

Reference: CFR 47 FCC Part 1.1310 RSS-102. Issue 5

Description:

All measurements were peak power readings taken from test reports from accredited test labs. Antenna gains were taken from the manufacturer's specifications where applicable.

Limits: Maximum exposure limits from CFR 47, FCC Part 1.1310:

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)					
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure									
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*100	6					
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*900/f ²	6					
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6					
300-1,500			f/300	6					
1,500-100,000			5	6					
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure									
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*100	30					
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*180/f ²	30					
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30					
300-1,500			f/1500	30					
1,500-100,000			<mark>1.0</mark>	30					

Table 1 - Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)



Occupational/Controlled	0	
General Population/uncontrolled	1	

Transmitter	Frequency	Antenna Gain	Power	Power +10% for tolerance	Power Density	Limit at specified distance	% of limit	Highest	Total
	MHz	numerical	mW	mW	mW/cm^2	mW/cm^2			
1	2412	1.74	180.00	198.00	0.06857	1.00	6.86%		
1	2442	1.74	190.00	209.00	0.07238	1.00	7.24%	1	7.24%
1	2462	1.74	173.00	190.30	0.06591	1.00	6.59%		
2	2407	1*	1.97	2.16	0.00043	1.00	0.04%	1	0.04%
2	2440	1*	1.85	2.04	0.00041	1.00	0.04%		
2	2480	1*	1.74	1.92	0.00038	1.00	0.04%		
3	2405	1*	38.82	42.70	0.00850	1.00	0.85%	1	0.85%
3	2440	1*	27.48	30.23	0.00602	1.00	0.60%		
3	2480	1*	16.44	18.08	0.00360	1.00	0.36%		

TOTAL 8.13%

Distance

20 cm

PASS? YES

Calculations:

Table 2 - Calculations according to CFR 47, Part 1.1310, Table 1(B)

*Note: when antenna gain = 1, the power was measured as EIRP. In all other cases, power was measured conducted.

Transmitter 1: Murata 1DX module on Hunter Douglas Wireless Hub, worse-case mode shown Transmitter 2: Nordic NRF52832, 2.4 GHz band – 3 channels, 1 mode

Transmitter 3: Silicon Labs EFR32MG1 - 3 channels, 1 mode

All transmitters cold be transmitting simultaneously.



Frequency Range	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Reference Period			
(MHz)	(V/m rms)	(A/m rms)	(W/m^2)	(minutes)			
$0.003 - 10^{21}$	83	90		Instantaneous*			
0.1-10	-	0.73/ f		6**			
1.1-10	$87/f^{0.5}$	-	-	6**			
10-20	27.46	0.0728	2	6			
20-48	$58.07/f^{0.25}$	$0.1540/f^{0.25}$	$8.944/f^{0.5}$	6			
48-300	22.06	0.05852	1.291	6			
300-6000	$3.142 f^{0.3417}$	$0.008335 f^{0.3417}$	$0.02619 f^{0.6834}$	6			
6000-15000	61.4	0.163	10	6			
15000-150000	61.4	0.163	10	$616000/f^{1.2}$			
150000-300000	$0.158 f^{0.5}$	$4.21 \ge 10^{-4} f^{0.5}$	$6.67 \ge 10^{-5} f$	$616000/f^{1.2}$			
Note: <i>f</i> is frequency in MHz.							
*Based on nerve stimulation (NS).							
** Based on specific absorption rate (SAR).							

Table 3 - From Table 4 of RSS-102 Issue 5



Table 4 - Calculation according to Industry Canada RSS-102, Table 6

Occupational/Controlled	0
General Population/uncontrolled	1

Transmitter	Frequency	Antenna Gain	Power	Power +10% for tolerance	Power Density	Limit at specified distance	% of limit	Highest	Total
	MHz	numerical	mW	mW	W/m^	W/m^2			
1	2412	1.74	180.00	198.00	0.686	5.37	12.78%		
1	2442	1.74	190.00	209.00	0.724	5.41	13.38%	1	13.38%
1	2462	1.74	173.00	190.30	0.659	5.44	12.11%		
2	2407	1*	1.97	2.16	0.004	5.36	0.08%	1	0.08%
2	2440	1*	1.85	2.04	0.004	5.41	0.08%		
2	2480	1*	1.74	1.92	0.004	5.47	0.07%		
3	2405	1*	38.82	42.70	0.085	5.36	1.59%	1	1.59%
3	2440	1*	27.48	30.23	0.060	5.41	1.11%		
3	2480	1*	16.44	18.08	0.00036	5.47	0.66%		
								TOTAL	15 040/

TOTAL 15.04%

YES

PASS?

*Note: when antenna gain = 1, the power was measured as EIRP. In all other cases, power was measured conducted.

<u>Notes</u>: The minimum separation distance was defined as the closest point from the transmitting antenna to any part of the body or extremity of a user or bystander.

Transmitter 1: Murata 1DX module on Hunter Douglas Wireless Hub, worse-case mode shown Transmitter 2: Nordic NRF52832, 2.4 GHz band – 3 channels, 1 mode

Transmitter 3: Silicon Labs EFR32MG1 - 3 channels, 1 mode

The limit was converted from W/cm² to mW/m² by dividing by 10 $(W \rightarrow mW = .001) \times (/cm^2 \rightarrow /m^2 = 100) = 0.1 = /10$ The power density is calculated as shown below:



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RF Exposure

$S = (P \times G)/(4 \times \pi \times d^2)$ – used to calculate exposure at 20 cm

 $d = \sqrt{(S/(P \times G) \times 4 \times \pi)} - used to calculate minimum distance to meet limits$

1 *mW/cm*² = 10 *W/m*²

S= power density

- P = transmitter conducted power (in mW) G = antenna numeric gain
- D = distance to radiation center