

9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation: π/4DQPSK)

Lowest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2378.31	V	Χ	PK	48.90	0.70	N/A	N/A	49.60	74.00	24.40
2378.31	V	Χ	AV	48.90	0.70	-24.79	N/A	24.81	54.00	29.19
4803.14	Н	Z	PK	45.15	4.77	N/A	N/A	49.92	74.00	24.08
4803.14	Н	Z	AV	45.15	4.77	-24.79	N/A	25.13	54.00	28.87

Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
4882.45	Н	Z	PK	45.99	5.11	N/A	N/A	51.10	74.00	22.90
4882.45	Н	Z	AV	45.99	5.11	-24.79	N/A	26.31	54.00	27.69

Highest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2486.72	V	Χ	PK	49.68	1.07	N/A	N/A	50.75	74.00	23.25
2486.72	V	Х	AV	49.68	1.07	-24.79	N/A	25.96	54.00	28.04
4960.25	Н	Z	PK	45.11	5.34	N/A	N/A	50.45	74.00	23.55
4960.25	Н	Z	AV	45.11	5.34	-24.79	N/A	25.66	54.00	28.34

■ Note.

1. The radiated emissions were investigated up to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = 20 log(applied distance / required distance) = 20 log(1 m / 3 m) = $\underline{\text{-9.54 dB}}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

- 3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)
 - Time to cycle through all channels = Δt = T [ms] X 20 minimum hopping channels , where T = pulse width = 2.88 ms
 - 100 ms / Δt [ms] = H -> Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, H' = 100 / (2.88 X 20) = 1.74 \approx 2
 - The Worst Case Dwell Time = T [ms] \times H' = 2.88 ms X 2 = 5.76 ms
 - D.C.F = 20 Log(The Worst Case Dwell Time / 100 ms) dB = 20 log(5.76 / 100) = -24.79 dB
- 4. Sample Calculation.

 $Margin = Limit - Result \quad / \quad Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F \quad / \quad T.F = AF + CL - AG$

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.



9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : 8DPSK)

Lowest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2387.43	V	Х	PK	50.05	0.70	N/A	N/A	50.75	74.00	23.25
2387.43	V	Χ	AV	50.05	0.70	-24.79	N/A	25.96	54.00	28.04
4803.80	Н	Z	PK	44.85	4.77	N/A	N/A	49.62	74.00	24.38
4803.80	Н	Z	AV	44.85	4.77	-24.79	N/A	24.83	54.00	29.17

Report No.: DRTFCC1709-0190(2)

Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
4881.89	Н	Z	PK	45.33	5.11	N/A	N/A	50.44	74.00	23.56
4881.89	Н	Z	AV	45.33	5.11	-24.79	N/A	25.65	54.00	28.35

Highest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2492.22	V	Χ	PK	49.88	1.07	N/A	N/A	50.95	74.00	23.05
2492.22	V	Χ	AV	49.88	1.07	-24.79	N/A	26.16	54.00	27.84
4960.43	Н	Z	PK	44.78	5.34	N/A	N/A	50.12	74.00	23.88
4960.43	Н	Z	AV	44.78	5.34	-24.79	N/A	25.33	54.00	28.67

■ Note.

1. The radiated emissions were investigated up to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = 20 log(applied distance / required distance) = **20 log(1 m / 3 m)** = **-9.54 dB** When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

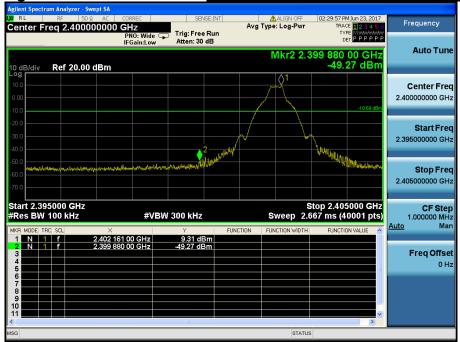
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- 4. Sample Calculation.

 $Margin = Limit - Result \quad / \quad Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F \quad / \quad T.F = AF + CL - AG$

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

7.4.3. Conducted Spurious Emissions

Low Band-edge <u>Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK</u>

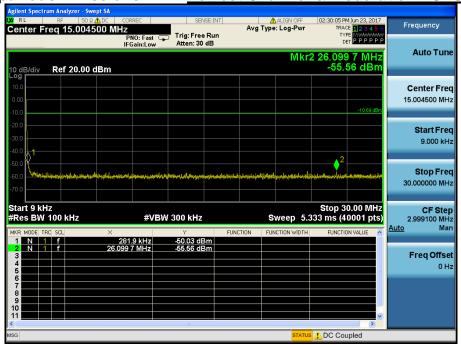


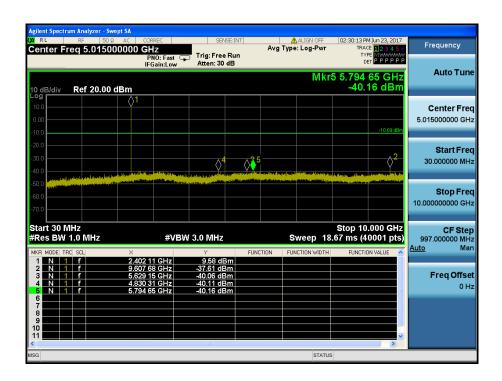
Low Band-edge <u>Hopping mode & Modulation : GFSK</u>



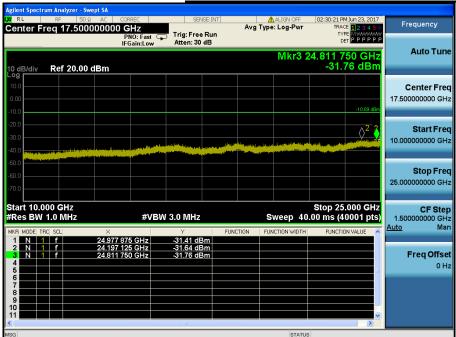


Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK</u>





Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK</u>



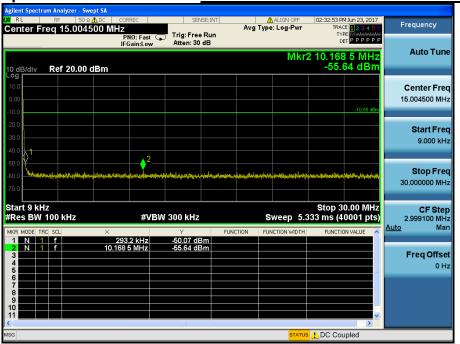


Reference for limit

Middle Channel & Modulation : GFSK

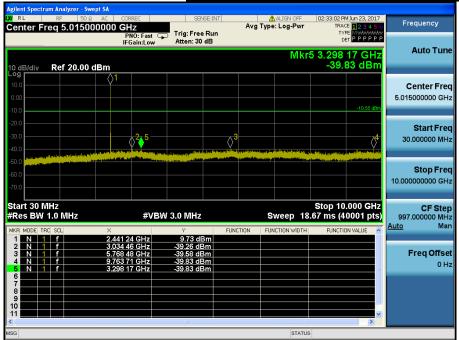


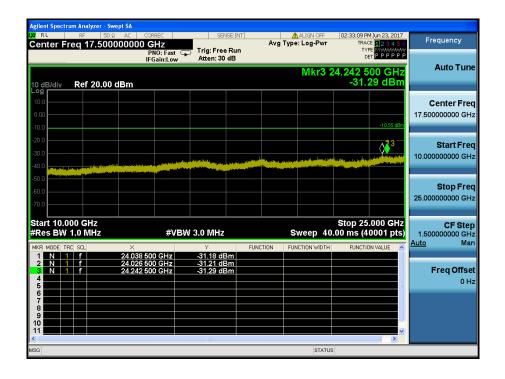
Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Middle Channel & Modulation : GFSK</u>



TDt&C

Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Middle Channel & Modulation : GFSK</u>

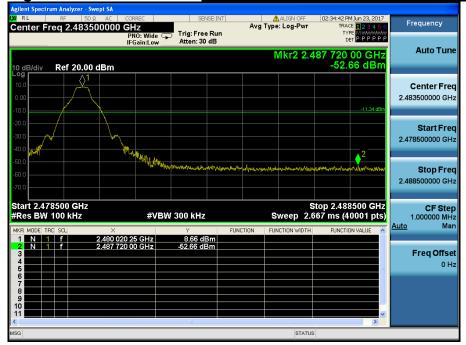






High Band-edge

Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



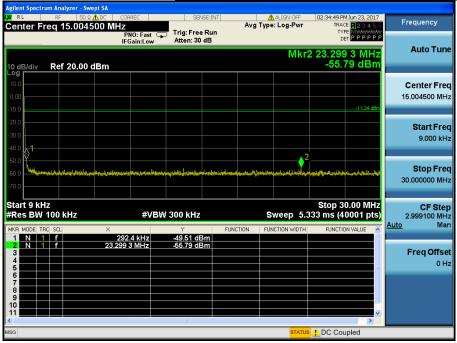
High Band-edge

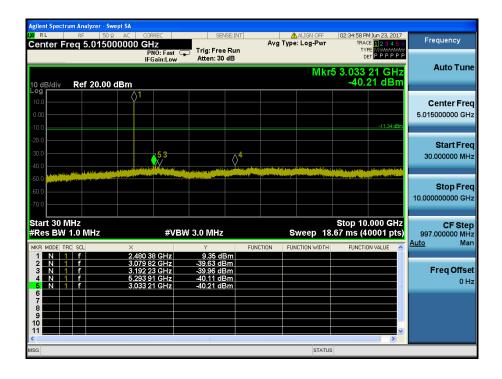
Hopping mode & Modulation : GFSK





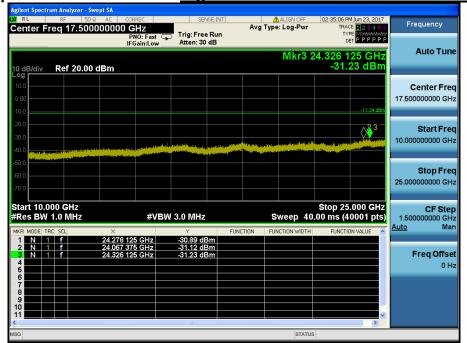
Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK</u>







Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK</u>





Low Band-edge

Lowest Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK

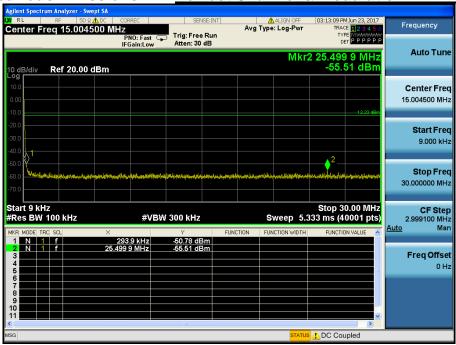


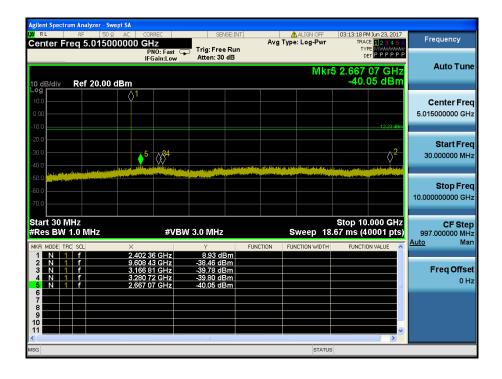
Low Band-edge

Hopping mode & Modulation : π/4DQPSK

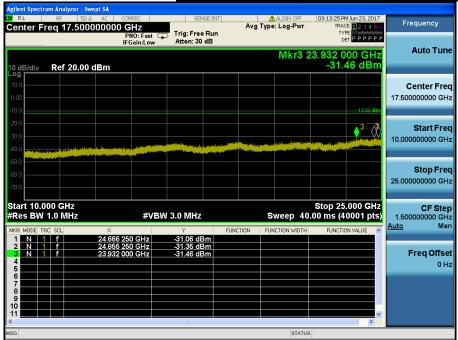


Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Lowest Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK</u>





Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Lowest Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK</u>



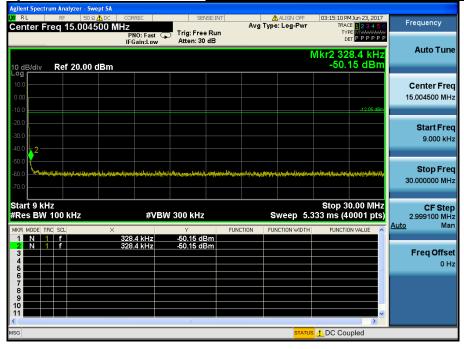


Reference for limit

Middle Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK

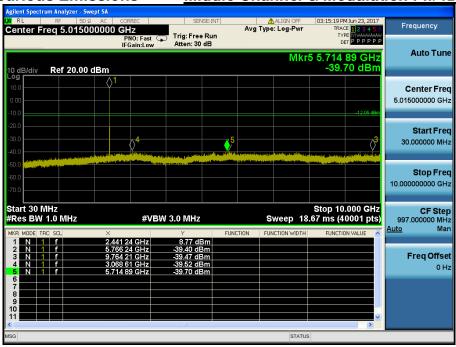


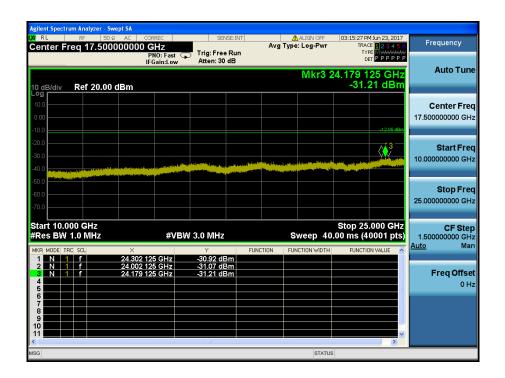
Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Middle Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK</u>



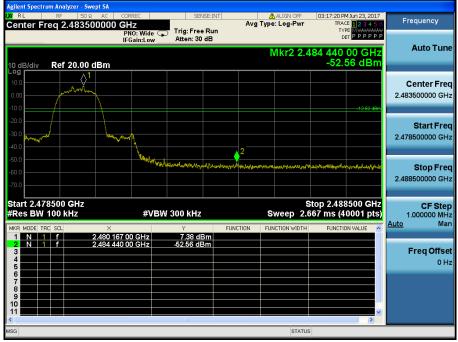


Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Middle Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK</u>



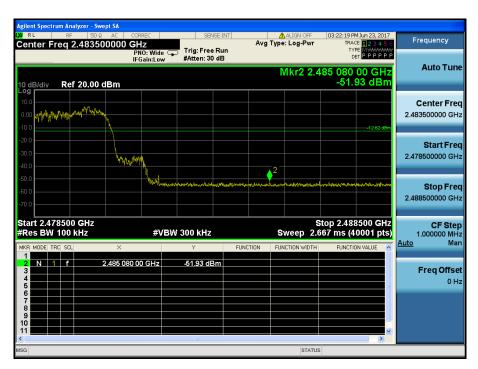


High Band-edge <u>Highest Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK</u>

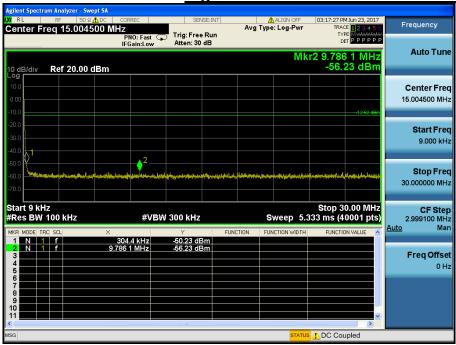


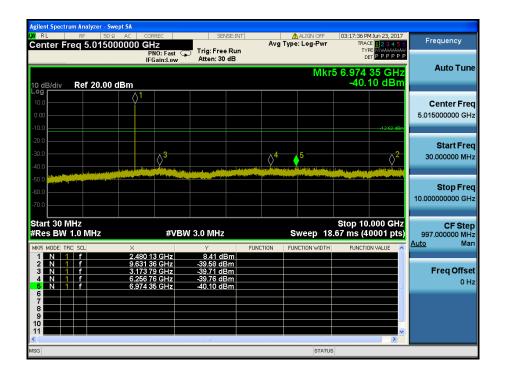
High Band-edge

Hopping mode & Modulation : π/4DQPSK



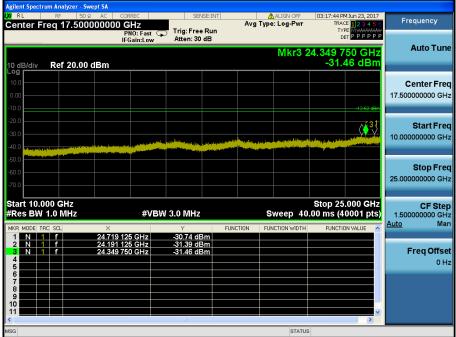
Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Highest Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK</u>













Low Band-edge

Lowest Channel & Modulation: 8DPSK



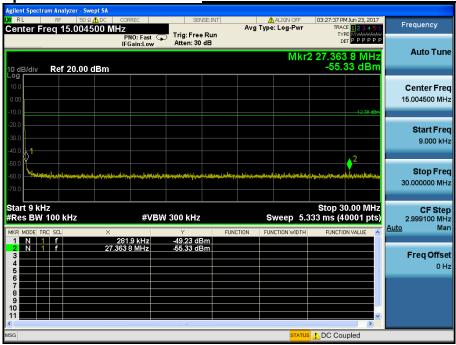
Low Band-edge

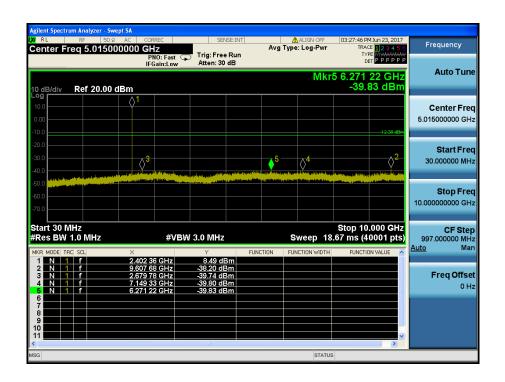
Hopping mode & Modulation: 8DPSK





Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Lowest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK</u>







Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Lowest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK</u>



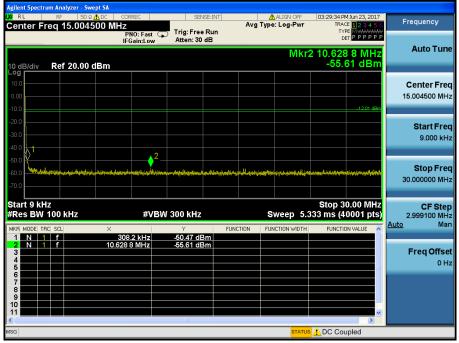


Reference for limit

Middle Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK

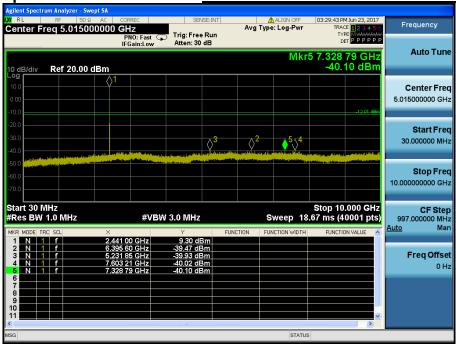


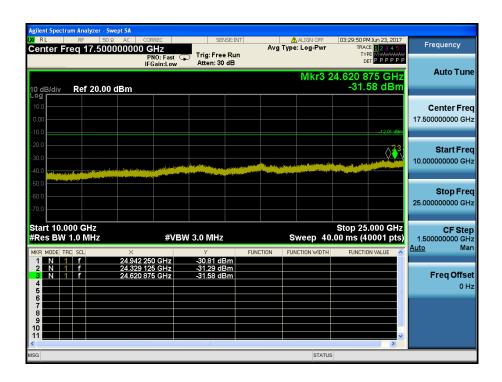
Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Middle Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK</u>





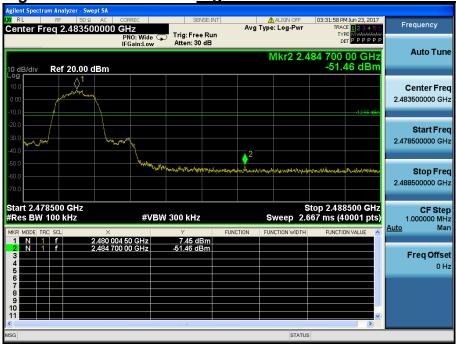
Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Middle Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK</u>







High Band-edge <u>Highest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK</u>

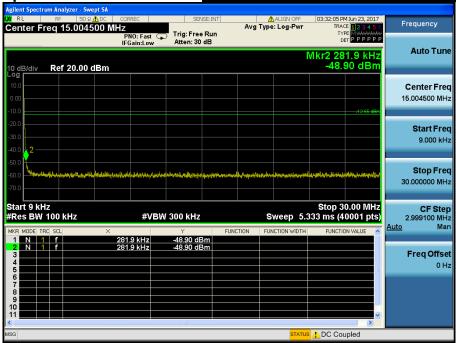


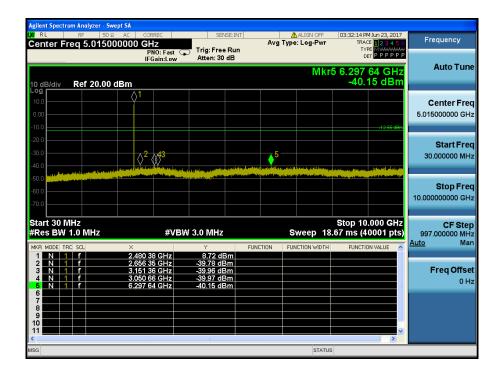
High Band-edge <u>Hopping mode & Modulation : 8DPSK</u>





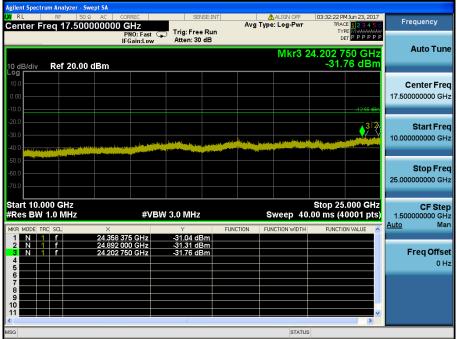
Conducted Spurious Emissions Highest Channel & Modulation: 8DPSK







Conducted Spurious Emissions <u>Highest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK</u>





8. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission

8.1 Test Setup

See test photographs for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

8.2 Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Fraguency Panga (MUz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)					
Frequency Range (MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average				
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *				
0.5 ~ 5	56	46				
5 ~ 30	60	50				

^{*} Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

8.3 Test Procedures

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the ANSI C63.10.

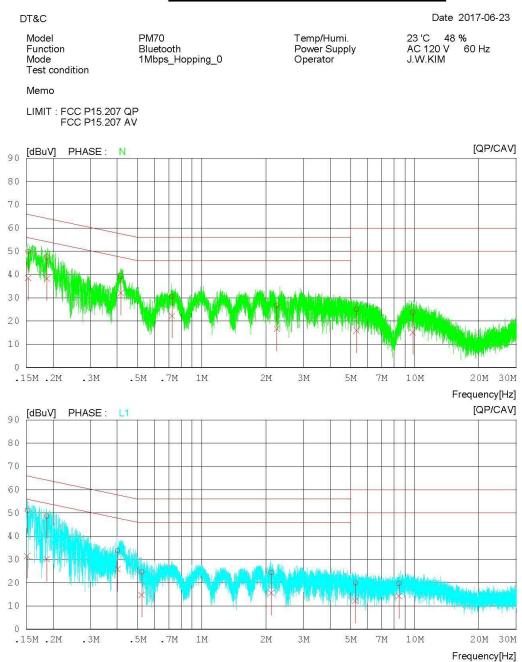
- 1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m \times 3.5 m \times 3.5 m (L \times W \times H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) \times 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
- 2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.



8.4 Test Results

AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph) = Modulation : <u>8DPSK</u>

Results of Conducted Emission









AC Line Conducted Emissions (List) = Modulation : <u>8DPSK</u>

Results of Conducted Emission

Date 2017-06-23

ModelPM70Temp/Humi.23 °C48 %FunctionBluetoothPower SupplyAC 120 V60 HzMode1Mbps_Hopping_0OperatorJ.W.KIM

Memo

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP FCC P15.207 AV

ИО	FREQ	READING OP CAV	C.FACTOR	RESULT OP CAV	LIMIT OP CA	MARGIN AV OP CAV	PHASE
	[MHz]	[dBuV] [dBuV]	[dB]	[dBuV] [dBuV	~	BuV] [dBuV][dBuV	7]
1	0.15318	49.7238.22	0.22	49.9438.44	65.83 55.8	83 15.89 17.39	N
2	0.18755	47.4538.09	0.20	47.6538.29	64.14 54.3	14 16.49 15.85	N
3	0.41687	39.1231.89	0.21	39.3332.10	57.51 47.5	51 18.18 15.41	N
4	0.72363	30.31 22.07	0.23	30.54 22.30	56.00 46.0	00 25.4623.70	N
5	2.25100	26.53 16.33	0.32	26.85 16.65	56.00 46.0	00 29.15 29.35	N
6	5.32460	24.60 15.50	0.45	25.05 15.95	60.00 50.0	00 34.95 34.05	N
7	9.77760	23.11 14.45	0.70	23.81 15.15	60.00 50.0	00 36.1934.85	N
8	0.15166	50.87 31.27	0.18	51.05 31.45	65.91 55.9	91 14.8624.46	L1
9	0.18704	48.3830.09	0.18	48.5630.27	64.17 54.1	17 15.61 23.90	L1
10	0.40186	33.49 25.63	0.20	33.69 25.83	57.81 47.8	31 24.1221.98	L1
11	0.52245	24.39 14.54	0.20	24.5914.74	56.00 46.0	00 31.4131.26	L1
12	2.11840	23.95 15.32	0.29	24.24 15.61	56.00 46.0	00 31.7630.39	L1
13	5.26640	19.4211.67	0.46	19.8812.13	60.00 50.0	00 40.1237.87	L1
1.4	8.43780	18.9813.50	0.69	19.6714.19	60-00 50-0	00 40 33 35 81	T.1



FCC ID: V2X-PM70W

IC: 10664A-PM70W

9. Antenna Requirement

Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that either its antenna is permanently attached, or that it employs a unique antenna connector, for every antenna proposed for use with the EUT.

Conclusion: Comply

The internal antenna is attached on the main PCB using the special spring tension. (Refer to Internal Photo file.)

- Minimum Standard:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions.



10. Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

10.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

10.2 Limit

Limit: Not Applicable

10.3 Test Procedure

The 99 % power bandwidth was measured with a calibrated spectrum analyzer.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately $3 \times RBW$.

Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

10.4 Test Results

Modulation	Tested Channel	Test Results (MHz)
	Lowest	0.868
<u>GFSK</u>	Middle	0.880
	Highest	0.883
	Lowest	1.173
<u>π/4DQPSK</u>	Middle	1.180
	Highest	1.177
	Lowest	1.182
<u>8DPSK</u>	Middle	1.183
	Highest	1.178



Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

Lowest Channel & GFSK



Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

Middle Channel & GFSK





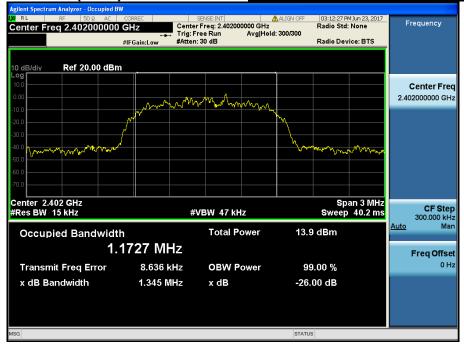
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

Highest Channel & GFSK



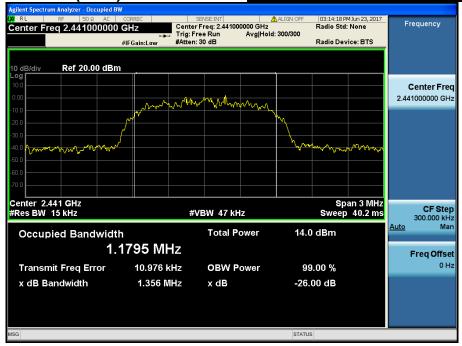
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

Lowest Channel & π/4 DQPSK



Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

Middle Channel & π/4 DQPSK



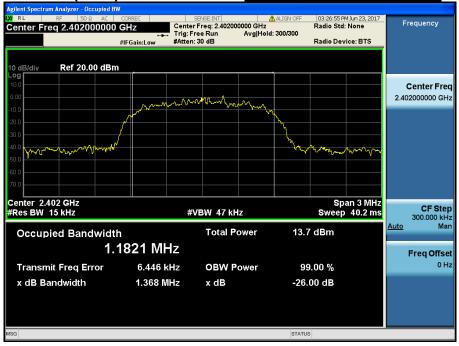
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

Highest Channel & π/4 DQPSK



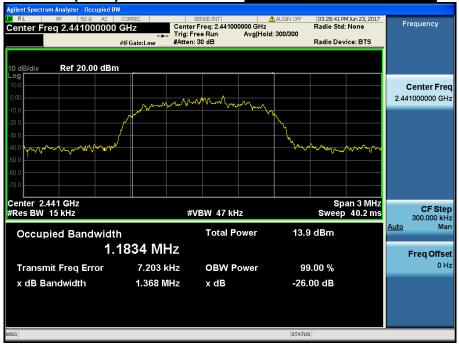
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

Lowest Channel & 8DPSK



Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

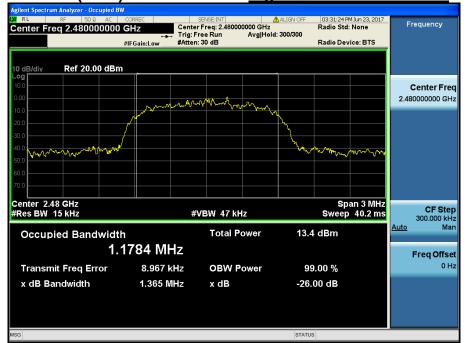
Middle Channel & 8DPSK





Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

Highest Channel & 8DPSK

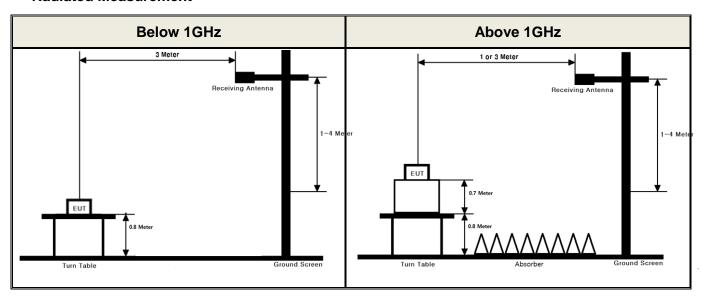




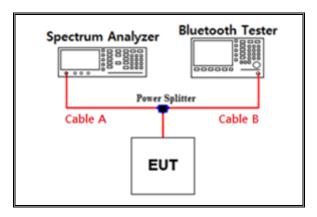
APPENDIX I

Test set up diagrams

Radiated Measurement



Conducted Measurement



Path loss information

Frequency (GHz)	Path Loss (dB)	Frequency (GHz)	Path Loss (dB)
0.03	6.69	15	10.40
1	6.97	20	11.17
2.402 & 2.440 & 2.480	7.60	25	13.39
5	8.33	-	-
10	9.49	-	-

Note 1 : The path loss from EUT to Spectrum analyzer were measured and used for test.

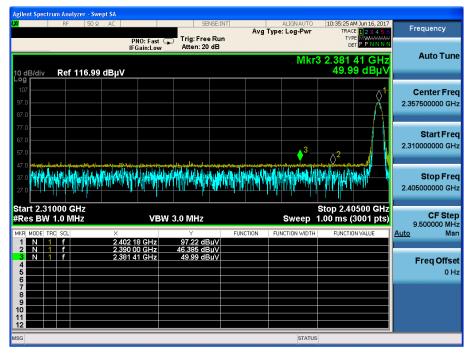
Path loss (S/A's Correction factor) = Cable A + Power splitter

APPENDIX II

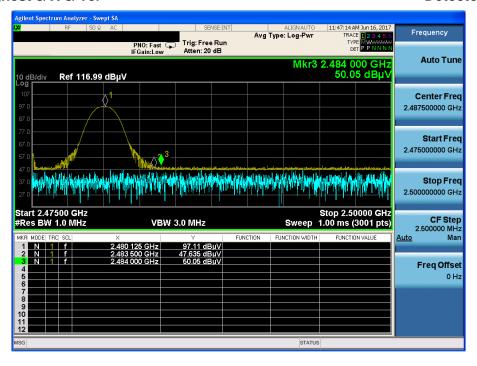
Unwanted Emissions (Radiated) Test Plot

GFSK & Lowest & X & Ver





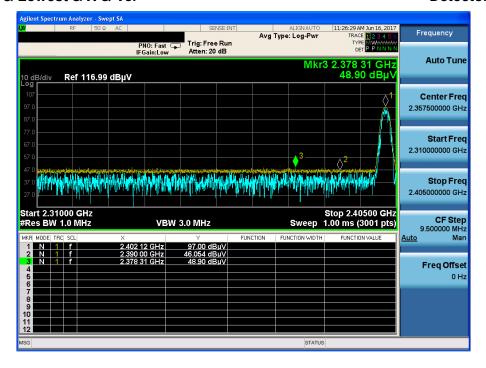
GFSK & Highest & X & Ver



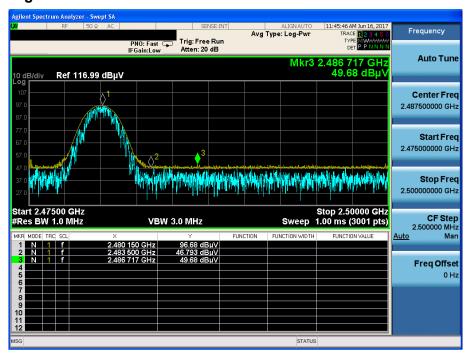


π/4DQPSK & Lowest & X & Ver

Detector Mode: PK



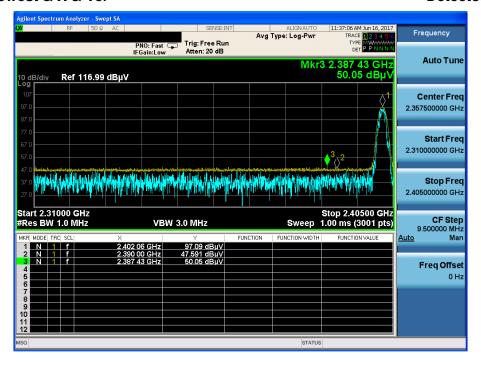
π/4DQPSK & Highest & X & Ver



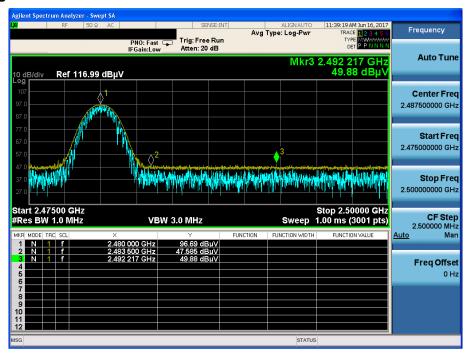


8DPSK & Lowest & X & Ver

Detector Mode: PK



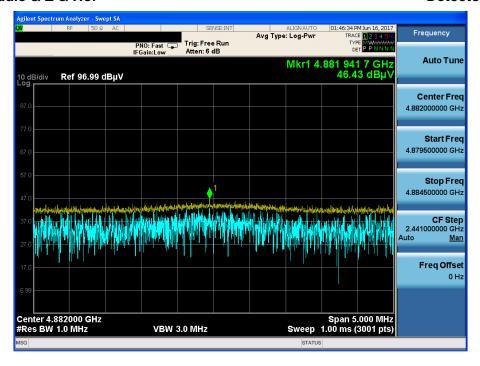
8DPSK & Highest & X & Ver



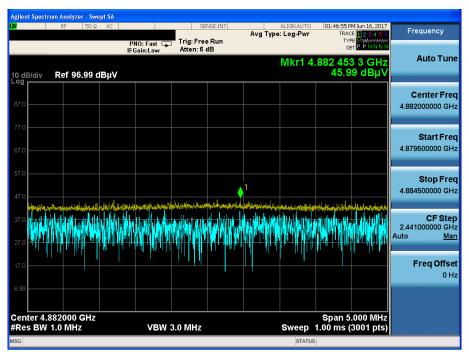


GFSK & Middle & Z & Hor

Detector Mode: PK



π/4DQPSK & Middle & Z & Hor





8DPSK & Middle & Z & Hor

