



FCC RF Test Report

APPLICANT : Zebra Technologies Corporation
EQUIPMENT : Standard Cradle
BRAND NAME : Zebra
MODEL NAME : CR8178-SC
FCC ID : UZ7CRD8178SC
STANDARD : FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
CLASSIFICATION : (DSS) Spread Spectrum Transmitter

The product was received on Aug. 02, 2016 and testing was completed on Aug. 30, 2016. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Joseph Lin / Supervisor

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



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FCC ID : UZ7CRD8178SC

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REVISION HISTORY

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FR680208A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 14, 2016



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.1	15.247(a)(1)	Number of Channels	≥ 15Chs	Pass	-
3.2	15.247(a)(1)	Hopping Channel Separation	≥ 2/3 of 20dB BW	Pass	-
3.3	15.247(a)(1)	Dwell Time of Each Channel	≤ 0.4sec in 31.6sec period	Pass	-
3.4	15.247(a)(1)	20dB Bandwidth	NA	Pass	-
3.4	-	99% Bandwidth	-	Pass	-
3.5	15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power	≤ 125 mW	Pass	-
3.6	15.247(d)	Conducted Band Edges	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.7	15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emission	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.8	15.247(d)	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Under limit 8.01 dB at 420.400 MHz
3.9	15.207	AC Conducted Emission	15.207(a)	Pass	Under limit 6.40 dB at 0.518 MHz
3.10	15.203 & 15.247(b)	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	-



1 General Description

1.1 Applicant

Zebra Technologies Corporation
1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742

1.2 Manufacturer

Zebra Technologies Corporation
1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742

1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	Standard Cradle
Brand Name	Zebra
Model Name	CR8178-SC
FCC ID	UZ7CRD8178SC
EUT supports Radios application	Bluetooth EDR/LE
HW Version	Rev A
SW Version	Rev A
MFD	26MAY16
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Remark: The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test

Standards-related Product Specification	
Tx/Rx Frequency Range	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 4.34 dBm (0.0027 W) Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 6.28 dBm (0.0042 W) Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 6.73 dBm (0.0047 W)
99% Occupied Bandwidth	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 0.820MHz Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 1.184MHz Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 1.164MHz
Antenna Type / Gain	SMD Antenna with gain 2.70 dBi
Type of Modulation	Bluetooth BR (1Mbps) : GFSK Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK

Specification of Accessories					
DS8178	Battery	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	82-17890-01
CR8178-SC CR8178-PC	12V Adapter (Sanhua)	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	PWR-BGA12V50W0WW
	12V Adapter (Phihong)	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	PWRBGAV50W0WW
	5V Adapter	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	PWR-WUA5V4W0US
	USB 5V Adapter	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	PWR-WUA5V6W0WW
	RJ-50-RS232 Cable 1	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBA-R21-S15PAR
	RJ-50-RS232 Cable 2	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBA-R01-S07PAR
	RJ-50 to USB Cable 1	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBA-U21-S07ZBR
	RJ-50 to USB Cable 2	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBA-U47-S15ZAR

1.5 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

1.6 Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code : 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1022 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC Test.

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.		
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.		
	TH05-HY	CO05-HY	03CH07-HY

Note: The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.



1.7 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ♦ FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
- ♦ ANSI C63.10-2013

Remark: All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.



2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

2.1 Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

< 5V Adapter >

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth Average Output Power (5V)		
		GFSK / 1Mbps		
		DH1	DH3	DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	3.66 dBm	3.65 dBm	3.63 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	3.79 dBm	3.78 dBm	3.76 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	3.70 dBm	3.69 dBm	3.67 dBm

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth Average Output Power (5V)		
		π /4-DQPSK / 2Mbps		
		2DH1	2DH3	2DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	3.70 dBm	3.65 dBm	3.64 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	3.83 dBm	3.77 dBm	3.75 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	3.75 dBm	3.71 dBm	3.68 dBm

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth Average Output Power (5V)		
		8-DPSK / 3Mbps		
		3DH1	3DH3	3DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	3.72 dBm	3.65 dBm	3.64 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	3.84 dBm	3.77 dBm	3.75 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	3.77 dBm	3.71 dBm	3.70 dBm



Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth Peak Output Power (5V)		
		GFSK / 1Mbps		
		DH1	DH3	DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	4.04 dBm	4.03 dBm	4.01 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	4.32 dBm	4.31 dBm	4.30 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	4.22 dBm	4.21 dBm	4.20 dBm

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth Peak Output Power (5V)		
		π /4-DQPSK / 2Mbps		
		2DH1	2DH3	2DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	6.13 dBm	6.12 dBm	6.11 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	6.26 dBm	6.25 dBm	6.22 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	6.24 dBm	6.23 dBm	6.21 dBm

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth Peak Output Power (5V)		
		8-DPSK / 3Mbps		
		3DH1	3DH3	3DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	6.52 dBm	6.50 dBm	6.49 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	6.62 dBm	6.60 dBm	6.55 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	6.59 dBm	6.56 dBm	6.55 dBm



< 12V Adapter (Sanhua)>

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth RF Average Output Power (12V)		
		GFSK / 1Mbps		
		DH1	DH3	DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	3.72 dBm	3.69 dBm	3.70 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	4.04 dBm	4.03 dBm	4.02 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	3.95 dBm	3.91 dBm	3.91 dBm

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth RF Average Output Power (12V)		
		π /4-DQPSK / 2Mbps		
		2DH1	2DH3	2DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	3.80 dBm	3.73 dBm	3.73 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	4.07 dBm	4.00 dBm	4.00 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	4.00 dBm	3.90 dBm	3.92 dBm

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth RF Average Output Power (12V)		
		8-DPSK / 3Mbps		
		3DH1	3DH3	3DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	3.78 dBm	3.73 dBm	3.72 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	4.05 dBm	4.00 dBm	3.99 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	3.98 dBm	3.91 dBm	3.91 dBm



Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth Peak Output Power (12V)		
		GFSK / 1Mbps		
		DH1	DH3	DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	4.06 dBm	4.05 dBm	4.04 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	4.34 dBm	4.28 dBm	4.30 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	4.24 dBm	4.22 dBm	4.21 dBm

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth Peak Output Power (12V)		
		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK / 2Mbps		
		2DH1	2DH3	2DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	6.14 dBm	6.13 dBm	6.12 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	6.28 dBm	6.27 dBm	6.27 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	6.25 dBm	6.24 dBm	6.23 dBm

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth Peak Output Power (12V)		
		8-DPSK / 3Mbps		
		3DH1	3DH3	3DH5
Ch00	2402MHz	6.59 dBm	6.57 dBm	6.56 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	6.73 dBm	6.70 dBm	6.71 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	6.70 dBm	6.69 dBm	6.69 dBm

Remark:

1. The data rate was set in 3Mbps for all the test items due to the highest RF output power.
 2. Since the worst case is 12V for RF output power, we use 12V Adapter (Sanhua) to perform other testing items.
- a. The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: conduction (150 kHz to 30 MHz), radiation (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). Pre-scanned tests, X, Y, Z in three orthogonal panels, and different data rates were conducted to determine the final configuration (X plane as worst plane) from all possible combinations, and the worst mode of radiated spurious emissions is Bluetooth 3Mbps mode, and recorded in this report.
- b. AC power line Conducted Emission was tested under maximum output power.



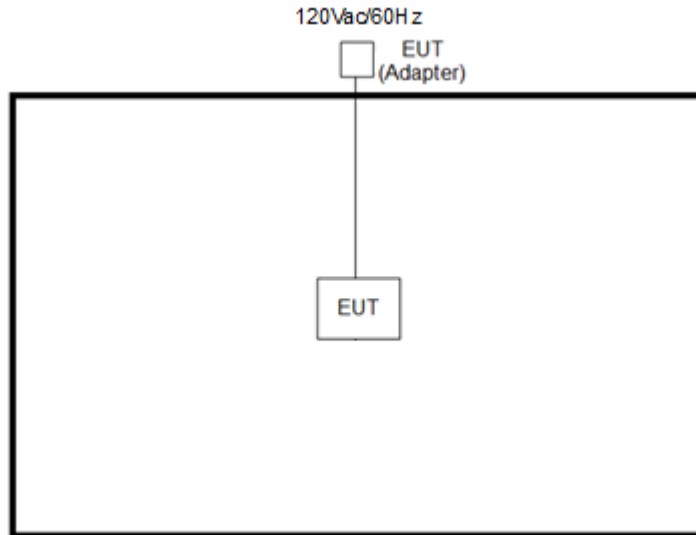
2.2 Test Mode

The following summary table is showing all test modes to demonstrate in compliance with the standard.

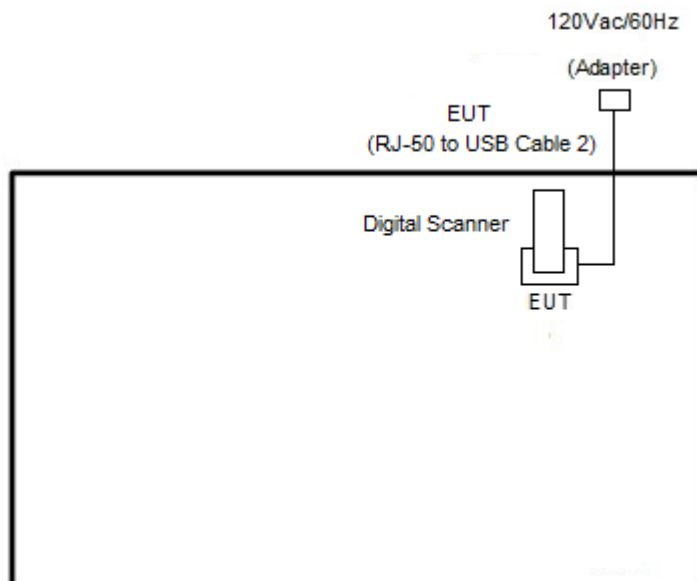
Summary table of Test Cases			
Test Item	Data Rate / Modulation		
	Bluetooth BR 1Mbps GFSK	Bluetooth EDR 2Mbps $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK
Conducted Test Cases	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz	Mode 4: CH00_2402 MHz	Mode 7: CH00_2402 MHz
	Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz	Mode 5: CH39_2441 MHz	Mode 8: CH39_2441 MHz
	Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 6: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 9: CH78_2480 MHz
Radiated Test Cases	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK		
	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz		
	Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz		
	Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz		
AC Conducted Emission	Mode 1 :Digital Scanner charging with EUT (Desktop Cradle) + EUT (Desktop Cradle) RJ-50 to USB Cable 2 + USB 5V Adapter		
Remark: 1. For radiated test cases, the worst mode data rate 3Mbps was reported only, because this data rate has the highest RF output power at preliminary tests, and the conducted spurious emissions and conducted band edge measurement for each data rate are no worse than 3Mbps, and no other significantly frequencies found in conducted spurious emission. 2. For Radiated Test Cases, The tests were performance with 12V Adapter (Sanhua)			

2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System

<Bluetooth Tx Mode>



<AC Conducted Emission Mode>





2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Digital Scanner	Zebra	DS8178	UZ7DS8178	N/A	N/A

2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

For Bluetooth function, programmed RF utility, "BT Regulatory Test App - 1.3.8.0" installed in the notebook make the EUT provide functions like channel selection and power level for continuous transmitting and receiving signals.

2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example:

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 4.2 dB and 10dB attenuator.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)}. \\ &= 4.2 + 10 = 14.2 \text{ (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

3 Test Result

3.1 Number of Channel Measurement

3.1.1 Limits of Number of Hopping Frequency

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

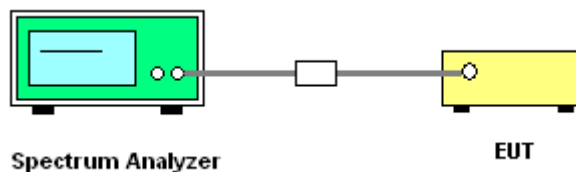
3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.1.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.3.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; RBW = 300kHz; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.
7. Record the measurement data derived from spectrum analyzer.

3.1.4 Test Setup

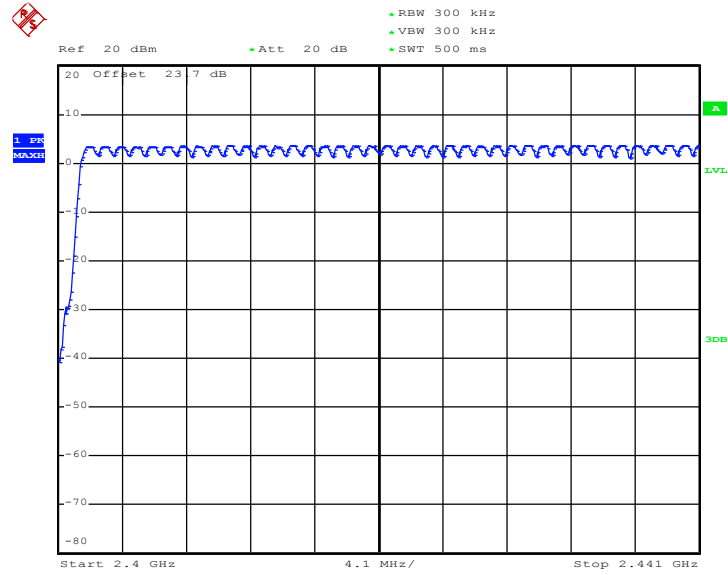


3.1.5 Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequency

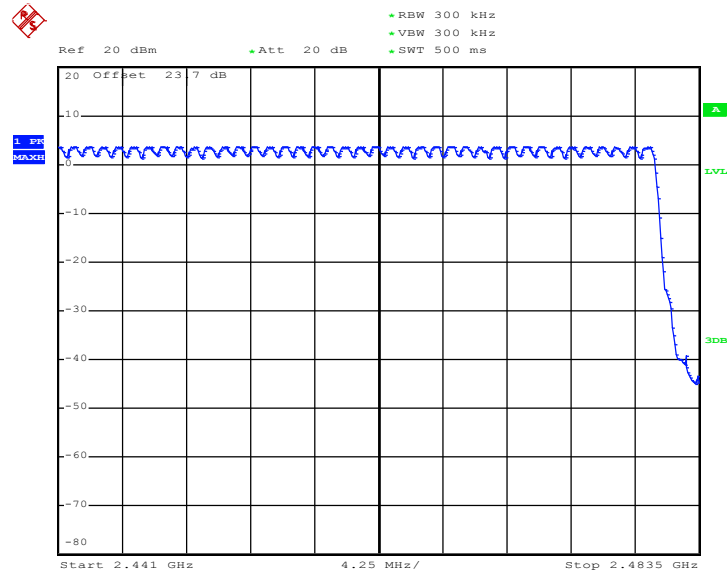
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
Number of Hopping (Channel)	Adaptive Frequency Hopping (Channel)	Limits (Channel)	Pass/Fail
79	20	> 15	Pass



Number of Hopping Channel Plot on Channel 00 - 78



Date: 17.AUG.2016 20:31:58



Date: 17.AUG.2016 20:36:26

3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

3.2.1 Limit of Hopping Channel Separation

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

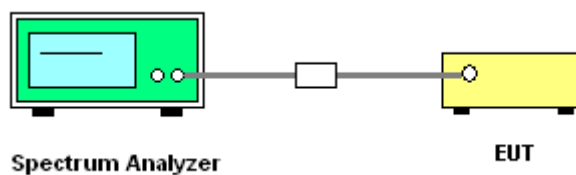
3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.2.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels;
RBW = 300kHz; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.2.4 Test Setup



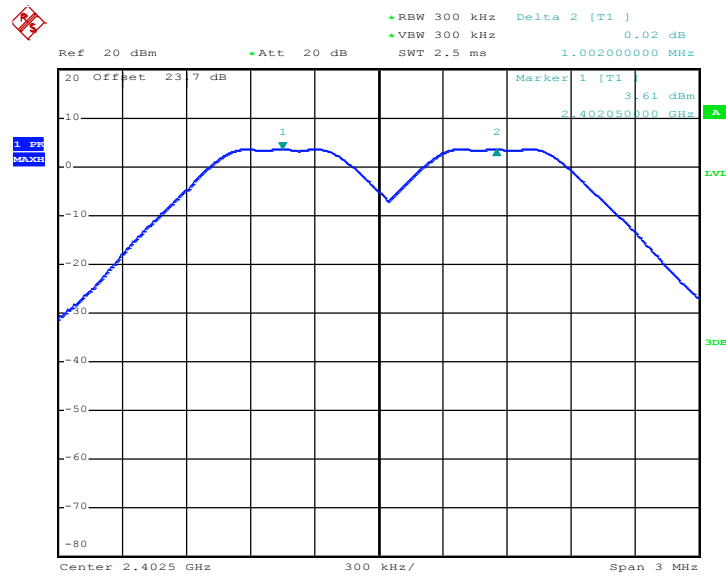


3.2.5 Test Result of Hopping Channel Separation

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.5893	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.5867	Pass
78	2480	1.008	0.5893	Pass

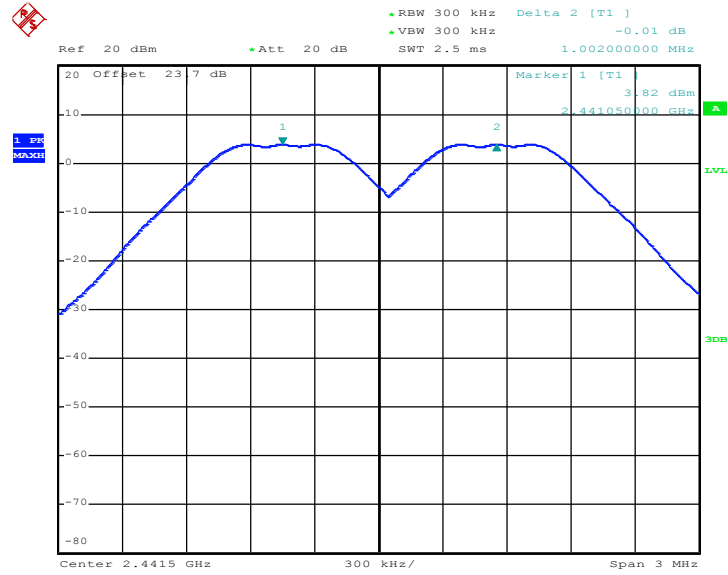
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:18:03

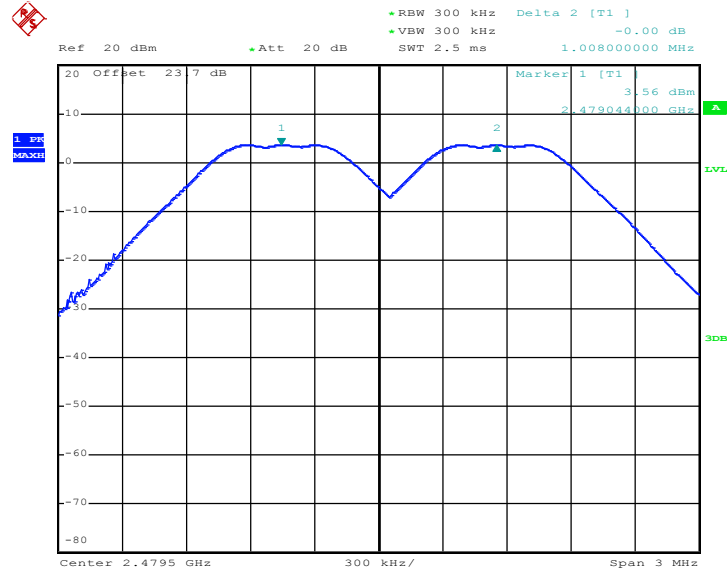


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:19:37

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



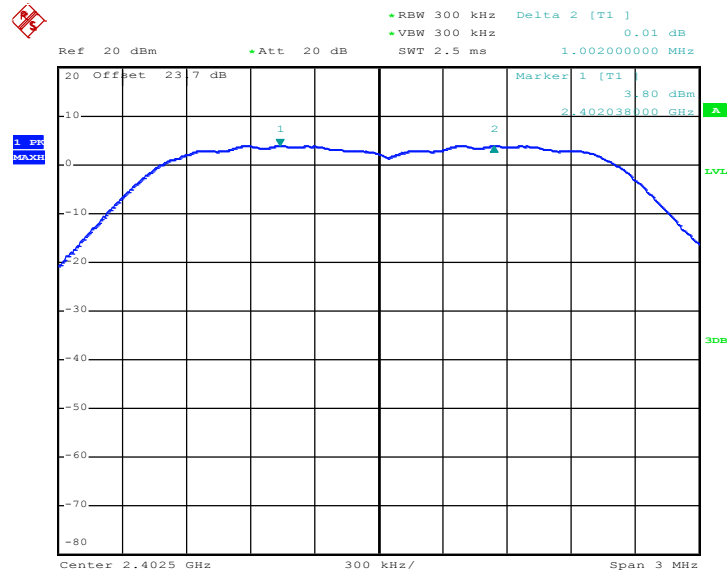
Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:21:23



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.8840	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8880	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.8840	Pass

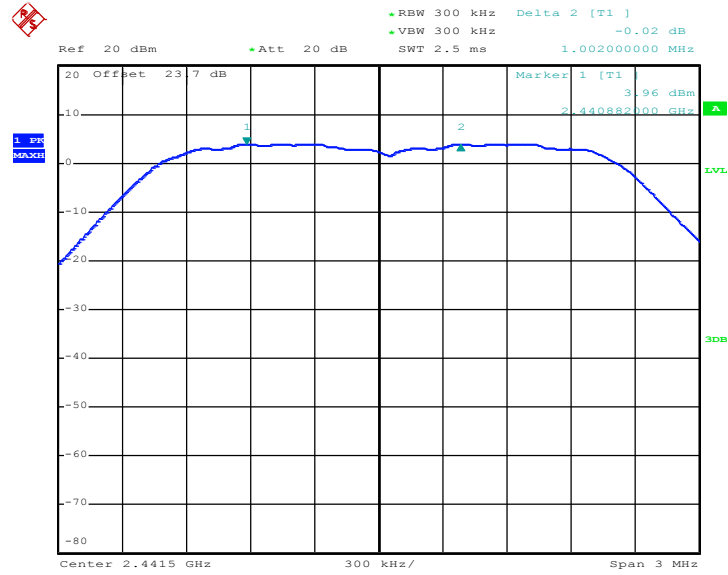
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:23:05

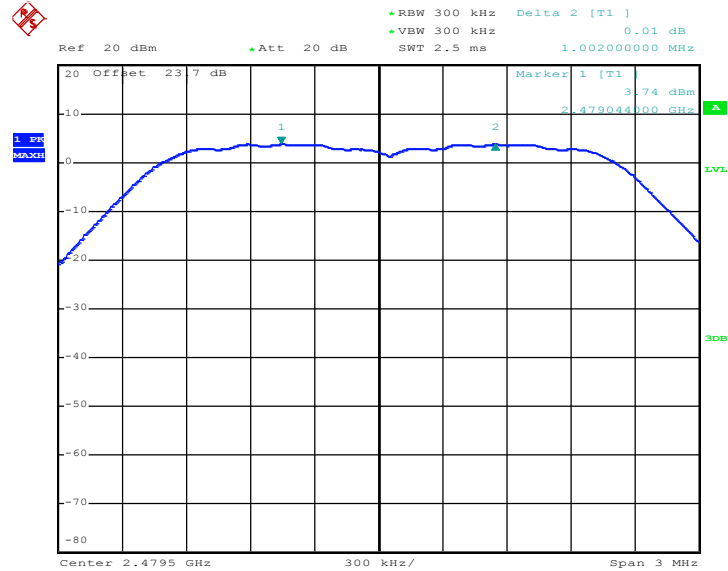


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:24:58

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



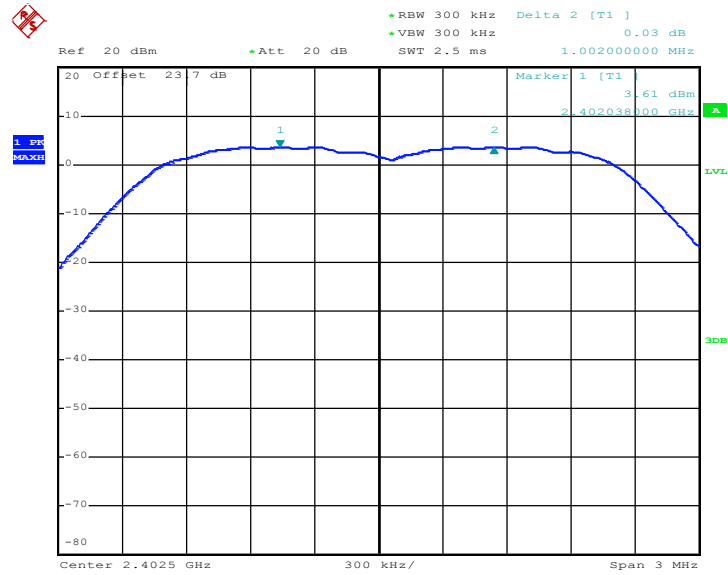
Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:26:59



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.8280	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8440	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.8320	Pass

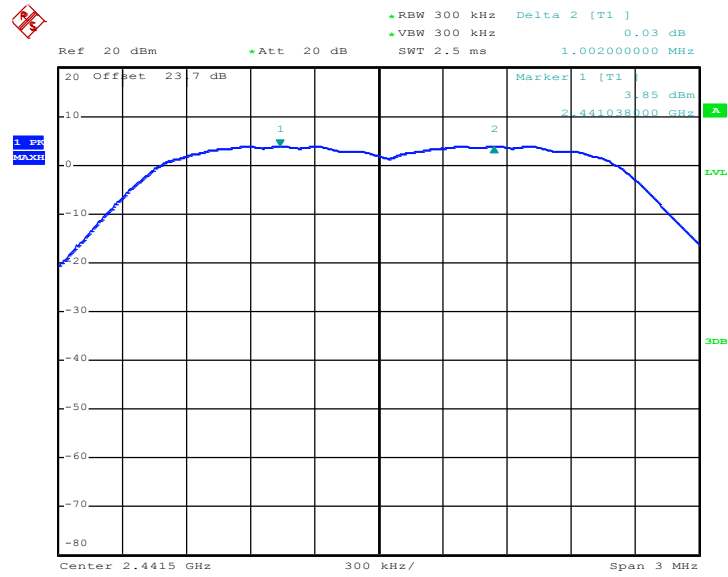
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:29:21

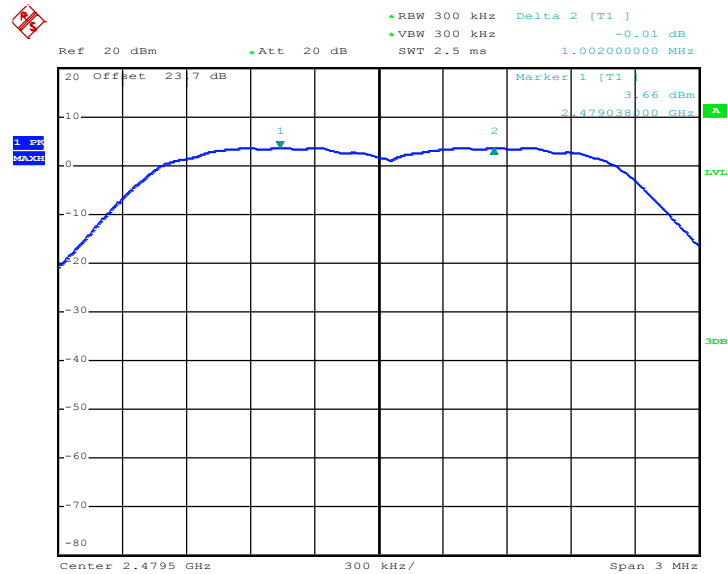


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:31:36

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:33:18

3.3 Dwell Time Measurement

3.3.1 Limit of Dwell Time

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

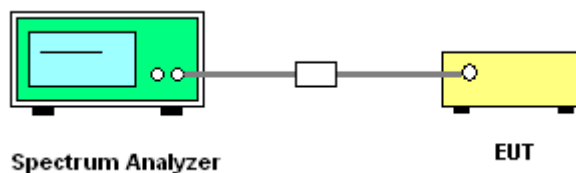
3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.3.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.4.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW = 1 MHz; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.3.4 Test Setup





3.3.5 Test Result of Dwell Time

Test Mode :	DH5	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

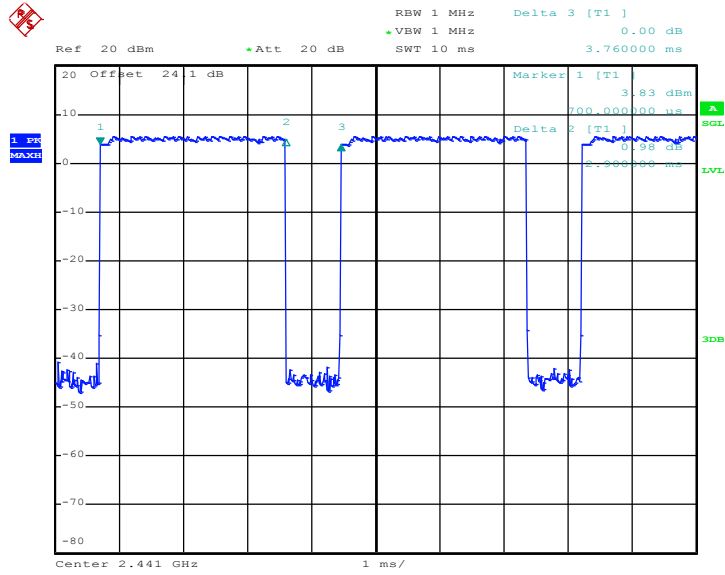
Mode	Hopping Channel Number	Hops Over Occupancy Time(hops)	Package Transfer Time (msec)	Dwell Time (sec)	Limits (sec)	Pass/Fail
Normal	79	106.67	2.90	0.31	0.4	Pass
AFH	20	53.33	2.90	0.15	0.4	Pass

Remark:

- In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.
 With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s),
 Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops.
- In AFH mode, hopping rate is 800 hops/s with 6 slots in 20 hopping channels.
 With channel hopping rate (800 / 6 / 20) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 20) (s),
 Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (800 / 6 / 20) x (0.4 x 20) = 53.33 hops.
- Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time



Package Transfer Time Plot



Date: 4.AUG.2016 04:09:03

3.4 20dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement

3.4.1 Limit of 20dB and 99% Bandwidth

Reporting only

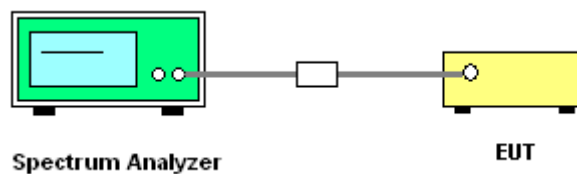
3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 6.9.2 and 6.9.3.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement.
Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;
RBW \geq 1% of the 20 dB bandwidth; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;
Trace = max hold.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 99 % Bandwidth measurement.
Span = approximately 1.5 to 5 times the 99% bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;
RBW \geq 1% of the 99% bandwidth; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;
Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.4.4 Test Setup



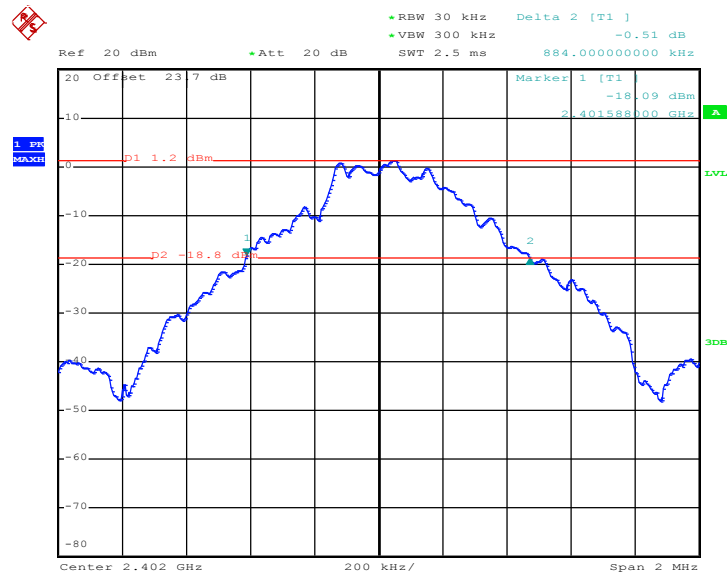


3.4.5 Test Result of 20dB Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.884
39	2441	0.880
78	2480	0.884

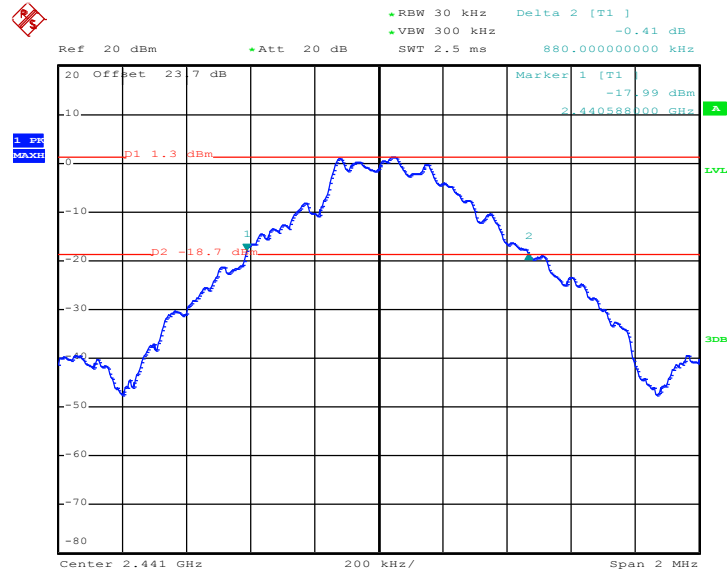
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:36:32

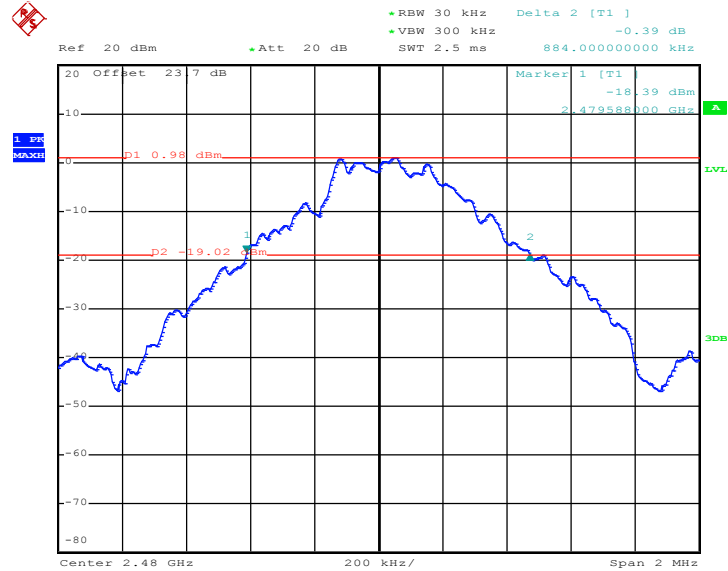


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:38:07

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



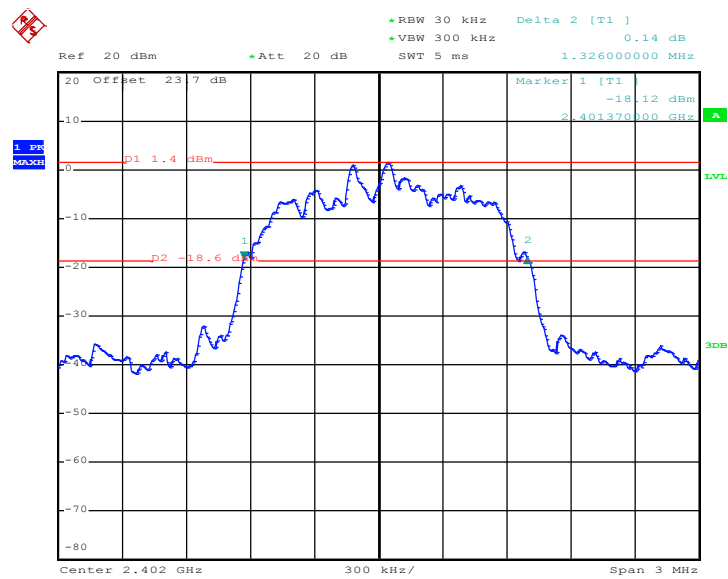
Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:40:55



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.326
39	2441	1.332
78	2480	1.326

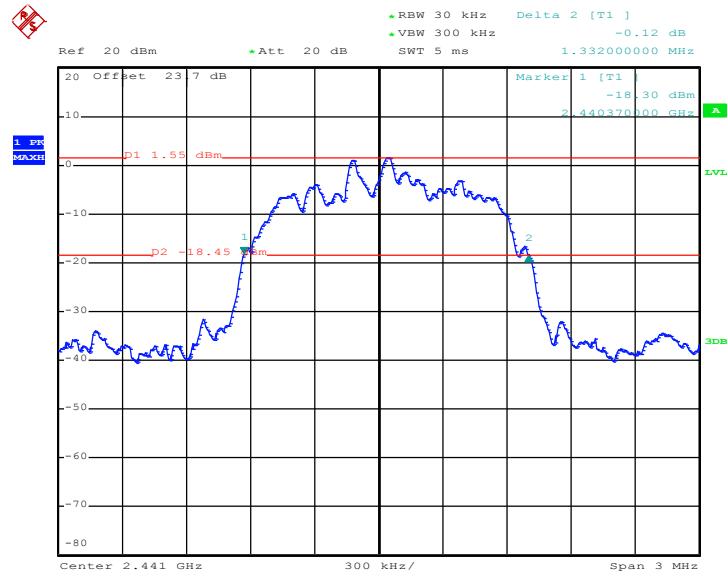
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:43:38

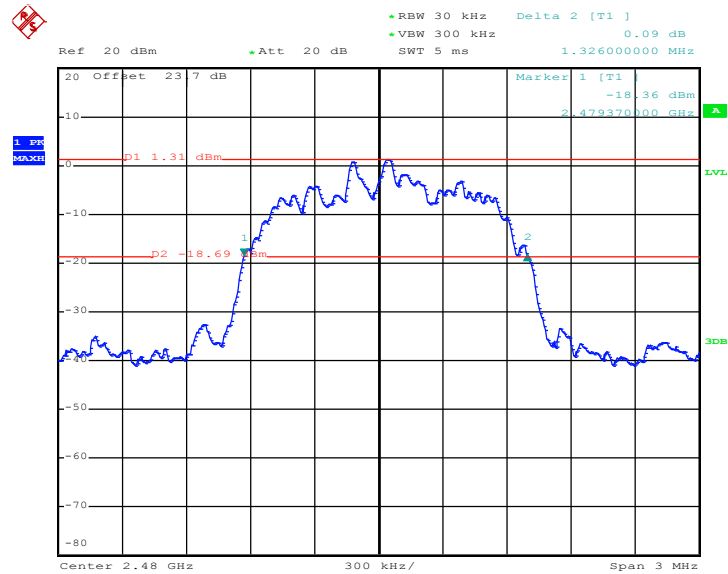


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:45:22

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



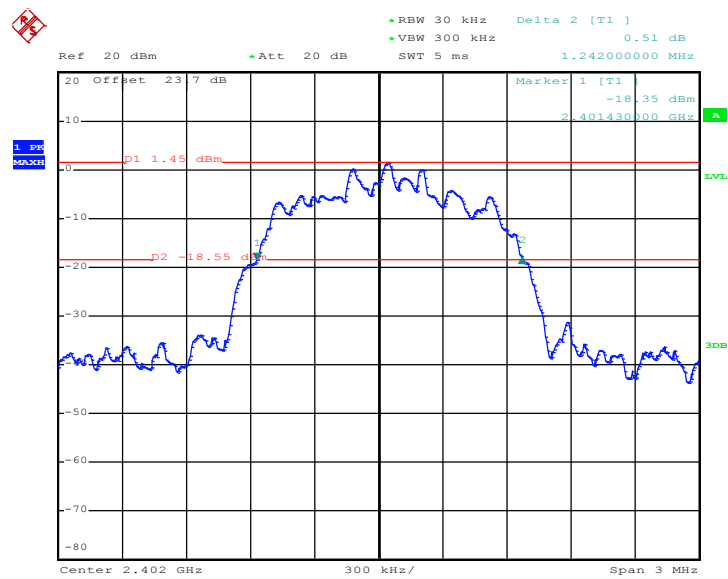
Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:46:43



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.242
39	2441	1.266
78	2480	1.248

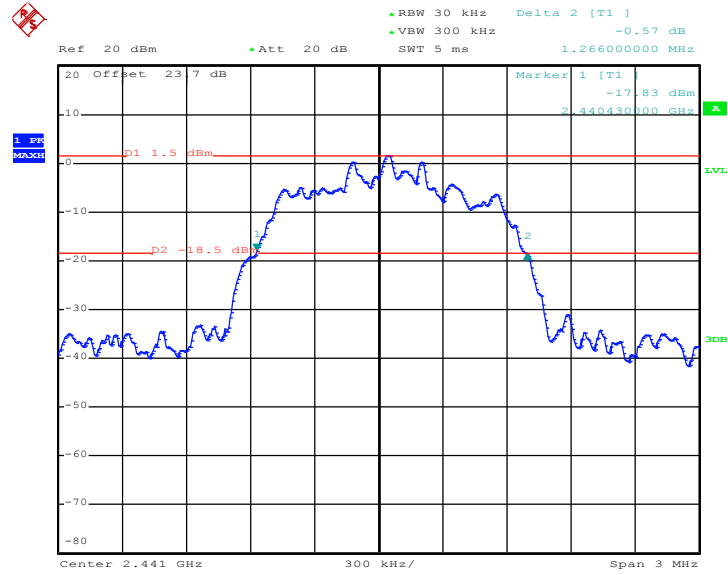
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:48:49

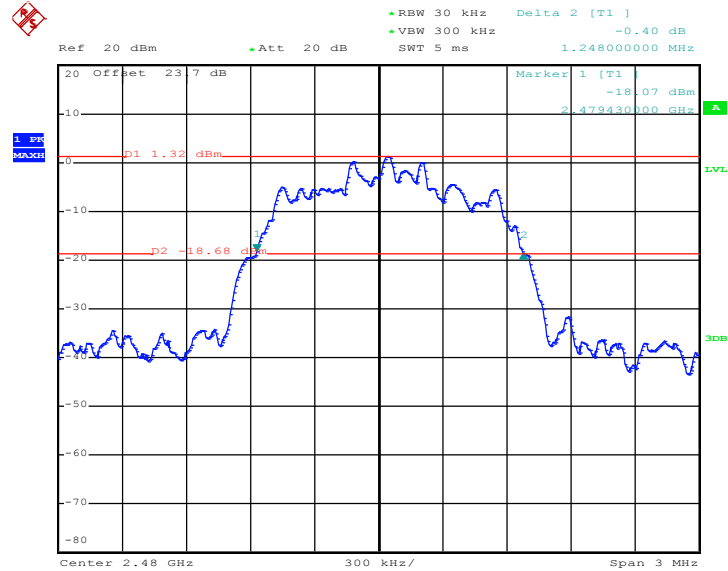


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:50:18

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:05:02

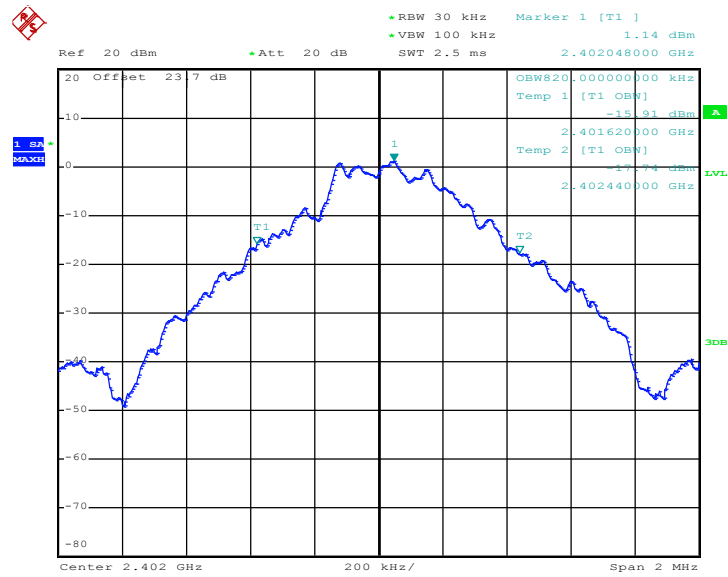


3.4.6 Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.820
39	2441	0.820
78	2480	0.816

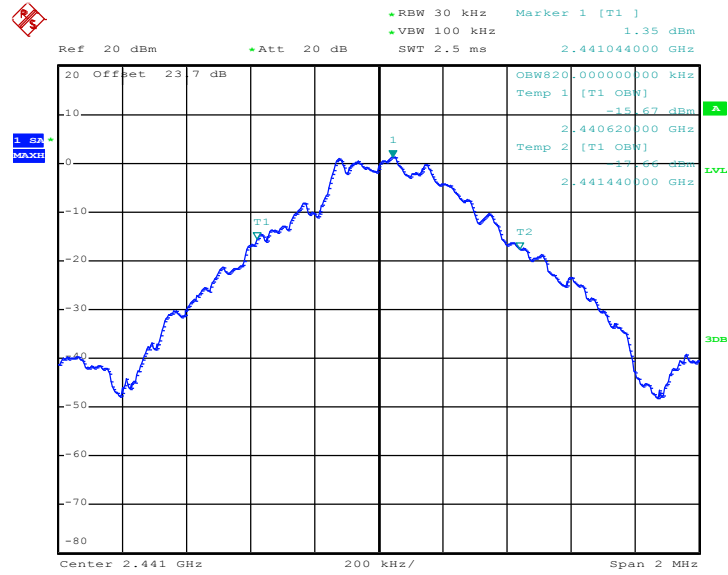
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:54:57

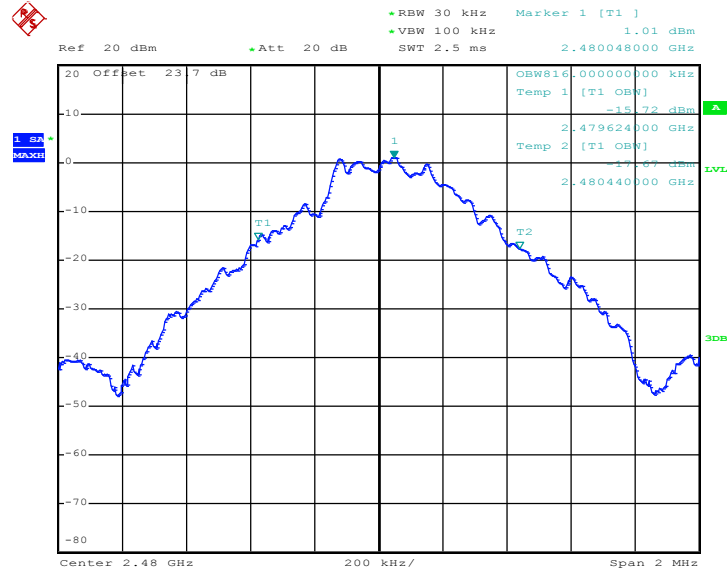


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:55:43

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



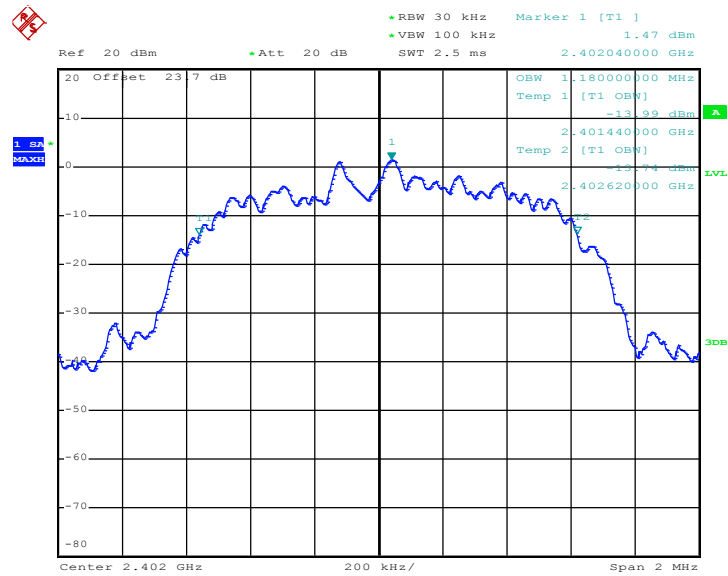
Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:56:26



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.180
39	2441	1.184
78	2480	1.180

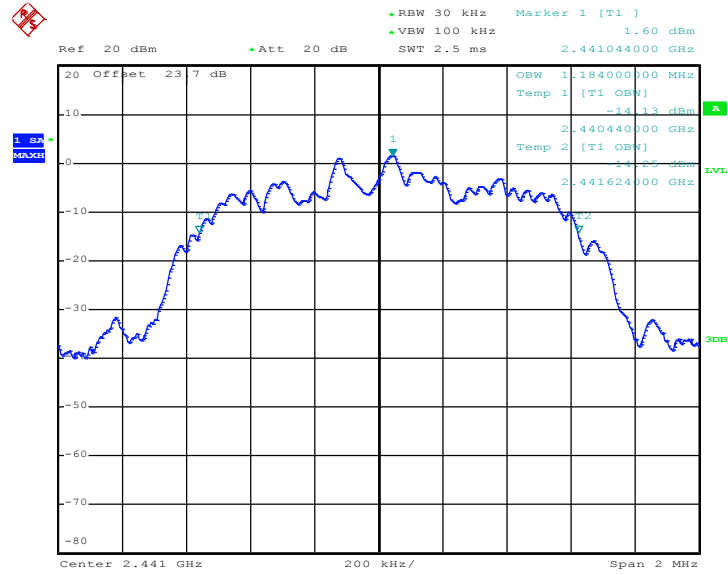
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:57:20

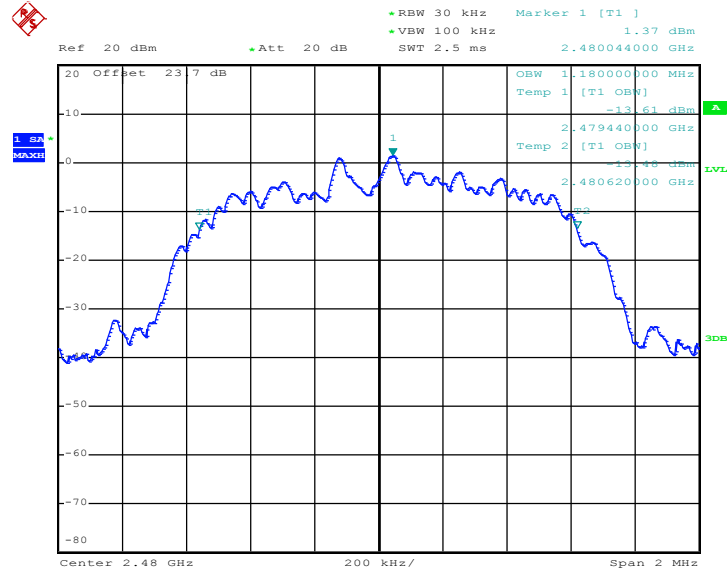


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:58:51

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



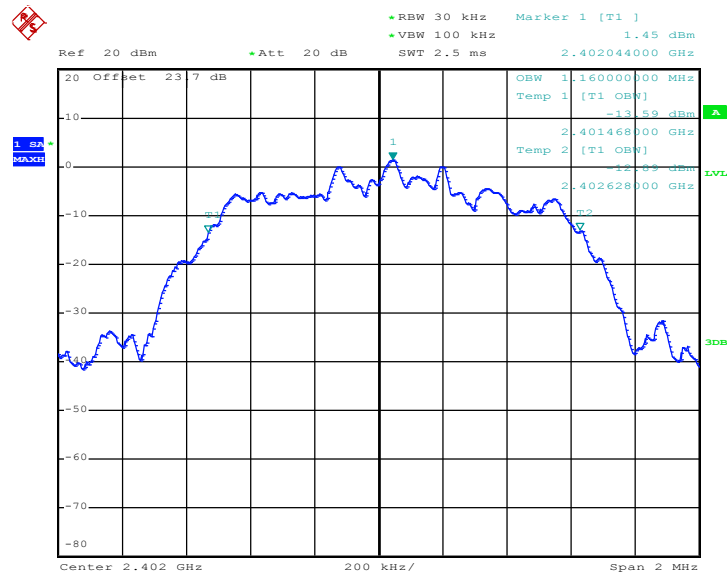
Date: 14.AUG.2016 16:59:58



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.160
39	2441	1.160
78	2480	1.164

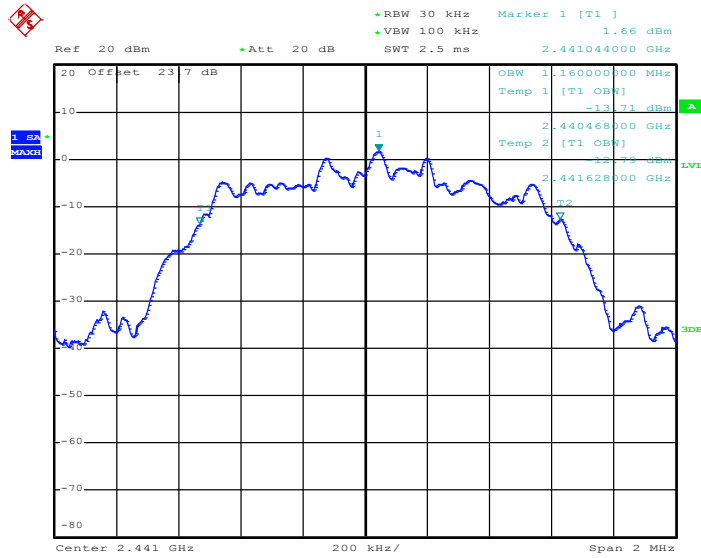
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:00:57

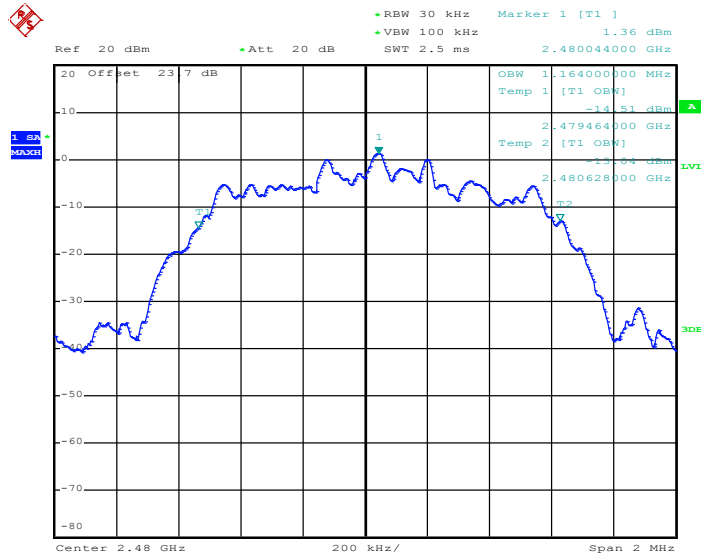


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:01:41

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:03:33

Note : The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

3.5 Peak Output Power Measurement

3.5.1 Limit of Peak Output Power

Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts. The power limit for 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps and AFH modes are 0.125 watts.

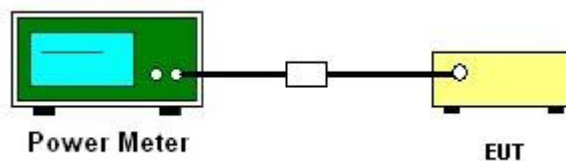
3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.5.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.5.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.5.4 Test Setup





3.5.5 Test Result of Peak Output Power

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		GFSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		1 Mbps		
00	2402	4.06	20.97	Pass
39	2441	4.34	20.97	Pass
78	2480	4.24	20.97	Pass

Note: For AFH mode using 20 hopping channels, the maximum output power limit is 20.97dBm.

Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		2 Mbps		
00	2402	6.14	20.97	Pass
39	2441	6.28	20.97	Pass
78	2480	6.25	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		8-DPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		3 Mbps		
00	2402	6.59	20.97	Pass
39	2441	6.73	20.97	Pass
78	2480	6.70	20.97	Pass

3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement

3.6.1 Limit of Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.6.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz. Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used.
4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2. and 3.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.6.4 Test Setup

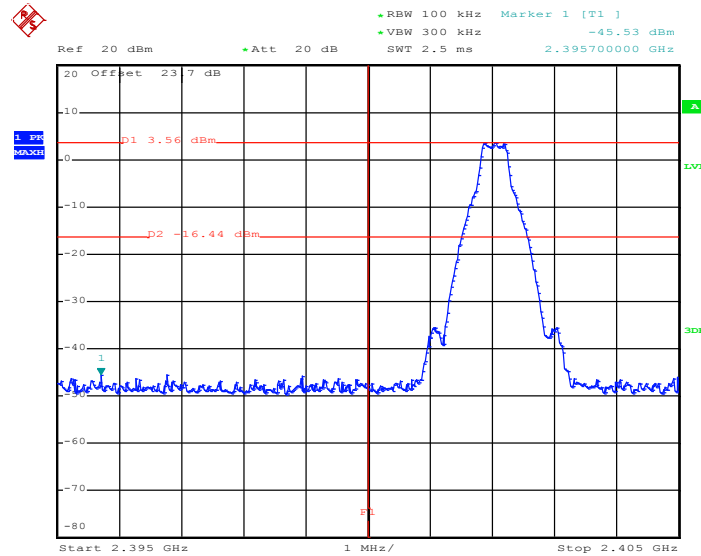




3.6.5 Test Result of Conducted Band Edges

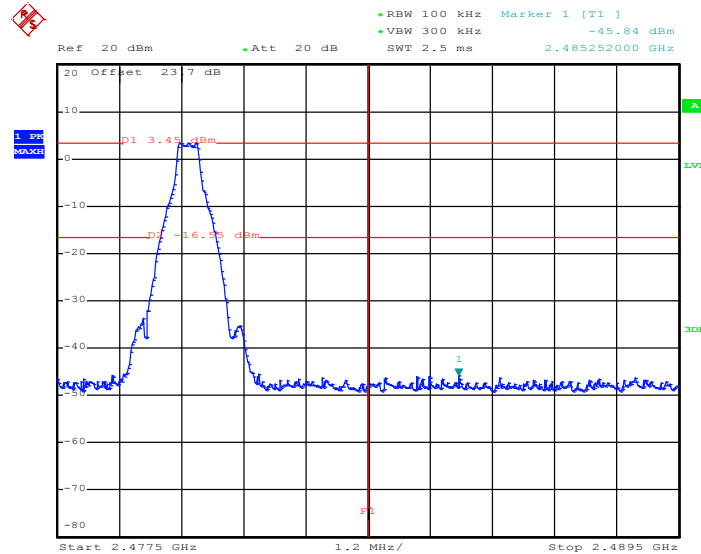
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:44:55

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

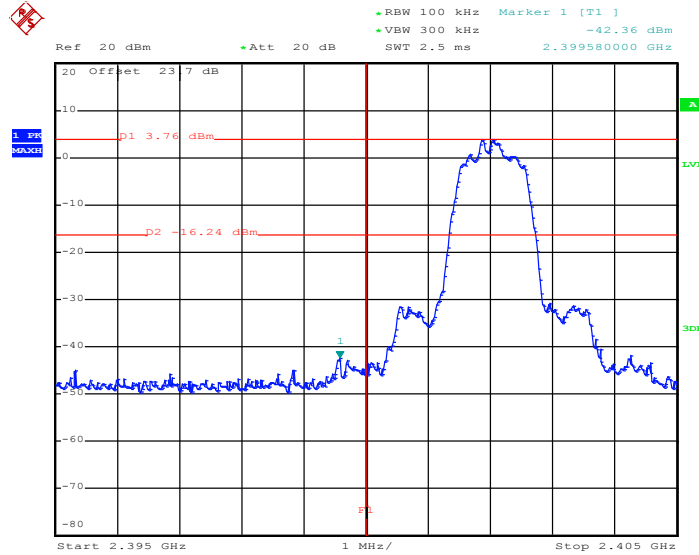


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:45:32



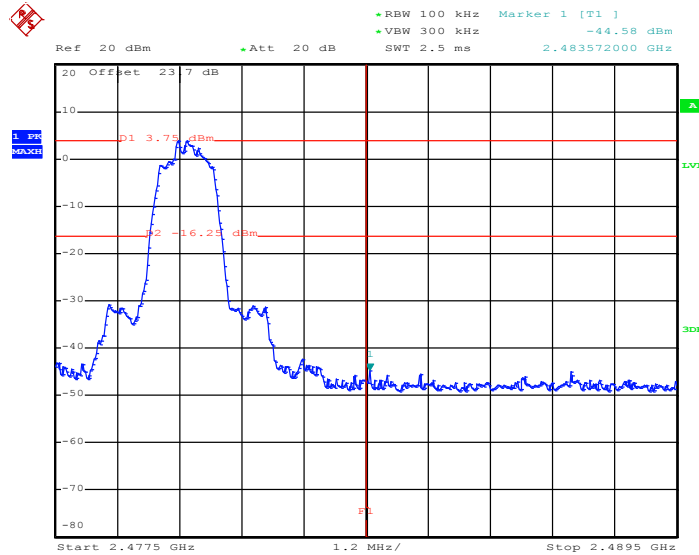
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:46:16

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

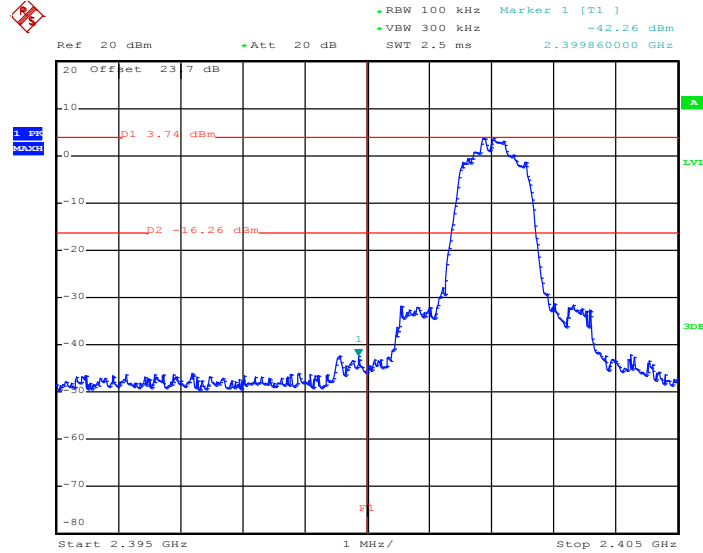


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:47:26



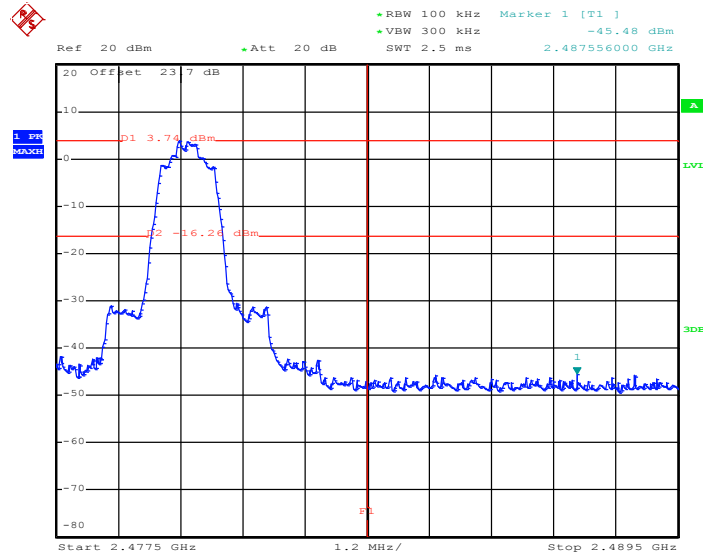
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:48:09

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78



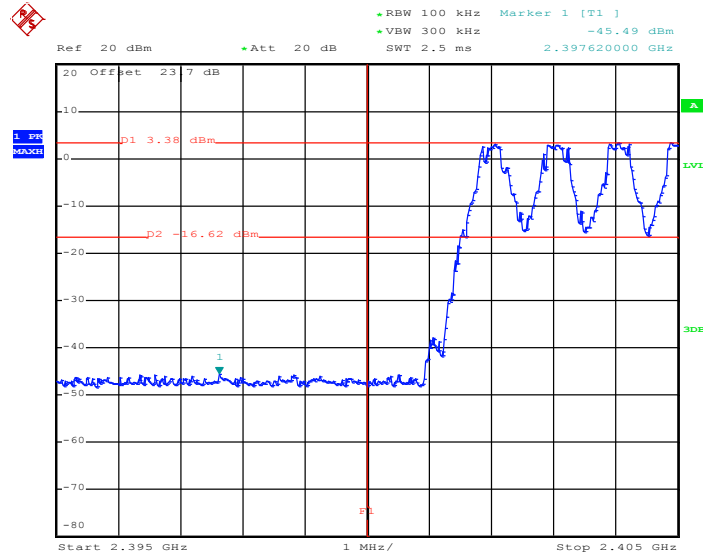
Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:48:38



3.6.6 Test Result of Conducted Hopping Mode Band Edges

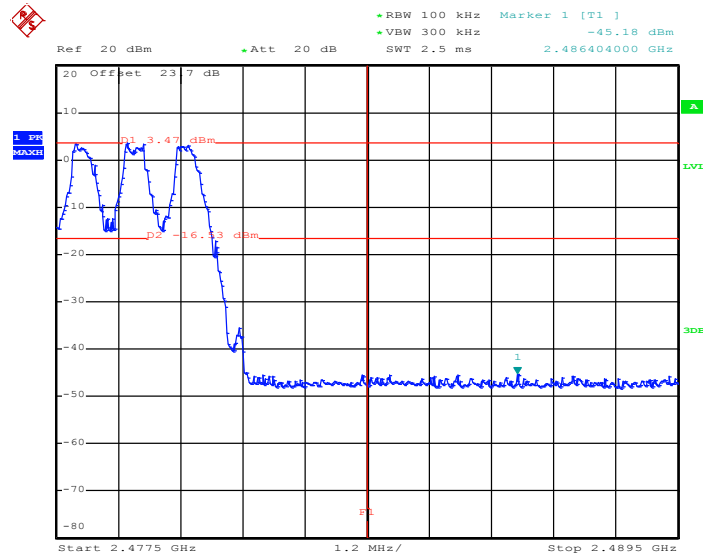
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

1Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:31:34

1Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

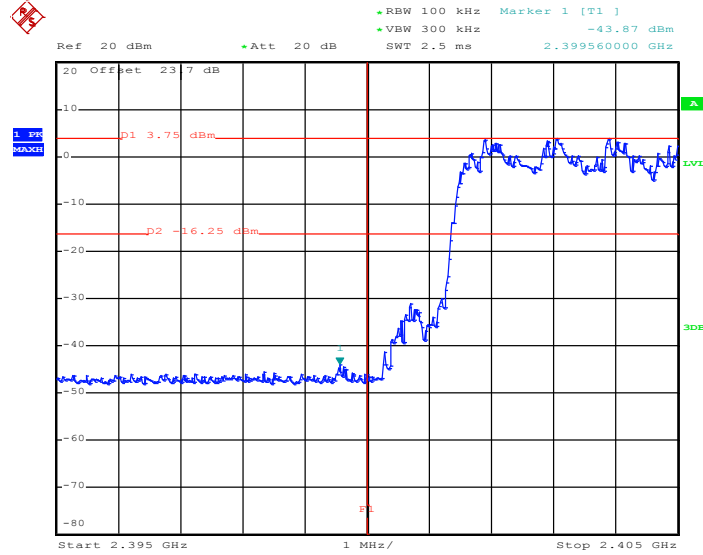


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:33:07



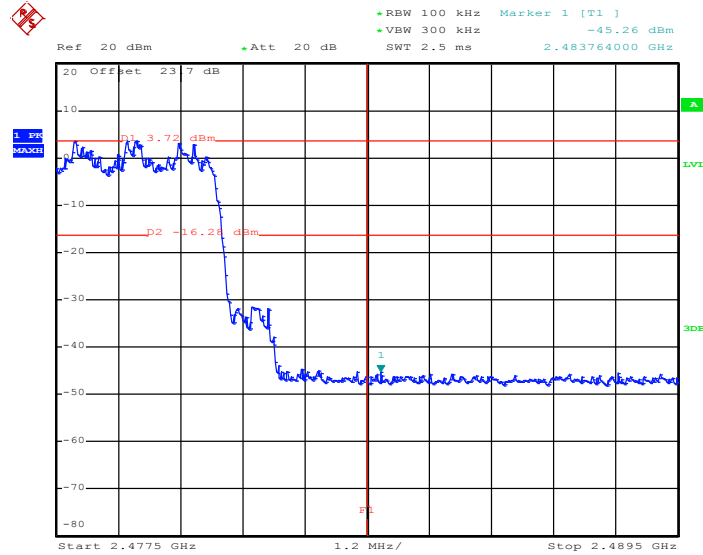
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

2Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:35:28

2Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

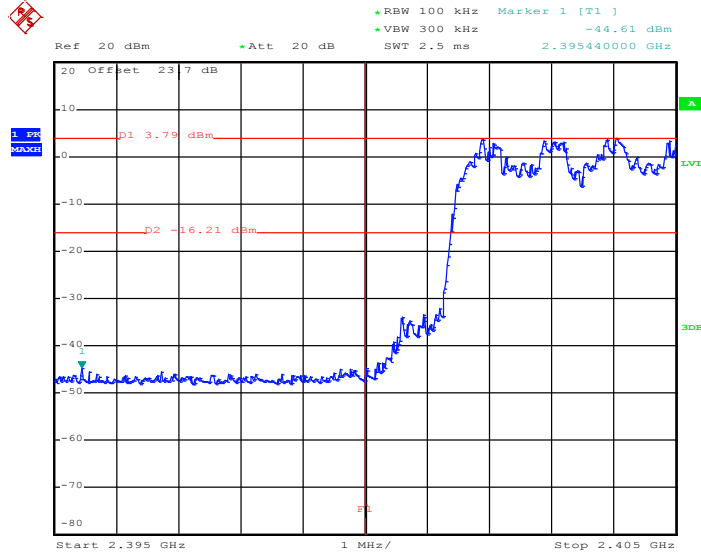


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:37:48



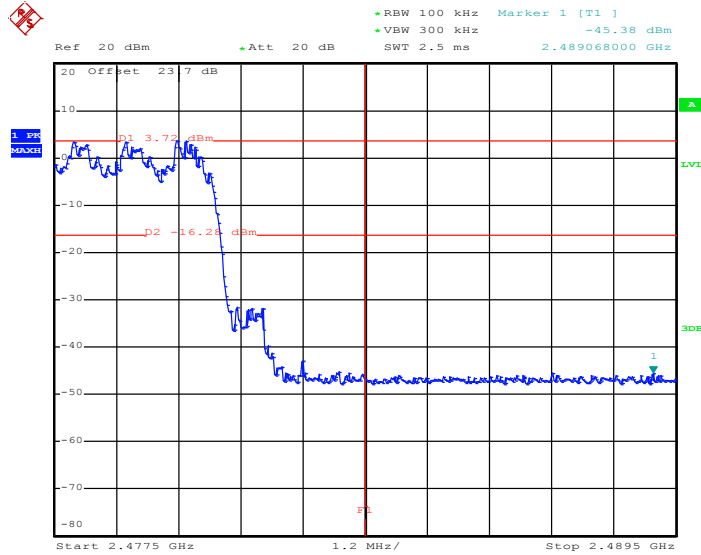
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu	Relative Humidity :	48-51%

3Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:41:08

3Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:43:40

3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

3.7.1 Limit of Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

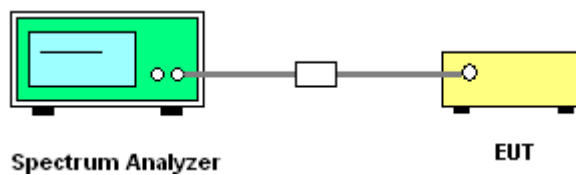
3.7.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.7.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.8.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

3.7.4 Test Setup

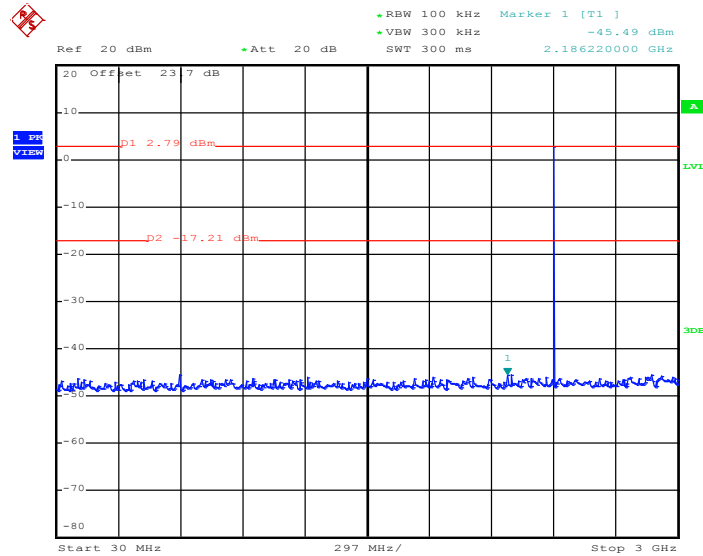




3.7.5 Test Result of Conducted Spurious Emission

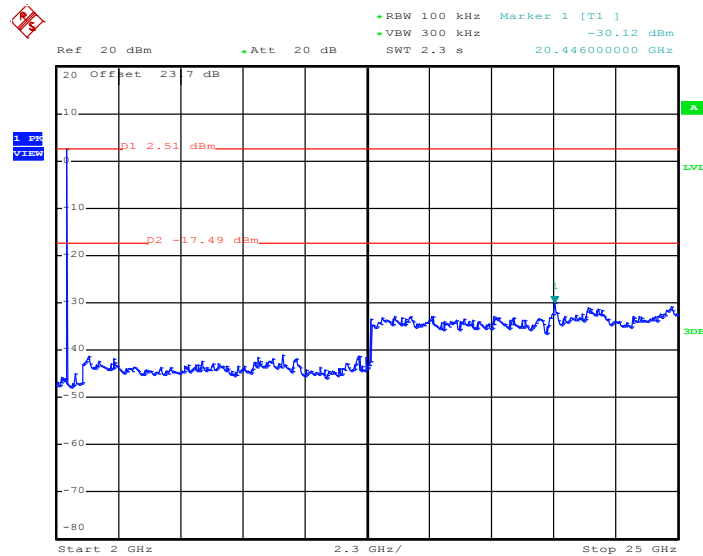
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:06:16

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

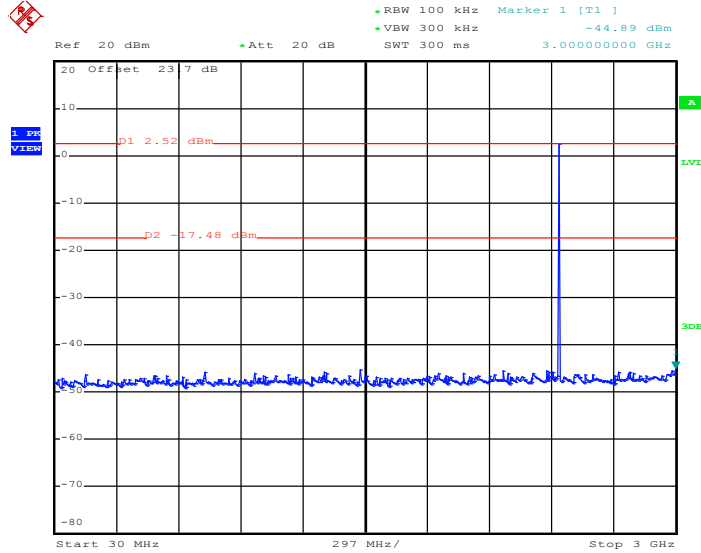


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:06:38



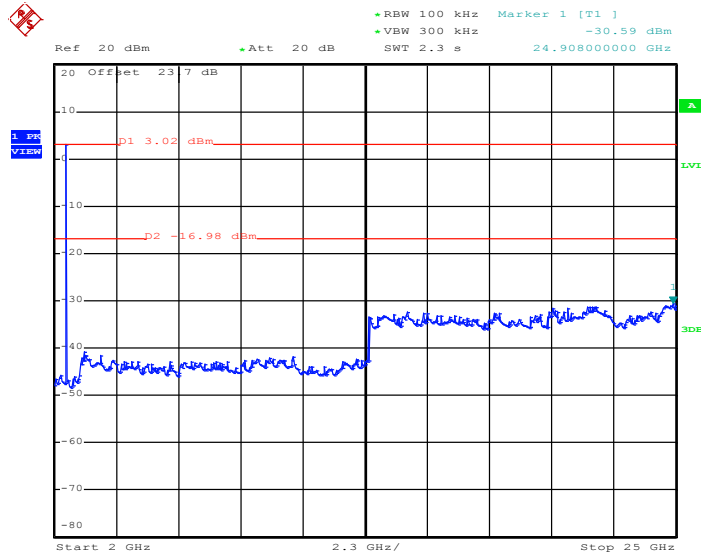
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:07:19

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

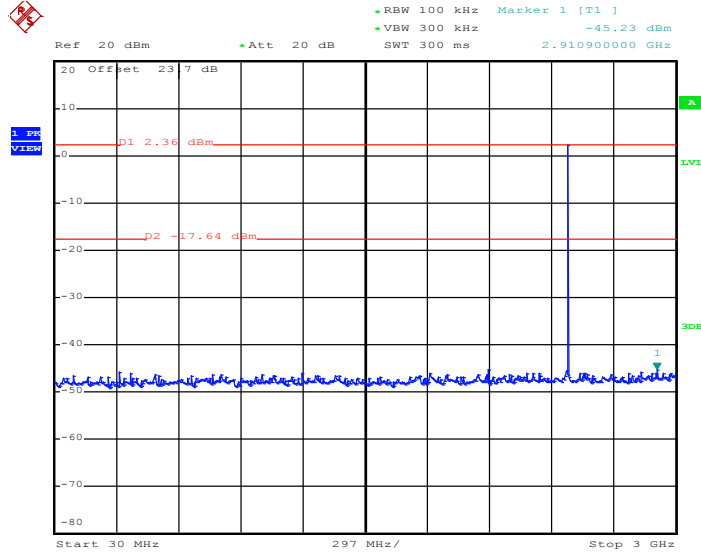


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:07:40



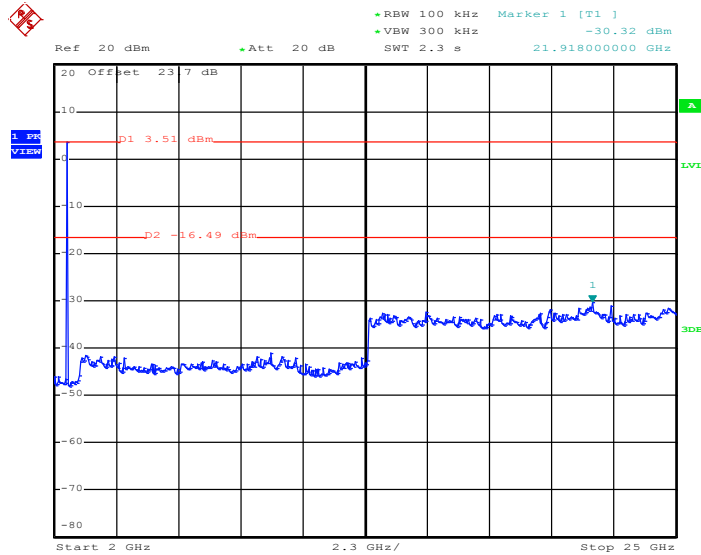
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:08:23

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

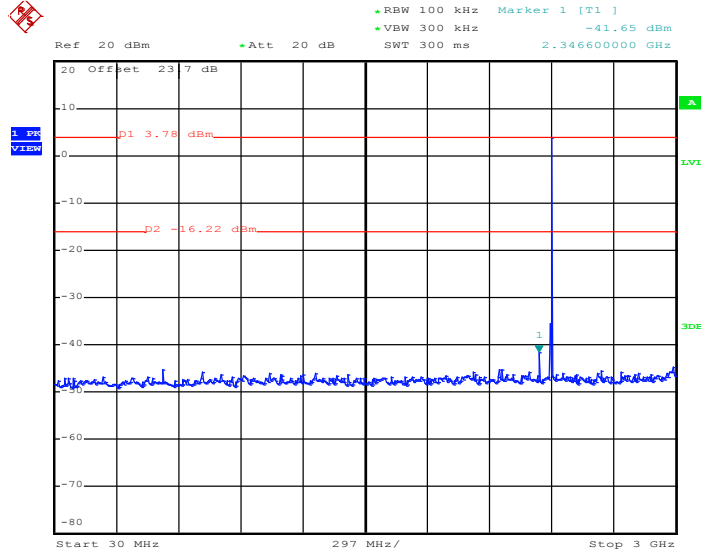


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:08:45



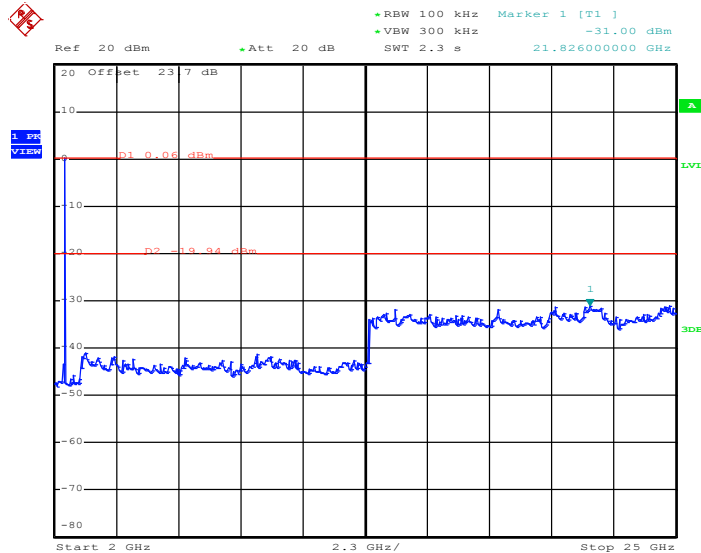
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:09:32

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

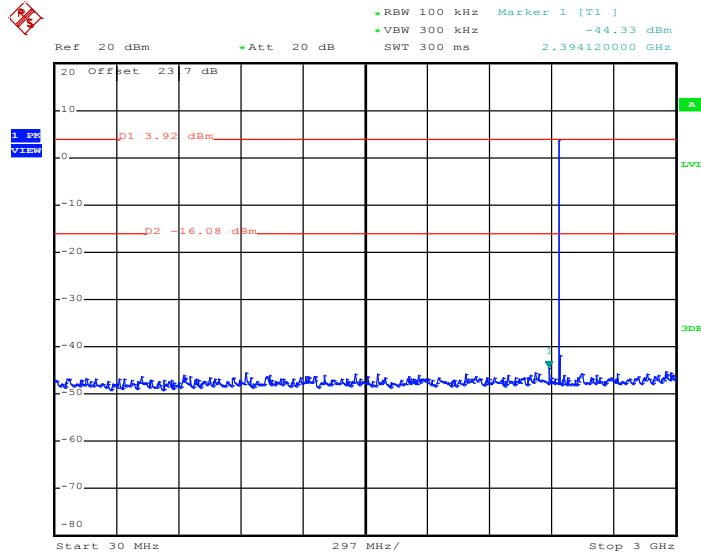


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:09:54



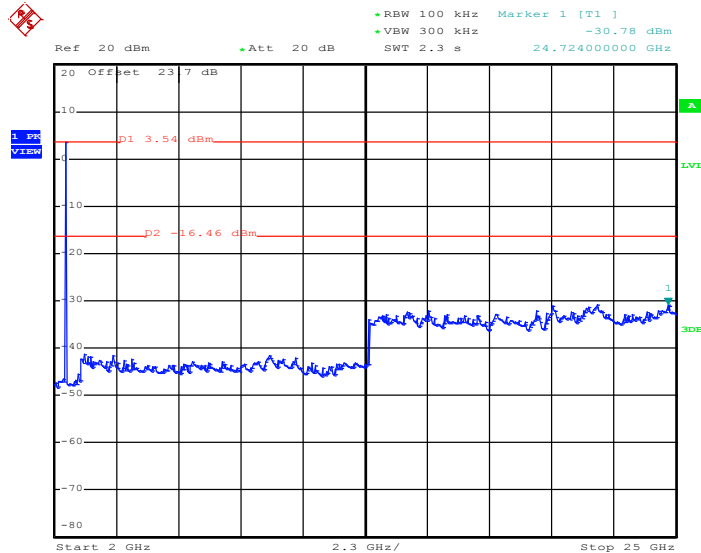
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:10:33

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

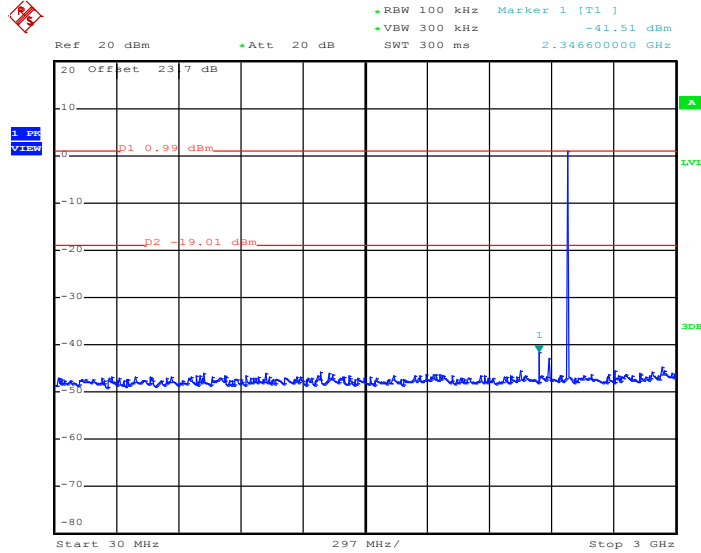


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:10:55



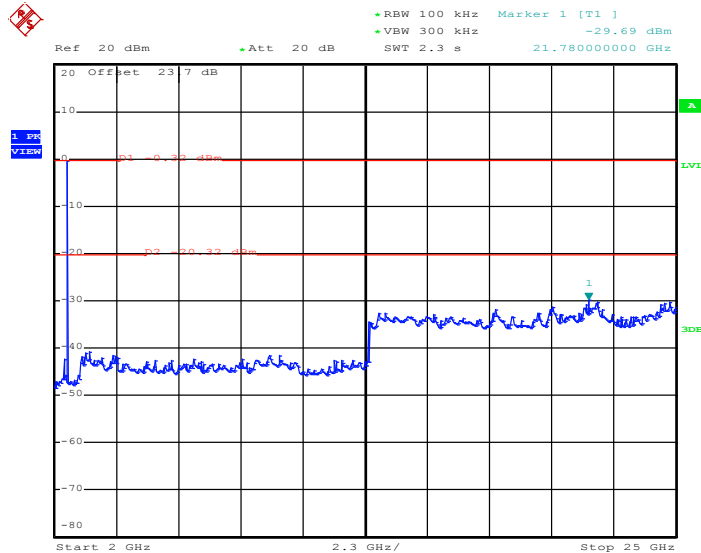
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:11:31

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

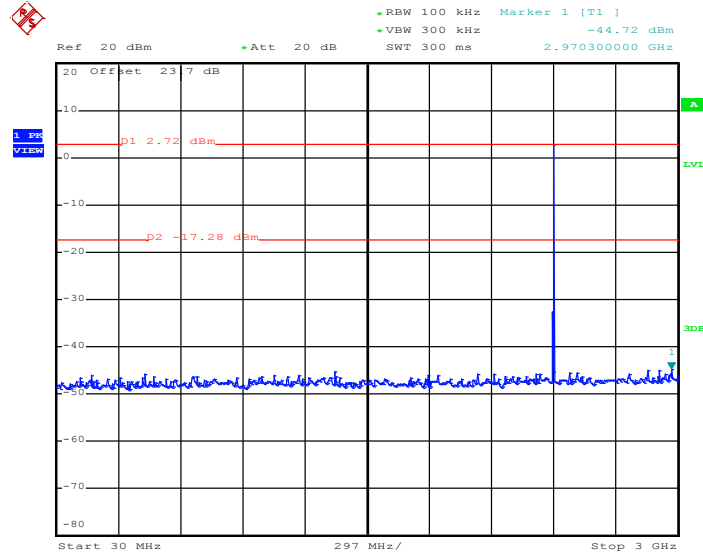


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:11:52



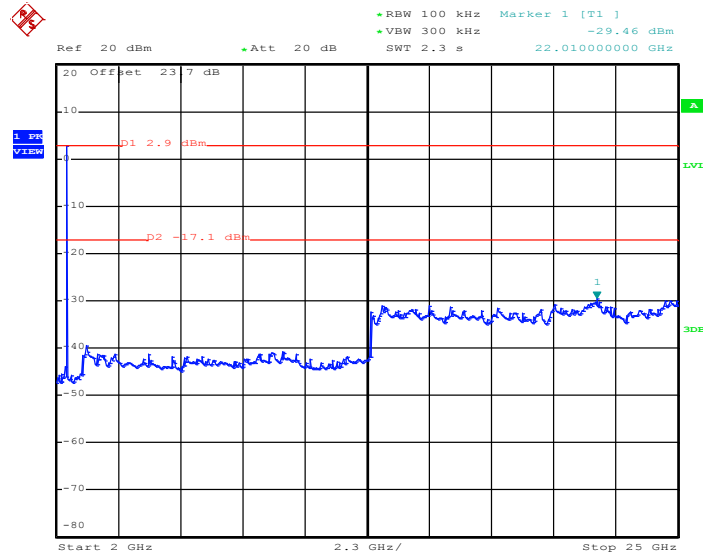
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 19.AUG.2016 18:35:24

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

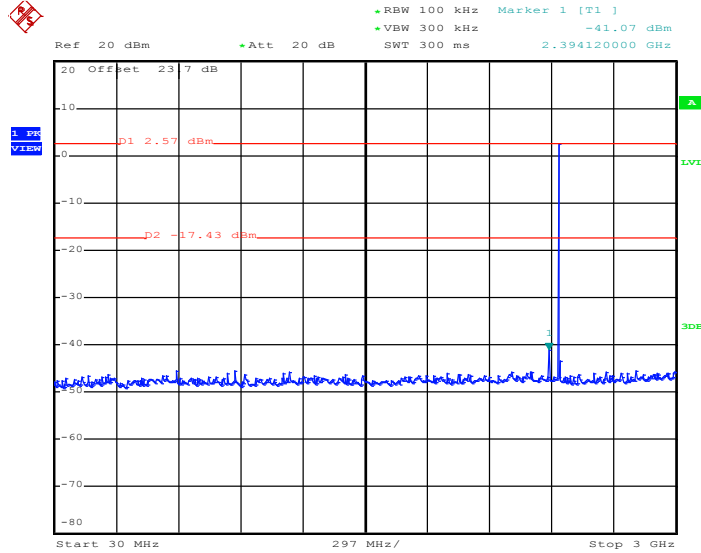


Date: 19.AUG.2016 18:39:36



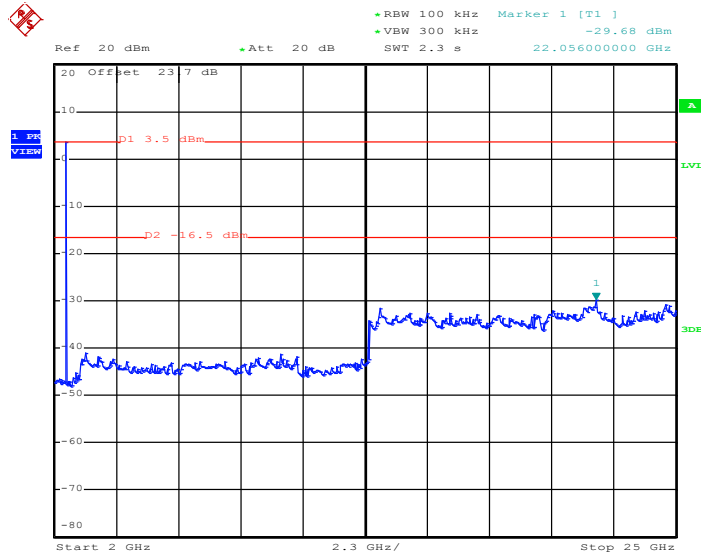
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:14:46

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

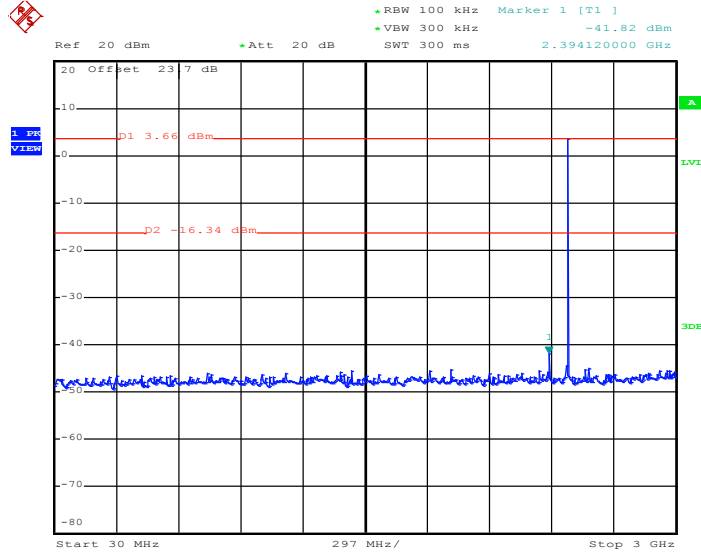


Date: 14.AUG.2016 17:15:07



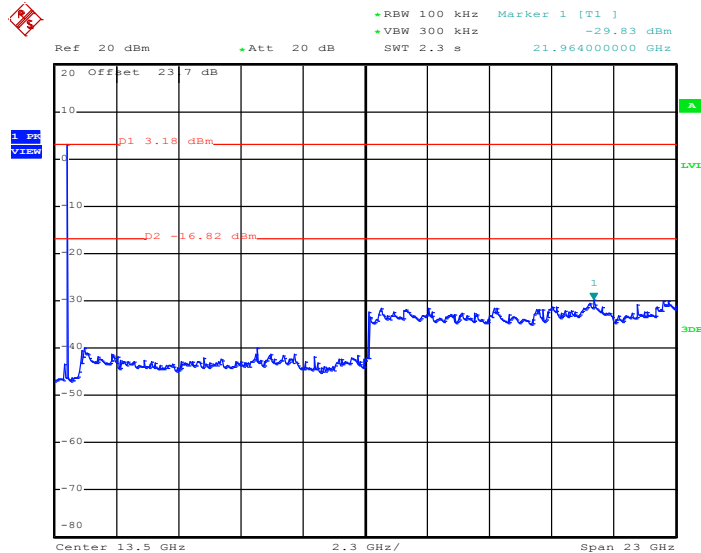
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24-26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	48-51%
		Test Engineer :	Aking Chang and An Wu

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 19.AUG.2016 18:42:05

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 19.AUG.2016 19:05:56



3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

3.8.1 Limit of Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

3.8.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.



3.8.3 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the Antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level to comply with the guidelines.
4. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
 - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for $f < 1 \text{ GHz}$, RBW=1MHz for $f > 1\text{GHz}$; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak
 - (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c).
Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds
On time = $N_1 * L_1 + N_2 * L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} * L_{n-1} + N_n * L_n$
Where N_1 is number of type 1 pulses, L_1 is length of type 1 pulses, etc.
Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle})$
6. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level

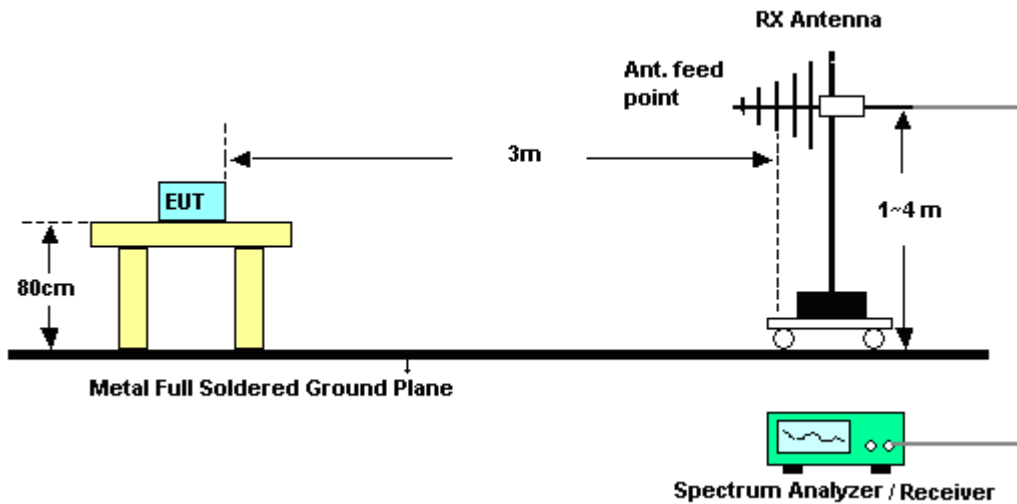
Note: The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (24.76dB) derived from $20 \log (\text{dwell time}/100\text{ms})$. This correction is only for signals that hop with the fundamental signal, such as band-edge and harmonic. Other spurious signals that are independent of the hopping signal would not use this correction.

3.8.4 Test Setup

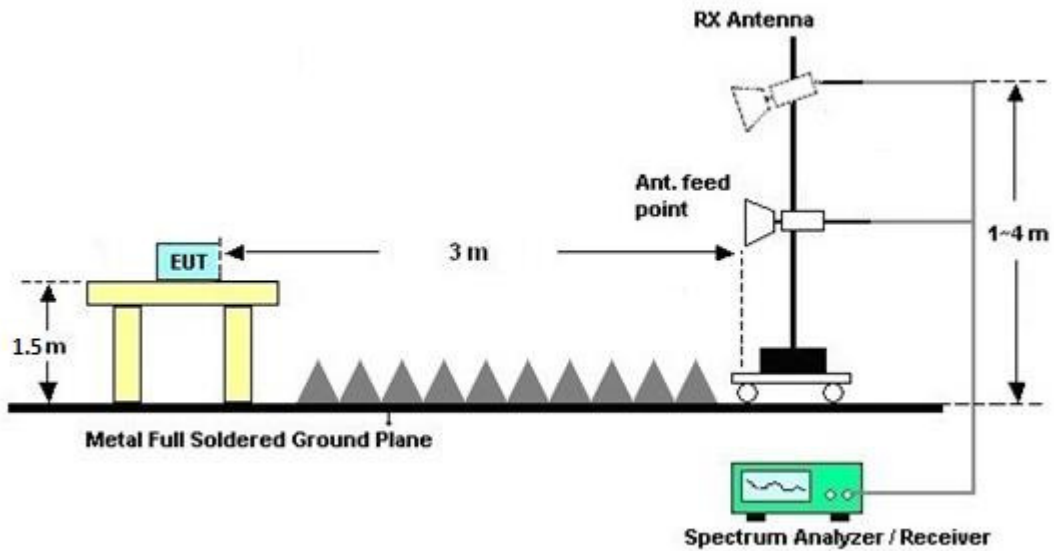
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz



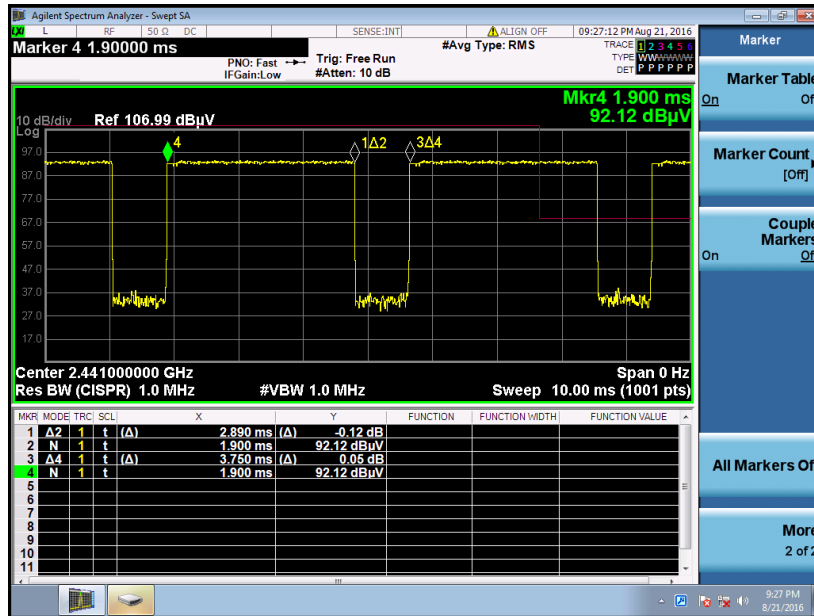
3.8.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

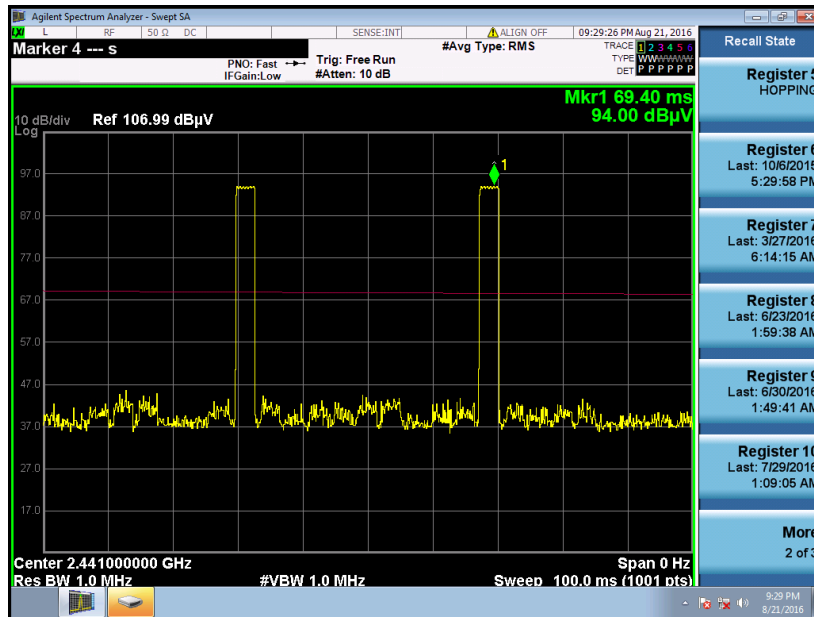


3.8.6 Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement

3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



Note:

1. Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds = $2 * 2.89 / 100 = 5.78 \%$
2. Worst case Duty cycle correction factor = $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = -24.76 \text{ dB}$
3. 3DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.



Duty Cycle Correction Factor Consideration for AFH mode:

Bluetooth normal hopping rate is 1600Hz and reduced to 800Hz in AFH mode; due to the reduced number of hopping frequencies, with the same packet configuration the dwell time in each channel frequency within 100msec period is longer in AFH mode than normal mode.

In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time DH5 packet is observed; the period to have DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is

$$2.89 \text{ ms} \times 20 \text{ channels} = 57.8 \text{ ms}$$

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100ms period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period. $[100\text{ms} / 57.6\text{ms}] = 2 \text{ hops}$

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

$$2.89 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.78 \text{ ms}$$

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time,

$$20 \times \log(5.78 \text{ ms}/100\text{ms}) = -24.76 \text{ dB}$$

3.8.7 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges

Please refer to Appendix A and B.

3.8.8 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10th Harmonic)

Please refer to Appendix A and B.



3.9 AC Conducted Emission Measurement

3.9.1 Limit of AC Conducted Emission

For equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

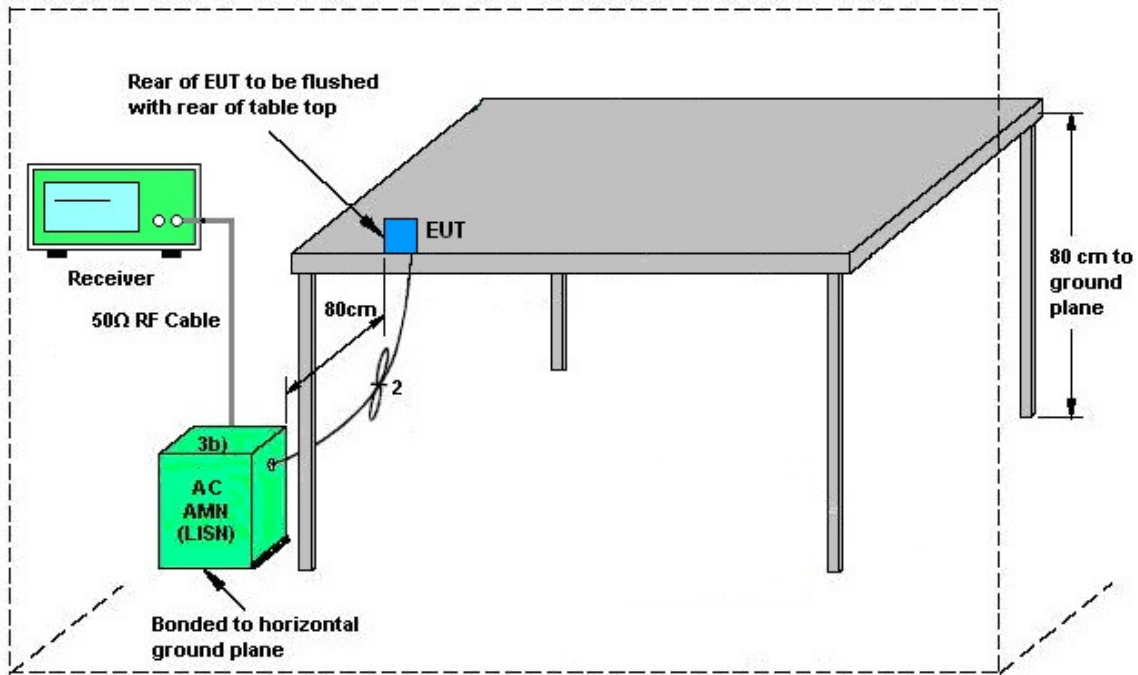
3.9.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.9.3 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed 0.4 meter from the conducting wall of the shielding room was kept at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
2. Connect EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
3. All the support units are connecting to the other LISN.
4. The LISN provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
5. The FCC states that a 50 ohm, 50 microhenry LISN should be used.
6. Both sides of AC line were checked for maximum conducted interference.
7. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched.
8. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and specified bandwidth (IF Bandwidth = 9kHz) with Maximum Hold Mode. Then measurement is also conducted by Average Detector and Quasi-Peak Detector Function respectively.

3.9.4 Test Setup

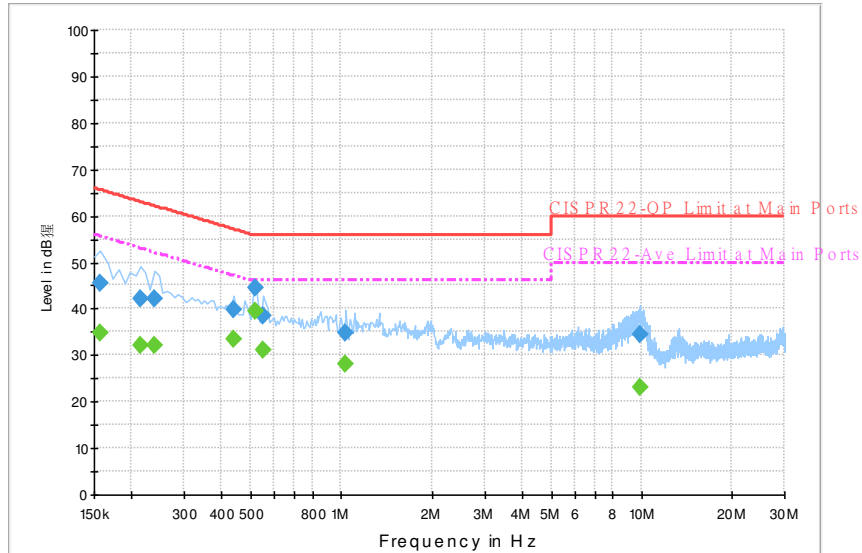


AMN = Artificial mains network (LISN)
AE = Associated equipment
EUT = Equipment under test
ISN = Impedance stabilization network



3.9.5 Test Result of AC Conducted Emission

Test Mode :	Mode 1	Temperature :	22~24°C
Test Engineer :	Eric Jeng and Kai-Chun Chu	Relative Humidity :	51~53%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Line
Function Type :	Digital Scanner charging with EUT (Desktop Cradle) + EUT (Desktop Cradle) RJ-50 to USB Cable 2 + USB 5V Adapter		



Final Result : Quasi-Peak

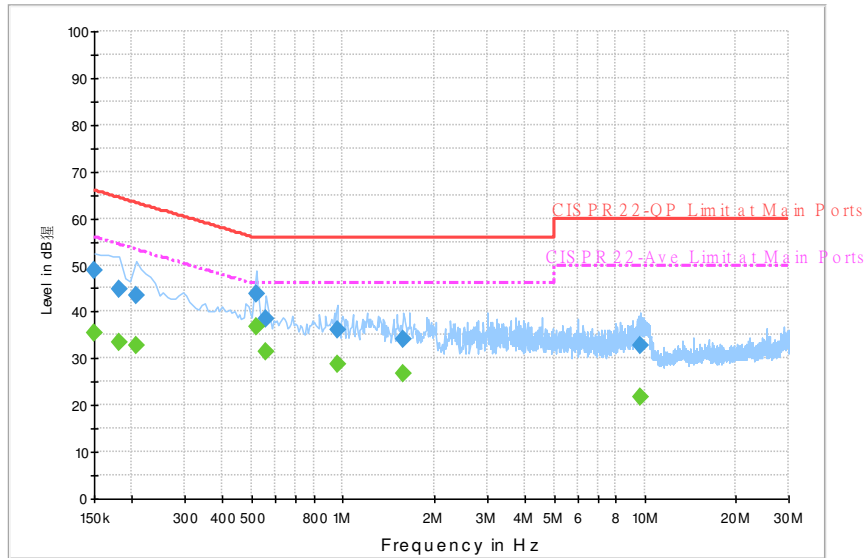
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.158000	45.3	Off	L1	19.6	20.3	65.6
0.214000	42.2	Off	L1	19.6	20.8	63.0
0.238000	42.0	Off	L1	19.6	20.2	62.2
0.438000	39.7	Off	L1	19.6	17.4	57.1
0.518000	44.5	Off	L1	19.6	11.5	56.0
0.550000	38.4	Off	L1	19.6	17.6	56.0
1.038000	34.7	Off	L1	19.7	21.3	56.0
9.862000	34.6	Off	L1	20.1	25.4	60.0

Final Result : Average

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.158000	34.9	Off	L1	19.6	20.7	55.6
0.214000	32.2	Off	L1	19.6	20.8	53.0
0.238000	32.2	Off	L1	19.6	20.0	52.2
0.438000	33.5	Off	L1	19.6	13.6	47.1
0.518000	39.6	Off	L1	19.6	6.4	46.0
0.550000	31.0	Off	L1	19.6	15.0	46.0
1.038000	28.0	Off	L1	19.7	18.0	46.0
9.862000	23.0	Off	L1	20.1	27.0	50.0



Test Mode :	Mode 1	Temperature :	22~24°C
Test Engineer :	Eric Jeng and Kai-Chun Chu	Relative Humidity :	51~53%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Neutral
Function Type :	Digital Scanner charging with EUT (Desktop Cradle) + EUT (Desktop Cradle) RJ-50 to USB Cable 2 + USB 5V Adapter		



Final Result : Quasi-Peak

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	48.9	Off	N	19.6	17.1	66.0
0.182000	44.9	Off	N	19.6	19.5	64.4
0.206000	43.6	Off	N	19.6	19.8	63.4
0.518000	43.8	Off	N	19.6	12.2	56.0
0.558000	38.5	Off	N	19.6	17.5	56.0
0.958000	36.2	Off	N	19.6	19.8	56.0
1.590000	34.2	Off	N	19.7	21.8	56.0
9.710000	32.8	Off	N	20.1	27.2	60.0

Final Result : Average

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	48.9	Off	N	19.6	17.1	66.0
0.182000	44.9	Off	N	19.6	19.5	64.4
0.206000	43.6	Off	N	19.6	19.8	63.4
0.518000	43.8	Off	N	19.6	12.2	56.0
0.558000	38.5	Off	N	19.6	17.5	56.0
0.958000	36.2	Off	N	19.6	19.8	56.0
1.590000	34.2	Off	N	19.7	21.8	56.0
9.710000	32.8	Off	N	20.1	27.2	60.0



3.10 Antenna Requirements

3.10.1 Standard Applicable

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

3.10.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

An embedded-in antenna design is used.

3.10.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



4 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB412923 44	300MHz~40GHz	Jan. 08, 2016	Aug. 03, 2016 ~ Aug. 19, 2016	Jan. 07, 2017	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US404415 48	300MHz~40GHz	Jan. 07, 2016	Aug. 03, 2016 ~ Aug. 19, 2016	Jan. 06, 2017	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	100057	9kHz-40GHz	Nov. 23, 2015	Aug. 03, 2016 ~ Aug. 19, 2016	Nov. 22, 2016	Conducted (TH05-HY)
BT Base Station (Measure)	Rohde & Schwarz	CBT	101136	BT 3.0 & 4.0	Sep. 17, 2015	Aug. 03, 2016 ~ Aug. 19, 2016	Sep. 16, 2016	Conducted (TH05-HY)
AC Power Source	ChainTek	APC-1000W	N/A	N/A	N/A	Aug. 28, 2016 ~ Aug. 30, 2016	N/A	Conduction (CO05-HY)
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100080	9kHz~30MHz	Dec. 02, 2015	Aug. 28, 2016 ~ Aug. 30, 2016	Dec. 01, 2016	Conduction (CO05-HY)
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100081	9kHz~30MHz	Dec. 14, 2015	Aug. 28, 2016 ~ Aug. 30, 2016	Dec. 13, 2016	Conduction (CO05-HY)
EMI Test Receiver	Keysight	N9038A (MXE)	MY541300 85	20Hz ~ 8.4GHz	Nov. 04, 2015	Aug. 28, 2016 ~ Aug. 30, 2016	Nov. 03, 2016	Conduction (CO05-HY)
Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6111D	35419	30MHz to 1GHz	Jan. 13, 2016	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Jan. 12, 2017	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
EMI Test Receiver	Keysight	N9038A (MXE)	MY541300 85	20Hz ~ 8.4GHz	Nov. 04, 2015	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Nov. 03, 2016	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100315	9 kHz~30 MHz	Sep. 02, 2015	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Sep. 01, 2016	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	MITEQ	AMF-7D-0010 1800-30-10P	1590075	1GHz ~ 18GHz	Apr. 15, 2016	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Apr. 14, 2017	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	COM-POWER	PA-103A	161241	10MHz-1GHz	Mar. 18, 2016	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Mar. 17, 2017	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A023 62	1GHz~ 26.5GHz	Oct. 19, 2015	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Oct. 18, 2016	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY534701 18	10Hz~44GHz	Feb. 27, 2016	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Feb. 26, 2017	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Antenna Mast	Max-Full	MFA520BS	N/A	1m~4m	N/A	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	N/A	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Turn Table	ChainTek	Chaintek 3000	N/A	0~360 Degree	N/A	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	N/A	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Loop Cable	Rohde & Schwarz	N/A	N/A	9KHz~30MHz	Dec. 03, 2015	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Dec. 02, 2016	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	MITEQ	JS44-180040 00-33-8P	1840917	18GHz ~ 40GHz	Jun. 14, 2016	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Jun. 13, 2017	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
SHF-EHF Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170 584	18GHz- 40GHz	Nov. 02, 2015	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Nov. 01, 2016	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Horn Antenna	ESCO	3117	00066584	1GHz~18GHz	Sep. 02, 2015	Aug. 21, 2016 ~ Aug. 22, 2016	Sep. 01, 2016	Radiation (03CH07-HY)



5 Uncertainty of Evaluation

Uncertainty of Conducted Emission Measurement (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	2.26
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Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	5.70
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Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1000 MHz ~ 18000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	5.50
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Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (18000 MHz ~ 40000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	5.20
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