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## **Appendix C. CALIBRATION DATA SHEETS**

E-Field Probe (3020,3905) Dipole Antenna (D835V2-481/D1900V2-5d038/ D2450V2-746/D5GHz-1147)



### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

KTL (Dymstec)

Certificate No: ES3-3020\_Feb14

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV2 - SN:3020

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

February 25, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%,

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217 C1733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Арг-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Function Signature Calibrated by: Israe El-Naouq Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: February 26, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full withou: written approval of the laboratory.



### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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### Glossary:

NORMx,y,z ConvF

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression paint

CF A, B, C, D

DCP

crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o

o rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 3 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f < 900 MHz in TEM-cell: f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).



ES3DV2 - SN:3020

February 25, 2014

# Probe ES3DV2

SN:3020

Manufactured:

December 5, 2002

Calibrated:

February 25, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



Report No.:14-030828-01-01

ES3DV2-SN:3020

February 25, 2014

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3020

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	1.10	0.99	1.02	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>8</sup>	105.4	106.8	104.2	-

#### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW X	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	174.3	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0	5133393955	188.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		181.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX, Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

R Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



ES3DV2-SN:3020

February 25, 2014

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3020

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>c</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.66	6.66	6.66	0.20	2.10	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.39	6.39	6.39	0.29	1.59	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.17	2.47	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.28	1.81	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.34	1.62	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	4.72	4.72	4.72	0.30	1.78	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.70	1.20	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

The uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

The uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



ES3DV2-SN:3020

February 25, 2014

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3020

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>a</sup>	Depth <sup>d</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.23	6.23	6.23	0.31	1.57	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.17	6,17	6.17	0.72	1.06	± 12.0 %
900	55.C	1.05	6.03	6.03	6.03	0.43	1.36	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.32	2.13	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1,52	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.36	1.83	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.48	1.51	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	3.78	3.78	3.78	0.60	1.05	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> =requency valid by of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

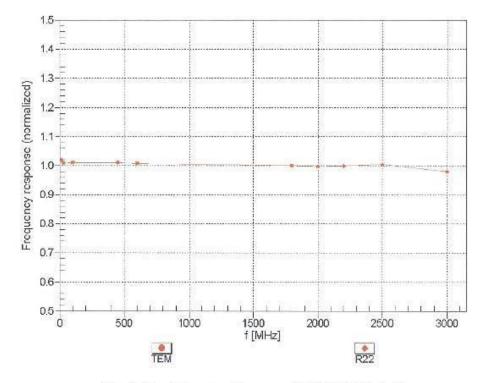
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than = 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



ES3DV2-SN:3020 February 25, 2014

## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



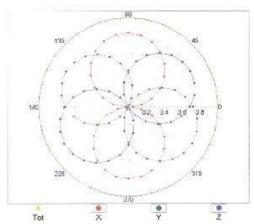
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

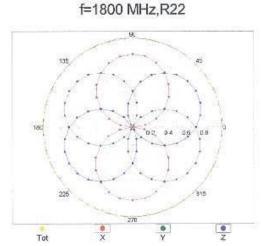


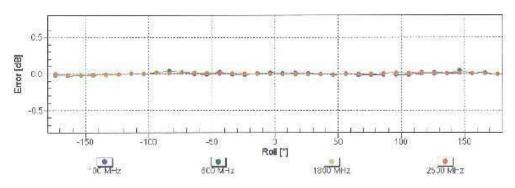
ES3DV2- SN:3020 February 25, 2014

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$









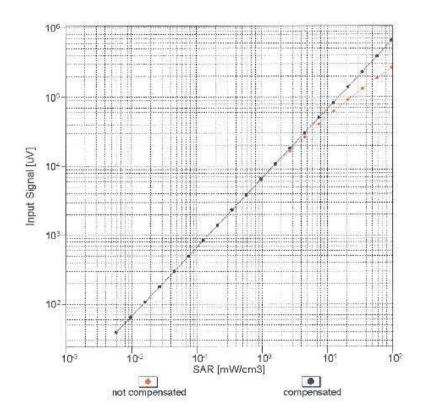
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

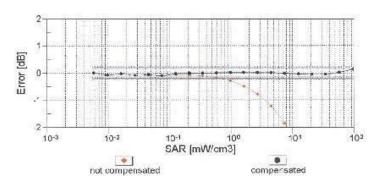


ES3DV2-SN:3020

February 25, 2014

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)



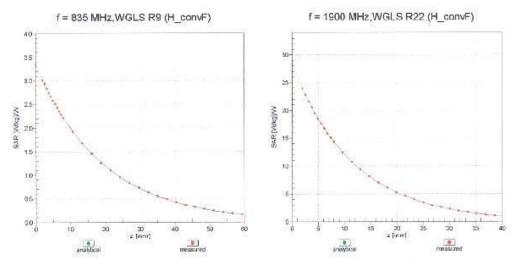


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



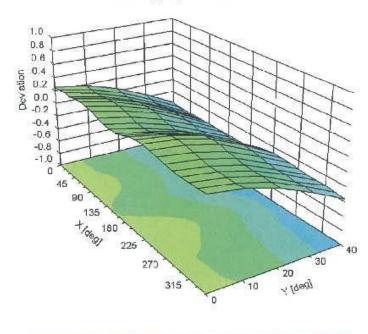
ES3DV2 SN:3020 February 25, 2014

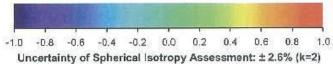
### **Conversion Factor Assessment**



### Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz







ES3DV2- SN:3020

February 25, 2014

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3020

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-93.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

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KTL (Dymstec)

Certificate No: EX3-3905\_Feb14

### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

EX3DV4 - SN:3905

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

February 26, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

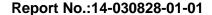
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature	
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	Versen andas	ueg
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Sel 19	-
T		without written approval of the laborate	Issued: March 1, 2014	

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### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\phi$   $\phi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e.,  $\vartheta = 0$  is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
  exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 – SN:3905 February 26, 2014

## Probe EX3DV4

SN:3905

Manufactured: September 4, 2012 Calibrated: February 26, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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EX3DV4-SN:3905 February 26, 2014

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3905

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.48	0.33	0.58	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	98.9	97.0	97.8	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>b</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	120.8	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		128.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		130.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3905\_Feb14

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the





EX3DV4-SN:3905 February 26, 2014

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3905

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
5250	35.9	4.71	4.82	4.82	4.82	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	5.20	5.20	5.20	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %

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 $<sup>^{\</sup>text{C}}$  Frequency validity of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4-SN:3905

February 26, 2014

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3905

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
5250	48.9	5.36	4.08	4.08	4.08	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.74	3.74	3.74	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.50	3.50	3.50	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.04	4.04	4.04	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



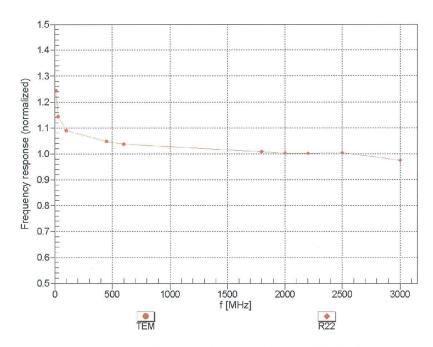
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EX3DV4-SN:3905

February 26, 2014

## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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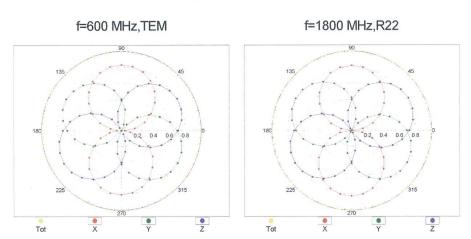
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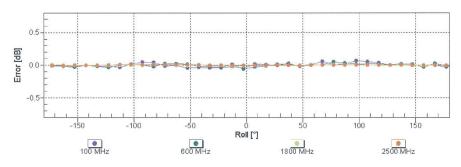
Fax: +82-31-500-0149



EX3DV4- SN:3905 February 26, 2014

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3905\_Feb14

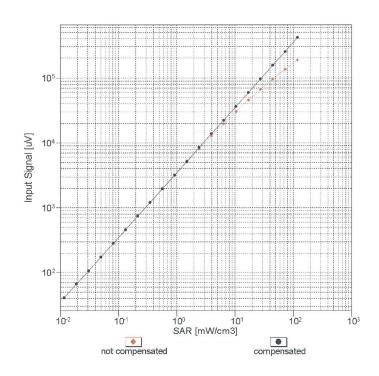
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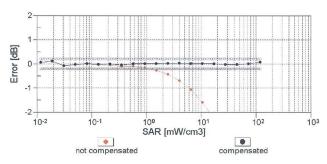
Fax: +82-31-500-0149



EX3DV4- SN:3905 February 26, 2014

## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

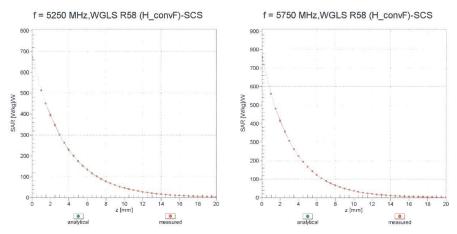
Certificate No: EX3-3905\_Feb14 Page 9 of 11

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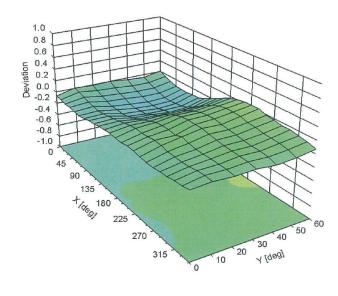
EX3DV4— SN:3905 February 26, 2014

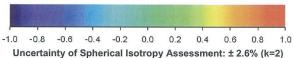
### **Conversion Factor Assessment**



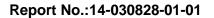
### **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz





Certificate No: EX3-3905\_Feb14 Page 10 of 11



Fax: +82-31-500-0149



EX3DV4- SN:3905

February 26, 2014

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3905

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-72.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3905\_Feb14

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### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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Client

KTL (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D835V2-481\_Apr13

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

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Object	D835V2 - SN: 48	1	
	100		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9		
	Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ve 700 MHz
Calibration date:	April 25, 2013		
All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M&		y facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°C	C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&		y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°( Cal Date (Certificate No.)	C and humidity < 70%.  Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Cowar meter EPM-442A	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GD37460704	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Scheduled Calibration Opt-13
alibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A	ID # GD37480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13
alibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A eference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GD37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14
Falibration Equipment used (M& Inmary Standards Fower meter EPM-442A Fower sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type N mismatch combination	ID # GD37460704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Scheduled Calibration Opt-13 Opt-13 Apr-14 Apr-14
alibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards owar meter EPM-442A owar sensor HP 8481A eference 20 dB Attenuator ype N mismatch combination eference Probe ES3DV3	ID # GD37460704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13
rimary Standards fowar meter EPM-442A fowar sensor HP 8481A feference 20 dB Attenuator fype N mismatch combination feference Probe ES3DV3	ID # GD37460704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Scheduled Calibration Opt-13 Opt-13 Apr-14 Apr-14
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Powar meter EPM-442A Powar sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	ID # GD37460704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Powar meter EPM-442A Powar sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	ID # GD37460704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047,3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 909	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 11-Sep-12 (No. DAE4-909_Sep12)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Sep-13
Primary Standards Primary Standards Prower meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 PAE4 Recondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GD37460704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047,3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 909	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 11-Sep-12 (No. DAE4-909_Sep12) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Sep-13 Subeduled Check
	ID #  GD37480704  US37292783  SN: 5058 (20k)  SN: 5047.3 / 06327  SN: 3205  SN: 909	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 11-Sep-12 (No. DAE4-509_Sep12) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Sep-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type N mismatch combination reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Recondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID #  GD37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 909  ID #  MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 11-Sep-12 (No. DAE4-909_Sep12)  Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Sep-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13
Primary Standards Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Recondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Retwork Analyzer FP 8753E	ID #  GD37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 909  ID #  MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206  Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 11-Sep-12 (No. DAE4-909_Sep12) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Sep-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID #  GD37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 909  ID #  MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 11-Sep-12 (No. DAE4-909_Sep12)  Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Sep-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Service suisse d'etalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.8 ± 6 %	0.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	5000	(2000)

### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.49 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.18 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.0 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	07777	

### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.50 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.65 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.63 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.34 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)



### Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3 Ω - 5.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB	

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.5 Ω - 6.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.4 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.393 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	April 23, 2003



### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 25.04.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 481

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.94$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.05, 6.05, 6.05); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronies: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 11.09.2012

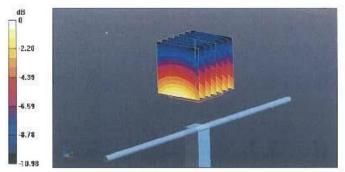
Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.921 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.77 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

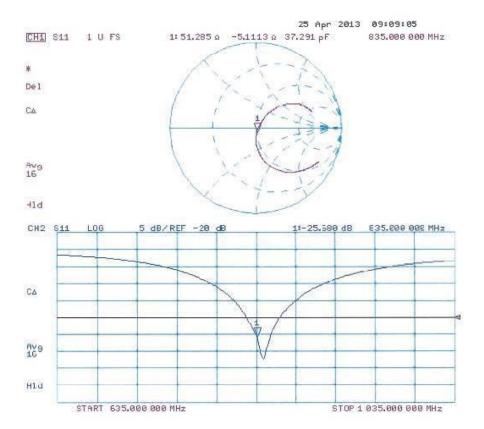
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 W/kg



0 dB = 2.89 W/kg = 4.61 dBW/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 24.04.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 481

Communication System: UTD 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;

· Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 11.09.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

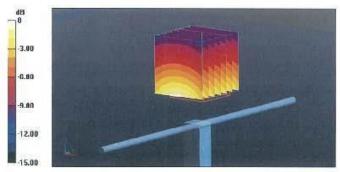
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.650 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Pcak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.93 W/kg



0 dB = 2.93 W/kg = 4.67 dBW/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

