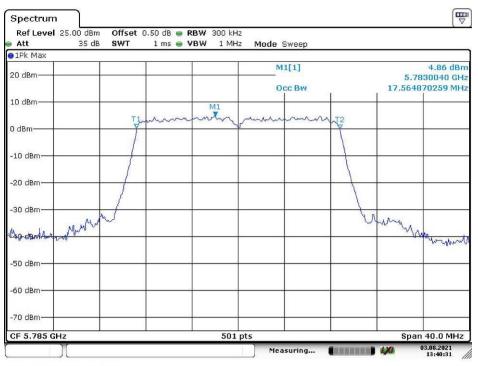
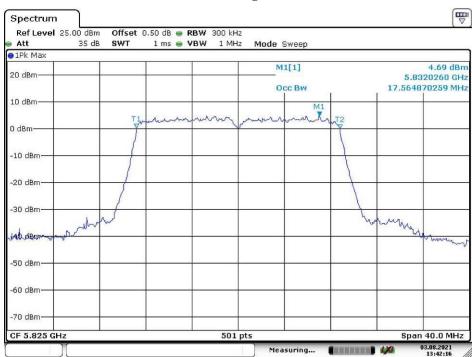
802.11n ht20 Middle Channel



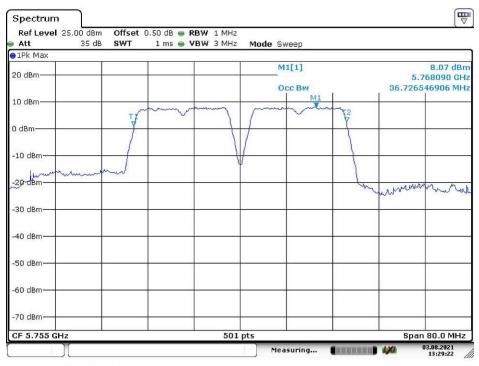
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:40:31

802.11n ht20 High Channel



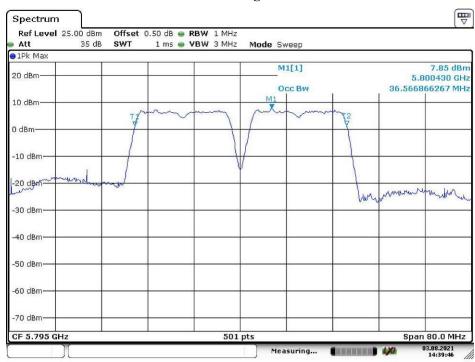
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:42:16

802.11n ht40 Low Channel



Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:29:22

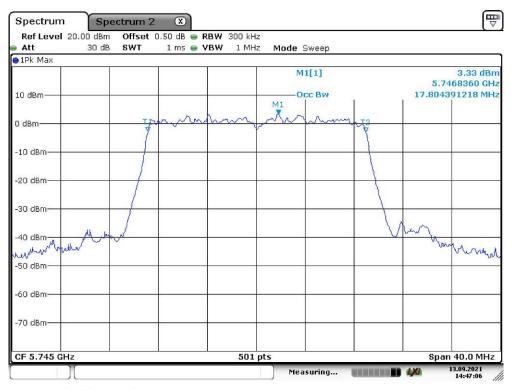
802.11n ht40 High Channel



Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:39:46

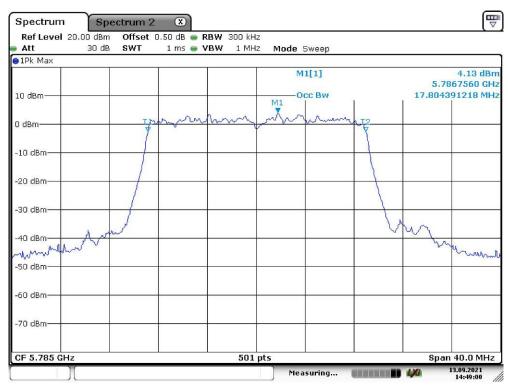
802.11ac vht20 Low Channel

Report No.: DG2210729-31745E-00B



Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:47:06

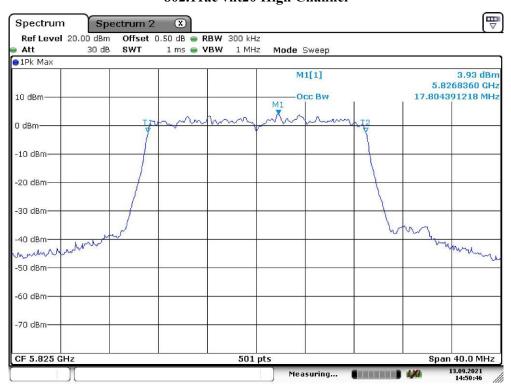
802.11ac vht20 Middle Channel



Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:49:00

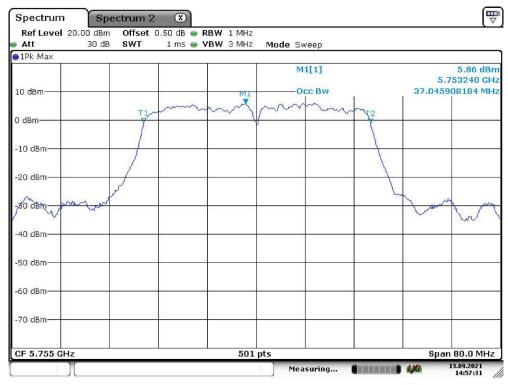
802.11ac vht20 High Channel

Report No.: DG2210729-31745E-00B



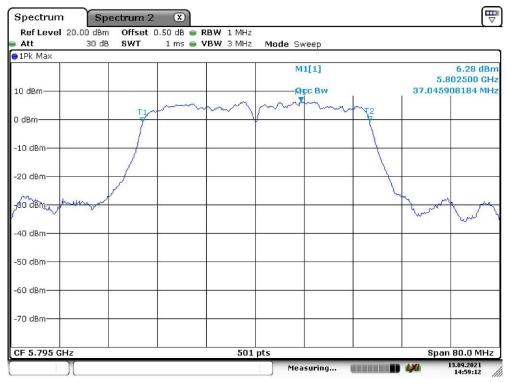
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:50:46

802.11ac vht40 Low Channel



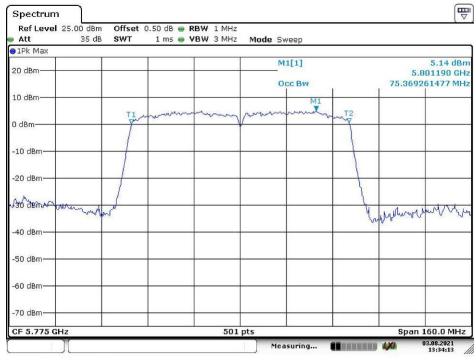
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:57:31

802.11ac vht40 High Channel



Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:59:12

802.11ac vht80 Middle Channel



Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:34:13

FCC §15.407(a) –MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.407(a)

- (a) Power limits:
- (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

Report No.: DG2210729-31745E-00B

- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Page 72 of 105

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Report No.: DG2210729-31745E-00B

(4) The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model Serial Number		Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/01	Each time	N/A
E-Microwave	Blocking Control	EMDCB- 00036	0E01201047	Each time	N/A
E-Microwave	Coaxial Attenuators	EMCA10- 5RN-6	OE01203239	Each time	N/A
Agilent	USB Wideband Power Sensor	U2022XA	MY5417006	2021-07-22	2022-07-21

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Procedure

According to KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	27.6 °C
Relative Humidity:	47 %
ATM Pressure:	100.4 kPa
Test by:	Wayne Wei
Test Date:	2021-08-03

Test Mode: Transmitting

Band	Mode	Channel Frequency (MHz)		Maximum Average Conducted Output Power (dBm)			Limit For Non- beamforming (dBm)	Limit For beamforming (dBm)
				Chain 0	Chain 1	Total		
		Low	5180	19.35	19.22	/	30	/
	802.11 a	Middle	5200	19	19.03	/	30	/
		High	5240	19.45	19.31	/	30	/
	802.11n	Low	5180	17	16.89	19.96	30	29
	602.11ft ht20	Middle	5200	16.85	16.77	19.82	30	29
5150	11120	High	5240	17.34	17.01	20.19	30	29
5150	802.11n	Low	5190	16.89	16.84	19.88	30	29
5250	ht40	High	5230	16.87	16.72	19.81	30	29
MHz	802.11ac	Low	5180	16.99	16.85	19.93	30	29
1,111	vht20	Middle	5200	16.75	16.85	19.81	30	29
	VIItZO	High	5240	16.66	16.54	19.61	30	29
	802.11ac vht40	Low	5190	16.88	16.85	19.88	30	29
		High	5230	16.78	16.58	19.69	30	29
	802.11ac vht80	Middle	5210	16.9	16.95	19.94	30	29
	802.11 a	Low	5745	17.05	17.02	/	30	/
		Middle	5785	17.35	17.24	/	30	/
		High	5825	17.55	17.55	/	30	/
	002.11	Low	5745	16.78	16.66	19.73	30	29
	802.11n ht20	Middle	5785	16.79	16.76	19.79	30	29
5725	11120	High	5825	16.85	16.71	19.79	30	29
-	802.11n ht40	Low	5755	16.75	16.44	19.61	30	29
5850		High	5795	15.99	15.94	18.98	30	29
MHz	000 11	Low	5745	16.79	16.79	19.8	30	29
	802.11ac vht20	Middle	5785	16.88	16.58	19.74	30	29
		High	5825	16.78	16.89	19.85	30	29
	802.11ac	Low	5755	16.68	16.52	19.61	30	29
	vht40	High	5795	15.58	15.59	18.6	30	29
•	802.11 ac vht80	Middle	5775	16.36	16.35	19.37	30	29

Note:

The device is an indoor AP.

The duty cycle factor has been calculated into the test data.

The maximum antenna gain is 4.0dBi in 5GHz band. The device employed Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) for 802.11 MIMO transmitting, per KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01, for power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices:

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for $NANT \le 4$;

So:

For Non-beamforming mode:

 $Directional\ gain = 4.0dBi$

For Beamforming mode:

Directional gain = 4.0+3=7 dBi

FCC §15.407(a) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.407(a)

- (a) Power limits:
- (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

Report No.: DG2210729-31745E-00B

- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output

Page 75 of 105

power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Report No.: DG2210729-31745E-00B

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Test Procedure

According to KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibratio n Date	Calibratio n Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2021-07-22	2022-07-21
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/01	Each time	N/A

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	27.6 °C
Relative Humidity:	47 %
ATM Pressure:	100.4 kPa
Test by:	Wayne Wei
Test Date:	2021-08-03

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to the following table and plot.

5150-5250MHz:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum	Limit (dBm/MHz)		
	(MIIIZ)	Chain 0	Chain 1	Total	(ubiii/Willz)
	5180	7.67	6.59	/	17
802.11a	5200	7.54	6.26	/	17
	5240	7.40	6.36	/	17
	5180	5.24	5.19	8.23	13
802.11n ht20	5200	5.09	5.39	8.25	13
	5240	5.36	5.08	8.23	13
000 11 1.40	5190	3.69	3.34	6.53	13
802.11n ht40	5230	3.62	3.16	6.41	13
	5180	5.22	5.68	8.47	13
802.11ac vht20	5200	5.88	5.86	8.88	13
	5240	6.71	6.63	9.68	13
002 111-40	5190	2.71	3.67	6.23	13
802.11ac vht40	5230	3.71	3.76	6.75	13
802.11ac vht80	5210	0.39	-0.99	2.76	13

5725-5850 MHz:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBm/300kHz)		Maximum Power Spectral Density (dBm/500kHz)			Limit (dBm/500kHz)
		Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 0	Chain 1	Total	
	5745	5.37	6.10	7.59	8.32	/	30
802.11 a	5785	5.38	6.97	7.6	9.19	/	30
	5825	4.94	6.63	7.16	8.85	/	30
	5745	3.87	4.82	6.09	7.04	9.60	26
802.11n ht20	5785	3.76	4.86	5.98	7.08	9.58	26
	5825	5.63	5.43	7.85	7.65	10.76	26
002 11 1 40	5755	1.52	0.98	3.74	3.2	6.49	26
802.11n ht40	5795	0.11	0.40	2.33	2.62	5.49	26
802.11ac vht20	5745	2.61	2.52	4.83	4.74	7.80	26
	5785	2.82	2.96	5.04	5.18	8.12	26
	5825	3.04	2.97	5.26	5.19	8.24	26
802.11ac vht40	5755	-0.49	-0.97	1.73	1.25	4.51	26
	5795	-0.47	-0.16	1.75	2.06	4.92	26
802.11ac vht80	5775	-2.06	-1.35	0.16	0.87	3.54	26

Note:

The maximum antenna gain is 4.0 dBi in 5GHz band. And beamforming gain is 3dBi. The device employed Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) for 802.11 MIMO transmitting, per KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01, for power spectral density (PSD) measurements on the devices:

Array Gain = 10 log(NANT/NSS) dB.

So:

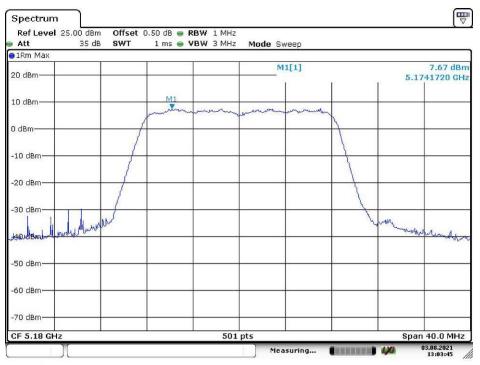
Directional gain = GANT + Array Gain = 4dBi+10*log(2/1)=7 dBi for Non-beamforming mode Directional gain = GANT + Array Gain = 4dBi+3+10*log(2/1)=10 dBi for Beamforming mode The worst limit Beamforming mode was used in the table.

For $5.8 \mathrm{GHz}$ band, If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in $500 \mathrm{\ kHz}$, add $10 \mathrm{log}(500 \mathrm{\ kHz}/\mathrm{RBW})$ to the measured result, whereas RBW ($< 500 \mathrm{\ KHz}$) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

Method SA-3 in KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01was used for PSD test.

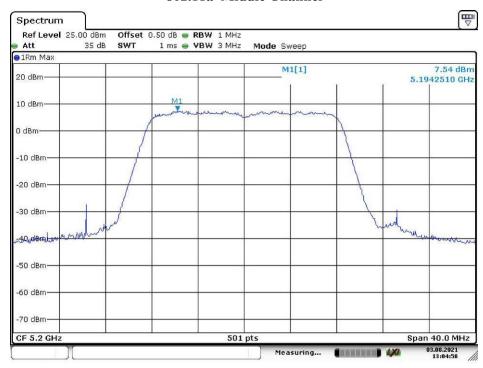
5150-5250MHz Chain 0

802.11a Low Channel



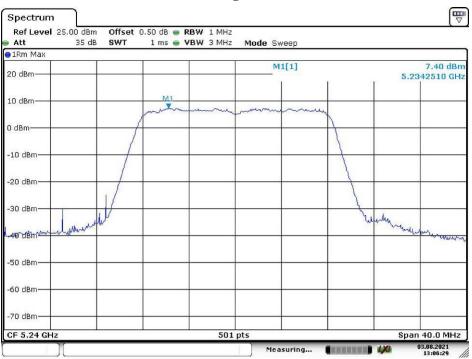
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:03:45

802.11a Middle Channel



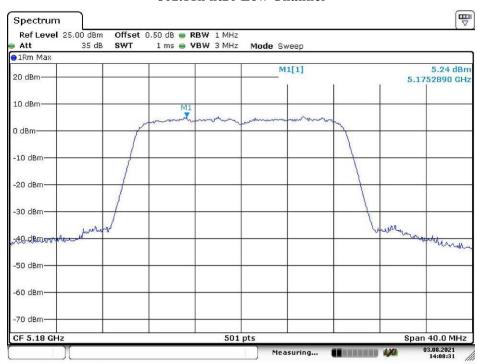
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:04:58

802.11a High Channel



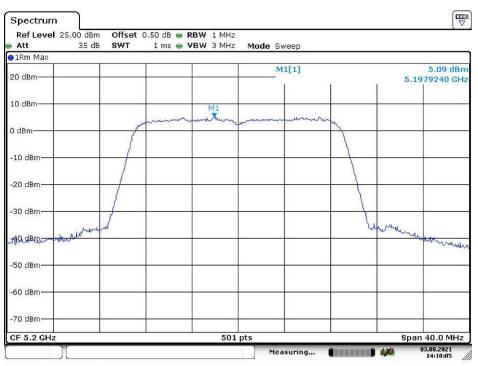
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:06:29

802.11n ht20 Low Channel



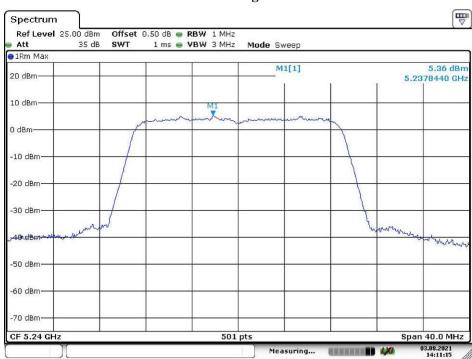
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:08:31

802.11n ht20 Middle Channel



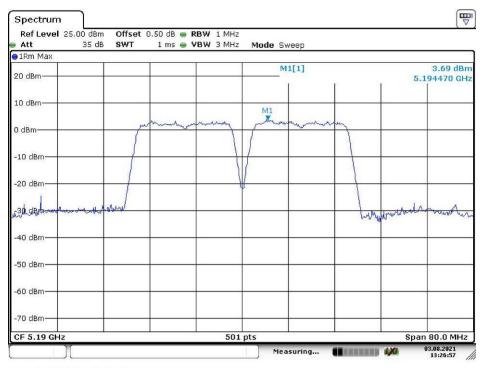
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:10:05

802.11n ht20 High Channel



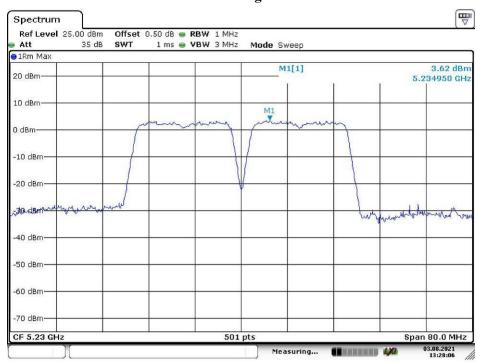
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:11:16

802.11n ht40 Low Channel



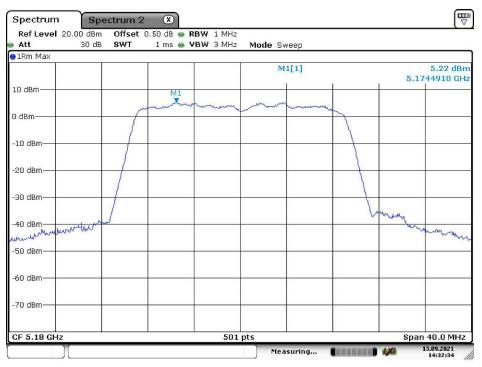
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:26:57

802.11n ht40 High Channel



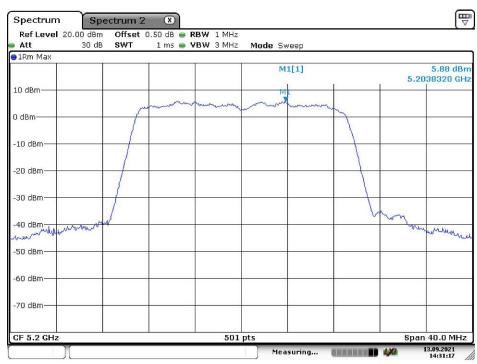
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:28:06

802.11ac vht20 Low Channel



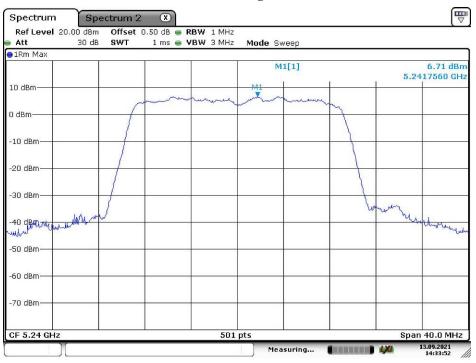
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:32:34

802.11ac vht20 Middle Channel



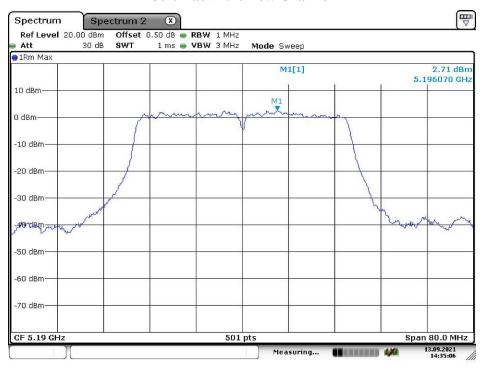
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:31:17

802.11ac vht20 High Channel



Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:33:52

802.11ac vht40 Low Channel



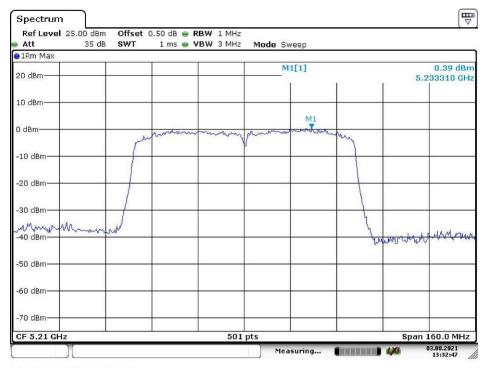
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:35:06

802.11ac vht40 High Channel



Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:36:52

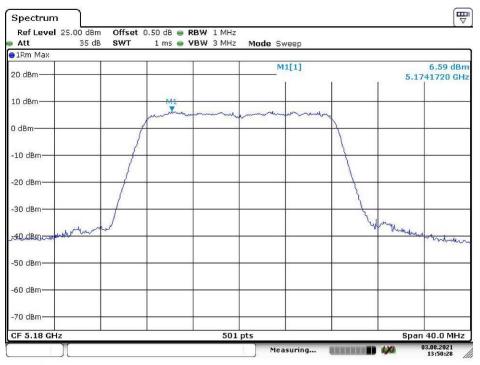
802.11ac vht80 Middle Channel



Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:32:47

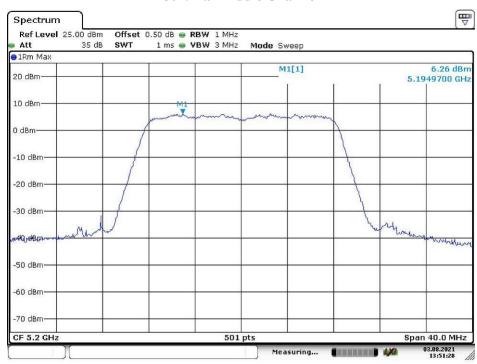
Chain 1

802.11a Low Channel



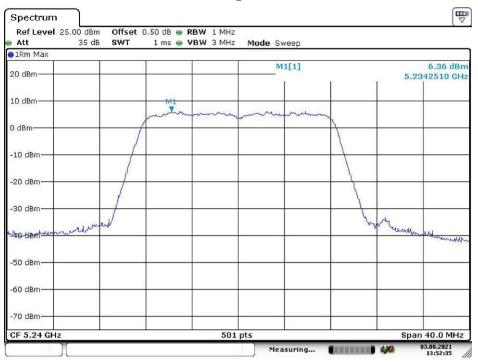
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:50:28

802.11a Middle Channel



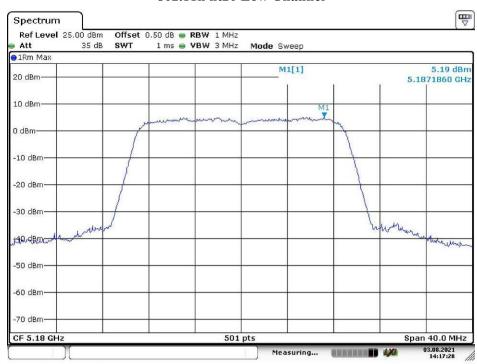
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:51:28

802.11a High Channel



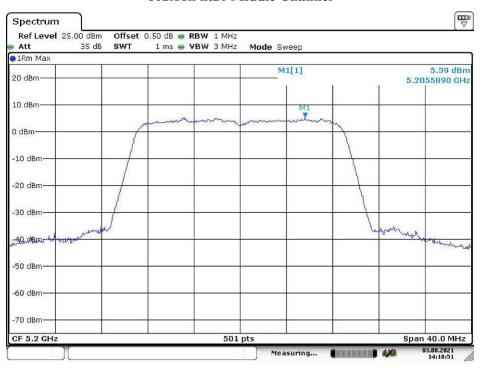
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:52:35

802.11n ht20 Low Channel



Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:17:28

802.11n ht20 Middle Channel



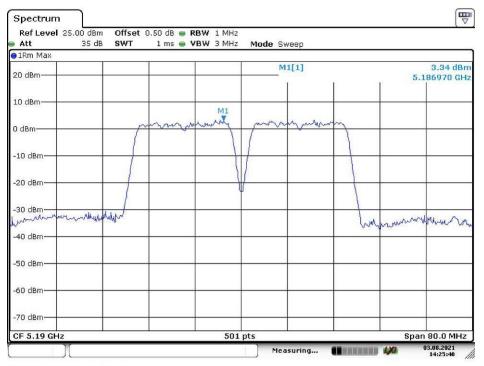
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:18:52

802.11n ht20 High Channel



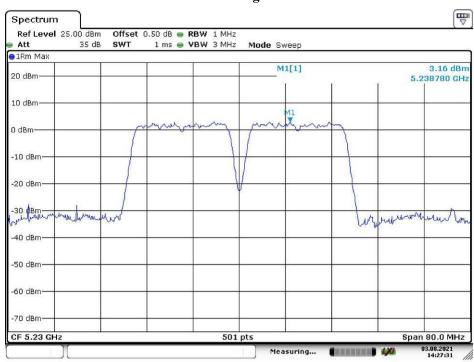
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:20:02

802.11n ht40 Low Channel



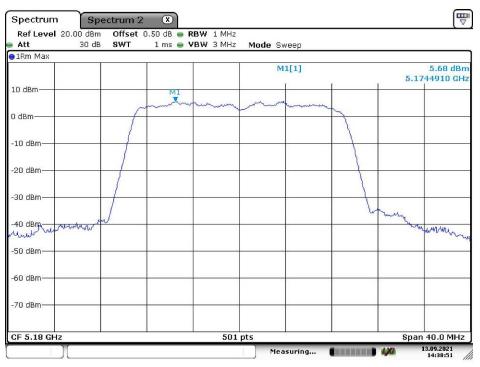
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:25:40

802.11n ht40 High Channel



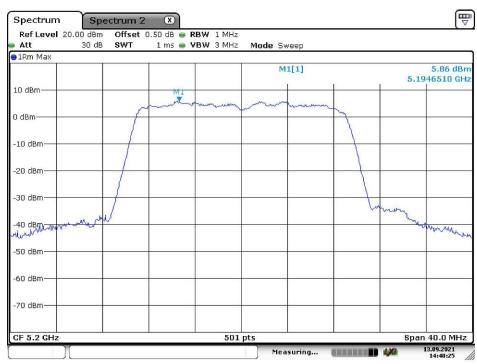
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:27:31

802.11ac vht20 Low Channel



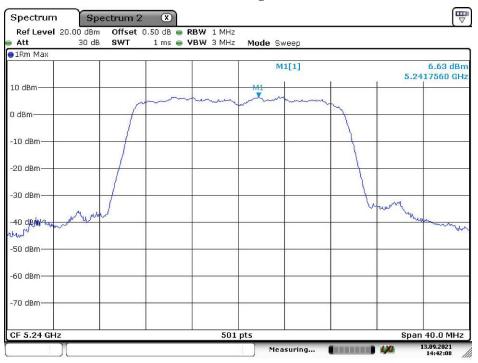
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:38:51

802.11ac vht20 Middle Channel



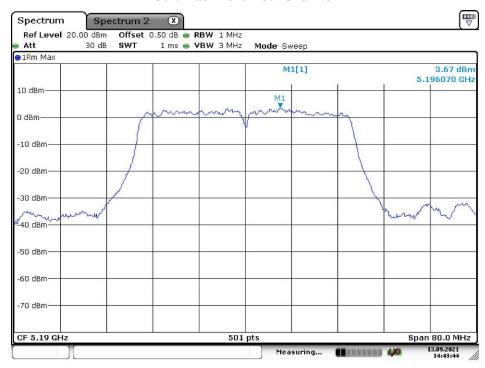
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:40:25

802.11ac vht20 High Channel



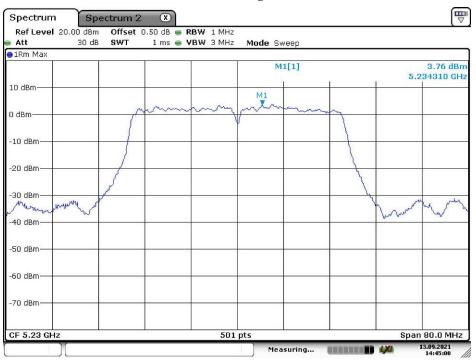
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:42:08

802.11ac vht40 Low Channel



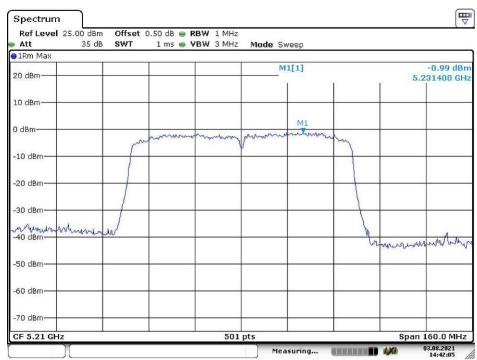
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:43:44

802.11ac vht40 High Channel



Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:45:00

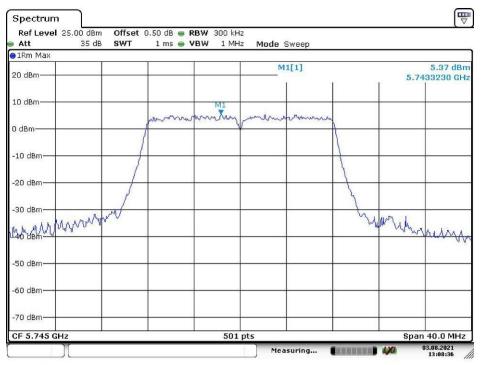
802.11ac vht80 Middle Channel



Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:42:06

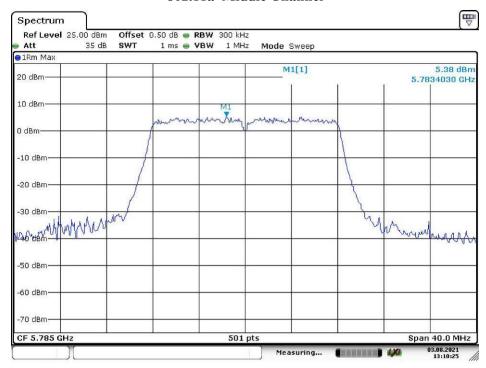
5725-5850MHz Chain 0

802.11a Low Channel



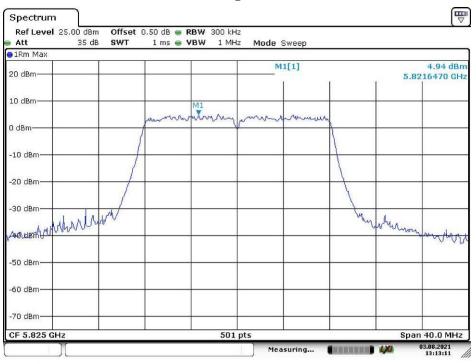
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:08:36

802.11a Middle Channel



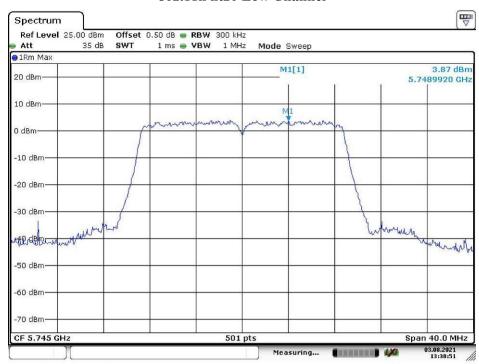
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:10:25

802.11a High Channel



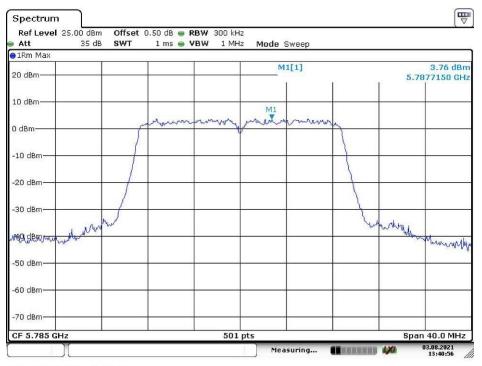
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:13:11

802.11n ht20 Low Channel



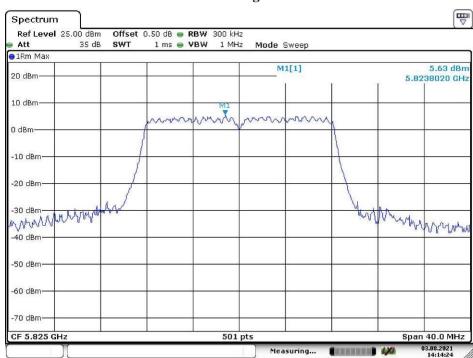
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:38:51

802.11n ht20 Middle Channel



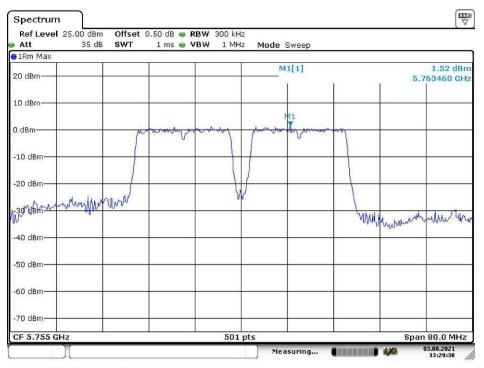
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:40:56

802.11n ht20 High Channel



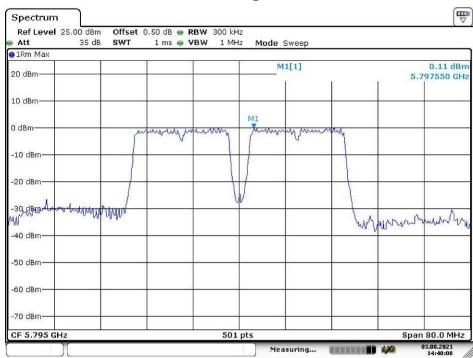
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:14:24

802.11n ht40 Low Channel



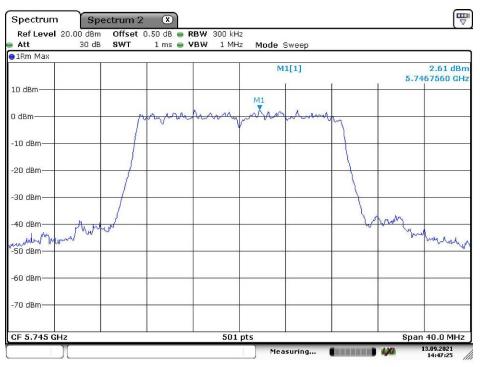
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:29:38

802.11n ht40 High Channel



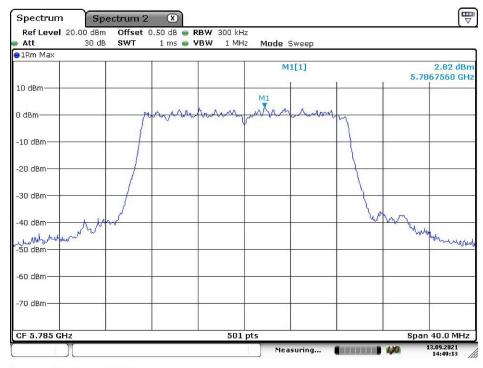
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:40:08

802.11ac vht20 Low Channel



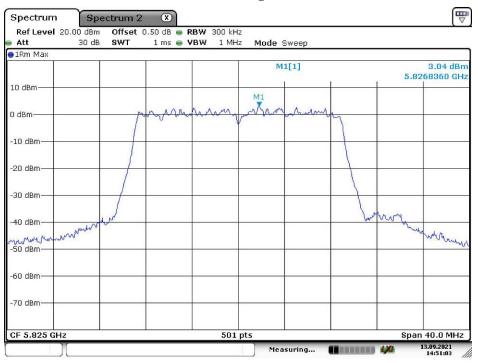
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:47:25

802.11ac vht20 Middle Channel



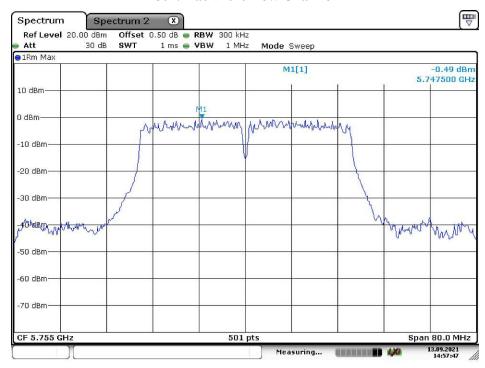
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:49:13

802.11ac vht20 High Channel



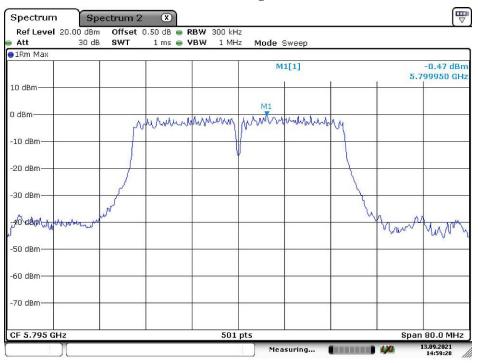
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:51:03

802.11ac vht40 Low Channel



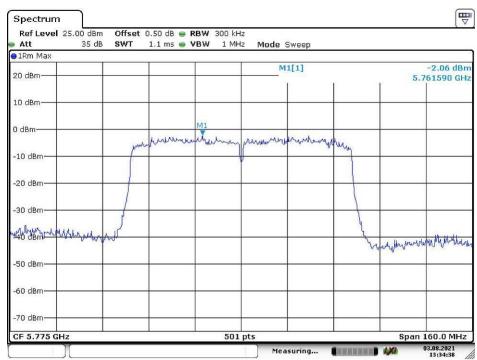
Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:57:47

802.11ac vht40 High Channel



Date: 13.SEP.2021 14:59:28

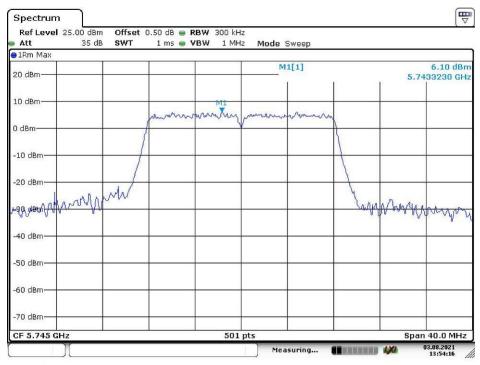
802.11ac vht80 Middle Channel



Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:34:38

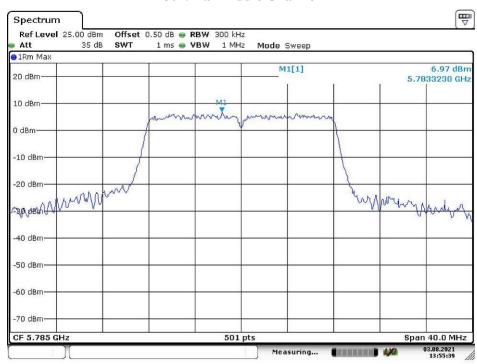
Chain 1:

802.11a Low Channel



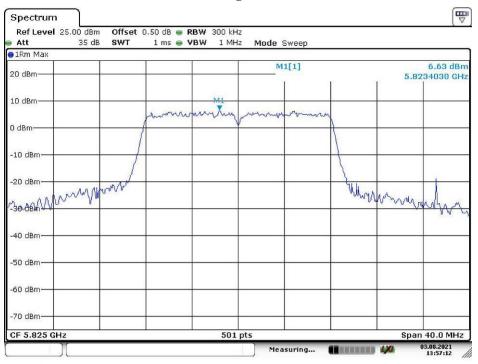
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:54:16

802.11a Middle Channel



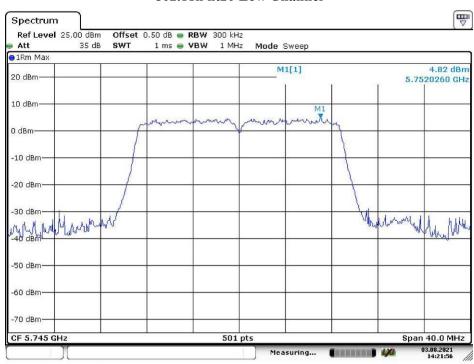
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:55:39

802.11a High Channel



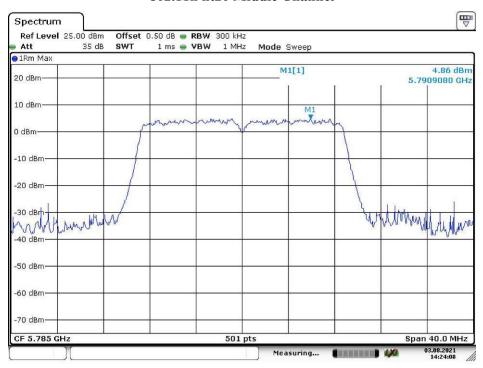
Date: 3.AUG.2021 13:57:12

802.11n ht20 Low Channel



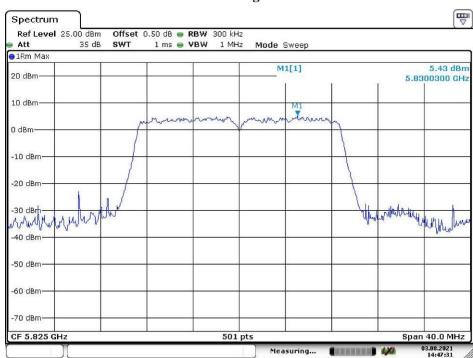
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:21:57

802.11n ht20 Middle Channel



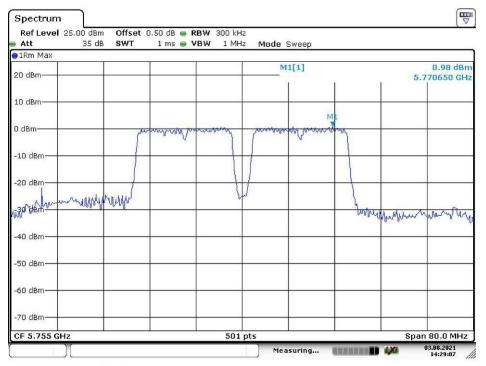
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:24:09

802.11n ht20 High Channel



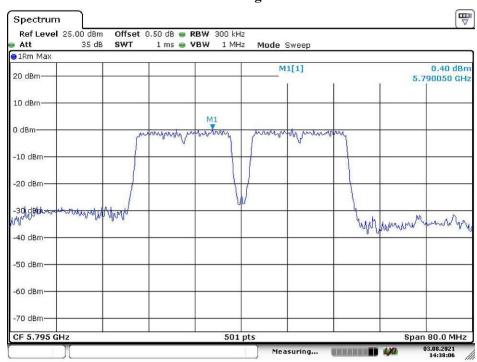
Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:47:31

802.11n ht40 Low Channel



Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:29:08

802.11n ht40 High Channel



Date: 3.AUG.2021 14:38:06