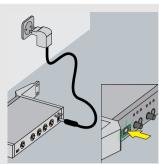
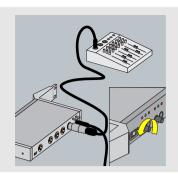


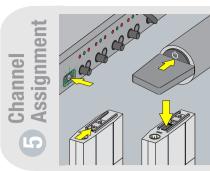
Fitting the receiver in a 19" rack. Leave one unit space free between two receivers in the rack.



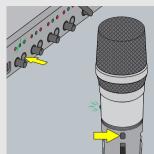
Connect receiver to the mains.



Reduce audio level (2) and connect receiver to balanced input (10).



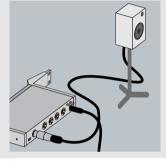
Switch on receiver (15) and transmitter (1).



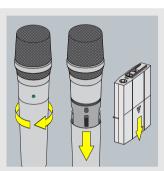
e started from both the transmitter and receiver. In this example, i

Assignment can be started from both the transmitter and receiver. In this example, it is started from the receiver. Press **CONNECT** (3) on a free channel of the receiver and hold down until the **STATUS LED** (5) starts to flash after approximately 2 seconds. Press **CONNECT** (16) on the transmitter until **STATUS LED** (13) lights up green. The **STATUS LEDs** on the transmitter (13) and the receiver (5) light up green once assignment has been successful.

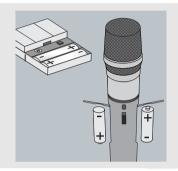
Setting Up



Connect the sum output (9) to a monitor.

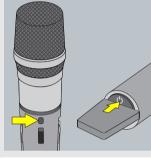


Remove battery cover (14 / 22).



Insert batteries.

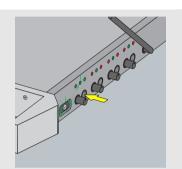




LED (13) starts to flash quickly.

Registration can be started from both the transmitter and receiver. In this example it is started from the

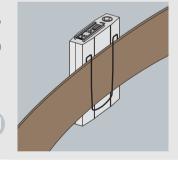
Switch on the receiver. Press **CONNECT** (16) along with **ON/OFF** (15) on the transmitter until **STATUS**



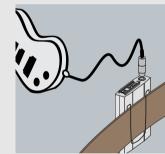
Hold down **CONNECT** (3) on a free channel of the receiver until the **STATUS LED** (5) lights up green.

The **STATUS LEDs** on the transmitter (13) and the receiver (5) light up green after successful registration.

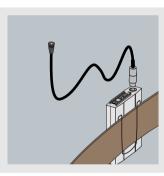
Setting Up



Attach bodypack transmitter to a belt with the battery compartment facing away from the body.

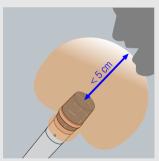


Connect i



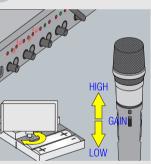
Connect instrument or microphone to the mini XLR connector of the bodypack transmitter.





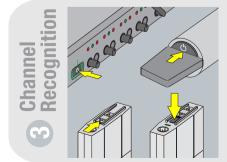
In the case of microphones with a hypercardioid polar pattern, most sound attenuation occurs at 180°. These microphones should therefore preferably be used where there is an interference noise source or a loudspeaker directly opposite the speaker. Holding the microphone less than 5 cm from your mouth will give your voice a voluminous and punchy quality.

Tips & Tricks

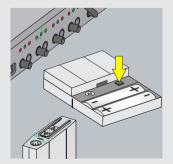


Adjust the input sensitivity on the DPT70 pocket transmitter using the screwdriver included in the battery compartment cover; on the DHT70 manual transmitter, use the slide control:

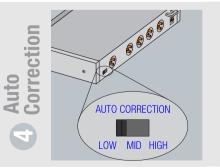
If CLIP lights up frequently, set the GAIN on the DHT70 to **LOW** and reduce the potentiometer setting on the DPT70.



Switch on receiver (1) and transmitter (15).



Check channel by pressing **CONNECT** on the transmitter (16) or receiver (3). The **STATUS LEDs** of the transmitter (13) and receiver (5) on the same channel will flash.



Set AUTO CORRECTION (8) to LOW in normal operating mode. If there is interference in the 2.4 GHz ISM frequency range, set AUTO CORRECTION to MID or HIGH.





Never let more than 2 people sing into one microphone. The angle of incidence should never be more than 35°!