PCTEST'

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

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HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY

Applicant Name: Kyocera Corporation 9520 Towne Centre Drive, Suite 200 San Diego, CA United States, 92121 Date of Testing: 09/14/2015 Test Site/Location: PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA Test Report Serial No.: 0Y1509141775-R1.V65

FCC ID: V65CD8100

APPLICANT: KYOCERA CORPORATION

Scope of Test: RF Emissions Testing

Application Type: Certification FCC Rule Part(s): \$20.19(b)

HAC Standard: EUT Type:ANSI C63.19-2011
Portable Handset

Model(s): CD8100

Test Device Serial No.: Pre-Production Sample [S/N: 16275]

C63.19-2011 HAC

Category:

M4 (RF EMISSIONS CATEGORY)

This revised Test Report (S/N: 0Y1509141775-R1.V65) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19-2011 and has been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.







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1. INTRODUCTION

On July 10, 2003, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) adopted new rules requiring wireless manufacturers and service providers to provide digital wireless phones that are compatible with hearing aids. The FCC has modified the exemption for wireless phones under the Hearing Aid Compatibility Act of 1998 (HAC Act) in WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658¹ to extend the benefits of wireless telecommunications to individuals with hearing disabilities. These benefits encompass business, social and emergency communications, which increase the value of the wireless network for everyone. An estimated more than 10% of the population in the United States show signs of hearing impairment and of that fraction, almost 80% use hearing aids. Approximately 500 million people worldwide suffer from hearing loss.

Compatibility Tests Involved:

The standard calls for wireless communications devices to be measured for:

- RF Electric-field emissions
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal strength in the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal frequency response through the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal and noise articulation index

The hearing aid must be measured for:

- RF immunity in microphone mode
- RF immunity in T-coil mode

In the following tests and results, this report includes the evaluation for a wireless communications device.



Figure 1-1 Hearing Aid in-vitu

¹ FCC Rule & Order, WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658

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2. TEST SITE LOCATION

I. Introduction

The map at the right shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY in Columbia, Maryland. It is in proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Baltimore-Washington International (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and Washington, DC (See Figure 2-1).

These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in Stonewood Business Center, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 7185 Oakland Mills Road, Columbia, MD 21046. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 10' 24" N latitude and 76° 49' 50" W longitude. The facility is 0.4 miles North of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory.

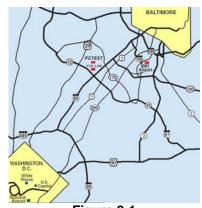


Figure 2-1
Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan
Washington, D.C. area

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3. EUT DESCRIPTION



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Manufacturer: Kyocera Corporation

9520 Towne Centre Drive, Suite 200

San Diego, CA

United States, 92121

Model(s): CD8100 Serial Number: 16275

Antenna Configurations: Internal Antenna

HAC Test Configurations: Cell. CDMA, 1013, 384, 777, BT Off, WLAN Off, LTE Off

PCS CDMA, 25, 600, 1175, BT Off, WLAN Off, LTE Off

EUT Type: Portable Handset

| Air-Interface | Band (MHz) | Type Transport | HAC Tested | Simultaneous But Not Tested | Voice over Digital Transport OTT Capability | WIFI Low Power | Additional GSM Power Reduction |
|---------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 835 | VO | Yes | Yes: WIFI or BT | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| CDMA | 1900 | VO | Yes: WIFI OF BT | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| | EVDO | DT | No | Yes: WIFI or BT | Yes | N/A | N/A |
| LTE (EDD) | 780 (B13) | DT | No | Voc. WIEL or DT | Voc | N1 / A | N1/A |
| LTE (FDD) | 1700 (B4) DT No Yes: WIFI or BT | | Yes | N/A | N/A | | |
| WIFI | 2450 | DT | No | Yes: CDMA, or LTE | Yes | N/A | N/A |
| BT | 2450 | DT | No | Yes: CDMA or LTE | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Type Transport VO = Voice Only

DT = Digital Data - Not intended for CMRS Service

Table 3-1: V65CD8100 HAC Air Interfaces

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4. ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

I. RF EMISSIONS

The ANSI Standard presents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

| Category | Telephone RF Parameters | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Near field Category | E-field emissions CW dB(V/m) | | |
| f < 960 MHz | | | |
| M1 | 50 to 55 | | |
| M2 | 45 to 50 | | |
| M3 | 40 to 45 | | |
| M4 | < 40 | | |
| | f > 960 MHz | | |
| M1 | 40 to 45 | | |
| M2 | 35 to 40 | | |
| M3 | 30 to 35 | | |
| M4 | < 30 | | |
| Table 4-1 WD near-field categories as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 | | | |

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5. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

ER3DV6 E-Field Probe Description

Construction: One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

Calibration: In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz

(absolute accuracy ±6.0%, k=2)

Frequency: 100 MHz to > 6 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m

(M3 or better device readings fall well below diode

compression point)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm



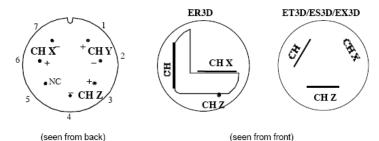
Figure 5-1 E-field Free-space Probe

Probe Tip Description

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

The electric field probes have an irregular internal geometry because it is physically not possible to have the 3 orthogonal sensors situated with the same center. The effect of the different sensor centers is accounted for in the HAC uncertainty budget ("sensor displacement"). Their geometric center is at 2.5mm from the tip, and the element ends are 1.1mm closer to the tip.

Connector Plan



The antistatic shielding inside the probe is connected to the probe connector case.

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Instrumentation Chain

Equation 1

Conversion of Connector Voltage u, to E-Field E,

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{u_i + (u_i^2 \cdot CF)/(DCP)}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

whereby

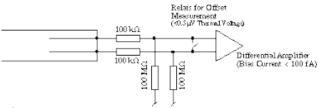
E_i: electric field in V/m

 u_i : voltage of channel i at the connector in μV Norm: sensitivity of channel i in $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ enhancement factor in liquid (ConvF=1 for Air)

DCP: diode compression point in μV

CF: signal crest factor (peak power/average power)

Conditions of Calibration



Please note:

- a lower input impedance of the amplifier will result in different sensitivity factors Norm, and DCP
- · larger bias currents will cause higher offset

Probe Response to Frequency

The E-field sensors have inherently a very flat frequency response. They are calibrated with a number of frequencies resulting in a common calibration factor, with the frequency behavior documented in the calibration certificate (See also below).

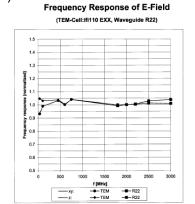


Figure 5-2 E-Field Probe Frequency Response

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SPEAG Robotic System

E-field measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel CORE i7 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the HAC phantom. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).



Figure 5-3 SPEAG Robotic System

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the computer with operating system and RF Measurement Software DASY5 v52.8 (with HAC Extension), A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

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System Electronics

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

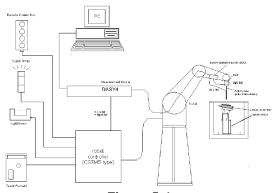


Figure 5-4
SPEAG Robotic System Diagram

DASY5 Instrumentation Chain

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

| $_{ m with}$ | V_i | = compensated signal of channel i | (i = x, y, z) |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| | U_i | = input signal of channel i | (i = x, y, z) |
| | cf | = crest factor of exciting field | (DASY parameter) |
| | dcp_i | = diode compression point | (DASY parameter) |
| | | | |

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From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\mathbf{E} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

The measurement/integration time per point, as specified by the system manufacturer is >500ms.

The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/off switch of the power source with an integration time of 500ms and a probe response time of <5 ms. In the current implementation, DASY5 waits longer than 100ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization. The tolerances for the different systems had the worst-case of 2.6%.

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6. TEST PROCEDURE

I. RF EMISSIONS

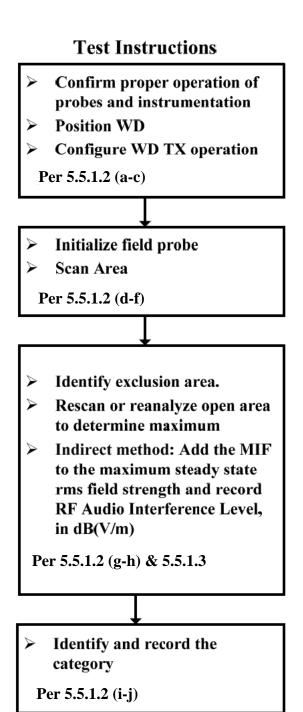


Figure 6-1 RF Emissions Flow Chart

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Test Setup

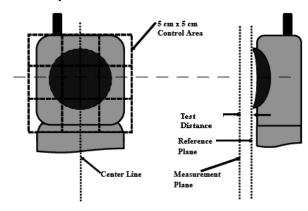


Figure 6-2
E-Field Emissions Test Setup Diagram (See Test Photographs for actual WD scan grid overlay)

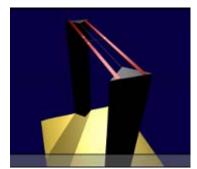


Figure 6-3 HAC Phantom

RF Emissions Test Procedure:

The following illustrate a typical RF emissions test scan over a wireless communications device:

- 1. Proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed.
- 2. WD is positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.
- 3. The WD operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and confirmed with the base station simulator, at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test.
- 4. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The WD audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.
- 5. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the HAC Phantom.
- 6. The measurement system measured the field strength at the reference location.
- 7. Measurements at 2mm or 5mm increments in the 5 x 5 cm region were performed at a distance 15 mm from the center point of the probe measurement element to the WD. A 360° rotation about the azimuth axis at the maximum interpolated position was measured. For the worst-case condition, the peak reading from this rotation was used in re-evaluating the HAC category.
- 8. The system performed a drift evaluation by measuring the field at the reference location. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the HAC test and drift measurements were repeated.

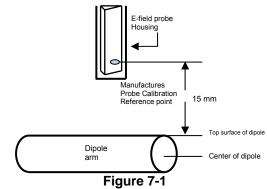
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7. SYSTEM CHECK

I. System Check Parameters

The input signal was an un-modulated continuous wave. The following points were taken into consideration in performing this check:

- Average Input Power P = 100mW RMS (20dBm RMS) after adjustment for return loss
- The test fixture must meet the 2 wavelength separation criterion
- The proper measurement of the 15 mm probe to dipole separation, which is measured from top surface of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the sensor, defined by the probe manufacturer is shown in the following diagram:



Separation Distance from Dipole to Field Probe

RF power was recorded using both an average reading meter and a peak reading meter. Readings of the probe are provided by the measurement system.

To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the dipole shall be commensurate with the full rated output power of the wireless device [e.g. - for a cellular phone wireless device the average peak antenna input power will be on the order of 100mW (20dBm) RMS] after adjustment for any mismatch.

II. Validation Procedure

A dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in C63.19 was placed in the position normally occupied by the WD.

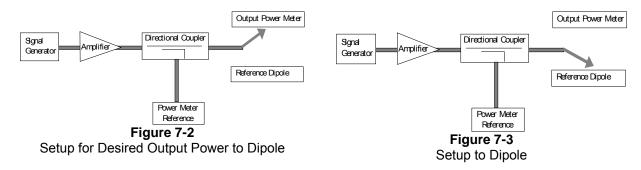
The length of the dipole was scanned, and the average peak value was recorded.

Measurement of CW

Using the near-field measurement system, scan the antenna over the radiating dipole and record the greatest field reading observed. Due to the nature of E-fields about free-space dipoles, the two E-field peaks measured over the dipole are averaged to compensate for non-parallelity of the setup (see manufacturer method on dipole calibration certificates, page 2). Field strength measurements shall be made only when the probe is stationary.

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RF power was recorded using both an average and a peak power reading meter.

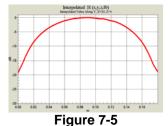


Using this setup configuration, the signal generator was adjusted for the desired output power (100mW) at a specified frequency. The reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler is recorded. Next, the output cable is connected to the reference dipole, as shown in Figure 7-3.

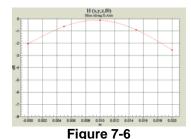
The input signal level was adjusted until the reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler was the same as previously recorded, to compensate for the impedance mismatch between the output cable and the reference dipole. To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the reference dipole was verified to the full rated output power of the wireless device. The dipole was secured in a holder in a manner to meet the 20 dB reflection. The near-field measurement probe was positioned over the dipole. The antenna was scanned over the appropriate sized area to cover the dipole from end to end. SPEAG uses 2D interpolation algorithms between the measured points. Please see below two dimensional plots showing that the interpolated values interpolate smoothly between 5mm steps for a free-space RF dipole:



2-D Raw Data from scan along dipole axis



2-D Interpolated points from scan along dipole axis



2-D Raw Data from scan along transverse axis



2-D Interpolated points from scan along transverse axis

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III. System Check Results

Validation Results

| Frequency (MHz) | Dipole S/N | Input Power (dBm) | E-field Result (V/m) | Target Field (V/m) | % Deviation |
|--------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| 835 | 1003 | 20.0 | 116.1 | 106.8 | 8.7% |
| 1880 | 1137 | 20.0 | 95.1 | 89.7 | 6.0% |

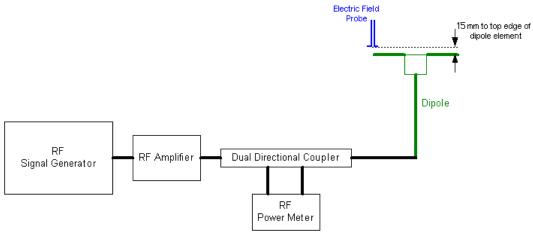


Figure 7-8 System Check Setup

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8. MODULATION INTERFERENCE FACTOR

I. Measuring Modulation Interference Factors

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be determined that relates its interference potential to its steady-state RMS signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. The MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic; any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF.

The MIF may be determined using a radiated RF field or a conducted RF signal:

- a. Using RF illumination or conducted coupling, apply the specific modulated signal in question to the measurement system at a level within its confirmed operating dynamic range.
- b. Measure the steady-state RMS level at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- c. Measure the steady-state average level at the weighting output.
- d. Without changing the square-law detector or weighting system, and using RF illumination or conducted coupling, substitute for the specific modulated signal a 1 kHz, 80% amplitude modulated carrier at the same frequency and adjust its strength until the level at the weighting output equals the step c) measurement.
- e. Without changing the carrier level from step d), remove the 1 kHz modulation and again measure the steady-state RMS level indicated at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- f. The MIF for the specific modulation characteristic is provided by the ratio of the step e) measurement to the step b) measurement, expressed in dB (20 × logf(step e)/(step b)]).

The following procedure was used to measure the MIF using the SPEAG Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA), Type No: SE UMS 170 CB, Serial No: 1010:

- 1. The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator or set to transmit using test software for a given mode.
- 2. The device was then set to continuously transmit at maximum power.
- 3. Using a coupler if needed, the device output signal was connected to the RF In port of the AIA, which was connected to a desktop computer. Alternatively, a radiated RF signal may be used with the AIA's built-in antenna.
- 4. The MIF measurement procedure in the DASY software was run, and the resulting MIF value was recorded.
- 5. Steps 1-4 were repeated for all CMRS air interfaces, frequency bands, and modulations.

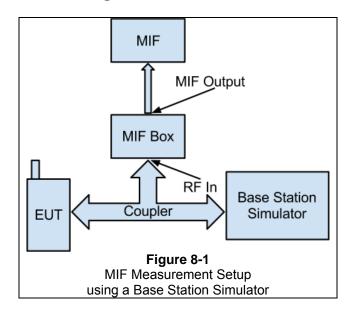
The modulation interference factors obtained were applied to readings taken of the actual wireless device in order to obtain an accurate audio interference level reading using the formula:

Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)] = 20 * log[Raw Field Value (V/m)] + MIF (dB)

Because the MIF value is output power independent, MIF values for a given mode should be constant across all devices; however, per C63.19-2011 §D.7, MIF values should be measured for each device being evaluated. The voice modes for this device have been investigated in this section of the report.

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KY0CER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dogo 17 of 50 |
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II. MIF Measurement Block Diagrams



III. Measured Modulation Interference Factors:

| Mo | de | | Cell | | | PCS | |
|-------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| IVIC | ue | 1013 | 384 | 777 | 25 | 600 | 1175 |
| CDMA 2000 | RC1/SO3 | 2.93 | 2.85 | 2.89 | 2.90 | 2.84 | 2.87 |
| CDIVIA 2000 | RC1/SO55 | -19.60 | -19.62 | -19.61 | -19.65 | -19.55 | -19.60 |

Table 8-1CDMA Modulation Interference Factors¹

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
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¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

9. RF CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS

I. Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for HAC Testing

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing HAC and are recommended for evaluating HAC. Measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator.

II. HAC Measurement Conditions

Output Power Verification

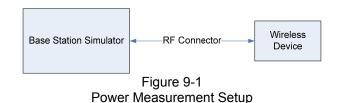
Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels for all applicable air interfaces. See Table 9-1 for air interface specific settings of transmit power parameters.

| Air Interface: | Parameter Name: | Parameter Set To: |
|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| CDMA | Power Control Bits | "All Up" |

Table 9-1
Power Control Parameters and Settings by Air Interface

III. Setup Used to Measure RF Conducted Powers

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.



IV. CDMA Conducted Powers

| Band | Channel | SO2 [dBm] | SO2 [dBm] | SO2 [dBm] | SO55 [dBm] | SO55 [dBm] | SO75 [dBm] | SO9 [dBm] | SO9 [dBm] | SO3 [dBm] | SO3 [dBm] | SO3 [dBm] |
|----------|---------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | F-RC | RC1 | RC3 | RC4 | RC1 | RC3 | RC11 | RC2 | RC5 | RC1 | RC3 | RC4 |
| | 1013 | 24.09 | 24.15 | 24.18 | 24.02 | 24.10 | 24.16 | 24.09 | 24.18 | 24.15 | 24.16 | 24.19 |
| Cellular | 384 | 24.06 | 24.30 | 24.23 | 24.18 | 24.24 | 24.29 | 24.26 | 24.26 | 24.34 | 24.26 | 24.24 |
| | 777 | 24.30 | 24.37 | 24.28 | 24.23 | 24.25 | 24.31 | 24.28 | 24.32 | 24.22 | 24.26 | 24.29 |
| | 25 | 23.78 | 23.94 | 24.00 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 23.93 | 23.74 | 23.89 | 23.67 | 23.84 | 23.84 |
| PCS | 600 | 23.54 | 23.86 | 23.85 | 23.81 | 23.88 | 23.80 | 23.67 | 23.74 | 23.60 | 23.73 | 23.74 |
| | 1175 | 23.60 | 23.69 | 23.76 | 23.72 | 23.79 | 23.71 | 23.57 | 23.67 | 23.47 | 23.63 | 23.62 |

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
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10. JUSTIFICATION OF HELD TO EAR MODES TESTED

I. Analysis of RF Air Interface Technologies

- **a.** According to the April 2013 TCB workshop slides, WIFI and other OTT data services are outside the current definition of a managed CMRS service and are currently not required to be evaluated.
- b. An analysis was performed, following the guidance of §4.3 and §4.4 of the ANSI standard, of the RF air interface technologies being evaluated. The factors that will affect the RF interference potential were evaluated, and the worst case operating modes were identified and used in the evaluation. A WD's interference potential is a function both of the WD's average near-field field strength and of the signal's audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics. Per §4.4, RF air interface technologies that have low power have been found to produce sufficiently low RF interference potential, so it is possible to exempt them from the product testing specified in Clause 5 of the ANSI standard. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17dBm for all of its operating modes.

The worst case MIF plus the worst case average antenna input power for all modes are investigated below to determine the testing requirements for this device.

II. Individual Mode Evaluations

| Air Interface | Maximum Average Power (dBm) | Worst Case MIF (dB) | Total (Power + MIF, dB) | C63.19 Testing Required |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| CDMA2000 - Full Frame Rate (RC1/SO55) | 24.23 | -19.55 | 4.68 | No |
| CDMA2000 - 1/8th Frame Rate (RC1/SO3) | 15.31* | 2.93 | 18.24 | Yes |

Table 10-1
Max Power + MIF calculations
for Low Power Exemptions

III. Low-Power Exemption Conclusions

Per ANSI C63.19-2011, RF Emissions testing for this device is required only for CDMA2000 – 1/8th Frame Rate mode.

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₹ K40CEK9 | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
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^{*} Note: C63.19 Footnote 20 (pg.13) indicates the use of a long averaging time for measuring the antenna input power when using this method of exclusion. Therefore, the frame averaged power was calculated for these modes in this investigation.

11. OVERALL MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

| FCC ID: | V65CD8100 |
|---------|-----------|
| Model: | CD8100 |
| S/N: | 16275 |

I. E-FIELD EMISSIONS:

Table 11-1
HAC Data Summary for CDMA E-field

| Mode | Channel | RC/SO | Scan Center | Conducted Power at BS (dBm) | Time Avg. Field (V/m) | Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)] | MIF (dB) | Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)] | FCC Limit (dBV/m) | FCC MARGIN (dB) | RESULT | Excl Blocks per 5.5 |
|---------------|---------|---------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|--------|---------------------------|
| E-field Emiss | sions | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cell. CDMA | 1013 | RC1/SO3 | Acoustic | 24.15 | 27.20 | 28.69 | 2.93 | 31.62 | 45.00 | -13.38 | M4 | none |
| Cell. CDMA | 384 | RC1/SO3 | Acoustic | 24.34 | 26.70 | 28.53 | 2.85 | 31.38 | 45.00 | -13.62 | M4 | none |
| Cell. CDMA | 777 | RC1/SO3 | Acoustic | 24.22 | 27.89 | 28.91 | 2.89 | 31.80 | 45.00 | -13.20 | M4 | none |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PCS CDMA | 25 | RC1/SO3 | Acoustic | 23.67 | 13.15 | 22.38 | 2.90 | 25.28 | 35.00 | -9.72 | M4 | none |
| PCS CDMA | 600 | RC1/SO3 | Acoustic | 23.60 | 12.37 | 21.85 | 2.84 | 24.69 | 35.00 | -10.31 | M4 | none |
| PCS CDMA | 1175 | RC1/SO3 | Acoustic | 23.47 | 11.41 | 21.15 | 2.87 | 24.02 | 35.00 | -10.98 | M4 | none |
| PCS CDMA | 25 | RC1/SO3 | T-coil | 23.67 | 13.15 | 22.38 | 2.90 | 25.28 | 35.00 | -9.72 | M4 | none |

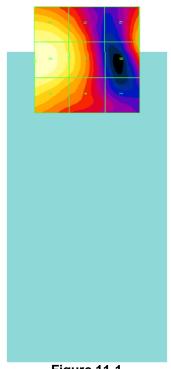


Figure 11-1
Sample E-field Scan Overlay
(See Test Setup Photographs for actual WD overlay)

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KY0CER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
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| FCC ID: | V65CD8100 |
|---------|-----------|
| Model: | CD8100 |
| S/N: | 16275 |

II. Worst-case Configuration Evaluation

Table 11-2
Peak Reading 360° Probe Rotation at Azimuth axis

| | | • | oun nou | aning coo | | - Ctutioii u | t Azimatii uz | | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|---------|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|--------|
| Mode | Channel | RC/SO | Scan Center | Time Avg. Field (V/m) | Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)] | MIF (dB) | Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)] | FCC Limit (dBV/m) | FCC MARGIN (dB) | RESULT |
| Probe Rotatio | Probe Rotation at Worst-Case | | | | | | | | | |
| PCS CDMA | 25 | RC1/SO3 | Acoustic | 13.88 | 22.85 | 2.90 | 25.75 | 35.00 | -9.25 | M4 |

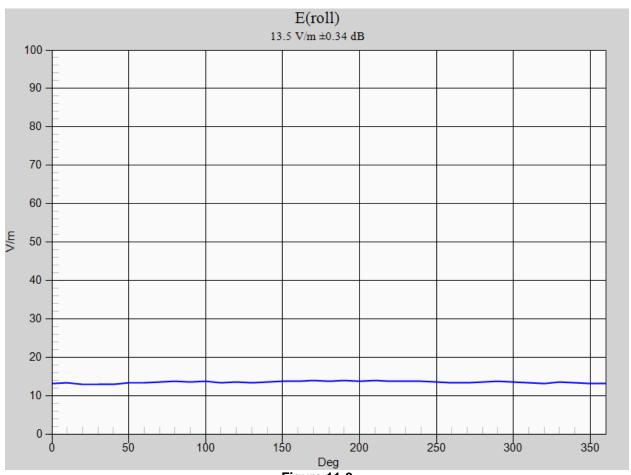


Figure 11-2
Worst-Case Probe Rotation about Azimuth axis

^{*} Note: Locations of probe rotation (with and without exclusions) are shown in Figure 11-1 denoted by the green square markers.

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager | |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dogo 22 of 59 | |
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12. EQUIPMENT LIST

| Manufacturer | Model | Description | Cal Date | Cal Interval | Cal Due | Serial Number |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| Agilent | E4432B | ESG-D Series Signal Generator | 3/16/2015 | Annual | 3/16/2016 | US40053896 |
| Agilent | N5182A | MXG Vector Signal Generator | 3/16/2015 | Annual | 3/16/2016 | MY47420651 |
| Agilent | N5182A | MXG Vector Signal Generator | 3/16/2015 | Annual | 3/16/2016 | MY47420800 |
| Agilent | E4438C | ESG Vector Signal Generator | 4/1/2014 | Biennial | 4/1/2016 | MY47270002 |
| Agilent | E5515C | Wireless Communications Test Set | 5/16/2015 | Biennial | 5/16/2017 | GB43304447 |
| Amplifier Research | 15S1G6 | Amplifier | N/A | CBT* | N/A | 433978 |
| Anritsu | MA24106A | USB Power Sensor | 5/29/2015 | Annual | 5/29/2016 | 1248508 |
| Anritsu | MA24106A | USB Power Sensor | 3/3/2015 | Annual | 3/3/2016 | 1349501 |
| Mini-Circuits | NLP-1200+ | Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz | N/A | CBT* | N/A | N/A |
| Mini-Circuits | BW-N20W5 | Power Attenuator | N/A | CBT* | N/A | 1226 |
| Mini-Circuits | NLP-2950+ | Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz | N/A | CBT* | N/A | N/A |
| Pasternack | PE2237-20 | Bidirectional Coupler | N/A | CBT* | N/A | N/A |
| Pasternack | NC-100 | Torque Wrench | 5/21/2015 | Biennial | 5/21/2017 | N/A |
| Rohde & Schwarz | CMW500 | Radio Communication Tester | 3/18/2015 | Annual | 3/18/2016 | 128633 |
| Rohde & Schwarz | CMU200 | Base Station Simulator | 6/3/2015 | Annual | 6/3/2016 | 109892 |
| SPEAG | AIA | Audio Interference Analzyer | N/A | CBT* | N/A | 1010 |
| SPEAG | CD835V3 | Freespace 835 MHz Dipole | 2/18/2015 | Biennial | 2/18/2017 | 1003 |
| SPEAG | CD1880V3 | Freespace 1880 MHz Dipole | 2/17/2015 | Biennial | 2/17/2017 | 1137 |
| SPEAG | DAE4 | Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics | 12/16/2014 | Annual | 12/16/2015 | 1466 |
| SPEAG | ER3DV6 | Freespace E-field Probe | 1/21/2015 | Annual | 1/21/2016 | 2353 |

Table 12-1 Equipment List

Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

*Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

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13. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

| Wireless Communications Device Near-Field Measurement Uncertainty Estimation | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|-----------|-------------|---------|--------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| Uncertainty Component | Data (dB) | Data Type | Prob. Dist. | Divisor | Ci (E) | Unc. (dB) | Notes/Comments |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | |
| RF System Reflections | 0.50 | Tolerance | N | 1.00 | 1 | 0.50 | * Refl. < -20 dB |
| Field Probe Calibration | 0.21 | Tolerance | N | 1.00 | 1 | 0.21 | |
| Field Probe Isotropy | 0.01 | Tolerance | N | 1.00 | 1 | 0.01 | |
| Field Probe Frequency Response | 0.135 | Tolerance | N | 1.00 | 1 | 0.14 | |
| Field Probe Linearity | 0.013 | Tolerance | N | 1.00 | 1 | 0.01 | |
| Modulation Interference Factor | 0.20 | Tolerance | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.12 | Applicable for M-rating testing |
| Boundary Effects | 0.105 | Accuracy | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.06 | * |
| Probe Positioning Accuracy | 0.20 | Accuracy | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.12 | * |
| Probe Positioner | 0.050 | Accuracy | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.03 | * |
| Extrapolation/Interpolation | 0.045 | Tolerance | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.03 | * |
| Resolution to 2mm error | 0.21 | Tolerance | N | 1.00 | 1 | 0.21 | |
| System Detection Limit | 0.05 | Tolerance | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.03 | * |
| Readout Electronics | 0.015 | Tolerance | N | 1.00 | 1 | 0.02 | * |
| Integration Time | 0.11 | Tolerance | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.06 | * |
| Response Time | 0.033 | Tolerance | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.02 | * |
| Phantom Thickness | 0.10 | Tolerance | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.06 | * |
| System Repeatability (Field x 2=power) | 0.17 | Tolerance | N | 1.00 | 1 | 0.17 | * |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning Vertical | 0.2 | Tolerance | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.12 | * |
| Device Positioning Lateral | 0.045 | Tolerance | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.03 | * |
| Device Holder and Phantom | 0.1 | Tolerance | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.06 | * |
| Power Drift | 0.21 | Tolerance | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.12 | |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1) | | | | | 0.66 | 16.3% | |
| Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence] | | | | | | 1.31 | 32.6% |
| Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence] | on Field | | | | | 0.66 | 16.3% |

Table 13-1 Uncertainty Estimation Table

Notes:

- Test equipments are calibrated according to techniques outlined in NIS81, NIS3003 and NIST Tech Note 1297. All
 equipments have traceability according to NIST. Measurement Uncertainties are defined in further detail in NIS 81
 and NIST Tech Note 1297 and UKAS M3003.
- 2. * Uncertainty specifications from Schmidt & Partner Engineering AG (not site specific)

Measurement uncertainty reflects the quality and accuracy of a measured result as compared to the true value. Such statements are generally required when stating results of measurements so that it is clear to the intended audience that the results may differ when reproduced by different facilities. Measurement results vary due to the measurement uncertainty of the instrumentation, measurement technique, and test engineer. Most uncertainties are calculated using the tolerances of the instrumentation used in the measurement, the measurement setup variability, and the technique used in performing the test. While not generally included, the variability of the equipment under test also figures into the overall measurement uncertainty. Another component of the overall uncertainty is based on the variability of repeated measurements (so-called Type A uncertainty). This may mean that the Hearing Aid immunity tests may have to be repeated by taking down the test setup and resetting it up so that there are a statistically significant number of repeat measurements to identify the measurement uncertainty. By combining the repeat measurement results with that of the instrumentation chain using the technique contained in NIS 81 and NIS 3003, the overall measurement uncertainty was estimated.

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST* | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₹ KYOCER3 | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
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14. TEST DATA

See following Attached Pages for Test Data.

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dago 25 of 50 |
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DUT: CD835V3 - SN1003

Type: CD835V3 Serial: 1003

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;

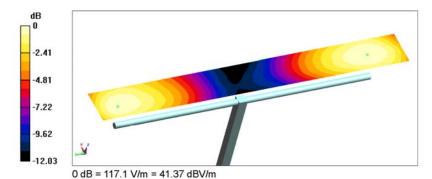
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/21/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1466; Calibrated: 12/16/2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC, Left; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

835 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm /Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 117.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 116.1 V/m



| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST' | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
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DUT: CD1880V3 - SN1137

Type: CD1880V3 Serial: 1137

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/21/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1466; Calibrated: 12/16/2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC, Left, Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

1880 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm /Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

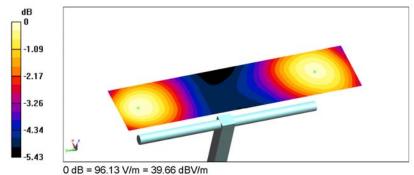
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 183.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 95.1 V/m



0 db = 96.13 V/III = 39.00 db V/III

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
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| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 27 of 58 |



DUT: V65CD8100

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 16275 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

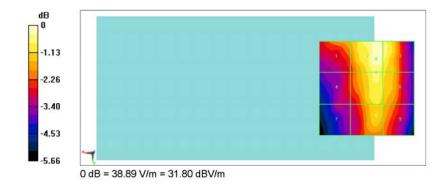
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/21/2015
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1466; Calibrated: 12/16/2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC, Left; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Cell. CDMA High Channel/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 30.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Applied MIF = 2.89 dB
RF audio interference level = 31.80 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| Grid 1 M4 | Grid 2 M4 | Grid 3 M4 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 30.29 dBV/m | 31.8 dBV/m | 31.39 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 29.35 dBV/m | 31.18 dBV/m | 30.84 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 | Grid 8 M4 | Grid 9 M4 |
| 28.69 dBV/m | 30.7 dBV/m | 30.42 dBV/m |



| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
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DUT: V65CD8100

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 16275 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

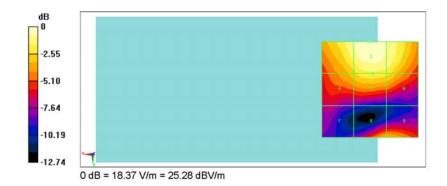
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/21/2015
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1466; Calibrated: 12/16/2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC, Left; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

PCS CDMA Low Channel/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 11.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB
Applied MIF = 2.90 dB
RF audio interference level = 25.28 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| Grid 1 M4 | Grid 2 M4 | Grid 3 M4 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 24.64 dBV/m | 25.28 dBV/m | 24.61 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 22.42 dBV/m | 23.4 dBV/m | 23.06 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 | Grid 8 M4 | Grid 9 M4 |
| 18.35 dBV/m | 22 dBV/m | 22.02 dBV/m |



| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dags 20 of 50 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 29 of 58 |

15. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

The following pages include the probe calibration used to evaluate HAC for the DUT.

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST' | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dags 20 of 50 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 30 of 58 |

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

CC 1/30/15

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

January 21, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------|---|---|
| GB41293874 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) | Apr-15 |
| MY41498087 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) | Apr-15 |
| SN: S5054 (3c) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) | Apr-15 |
| SN: S5277 (20x) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) | Apr-15 |
| | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) | Арг-15 |
| SN: 2328 | 08-Oct-14 (No. ER3-2328_Oct14) | Oct-15 |
| SN: 789 | 30-Apr-14 (No. DAE4-789_Apr14) | Apr-15 |
| ID al | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) | In house check: Apr-16 |
| US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) | In house check: Oct-15 |
| | GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 2328 SN: 789 | GB41293874 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) MY41498087 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) SN: S5054 (3c) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) SN: S5277 (20x) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) SN: S5129 (30b) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) SN: 2328 08-Oct-14 (No. ER3-2328_Oct14) SN: 789 30-Apr-14 (No. DAE4-789_Apr14) ID Check Date (in house) US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) |

Calibrated by:

Claudio Leubler

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: January 22, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15

Page 1 of 10

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KY0CER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dogo 21 of 50 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 31 of 58 |

Calibration Laboratory of

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z

sensitivity in free space

DCP diode compression point

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal CF A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization @ φ rotation around probe axis

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), Polarization 9

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Connector Angle

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, April 2010.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ for XY sensors and $\vartheta = 90$ for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15

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| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dags 22 of 50 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 32 of 58 |

ER3DV6 - SN:2353 January 21, 2015

Probe ER3DV6

SN:2353

Manufactured: Calibrated:

March 8, 2005 January 21, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15

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| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Page 33 of 58 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | raye 33 01 56 |

January 21, 2015 ER3DV6 - SN:2353

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) | |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|--|
| Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$) | 1.54 | 1.75 | 1.85 | ± 10.1 % | |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 99.3 | 96.7 | 97.5 | | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | Β dB√μV | С | D dB | VR mV | Unc [⊨] (k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 192.8 | ±3.0 % |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 164.3 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 152.2 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15

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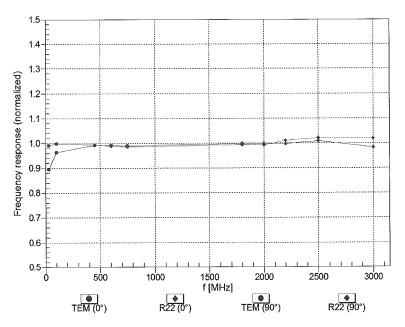
| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KY0CER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dogo 24 of 59 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 34 of 58 |

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

January 21, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: \pm 6.3% (k=2)

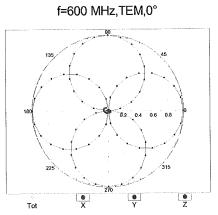
Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15

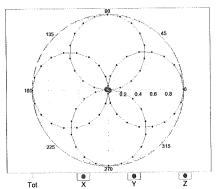
Page 5 of 10

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dogo 25 of 50 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 35 of 58 |

January 21, 2015 ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

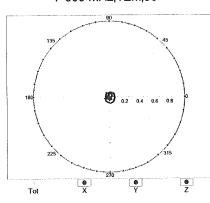


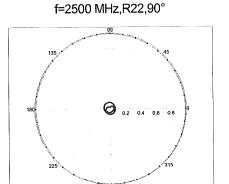


f=2500 MHz,R22,0°

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $9 = 90^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM,90 $^{\circ}$





6

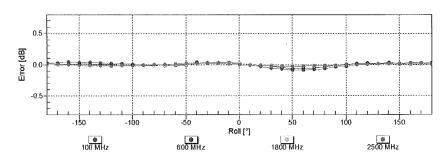
Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15

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| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dog 26 of 50 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 36 of 58 |

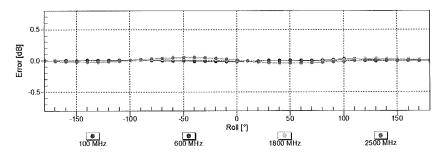
ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 21, 2015

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

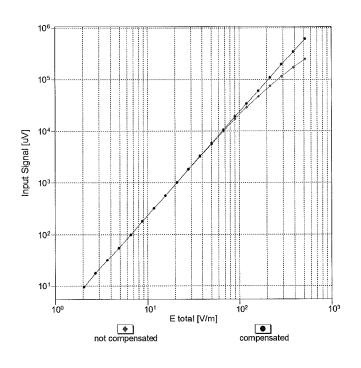
Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15

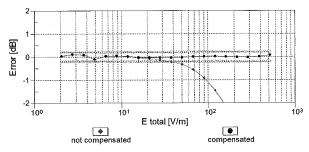
Page 7 of 10

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dog 27 of 50 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 37 of 58 |

ER3DV6 - SN:2353 January 21, 2015

Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

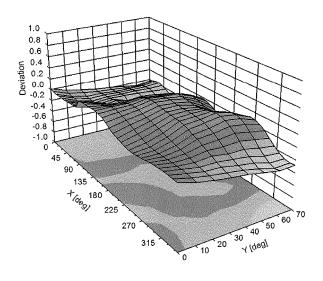
Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15

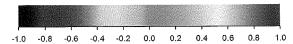
Page 8 of 10

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ K90cera | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dags 20 of 50 |
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ER3DV6 - SN:2353 January 21, 2015

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15

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| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dags 20 of 50 |
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ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 21, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Rectangular |
|---|-------------|
| Connector Angle (°) | 20.4 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | . 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 10 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 8 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 2.5 mm |

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan15 Page 10 of 10

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dags 40 of 50 |
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Client

PC Test

Certificate No: CD835V3-1003_Feb15

| Object | CD835V3 - SN: 1 | 003 | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-20.v6 CC Calibration procedure for dipoles in air 3/16/15 | | |
| | | | 9/16/15 |
| Calibration date: | February 18, 201 | 5 | |
| The measurements and the unc | ertainties with confidence p | onal standards, which realize the physical units robability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C : | are part of the certificate. |
| Calibration Equipment used (M& | 1 | Out Date (Out What Is No.) | Oak adulad Oaliboation |
| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 |
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 US37292783 | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) | Oct-15 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) | Oct-15 |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-02021) | Apr-15 |
| Probe ER3DV6 | SN: 2336 | 31-Dec-14 (No. ER3-2336_Dec14) | Dec-15 |
| Probe H3DV6 | SN: 6065 | 31-Dec-14 (No. H3-6065_Dec14) | Dec-15 |
| | SN: 781 | 12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14) | Sep-15 |
| JAE4 | | | |
| | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Secondary Standards | ID # SN: GB42420191 | Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) | Scheduled Check In house check: Sep-16 |
| Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B | | | |
| Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A | SN: GB42420191 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) | In house check: Sep-16 |
| Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A | SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) | In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Oct-15 |
| Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A Network Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) | In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 |
| Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A Network Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 US37390585 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) | In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Oct-15 |
| Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A Network Analyzer HP 8753E RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 US37390585 SN: 832283/011 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Oct-15 In house check: Oct-16 Signature |
| DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A Network Analyzer HP 8753E RF generator R&S SMT-06 Calibrated by: Approved by: | SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 US37390585 SN: 832283/011 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Oct-15 In house check: Oct-16 |

Certificate No: CD835V3-1003_Feb15

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| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₹ K40CEK9 | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dogo 41 of 50 |
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References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

| The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the |
|---|
| coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95% |

| Certificate No: CD835V3-1003 Feb15 | Page 2 of 5 |
|------------------------------------|-------------|

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KY0CER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dogo 40 of 50 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 42 of 58 |

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.8 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|
| Phantom | HAC Test Arch | |
| Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center | 15 mm | |
| Scan resolution | dx, dy = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz | |
| Input power drift | < 0.05 dB | |

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

| E-field 15 mm above dipole surface | condition | Interpolated maximum |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Maximum measured above high end | 100 mW input power | 107.6 V/m = 40.64 dBV/m |
| Maximum measured above low end | 100 mW input power | 106.0 V/m = 40.51 dBV/m |
| Averaged maximum above arm | 100 mW input power | 106.8 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2) |

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

Antenna Parameters

| Frequency | Return Loss | Impedance |
|-----------|-------------|----------------------|
| 800 MHz | 17.6 dB | 43.4 Ω - 10.4 jΩ |
| 835 MHz | 26.7 dB | 49.8 $Ω$ + 4.6 j $Ω$ |
| 900 MHz | 17.6 dB | 56.3 Ω - 12.6 jΩ |
| 950 MHz | 19.2 dB | 51.5 Ω + 11.1 jΩ |
| 960 MHz | 13.6 dB | 62.2 Ω + 20.5 jΩ |

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

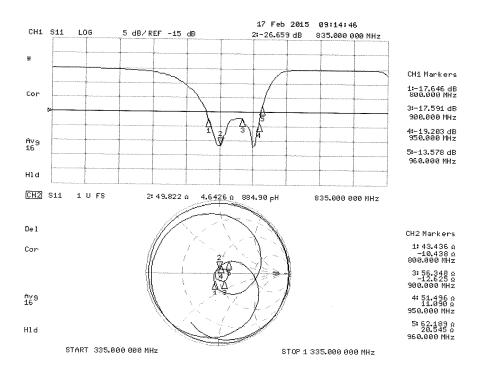
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 17.02,2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1003

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma=0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r=1$; $\rho=1000~kg/m^3$ Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

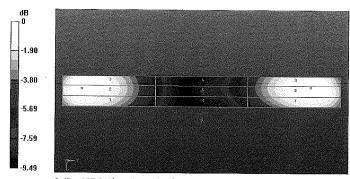
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 12.09.2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 121.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 40.64 dBV/m
Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

| Grid 1 M3 | Grid 2 M3 | Grid 3 M3 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 40.26 dBV/m | 40.64 dBV/m | 40.58 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 35.64 dBV/m | 36.04 dBV/m | 36.03 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M3 | Grid 8 M3 | Grid 9 M3 |
| 40.15 dBV/m | 40.51 dBV/m | 40.5 dBV/m |



0 dB = 107.6 V/m = 40.64 dBV/m

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

| CALIBRATION | CERTIFICATI | | *************************************** |
|---|---|--|--|
| | | | |
| Object | CD1880V3 - SN: | 1137 | |
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration proce | dure for dipoles in air | æ, 3/16/ |
| Calibration date: | February 17, 201 | 5 | |
| The measurements and the unc | ertainties with confidence p | onal standards, which realize the physical units robability are given on the following pages and ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C $^{\circ}$ C | are part of the certificate. |
| Calibration Equipment used (M& | RTE critical for calibration) | | |
| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) | Oct-15 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) | Oct-15 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) | Oct-15 |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) | Apr-15 |
| | SN: 2336 | 31-Dec-14 (No. ER3-2336_Dec14) | Dec-15 |
| Probe ER3DV6 | | 04 B 44 (N) - 110 000E B - 440 | Dee 40 |
| | SN: 6065 | 31-Dec-14 (No. H3-6065_Dec14) | Dec-15 |
| Probe H3DV6 | SN: 6065 SN: 781 | 12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14) | Sep-15 |
| Probe H3DV6 DAE4 | | • | |
| Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards | SN: 781 | 12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14) | Sep-15 |
| Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B | SN: 781 | 12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14) Check Date (in house) | Sep-15 Scheduled Check |
| Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A | SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 | 12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) | Scheduled Check In house check: Sep-16 |
| Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A | SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 | 12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14) Check Date (In house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) | Sep-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 |
| Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A Network Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 | 12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14) Check Date (In house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) | Sep-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 |
| Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A Network Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 US37390585 | 12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) | Sep-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Oct-15 |
| Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A Network Analyzer HP 8753E RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 US37390585 SN: 832283/011 | 12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-13) Function | Sep-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Oct-15 In house check: Oct-16 Signature |
| Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A Network Analyzer HP 8753E RF generator R&S SMT-06 Calibrated by: | SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 US37390585 SN: 832283/011 Name | 12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-13) Function | Sep-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Sep-16 In house check: Oct-15 In house check: Oct-16 |

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

ANSI-C63.19-2011
 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
 Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network
 Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was
 eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
 obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

| The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the |
|---|
| coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95% |
| |

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.8 |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| Phantom | HAC Test Arch | |
| Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center | 15 mm | |
| Scan resolution | dx, dy = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1730 MHz ± 1 MHz 1880 MHz ± 1 MHz | |
| Input power drift | < 0.05 dB | |

Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

| E-field 15 mm above dipole surface | condition | Interpolated maximum |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Maximum measured above high end | 100 mW input power | 98.8 V/m = 39.90 dBV/m |
| Maximum measured above low end | 100 mW input power | 93.2 V/m = 39.39 dBV/m |
| Averaged maximum above arm | 100 mW input power | 96.0 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2) |

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

| E-field 15 mm above dipole surface | condition | Interpolated maximum |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Maximum measured above high end | 100 mW input power | 90.2 V/m = 39.10 dBV/m |
| Maximum measured above low end | 100 mW input power | 89.1 V/m = 38.99 dBV/m |
| Averaged maximum above arm | 100 mW input power | 89.7 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2) |

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

Antenna Parameters

Nominal Frequencies

| Frequency | Return Loss | Impedance |
|-----------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 1730 MHz | 22.8 dB | 48.5 Ω + 7.0 jΩ |
| 1880 MHz | 21.6 dB | 49.8 Ω + 8.3 jΩ |
| 1900 MHz | 21.7 dB | $53.0 \Omega + 7.9 j\Omega$ |
| 1950 MHz | 27.3 dB | 54.5 Ω - 0.7 jΩ |
| 2000 MHz | 19.7 dB | 40.7 Ω - 0.5 jΩ |

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

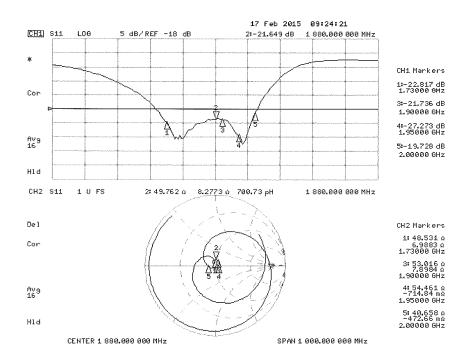
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 17.02.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1137

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 1730 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 12.09.2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole E-Field measurement/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 145.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 39.10 dBV/m
Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

| 38.84 dBV/m | 39.1 dBV/m | 39.07 dBV/m |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| Grid 7 M2 | Grid 8 M2 | Grid 9 M2 |
| 36.52 dBV/m | 36.82 dBV/m | 36.81 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M2 | Grid 5 M2 | Grid 6 M2 |
| 38.62 dBV/m | 38.99 dBV/m | 38.92 dBV/m |
| Grid 1 M2 | Grid 2 M2 | Grid 3 M2 |

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| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PETEST* (NEINLEINE LEDITOR, INC. | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₹ K40CEK9 | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
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Dipole E-Field measurement/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 158.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

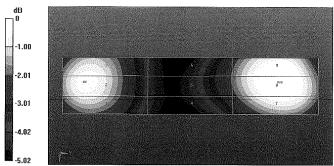
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.90 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

| Grid 1 M2 | Grid 2 M2 | Grid 3 M2 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 39.02 dBV/m | 39.39 dBV/m | 39.32 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M2 | Grid 5 M2 | Grid 6 M2 |
| 37.42 dBV/m | 37.87 dBV/m | 37.86 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M2 | Grid 8 M2 | Grid 9 M2 |
| 39.53 dBV/m | 39.9 dBV/m | 39.87 dBV/m |



0 dB = 90.20 V/m = 39.10 dBV/m

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| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₡ KYOCER∂ | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
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16. CONCLUSION

The measurements indicate that the wireless communications device complies with the HAC limits specified in accordance with the ANSI C63.19 Standard and FCC WT Docket No. 01-309 RM-8658. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters specific to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the M-rating for this equipment only represents the field interference possible against a hypothetical and typical hearing aid. The measurement system and techniques presented in this evaluation are proposed in the ANSI standard as a means of best approximating wireless device compatibility with a hearing-aid. The literature is under continual re-construction.

| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₹ K40CEK9 | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
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| FCC ID: V65CD8100 | PCTEST | HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT | ₹ K40CEK9 | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Filename: | Test Dates: | EUT Type: | | Dogo E4 of E9 |
| 0Y1509141775-R1.V65 | 09/14/2015 | Portable Handset | | Page 54 of 58 |

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