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FCC/ISED Test Report

Prepared for:

Hunter Douglas

Address:

2550 Midway Boulevard Broomfield, CO 80020

Product:

Shutter Wireless Module

Test Report No:

R20171116-20-01

Approved By:

Nic S. Johnson, NCE Technical Manager iNARTE Certified EMC Engineer #EMC-003337-NE

DATE:

15 December 2017

Total Pages:

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REVISION PAGE

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		Prepared by KVepuri



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1.0 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS				
Standard Section	Test Type	Result		
FCC Part 15.35 RSS Gen, Issue 4, Section 6.10	Duty Cycle	Pass		
FCC Part 15.247(b)(3) RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 5.24	Peak output power	Pass		
FCC Part 15.247(a)(2) RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 5.2	Bandwidth	Pass		
FCC Part 15.209 RSS-Gen Issue 4, Section 7.1	Receiver Radiated Emissions	Pass		
FCC Part 15.209 (restricted bands), 15.247(d) (unrestricted) RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 5.5, RSS-Gen Issue 4, Section 8.9	Transmitter Radiated Emissions	Pass		
FCC Part 15.247(a)(2) RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 5.2	Power Spectral Density	Pass		
FCC Part 15.209, 15.247(d) RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 11.13	Band Edge Measurement	Pass		
FCC Part 15.207 RSS-Gen Issue 4, Section 7.1	Conducted Emissions	Pass		

See Section 4 for details on the test methods used for each test.



2.0 EUT DESCRIPTION

2.1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was a wireless module used to control window blinds. It has transmit and receive capabilities. It is intended to be paired with a remote.

EUT	Shutter Module
EUT Received	11/20/2017
EUT Tested	11/20/2017 - 12/14/2017
Serial No.	PCB: 2008000005
Operating Band	2400.0 - 2483.5 GHz
Device Type	DTS
Power Supply	 18 VDC Power Supply Model: ADS0366-W180200 Input: 100-240VAC, 1A Output: 18V, 2A Note: the power supply was used as a representative "off-the-shelf" sample and the EUT will not be sold with a specific power supply. It contains the required power regulation to meet the modular approval requirements.

NOTE: For more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.



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2.2 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT operates on, and was tested at the frequencies below:

Channel	Frequency
Low	2407
Middle	2440
High	2480

These are the only three representative channels tested in the frequency range according to FCC Part 15.31 and RSS-Gen Table A1. See the operational description for a list of all channel frequency and designations.

The EUT was tested as module. This EUT was set to transmit in a worse-case scenario with modulation on. The manufacturer modified the unit to transmit continuously on the lowest, highest and one channel in the middle.

2.3 DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

None



3.0 LABORATORY DESCRIPTION

3.1 LABORATORY DESCRIPTION

All testing was performed at the following Facility:

The Nebraska Center for Excellence in Electronics (NCEE Labs) 4740 Discovery Drive Lincoln, NE 68521

A2LA Certificate Number:	1953.01
FCC Accredited Test Site Designation No:	US1060
Industry Canada Test Site Registration No:	4294A-1
NCC CAB Identification No:	US0177

Environmental conditions varied slightly throughout the tests: Relative humidity of 35 \pm 4% Temperature of 22 \pm 3° Celsius

3.2 **TEST PERSONNEL**

No.	PERSONNEL	TITLE	ROLE
1	Karthik Vepuri	EMC Test Engineer	Testing
3	Nic Johnson	Technical Manager	Review of Results



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3.3 TEST EQUIPMENT

DESCRIPTION AND MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	LAST CALIBRATION DATE	CALIBRATION DUE DATE
Rohde & Schwarz Test Receiver	ES126	100037	24 Jan 2017	24 Jan 2018
EMCO Biconilog Antenna	3142B	1647	02 Aug 2017	02 Aug 2018
EMCO Horn Antenna	3115	6416	25 Jan 2016	25 Jan 2018
EMCO Horn Antenna	3116	2576	26 Jan 2016	26 Jan 2018
Rohde & Schwarz Preamplifier	TS-PR18	3545700803	9 Feb 2017*	9 Feb 2018*
Trilithic High Pass Filter	6HC330	23042	9 Feb 2017*	9 Feb 2018*
Rohde & Schwarz LISN	ESH3-Z5	100023	23 Jan 2017	23 Jan 2018
RF Cable (preamplifier to antenna)	MFR-57500	01-07-002	09 Feb 2017*	09 Feb 2018*
RF Cable (antenna to 10m chamber bulkhead)	FSCM 64639	01E3872	09 Feb 2017*	09 Feb 2018*
RF Cable (10m chamber bulkhead to control room bulkhead)	FSCM 64639	01E3874	09 Feb 2017*	09 Feb 2018*
RF Cable (Control room bulkhead to RF switch)	FSCM 64639	01E3871	09 Feb 2017*	09 Feb 2018*
RF Cable (RF switch to test receiver)	FSCM 64639	01F1206	09 Feb 2017*	09 Feb 2018*
RF switch – Rohde and Schwarz	TS-RSP	1113.5503.14	09 Feb 2017*	09 Feb 2018*
N connector bulkhead (10m chamber)	PE9128	NCEEBH1	09 Feb 2017*	09 Feb 2018*
N connector bulkhead (control room)	PE9128	NCEEBH2	09 Feb 2017*	09 Feb 2018*

*Internal Characterization



4.0 DETAILED RESULTS

4.1 DUTY CYCLE

Duty cycle measurements were not performed. Peak detector measurements were compliant with average limits so it was not necessary.



4.2 RADIATED EMISSIONS

Test Method: ANSI C63.10:2013, Section 6.5, 6.6, 11.11, 11.12

Limits for radiated emissions measurements:

Emissions radiated outside of the specified bands shall be applied to the limits in 15.209 as followed:

FREQUENCIES (MHz)	FIELD STRENGTH (µV/m)	MEASUREMENT DISTANCE (m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	3
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

NOTE:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 * log * Emission level (μ V/m).

3. As shown in 15.35(b), for frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits by more than 20dB under any condition of modulation.



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Test procedures:

a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table above the ground plane in a 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. The table was 0.8m high for measurements form 30MHz-1Ghz and 1.5m for measurements from 1GHz and higher.

b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.

c. The antenna was a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are used to make the measurement.

d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to maximize its emissions and then the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotating table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum emission reading.

e. The test-receiver system was set to use a peak detector with a specified resolution bandwidth. For spectrum analyzer measurements, the composite maximum of several analyzer sweeps was used for final measurements.

f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

g. The EUT was maximized in all 3 orthogonal positions. The results are presented for the axis that had the highest emissions.



NOTE:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequencies below 1GHz.

2. The resolution bandwidth 1 MHz for all measurements and at frequencies above 1GHz, A peak detector was used for all measurements above 1GHz. Measurements were made with an EMI Receiver.

Deviations from test standard:

No deviation.

Test setup:



Figure 1 - Radiated Emissions Test Setup

EUT operating conditions

The EUT was powered by 18 VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the lowest frequency channel, highest frequency channel and one in the middle of its operating range.



Test results:



Figure 2 - Radiated Emissions Plot, Receive

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
65.100000	25.88	40.00	14.10	99	109	VERT	Y
67.020000	24.97	40.00	15.00	100	106	VERT	Y
69.900000	26.79	40.00	13.20	101	89	VERT	Y
74.520000	25.40	40.00	14.60	99	94	VERT	Y
78.000000	15.76	40.00	24.20	98	0	VERT	Y
82.200000	23.37	40.00	16.60	141	61	VERT	Y

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Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
2414.600000	35.37	54.00	18.60	100	263	HORI	Y
4810.000000	48.50	54.00	5.50	197	0	VERT	Y
7200.000000	42.81	54.00	11.20	370	296	VERT	Y
9622.800000	45.24	54.00	8.80	288	88	HORI	Y

Peak measurements were compared to average limit and found to be compliant so average measurements were not performed



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Figure 3 - Radiated Emissions Plot, Low Channel

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Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
63.900000	24.83	40.00	15.20	99	168	VERT	Y
66.660000	26.16	40.00	13.80	136	153	VERT	Y
69.960000	26.39	40.00	13.60	144	153	VERT	Y
74.760000	26.04	40.00	14.00	143	158	VERT	Y
78.360000	23.80	40.00	16.20	163	84	VERT	Y
84.780000	23.51	40.00	16.50	142	43	VERT	Y
902.700000	27.47	46.00	18.50	399	139	VERT	Y

Table 3 - Radiated Emissions Quasi-peak Measurements, Low Channel

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Table 4 - Radiated Emissions Peak Measurements vs. Average Limit, Low Channel

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
2407.000000	97.30	NA	NA	153	159	HORI	Y
4814.000000	53.09	54.00	0.90	166	12	VERT	Y
7240.800000	44.22	54.00	9.80	99	211	VERT	Y
9613.600000	46.17	54.00	7.80	101	184	VERT	Y

Peak measurements were compared to average limit and found to be compliant so average measurements were not performed



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Figure 4 - Radiated Emissions Plot, Mid Channel

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Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
63.060000	24.51	40.00	15.50	99	138	VERT	Y
65.700000	25.75	40.00	14.20	99	143	VERT	Y
70.320000	26.29	40.00	13.70	104	152	VERT	Y
75.000000	25.15	40.00	14.80	149	157	VERT	Y
78.900000	23.23	40.00	16.80	144	26	VERT	Y
83.700000	22.95	40.00	17.00	163	84	VERT	Y
924.240000	27.74	46.00	18.30	384	231	HORI	Y

Table 5 - Radiated Emissions Quasi-peak Measurements, Mid Channel

Table 6 - Radiated Emissions Peak Measurements vs. Average Limit, Mid Channel

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
2440.000000	96.54	NA	NA	153	164	HORI	Y
4880.000000	52.36	54.00	1.60	167	15	VERT	Y
7320.000000	46.47	54.00	7.50	99	190	VERT	Y
9776.200000	46.87	54.00	7.10	237	154	VERT	Y

Peak measurements were compared to average limit and found to be compliant so average measurements were not performed



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Figure 5 - Radiated Emissions Plot, High Channel

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
65.460000	25.78	40.00	14.20	102	114	VERT	Y
69.840000	26.57	40.00	13.40	100	128	VERT	Y
73.560000	25.39	40.00	14.60	100	79	VERT	Y
75.240000	24.74	40.00	15.30	143	88	VERT	Y
83.040000	22.95	40.00	17.10	170	0	VERT	Y
859.200000	27.04	46.00	19.00	117	344	VERT	Y

Table 7 - Radiated Emissions Quasi-peak Measurements, High Channel

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Table 6 - Radiated Emissions Feak Measurements vs. Average Limit, high Channel							
Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
2480.000000	95.99	NA	NA	153	124	HORI	Y
4960.000000	50.64	54.00	3.40	154	216	VERT	Y
7440.000000	47.92	54.00	6.10	180	360	VERT	Y
9938.200000	46.58	54.00	7.40	165	184	VERT	Y

Table 9 Redicted Emic sions Book Measurements vo Average Limit High Channel

Peak measurements were compared to average limit and found to be compliant so average measurements were not performed

REMARKS:

1. Emission level (dBuV/m) = Raw Value (dBuV) + Correction Factor (dB)

2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Factor (dB)

3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.

4. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value.

5. The EUT was measured in all 3 orthagonal axis. It was found that the Y-axis produced the highest emissions, and this orientation was used for all testing. See the test setup photo exhibit for details on the orientations.



4.3 PEAK OUTPUT POWER

Test Method: ANSI C63.10, Section(s) 11.9.1.1

Limits of bandwidth measurements:

The maximum allowed peak output power is 30 dBm.

Test procedures:

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer directly with a low-loss shielded coaxial cable with 3 MHz RBW and 10 MHz VBW. The RBW was set to a value larger than the DTS bandwidth.

Deviations from test standard:

No deviation.

Test setup:



Figure 6 – Peak Output Power Measurements Test Setup

*0.6 dB of cable loss was used and it was accounted for in the plots

EUT operating conditions:

The EUT was powered by 18 VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the lowest frequency channel, highest frequency channel and one in the middle of its operating range.

Test results:

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK OUTPUT POWER (dBm)	Method	RESULT
Low	2407	-1.09	Conducted	PASS
Middle	2440	-0.85	Conducted	PASS
High	2480	-0.72	Conducted	PASS

Peak Output Power



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Figure 7 – Output Power, Low Channel. -1.09 dBm

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Figure 8 - Output Power, Mid Channel, -0.85 dBm



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Figure 9 - Output Power, High Channel, -0.72 dBm



4.4 BANDWIDTH

Test Method: ANSI C63.10, Section(s) 11.8.1

Limits of bandwidth measurements:

The 99% occupied bandwidth and peak output powers are displayed. The maximum allowed peak output power is 30 dBm.

The 6dB bandwidth of the signal must be greater than 500 kHz.

Test procedures:

Bandwidth measurement was taken at a distance of 3m from the EUT. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 100 kHz RBW and 300 kHz VBW.

The 99% occupied is defined as the bandwidth at which 99% of the signal power is found. This corresponds to 20dB down from the maximum power level. The maximum power was measured with the largest resolution bandwidth possible (10MHz) and this value was recorded. The signal was then captured with a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth and the frequencies where the measurements were 20dB below the maximum power were marked. The bandwidth between these frequencies was recorded as the 99% occupied bandwidth.

The 6 dB bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth of which is higher than peak power minus 6dB.

For peak output power measurements, the EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer directly with a low-loss shielded coaxial cable with 3 MHz RBW and 10 MHz VBW.

Deviations from test standard:

No deviation.



Test setup:



Figure 10 - Bandwidth Measurements Test Setup

EUT operating conditions:

The EUT was powered by 18 VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the lowest frequency channel, highest frequency channel and one in the middle of its operating range.

Test results:

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	99% Occupied BW (MHz)			
1	2407	2.09			
2	2440	2.06			
3	2480	2.05			

99% Occupied Bandwidth

6dB Bandwidth

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	6 dB BW (kHz)
1	2407	875.75
2	2440	865.73
3	2480	857.72



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Figure 11 - 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel

Note: the trace at the top where Marker 1 is located was made with a 10MHz resolution bandwidth and saved on the screen. The trace on the bottom was made with a 100 kHz RBW.



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Figure 12 - 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel

Note: the trace at the top where Marker 1 is located was made with a 10MHz resolution bandwidth and saved on the screen. The trace on the bottom was made with a 100 kHz RBW.



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Figure 13 - 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel

Note: the trace at the top where Marker 1 is located was made with a 10MHz resolution bandwidth and saved on the screen. The trace on the bottom was made with a 100 kHz RBW.



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Figure 14 – 6dB Bandwidth, Low Channel



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Figure 15 - 6dB Bandwidth, Mid Channel



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Figure 16 - 6dB Bandwidth, High Channel

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4.5 **BANDEDGES**

Test Method: ANSI C63.10, Section(s) 6.10.6, 11.13.2

Limits of bandedge measurements:

For emissions outside of the allowed band of operation (2400.0MHz - 2480.0MHz), the emission level needs to be 20dB under the maximum fundamental field strength. However, if the emissions fall within one of the restricted bands from 15.205 the field strength levels need to be under that of the limits in 15.209.

Test procedures:

The EUT was tested in the same method as described in section *4.3* - *Bandwidth*. The EUT was oriented as to produce the maximum emission levels. The resolution bandwidth was set to 30kHz and the EMI receiver was used to scan from the bandedge to the fundamental frequency with a quasi-peak detector. The highest emissions level beyond the bandedge was measured and recorded. All band edge measurements were evaluated to the general limits in Part 15.209.

Deviations from test standard:

No deviation.

Test setup:

See Section 4.3

EUT operating conditions:

The EUT was powered by 18 VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the lowest frequency channel, highest frequency channel and one in the middle of its operating range.

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Test results:

Highest Out of Band Emissions								
	Band edge	Relative	Relative					
CHANNEL	/Measurement	Highest out of	Fundamental	Delta	Min	Result		
010101022	Frequency	band level Level (dBm)		2 0.110	(dBc)			
	(MHz)	dBm						
Low (restricted	2390.0	-104.04	-46.10	57.94	43.30	PASS		
Low (unrestricted)	2340.0	-84.37	-46.10	41.27	20.00	PASS		
High	2483.5	-104.54	-49.18	55.36	41.99	PASS		

*Minimum delta = [highest fundamental peak field strength from Section 4.2] – [Part 15.209 radiated emissions limit.]

From Section 4.2

Fundamental average field strength at 2407MHz for low channel = 97.30 dB μ V/m Fundamental average field strength at 2480MHz for high channel = 95.99 dB μ V/m

Channel 1 minimum delta = 97.30 – 54.0 dB μ V/m = 43.30 dBc Channel 3 minimum delta = 95.99 – 54.0 dB μ V/m = 41.99 dBc

Measurements do not include correction factors and are intended to be relative measurements only.



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The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only.

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The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only. Worst Delta = 36.36 dB > 20 dB minimum



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The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only.

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4.6 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Test Method: ANSI C63.10, Section 11.10.2

Limits of power measurements:

The maximum PSD allowed is 8 dBm.

Test procedures:

1. All measurements were taken at a distance of 3m from the EUT.

2. The resolution bandwidth was set to 3 kHz and the video bandwidth was set to 10 kHz to capture the signal. The analyzer used a peak detector in max hold mode.

Test setup:

The field strength was measured at a distance of 3m and the EIRP was calculated using field strength equation below each plot.

EUT operating conditions:

The EUT was powered by 18VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the lowest frequency channel, highest frequency channel and one in the middle of its operating range.

Test results:

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	EIRP RF POWER LEVEL IN # KHz BW (dBm)	MAXIMUM POWER LIMIT (dBm)	RESULT
1	2407	-10.60	8.00	PASS
2	2440	-12.11	8.00	PASS
3	2480	-11.59	8.00	PASS

Power Spectral Density



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Power Spectral Density = -58.28 dBm + 107 + CL + AF - 95.23 = -10.60 dBm

CL = cable loss = 7.60 dB

AF = antenna factor = 28.31 dB

107 = conversion from dBm to dB μ V on a 50 Ω measurement system

-95.23 = Conversion from field strength (dBµV/m) to EIRP (dBm) at a 3m measurement distance.



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Power Spectral Density = -59.79 dBm + 107 + CL + AF - 95.23 = -12.11dBm

CL = cable loss = 7.60 dB

AF = antenna factor = 28.31 dB

107 = conversion from dBm to dBµV on a 50 Ω measurement system

-95.23 = Conversion from field strength (dBµV/m) to EIRP (dBm) at a 3m measurement distance.



Power Spectral Density = -59.27 dBm + 107 + CL + AF - 95.23 = -11.59 dBm

CL = cable loss = 7.60 dB

AF = antenna factor = 28.31 dB

107 = conversion from dBm to dB μ V on a 50 Ω measurement system

-95.23 = Conversion from field strength (dBµV/m) to EIRP (dBm) at a 3m measurement distance.



Prepared for: Hunter Douglas

4.7 CONDUCTED AC MAINS EMISSIONS

Test Method: ANSI C63.10, Section(s) 6.2

Limits for conducted emissions measurements:

FREQUENCY OF EMISSION (MHz)	CONDUCTED LIMIT (dBµV)		
	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15-0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46	
0.5-5	56	46	
5-30	60	50	

Notes:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

2. The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50 MHz.

3. All emanations from a class A/B digital device or system, including any network of conductors and apparatus connected thereto, shall not exceed the level of field strengths specified above.

Test Procedures:

- a. The EUT was placed 0.8m above a ground reference plane and 0.4 meters from the conducting wall of a shielded room with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). The LISN provides 50 ohm/ 50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
- b. Both lines of the power mains connected to the EUT were checked for maximum conducted interference as well as the ground.
- c. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched. Emission levels over 10dB under the prescribed limits are not reported.
- d. Results were compared to the 15.207 limits.

Deviation from the test standard:

No deviation

Test setup:

The EUT was tested as module

EUT operating conditions:

The EUT was powered by 18 VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the Middle channel of its operating range.



Test Results:





All measurements were found to be at least 10dB below the applicable limit.



APPENDIX A: SAMPLE CALCULATION

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows: FS = RA + AF - (-CF + AG) + AV

where FS = Field Strength

RA = Receiver Amplitude

AF = Antenna Factor

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor

AG = Amplifier Gain

AV = Averaging Factor (if applicable)

Assume a receiver reading of 55 dB μ V is obtained. The Antenna Factor of 12 and a Cable Factor of 1.1 is added. The Amplifier Gain of 20 dB is subtracted, giving a field strength of 48.1 dB μ V/m.

 $FS = 55 + 12 - (-1.1 + 20) + 0 = 48.1 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$

The 48.1 dB μ V/m value can be mathematically converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

Level in μ V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(48.1 dB μ V/m)/20]= 254.1 μ V/m

AV is calculated by the taking the $20*\log(T_{on}/100)$ where T_{on} is the maximum transmission time in any 100ms window.

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EIRP Calculations

In cases where direct antenna port measurement is not possible or would be inaccurate, output power is measured in EIRP. The maximum field strength is measured at a specified distance and the EIRP is calculated using the following equation;

EIRP (Watts) = [Field Strength (V/m) x antenna distance (m)]² / 30

Power (watts) = $10^{Power} (dBm)/10 / 1000$

Voltage $(dB\mu V) = Power (dBm) + 107$ (for 50 Ω measurement systems)

Field Strength (V/m) = 10^{Field} Strength (dB μ V/m) / 20] / 10^{6}

Gain = 1 (numeric gain for isotropic radiator)

Conversion from 3m field strength to EIRP (d=3):

 $EIRP = [FS(V/m) \times d^2]/30 = FS[0.3]$ for d = 3

 $EIRP(dBm) = FS(dB\mu V/m) - 10(log 10^9) + 10log[0.3] = FS(dB\mu V/m) - 95.23$

10log(10^9) is the conversion from micro to milli



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APPENDIX B – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been for tests performed in this test report:

Test	Frequency Range	Uncertainty Value (dB)
Radiated Emissions, 3m	30MHz - 1GHz	3.82
Radiated Emissions, 3m	1GHz - 18GHz	4.44
Emissions limits, conducted	30MHz – 18GHz	±3.30 dB

Expanded uncertainty values are calculated to a confidence level of 95%.

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REPORT END