



## SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

## **PAX Technology Limited**

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FCC ID: V5PS80

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Report Type: Product Type:
Original Report Payment Terminal

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**Report No.:** RSZ09032601-SAR

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Reviewed By: EMC Engineer

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<sup>\*</sup> This report may contain data that are not covered by the NVLAP accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "\*"...

Summary of Test Results				
Rule Part(s):	CFR 47 §2.1093			
Test Procedure(s):	FCC OET Bulletin 65C IEEE 1528-2003			
Device Type:	Portable device			
Exposure Category	Population/Uncontrolled			
Modulation:	GMSK			
TX Frequency Range:	824-849 MHz (Cellular Band) 1850-1910 MHz (PCS Band)			
Maximum Conducted Power Tested:	33.36 dBm (Cellular Band) 30.48 dBm(PCS Band)			
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna			
Face-Head Accessories:	None			
Max. SAR Level(s) Measured:	1.488 W/Kg 1g Body Tissue (Cellular Band) 0.722 W/Kg 1g Body Tissue (PCS Band)			

This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C and IEEE 1528-2003.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.



**EUT Photo** 

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## REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

#### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

### CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by the EN50360 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

#### **SAR Limits**

## FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

## CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

## **EUT DESCRIPTION**

This Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. test report has been prepared on behalf of PAX Technology Limited and their product, model: S80, FCC ID: V5PS80 or the EUT (Equipment Under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

## **Technical Specification**

Item	Content		
Modulation	GMSK		
Frequency Band	Cellular Band: 824-849 MHz 869-894 MHz PCS Band: 1850-1910 MHz 1930-1990 MHz		
Dimensions (L*W*H)	210mm(L)× 95mm(W)×70mm(H)		
Weight	520 g		
Power Source	DC 8.2V		
Normal Operation	Body-worn		

## **EUT Photo**



Model: S80 Please refer to Appendix H

## **FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION**

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at

6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, ShenZhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

Additionally, Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) accredited laboratory, under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (Lab Code 200707-0).



The current scope of accreditations can be found at <a href="http://ts.nist.gov/Standards/scopes/2007070.htm">http://ts.nist.gov/Standards/scopes/2007070.htm</a>

#### DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.



## **ALSAS-10U System Description**

**ALSAS-10-U** is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller.ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

### **Applications**

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

#### **Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments. Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

#### **Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

### **ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty**

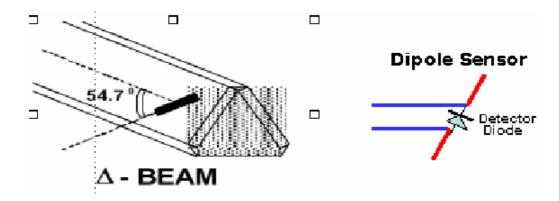
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + {x'}^2 + {y'}^2} \cdot \left( e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

#### **Isotropic E-Field Probe**

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

## **Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification**

Calibration in Air	Frequency Dependent Below 2 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 2 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide		
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$		
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg		
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.2 dB		
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency		
Probe Tip Radius	< 5 mm		
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)		
Probe Length	290 mm		
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB		
Boundary Effect	Less than 2% for distance greater than 2.4 mm		
Spatial Resolution	Diameter less than 5 mm Compliant with Standards		

#### **Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device**

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

#### **Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)**

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from  $5\mu V$  to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

#### **Axis Articulated Robot**

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS	
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis	
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm	
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C	
Robot Reach	710 mm	
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible	

#### **ALSAS Universal Workstation**

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

#### **Universal Device Positioner**

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has

been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all

major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced

due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.



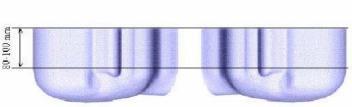
## **Phantom Types**

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

#### **APREL SAM Phantoms**

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.





#### **APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom**

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



### **Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	45	60	83	35	91	15	19	00	24	50
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

Frequency	Head '	Гissue	Body	Tissue
(MHz)	εr	O (S/m)	εr	O'(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

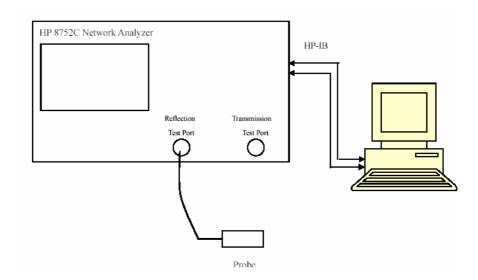
## **EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

## **Equipments List & Calibration Info**

Equipment	Model	Calibration Due Date	S/N:
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	N/A	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2009-08-01	273
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	2009-08-01	180-00558
Dipole,1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	2009-08-01	210-00710
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	250-00907
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	2008-06-21	1100.0008.02
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	ALS-T-835-1-H	Each Time	270-01002
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	ALS-T-835-1-B	Each Time	270-02101
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ALS-T-1900-1-H	Each Time	295-01103
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	ALS-T-1900-1-B	Each Time	295-02102
Signal Generator	HP8341B	2009-11-06	2624A00116
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	71377
Spectrum Analyzer	FSEM30	2009-05-08	849720/019

## SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## **Liquid Verification**



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

## **Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency	Liquid Liquid Parameter		Result	
(MHz)	Type	εr	O'(S/m)	Kesuit
850	Body	54.86	0.98	In Tolerance
850	Head	40.87	0.87	In Tolerance
1900	Body	53.17	1.57	In Tolerance
1900	Head	39.45	1.42	In Tolerance

Please refer to the following tables.

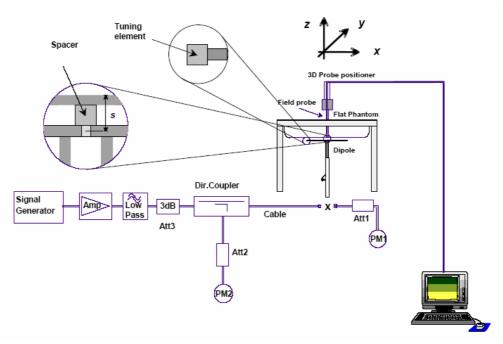
	850 MHz Head		850 MHz Body				
Frequency	e'	e''	Frequency	e'	e''		
824000000	40.926753	18.804069	824000000	55.139811	21.179443		
824500000	40.982173	18.840693	824500000	55.094036	21.157859		
825000000	40.955308	18.846872	825000000	55.110806	21.186343		
825500000	41.006590	18.810567	825500000	55.108570	21.126279		
826000000	41.018545	18.785047	826000000	55.107206	21.081931		
826500000	40.977146	18.853183	826500000	55.104607	21.128693		
827000000	40.959743	18.835700	827000000	55.033319	21.096125		
827500000	40.950065	18.884503	827500000	55.028005	21.149221		
828000000	40.974035	18.845166	828000000	55.025811	21.089365		
828500000	40.932333	18.834440	828500000	55.017882	21.122205		
829000000	40.919958	18.815682	829000000	55.012923	21.068843		
829500000	40.955623	18.857092	829500000	55.012450	21.066843		
830000000	40.929169	18.863182	830000000	55.022855	21.118887		
830500000	40.937319	18.880641	830500000	55.035140	21.148916		
831000000	40.964909	18.892692	831000000	54.973406	21.139445		
831500000	40.912757	18.843180	831500000	55.009608	21.096283		
832000000	40.904246	18.875632	832000000	54.977226	21.106997		
832500000	40.910351	18.810146	832500000	54.978624	21.135973		
833000000	40.860522	18.843613	833000000	54.971887	21.078253		
833500000	40.827425	18.862000	833500000	54.947827	21.096235		
834000000	40.852354	18.864285	834000000	54.929244	21.127871		
834500000	40.838670	18.877274	834500000	54.982637	21.114853		
835000000	40.874808	18.845231	835000000	54.857663	21.104602		
835500000	40.766475	18.853422	835500000	54.911946	21.107024		
836000000	40.837136	18.889566	836000000	54.863522	21.103160		
836500000	40.820576	18.835996	836500000	54.885076	21.102859		
837000000	40.782831	18.891895	837000000	54.876694	21.119837		
837500000	40.811970	18.872187	837500000	54.896422	21.114976		
838000000	40.794504	18.870683	838000000	54.868063	21.082087		
838500000	40.804258	18.892538	838500000	54.881445	21.074509		
839000000	40.779576	18.846635	839000000	54.838735	21.084252		
839500000	40.752478	18.883934	839500000	54.816020	21.117452		
840000000	40.772590	18.887363	840000000	54.820453	21.139719		
840500000	40.762318	18.837573	840500000	54.848362	21.142013		
841000000	40.770209	18.834151	841000000	54.834566	21.092929		
841500000	40.741215	18.882188	841500000	54.816602	21.150386		
842000000	40.729367	18.899681	842000000	54.791048	21.085151		
842500000	40.726468	18.894123	842500000	54.793862	21.128936		
843000000	40.712279	18.830289	843000000	54.745100	21.109818		
843500000	40.718784	18.857964	843500000	54.801243	21.194759		
844000000	40.665772	18.892172	844000000	54.791899	21.117898		
844500000	40.685299	18.875203	844500000	54.740399	21.052981		
845000000	40.660407	18.809561	845000000	54.781130	21.112594		
845500000	40.662095	18.909929	845500000	54.750728	21.138398		
846000000	40.647935	18.882110	846000000	54.779448	21.129737		
846500000	40.613554	18.890626	846500000	54.718782	21.183451		
847000000	40.677507	18.850901	84700000	54.746242	21.107518		
847500000	40.664691	18.863506	847500000	54.658799	20.979541		
848000000	40.595597	18.820965	848000000	54.624074	20.981122		
848500000	40.581498	18.864391	848500000	54.615573	21.034447		
849000000	40.572863	18.855510	849000000	54.616698	21.047469		

1	1900 MHz Head	ı		1900 MHz Body				
Frequency	e'	e''	Frequency	e'	e''			
1850000000	39.424497	13.180542	1850000000	53.131472	14.639680			
1851200000	39.395408	13.185570	1851200000	53.117971	14.661969			
1852400000	39.419931	13.199489	1852400000	53.138217	14.668747			
1853600000	39.384478	13.184469	1853600000	53.142880	14.678514			
1854800000	39.364881	13.204654	1854800000	53.139846	14.687811			
1856000000	39.379486	13.197668	1856000000	53.183675	14.688074			
1857200000	39.375948	13.204952	1857200000	53.161939	14.651958			
1858400000	39.351128	13.192416	1858400000	53.158514	14.705507			
1859600000	39.355152	13.206976	1859600000	53.143381	14.689014			
1860800000	39.360296	13.208860	1860800000	53.158658	14.718456			
1862000000	39.365333	13.258785	1862000000	53.147822	14.731108			
1863200000	39.342774	13.220900	1863200000	53.126308	14.727717			
1864400000	39.319826	13.264192	1864400000	53.142243	14.782168			
1865600000	39.313961	13.257902	1865600000	53.152487	14.761198			
1866800000	39.328061	13.269171	1866800000	53.124624	14.770938			
1868000000	39.316016	13.281742	1868000000	53.185212	14.744768			
1869200000	39.323367	13.306167	1869200000	53.175837	14.770897			
1870400000	39.346385	13.302851	1870400000	53.173601	14.768444			
1871600000	39.329299	13.297612	1871600000	53.173722	14.796866			
1872800000	39.312485	13.307147	1872800000	53.169617	14.832767			
1874000000	39.331466	13.297320	1874000000	53.158508	14.816371			
1875200000	39.303945	13.337527	1875200000	53.180482	14.832318			
1876400000	39.324798	13.335471	1876400000	53.196974	14.842252			
1877600000	39.322312	13.339078	1877600000	53.182996	14.846840			
1878800000	39.338408	13.381875	1878800000	53.202792	14.828022			
1880000000	39.306876	13.367761	1880000000	53.144024	14.847735			
1881200000	39.351722	13.389477	1881200000	53.186978	14.866415			
1882400000	39.379354	13.398081	1882400000	53.170331	14.847853			
1883600000	39.350627	13.412159	1883600000	53.196577	14.856115			
1884800000	39.357235	13.392014	1884800000	53.189506	14.880143			
1886000000 1887200000	39.382420	13.387112	1886000000	53.158785	14.834055			
	39.368842	13.415599	1887200000	53.196878 53.168788	14.835085 14.860049			
1888400000 1889600000	39.360786 39.394496	13.419636 13.409282	1888400000 1889600000	53.168/88	14.843438			
1890800000	39.379081	13.429968		53.198009	14.858401			
			1890800000					
1892000000 1893200000	39.411621 39.421066	13.408331 13.416270	1892000000 1893200000	53.195596 53.202146	14.847769 14.870279			
1894400000	39.396589	13.436695	1894400000	53.167357	14.875751			
1895600000	39.412345	13.473423	1895600000	53.174407	14.886754			
1896800000	39.408062	13.469098	1896800000	53.150978	14.896509			
1898000000	39.397999	13.474405	1898000000	53.162992	14.880967			
1899200000	39.426997	13.484769	1899200000	53.196350	14.904492			
1900400000	39.450591	13.486616	1900400000	53.174534	14.876166			
1901600000	39.445972	13.500418	1901600000	53.153352	14.927892			
1902800000	39.457554	13.474003	1902800000	53.150717	14.896473			
1904000000	39.454881	13.462671	1904000000	53.139674	14.887589			
1905200000	39.441010	13.452511	1905200000	53.129513	14.855896			
1906400000	39.428323	13.453532	1906400000	53.101496	14.892030			
1907600000	39.465414	13.476438	1907600000	53.113212	14.884041			
1908800000	39.445206	13.470378	1908800000	53.091759	14.899511			
1910000000	39.437126	13.450571	1910000000	53.094614	14.925388			

## **System Accuracy Verification**

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

## **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



#### **System Accuracy Check Results**

Frequency (MHz)			Result	
835	9.651	6.042	In Tolerance	
1900	40.328	20.137	In Tolerance	

<sup>\*</sup> Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

IEEE P1528 recommended reference value for Head Tissue

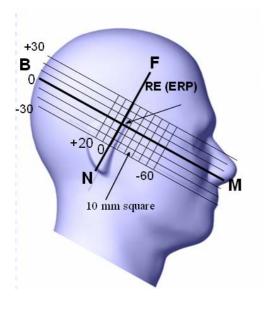
Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/Kg)	10 g SAR (W/Kg)	Local SAR at surface (above feed point)	Local SAR at surface (v=2cm offset from feed point)
300	3.0	2.0	4.4	2.1
450	4.9	3.3	7.2	3.2
835	9.5	6.2	14.1	4.9
900	10.8	6.9	16.4	5.4
1450	29.0	16.0	50.2	6.5
1800	38.1	19.8	69.5	6.8
1900	39.7	20.5	72.1	6.6
2000	41.1	21.1	74.6	6.5
2450	52.4	24.0	104.2	7.7
3000	63.8	25.7	140.2	9.5

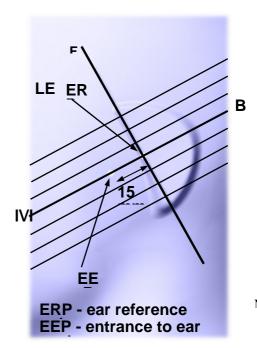
#### **EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY**

### Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





#### **Cheek/Touch Position**

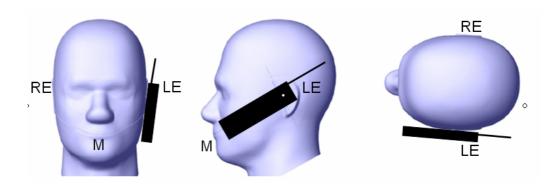
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

#### **Check / Touch Position**



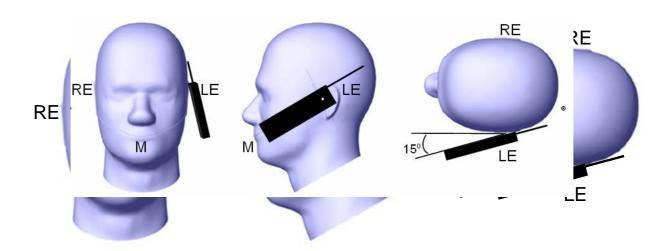
#### **Ear/Tilt Position**

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

#### Ear /Tilt 15° Position



#### Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

#### **SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 21 mm was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

## SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation. The plots with the corresponding SAR distributions, which reveal information about the location of the maximum SAR with respect to the device, could be found in Appendix E.

#### **SAR Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	21° C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1010 mbar

<sup>\*</sup> Testing was performed by Eric Zhang on 2009-04-23.

## Cellular Band:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test mode	Test Type	Liquid Type	Phantom	Accessories	Measured 1 g SAR Value (W/Kg)	1 g SAR Limit (W/Kg)	Ref. Plot #
Body-Worn Back	836.6	GPRS	Body	Body	Flat	-	1.479	1.6	1
Body-Worn Back	824.2	GPRS	Body	Body	Flat	-	1.488	1.6	2
Body-Worn Back	848.8	GPRS	Body	Body	Flat	-	1.273	1.6	3

#### **PCS Band:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test mode	Test Type	Liquid Type	Phantom	Accessories	Measured 1 g SAR Value (W/Kg)	1 g SAR Limit (W/Kg)	Ref. Plot #
Body-Worn Back	1880.0	GPRS	Body	Body	Flat	-	0.659	1.6	4
Body-Worn Back	1850.2	GPRS	Body	Body	Flat	-	0.711	1.6	5
Body-Worn Back	1909.8	GPRS	Body	Body	Flat	-	0.722	1.6	6

## APPENDIX A – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

## **Exposure Assessment Measurement Uncertainty**

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (1-g)	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %					
Measurement System												
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5					
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	(1-cp) <sup>1</sup>	1.5	1.5					
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4					
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6					
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7					
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6					
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0					
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5					
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0					
RF Ambient Condition	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7					
Probe Positioner Mech.	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2					
		Res	triction									
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7					
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1					
Test Sample Positioning	4.0	normal	1	1	1	4.0	4.0					
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0					
Drift of Output Power	3.2	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.8	1.8					
		Phantor	n and Seti	ир								
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0					
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4					
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	0.0	normal	1	0.7	0.5	0.0	0.0					
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4					
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	0.0	normal	1	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.0					
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.4	9.2					
Combined Uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				18.8	18.5					

## APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

### NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: CP-871

Client.: BACL

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 835 MHz

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 273

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 Project No: BACB-ALSAS10U-5323

> Calibrated: 1<sup>st</sup> August 2008 Released on: 1<sup>st</sup> September 2008

This Calibration Certificate is Intomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NGL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4161

Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure. The results contained within this report are for APREL E-Field Probe E-020 273.

#### References

SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless
Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"
SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure

#### Conditions

Probe 273 was a new probe taken from stock prior to calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5 °C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

Jesse Hones

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Calibration Results Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E-020

Serial Number: 273

Frequency: 835 MHz

Sensor Offset: 1.56 mm

Sensor Length: 2.5 mm

Tip Enclosure: Ertalyte\*

Tip Diameter: <5 mm

Tip Length: 60 mm

Total Length: 290 mm

## Sensitivity in Air

 Channel X:
 1.2 μV/(V/m)²

 Channel Y:
 1.2 μV/(V/m)²

 Channel Z:
 1.2 μV/(V/m)²

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

<sup>\*</sup>Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Sensitivity in Head Tissue Measured

Frequency: 835 MHz

Epsilon: 41.24 (+/-5%) Sigma: 0.87 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

Channel X: 6.5

Channel Y: 6.5

Channel Z: 6.5

Tissue sensitivity values were calculated using the load impedance of the APREL Laboratories Daq-Paq.

## **Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2.44mm.

## Spatial Resolution:

The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

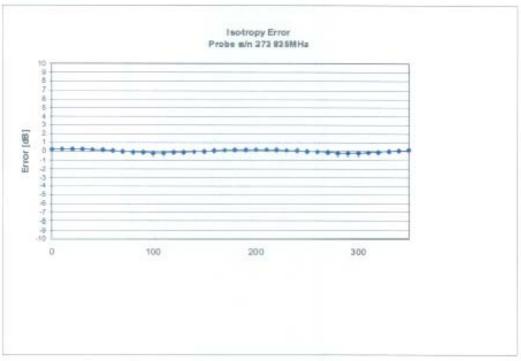
## Receiving Pattern 835 MHz (Air)

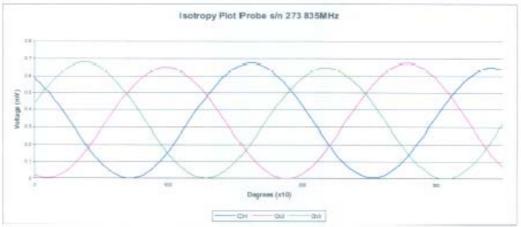


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## Isotropy Error 835 MHz (Air)





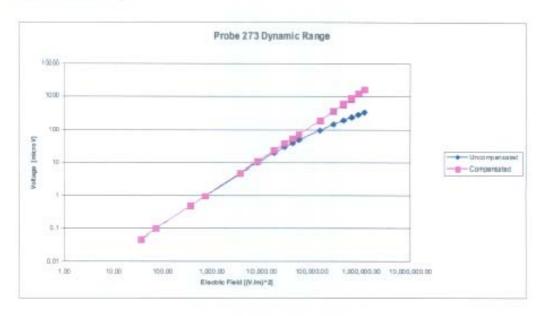
Isotropicity Tissue:

0.10 dB

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# NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Dynamic Range

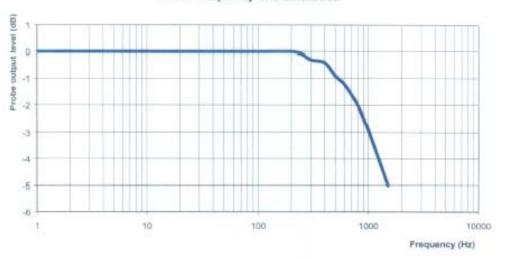


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## Video Bandwidth





Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

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## Conversion Factor Uncertainty Assessment

Frequency: 835MHz

Epsilon: 41.24 (+/-5%) Sigma: 0.87 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

Channel X: 6.5 7%(K=2)

Channel Y: 6.5 7%(K=2)

Channel Z: 6.5 7%(K=2)

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of  $5 \text{ M}\Omega$ .

#### Boundary Effect:

For a distance of 2.5mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

## **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2008.

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#### NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: CP-872

Client.: BACL

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 835 MHz

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 273

Calibration in Body Tissue

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DR8-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 Project No: BACL-ALSAS10U-5323

> Calibrated: 1<sup>st</sup> September 2008 Released on: 1<sup>st</sup> September 2008

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Adjompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA KIR 1ER Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 620-4161

Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Introduction

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#### References

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IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless
Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"
SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure

#### Conditions

Probe 273 was a new probe taken from stock prior to calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

Jesse Hones

Page 2 of 10

Division of APREL Laboratories.

### Calibration Results Summary

Probe Type:

E-Field Probe E-020

Serial Number:

273

Frequency:

835 MHz

Sensor Offset:

1.56 mm

Sensor Length:

2.5 mm

Tip Enclosure:

Ertalyte\*

Tip Diameter:

<5 mm

Tip Length:

60 mm

Total Length:

290 mm

### Sensitivity in Air

 Channel X:
 1.2 μV/(V/m)²

 Channel Y:
 1.2 μV/(V/m)²

 Channel Z:
 1.2 μV/(V/m)²

**Diode Compression Point:** 

95 mV

<sup>\*</sup>Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Sensitivity in Body Tissue Measured

Frequency:

835 MHz

Epsilon:

56.16 (+/-5%)

Sigma:

0.99 S/m (+/-10%)

ConvF

Channel X:

6.7

Channel Y: 6.7

Channel Z:

6.7

Tissue sensitivity values were calculated using the load impedance of the APREL Laboratories Daq-Paq.

### **Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2.44mm.

#### Spatial Resolution:

The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

Page 4 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

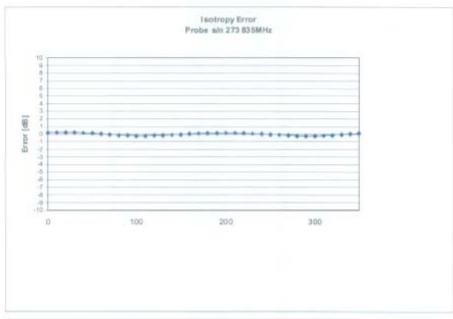
Division of APREL Laboratories.

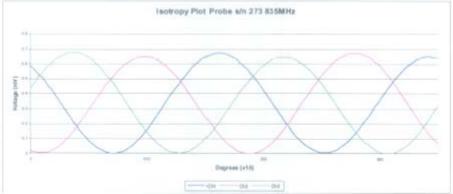
## Receiving Pattern 835 MHz (Air)



## NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Isotropy Error 835 MHz (Air)



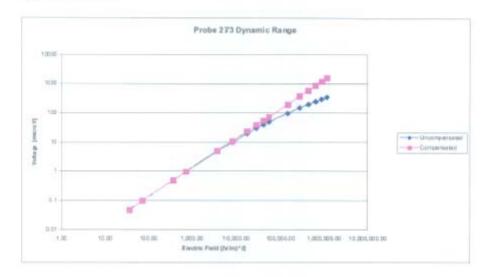


Isotropicity in Tissue:

0.10 dB

Division of APREL Laboratories,

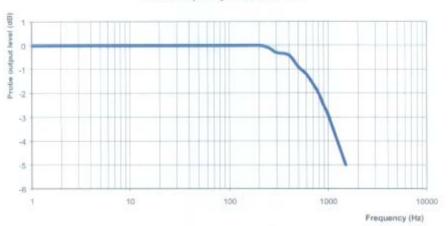
## Dynamic Range



Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Video Bandwidth





Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Division of APREL Laboratories

## Conversion Factor Uncertainty Assessment

Frequency:

835MHz

Epsilon:

56.16 (+/-5%)

Sigma:

0.99 S/m (+/-10%)

ConvF

Channel X:

6.7

7%(K=2)

Channel Y:

6.7

7%(K=2)

Channel Z:

7%(K=2)

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M $\Omega$ .

#### **Boundary Effect:**

For a distance of 2.4mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

### **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2008.

#### NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: CP-877

Client.: BACL

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 1900 MHz

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 273

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 Project No: BACB-ALSAS10U-5323

> Calibrated: 1<sup>st</sup> August 2008 Released on: 1<sup>st</sup> September 2008

This Calibration Certificate is Impomplete Unless Addompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

ST SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA KOR LEO Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 620-4161

Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure. The results contained within this report are for APREL E-Field Probe E-020 273.

#### References

SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless
Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"
SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure

#### Conditions

Probe 273 was a new probe taken from stock prior to calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: Temperature of the Tissue:

22 °C +/- 0.5°C 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

Jesse Hones

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## NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Calibration Results Summary

Probe Type:

E-Field Probe E-020

Serial Number:

273

Frequency:

1900 MHz

Sensor Offset:

1.56 mm

Sensor Length:

2.5 mm

Tip Enclosure:

Ertalyte\*

Tip Diameter:

<5 mm

Tip Length:

60 mm

Total Length:

290 mm

#### Sensitivity in Air

Channel X: 1.2 µV/(V/m)2 1.2 μV/(V/m)<sup>2</sup> 1.2 μV/(V/m)<sup>2</sup> Channel Y: Channel Z:

**Diode Compression Point:** 

95 mV

<sup>\*</sup>Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Page 3 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Sensitivity in Head Tissue Measured

Frequency:

1900 MHz

Epsilon:

38.50 (+/-5%)

Sigma:

1.40 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

Channel X:

5.25

Channel Y:

5.25

Channel Z:

5.25

Tissue sensitivity values were calculated using the load impedance of the APREL Laboratories Daq-Paq.

### **Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2.44mm.

### Spatial Resolution:

The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

Page 4 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

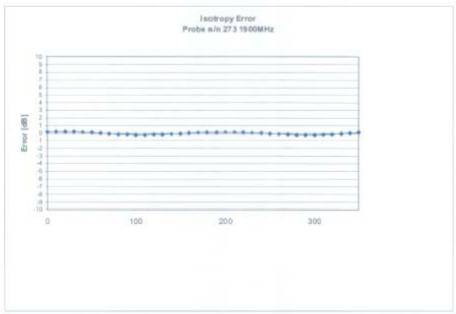
Division of APREL Laboratories

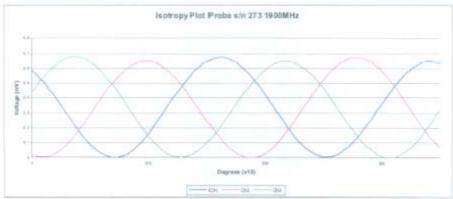
## Receiving Pattern 1900 MHz (Air)



## NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Isotropy Error 1900 MHz (Air)



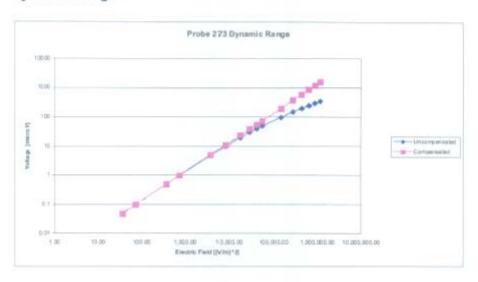


Isotropicity in Tissue:

0.10 dB

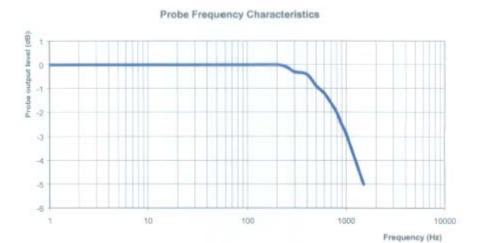
## NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Dynamic Range



Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Video Bandwidth



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Conversion Factor Uncertainty Assessment

Frequency:

1900MHz

Epsilon:

38.50 (+/-5%)

Sigma:

1.40 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

Channel X:

5.25

7%(K=2)

Channel Y: 5.25 7%(K=2)

Channel Z:

5.25

7%(K=2)

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 MQ.

#### **Boundary Effect:**

For a distance of 2.4mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

Page 9 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

## **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2008.

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## NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: CP-278

Client.: BACL

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 1900 MHz

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 273

Calibration in Body Tissue

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 Project No: BACB-ALSAS10U-5323

> Calibrated: 1<sup>st</sup> August 2008 Released on: 1<sup>st</sup> September 2008

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E8 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4161

Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure. The results contained within this report are for APREL E-Field Probe E-020 273.

#### References

SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless
Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"
SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure

#### Conditions

Probe 273 was a new probe taken from stock prior to calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue; 21 °C +/- 0.5 °C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

Jesse Hones

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Calibration Results Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E-020

Serial Number: 273

Frequency: 1900 MHz

Sensor Offset: 1.56 mm

Sensor Length: 2.5 mm

Tip Enclosure: Ertalyte\*

Tip Diameter: <5 mm

Tip Length: 60 mm

Total Length: 290 mm

\*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

## Sensitivity in Air

 Channel X:
 1.2 μV/(V/m)²

 Channel Y:
 1.2 μV/(V/m)²

 Channel Z:
 1.2 μV/(V/m)²

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

Page 3 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Sensitivity in Body Tissue Measured

Frequency:

1900 MHz

Epsilon:

53.05 (+/-5%)

Sigma:

1.58 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

Channel X: 5.15

Channel Y: 5.15

Channel Z: 5.15

Tissue sensitivity values were calculated using the load impedance of the APREL Laboratories Daq-Paq.

## **Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2.44mm.

## Spatial Resolution:

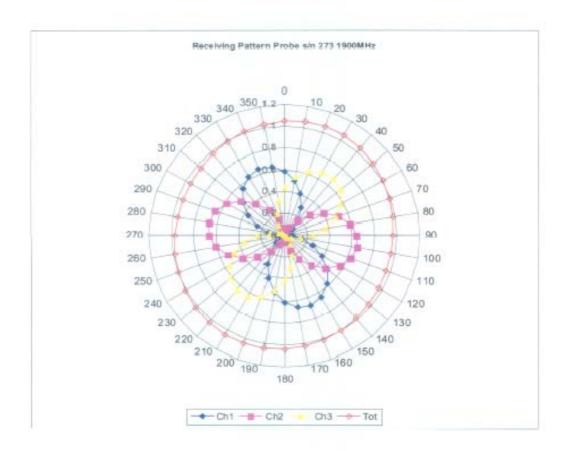
The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

Page 4 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

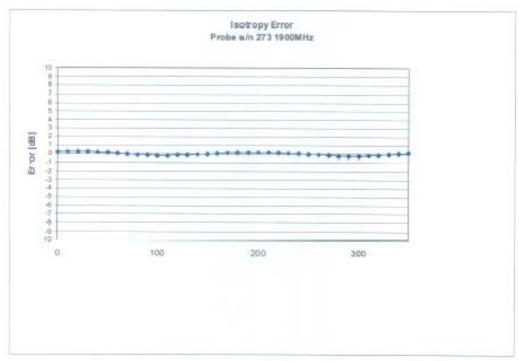
Division of APREL Laboratories.

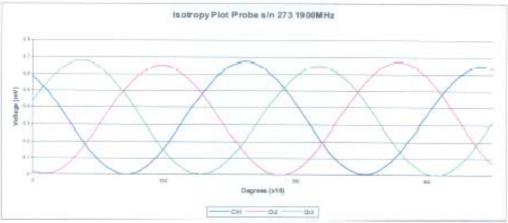
## Receiving Pattern 1900 MHz (Air)



Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Isotropy Error 1900 MHz (Air)



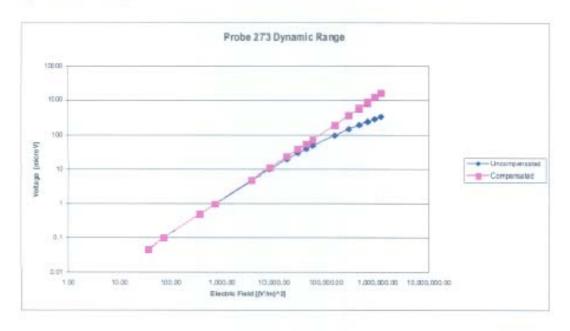


Isotropicity in Tissue:

0.10 dB

Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Dynamic Range

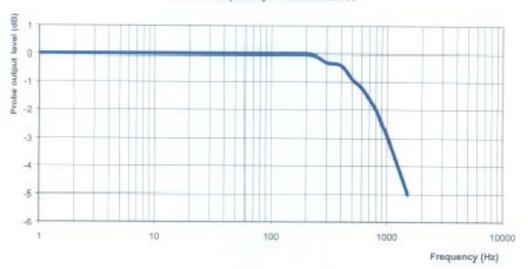


Page 7 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Video Bandwidth

## **Probe Frequency Characteristics**



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

## **Conversion Factor Uncertainty Assessment**

Frequency: 1900MHz

Epsilon: 53.05 (+/-5%) Sigma: 1.58 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

Channel X: 5.15 7%(K=2)

Channel Y: 5.15 7%(K=2)

Channel Z: 5.15 7%(K=2)

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of  $5~M\Omega$ .

### **Boundary Effect:**

For a distance of 2.4mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

## **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2008.

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## APPENDIX C – DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

## **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Calibration File No: DC-917 Project Number: BACL-ALSAS10U-5323

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency: 835 MHz
Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 1st September 2008 Released on: 1st September 2008

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6

Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4162

Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was new and taken from stock prior to calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C 21 °C +/- 0.5 °C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

C. Teodorian

Division of APREL Laboratories.

## **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

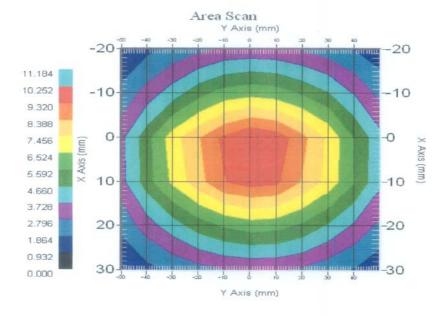
**Length:** 162.2 mm **Height:** 89.4 mm

### **Electrical Specification**

SWR: 1.018 U Return Loss: -41.371 dB Impedance:  $51.739 \Omega$ 

### System Validation Results

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
835 MHz	9.49	6.1	14.21



Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 212.

#### References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless
Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

#### Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was new taken from stock.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5 °C

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# NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

## **Dipole Calibration Results**

### **Mechanical Verification**

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

#### **Tissue Validation**

Head Tissue 835MHz	Measured
Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	41.12
Conductivity, o [S/m]	0.92

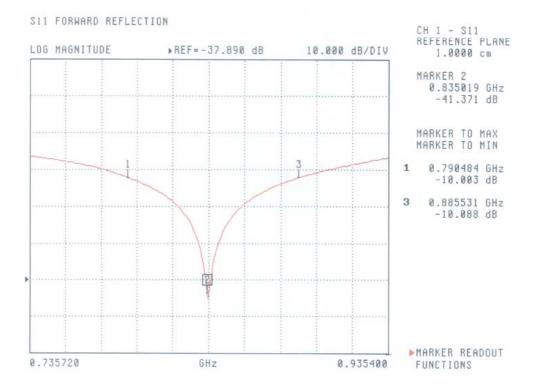
Division of APREL Laboratories.

### **Electrical Calibration**

Test	Result
S11 RL	-41.371 dB
SWR	1.018 U
Impedance	51.739 Ω

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### S11 Parameter Return Loss



Division of APREL Laboratories.

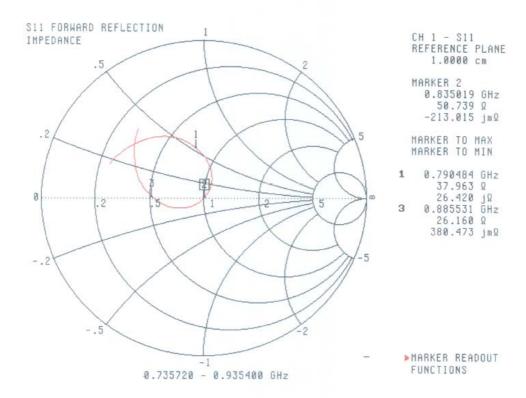
## SWR





Division of APREL Laboratories.

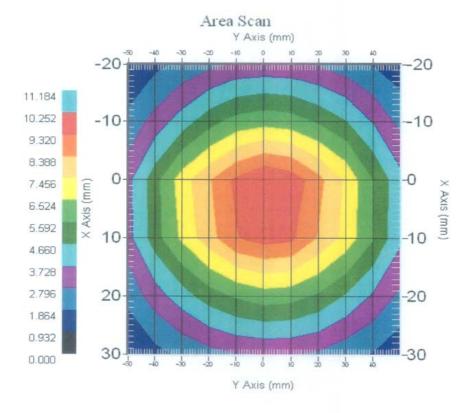
# **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**



Division of APREL Laboratories.

## System Validation Results Using the Electrically Calibrated Dipole

Head Tissue Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak Above Feed Point
835 MHz	9.49	6.1	14.21



Division of APREL Laboratories.

# **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2008.

#### NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-920 Project Number: BACL-ALSAS10U-5323

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 1st September 2008 Released on: 1st September 2008

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

S1 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4162

Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was new and taken from stock prior to calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5 °C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

C. Teodorian

Division of APREL Laboratories.

# Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

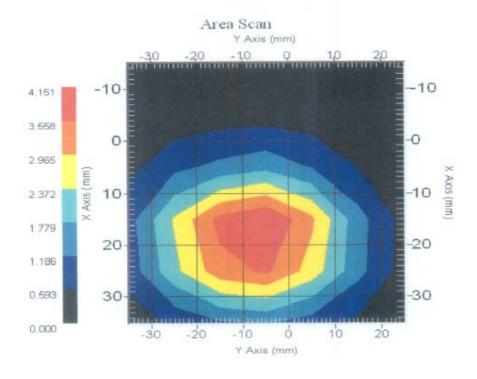
Length: 67.1 mm Height: 38.9 mm

#### **Electrical Specification**

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{SWR:} & 1.059 \text{ U} \\ \text{Return Loss:} & -30.831 \text{ dB} \\ \text{Impedance:} & 50.914 \, \Omega \\ \end{array}$ 

#### System Validation Results

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
1900 MHz	38.7	20.5	69.7



Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 212.

#### References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless
Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

#### Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was new taken from stock.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5 °C

# NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

# **Dipole Calibration Results**

#### Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

#### **Tissue Validation**

Head Tissue 1900 MHz	Measured
Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	40.03
Conductivity, o [S/m]	1.38

5

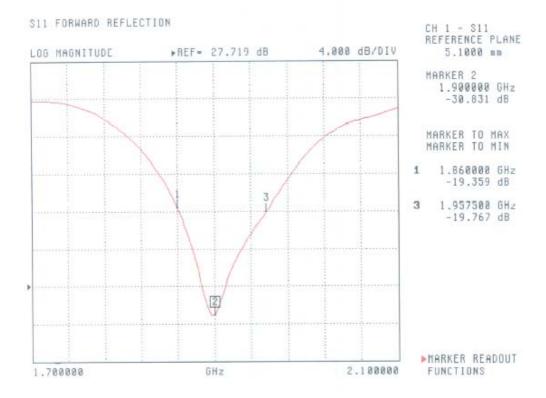
Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### **Electrical Calibration**

Test	Result
S11 R/L	-30.831 dB
SWR	1.059 U
Impedance	50.914 Ω

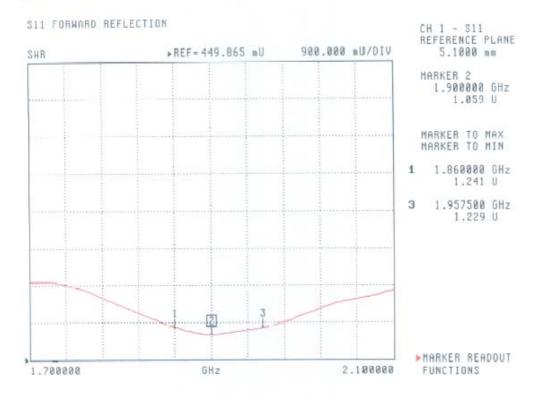
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### S11 Parameter Return Loss



Division of APREL Laboratories.

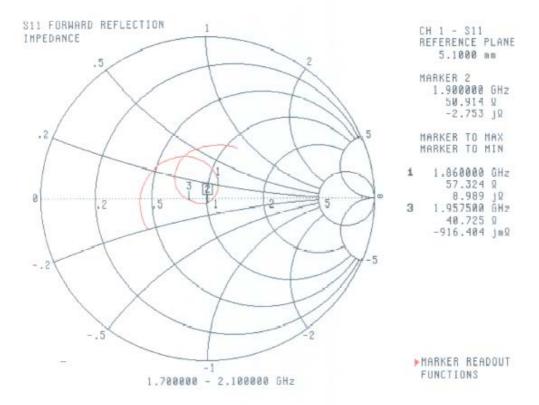
#### SWR



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Division of APREL Laboratories.

# Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

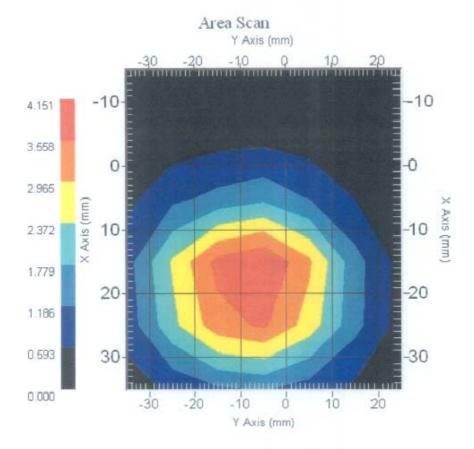


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Division of APREL Laboratories,

# System Validation Results Using the Electrically Calibrated Dipole

Head Tissue Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak Above Feed Point
1900 MHz	38.7	20.5	69.7



Division of APREL Laboratories.

### **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2007.

### APPENDIX D – SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 835 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 835 MHz
Serial No. : 180-00558
Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency : 835.00 MHz
Max.Transmit Power : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 10.066 W/kg

Power Drift-Finish : 9.926 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -1.391

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center
Description : Default

Phantom Data

Tissue Data

Type : HEAD Serial No. : 270-01002 Frequency : 835.00 MHz Last Calib. Date : 20-Apr-2009 : 20.00°C Temperature : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 50.00 RH% Humidity : 40.87 F/m Epsilon Sigma : 0.87 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle

Serial No. : 273

Last Calib. Date : 08-Jan-2008 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 6.5

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

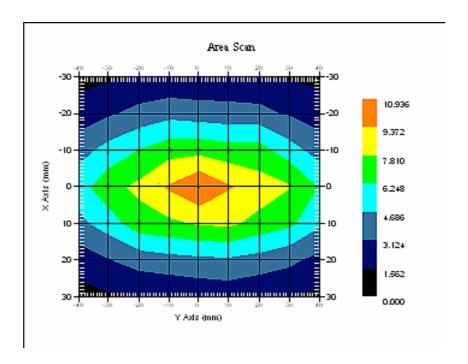
Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 9.651 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 6.042 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 10.936 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 15.013 W/kg



835 MHz System Validation

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 1900MHz Serial No. : 210-00710 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-1900-S-2 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Max.Transmit Power : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 43.370 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 41.609 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -4.059

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Tissue Data

Type : HEAD : 295-01103 Serial No. : 1900.00 MHz Frequency Last Calib. Date : 20-Apr-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 56.00 RH% Humidity : 39.45 F/m **Epsilon** Sigma : 1.42 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle

Serial No. : 273

Last Calib. Date : 01-Aug-2008 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 5.25

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

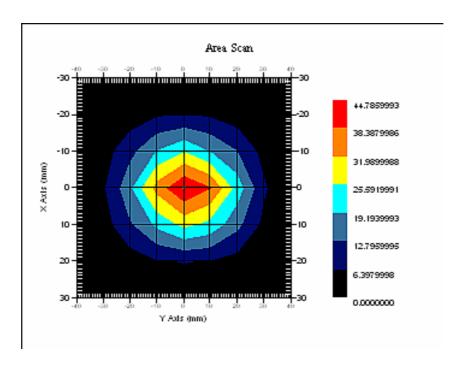
Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1 Scan Type : Complete

Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 20.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 40.328 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 20.137 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 44.786 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 75.567 W/kg



1900 MHz System Validation

#### APPENDIX E – EUT SCAN RESULTS

#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

#### **Body- worn Back Touching the Flat Phantom (835 MHz Middle Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode :GPRS
Crest Factor : 8
Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 10x12x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.941 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.937 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -0.461

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 835.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 54.86 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.98 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 273

Frequency : 835.00 MHz

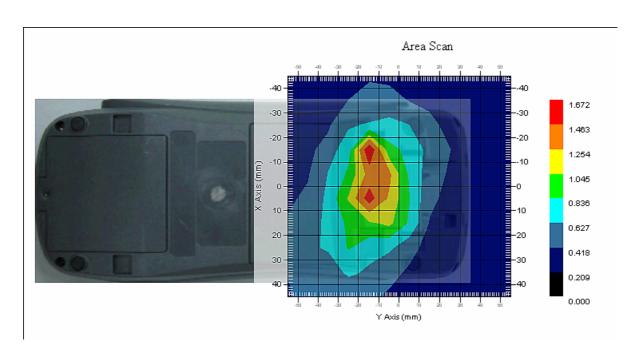
Duty Cycle Factor : 8 Conversion Factor : 6.7

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 1.479 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.946 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.670 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 2.693 W/kg

Plot 1#



### **Body- worn Back Touching the Flat Phantom (835 MHz Low Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode :GPRS Crest Factor : 8

Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 10x12x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.952 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.970 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 1.950

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 835.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 54.86 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.98 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 273

Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 8 Conversion Factor : 6.7

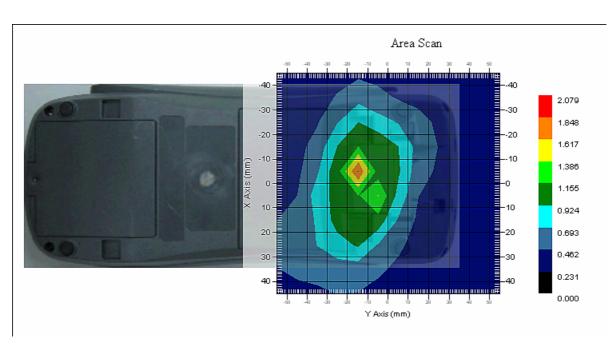
Conversion Factor : 6./

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)2$ 

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 1.488 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.968 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.852 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 2.972 W/kg

## Plot 2#



#### **Body- worn Back Touching the Flat Phantom (835 MHz High Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode :GPRS Crest Factor : 8

Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 10x12x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.853 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.819 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -3.984

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 835.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 54.86 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.98 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 273

Frequency : 835.00 MHz

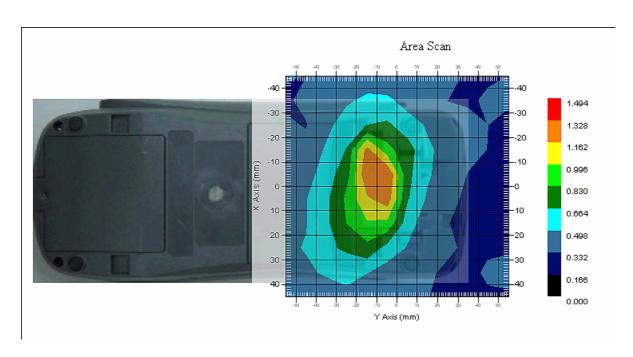
Duty Cycle Factor : 8 Conversion Factor : 6.7

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ 

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 1.273 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.879 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.329 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.811 W/kg

Plot 3#



#### **Body- worn Back Touching the Flat Phantom (1900 MHz Middle Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode :GPRS Crest Factor : 8

Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 10x12x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.421 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.410 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 2.623

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 1900.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 53.17 F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.57 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 273

Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

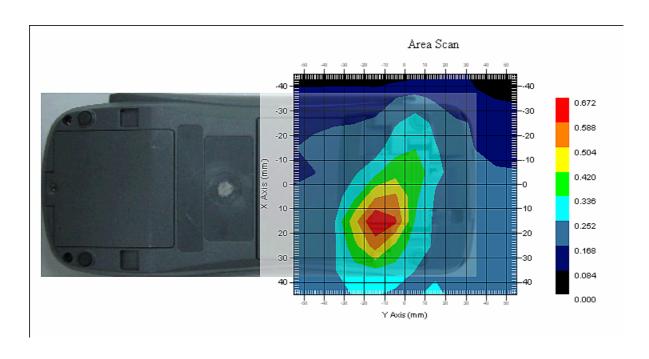
Duty Cycle Factor : 8 Conversion Factor : 5.15

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.659 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.440 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.669 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.040 W/kg

## Plot 4#



#### **Body- worn Back Touching the Flat Phantom (1900 MHz Low Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode :GPRS Crest Factor : 8

Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 10x12x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.468 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.469 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 0.223

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 1900.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 53.17 F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.57 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 273

Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

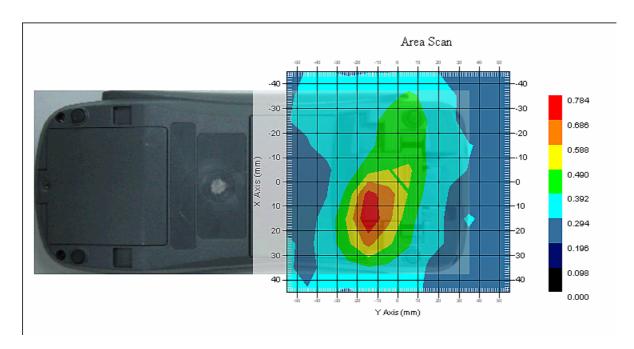
Duty Cycle Factor : 8 Conversion Factor : 5.15

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.711 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.496 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.782 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.050 W/kg

## Plot 5#



### **Body- worn Back Touching the Flat Phantom (1900 MHz High Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode :GPRS Crest Factor : 8

Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 10x12x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.438 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.431 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -1.707

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 1900.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 53.17 F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.57 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 273

Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

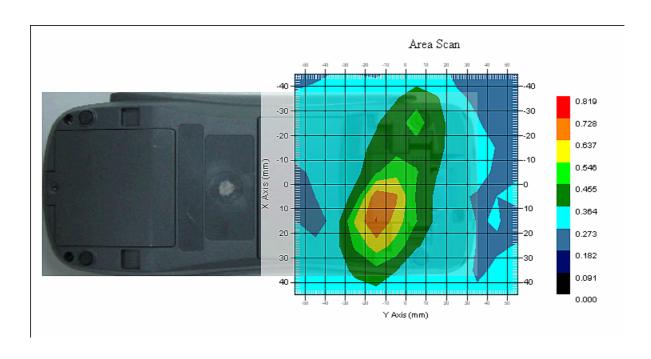
Duty Cycle Factor : 8 Conversion Factor : 5.15

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.722 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.499 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.732 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.371 W/kg

#### Plot 6#



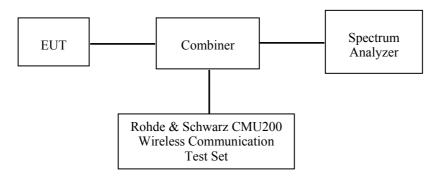
# APPENDIX F – CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

# **Provision Applicable**

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

#### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.



# **Test Equipment List and Details**

Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Communication Tester	CMU200	1100.0008.02	2008-06-21
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSEM30	849720/019	2008-05-09

### **Test Results**

Band	Frequency	Conducted Output Power (GPRS Mode)	
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(Watt)
Cellular	824.2	33.36	2.168
	836.6	33.35	2.163
	848.8	33.27	2.123
PCS	1850.2	30.48	1.117
	1880.0	30.12	1.028
	1909.8	29.26	0.843

# **APPENDIX G – EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS**

# **Body-worn Setup Photo**

(Back touching the flat phantom)



# **APPENDIX H – EUT PHOTOS**





**EUT - Bottom View** 



# **APPENDIX I - INFORMATIVE REFERENCES**

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