TEST REPORT



DT&C Co., Ltd.

1 Dt&C 42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 17042 Tel: 031-321-2664, Fax: 031-321-1664

1. Report No: DRRFCC2111-0130

2. Customer

· Name: Point Mobile Co., LTD.

Address: B-9F, Kabul Great Valley 32 Digital-ro 9-gil, Geumcheon-gu Seoul South Korea 153-709

3. Use of Report: FCC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name : Mobile Computer / PM75W

FCC ID: V2X-PM75W

5. FCC Regulation(s): CFR 47 Part 2 subpart 2.1093

Test Method Used: IEEE 1528-2013, FCC SAR KDB Publications (Details in test report)

IEC/IEEE 62209-1528

6. Date of Test: 2021.09.27 ~ 2021.10.26

7. Location of Test :
☐ Permanent Testing Lab
☐ On Site Testing

8. Testing Environment: Refer to appended test report.

9. Test Result: Refer to attached test report.

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

This test report is not related to KOLAS accreditation.

Tested by Reviewed by Affirmation Name: DuHee Lee Name: HakMin Kim

2021.11.25.

DT&C Co., Ltd.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net



Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Tested by	Reviewed by
DRRICT2111-0130	Nov. 25, 2021	Initial issue	DuHee Lee	HakMin Kim



Table of Contents

1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE	
1.1 General Information	
1.2 Power Reduction for SAR	
1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications	
1.5 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations	
1.6 Guidance Applied	6
1.7 Device Serial Numbers	
2. INTROCUCTION	
3. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT	
3.1 Measurement Procedure	
4.1 Ear Reference Point	
5. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS	
5.1 Device Holder	11
5.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch	11
5.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt	
5.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations	
5.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations	
7. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	
7.1 Measured and Reported SAR	
7.1 Measured and Reported SAR	
7.2.1 General Device Setup	
7.2.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A	14
7.2.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3	15
7.2.4 Initial Test Position Procedure	15
7.2.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements	
7.2.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection	15
7.2.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure	16
7.2.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures	16
8. RF CONDUCTED POWERS	17
8.1 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers	
8.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers	
9. SYSTEM VERIFICATION	
9.1 Tissue Verification	
9.2 Test System Verification	
10.1 Head SAR Results	
10.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Worn SAR Results	
10.3 Standalone Phablet SAR Results	27
10.4 SAR Test Notes	
11.1 Measurement Variability	
12. EQUIPMENT LIST	
13. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	33
14. CONCLUSION	35
15. REFERENCES	36
APPENDIX A. – Probe Calibration Data	38
APPENDIX B. – Dipole Calibration Data	
APPENDIX C. – SAR Tissue Specifications	
APPENDIX D. – SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION	
APPENDIX E. – Description of Test Equipment	
AFFERDIA E Description of fest Equipment	9 <i>1</i>



1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

1.1 General Information

EUT type	Mobile Computer	Mobile Computer					
FCC ID	V2X-PM75W	V2X-PM75W					
Equipment model name	PM75W						
Equipment add model name	N/A						
Equipment serial no.	Identical prototype						
FVIN (Firmware Version Identification Number)	75.00						
FCC & ISED MRA Designation No.	KR0034						
ISED#	5740A						
Mode(s) of Operation	2.4 G W-LAN (802.11b/g/n-	-HT20/n-HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-Vh	HT40), 5 G W-LAN (802.11a/n-H	T20/n-HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT40/ac	:-VHT80), Bluetooth		
	Band	Mode	Operating Modes	Bandwidth	Frequency		
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	2 412 ~ 2 462 MHz		
	2.4 GHZ VV-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	2 422 ~ 2 452 MHz		
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 ~ 5 240 MHz		
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 ~ 5 230 MHz		
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz		
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 260 ~ 5 320 MHz		
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 ~ 5 310 MHz		
TX Frequency Range		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz		
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 ~ 5 720 MHz		
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 ~ 5 710 MHz		
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 ~ 5 690 MHz		
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 745 ~ 5 825 MHz		
	5.8 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 755 ~ 5 795 MHz		
	0.0 0.12 11 2.11	802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 775 MHz		
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2 402 ~ 2 480 MHz		
		802.11b/g/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	2 412 ~ 2 462 MHz		
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	2 422 ~ 2 452 MHz		
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 ~ 5 240 MHz		
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 ~ 5 230 MHz		
	3.2 GHZ W-LAN	802.11ac	Voice/Data Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz		
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data Voice/Data	HT20/VHT200	5 260 ~ 5 320 MHz		
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/li/ac	Voice/Data Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 ~ 5 310 MHz		
RX Frequency Range	3.3 GHZ W-LAN	802.11ac	Voice/Data Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz		
			·				
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac 802.11n/ac	Voice/Data Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20 HT40/VHT40	5 500 ~ 5 720 MHz 5 510 ~ 5 710 MHz		
	5.0 GHZ W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 ~ 5 690 MHz		
	E O CHE MAL AND	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 745 ~ 5 825 MHz		
	5.8 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 755 ~ 5 795 MHz		
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 775 MHz		
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2 402 ~ 2 480 MHz		

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130



SAR Summary Table

		Reported SAR				
Equipment Class	Band	1g SA	10g SAR (W/kg)			
		Head	Body-Worn	Phablet		
DTS	2.4 GHz W-LAN	0.79	0.20	0.31		
U-NII-1	5.2 GHz W-LAN	-	-	-		
U-NII-2A	5.3 GHz W-LAN	0.53	0.32	0.46		
U-NII-2C	5.6 GHz W-LAN	0.56	0.51	0.58		
U-NII-3	5.8 GHz W-LAN	0.48	0.45	0.64		
DSS	Bluetooth	0.26	< 0.1	< 0.1		
Simultaneous SA	R per KDB 690783 D01v01r03	0.82	0.55	0.68		
FCC Equipment Class	Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Digital Transmission System(DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)					
Date(s) of Tests	2021.09.27 ~ 2021.10.26					
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna					
Functions	VoIP is supported.					

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

The Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications are in section 9 of this test report.

1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are $> 9 \times 5$ cm. A diagram showing the location of the device of the device antenna can be found in (PM75W)_Antenna Location. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is < 160 mm and the diagonal display is < 150 mm, it is not considered a "phablet".

	Mode	Device Sides for SAR Testing						
	Mode	Тор	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left	
Ī	2.4G W-LAN	0	X	0	0	0	0	
Ī	5G W-LAN	0	Χ	0	0	0	0	
ſ	Bluetooth	0	X	0	0	0	0	

Note 1: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Phablet SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.

Note 2: O - Test / X - Not test.

Note 3: This DUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the back side.

The SAR tests were performed with NFC antenna already incorporated.

A diagram showing the location of the device antenna can be found in (PM75W)_Antenna Location.



1.5 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations

WIFI

Since U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands have the same maximum output power and the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is less than 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band according to FCC KDB publication 248227 D01v02r02.

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

1.6 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (802.11 Wi-Fi SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General RF Exposure Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 (Handset SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 690783 D01v01r03 (SAR Listings on Grants)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02 (RF Exposure Reporting)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)
- October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes (Bluetooth Duty Factor)

1.7 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples with identical hardware were used to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units. The serial numbers used for each test are indicated alongside the results in Section 11.

2. INTROCUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 3.1)

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Fig. 3.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)

ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)

E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.



3. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

3.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

- The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE1528-2013.
- The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.

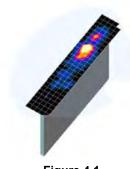


Figure 4.1 Sample SAR Area Scan

- 3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4.1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.



			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of p		measurement point ers) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) mm ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the			30°±1°	20°±1°
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 − 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orients above, the measurement re corresponding x or y dimensial least one measurement p	tion, is smaller than the solution must be ≤ the usion of the test device with
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Z_{00000}}$, $\Delta y_{Z_{00000}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
H.	uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤2 mm
	Did Δz _{Zoom} (n⊃1): between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$	
Minimum zoom can volume x, y, z			≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

Table 3.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



4. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

4.1 Ear Reference Point

Figure 5.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15 mm posterior to the entrance to the Ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5.1. The plane Passing, through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck- Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 5.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

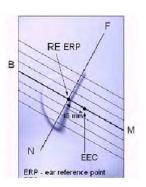


Figure 5.1 Close-up side view of ERP

4.2 Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 5.3). The "test device reference point" was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 5.2 Front, back and side view SAM Twin Phantom

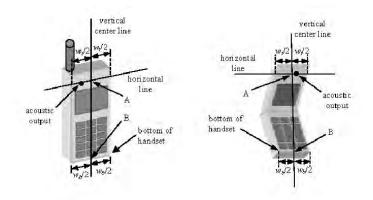


Figure 5.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

5. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

5.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε = 3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02.

5.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Figure 6.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
- 4. The phone was hen rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical was respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). (See Figure 6.2)

5.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
- 2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6.3).

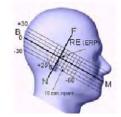


Figure 6.2 Side view w/relevant markings







Figure 6.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Position

5.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when

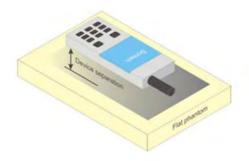


Figure 6.4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

5.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.



6. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment:

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

Controlled Environment:

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1.SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS				
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)			
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00			
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40			
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0			

- 1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

7. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

7.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

7.2 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227D01v02r02 for more details.

7.2.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

7.2.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following, with respect to the highest reported SAR and maximum output power specified for production units. The procedures are applied independently to each exposure configuration; for example, head, body, hotspot mode etc.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.



7.2.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When Terminal Doppler Weather Rader (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels. When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurements and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

7.2.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured.

7.2.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

7.2.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a and 802.11n or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11n or 802.11g then 802.11n is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power ware the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.



7.2.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured.

7.2.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations, in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure, when applicable. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR testing for the subsequent test configurations is required.

8. RF CONDUCTED POWERS

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06

8.1 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band		01	Modulated Av	erage[dBm]
(GHz)	Mode	Ch	Maximum	Nominal
		1	15.0	14.0
	802.11b	6	15.0	14.0
		11	15.0	14.0
		1	14.0	13.0
	802.11g	6	14.0	13.0
		11	14.0	13.0
	000.44	1	14.0	13.0
	802.11n (HT20)	6	14.0	13.0
	(H120)	11	14.0	13.0
2.4	000 44	1	14.0	13.0
	802.11ac (VHT20)	6	14.0	13.0
	(VIIIZO)	11	14.0	13.0
		3	14.0	13.0
	802.11n	6	14.0	13.0
	(HT40)	9	14.0	13.0
		3	14.0	13.0
	802.11ac	6	14.0	13.0
	(VHT40)	9	14.0	13.0

Table 8.1.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
	2 412	1	14.42
802.11b	2 437	6	14.28
	2 462	11	14.38
	2 412	1	13.43
802.11g	2 437	6	13.61
_	2 462	11	13.37
000.44	2 412	1	13.15
802.11n (HT-20)	2 437	6	13.01
(11-20)	2 462	11	13.21
	2 412	1	13.18
802.11ac	2 437	6	13.36
(VHT20)	2 462	11	13.27
	2 422	3	12.56
802.11n	2 437	6	13.52
(HT40)	2 452	9	12.71
	2 422	3	12.53
802.11ac	2 437	6	13.31
(VHT40)	2 452	9	12.71

Table 8.1.2 IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power

Band	Band Mode		Modulated Aver	age[dBm]
(GHz)	Mode	Ch	Maximum	Nominal
	802.11a	36-64	14.0	13.0
	002.11a	100-165	12.0	11.0
	802.11n	36-64	14.0	13.0
	(20MHz)	100-165	12.0	11.0
	802.11ac	36-64	14.0	13.0
	(20MHz)	100-165	12.0	11.0
5 (INIII)	000.44	38	11.0	10.0
5 (UNII)	802.11n (40MHz)	46-62	13.5	12.5
	(40IVII IZ)	102-159	11.5	10.5
	000.44	38	11.0	10.0
	802.11ac (40MHz)	46-62	13.5	12.5
	(4 01/17/2)	102-159	11.5	10.5
	802.11ac	42-58	11.0	10.0
	(80MHz)	106-155	11.0	10.0

Table 8.1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mada	Freq.	Observal	IFFF 900 44a (F CUs) Conducted Dawseld But		
Mode	(MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]		
	5 180	36	13.85		
	5 200	40	13.89		
	5 220	44	13.82		
	5 240	48	13.77		
	5 260	52	13.86		
	5 280	56	13.85		
	5 300	60	13.78		
802.11a	5 320	64	13.94		
	5 500	100	11.58		
	5 580	116	11.51		
	5 660	132	11.53		
	5 720	144	11.52		
	5 745	149	11.46		
	5 785	157	11.45		
	5 825	165	11.51		

Table 8.1.4 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 902 44n UT20 /5 CUr) Conducted Days of JDm1
Wode	(MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
	5 180	36	13.65
	5 200	40	13.57
	5 220	44	13.58
	5 240	48	13.48
	5 260	52	13.58
	5 280	56	13.64
222.11	5 300	60	13.71
802.11n (HT-20)	5 320	64	13.74
(11-20)	5 500	100	11.38
	5 580	116	11.29
	5 660	132	11.20
	5 720	144	11.34
	5 745	149	11.24
	5 785	157	11.25
	5 825	165	11.33

Table 8.1.5 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
Wode	(MHz)	Chamilei	IEEE 002. Flac VH120 (5 GH2) Conducted Power[dBill]
	5 180	36	13.57
	5 200	40	13.52
	5 220	44	13.55
	5 240	48	13.43
	5 260	52	13.51
	5 280	56	13.62
000.44	5 300	60	13.64
802.11ac (VHT-20)	5 320	64	13.66
(٧Π1-20)	5 500	100	11.34
	5 580	116	11.25
	5 660	132	11.27
	5 720	144	11.28
	5 745	149	11.20
	5 785	157	11.22
	5 825	165	11.27

Table 8.1.6 IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
wode	(MHz)	Channel	IEEE 002.1111 H140 (5 GHZ) Conducted Power[abin]
	5 190	38	10.82
	5 230	46	12.85
	5 270	54	13.01
	5 310	62	12.79
802.11n	5 510	102	11.46
(HT-40)	5 550	110	11.28
	5 670	134	11.33
	5 710	142	11.34
	5 755	151	11.26
	5 795	159	11.32

Table 8.1.7 IEEE 802.11n HT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 002 44ee VIITAO (E CUE) Conducted Downsid Day
Mode	(MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
	5 190	38	10.78
	5 230	46	12.81
	5 270	54	12.96
	5 310	62	12.75
802.11ac	5 510	102	11.42
(VHT-40)	5 550	110	11.24
	5 670	134	11.32
	5 710	142	11.31
	5 755	151	11.22
	5 795	159	11.29

Table 8.1.8 IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
Wode	(MHz)	Chamilei	IEEE 002.11ac vn100 (5 Gn2) Conducted Power[ubin]
	5 210	42	10.12
802.11ac	5 290	58	10.95
(VHT-80)	5 530	106	10.34
(٧111-00)	5 690	138	10.75
	5 775	155	10.43

Table 8.1.9 IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Average RF Power

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
 For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For
- configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/ac VHT20 channels when the highest <u>reported</u> SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.



Figure 8.1.1 Power Measurement Setup

8.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

	Frame Modulated Average[dBm]	
Bluetooth	Maximum	5.85
1 Mbps	Nominal	4.85
Bluetooth	Maximum	5.85
2 Mbps	Nominal	4.85
Bluetooth	Maximum	5.85
3 Mbps	Nominal	4.85
Bluetooth	Maximum	4.46
(LE / 1Mbps)	Nominal	3.46
Bluetooth	Maximum	1.69
(LE / 2Mbps)	Nominal	0.69

Table 8.2.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec (Frame)

Channel	Frequency	Frame AVG Output Power (1Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (2Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (3Mbps)
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	2 402	4.94	4.66	4.67
Mid	2 441	5.27	5.02	5.03
High	2 480	4.36	4.24	4.24

Table 8.2.2 Bluetooth Frame Average RF Power

Channel	Frequency	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 1Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 2Mbps)				
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)				
Low	2 402	4.33	1.56				
Mid	2 440	4.31	1.50				
High	2 480	4.12	1.34				

Table 8.2.3 Bluetooth LE Frame Average RF Power

Bluetooth Conducted Powers procedures

- 1. Bluetooth (BDR, EDR)
- 1) Enter DUT mode in EUT and operate it.
 - When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.
- 2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 8.2.1.
- 3) The maximum output powers of BDR(1 Mbps), EDR(2, 3 Mbps) and each frequency were set by a Bluetooth Tester.
- 4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

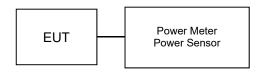


Figure 8.2.1 Average Power Measurement Setup



Bluetooth Transmission Plot

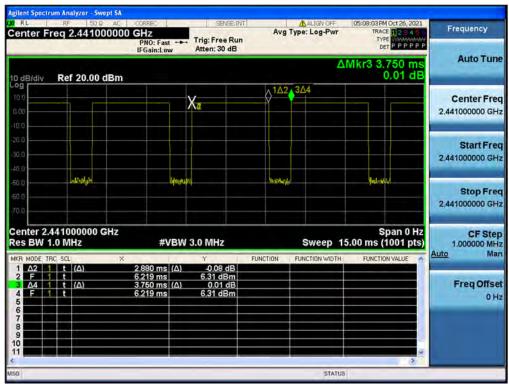


Figure 8.2.2 Bluetooth Transmission Plot

Bluetooth Duty Cycle Calculation

Duty Cycle = Pulse/Period * 100% = (2.880/3.750) * 100 = 76.8%



9. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

9.1 Tissue Verification

					MEASURED TISSUE PA					
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric Constant, εr	Target Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ɛr	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Er Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
				2 402.0	39.282	1.757	38.152	1.779	-2.88	1.25
				2 412.0	39.265	1.766	38.113	1.789	-2.93	1.30
				2 437.0	39.222	1.788	38.020	1.817	-3.06	1.62
				2 441.0	39.215	1.792	38.004	1.822	-3.09	1.67
Oct. 5. 2021	2450 Head	20.9	21.2	2 450.0	39.200	1.800	37.973	1.832	-3.13	1.78
	неаа			2 462.0	39.184	1.813	37.934	1.845	-3.19	1.77
				2 467.0	39.177	1.818	37.918	1.851	-3.21	1.82
				2 472.0	39.171	1.823	37.902	1.856	-3.24	1.81
				2 480.0	39.160	1.832	37.871	1.865	-3.29	1.80
				5 260.0	35.940	4.720	36.102	4.798	0.45	1.65
				5 270.0	35.930	4.730	36.086	4.811	0.43	1.71
	5000	21.1		5 280.0	35.920	4.740	36.075	4.821	0.43	1.71
Sep. 27. 2021	5300 Head		20.9	5 290.0	35.910	4.750	36.061	4.824	0.42	1.56
	пеац			5 300.0	35.900	4.760	36.026	4.828	0.35	1.43
				5 310.0	35.890	4.770	35.982	4.837	0.26	1.40
				5 320.0	35.880	4.780	35.950	4.851	0.20	1.49
				5 500.0	35.650	4.965	35.706	5.016	0.16	1.03
				5 510.0	35.635	4.976	35.704	5.025	0.19	0.98
				5 530.0	35.605	4.997	35.663	5.047	0.16	1.00
				5 550.0	35.575	5.018	35.637	5.071	0.17	1.06
				5 580.0	35.530	5.049	35.574	5.095	0.12	0.91
Sep. 28. 2021	5600	21.3	21.1	5 600.0	35.500	5.070	35.528	5.121	0.08	1.01
	Head			5 660.0	35.440	5.130	35.464	5.196	0.07	1.29
				5 670.0	35.430	5.140	35.455	5.202	0.07	1.21
				5 690.0 5 710.0	35.410 35.390	5.160 5.180	35.406 35.353	5.217 5.239	-0.01 -0.10	1.10 1.14
				5 720.0	35.380	5.190	35.340	5.252	-0.10	1.14
				5 800.0	35.300	5.270	35.243	5.342	-0.16	1.37
				5 745.0	35.355	5.215	35.291	5.282	-0.18	1.28
				5 755.0	35.345	5.225	35.278	5.300	-0.19	1.44
				5 775.0	35.325	5.245	35.287	5.325	-0.19	1.53
Sep. 28. 2021	5800	21.3	21.1	5 785.0	35.315	5.255	35.276	5.331	-0.11	1.45
30p. 20. 2021	Head	21.0	21.1	5 795.0	35.305	5.265	35.257	5.338	-0.11	1.39
			-	5 800.0	35.300	5.270	35.243	5.342	-0.14	1.37
				5 825.0	35.275	5.296	35.177	5.365	-0.18	1.30
1	1	1	l	0 020.0	00.210	0.200	00.177	0.000	0.20	1.00

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight
- The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured The complex relative permittivity , for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and

Misra):
$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\varepsilon_{r}\varepsilon_{0}}{\left[\ln(b/a)\right]^{2}} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{0}^{\pi} \cos\phi' \frac{\exp\left[-j\omega r(\mu_{0}\varepsilon_{r}\varepsilon_{0})^{1/2}\right]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho'$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

9.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ± 10 % of the specifications at using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 9.2.1 System Verification Results (1g)

	SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED													
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation [%]		
В	2 450	D2450V2, SN: 716	Oct. 5. 2021	Head	20.9	21.2	3866	100	54.1	5.28	52.80	-2.40		
F	5 300	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Sep. 27. 2021	Head	21.1	20.9	3930	100	84.7	8.24	82.40	-2.72		
F	5 500	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Sep. 28. 2021	Head	21.3	21.1	3930	100	87.7	8.89	88.90	1.37		
F	5 600	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Sep. 28. 2021	Head	21.3	21.1	3930	100	86.4	8.52	85.20	-1.39		
F	5 800	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Sep. 28. 2021	Head	21.3	21.1	3930	100	83.5	8.44	84.40	1.08		

Table 9.2.2 System Verification Results (10g)

	SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED														
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Deviation [%]			
В	2 450	D2450V2, SN: 716	Oct. 5. 2021	Head	20.9	21.2	3866	100	25.0	2.38	23.80	-4.80			
F	5 300	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Sep. 27. 2021	Head	21.1	20.9	3930	100	24.1	2.36	23.60	-2.07			
F	5 500	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Sep. 28. 2021	Head	21.3	21.1	3930	100	24.8	2.53	25.30	2.02			
F	5 600	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Sep. 28. 2021	Head	21.3	21.1	3930	100	24.5	2.41	24.10	-1.63			
F	5 800	D5GHzV2, SN:1103	Sep. 28. 2021	Head	21.3	21.1	3930	100	23.5	2.38	23.80	1.28			

- Note(s):

 1. System Verification was measured with input 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

 2. Full system validation status and results can be found in Attachment 3.

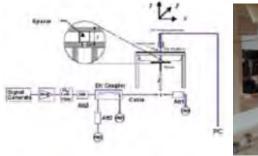




Figure 10.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo



10. SAR TEST RESULTS

10.1 Head SAR Results

Table 10.1.1 DTS Head SAR

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

	MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUE	NCY	Mode	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift Power	Phantom	Device	Peak SAR of	Data	D. de	1g	Scaling	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled	Plots
MHz	Ch	(Antenna)	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Serial Number	Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Factor	(Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	#
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	0.080	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.308	1	98.4	0.296	1.143	1.016	0.344	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	-0.120	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.718	1	98.4	0.679	1.143	1.016	0.789	A1
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	0.150	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.219	1	98.4	0.234	1.143	1.016	0.272	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	-0.030	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.522	1	98.4	0.479	1.143	1.016	0.556	
		-		C95.1-1992– SAFETY L Spatial Peak osure/General Populatio		-	-	-	-	-	1.6 W/k	ead g (mW/g) over 1 gram	-		

	Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUE	NCY			Maximum	1g	FREQUENCY			Maximum	Ratio of OFDM	1g		
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	[MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm	to DSSS	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.789	2 412.0	802.11g	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.626	X	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.789	2 412.0	802.11n (HT20)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.626	X	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.789	2 412.0	802.11ac (VHT20)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.626	X	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.789	2 412.0	802.11n (HT40)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.626	X	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.789	2 412.0	802.11ac (CHT40)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.626	X	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						-	-	Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gra				

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 10.1.2 UNII Head SAR

						MEASUR	EMENT RESULTS								
FREQUE	NCY	Mode	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift Power	Phantom	Device	Peak SAR of	Data	Duty	1g	Scaling	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled	Plots
MHz	Ch	(Antenna)	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Serial Number	Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Factor	(Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	#
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	0.090	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.318	6	97.8	0.345	1.014	1.022	0.358	
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	0.070	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.520	6	97.8	0.506	1.014	1.022	0.525	A2
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	-0.160	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.337	6	97.8	0.306	1.014	1.022	0.317	
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	-0.090	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.410	6	97.8	0.420	1.014	1.022	0.435	
	-	-		C95.1-1992- SAFETY L Spatial Peak osure/General Population			-			-	1.6 W/k	ead g (mW/g) over 1 gram	_		_

					Adjusted	SAR results for UNII-1 and	I UNII-2A SAR					
FREQUEN	ICY			Maximum	1g	EREGUENOV			Maximum		.1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm	Adjusted Factor	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
5 320.0	64	802.11a	OFDM	14.0	0.525	5 200.0	802.11a	OFDM	14.0	1.000	0.525	X
		ANSI / IEEE C95.1- Spati Incontrolled Exposure/G	al Peak		-				Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 gr		-	

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is sol required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 10.1.3 UNII Head SAR

						MEASUR	EMENT RESULTS								
FREQUE	Ch	Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate	Duty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty	1g Scaled SAR	Plots
WITZ	GII	(Functiona)	[dBm]	[dBm]	[ab]	1 doition	Number	Area Goan	[Mbps]	0,0.0	(W/kg)	- uotoi	Cycle)	(W/kg)	
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	0.000	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.378	6	97.8	0.343	1.102	1.022	0.386	
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	0.000	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.477	6	97.8	0.499	1.102	1.022	0.562	A3
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	0.000	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.356	6	97.8	0.342	1.102	1.022	0.385	
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	0.000	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.398	6	97.8	0.406	1.102	1.022	0.457	
	_		ANSI / IEEE C9	5.1-1992- SAFETY L	ĪMIT		_				H	ead	_		
		10		patial Peak	n Evnoeuro							g (mW/g)			

Table 10.1.4 UNII Head SAR

						MEASUR	EMENT RESULTS								
FREQUE		Mode	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	Peak SAR of	Data Rate	Duty	1g SAR	Scaling	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled	Plots
MHz	Ch	(Antenna)	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	Area Scan	[Mbps]	Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	#	
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	0.000	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.290	6	97.8	0.256	1.119	1.022	0.293	
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	0.000	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.395	6	97.8	0.417	1.119	1.022	0.477	A4
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	0.000	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.289	6	97.8	0.279	1.119	1.022	0.319	
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	0.000	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.317	6	97.8	0.327	1.119	1.022	0.374	
			ANSI / IEEE C9	5.1-1992- SAFETY L					He	ead					
				patial Peak							1.6 W/k	g (mW/g)			Į.
		Ur	controlled Exposur	e/General Population	n Exposure						averaged	over 1 gram			

Table 10.1.5 Bluetooth Head SAR

						MEASURI	EMENT RESULT	S						
FREQUE	NCY		Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift Power	Phantom	Device	Rate	Duty	1g	Scaling	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled	Plots
MHz	Ch	Mode	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Serial Number	[Mbps]	Cycle (%)	SAR (W/kg)	Factor	(Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	#
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	5.85	5.27	0.020	Left Touch	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.055	1.143	1.302	0.082	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	5.85	5.27	0.080	Right Touch	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.175	1.143	1.302	0.260	A5
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	5.85	5.27	-0.110	Left Tilt	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.054	1.143	1.302	0.080	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	5.85	5.27	-0.170	Right Tilt	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.111	1.143	1.302	0.165	
			ANSI / IEEE	C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIF	MIT	-	-		-		Head	_	-	•
				Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			
			Uncontrolled Expos	sure/General Population	Exposure					av	eraged over 1 gram	1		



10.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results

Table 10.2.1 DTS Body-Worn SAR

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

						MEASUR	EMENT RESULTS								
FREQUE	NCY		Maximum	Conducted	Drift Power	Dhantan	Device	Peak SAR of	Data	D. et .	1g	OU	Scaling	SAR	Plots
MHz	Ch	Mode	Allowed Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Phantom Position	Serial Number	Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Factor (Duty Cycle)	(W/kg)	#
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	0.040	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.181	1	98.4	0.172	1.143	1.016	0.200	A6
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	0.050	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.173	1	98.4	0.161	1.143	1.016	0.187	
				C95.1-1992– SAFETY LII Spatial Peak sure/General Population			-				1.6 W/kg averaged ov	(mW/g)			

						Adjusted SAR result	s for OFDM SAR					
FREQUE	NCY			Maximum	1g	FREQUENCY			Maximum	Ratio of OFDM	1g	
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	[MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm	to DSSS	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.200	2 412.0	802.11g	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.159	X
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.200	2 412.0	802.11n (HT20)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.159	X
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.200	2 412.0	802.11ac (VHT20)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.159	X
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.200	2 412.0	802.11n (HT40)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.159	X
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.200	2 412.0	802.11ac (CHT40)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.159	X
	Unc	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-19 Spatial controlled Exposure/Ger	Peak		<u>-</u>		-	-	Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/ averaged over 1 c			

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 10.2.2 UNII Body-Worn SAR

						MEASUR	EMENT RESULTS								
FREQUEN	ICY	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty	1g Scaled SAR	Plots #
MHz	Ch		[dBm]	[dbiii]			Number		[mpha]		(W/Kg)		Cycle)	(W/kg)	
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	0.080	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.098	6	97.8	0.094	1.014	1.022	0.097	
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	0.050	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.294	6	97.8	0.311	1.014	1.022	0.322	A7
				C95.1-2005- SAFETY L Spatial Peak osure/General Populatio			-		-	-	1.6 W/k	ody g (mW/g) over 1 gram	-		

					Adjusted	SAR results for UNII-1 and	UNII-2A SAR					
FREQUEN	NCY			Maximum	1g	FREQUENCY			Maximum	Adlinated	1g	SAR for the band with lower
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	[MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm	Adjusted Factor	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	maximum output power
5 320.0	64	802.11a	OFDM	14.0	0.322	5 200.0	802.11a	OFDM	14.0	1.000	0.322	X
	U	ANSI / IEEE C95.1- Spati Incontrolled Exposure/G	al Peak				-	-	Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 gr		-	

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 10.2.3 UNII Body-Worn SAR

						MEASUR	EMENT RESULTS								
FREQUE	NCY Ch	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	0.070	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.119	6	97.8	0.111	1.102	1.022	0.125	T
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	-0.110	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.473	6	97.8	0.451	1.102	1.022	0.508	A8
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	0.060	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.143	6	97.8	0.149	1.119	1.022	0.170	
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	-0.030	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.400	6	97.8	0.396	1.119	1.022	0.453	A9
				C95.1-1992- SAFETY L Spatial Peak osure/General Populatio		-			-		1.6 W/k	ody g (mW/g) over 1 gram			-

Table 10.2.4 Bluetooth Body-Worn SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESULT	S						
FREQUE	NCY		Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift Power	Phantom	Device	Rate	Duty	1g	0	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled	Plots
MHz	Ch	Mode	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Serial Number	[Mbps]	Cycle (%)	SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	(Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	#
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	5.85	5.27	-0.090	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.014	1.143	1.302	0.021	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	5.85	5.27	0.000	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.026	1.143	1.302	0.039	A10
				E C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak osure/General Population Exp	osure						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			



10.3 Standalone Phablet SAR Results

Table 10.3.1 DTS Phablet SAR

						MEASUR	EMENT RESULTS								
FREQUE	NCY		Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift Power	Phantom	Device	Peak SAR of	Data	Duty	10g	Scaling	Scaling Factor	10g Scaled	Plots
MHz	Ch	Mode	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Serial Number	Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Factor	(Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	#
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	-0.180	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.144	1	98.4	0.138	1.143	1.016	0.160	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	-0.010	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.285	1	98.4	0.262	1.143	1.016	0.304	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	0.030	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.265	1	98.4	0.229	1.143	1.016	0.266	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	-0.100	0 mm [Right]	FCC #2	0.047	1	98.4	0.041	1.143	1.016	0.048	
2 412.0	1	802.11b	15.00	14.42	0.070	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.291	1	98.4	0.265	1.143	1.016	0.308	A11
				C95.1-1992– SAFETY L Spatial Peak osure/General Populatio			_		_		4.0 W/k	ablet g (mW/g) over 10 gram			

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

	Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR													
FREQUE	NCY			Maximum Allowed	10g Scaled	FREQUENCY			Maximum Allowed	Ratio of OFDM	10g Adjusted			
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Power [dBm]	SAR (W/kg)	[MHz]	Mode	Service	Power [dBm	to DSSS	SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR		
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.308	2 412.0	802.11g	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.245	X		
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.308	2 412.0	802.11n (HT20)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.245	X		
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.308	2 412.0	802.11ac (VHT20)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.245	X		
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.308	2 412.0	802.11n (HT40)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.245	X		
2 412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	15.00	0.308	2 412.0	802.11ac (CHT40)	OFDM	14.00	0.794	0.245	X		
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/Concert Population Exposure						-	Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/						

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure

I averaged over 10 gram

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3.0 W/kg.

Table 10.3.2 UNII Phablet SAR

	MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUEN	ICY		Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift Power	Phantom	Device	Peak SAR of	Data	Duty	10g	Scaling	Scaling Factor	10g Scaled	Plots
MHz	Ch	Mode	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Serial Number	Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Factor	(Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	0.160	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.229	6	97.8	0.233	1.014	1.022	0.242	
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	-0.040	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.203	6	97.8	0.209	1.014	1.022	0.217	
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	0.020	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.415	6	97.8	0.444	1.014	1.022	0.460	A12
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	0.090	0 mm [Right]	FCC #2	0.002	6	97.8	0.002	1.014	1.022	0.002	
5 320.0	64	802.11a	14.00	13.94	-0.130	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.393	6	97.8	0.422	1.014	1.022	0.438	
ANSI / IEEE C36.1-1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exoouvre/General Population Exoouvre									-		4.0 W/I	nablet kg (mW/g) over 10 gram			

	Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR													
FREQUEN	NCY			Maximum	10g	FREQUENCY			Maximum	Adlicated	10g	SAR for the band with lower		
MHz	Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Allowed Power [dBm]	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	[MHz]	Mode	Service	Allowed Power [dBm	Adjusted Factor	Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	maximum output power		
5 320.0	64	802.11a	OFDM	14.0	0.460	5 200.0	802.11a	OFDM	14.0	1.000	0.460	X		
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram							

Note(s): U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3.0 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 10.3.3 UNII Phablet SAR

	MEAGONEMENT REGULTO														
FREQUE	NCY		Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift Power	Phantom	Device	Peak SAR of	Data	Duty	10g	Scaling	Scaling Factor	10g Scaled	Plots
MHz	Ch	Mode	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Serial Number	Area Scan	Rate [Mbps]	Cycle	SAR (W/kg)	Factor	(Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	#
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	0.060	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.259	6	97.8	0.260	1.102	1.019	0.292	
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	0.110	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.222	6	97.8	0.224	1.102	1.019	0.252	
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	0.040	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.525	6	97.8	0.520	1.102	1.019	0.584	A13
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	0.190	0 mm [Right]	FCC #2	0.001	6	97.8	0.001	1.102	1.019	0.001	
5 500.0	100	802.11a	12.00	11.58	0.070	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.448	6	97.8	0.476	1.102	1.019	0.535	
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	0.040	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.346	6	97.8	0.337	1.119	1.022	0.386	
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	0.110	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.203	6	97.8	0.199	1.119	1.022	0.228	
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	0.070	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.563	6	97.8	0.555	1.119	1.022	0.635	A14
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	-0.150	0 mm [Right]	FCC #2	0.003	6	97.8	0.003	1.119	1.022	0.003	
5 825.0	165	802.11a	12.00	11.51	0.090	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.398	6	97.8	0.400	1.119	1.022	0.458	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure(Seneral Population Exposure							Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram							

Table 10.3.4 Bluetooth Phablet SAR

						MEASUR	EMENT RESULTS								
FREQUE!	NCY Ch	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	10g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty	10g Scaled SAR	Plots #	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	[dBm] 5.85	5.27	-0.090	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.080	1.143	1,302	(W/kg) 0.119		
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	5.85	5.27	-0.160	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.021	1.143	1.302	0.031		
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	5.85	5.27	0.030	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.032	1.143	1.302	0.048		
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	5.85	5.27	0.050	0 mm [Right]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.005	1.143	1.302	0.007		
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	5.85	5.27	-0.130	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.050	1.143	1.302	0.074	A15	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT								Phablet						
	Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure							4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram							



10.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
- 3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- 4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
- 5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
- 7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported boy-worn SAR was not > 1.2 W/kg, no additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were performed.
- 8. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated.
- 9. SAR measurements were performed using the DASY5 automated system. The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE 1528 standard. During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each area scan measurement. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within 2 dB of the global maximum for all SAR distributions. All local maxima within 2 dB of the global maximum were searched and passed for the Zoom Scan measurement.

WLAN Notes:

- The initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- 2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required duo to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 5 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.
- 4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
- 5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor to determine compliance.

Bluetooth Notes:

Bluetooth SAR was measured with the device connected to a call with hopping disabled with DH5 operation.
 Per October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes, the reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Refer to section 8.2 for the time-domain plot and calculation for the duty factor of the device.



11. FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

11.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

11.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the sum 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. The different test position in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR.

11.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Table 11.3.1 Simultaneous SAR Cases

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head SAR	Body-Worn SAR	Phablet SAR	Note
1	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Notes:	Bluetooth and WiFi can not transmit simultaneously at 2	2.4G band.			

11.4 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 11.4.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
		Left Touch	0.082	0.358	0.440
	5.3G W-LAN	Right Touch	0.260	0.525	0.785
	3.3G W-LAIN	Left Tilt	0.080	0.317	0.397
		Right Tilt	0.165	0.435	0.600
		Left Touch	0.082	0.386	0.468
Head	5.6G W-LAN	Right Touch	0.260	0.562	0.822
SAR	5.00 W-LAN	Left Tilt	0.080	0.385	0.465
		Right Tilt	0.165	0.457	0.622
		Left Touch	0.082	0.293	0.375
	5.8G W-LAN	Right Touch	0.260	0.477	0.737
	5.6G W-LAN	Left Tilt	0.080	0.319	0.399
		Right Tilt	0.165	0.374	0.539

11.5 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 11.5.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario: Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
	5.3G W-LAN	Front	0.021	0.097	0.118
	5.3G W-LAN	Rear	0.039	0.322	0.361
Body-Worn	5.6G W-LAN	Front	0.021	0.125	0.146
SAR	5.0G W-DAN	Rear	0.039	0.508	0.547
	5.8G W-LAN	Front	0.021	0.170	0.191
	3.6G W-LAIN	Rear	0.039	0.453	0.492



11.6 Phablet SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the device edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("-").

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

Table 11.6.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario: Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Phablet at 0 mm)

Exposure	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Condition	Mode	Configuration	1	2	1+2
		Тор	0.119	0.242	0.361
		Bottom	-	-	-
	5.3G W-LAN	Front	0.031	0.217	0.248
	3.30 W-BAN	Rear	0.048	0.460	0.508
		Right	0.007	0.002	0.009
		Left	0.074	0.438	0.512
		Тор	0.119	0.292	0.411
		Bottom	-	-	-
Phablet	5.6G W-LAN	Front	0.031	0.252	0.283
SAR	0.50 11 5 11	Rear	0.048	0.584	0.632
5741		Right	0.007	0.001	0.008
		Left	0.074	0.535	0.609
		Тор	0.119	0.386	0.505
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.031	0.228	0.259
	5.8G W-LAN	Rear	0.048	0.635	0.683
		Right	0.007	0.003	0.010
		Left	0.074	0.458	0.532

11.7 Phablet SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR, Phablet SAR tests were not required of Hotspot 1g SAR (scaled to maximum output power, including tolerance) < 1.2 W/kg. Therefore no further analysis was required to for Phablet Simultaneous Transmission Analysis.

11.8 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.



12. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

12.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2. A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg
- 5. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

12.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for 1g and < 3.75 W/kg for 10g for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.



13. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table	1211	Toet	Equipment	Calibration

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

	Туре	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date	Next.Cal.Date	S/N
\boxtimes	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
\boxtimes	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
\boxtimes	Robot	SPEAG	TX60L	N/A	N/A	F14/5VR2A1/A/01
\boxtimes	Robot	SPEAG	TX60L	N/A	N/A	F14/5WV5D1/A/01
\boxtimes	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F14/5VR2A1/C/01
\boxtimes	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F14/5WV5D1/C/01
\boxtimes	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	D21142605A
\boxtimes	Joystick	SPEAG	P21142605A	N/A	N/A	005695
\boxtimes	Intel Core i7-4 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	Intel Core i7-4 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
×	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
\boxtimes	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01KA	N/A	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01KA	N/A	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1220
\boxtimes	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1837
\boxtimes	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2021-04-27	2022-04-27	1391
\boxtimes	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2021-03-23	2022-03-23	1394
\boxtimes	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2021-05-31	2022-05-31	3866
\boxtimes	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2021-07-26	2022-07-26	3930
\boxtimes	2 450MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	2021-05-27	2023-05-27	716
\boxtimes	5GHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	2021-02-23	2023-02-23	1103
\boxtimes	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	MY46106970
\boxtimes	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	US41461520
\boxtimes	Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	1020
\boxtimes	High Power RF Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q8CCJ	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	1005
\boxtimes	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	GB37170267
\boxtimes	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	GB37170413
\boxtimes	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	US37294267
\boxtimes	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	2702A61707
	Power Sensor	HP HP	8481A 772D	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	2702A65976
\boxtimes	Directional Coupler			2021-06-24	2022-06-24	2889A01064
	Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-30N	2021-06-24	2022-06-24	2
	Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz	Micro LAB WEINSCHEL	LA-60N 23-10-34	2020-12-16	2021-12-16 2021-12-16	03942 BP4387
	Attenuators(10 dB) Step Attenuator	H/P	23-10-34 8494A	2020-12-16 2021-06-24	2021-12-16	3308A33341
	Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	2020-11-25	2021-11-25	1092
	Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	2020-11-25	2021-11-23	1301183
	Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	2020-12-16	2021-12-16	3000C000563
NOTE/S		I LOCOW	10-30000	2021-00-24	2022-00-24	3000000000

| Bluetooth rester | NoTE(s):

1. The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by DT&C before each test. The brain and muscle simulating material are calibrated by DT&C using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain and muscle-equivalent material. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.

2. CBT(Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.



14. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

750 ~ 2 600 MHz Head (SN: 3866)

	Uncertainty	Probability	.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	Divisor	1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System						•	•	
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	×
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related				***************************************		-		
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	8
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.3	3.0	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.94	1.1	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty	0					13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$

 $U(10 g) = k \cdot u_c$

^{= 2 · 13 %}

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)

^{= 2 · 13 %}

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)



3 500 ~ 5 800 MHz Head (SN: 3930)

Error Description	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	(Ci)	Standard	Standard	vi 2 or
	value ±%	Distribution		1 g	10 g	1 g (± %)	10 g (± %)	Veff
Measurement System				•				
Probe calibration	6.5	Normal	1	1	1	6.5	6.5	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	8
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	8
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	8
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.8	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.87	1.0	10
Temp. unc Conductivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.90	0.82	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

 $U(1 g) = k \cdot u_c$ = 2 · 13 %

 $U(10 g) = k \cdot u_c$ = 2 · 13 %

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)

^{= 26 % (}The confidence level is about 95 % k = 2)



15. CONCLUSION

Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are every complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease).

Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

16. REFERENCES

[1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation, Aug. 1996.

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields, 3kHz to 300GHz, New York: IEEE, 2006.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields, 3kHz to 300GHz, New York: IEEE, Sept. 1992.
- [4] ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, December 2002.
- [5] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 39 –Standards Coordinating Committee 34 IEEE Std. 1528-2003,Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices.
- [6] NCRP, National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, NCRP Report No. 86, 1986. Reprinted Feb. 1995.
- [7] T. Schmid, O. Egger, N. Kuster, Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, Jan. 1996, pp. 105-113.
- [8] K. Pokovic, T. Schmid, N. Kuster, Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies, ICECOM97, Oct. 1997, pp. -124.
- [9] K. Pokovic, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, E-field Probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids, Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, June 23-25, 1996, pp. 172-175.
- [10] Schmid& Partner Engineering AG, Application Note: Data Storage and Evaluation, June 1998, p2.
- [11] V. Hombach, K. Meier, M. Burkhardt, E. Kuhn, N. Kuster, The Dependence of EM Energy Absorption upon Human Modeling at 900 MHz, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44 no. 10, Oct.1996, pp. 1865-1873.
- [12] N. Kuster and Q. Balzano, Energy absorption mechanism by biological bodies in the near field of dipole antennas above 300MHz, IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology, vol. 41, no. 1, Feb. 1992, pp. 17-23.
- [13] G. Hartsgrove, A. Kraszewski, A. Surowiec, Simulated Biological Materials for Electromagnetic Radiation Absorption Studies, University of Ottawa, Bio electromagnetics, Canada: 1987, pp. 29-36.
- [14] Q. Balzano, O. Garay, T. Manning Jr., Electromagnetic Energy Exposure of Simulated Users of Portable Cellular Telephones, IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology, vol. 44, no.3, Aug. 1995.
- [15] W. Gander, Computer mathematick, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.
- [16] W.H. Press, S.A. Teukolsky, W.T. Vetterling, and B.P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992.
- [17] N. Kuster, R. Kastle, T. Schmid, Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision, IEEE Transaction on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, May 1997, pp. 645-652.
- [18] CENELEC CLC/SC111B, European Prestandard (prENV 50166-2), Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields High-frequency: 10kHz-300GHz, Jan. 1995.
- [19] Prof. Dr. Niels Kuster, ETH, Eidgenössische Technische Hoschschule Zürich, Dosimetric Evaluation of the Cellular Phone.



[20] IEC 62209-1, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3 GHz), Feb. 2005.

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

[21] Industry Canada RSS-102 Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands) Issue 5, March 2015.

[22] Health Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz – 300 GHz, 2009

[23] FCC SAR Test Procedures for 2G-3G Devices, Mobile Hotspot and UMPC Devices KDB Publications 941225,D01-D07

[24] SAR Measurement procedures for IEEE 802.11a/b/g KDB Publication 248227 D01v02

[25] FCC SAR Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas, KDB Publications 648474D02-D04

[26] FCC SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers, FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04

[27] FCC SAR Measurement and Reporting Requirements for 100MHz – 6 GHz, KDB Publications 865664 D01-D02

[28] FCC General RF Exposure Guidance and SAR Procedures for Dongles, KDB Publication 447498, D01-D02

[29] 615223 D01 802 16e WI-Max SAR Guidance v01, Nov. 13, 2009

[30] Anexo à Resolução No. 533, de 10 de September de 2009.

[31] IEC 62209-2, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), Mar. 2010.

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

APPENDIX A. - Probe Calibration Data



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suïsse d'étalonnage

Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01 v9, QA CAL-14 v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25 v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: May 31, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

10	Cal Data (CastEngle Na.)	Cahadulad California
		Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
ID.	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: CC2552 (20x) SN: 660 SN: 3013 ID SN: GB41293874 SN: MY41498087 SN: 000110210 SN: US3642U01700	SN: 104778 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) SN: 103244 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291) SN: 103245 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) SN: CC2552 (20x) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) SN: 660 23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20) SN: 3013 30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20) ID Check Date (in house) SN: GB41293874 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) SN: MY41498087 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) SN: 000110210 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) SN: US3642U01700 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)

Name Function Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: June 1, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3866 May21

Page 1 of 22



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst
C Service suïsse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
 c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices
- iEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3866 May21

Page 2 of 22

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

EX3DV4 - SN:3866 May 31, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.41	0.31	0.35	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	97.7	103.7	101.9	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	129.7	± 3.5 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		148.3		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		138.2		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	20.00	95.32	24.62	10.00	60.0	± 3.4 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	,,	Y	4.42	71.51	14.14		60.0		
		Z	20.00	91.85	21.05	1	60.0	1	
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	95.98	23.79	6.99	80.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	,	Y	4.65	74.45	14.13		80.0		
		Z	20.00	94.61	21.28	1	80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	100.40	24.57	3.98	95.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	, , , , , ,	Y	7.63	81.79	15.40		95.0		
		Z	20.00	102.03	23.55		95.0		
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	108.27	27.01	2.22	120.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	(,	Y	15.99	91.93	17.75		120.0		
		Z	20.00	112.62	27.26		120.0	1	
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	2.06	66.75	16.22	1.00	150.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.70	65.50	14.82	1	150.0	1	
		Z	1.69	66.12	15.08	1	150.0	1	
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.81	70.67	17.11	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.23	67.64	15.48	1	150.0	1	
		Z	2.20	67.71	15.67		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.71	72.06	19.34	3.01	150.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.17	71.56	18.88		150.0]	
		Z	2.82	70.44	18.57	1	150.0	1	
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.73	67.75	16.21	0.00	150.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.54	67.17	15.69		150.0		
		Z	3.51	67.15	15.75		150.0	1	
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	5.13	65.71	15.60	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.75	65.12	15.15		150.0]	
		Z	4.86	65.74	15.49	1	150.0	1	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

B Numerical linearization parameter, uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the

Report No.: DRRFCC2111-0130

EX3DV4 – SN:3866 May 31, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	T6
X	77.1	564.54	34.51	25.24	0.72	5.10	0.57	0.57	1.01
Υ	50.5	363.89	33.44	9.42	0.73	4.96	1.95	0.12	1.01
Z	43.2	310.32	33.17	11.16	0.14	5.03	2.00	0.02	1.00

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-115.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.91	9.91	9.91	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.56	9.56	9.56	0.50	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.38	9.38	9.38	0.51	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.27	8.27	8.27	0.35	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.92	7.92	7.92	0.33	0.86	± 12.0 9
2300	39.5	1.67	7.70	7.70	7.70	0.30	0.90	± 12.0 9
2450	39.2	1.80	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.37	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.34	7.34	7.34	0.40	0.90	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.30	5.30	5.30	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 9
5300	35.9	4.76	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 9
5600	35.5	5.07	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 9
5800	35.3	5.27	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 9

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY 94.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and a) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21

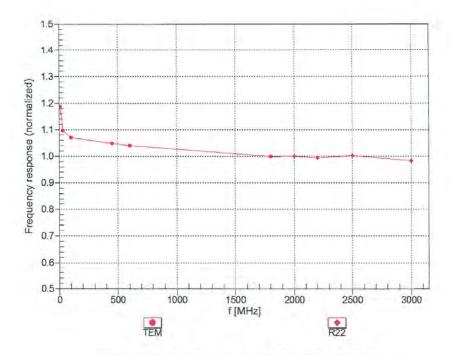
Page 5 of 22

measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



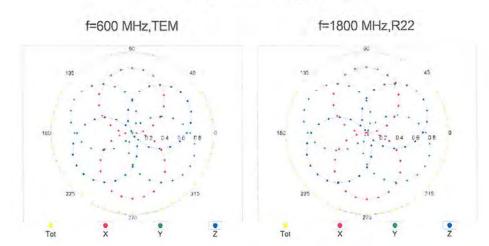
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

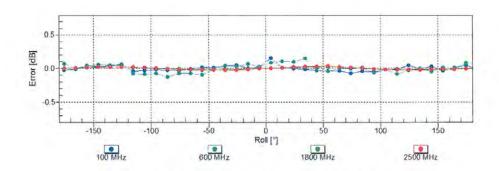
Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21

Page 6 of 22



Receiving Pattern (\$\phi\$), \$\partial = 0°





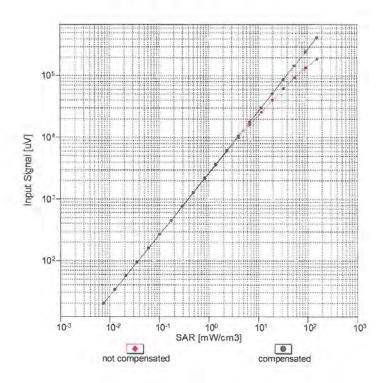
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

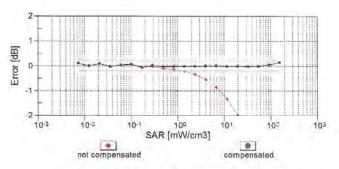
Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21

Page 7 of 22



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





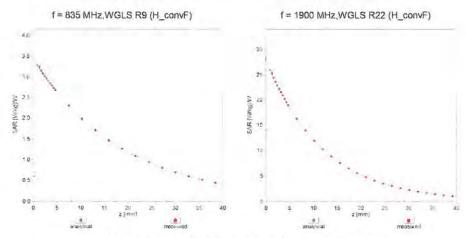
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21

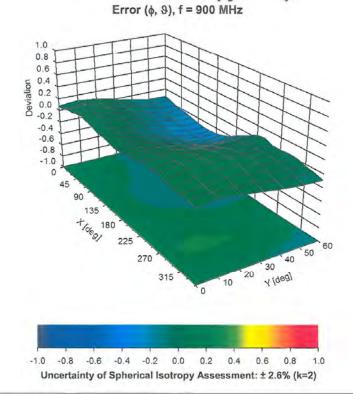
Page 8 of 22



Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Page 9 of 22



Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR	Unc
0	-	CW	CW	(dB) 0.00	(k=2) ± 4.7 %
10010	CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10011	CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	± 9.6 %
10012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	± 9.6 %
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	± 9.6 %
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	± 9.6 %
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	± 9.6 %
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	± 9.6 %
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	4.80	± 9.6 %
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	3.55	± 9.6 %
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	7.78	± 9.6 %
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	5.30	± 9.6 %
10031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	1.87	± 9.6 %
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1.16	± 9.6 %
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	7.74	± 9.6 %
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	± 9.6 %
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	± 9.6 %
10036		IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	± 9.6 %
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth		± 9.6 %
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.77	
10038	CAA	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.10 4.57	± 9.6 %
10039	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	100000	
10042	CAB	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	7.78	± 9.6 %
10044	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	0.00	± 9.6 %
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Pull Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	± 9.6 %
10049	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	10.79	± 9.6 %
10058	CAA	EDGE-FDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Wcps)	GSM	11.01	± 9.6 %
10058	DAC	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	6.52 2.12	± 9.6 %
10039	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN		
10060	CAB		WLAN	2.83	± 9.6 %
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps) IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	± 9.6 %
10062	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68 8.63	± 9.6 %
10063	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	± 9.6 %
10065	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN		
10066	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 16 Mibps)	WLAN	9.00	± 9.6 %
10067	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	± 9.6 %
10067	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	± 9.6 %
10069	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	± 9.6 %
10003	CAD	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	± 9.6 %
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WIFI 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN		
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WIFI 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	± 9.6 %
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WIFI 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	± 9.6 %
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	± 9.6 %
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WIFI 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	± 9.6 %
10077	CAB			-	
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3) IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	CDMA2000	3.97	± 9.6 %
10082	CAB	and the last of the second	AMPS	4.77	± 9.6 %
	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10097	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10098	DAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21 Page 10 of 22



10099	CAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10100	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	± 9.6 %
10101	CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10102	CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10103	DAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10104	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10105	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	± 9.6 %
10108	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	± 9.6 %
10109	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10110	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10111	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	± 9.6 %
10112	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	± 9.6 %
10113	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10114	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10115	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10116	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	± 9.6 %
10117	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	± 9.6 %
10118	+	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10119	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 31 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN		
10119	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	8.13 6.49	± 9.6 %
10141		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD		
10141	CAD			6.53	± 9.6 %
10142	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10143	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	± 9.6 %
	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	± 9.6 %
10145	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	± 9.6 %
	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	± 9.6 %
10147	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	± 9.6 %
10149	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10150	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10151	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	± 9.6 %
10152	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10153	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	± 9.6 %
10154	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10155	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10156	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	± 9.6 %
10157	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10158	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10159	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	± 9.6 %
10160	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	± 9.6 %
10161	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10162	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	± 9.6 %
10166	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	± 9.6 %
10167	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	± 9.6 %
10168	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	± 9.6 %
10169	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10170	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10171	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10172	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10173	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10174	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10175	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10176	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10177	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10178	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10179	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10180	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %



10181	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10182	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10183	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10184		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10185	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	± 9.6 %
10186		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10187	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD		± 9.6 %
10188	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	5.73 6.52	± 9.6 %
10189	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD		
10193	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	6.50	± 9.6 %
10193	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 8.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	± 9.6 %
10194	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.12 8.21	± 9.6 %
10196	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenlieid, 65 Mbps, 84-QAM)	WLAN		± 9.6 %
10197	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10197	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	2.2.2.2 SOUTH	8.13	± 9.6 %
10198	CAF	,	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
	CAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	± 9.6 %
10220	AAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10221	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10222	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.06	± 9.6 %
10223	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10224	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.08	± 9.6 %
10225	CAD	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	WCDMA	5.97	± 9.6 %
10226	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.49	± 9.6 %
10227	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.26	± 9.6 %
10228	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.22	± 9.6 %
10229	DAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10230	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10231	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.19	± 9.6 %
10232	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10233	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10234	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10235	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10236	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10237	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10238	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10239	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10240	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10241	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.82	± 9.6 %
10242	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.86	± 9.6 %
10243	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.46	± 9.6 %
10244	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10245	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10246	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10247	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.91	± 9.6 %
10248	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.09	± 9.6 %
10249	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10250	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.81	± 9.6 %
10251	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.17	± 9.6 %
10252	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10253	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.90	± 9.6 %
10254	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.14	± 9.6 %
10255	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.20	± 9.6 %
10256	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.96	± 9.6 %
10257	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.08	± 9.6 %
10258	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.34	± 9.6 %
10259	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.98	± 9.6 %

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21 Page 12 of 22



10260	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10261	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10262	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.83	± 9.6 %
10263	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.16	± 9.6 %
10264	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.23	± 9.6 %
10265	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10266	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.07	± 9.6 %
10267	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10268	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10269	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.13	± 9.6 %
10270	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.58	± 9.6 %
10274	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	WCDMA	4.87	± 9.6 %
10275	CAD	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	WCDMA	3.96	± 9.6 %
10277		PHS (QPSK)	PHS	11.81	
10277	CAD	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	PHS		± 9.6 %
10279	CAD			11.81	± 9.6 %
	CAG	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	PHS	12.18	± 9.6 %
10290	CAG	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.91	± 9.6 %
10291	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.46	± 9.6 %
10292	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.39	± 9.6 %
10293	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.50	± 9.6 %
10295	CAG	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	CDMA2000	12.49	± 9.6 %
10297	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.81	± 9.6 %
10298	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10299	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.39	± 9.6 %
10300	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10301	CAC	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.03	± 9.6 %
10302	CAB	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 3CTRL)	WiMAX	12.57	± 9.6 %
10303	CAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.52	± 9.6 %
10304	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	11.86	± 9.6 %
10305	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (31:15, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	15.24	± 9.6 %
10306	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.67	± 9.6 %
10307	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.49	± 9.6 %
10308	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.46	± 9.6 %
10309	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM,AMC 2x3)	WiMAX	14.58	± 9.6 %
10310	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3	WiMAX	14.57	± 9.6 %
10311	AAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.06	± 9.6 %
10313	AAD	IDEN 1:3	iDEN	10.51	± 9.6 %
10314	AAD	IDEN 1:6	IDEN	13.48	± 9.6 %
10315	_	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	1.71	± 9.6 %
10316	AAD	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	_	
10317	AAD			8.36	± 9.6 %
	AAA	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10352	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Generic	10.00	± 9.6 %
10353	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Generic	6.99	± 9.6 %
10354	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Generic	3.98	± 9.6 %
10355	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Generic	2.22	± 9.6 %
10356	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Generic	0.97	± 9.6 %
10387	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Generic	5.10	± 9.6 %
10388	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Generic	5.22	± 9.6 %
10396	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10399	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10400	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
10401	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10402	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.53	± 9.6 %
10403	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	CDMA2000	3.76	± 9.6 %
10404	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	CDMA2000	3.77	± 9.6 %
	1,4,5	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate	CDMA2000	5.22	± 9.6 %



10410	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10414	AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	Generic	8.54	± 9.6 %
10415	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	1.54	± 9.6 %
10416	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10417	AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10418	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc, Long)	WLAN	8.14	± 9.6 %
10419	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc, Short)	WLAN	8.19	± 9.6 %
10422	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.32	± 9.6 %
10423	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.47	± 9.6 %
10424	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.40	± 9.6 %
10425	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10426	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10427	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10430	AAB	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.28	± 9.6 %
10431	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10432	AAB	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10433	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10434	AAG	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH)	WCDMA	8.60	± 9.6 %
10435	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10447	AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.56	± 9.6 %
10448	AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.53	± 9.6 %
10449	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Cliping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.51	± 9.6 %
10450	AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.48	± 9.6 %
10450	-	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH, Clipping 44%)	WCDMA	7.40	± 9.6 %
10453	AAA	Validation (Square, 10ms, 1ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10456	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10457	AAC	UMTS-FDD (DC-HSDPA)	WCDMA		
10457	AAC	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	CDMA2000	6.62	± 9.6 %
10458	AAC	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 3 carriers)		6.55	± 9.6 %
10459	AAC	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	CDMA2000 WCDMA	8.25	± 9.6 %
10460	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)		2.39	± 9.6 %
10461	AAC		LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10462	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.30	± 9.6 %
	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.56	± 9.6 %
10464	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10465	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10466	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10467	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10468	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10469	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.56	± 9.6 %
10470	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10471	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10472	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10473	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10474	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10475	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10477	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10478	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10479	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10480	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.18	± 9.6 %
10481	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.45	± 9.6 %
10482	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.71	± 9.6 %
10483	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.39	± 9.6 %
10484	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.47	± 9.6 %
10485	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.59	± 9.6 %
10486	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10487	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.60	± 9.6 %

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21 Page 14 of 22



10488	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.70	± 9.6 %
10489	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.31	± 9.6 %
10490	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.54	± 9.6 %
10491	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10492	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.41	± 9.6 %
10493	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.55	± 9.6 %
10494	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10495	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.37	± 9.6 %
10496	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.54	± 9.6 %
10497	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.67	± 9.6 %
10498	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.40	± 9.6 %
10499	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.68	± 9.6 %
10500	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.67	± 9.6 %
10501	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.44	± 9.6 %
10502	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.52	± 9.6 %
10503	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.72	± 9.6 %
10504	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.31	± 9.6 %
10505	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.54	± 9.6 %
10506	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10507	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.36	± 9.6 %
10508	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.55	± 9.6 %
10509	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.99	± 9.6 %
10510	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.49	± 9.6 %
10510	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.51	± 9.6 %
10512	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10512		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.42	± 9.6 %
10513	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Sub)	LTE-TDD	8.45	± 9.6 %
10515	AAE	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	1.58	± 9.6 %
10516	AAE	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	1.57	± 9.6 %
10516	AAE	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1.5 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	1.58	± 9.6 %
10517	AAF	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.23	
10518	AAF	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.39	± 9.6 %
10519	AAF	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN		
10520	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 16 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.12	± 9.6 %
10521	AAB	The second secon	10.00	7.97	± 9.6 %
10522	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10523	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.08	± 9.6 %
	AAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps, 99pc dc)		8.27	± 9.6 %
10525	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10526	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS1, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.42	± 9.6 %
10527	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS2, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.21	± 9.6 %
10528	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS3, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10529	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS4, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10531	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS6, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.43	± 9.6 %
10532	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS7, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.29	± 9.6 %
10533	AAE	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS8, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.38	± 9.6 %
10534	AAE	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10535	AAE	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS1, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10536	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFI (40MHz, MCS2, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.32	± 9.6 %
10537	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS3, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.44	± 9.6 %
10538	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS4, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.54	± 9.6 %
10540	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS6, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.39	± 9.6 %
10541	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS7, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10542	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS8, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.65	± 9.6 %
10543	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS9, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.65	± 9.6 %
10544	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.47	± 9.6 %
10545	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS1, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.55	± 9.6 %



10546	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS2, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.35	± 9.6 %
10547	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS3, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.49	± 9.6 %
10548	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS4, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
10550	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS6, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.38	± 9.6 %
10551	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS7, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.50	± 9.6 %
10552	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS8, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.42	± 9.6 %
10553	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS9, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10554	_	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS0, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10555	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS1, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.47	± 9.6 %
10556	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS2, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.50	± 9.6 %
10557	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS3, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.52	± 9.6 %
10557	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS4, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.61	± 9.6 %
10560	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS6, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.73	± 9.6 %
10561	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS7, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.56	± 9.6 %
10562	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS8, 99pc dc)	WLAN		
10563	AAC		WLAN	8.69	± 9.6 %
10564	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS9, 99pc dc)		8.77	± 9.6 %
	AAC	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.25	± 9.6 %
10565	AAC	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10566	AAC	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 18 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10567	AAC	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 24 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.00	± 9.6 %
10568	AAC	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 36 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
10569	AAC	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 48 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10570	AAC	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 54 Mbps, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.30	± 9.6 %
10571	AAC	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	1.99	± 9.6 %
10572	AAC	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	1.99	± 9.6 %
10573	AAC	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	1.98	± 9.6 %
10574	AAC	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	1.98	± 9.6 %
10575	AAC	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10576	AAC	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10577	AAC	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 12 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.70	± 9.6 %
10578	AAD	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 18 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.49	± 9.6 %
10579	AAD	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 24 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10580	AAD	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 36 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.76	± 9.6 %
10581	AAD	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 48 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.35	± 9.6 %
10582	AAD	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 54 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.67	± 9.6 %
10583	AAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10584	AAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10585	AAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.70	± 9.6 %
10586	AAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.49	± 9.6 %
10587	AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10588	AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.76	± 9.6 %
10589	AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.35	± 9.6 %
10590	AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.67	± 9.6 %
10591	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10592	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.79	± 9.6 %
10593	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.64	± 9.6 %
10594	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.74	± 9.6 %
10595	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.74	± 9.6 %
10596	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.71	± 9.6 %
10597	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.72	± 9.6 %
10598	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.50	± 9.6 %
10599	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.79	± 9.6 %
10600	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.88	± 9.6 %
10601	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.82	± 9.6 %
10602	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.94	± 9.6 %
10603	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc)	WLAN	9.03	± 9.6 %
	1,000		1	0.00	2 0.0 /0

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21 Page 16 of 22



10604	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.76	± 9.6 %
10605	AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.97	± 9.6 %
10606	AAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.82	± 9.6 %
10607	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.64	± 9.6 %
10608	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.77	± 9.6 %
10609	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.57	± 9.6 %
10610	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.78	± 9.6 %
10611	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.70	± 9.6 %
10612	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.77	± 9.6 %
10613	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.94	± 9.6 %
10614	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10615	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.82	± 9.6 %
10616	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.82	± 9.6 %
10617	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.81	± 9.6 %
10618	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.58	± 9.6 %
10619	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.86	± 9.6 %
10620	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.87	± 9.6 %
10621	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.77	± 9.6 %
10622	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.68	± 9.6 %
10623	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.82	± 9.6 %
10624	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.96	± 9.6 %
10625	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.96	± 9.6 %
10626	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.83	± 9.6 %
10627	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.88	± 9.6 %
10628	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.71	± 9.6 %
10629	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.85	± 9.6 %
10630	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.72	± 9.6 %
10631	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.81	± 9.6 %
10632	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.74	± 9.6 %
10633	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.83	± 9.6 %
10634	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.80	± 9.6 %
10635	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.81	± 9.6 %
10636	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.83	± 9.6 %
10637	_	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.79	± 9.6 %
10638	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc)	WLAN		± 9.6 %
10639	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.86	
10640	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.85	± 9.6 %
10641	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc)		8.98	± 9.6 %
10642	AAC	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	WLAN	9.06	± 9.6 %
10642	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc)	WLAN	9.06	± 9.6 %
	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.89	± 9.6 %
10644	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc)	WLAN	9.05	± 9.6 %
10645	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc)	WLAN	9.11	± 9.6 %
10646	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub=2,7)	LTE-TDD	11.96	± 9.6 %
10647	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Sub=2,7)	LTE-TDD	11.96	± 9.6 %
10648	AAC	CDMA2000 (1x Advanced)	CDMA2000	3.45	± 9.6 %
10652	AAC	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-TDD	6.91	± 9.6 %
10653	AAC	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-TDD	7.42	± 9.6 %
10654	AAC	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-TDD	6.96	± 9.6 %
10655	AAC	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-TDD	7.21	± 9.6 %
10658	AAC	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10659	AAC	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Test	6.99	± 9.6 %
10660	AAC	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Test	3.98	± 9.6 %
10661	AAC	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Test	2.22	± 9.6 %
10662	AAC	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Test	0.97	± 9.6 %
10670	AAC	Bluetooth Low Energy	Bluetooth	2.19	± 9.6 %
10671	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc)	WLAN	9.09	± 9.6 %

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21 Page 17 of 22



10672	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.57	± 9.6 %
10673	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.78	± 9.6 %
10674	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.74	± 9.6 %
10675	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.90	± 9.6 %
10676	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.77	± 9.6 %
10677	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.73	± 9.6 %
10678	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.78	± 9.6 %
10679	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.89	± 9.6 %
10680	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.80	± 9.6 %
10681	AAG	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS10, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.62	± 9.6 %
10682	AAF	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS11, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.83	± 9.6 %
10683	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS0, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.42	± 9.6 %
10684	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS1, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.26	± 9.6 %
10685	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS2, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.33	± 9.6 %
10686	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS3, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.28	± 9.6 %
10687	AAE	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS4, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10688	AAE	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS5, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.29	± 9.6 %
10689	AAD	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS6, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.55	± 9.6 %
10690	AAE	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS7, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.29	± 9.6 %
10691	AAB	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS8, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.25	± 9.6 %
10692	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS9, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.29	± 9.6 %
10693	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS10, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.25	± 9.6 %
10694	_	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS11, 99pc dc)	WLAN		
10695	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.57	± 9.6 %
10696	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc)		8.78	± 9.6 %
10697	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.91	± 9.6 %
10698	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.61	± 9.6 %
10699	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.89	± 9.6 %
	AAA	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	WLAN	8.82	± 9.6 %
10700	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc) IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.73	± 9.6 %
10701	AAA	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	WLAN	8.86	± 9.6 %
10702	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.70	± 9.6 %
10703	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.82	± 9.6 %
	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.56	± 9.6 %
10705	AAA	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS10, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.69	± 9.6 %
10706	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS11, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.66	± 9.6 %
10707	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS0, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.32	± 9.6 %
10708	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS1, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.55	± 9.6 %
10709	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS2, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.33	± 9.6 %
10710	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS3, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.29	± 9.6 %
10711	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS4, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.39	± 9.6 %
10712	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS5, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.67	± 9.6 %
10713	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS6, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.33	± 9.6 %
10714	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS7, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.26	± 9.6 %
10715	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS8, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10716	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS9, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.30	± 9.6 %
10717	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS10, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10718	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (40MHz, MCS11, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.24	± 9.6 %
10719	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.81	± 9.6 %
10720	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.87	± 9.6 %
10721	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.76	± 9.6 %
10722	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.55	± 9.6 %
10723	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.70	± 9.6 %
10724	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.90	± 9.6 %
10725	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.74	± 9.6 %
10726	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.72	± 9.6 %
10727	AAC	IEEE 802.11ax (80MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc)	WLAN	8.66	± 9.6 %

Certificate No: EX3-3866_May21 Page 18 of 22