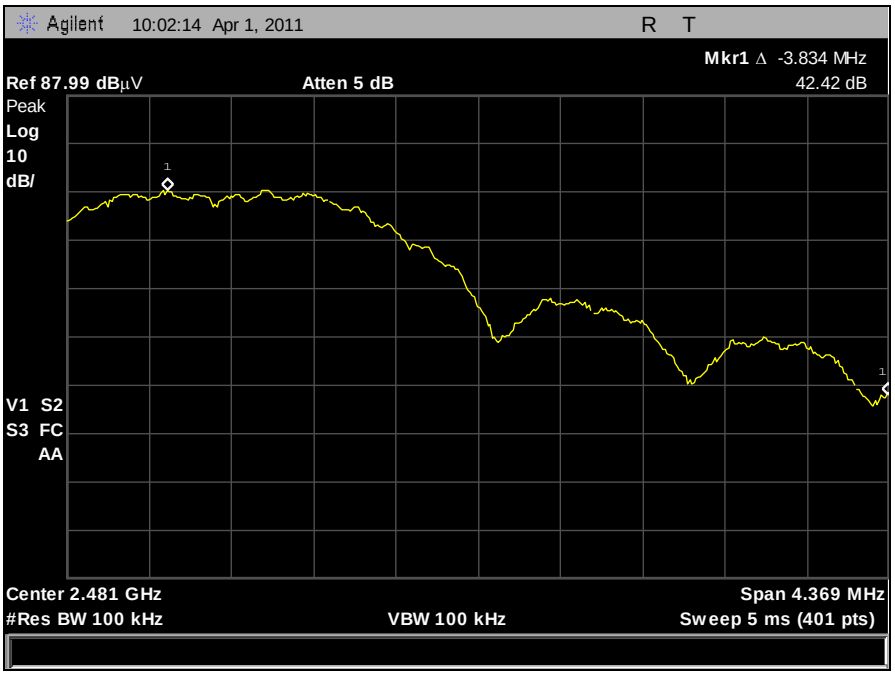
Plot 26. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel 25, Peak



Plot 27. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Max Average Measurement, Channel 26



Plot 28. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak Measurement, Channel 26



Plot 29. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Delta Marker for Channel 26

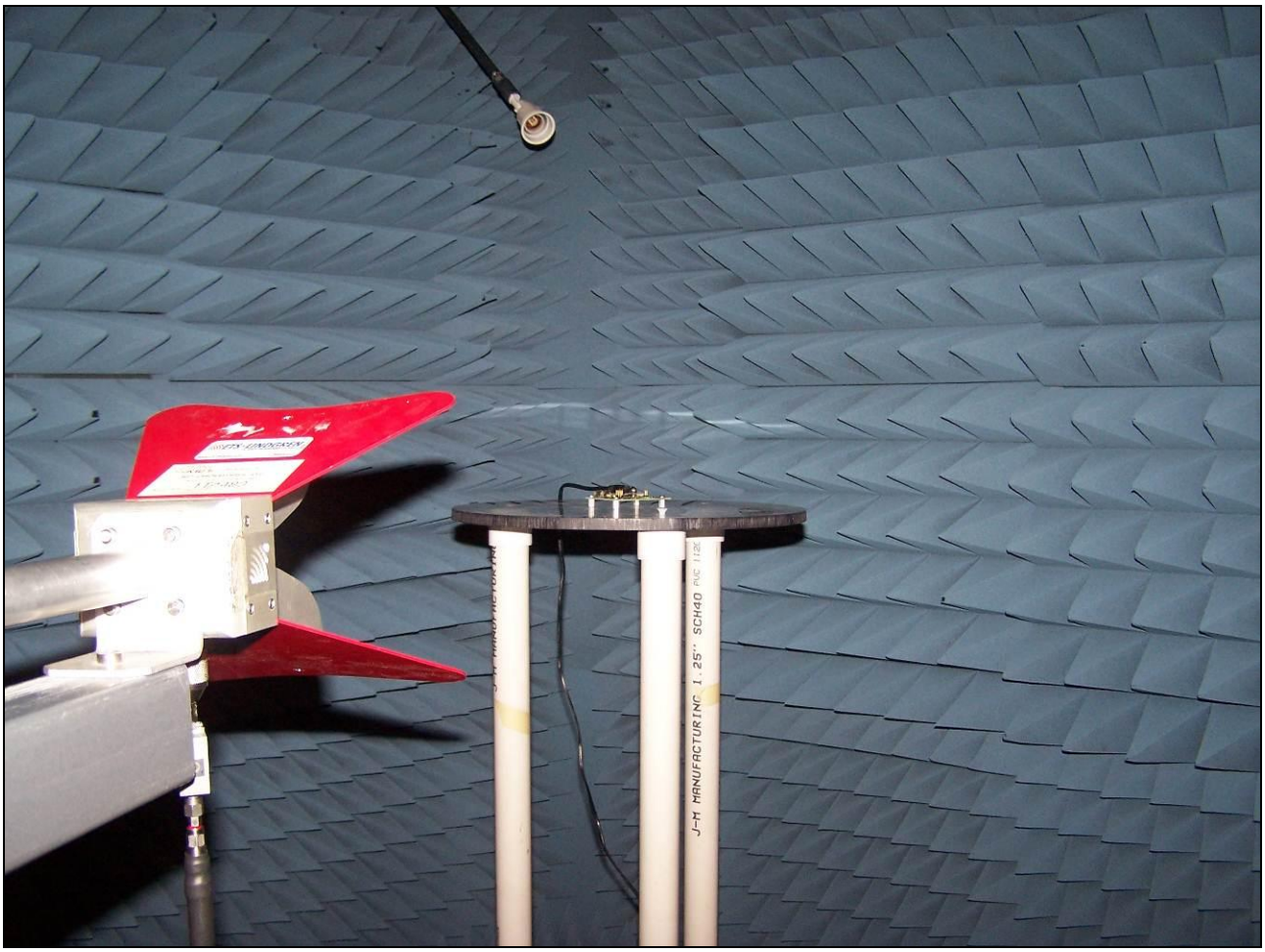
Fundamental Max Average Value @ 3m	Delta Value	Calculated Value	Limit
92.28 dBuV/m	42.42 dB	49.86 dBuV/m	54 dBuV/m

Table 23. Radiated Band Edge, Test Results, Average, Channel 26

Fundamental Max Peak Value @ 3m	Delta Value	Calculated Value	Limit
95.1 dBuV/m	42.42 dB	52.68 dBuV/m	74 dBuV/m

Table 24. Radiated Band Edge, Test Results, Peak, Channel 26

Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Photograph 5. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement: **15.247(d)** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Procedure: For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

A test sample was fashioned with an SMA connector for direct injection to a spectrum. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the appropriate power level per channel.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of **§15.247(d)**.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 04/07/11

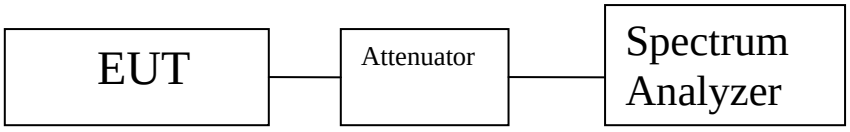
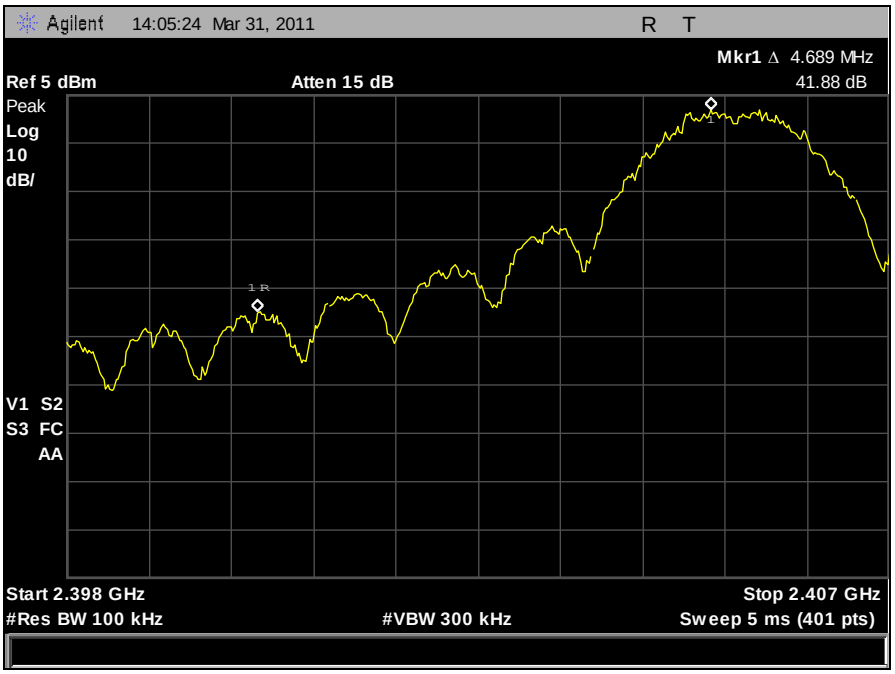
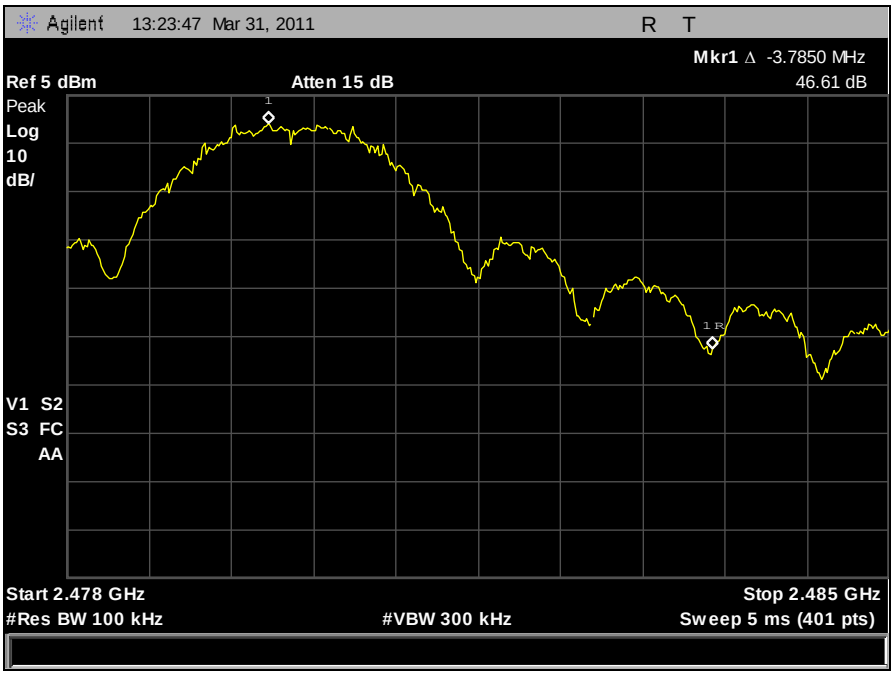


Figure 4. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

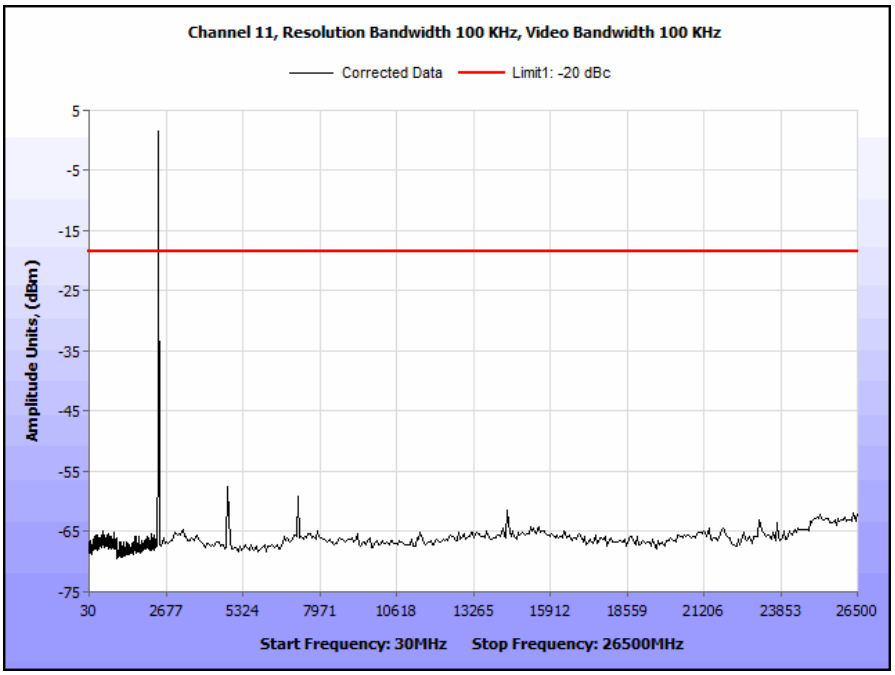
Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results



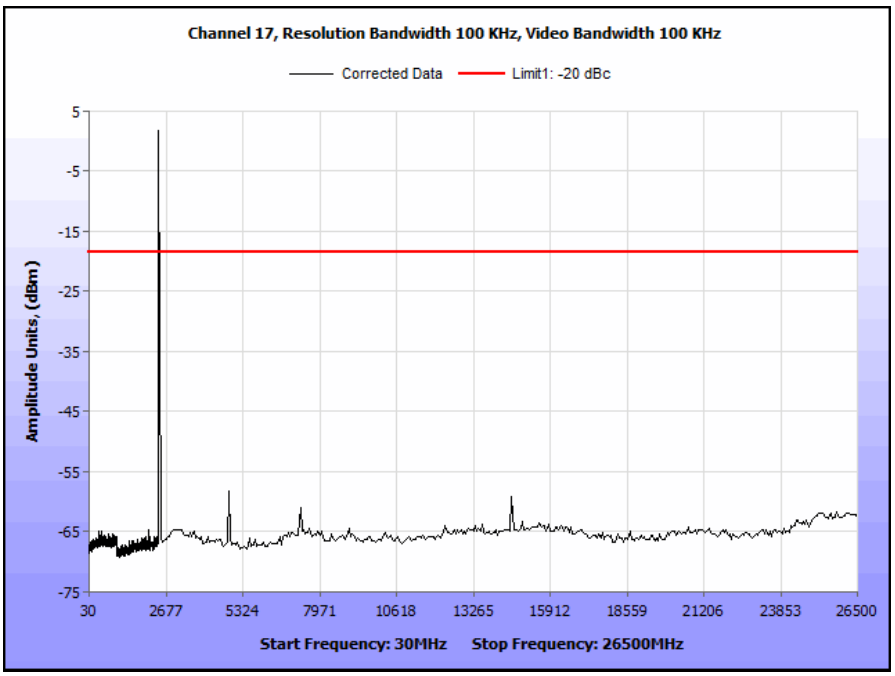
Plot 30. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Channel 11, 20 dBc



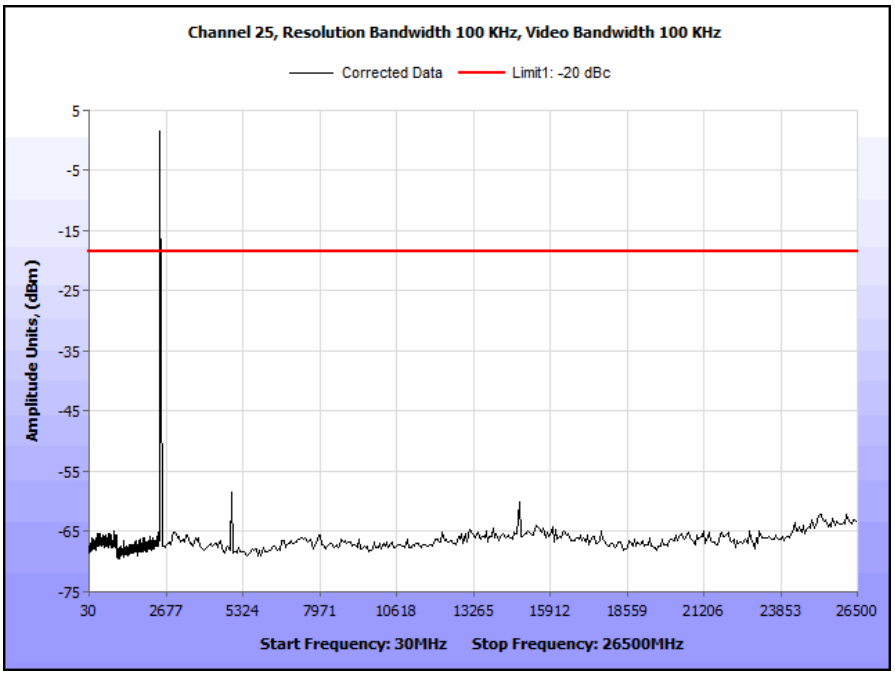
Plot 31. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Channel 26, 20 dBc



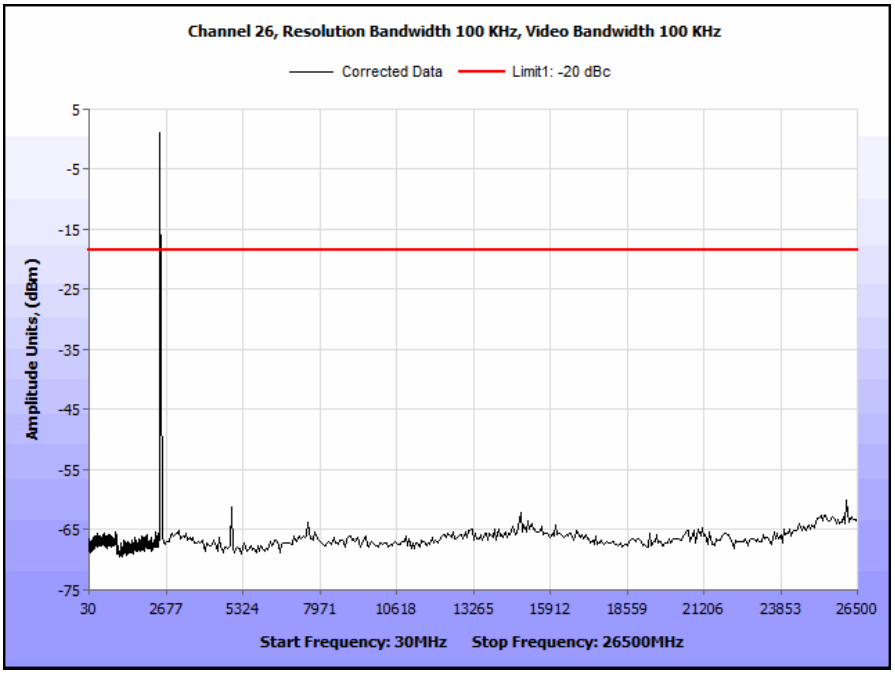
Plot 32. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Channel 11



Plot 33. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Channel 17



Plot 34. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Channel 25



Plot 35. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Channel 26

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: **§15.247(e):** For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level as appropriate for each channel tested. The RBW was set to 3 kHz and a VBW set to 9 kHz or greater. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of **§ 15.247 (e)**.

The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer: Len Knight

Test Date: 04/04/11

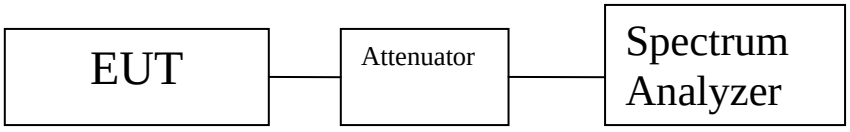


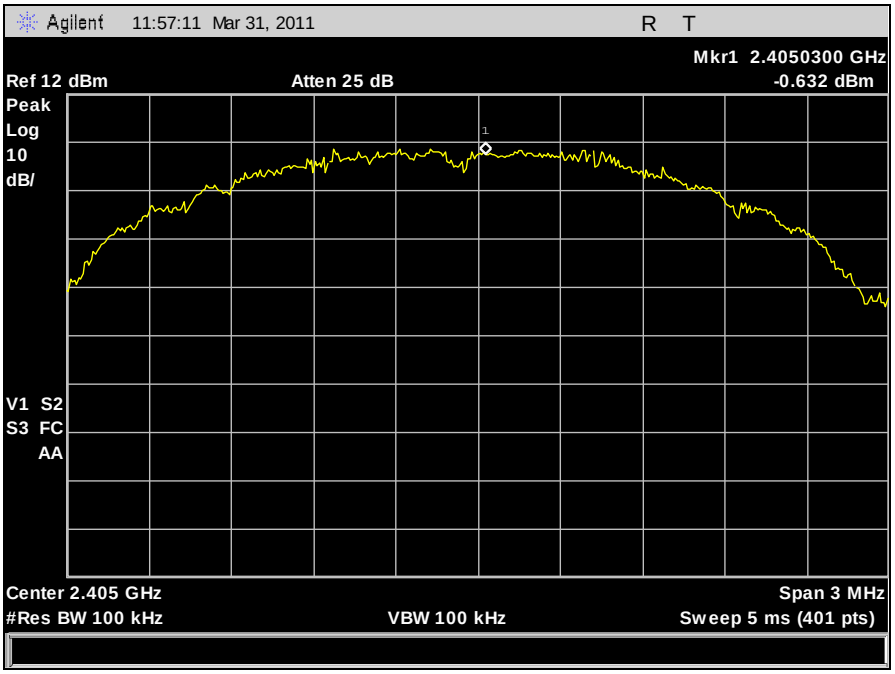
Figure 5. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

Peak Power Spectral Density Test Results

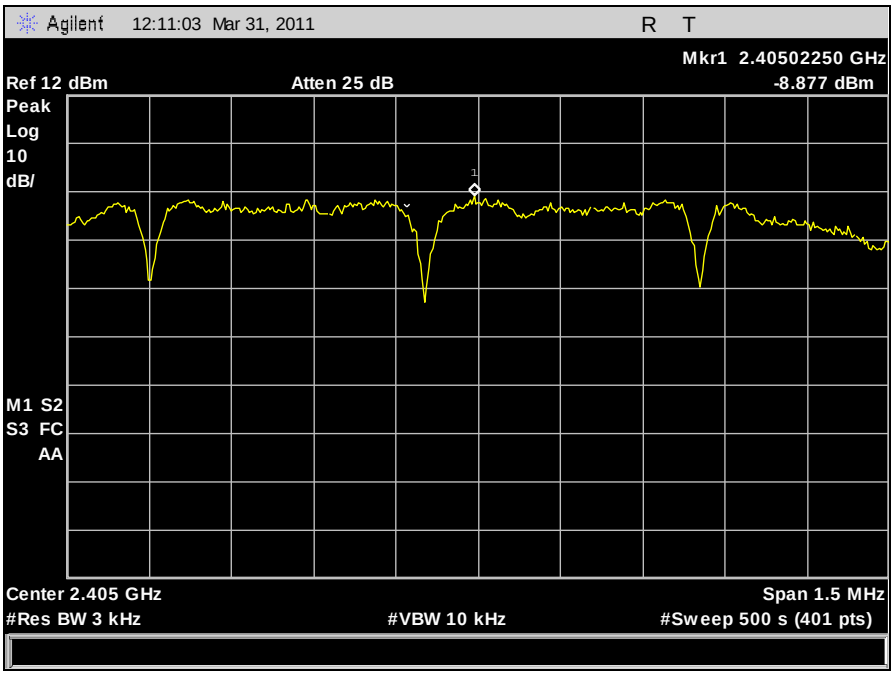
Frequency (MHz)	Channel	GUI	PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
2405	11	5	-8.88	8
2435	17	5	-8.17	8
2475	25	5	-8.71	8
2480	26	3	-10.85	8

Table 25. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results

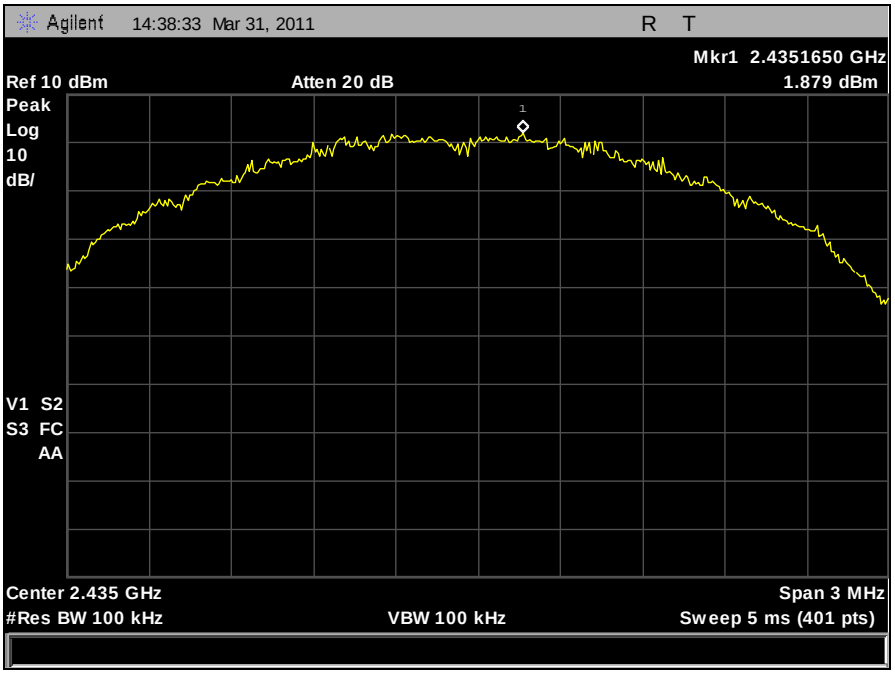
Peak Power Spectral Density



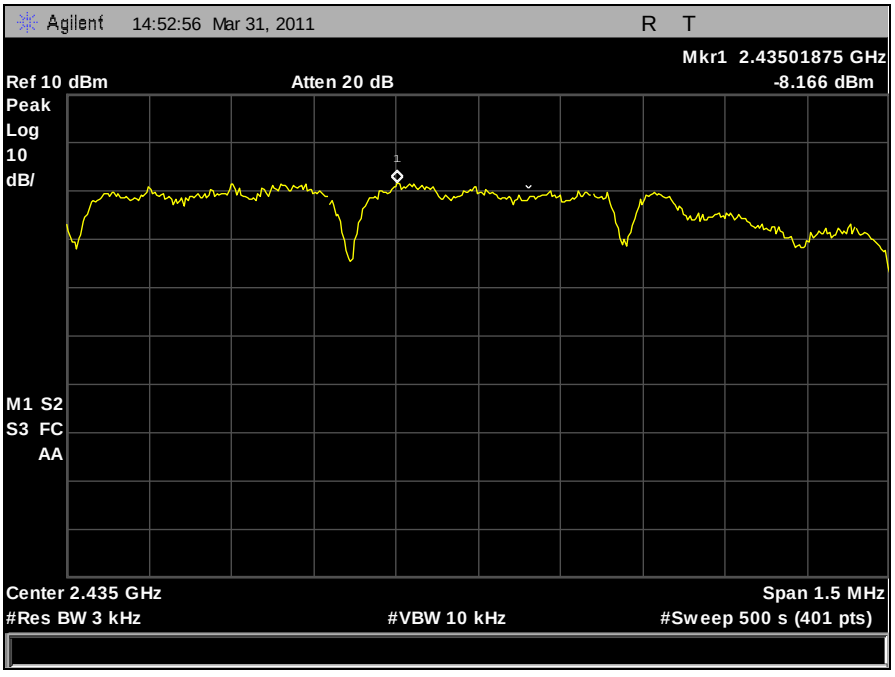
Plot 36. Peak Power Spectral Density, Channel 11, Peak Determination



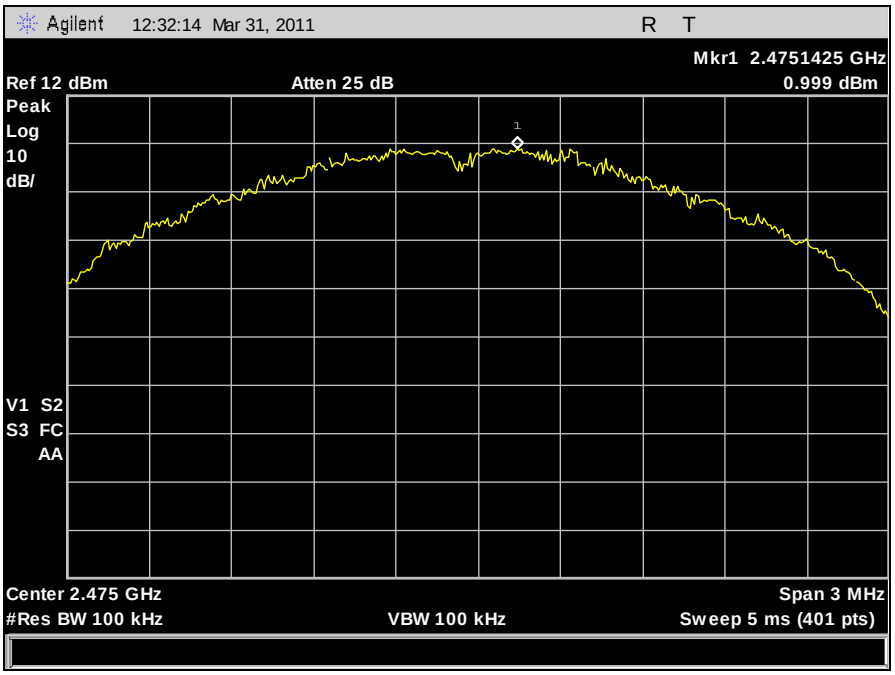
Plot 37. Peak Power Spectral Density, Channel 11



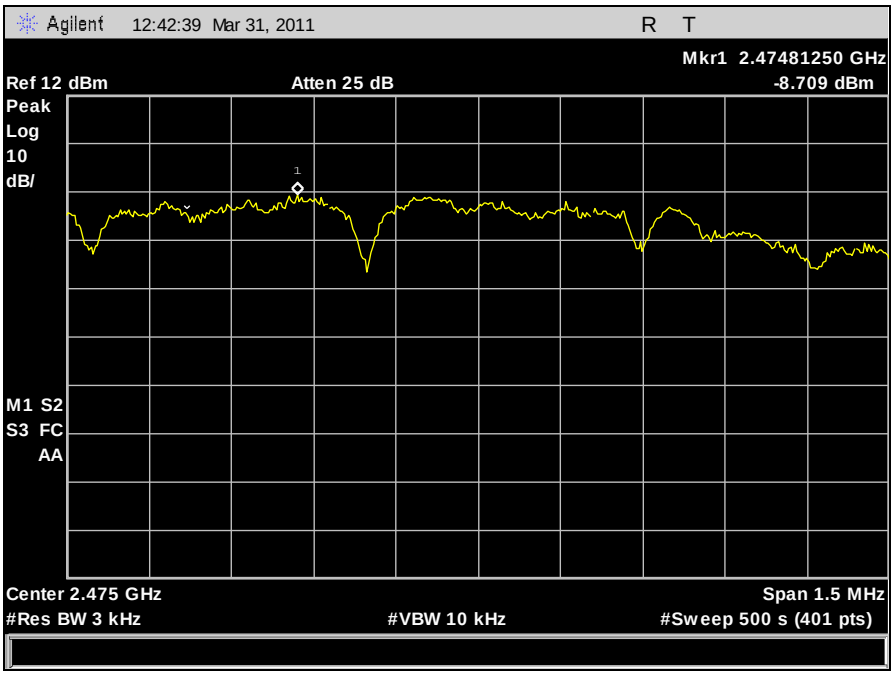
Plot 38. Peak Power Spectral Density, Channel 17, Peak Determination



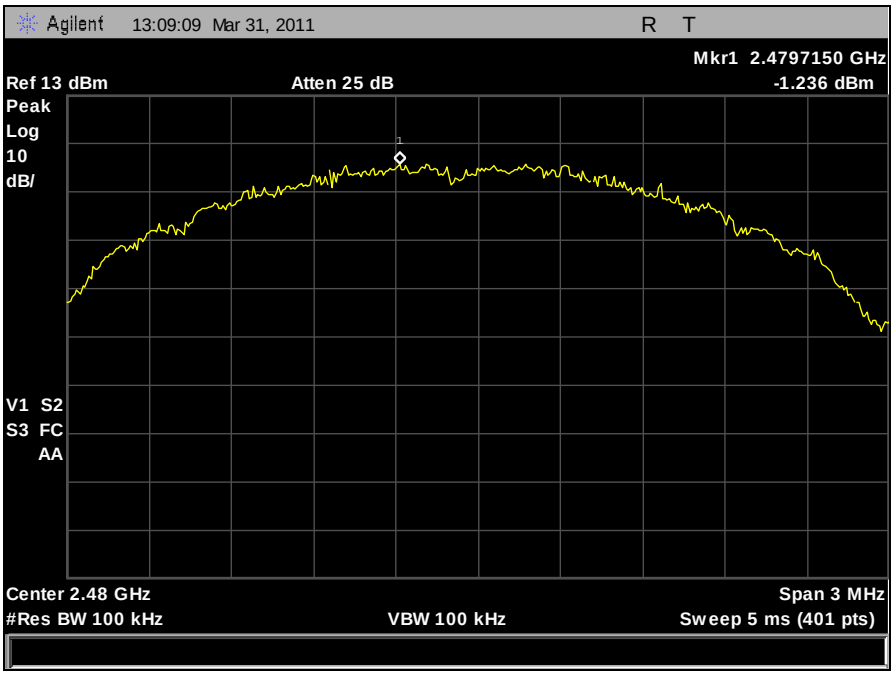
Plot 39. Peak Power Spectral Density, Channel 17



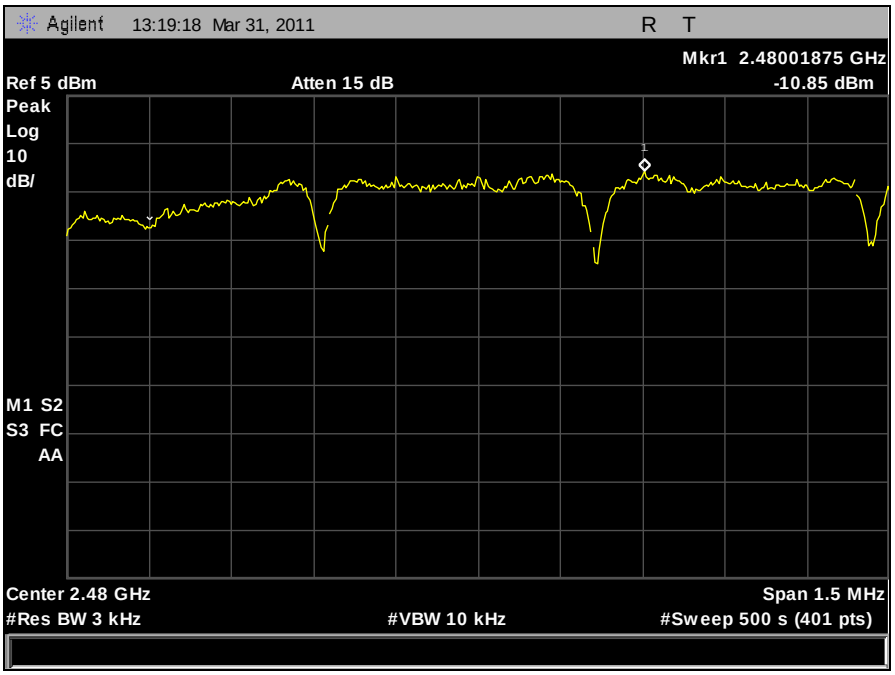
Plot 40. Peak Power Spectral Density, Channel 25, Peak Determination



Plot 41. Peak Power Spectral Density, Channel 25



Plot 42. Peak Power Spectral Density, Channel 26, Peak Determination



Plot 43. Peak Power Spectral Density, Channel 26

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: **§1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2):** Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: **§1.1310:** As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 2400-2483.5 MHz; highest conducted power = *7.80dBm* (peak) therefore, **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm^2 or 10 W/m^2**

EUT maximum antenna gain = *5.3dBi.*

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

$S = PG / 4\pi R^2$ or $R = \sqrt{PG / 4\pi S}$

where, R = Distance (20 cm)
P = Power Input to antenna (6.31mW)
G = Antenna Gain (3.98 numeric)

$S = PG / 4\pi R^2$
$S = (6.31)(3.98) / 4\pi R(400)$
$S = 0.005$ mW/cm^2

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

RSS-GEN Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements

Test Requirements: The following receiver spurious emission limits shall be complied with:

(a) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table 26.

Spurious Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/m at 3 metres)
30 – 88	100
88 – 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

Table 26. Spurious Emission Limits for Receivers

(b) If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

Test Procedures: The EUT was programmed for receive mode only. Conducted measurements were taken at the antenna port of the EUT. 100 kHz resolution bandwidth was used from 30 MHz - 1 GHz and 300 kHz resolution was used for measurements done above 1 GHz. All plots are corrected for cable loss.

Test Results: Equipment is compliant with the Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements of RSS-GEN.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

Test Date(s): 04/04/11

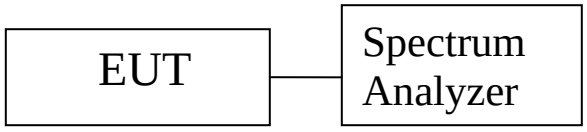
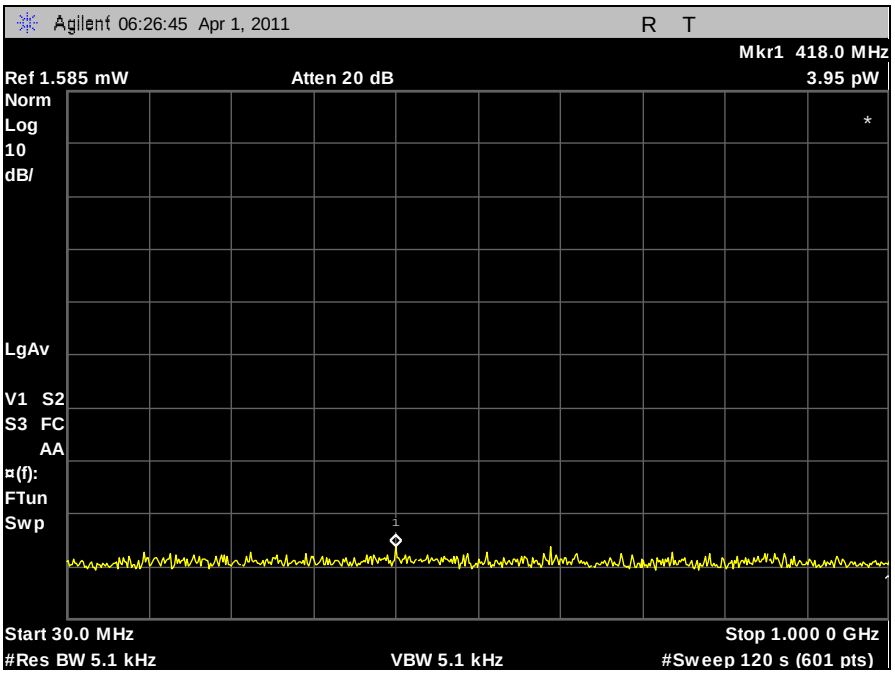
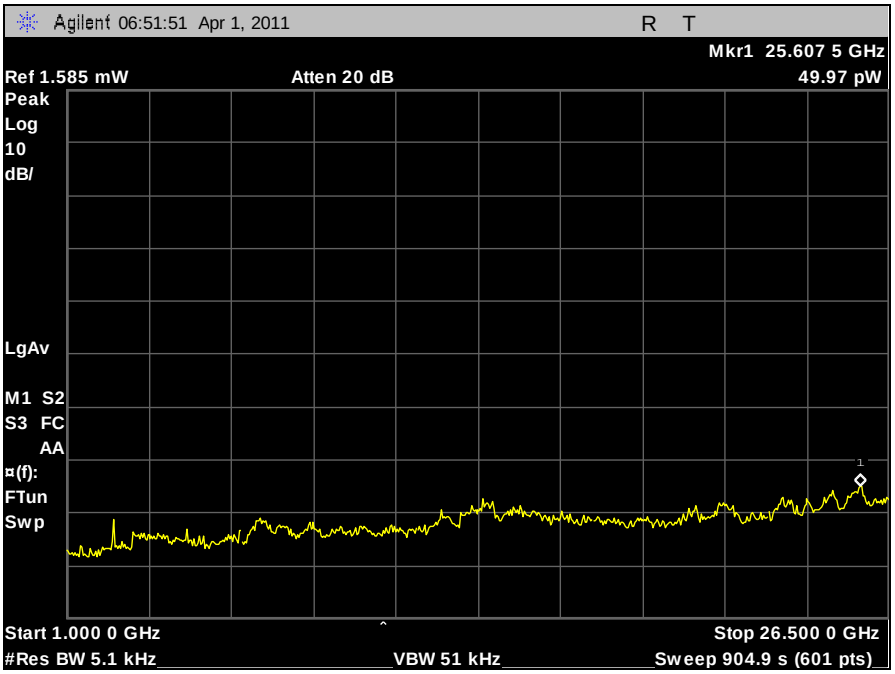


Figure 6. Block Diagram, Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Setup

Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions



Plot 44. Receiver Spurious Emission, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Plot 45. Receiver Spurious Emission, 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz

IV. Test Equipment

Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4502	COMB GENERATOR	COM-POWER	CGC-255	10/06/2010	10/06/2011
1T4758	THERMO-HYGROMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	4040	05/21/2010	05/21/2012
1T4565	LISN (24 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9252-50-R-24-BNC	10/28/2010	10/28/2011
1T4621	ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4402B	05/10/2010	05/10/2011
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	08/23/2010	08/23/2013
1T4627	THERMO/HYGROMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	S6-627-9	10/09/2009	10/09/2011
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	05/25/2010	05/25/2011
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	11/03/2010	11/03/2011
1T4752	PRE-AMPLIFIER	MITEQ	JS44-18004000-35-8P	SEE NOTE	
1T4442	PRE-AMPLIFIER, MICROWAVE	MITEQ	AFS42-01001800-30-10P	SEE NOTE	
1T4612	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	09/27/2010	09/27/2011
1T2511	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	08/31/2010	08/31/2011
1T4744	ANTENNA, HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3116	05/27/2010	05/27/2011

Table 27. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

V. Certification & User's Manual Information

Certification & User's Manual Information

A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

(a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.

(b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.

(c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.

(d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:

(1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or

(2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

(e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:

(i) Compliance testing;

(ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;

(iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;

(iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or

(v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.

(e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.

(f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

(a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.[1] *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer*, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.

(b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

(a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.

(b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

[1] In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.

Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

(i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.

(ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.

(2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

Certification & User's Manual Information

1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:

(1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

(4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.

(5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

– Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

– Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

– Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

– Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

> "At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

Procedural Requirements:

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 4, February 2004:

Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination on the request of the Minister.

Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the user's manual.

Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

> This Class [2] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.
>
> Cet appareil numérique de la classe [1] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

[2] Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.

End of Report