

Report No. : SA130403C25C

Applicant : Janam Technologies LLC

Address : 100 Crossways Park West, Suite 105, Woodbury, NY 11797

Product : Portable Data Terminal

FCC ID : UTWXT85WA

Brand : JANAM

Model No. : XT85

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1991 / IEEE 1528:2003

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 / KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 / KDB 648474 D04 v01r01

KDB 941225 D01 v02 / KDB 941225 D02 v02r02 / KDB 941225 D03 v01

Date of Testing : May 03, 2013 ~ May 10, 2013

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch - Taiwan HwaYa Lab**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

Prepared By:

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Approved By:

Rov Wu / Manager



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Release Control Record

Issue No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
R01	Initial release	Jul. 03, 2013

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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Head SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Highest Reported Body-Worn SAR _{1q} (1.5 cm Gap) (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.26	0.33
PCE	GSM1900	0.17	0.06
PCE	WCDMA II	0.36	0.29
	WCDMA V	0.30	0.39
DTC	2.4G WLAN	0.02	0.05
DTS	5.8G WLAN	0.07	0.22
	5.2G WLAN	0.03	0.22
NII	5.3G WLAN	0.03	0.20
	5.6G WLAN	0.08	0.24
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A	N/A
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		Head (W/kg)	Body-Worn (W/kg)
	PCE+DTS	0.38	0.61
PCE+NII		0.36	0.63
PCE+DSS		0.36	0.39

Note:

1. The SAR limit (Head & Body: SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991.

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2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

EUT Type	Portable Data Terminal
FCC ID	UTWXT85WA
Brand Name	JANAM
Model Name	XT85
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 GSM1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 WLAN: 2412 ~ 2462, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5700, 5745 ~ 5825 Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480
Uplink Modulations	GSM & GPRS : GMSK EDGE : 8PSK WCDMA : QPSK 802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	GSM850: 32.4 GSM1900: 29.6 WCDMA Band II: 23.5 WCDMA Band V: 23.5 WLAN 2.4G: 11.2 WLAN 5.2G: 7.6 WLAN 5.3G: 7.2 WLAN 5.6G: 12.6 WLAN 5.8G: 13.3 Bluetooth: 1.0
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

Battery 1	Brand Name	JANAM	
	Model Name	BAT-T1-001	
	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 2400mAh	
	Туре	Li-ion Li-ion	
	Brand Name	JANAM	
Battery 2	Model Name	BAT-T21-001	
Dallery Z	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 3600mAh	
	Туре	Li-ion Li-ion	

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4/5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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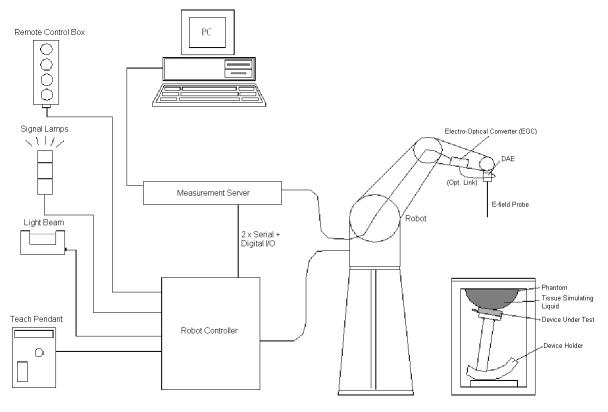
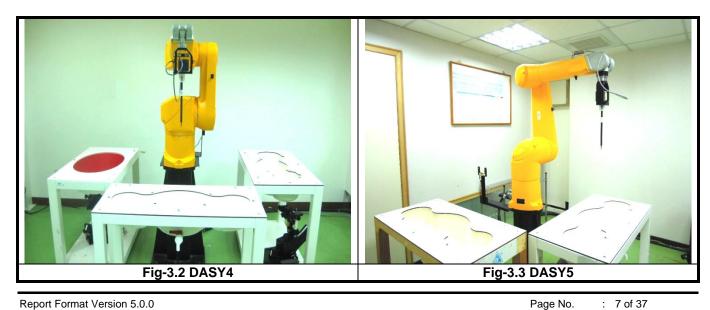


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- · High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,	
Range	400mV)	The delle
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	



Model	ELI
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters



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3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	



Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	S A
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	



System Validation Dipoles 3.2.6

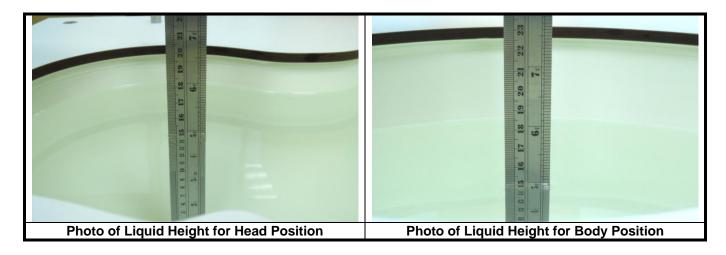
Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

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3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528 and FCC OET 65 Supplement C Appendix C. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in FCC OET 65 Supplement C Appendix C. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

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Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of
1 Cillitary	±3 /0		±5%
	For Head	Conductivity	±3 /6
41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
			0.86 ~ 0.95
			0.86 ~ 0.95
			1.14 ~ 1.26 1.23 ~ 1.35
		I .	1.30 ~ 1.44
		1	1.33 ~ 1.47
			1.33 ~ 1.47
			1.33 ~ 1.47
			1.59 ~ 1.75
			1.71 ~ 1.89
			1.86 ~ 2.06
			2.76 ~ 3.06
			4.43 ~ 4.89
			4.52 ~ 5.00
			4.71 ~ 5.21
			4.82 ~ 5.32
35.3	•	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
			0.91 ~ 1.01
			0.92 ~ 1.02
55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
		1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
		1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
			1.42 ~ 1.56
			1.44 ~ 1.60
53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0		1.44 ~ 1.60
53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30
	41.5 41.5 40.5 40.3 40.1 40.0 40.0 40.0 39.5 39.2 39.0 37.9 36.0 35.9 35.6 35.5 35.3 55.5 55.2 55.0 54.0 53.8 53.3 53.3 53.3 53.3 53.3 53.3 53.3 52.9 52.7 52.5 51.3 49.0 48.9 48.6 48.6	41.5 39.4 ~ 43.6 40.5 38.5 ~ 42.5 40.3 38.3 ~ 42.3 40.1 38.1 ~ 42.1 40.0 38.0 ~ 42.0 40.0 38.0 ~ 42.0 40.0 38.0 ~ 42.0 39.5 37.5 ~ 41.5 39.2 37.2 ~ 41.2 39.0 37.1 ~ 41.0 37.9 36.0 ~ 39.8 36.0 34.2 ~ 37.8 35.9 34.1 ~ 37.7 35.6 33.8 ~ 37.4 35.5 33.7 ~ 37.3 35.3 33.5 ~ 37.1 For Body 55.5 52.7 ~ 58.3 55.0 52.3 ~ 57.8 54.0 51.3 ~ 56.7 53.8 51.1 ~ 56.5 53.3 50.6 ~ 56.0 53.3 50.6 ~ 56.0 53.3 50.6 ~ 56.0 53.3 50.6 ~ 56.0 52.9 50.3 ~ 55.5 52.7 50.1 ~ 55.3 52.5 49.9 ~ 55.1 51.3 48.7 ~ 53.9 49.0 46.6 ~ 51.5 48.9 46.5 ~ 51.3	41.5 39.4 ~ 43.6 0.90 41.5 39.4 ~ 43.6 0.97 40.5 38.5 ~ 42.5 1.20 40.3 38.3 ~ 42.3 1.29 40.1 38.1 ~ 42.1 1.37 40.0 38.0 ~ 42.0 1.40 40.0 38.0 ~ 42.0 1.40 40.0 38.0 ~ 42.0 1.40 40.0 38.0 ~ 42.0 1.40 39.5 37.5 ~ 41.5 1.67 39.2 37.2 ~ 41.2 1.80 39.0 37.1 ~ 41.0 1.96 37.9 36.0 ~ 39.8 2.91 36.0 34.2 ~ 37.8 4.66 35.9 34.1 ~ 37.7 4.76 35.6 33.8 ~ 37.4 4.96 35.5 33.7 ~ 37.3 5.07 35.3 33.5 ~ 37.1 5.27 For Body 55.5 52.7 ~ 58.3 0.96 55.2 52.4 ~ 58.0 0.97 55.0 52.3 ~ 57.8 1.05 54.0 51.3 ~ 56.7 1.30 53.8 51.1 ~ 56.5 1.40

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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	1	0.1	-	1	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	1	0.1	-	1	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	ı	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	1	0.3	-	1	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	ı	0.3	-	ı	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	ı	0.2	-	ı	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	1	0.4	-	1	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	•	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

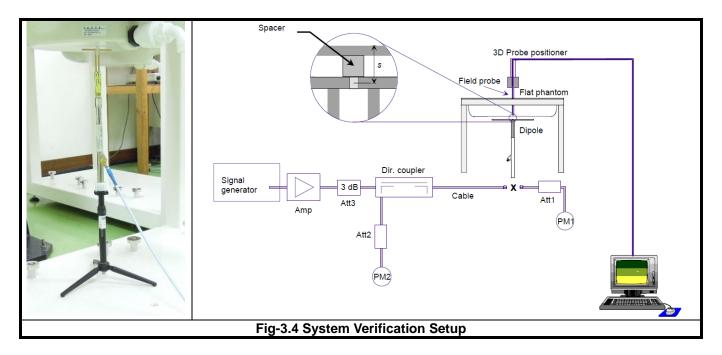
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3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The power meter PM1 measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664D01v01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator (Agilent E5515C). Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

For GSM850, the power control level is set to 5. For GPRS850 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 5. For EDGE850 (8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 8. For GSM1900, the power control level is set to 0. For GPRS1900 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 0. For EDGE1900 (8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 2.

For WCDMA, head and body SAR is tested under 12.2k RMC mode with power control set all up bits. SAR for AMR is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC. SAR for HSDPA/HSUPA is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC without HSDPA/HSUPA and SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is less than 75% of the SAR limit (1.2 W/kg).

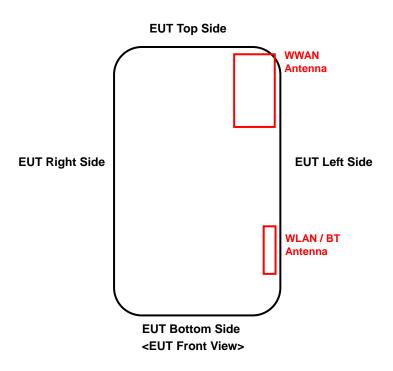
For WLAN SAR testing, the EUT has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. According to KDB 248227 D01, WLAN SAR should tested at the lowest data rate, and testing at higher data rate is not required when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. Since the WLAN power at lowest data rate has highest output power, WLAN SAR for this device was performed at the lowest data rate as set in 1 Mbps for 802.11b, and 6 Mbps for 802.11a. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and the duty factor is 1 during WLAN SAR testing.

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<Antenna Location>



The separation distance for antenna to edge:

Antenna	To Top Side (mm)	To Bottom Side (mm)	To Left Side (mm)	To Right Side (mm)
WWAN	4.74	97.50	3.99	56.38
WLAN / BT	96.00	28.60	5.08	66.07

The simultaneous transmission possibilities are listed as below.

Simultaneous TX Combination	Configuration	Head (Voice)	Body Worn (Voice)	Hotspot (Data)
1	GSM850 (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	No
2	GSM1900 (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	No
3	WCDMA II (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	No
4	WCDMA V (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	No
5	GSM850 (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	Yes	Yes	No
6	GSM1900 (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	Yes	Yes	No
7	WCDMA II (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	Yes	Yes	No
8	WCDMA V (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	Yes	Yes	No

Note:

1. The WLAN and BT cannot transmit simultaneously, so there is no co-location test requirement for WLAN and BT.

2. This device does not support VoIP and wireless hotspot capability.

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4.2 EUT Testing Position

According to KDB 648474 D04v01, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, and Body-worn accessory configurations described in the following subsections.

4.2.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2003 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

- 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset
- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

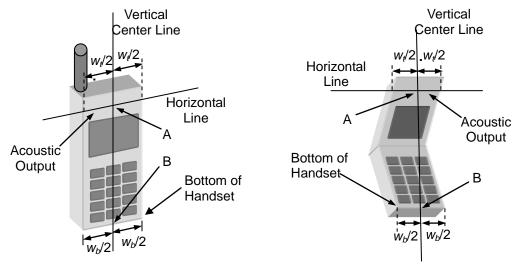


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

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2. Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.2).

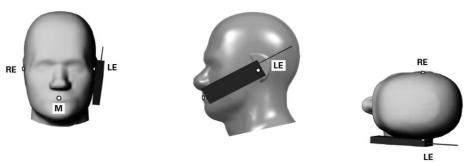


Fig-4.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

3. Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.3).



Fig-4.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

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4.2.2 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required.

A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.

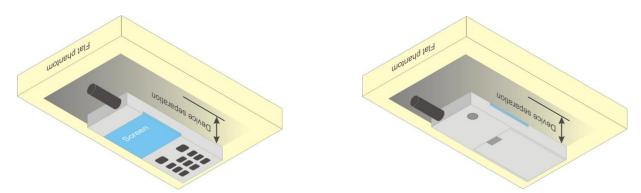


Fig-4.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

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4.2.3 SAR Test Exclusions

According to KDB 447498 D01v05, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

$$\frac{\text{Max.Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min.Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

	Max.	Max.		Head		Body-Worn			
Mode	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (mW)	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	Require SAR Testing?	
BT	1.0	1	5	10	No	15	29	No	

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
May 04, 2013	Head	835	20.2	0.886	42.271	0.90	41.5	-1.56	1.86
May 04, 2013	Head	1900	20.5	1.431	40.059	1.40	40.0	2.21	0.15
May 09, 2013	Head	2450	20.3	1.886	38.615	1.80	39.2	4.78	-1.49
May 09, 2013	Head	5200	20.3	4.688	36.999	4.66	36.0	0.60	2.78
May 09, 2013	Head	5300	20.5	4.81	36.791	4.76	35.9	1.05	2.48
May 09, 2013	Head	5600	20.3	5.189	36.13	5.07	35.5	2.35	1.77
May 10, 2013	Head	5800	20.3	5.421	35.684	5.27	35.3	2.87	1.09
May 03, 2013	Body	835	20.5	0.973	54.062	0.97	55.2	0.31	-2.06
May 03, 2013	Body	1900	20.3	1.553	51.888	1.52	53.3	2.17	-2.65
May 07, 2013	Body	2450	20.5	1.986	51.449	1.95	52.7	1.85	-2.37
May 07, 2013	Body	5200	20.4	5.419	47.814	5.30	49.0	2.25	-2.42
May 08, 2013	Body	5300	20.3	5.56	47.605	5.42	48.9	2.58	-2.65
May 09, 2013	Body	5600	20.3	5.872	46.679	5.77	48.5	1.77	-3.75
May 08, 2013	Body	5800	20.4	6.253	46.596	6.00	48.2	4.22	-3.33

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2\%$.

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4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01v01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Total	Deeke			Measured	Measured	Va	lidation for C	w	Valida	tion for Modu	lation
Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibrati	on Point	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
May 04, 2013	3661	Head	835	0.886	42.271	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
May 04, 2013	3661	Head	1900	1.431	40.059	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
May 09, 2013	3661	Head	2450	1.886	38.615	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 09, 2013	3661	Head	5200	4.688	36.999	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 09, 2013	3661	Head	5300	4.81	36.791	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 09, 2013	3661	Head	5600	5.189	36.13	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 10, 2013	3661	Head	5800	5.421	35.684	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 03, 2013	3801	Body	835	0.973	54.062	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
May 03, 2013	3801	Body	1900	1.553	51.888	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
May 07, 2013	3864	Body	2450	1.986	51.449	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 07, 2013	3661	Body	5200	5.419	47.814	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 08, 2013	3661	Body	5300	5.56	47.605	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 09, 2013	3661	Body	5600	5.872	46.679	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 08, 2013	3661	Body	5800	6.253	46.596	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
May 04, 2013	Head	835	9.30	2.44	9.76	4.95	4d120	3661	1277
May 04, 2013	Head	1900	40.60	10.4	41.60	2.46	5d036	3661	1277
May 09, 2013	Head	2450	52.50	13.2	52.80	0.57	737	3661	1277
May 09, 2013	Head	5200	79.00	7.98	79.80	1.01	1019	3661	1277
May 09, 2013	Head	5300	82.20	8.07	80.70	-1.82	1019	3661	1277
May 09, 2013	Head	5600	83.80	8.29	82.90	-1.07	1019	3661	1277
May 10, 2013	Head	5800	78.90	8.18	81.80	3.68	1019	3661	1277
May 03, 2013	Body	835	9.44	2.33	9.32	-1.27	4d120	3801	861
May 03, 2013	Body	1900	41.00	9.9	39.60	-3.41	5d036	3801	861
May 07, 2013	Body	2450	49.60	13.1	52.40	5.65	737	3864	360
May 07, 2013	Body	5200	73.00	7.17	71.70	-1.78	1019	3661	1277
May 08, 2013	Body	5300	74.60	7.71	77.10	3.35	1019	3661	1277
May 09, 2013	Body	5600	79.90	7.83	78.30	-2.00	1019	3661	1277
May 08, 2013	Body	5800	73.40	7.63	76.30	3.95	1019	3661	1277

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	GSM850	GSM1900
GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.4	29.6
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.4	29.6
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	29.5	26.9
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	26.4	25.5
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	23.3	22.5

Mode	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band V
RMC 12.2K	23.5	23.5

Mode	2.4G WLAN	5.2G WLAN	5.3G WLAN	5.6G WLAN	5.8G WLAN
802.11b	11.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11g	9.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	N/A	7.6	7.2	12.6	13.3
802.11n HT20	9.9	7.1	6.6	12.2	13.2

Mode	Bluetooth				
All	1.0				

4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Band		GSM850			GSM1900							
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810						
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8						
Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power												
GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.18	32.33	32.35	29.59	29.33	29.38						
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.15	32.28	32.34	29.54	29.28	29.33						
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	29.21	29.41	29.44	26.85	26.55	26.60						
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	26.14	26.29	26.35	25.49	25.23	25.28						
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	23.02	23.17	23.23	22.43	22.17	22.22						
		Maximum Frame	e-Averaged Outp	ut Power								
GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	23.18	23.33	23.35	20.59	20.33	20.38						
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	23.15	23.28	23.34	20.54	20.28	20.33						
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	23.21	23.41	23.44	20.85	20.55	20.60						
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	17.14	17.29	17.35	16.49	16.23	16.28						
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	17.02	17.17	17.23	16.43	16.17	16.22						

Note:

 The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below: Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8)

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Band	V	WCDMA Band	II	V	VCDMA Band	V	3PGG
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233	MPR
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6	(dB)
RMC 12.2K	23.48	23.13	23.09	23.33	23.40	23.50	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.25	22.90	22.86	22.99	23.06	23.16	0
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.54	21.19	21.15	21.15	21.22	21.32	0
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.43	20.08	20.04	20.04	20.11	20.21	0.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.33	19.98	19.94	19.86	19.93	20.03	0.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.57	22.22	22.18	22.86	22.93	23.03	0
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.79	21.44	21.40	21.70	21.77	21.87	2
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.71	21.36	21.32	22.46	22.53	22.63	1
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.86	21.51	21.47	22.18	22.11	22.21	2
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.48	21.13	21.09	20.93	20.86	20.96	0

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode		802.11b						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)					
Average Power	11.11	10.63	10.84					
Mode	802.11g							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)					
Average Power	9.23	9.19	9.17					
Mode		802.11n (HT20)						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)					
Average Power	9.48	9.30	9.83					

<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode		802	.11a	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)
Average Power	7.39	7.58	7.39	7.49
Mode		802.11n	(HT20)	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)
Average Power	7.08	6.80	6.83	6.79

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode		802	.11a							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	52 (5260)	56 (5280)	60 (5300)	64 (5320)						
Average Power	7.20	7.05	7.02	6.99						
Mode		802.11n (HT20)								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	52 (5260)	56 (5280)	60 (5300)	64 (5320)						
Average Power	6.57	6.56	6.48	6.43						

<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode				802	.11a					
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	100 (5500)	104 (5520)	108 (5540)	112 (5560)	116 (5580)	132 (5660)	136 (5680)	140 (5700)		
Average Power	10.30	10.39	10.68	11.16	11.46	12.58	12.59	12.30		
Mode		802.11n (HT20)								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	100 (5500)	104 (5520)	108 (5540)	112 (5560)	116 (5580)	132 (5660)	136 (5680)	140 (5700)		
Average Power	9.42	9.75	10.01	10.49	10.70	12.55	12.61	12.16		

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<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode			802.11a				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)		
Average Power	13.26	13.03	12.41	12.15	11.60		
Mode			802.11n (HT20)				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)		
Average Power	13.17	13.04	12.35	12.19	11.62		

4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Results for Head

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Battery	Scanner	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GSM	Right Cheek	251	1	1	32.4	32.35	1.01	0.02	0.26	0.26
	GSM850	GSM	Right Tilted	251	1	1	32.4	32.35	1.01	0.01	0.093	0.09
	GSM850	GSM	Left Cheek	251	1	1	32.4	32.35	1.01	-0.04	0.117	0.12
	GSM850	GSM	Left Tilted	251	1	1	32.4	32.35	1.01	-0.06	0.076	0.08
	GSM850	GSM	Right Cheek	251	2	1	32.4	32.35	1.01	0.07	0.251	0.25
	GSM850	GSM	Right Cheek	251	1	2	32.4	32.35	1.01	0.04	0.144	0.15
02	GSM1900	GSM	Right Cheek	512	1	1	29.6	29.59	1.00	0.02	0.171	<mark>0.17</mark>
	GSM1900	GSM	Right Tilted	512	1	1	29.6	29.59	1.00	-0.04	0.126	0.13
	GSM1900	GSM	Left Cheek	512	1	1	29.6	29.59	1.00	-0.07	0.119	0.12
	GSM1900	GSM	Left Tilted	512	1	1	29.6	29.59	1.00	-0.08	0.092	0.09
	GSM1900	GSM	Right Cheek	512	2	1	29.6	29.59	1.00	0.05	0.165	0.17
	GSM1900	GSM	Right Cheek	512	1	2	29.6	29.59	1.00	-0.01	0.164	0.16
03	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	9262	1	1	23.5	23.48	1.00	-0.10	0.357	<mark>0.36</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Tilted	9262	1	1	23.5	23.48	1.00	0.04	0.287	0.29
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	9262	1	1	23.5	23.48	1.00	-0.09	0.262	0.26
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Tilted	9262	1	1	23.5	23.48	1.00	0.13	0.2	0.20
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	9262	2	1	23.5	23.48	1.00	0.04	0.334	0.34
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	9262	1	2	23.5	23.48	1.00	0.02	0.289	0.29
04	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	4233	1	1	23.5	23.50	1.00	0.03	0.298	0.30
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Tilted	4233	1	1	23.5	23.50	1.00	0.01	0.108	0.11
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	4233	1	1	23.5	23.50	1.00	0.06	0.135	0.13
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Tilted	4233	1	1	23.5	23.50	1.00	0.04	0.09	0.09
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	4233	2	1	23.5	23.50	1.00	0.01	0.27	0.27
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	4233	1	2	23.5	23.50	1.00	0.03	0.158	0.16

Note:

1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is <= 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.

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Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Ch.	Battery	Scanner	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
05	802.11b	Right Cheek	1	1	1	11.2	11.11	1.02	-0.02	0.018	0.02
	802.11b	Right Tilted	1	1	1	11.2	11.11	1.02	0.08	0.013	0.01
	802.11b	Left Cheek	1	1	1	11.2	11.11	1.02	0.17	0.013	0.01
	802.11b	Left Tilted	1	1	1	11.2	11.11	1.02	0.18	0.011	0.01
	802.11b	Right Cheek	1	2	1	11.2	11.11	1.02	-0.18	0.016	0.02
	802.11b	Right Cheek	1	1	2	11.2	11.11	1.02	0.10	0.009	0.01
	802.11a	Right Cheek	40	1	1	7.6	7.58	1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	Right Tilted	40	1	1	7.6	7.58	1.00	0.10	0.015	0.02
06	802.11a	Left Cheek	40	1	1	7.6	7.58	1.00	0.00	0.031	<mark>0.03</mark>
	802.11a	Left Tilted	40	1	1	7.6	7.58	1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	Left Cheek	40	2	1	7.6	7.58	1.00	0.00	0.024	0.02
	802.11a	Left Cheek	40	1	2	7.6	7.58	1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	Right Cheek	52	1	1	7.2	7.20	1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	Right Tilted	52	1	1	7.2	7.20	1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
07	802.11a	Left Cheek	52	1	1	7.2	7.20	1.00	0.00	0.027	0.03
	802.11a	Left Tilted	52	1	1	7.2	7.20	1.00	0.00	0.000505	0.01
	802.11a	Left Cheek	52	2	1	7.2	7.20	1.00	0.00	0.024	0.02
	802.11a	Left Cheek	52	1	2	7.2	7.20	1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	Right Cheek	136	1	1	12.6	12.59	1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	Right Tilted	136	1	1	12.6	12.59	1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
80	802.11a	Left Cheek	136	1	1	12.6	12.59	1.00	0.00	0.084	<mark>0.08</mark>
	802.11a	Left Tilted	136	1	1	12.6	12.59	1.00	0.00	0.035	0.04
	802.11a	Left Cheek	136	2	1	12.6	12.59	1.00	0.00	0.054	0.05
	802.11a	Left Cheek	136	1	2	12.6	12.59	1.00	0.00	0.062	0.06
	802.11a	Right Cheek	149	1	1	13.3	13.26	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	Right Tilted	149	1	1	13.3	13.26	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A
09	802.11a	Left Cheek	149	1	1	13.3	13.26	1.01	0.00	0.074	<mark>0.07</mark>
	802.11a	Left Tilted	149	1	1	13.3	13.26	1.01	0.00	0.031	0.03
	802.11a	Left Cheek	149	2	1	13.3	13.26	1.01	0.10	0.037	0.04
	802.11a	Left Cheek	149	1	2	13.3	13.26	1.01	0.10	0.052	0.05

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 248227, when the extrapolated maximum peak SAR for the maximum output power channel is <= 1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, WLAN SAR testing for other channels is not required.
- 2. SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11b.
- 3. SAR testing for 802.11n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11a.
- 4. The "N/A" means there is no SAR value or the SAR is too low to be measured.

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4.7.2 SAR Results for Body-Worn (Separation Distance is 1.5 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Battery	Scanner	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GSM	Front Face	251	1	1	32.4	32.35	1.01	-0.06	0.06	0.06
10	GSM850	GSM	Rear Face	251	1	1	32.4	32.35	1.01	-0.08	0.323	<mark>0.33</mark>
	GSM850	GSM	Rear Face	251	2	1	32.4	32.35	1.01	0.10	0.296	0.30
	GSM850	GSM	Rear Face	251	1	2	32.4	32.35	1.01	-0.08	0.129	0.13
11	GSM1900	GSM	Front Face	512	1	1	29.6	29.59	1.00	-0.06	0.06	<mark>0.06</mark>
	GSM1900	GSM	Rear Face	512	1	1	29.6	29.59	1.00	0.03	0.054	0.05
	GSM1900	GSM	Front Face	512	2	1	29.6	29.59	1.00	0.06	0.059	0.06
	GSM1900	GSM	Front Face	512	1	2	29.6	29.59	1.00	0.04	0.049	0.05
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Front Face	9262	1	1	23.5	23.48	1.00	0.12	0.136	0.14
12	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9262	1	1	23.5	23.48	1.00	0.18	0.287	<mark>0.29</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9262	2	1	23.5	23.48	1.00	0.11	0.275	0.28
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9262	1	2	23.5	23.48	1.00	-0.13	0.169	0.17
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Front Face	4233	1	1	23.5	23.50	1.00	0.17	0.073	0.07
13	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4233	1	1	23.5	23.50	1.00	-0.05	0.389	0.39
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4233	2	1	23.5	23.50	1.00	0.03	0.339	0.34
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4233	1	2	23.5	23.50	1.00	0.10	0.31	0.31
	802.11b	-	Front Face	1	1	1	11.2	11.11	1.02	0.04	0.022	0.02
14	802.11b	-	Rear Face	1	1	1	11.2	11.11	1.02	0.02	0.048	0.05
	802.11b	-	Rear Face	1	2	1	11.2	11.11	1.02	0.10	0.046	0.05
	802.11b	-	Rear Face	1	1	2	11.2	11.11	1.02	0.12	0.027	0.03
	802.11a	-	Front Face	40	1	1	7.6	7.58	1.00	-0.12	0.029	0.03
15	802.11a	-	Rear Face	40	1	1	7.6	7.58	1.00	0.16	0.219	0.22
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	40	2	1	7.6	7.58	1.00	-0.15	0.117	0.12
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	40	1	2	7.6	7.58	1.00	0.11	0.152	0.15
	802.11a	-	Front Face	52	1	1	7.2	7.20	1.00	0.00	0.032	0.03
16	802.11a	-	Rear Face	52	1	1	7.2	7.20	1.00	0.06	0.201	0.20
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	52	2	1	7.2	7.20	1.00	-0.19	0.12	0.12
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	52	1	2	7.2	7.20	1.00	0.02	0.122	0.12
	802.11a	-	Front Face	136	1	1	12.6	12.59	1.00	0.00	0.038	0.04
17	802.11a	-	Rear Face	136	1	1	12.6	12.59	1.00	0.00	0.237	0.24
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	136	2	1	12.6	12.59	1.00	0.03	0.221	0.22
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	136	1	2	12.6	12.59	1.00	-0.01	0.227	0.23
	802.11a	-	Front Face	149	1	1	13.3	13.26	1.01	0.10	0.038	0.04
18	802.11a	-	Rear Face	149	1	1	13.3	13.26	1.01	-0.12	0.219	0.22
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	149	2	1	13.3	13.26	1.01	0.07	0.216	0.22
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	149	1	2	13.3	13.26	1.01	-0.10	0.175	0.18

Note:

- 1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is <= 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.
- 2. According to KDB 248227, when the extrapolated maximum peak SAR for the maximum output power channel is <= 1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, WLAN SAR testing for other channels is not required.
- 3. SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11b.
- 4. SAR testing for 802.11n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11a.

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4.7.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01v01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

Since all the measured SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg, the repeated measurement is not required.

4.7.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01v05, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode / Band	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
BT (DSS)	2.48	1.0	Head	5	0.0
BT (DSS)	2.48	1.0	Body-worn	15	0.0

Note:

- 1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
- 2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

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<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.26	0.02	0.28	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.09	0.01	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
1	GSM850	rieau	Left Cheek	0.12	0.07	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
'	+ WLAN (DTS)		Left Tilted	0.08	0.03	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.06	0.04	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.33	0.22	0.55	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		GSM850 + WLAN (NII) Body-Worn	Right Cheek	0.26	0.00	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.09	0.02	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
2			Left Cheek	0.12	0.08	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
_	WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.08	0.04	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Front Face	0.06	0.04	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.33	0.24	0.57	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.26	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.09	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
3	GSM850		Left Cheek	0.12	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
ľ	+ BT (DSS)		Left Tilted	0.08	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.06	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.33	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.33	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.17	0.02	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		l la a d	Right Tilted	0.13	0.01	0.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	GSM1900	Head	Left Cheek	0.12	0.07	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
4	+ WLAN (DTS)		Left Tilted	0.09	0.03	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		D = dr : 14/=	Front Face	0.06	0.04	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.05	0.22	0.27	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head Body-Worn	Right Cheek	0.17	0.00	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.13	0.02	0.15	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
_	GSM1900		Left Cheek	0.12	0.08	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
5	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.09	0.04	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Front Face	0.06	0.04	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.05	0.24	0.29	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Cheek	0.17	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.13	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	GSM1900		Left Cheek	0.12	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
6	+ BT (DSS)		Left Tilted	0.09	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.06	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.05	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.36	0.02	0.38	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.29	0.01	0.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
_	WCDMA II	пеац	Left Cheek	0.26	0.07	0.33	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
7	WLAN (DTS)		Left Tilted	0.20	0.03	0.23	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		De di i Mene	Front Face	0.14	0.04	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.29	0.22	0.51	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.36	0.00	0.36	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.29	0.02	0.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA II		Left Cheek	0.26	0.08	0.34	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
8	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.20	0.04	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Front Face	0.14	0.04	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.29	0.24	0.53	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Cheek	0.36	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.36	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.29	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.29	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA II		Left Cheek	0.26	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
9	+ BT (DSS)		Left Tilted	0.20	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn -	Front Face	0.14	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.29	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.29	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.30	0.02	0.32	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.11	0.01	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA V	Head	Left Cheek	0.13	0.07	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
10	+ WLAN (DTS)		Left Tilted	0.09	0.03	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		D 1 W	Front Face	0.07	0.04	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.39	0.22	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA V	Head	Right Cheek	0.30	0.00	0.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.11	0.02	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.13	0.08	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
11	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.09	0.04	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.07	0.04	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.39	0.24	0.63	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.30	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.11	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
40	WCDMA V + BT (DSS)		Left Cheek	0.13	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
12			Left Tilted	0.09	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.07	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.07	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.39	0.0 (Estimated SAR)	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

Test Engineer: Willy Chang, and Xavier Yueh

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5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Kit	SPEAG	D835V2	4d120	Jun. 13, 2012	Annual
System Validation Kit	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d036	Jan. 21, 2013	Annual
System Validation Kit	SPEAG	D2450V2	737	Jan. 21, 2013	Annual
System Validation Kit	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1019	Nov. 16, 2012	Annual
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3661	Jan. 15, 2013	Annual
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3801	Jun. 22, 2012	Annual
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3864	Jul. 19, 2012	Annual
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	360	Jan. 30, 2013	Annual
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	861	Mar. 19, 2013	Annual
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1277	Jul. 19, 2012	Annual
SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	TP-1652	N/A	N/A
SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	TP-1653	N/A	N/A
SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	TP-1654	N/A	N/A
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QDOVA001B	TP-1039	N/A	N/A
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QDOVA001B	TP-1043	N/A	N/A
Radio Communication Tester	Agilent	E5515C	MY50266628	Nov. 22, 2012	Biennial
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46107999	Mar. 25, 2013	Annual
MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY49060347	Jul. 24, 2012	Annual
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1232002	Aug. 10, 2012	Annual
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207325	Aug. 15, 2012	Annual
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY52220207	Sep. 12, 2012	Annual
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070D	E2-020018	May 14, 2012	Annual
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	110600361	Feb. 20, 2013	Annual
Directional Coupler	Woken	0110A05602O-10	11122702	Apr. 18, 2013	Annual
Power Amplifier	AR	5S1G4	0339656	Apr. 18, 2013	Annual
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVE-8G	001000422	Apr. 18, 2013	Annual
Attenuator	Woken	00800A1G01L-03	N/A	Apr. 18, 2013	Annual

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6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Vi
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.6	Normal	1	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0 %	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.0 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.3 %	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	3.9	Normal	1	1	± 3.9 %	31
Device Holder	2.7	Normal	1	1	± 2.7 %	19
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.2 %	29
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.6	± 3.0 %	29
Combined Standard Uncertai	nty				± 11.7 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)					± 23.4 %	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Vi
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	± 6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.2 %	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %	∞
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %	∞
Probe Positioning	9.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	3.9	Normal	1	1	± 3.9 %	31
Device Holder	2.7	Normal	1	1	± 2.7 %	19
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.2 %	30
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.6	± 3.0 %	30
Combined Standard Uncertain	inty				± 13.4 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)					± 26.8 %	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

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7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

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Tel: 886-3-318-3232 Fax: 886-3-327-0892

Taiwan LinKo EMC/RF Lab:

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Tel: 886-2-2605-2180 Fax: 886-2-2605-1924

Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF Lab:

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The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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