

# HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : UZ7TC26AK  
Equipment : Touch computer  
Brand Name : Zebra  
Model Name : TC26AK  
T-Rating : T3  
Applicant : Zebra Technologies Corporation  
1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742  
Manufacturer : Zebra Technologies Corporation  
1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742  
Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19  
ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Jan. 15, 2020 and testing was started from Mar. 31, 2020 and completed on Apr. 21, 2020. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory**  
No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)



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### History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA010720B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	May 04, 2020



1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Frequency Response	Magnetic Intensity
UMTS CMRS Voice	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
VoLTE	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 7	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 12	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 13	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 14	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 17	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 25	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 26	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 66	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 41	T3	Pass	Pass
Date Tested	2020/3/31 ~ 2020/4/21			

The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: Jason Wang

Report Producer: Wan Liu



2. General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Applicant Name	Zebra Technologies Corporation
Equipment Name	Touch computer
Brand Name	Zebra
Model Name	TC26AK
FCC ID	UZ7TC26AK
EUT Stage	Engineering sample
Frequency Band	WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 14: 788 MHz ~ 798 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz
Mode	RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
Remark:	1. There are three batteries of these device, RF emission chose battery 1 as the main test, battery 2 and 3 was spot checked the worst case of battery 1.



Specification of Accessories				
AC Adapter	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	PWR-WUA5V12W0US
AC Adapter	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	PWR-WUA5V12W0EU
Battery 1	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	BT-000409-00
Battery 2	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	BT-000410-50
Battery 3	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	BT-000411-08
USB Cable (TypeA plug to TypeC plug)	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBL-TC5X-USBC2A-01
Headset 3.5mm type with PTT/micassy	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	HDST-35MM-PTVP-01
Adapter Cable PTT headset (3.5mm to 3.5mm)	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBL-TC51-HDST35-01
Snap on Trigger handle	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	TRG-TC2Y-SNP1-01
Belt Holster	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	SG-TC2Y-HLSTR1-01
Wearable Arm Mount	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	SG-TC2Y-ARMNT-01

Supported Unit Used in Test Configuration and System				
Type C to 3.5mm headset adaptor	Brand Name	Google	Part Number	Pixel-2-2XL



### **3. Testing Location**

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: <b>SAR04-HY</b>

### **4. Applied Standards**

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01



**5. Air Interface and Operating Mode**

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
UMTS	Band II	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	Band IV			WLAN, BT		No
	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
LTE (FDD)	Band 2	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 14			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
LTE (TDD)	Band 41	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
Wi-Fi	2450	VD	No	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	NA	No
	5200					No
	5300					No
	5500					No
	5800					No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	NA	No

**Type Transport:**  
 VO= Voice only  
 DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)  
 VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

**Remark:**

- For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.
- The device have similar frequency in some LTE bands: LTE B12/17, 5/26, 4/66, 2/25, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.

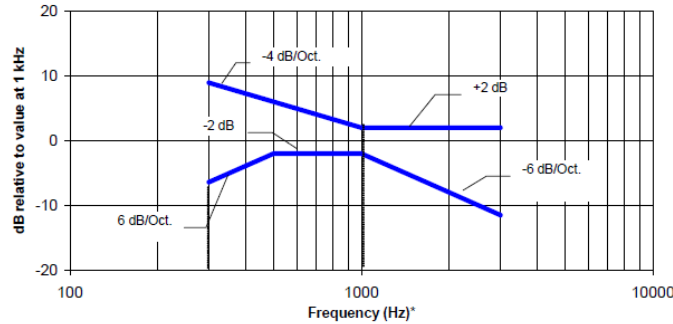


## 6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

### 6.1 Frequency Response

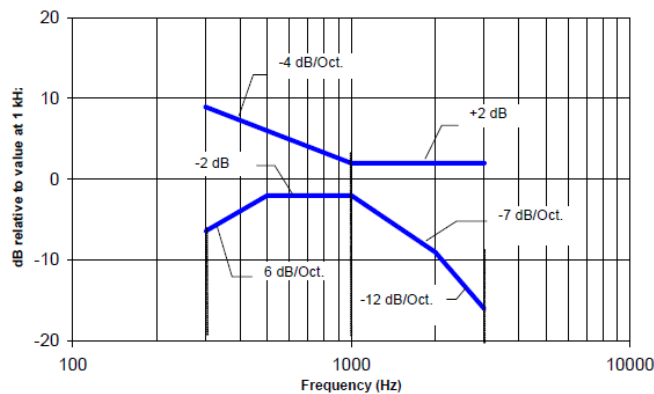
The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.

Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

**Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength  $\leq -15$  dB at 1 kHz**



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

**Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds  $-15$  dB(A/m) at 1 kHz**

### 6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

**Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories**



## **7. T-Coil Test Procedure**

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

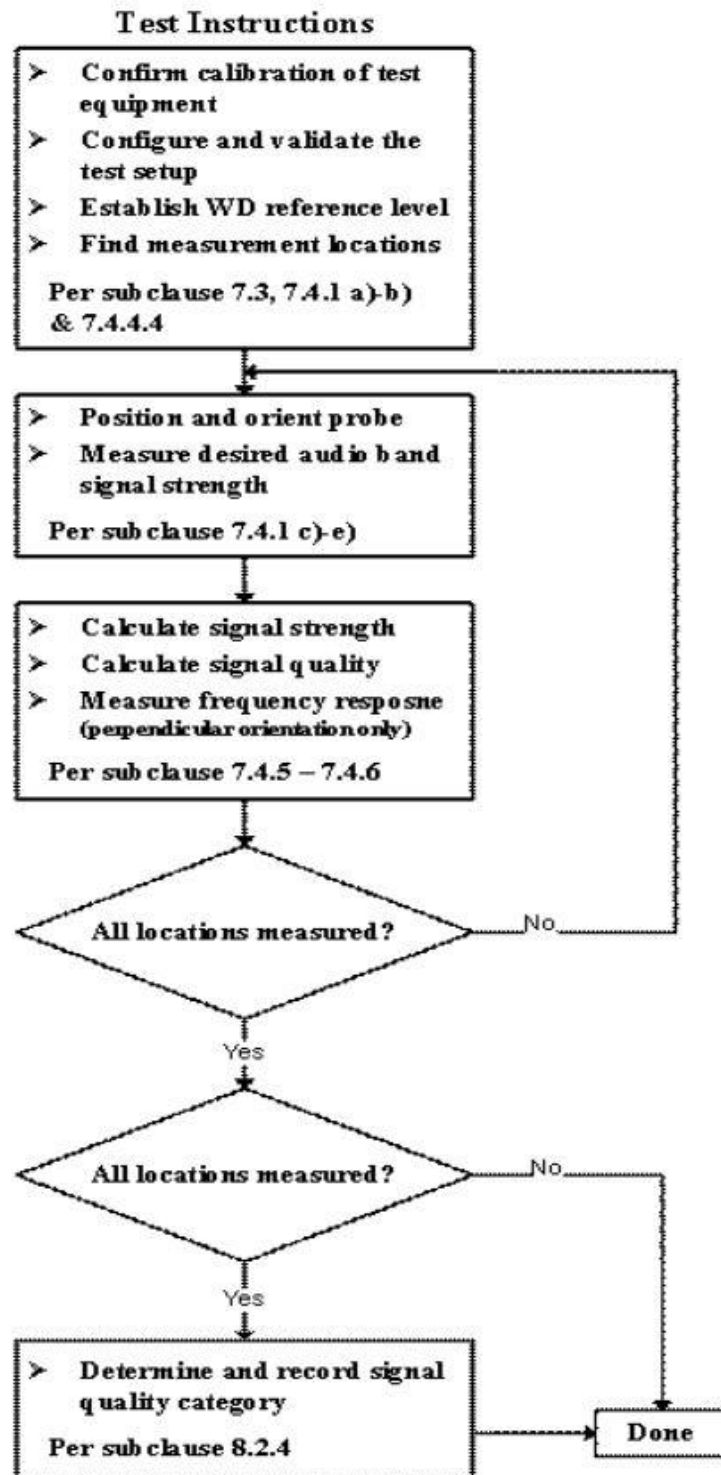
Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

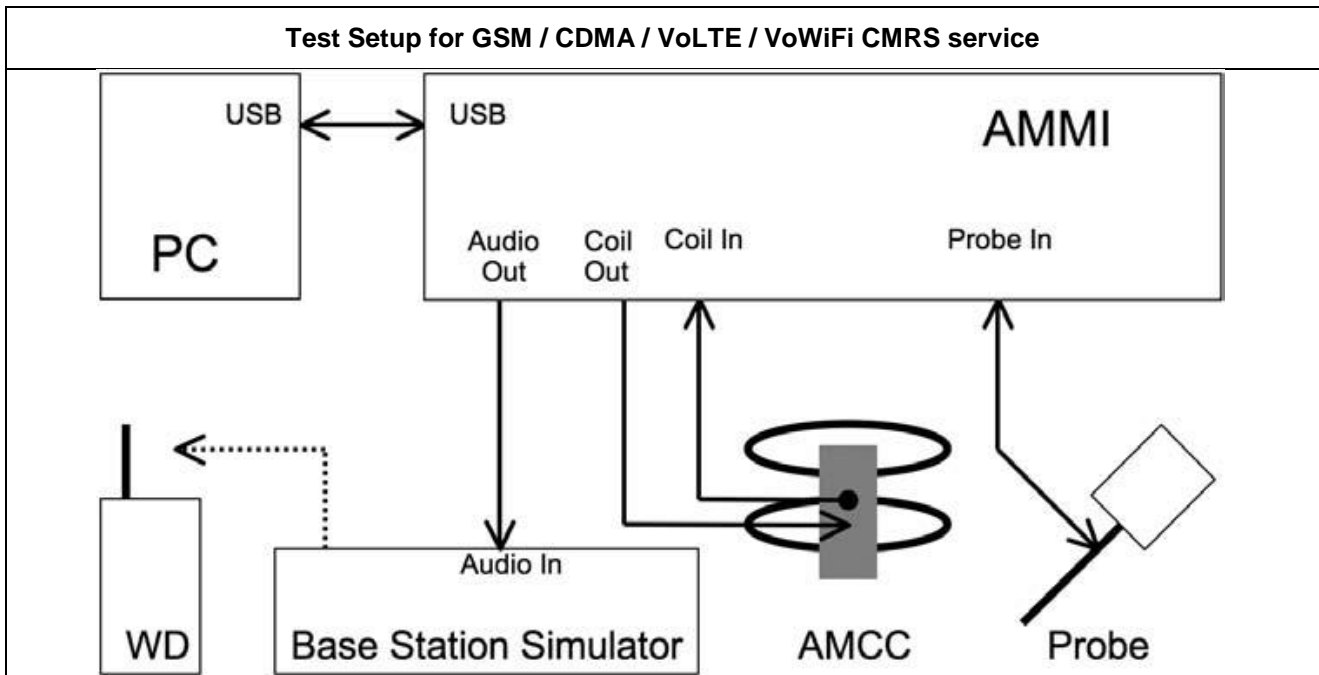
- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c. The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at  $f = 1$  kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at  $f_i$ ) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency ( $f_i$ ) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i.e., signal quality).
- i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

**7.1 Test Flow Chart**



**Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart**

**7.2 Test Setup Diagram**





**General Note:**

1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
  - GSM input level: -16dBm0
  - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
  - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
  - VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
  - OTT VoIP input Level: -20dBm0
2. For GSM / UMTS / CDMA test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." configuration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
4. The test setup used for VoLTE over IMS and VoWiFi over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE, -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.



1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal
2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to-RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine	---	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(\*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Calculation formula:

- Audio Level at -16dBm0 = ((-16dBm0) – (3.14dBm0)) + X dBv
- Calculated Gain at -16dBm0 = 10(( audio level at -16dBm0 – Y dBm0) / 20) \* 10
- Gating setting at -16dBm0 = required gain factor \* calculated gain

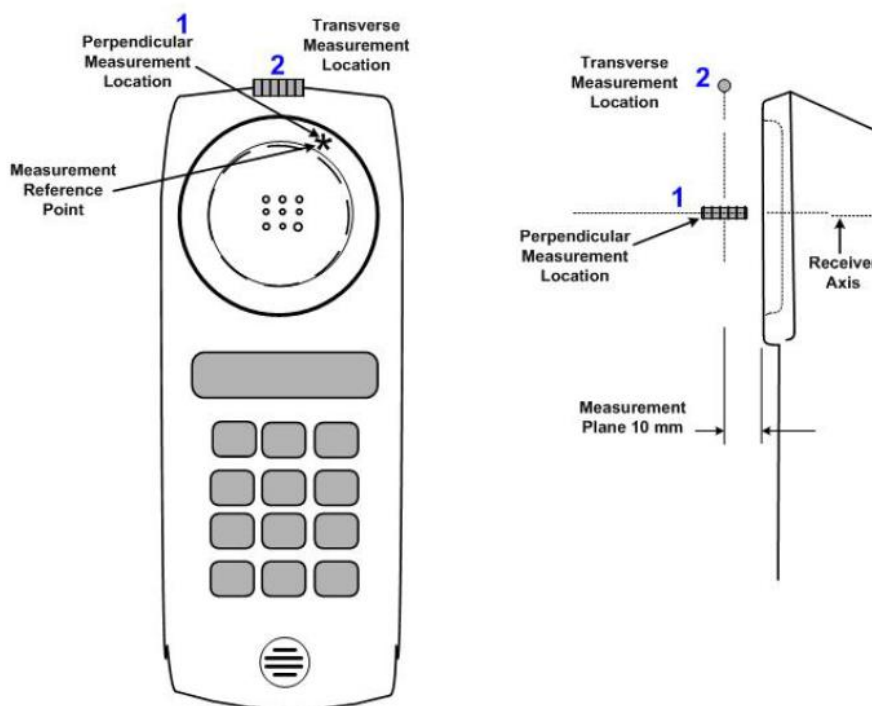
Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0
		-2.47	3.14
10	20	-19.85	-14.24
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

**7.3 Description of EUT Test Position**

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

- ◆ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ◆ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user’s ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ◆ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.



**Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements**



**8. Test Equipment List**

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 20, 2019	Nov. 19, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1311	Aug. 27, 2019	Aug. 26, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	May. 21, 2019	May. 20, 2020
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45207528	Nov. 18, 2019	Nov. 17, 2020
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	115793	Jun. 04, 2019	Jun. 03, 2020
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	117591	Dec. 09, 2019	Dec. 08, 2020

**Note:**

- 1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"





**9. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice**

**General Note:**

1. **Codec Investigation:** For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
2. **Air Interface Investigation:**
  - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
  - b. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

**9.1 UMTS Tests Results**

**<Codec Investigation>**

Codec	AMR 4.75Kbps	AMR 7.95Kbps	AMR 12.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-4.91	-4.64	-4.5	Axial	Band 2 / 9400
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-45.94	-45.58	-45.19		
Signal Quality (dB)	41.03	40.94	40.69		
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

**<Air Interface Investigation>**

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Battery	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
1	WCDMA II	Voice	9400	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-4.50	-45.19	40.69	T4	-50.36	1.96	Pass
					Transversal (Y)	-9.76	-46.86	37.10	T4	-50.21		
2	WCDMA IV	Voice	1413	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-4.55	-45.31	40.76	T4	-50.37	2	Pass
					Transversal (Y)	-10.14	-46.87	36.73	T4	-50.27		
3	WCDMA V	Voice	4182	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-4.82	-45.28	40.46	T4	-50.34	1.94	Pass
					Transversal (Y)	-10.71	-46.99	36.28	T4	-50.23		



## 10. T-Coil testing for CMRS IP Voice

### 10.1 VoLTE Tests Results

**General Note:**

1. Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel / band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
2. Air Interface Investigation:
  - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands / channel / bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
  - b. Select LTE FDD / TDD one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/RB size to verify the variation to find out worst configuration , the observed variation is very little to be within 1.5 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
  - c. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

**<Codec Investigation>**

**LTE FDD**

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 24.4Kbps	EVS WB 9.6Kbps	EVS WB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-4.04	-5.02	-3.39	-3.68	-2.33	3.84	-2.89	-3.78	Axial	B25 / 20M / 26340
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-45.62	-44.55	-44.62	-44.04	-53.92	-43.72	-44.41	-45.7		
Signal Quality (dB)	41.58	39.53	41.23	40.36	51.59	47.56	41.52	41.92		
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS		

**LTE TDD**

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 24.4Kbps	EVS WB 9.6Kbps	EVS WB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-8.4	-9.69	-7.83	-7.81	3.84	4.31	-8.22	-8.68	Axial	B41 / 20M / 40620
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-43.19	-42.88	-42.79	-42.73	-40.94	-40.76	-42.94	-43.57		
Signal Quality (dB)	34.79	33.19	34.96	34.92	44.78	45.07	34.72	34.89		
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS		



**<Air Interface Investigation>**

Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	UL-DL Configuration	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	
FDD	LTE B25	20	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-6.33	-44.99	38.66
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	50	0	26340	-	-6.13	-44.97	38.84
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	100	0	26340	-	-6.00	-45.28	39.28
	LTE B25	20	16QAM	1	0	26340	-	-6.19	-45.01	38.82
	LTE B25	20	64QAM	1	0	26340	-	-6.04	-44.90	38.86
	LTE B25	15	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-6.08	-45.21	39.13
	LTE B25	10	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-6.38	-45.37	38.99
	LTE B25	5	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-6.04	-44.93	38.89
	LTE B25	3	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-6.03	-45.12	39.09
LTE B25	1.4	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-6.04	-45.24	39.20	
TDD	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	-9.24	-44.01	34.77
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	1	-9.10	-44.21	35.11
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	2	-9.17	-44.09	34.92
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	3	-9.13	-44.40	35.27
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	4	-9.19	-44.27	35.08
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	5	-9.15	-44.12	34.97
LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	6	-9.06	-44.30	35.24	

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Battery	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
4	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	21100	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-5.84	-44.89	39.05	T4	-50.39	1.78	Pass
								Transversal (Y)	-10.94	-46.38	35.44	T4	-50.27		
5	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	23095	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-6.30	-44.94	38.64	T4	-50.36	1.9	Pass
								Transversal (Y)	-11.07	-45.87	34.80	T4	-50.28		
6	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	23230	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-5.92	-44.97	39.05	T4	-50.33	1.82	Pass
								Transversal (Y)	-11.66	-46.46	34.80	T4	-50.28		
7	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	23330	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-5.88	-44.94	39.06	T4	-50.36	1.87	Pass
								Transversal (Y)	-10.99	-45.80	34.81	T4	-50.24		
8	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	0	26340	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-6.49	-44.60	38.11	T4	-50.38	2	Pass
								Transversal (Y)	-11.24	-45.92	34.68	T4	-50.26		
9	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	26865	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-6.64	-44.54	37.90	T4	-50.37	1.85	Pass
								Transversal (Y)	-11.43	-46.07	34.64	T4	-50.24		
10	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	40620	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-9.69	-42.88	33.19	T4	-50.33	1.38	Pass
								Transversal (Y)	-13.22	-42.24	29.02	T3	-50.29		
11	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	40620	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-11.38	-42.32	30.94	T4	-50.35	1.88	Pass
								Transversal (Y)	-15.50	-41.52	26.02	T3	-50.22		
12	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	40620	Battery 3	Axial (Z)	-9.72	-42.26	32.54	T4	-50.32	2	Pass
								Transversal (Y)	-13.74	-41.36	27.62	T3	-50.24		
13	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	132322	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-6.04	-44.78	38.74	T4	-50.37	1.12	Pass
								Transversal (Y)	-11.42	-46.09	34.67	T4	-50.26		

**Remark:**

1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
3. Test Engineer : Tom Jiang

## 11. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2. The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)
<b>Probe Sensitivity</b>							
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %
<b>Probe System</b>							
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
<b>Test Signal</b>							
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
<b>Positioning</b>							
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
<b>External Contributions</b>							
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K = 2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %

**Table 8.2 Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement**



## **12. References**

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.
- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep 2017
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Sep 2017
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook