

## DFS PORTION of FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E DFS PORTION of INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-247 ISSUE 1

**CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT** 

FOR

802.11ac MU-MIMO, TRI-RADIO, EXT. ANT, 2XGE-US

**MODEL NUMBER: CDR5G** 

FCC ID: UZ7CDR5G IC: 109AN-CDR5G

REPORT NUMBER: 15U22444-E7V1

**ISSUE DATE: FEBRUARY 19, 2016** 

Prepared for ZEBRA TECHNOLOGIES CORP. 6480 VIA DEL ORO DR. SAN JOSE, CA 95119, U.S.A.

Prepared by UL VERIFICATION SERVICES INC. 47173 BENICIA STREET FREMONT, CA 94538, U.S.A. TEL: (510) 771-1000 FAX: (510) 661-0888

NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0

#### **Revision History**

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By	
V1	02/19/15	Initial Issue	Conan Cheung	

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# **1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS**

COMPANY NAME:	ZEBRA TECHNOLOGIES CORP. 6480 VIA DEL ORO DR. SAN JOSE, CA 95119, U.S.A.		
EUT DESCRIPTION:	802.11ac MU-MIMO, TRI-RADIO, EX	KT. ANT, 2XGE-US	
MODEL:	CDR5G		
SERIAL NUMBER:	15285522200194		
DATE TESTED:	JANUARY 26 and FEBRUARY 03, 20	016	
	APPLICABLE STANDARDS		
ST	ANDARD	TEST RESULTS	
DFS Portion of CF	FR 47 Part 15 Subpart E	Pass	
INDUSTRY CAN	IADA RSS-247 Issue 1	Pass	

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note:** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government.

Approved & Released For UL Verification Services Inc. By:

Prepared By:

CONAN CHEUNG PROJECT LEAD UL Verification Services Inc.

Henry Lau EMC ENGINEER UL Verification Services Inc.

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# 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with the DFS portion of FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15, FCC 06-96, FCC KDB 789033, KDB 905462 D02 and D03, ANSI C63.10-2013, RSS-247 Issue 1.

# 3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA.

UL Verification Services, Inc. is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <u>http://ts.nist.gov/standards/scopes/2000650.htm</u>.

# 4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

# 4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

# 4.2. SAMPLE CALCULATION

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

Field Strength (dBuV/m) = Measured Voltage (dBuV) + Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) – Preamp Gain (dB) 36.5 dBuV + 18.7 dB/m + 0.6 dB – 26.9 dB = 28.9 dBuV/m

# 4.3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Conducted Disturbance, 0.15 to 30 MHz	± 3.52 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 30 to 1000 MHz	± 4.94 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 1 to 6 GHz	± 3.86 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 6 to 18 GHz	± 4.23 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 18 to 26 GHz	± 5.30 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 26 to 40 GHz	± 5.23 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

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# 5. DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION

# 5.1. OVERVIEW

## 5.1.1. LIMITS

#### INDUSTRY CANADA

IC RSS-247 is closely harmonized with FCC Part 15 DFS rules. The deviations are as follows:

RSS-247 Issue 1

Note: For the band 5600–5650 MHz, no operation is permitted.

Until further notice, devices subject to this annex shall not be capable of transmitting in the band 5600–5650 MHz. This restriction is for the protection of Environment Canada weather radars operating in this band.

#### FCC

§15.407 (h), FCC KDB 905462 D02 "COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR UNLICENSED-NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEVICES OPERATING IN THE 5250-5350 MHz AND 5470-5725 MHz BANDS INCORPORATING DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION" and KDB 905462 D03 "U-NII CLIENT DEVICES WITHOUT RADAR DETECTION CAPABILITY".

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## Table 1: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

Requirement	Operational Mode			
	Master	Client (without radar detection)	Client (with radar detection)	
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes	
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes	

#### Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Requirement	Operational Mode			
	Master	Client (without DFS)	Client (with DFS)	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes	

Additional requirements for	Master Device or Client with	Client				
devices with multiple bandwidth	Radar DFS	(without DFS)				
modes						
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and	All BW modes must be	Not required				
Statistical Performance Check	tested					
Channel Move Time and Channel	Test using widest BW mode	Test using the				
Closing Transmission Time	available	widest BW mode				
		available for the link				
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required				
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include						
several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the						
radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in all 20						
MHz channel blocks and a null freque	ency between the bonded 20 MHz	channel blocks.				

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# Table 3: Interference Threshold values, Master or Client incorporating In-ServiceMonitoring

Maximum Transmit Power	Value			
	(see notes)			
E.I.R.P. ≥ 200 mill watt	-64 dBm			
E.I.R.P. < 200 mill watt and	-62 dBm			
power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz				
E.I.R.P. < 200 mill watt that do not meet power spectral	-64 dBm			
density requirement				
<b>Note 1:</b> This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna <b>Note 2:</b> Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude				
of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS				
response.				
<b>Note 3:</b> E.I.R.P. is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB publication 662911 D01.				

Table 4: DFS Response	e requirement values
-----------------------	----------------------

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds (See Note 1)
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + approx. 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. (See Notes 1 and 2)
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U- NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. (See Note 3)

**Note 1:** *Channel Move Time* and the *Channel Closing Transmission Time* should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

**Note 2:** The *Channel Closing Transmission Time* is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the *Channel Move Time* plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a *Channel* move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

**Note 3:** During the *U-NII Detection Bandwidth* detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

#### Table 5 – Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar	Pulse	PRI	Pulses	Minimum	Minimum			
Туре	Width	(usec)		Percentage	Trials			
	(usec)			of Successful				
				Detection				
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note			
					1			
1	1	Test A: 15 unique		60%	30			
		PRI values randomly						
		selected from the list	Roundup:					
		of 23 PRI values in	{(1/360) x (19 x 10 <sup>6</sup> PRI <sub>usec</sub> )}					
		table 5a						
		Test B: 15 unique						
		PRI values randomly						
		selected within the						
		range of 518-3066						
		usec. With a						
		minimum increment						
		of 1 usec, excluding						
		PRI values selected						
		in Test A						
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30			
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30			
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30			
	Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4) 80% 120							
		•	ld be used for the Detection Bai	ndwidth test, Ch	annel			
Move T	Move Time, and Channel Closing Time tests.							

Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Signal

Radar	Pulse	Chirp	PRI	Pulses	Number	Minimum	Minimum	
Waveform	Width	Width	(µsec)	per	of	Percentage	Trials	
Туре	(µsec)	(MHz)		Burst	Bursts	of Successful		
						Detection		
5	50-100	5-20	1000-	1-3	8-20	80%	30	
			2000					

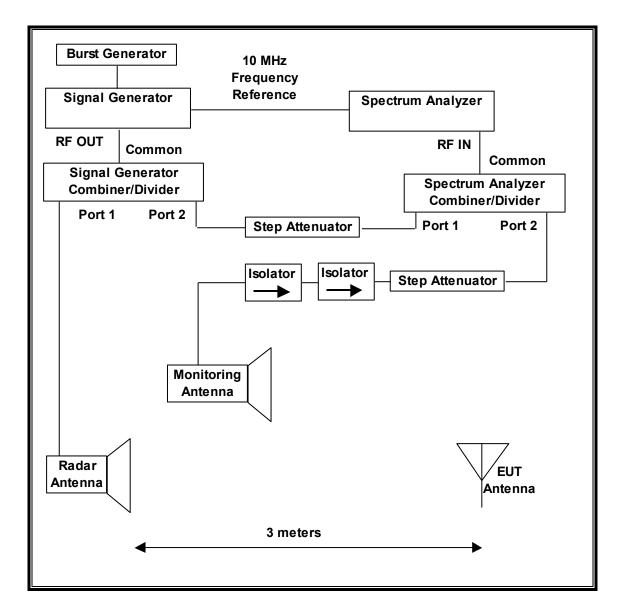
#### Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal

Radar	Pulse	PRI	Pulses	Hopping	Hopping	Minimum	Minimum
Waveform	Width	(µsec)	per	Rate	Sequence	Percentage of	Trials
Туре	(µsec)		Нор	(kHz)	Length	Successful	
					(msec)	Detection	
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

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## 5.1.2. TEST AND MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

#### RADIATED METHOD SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



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#### SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The short pulse and long pulse signal generating system utilizes the NTIA software. The Vector Signal Generator has been validated by the NTIA. The hopping signal generating system utilizes the CCS simulated hopping method and system, which has been validated by the DoD, FCC and NTIA. The software selects waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type on a random basis using uniform distribution.

The short pulse types 1, 2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time.

The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of KDB 905462 D02. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from  $F_L$  to  $F_H$  for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

#### SYSTEM CALIBRATION

A 50-ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected to a horn antenna via a coaxial cable, with the reference level offset set to (horn antenna gain – coaxial cable loss). The signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of –64 dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyzer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. The Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer is adjusted so that the displayed amplitude of the signal is –64 dBm.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of –64 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

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#### ADJUSTMENT OF DISPLAYED TRAFFIC LEVEL

A link is established between the Master and Slave and the distance between the units is adjusted as needed to provide a suitable received level at the Master and Slave devices. The video test file is streamed to generate WLAN traffic. The monitoring antenna is adjusted so that the WLAN traffic level, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold.

#### TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

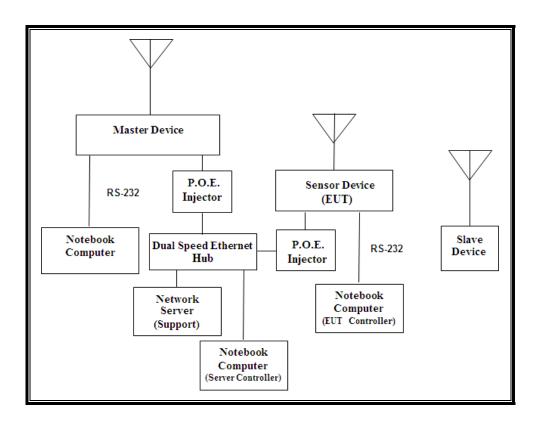
The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST					
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due	
Spectrum Analyzer, PXA, 3Hz to 44GHz	Keysight	N9030A	US51350187	06/01/16	
Signal Generator, MXG X-Series RF Vector	Agilent	N5172B	MY51350337	02/17/16	

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## 5.1.3. SETUP OF EUT

#### RADIATED METHOD EUT TEST SETUP



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#### SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following support equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

	PERIPHERA	L SUPPORT EQUIF	PMENT LIST	
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
Gigabit P.O.E. Injector	Motorola	PD-7001G	D083164410001A4A01	DoC
(EUT)				
Notebook PC(EUT)	HP	EliteBook 6930p	2CE942HWSQ	DoC
AC Adapter (EUT PC)	Lite On Technology	PA-1900-32HT	WBGTK0A1RYQ6IO	
802.11ac Wireless Access	Zebra Technologies	AP-8533I	15285522200142	
Point (Master)	Corporation			
Gigabit P.O.E.	Motorola	PD-7001G	D12406441000474A02	DoC
Injector(Master)				
Notebook PC (Master)	HP	Elitebook 8460p	CNU2032CKJ	DoC
AC Adapter (Master PC)	Lite On Technology	PA-1650-32HU	WCNXA0C3U3SEGF	DoC
Network Server	Motorola	SV-4250-P-1	425A1012459	DoC
Notebook PC(Server)	HP	EliteBook 8470p	CNU25193B6	
AC Adapter (Server PC)	Suzhou Li Shin Electronic Co.	PA-1900-18H2	W97950EBMW4FI9	DoC
Notebook PC (Slave)	HP	Elitebook 8470p	CNU25193C2	PD962205ANH
AC Adapter (Slave PC)	Lite On Technology	PA-1650-32HU	WCNXA0C4L3QDDL	DoC
Dual Speed Ethernet Hub	Netgear	DS108	DS1813CDB690599	DoC
AC Adapter (Hub)	Netgear	PWR-002-004	No S/N	DoC

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# 5.1.4. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

For FCC the EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz ranges.

For IC the EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz ranges, excluding the 5600-5650 MHz range.

The EUT is a Slave Device without Radar Detection.

The EUT can be configured as a Master Device or a Slave Device without Radar Detection.

The highest power level within these bands is 29.99 dBm EIRP in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 29.99 dBm EIRP in the 5470-5725 MHz band.

The highest gain antenna assembly utilized with the EUT has a gain of 10 dBi in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 10 dBi in the 5470-5725 MHz band. The lowest gain antenna assembly utilized with the EUT has a gain of 2 dBi in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 2 dBi in the 5470-5725 MHz band.

Four identical antennas are utilized to meet the diversity and MIMO operational requirements.

The rated output power of the Master unit is > 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is -64 dBm. After correction for procedural adjustments, the required radiated threshold at the antenna port is -64 + 1 = -63 dBm.

The calibrated radiated DFS Detection Threshold level is set to –64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides a margin to the limit.

The EUT uses four transmitter/receiver chains, each connected to an antenna to perform radiated tests.

The Slave device associated with the EUT during these tests does not have radar detection capability.

WLAN traffic is generated by transmitting deauthentication signals from the EUT to the slave device.

The effective channel loading is 1.7%.

TPC is required since the maximum EIRP is greater than 500 mW (27 dBm).

The EUT utilizes the 802.11ac architecture. Three nominal channel bandwidths are implemented: 20 MHz, 40 MHz and 80 MHz.

The EUT can only transmit deauthentication packets in the control channel.

The software installed in the EUT is AP8533 version 5.8.3.0-232839X.

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#### UNIFORM CHANNEL SPREADING

This function is not required per KDB 905462.

This is requirement not applicable to Slave Devices.

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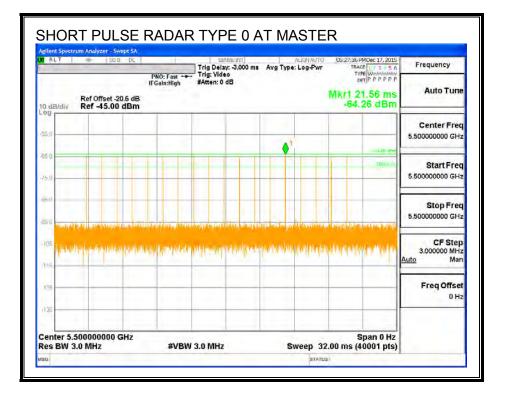
# 5.2. RESULTS FOR 20 MHz BANDWIDTH

# 5.2.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5500 MHz.

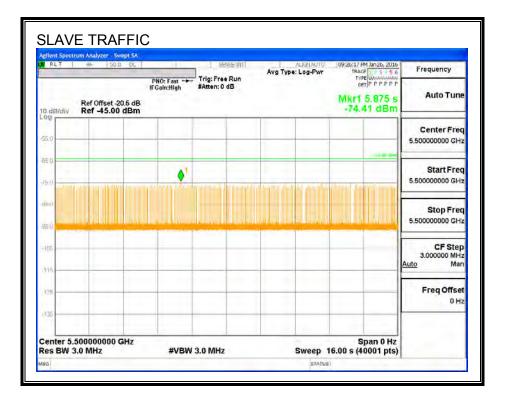
# 5.2.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

#### RADAR WAVEFORM



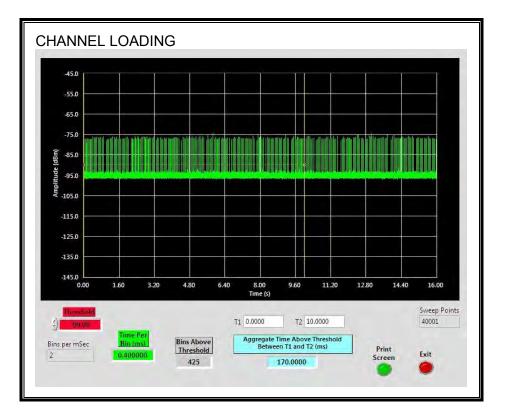
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#### TRAFFIC



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#### **CHANNEL LOADING**



The level of traffic loading on the channel by the EUT is 1.7%

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## 5.2.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

#### **RESULTS**

These tests are not applicable.

## 5.2.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

#### REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) \* (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

#### RESULTS

Channel Move Time	Limit
(sec)	(sec)
0.7512	10

Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time	Limit
(msec)	(msec)
3.6	60

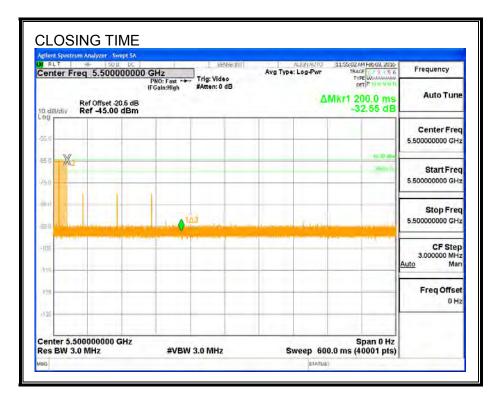
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## MOVE TIME

	500000000 GHz PNO: Fast IFGain:High	Trig: Free Run #Atten: 0 dB	Avg Type: Log-Pwr	11:49:32 AM Feb 03, 2016 TRACE TYPE DET P MM N N 1	Frequency
0 dB/dlv Ref -4	set -20.5 dB 5.00 dBm		۵	Mkr1 751.2 ms -14.65 dB	Auto Tune
50 50 80	<u>_1Δ2</u>			-44 ED (Brit	Center Fred 5,50000000 GH
na 50 m5					Start Free 5.50000000 GH:
(25) 16					Stop Fred 5.50000000 GH2
tenter 5.500000000 GHz Span 0 Hz tes BW 3.0 MHz #VBW 3.0 MHz Sweep 16.00 s (40001 pts) α μασία τας sci					CF Step 3.000000 MHz Auto Mar
2 F 1 t 3 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 0 0 1 2	1.611 s	-64.35 dBm			Freq Offset 0 Hz

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#### **CHANNEL CLOSING TIME**

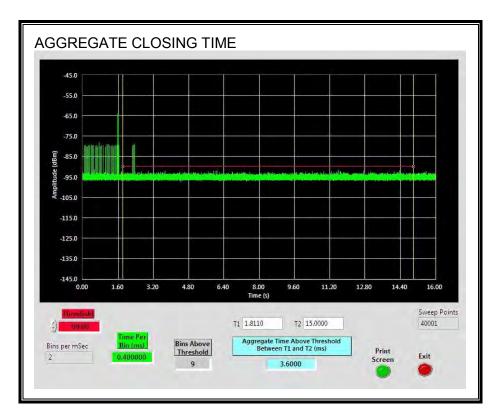


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#### AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.



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## 5.2.1. 10-MINUTE BEACON MONITORING PERIOD

#### **RESULTS**

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during the 10-minute observation time.

glient Spectrum Analyzer - Sw RLT RF SOB		Trig: Free Run	Avg Type: Log-Pwr	10:06:12 PM Jan 26, 2016 TRACE 1 2 3 5 6 TYPE Westerney	Frequency
Ref Offset -2 0 dEl/div Ref -45.00	IFGain:High 0.6 dB	#Atten: 0 dB		AMKr1 600.0 s -29.20 dB	Auto Tune
55,0					Center Freq 5,500000000 GHz
66 0 <mark>%2</mark> 75 0 14					Start Freq 5.500000000 GHz
99 0				182	Stop Freq 5.50000000 GHz
105					CF Step 3.000000 MHz Auto Man
05					Freq Offset 0 Hz
Center 5.500000000 C		W 3.0 MHz		Span 0 Hz 720.0 s (40001 pts)	

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