
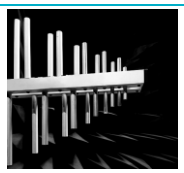
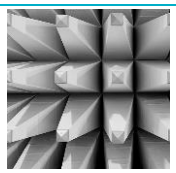

CTC advanced
member of RWTÜV group

Bundesnetzagentur

BNetzA-CAB-02/21-102

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-3182/21-01-08

ilac-MRA DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle D-PL-12076-01-05

Testing laboratory

CTC advanced GmbH
Untertuerkheimer Strasse 6 – 10
66117 Saarbruecken / Germany
Phone: + 49 681 5 98 - 0
Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 9075
Internet: http://www.ctcadvanced.com
e-mail: mail@ctcadvanced.com

Accredited Testing Laboratory:
The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2018-03) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)
The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01.

Applicant

ifm electronic gmbh
Friedrichsstraße 1
45128 Essen / GERMANY
Phone: +49 201 2422-0
Contact: Holger Wenzel
e-mail: Holger.Wenzel@ifm.com

Manufacturer

ifm electronic gmbh
Friedrichsstraße 1
45128 Essen / GERMANY

Test standard/s

CFR 47 Part 95, Subpart M	The 76-81 GHz Band Radar Service
CFR 47 Part 2, Subpart J	Frequency allocations and radio treaty matters; general rules and regulations

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item:	**Area Radar, 77 GHz**
Type:	**R2D200, R2D201 and R2D210 (TR25)**
FCC ID:	**UN6-R2D2**
Frequency:	77.0 GHz – 81.0 GHz
Antenna:	Integrated antenna
Power supply:	10 V – 30 V DC by external power supply
Temperature range:	-40°C to +85°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:

Thomas Vogler
cn=Thomas Vogler, o=CTC advanced GmbH, ou=VOG-211118, email=thomas.vogler@ctcadvanced.com, c=DE
2022.08.17 17:24:38 +02'00'

Thomas Vogler
Lab Manager
Radio Communications & EMC

Test performed:

M. Walla
cn=Meheza Walla, o=CTC advanced GmbH, ou=WAL-200806, email=meheza.walla@ctcadvanced.com, c=DE
2022.08.17 17:51:58 +02'00'

Meheza Walla
Lab Manager
Radio Communications & EMC

1 Table of contents

2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.
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This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2021-12-20
Date of receipt of test item:	2022-04-04
Start of test:*	2022-04-12
End of test:*	2022-05-31
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

*Date of each measurement, if not shown in the plot, can be requested. Dates are stored in the measurement software.

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s and references

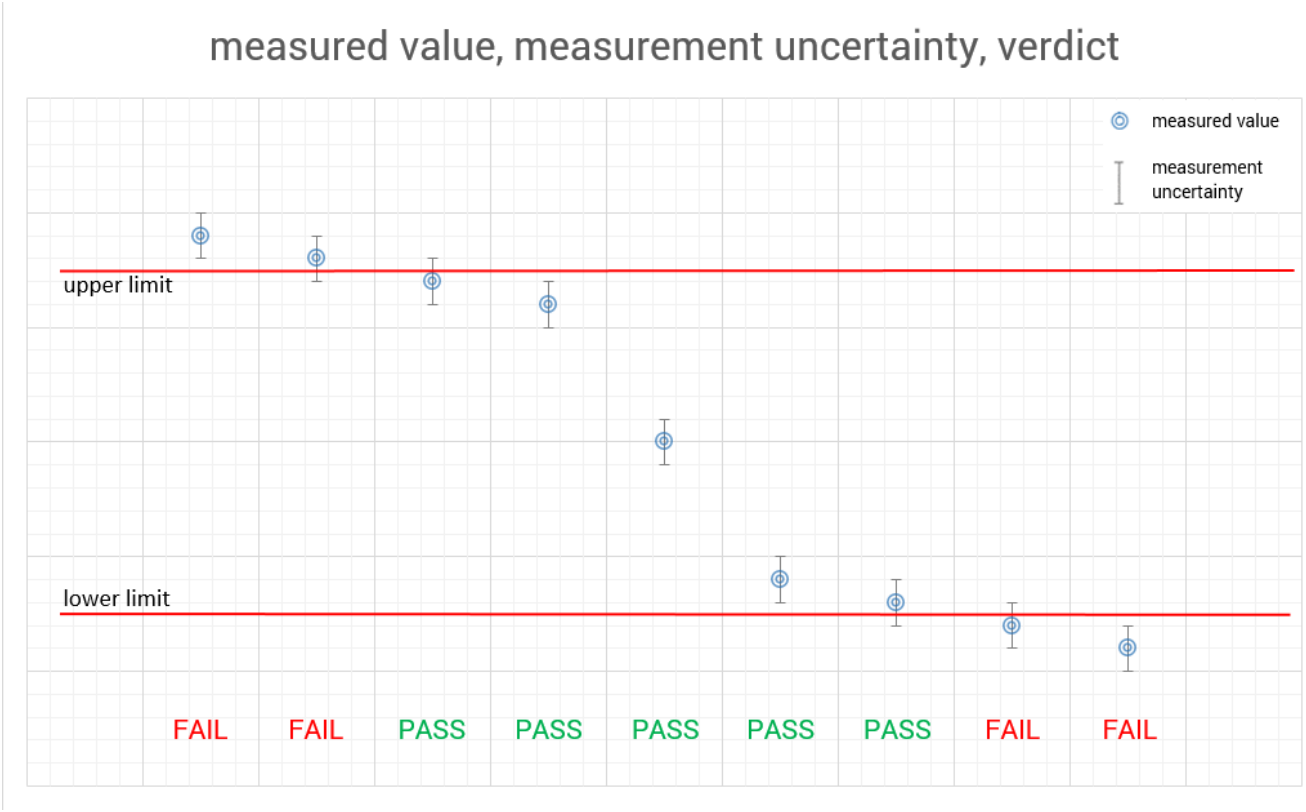
Test standard	Date	Description
CFR 47 Part 95, Subpart M	-/-	The 76-81 GHz Band Radar Service
CFR 47 Part 2, Subpart J	-/-	Frequency allocations and radio treaty matters; general rules and regulations

Guidance	Version	Description
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
ANSI C63.26-2015	-/-	American National Standard for Compliance Testing of Transmitters Used in Licensed Radio Services
KDB 653005 D01	v01r01 2019-04	Equipment Authorization Guidance for 76-81 GHz Radar Devices

Accreditation	Description	
D-PL-12076-01-05	Telecommunication FCC requirements https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05e.pdf	

4 Reporting statements of conformity – decision rule

Only the measured values related to their corresponding limits will be used to decide whether the equipment under test meets the requirements of the test standards listed in chapter 3.
The measurement uncertainty is mentioned in this test report, see chapter 9, but is not taken into account - neither to the limits nor to the measurement results. Measurement results with a smaller margin to the corresponding limits than the measurement uncertainty have a potential risk of more than 5% that the decision might be wrong.



5 Test environment

Temperature	:	T_{nom} T_{max} T_{min}	+20 °C during room temperature tests +85 °C during high temperature tests -40 °C during low temperature tests
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure	:		998-1019 hPa
Power supply	:	V_{nom} V_{max} V_{min}	24.0 V DC by external power supply 30.0 V 10.0 V

6 Test item

6.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Area Radar, 77 GHz
Type	:	R2D200, R2D201 and R2D210 (TR25)
S/N serial number	:	000000000039 (EUT1) 000000000040 (EUT2)
Hardware status	:	see below
Software status	:	see below
Frequency band	:	77.0 GHz – 81.0 GHz
Type of modulation	:	FMCW
Antenna	:	Integrated antenna
Power supply	:	10 to 30 V DC by external power supply
Temperature range	:	-40°C to +85°C

6.2 Additional information

Operating modes as declared by the manufacturer: Normal Mode and High Speed Mode.

Channel power, positive peak power and the OBW were measured on all modulations at T_{nom} / $V_{min-max}$
Tests under extreme test conditions were done according to ANSI 63.10 as worst case mode for given tests:

Frequency Stability:
Normal Mode

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup and EUT photos are included in test report: 1-3182/21-01-01_AnnexA
1-3182/21-01-01_AnnexB
1-3182/21-01-01_AnnexD

This test report is valid for the following electrically identical models with the same radio frontend:

Variant	Hardware status	Software status Frontend	Software status Backend	Remarks
R2D200 (tested)	M04235AA	1.0	1.0.5	basic version
R2D210	M04243AA	1.0		different backend software hardware identical to R2D200
R2D201	M04236AA	1.0		different backend HW and SW (Communication via CAN J1939)

See also ‘Customer Declaration on Electrically Identical Models’ at the end of this report

7 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

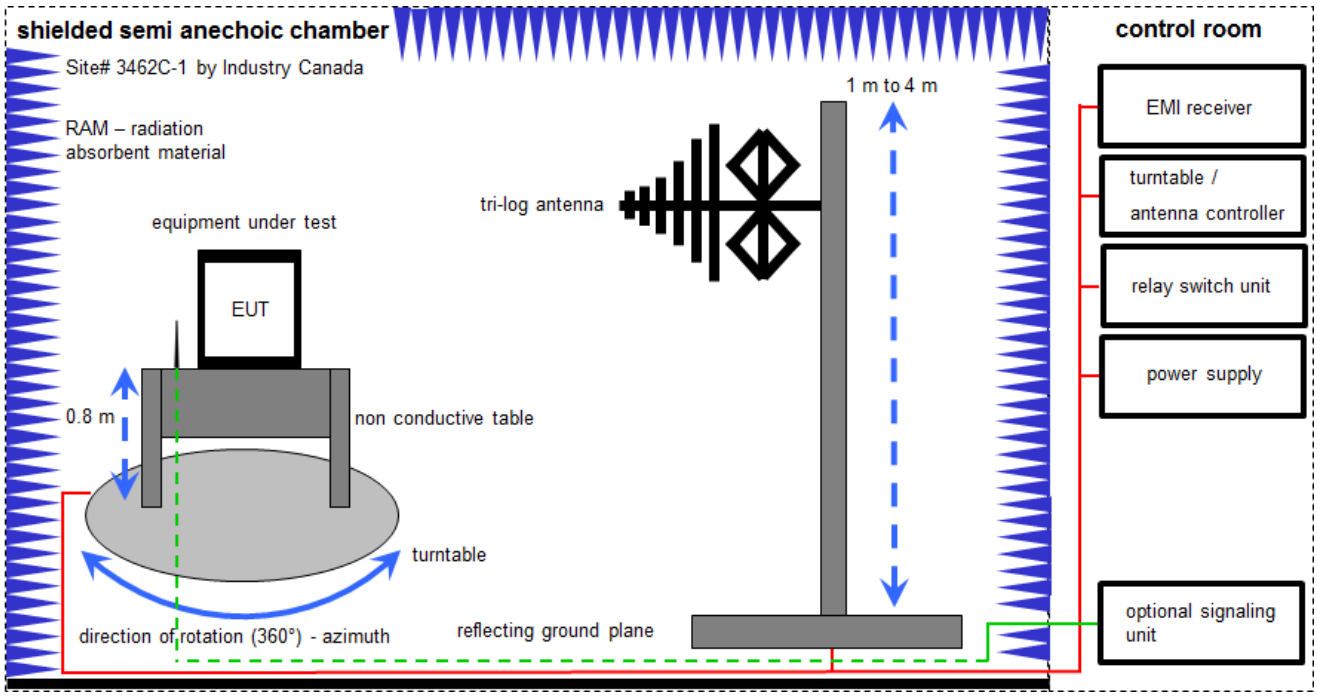
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated		EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)		zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification		izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized		g	blocked for accredited testing
vlkl!	Attention: extended calibration interval			
NK!	Attention: not calibrated		*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

7.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

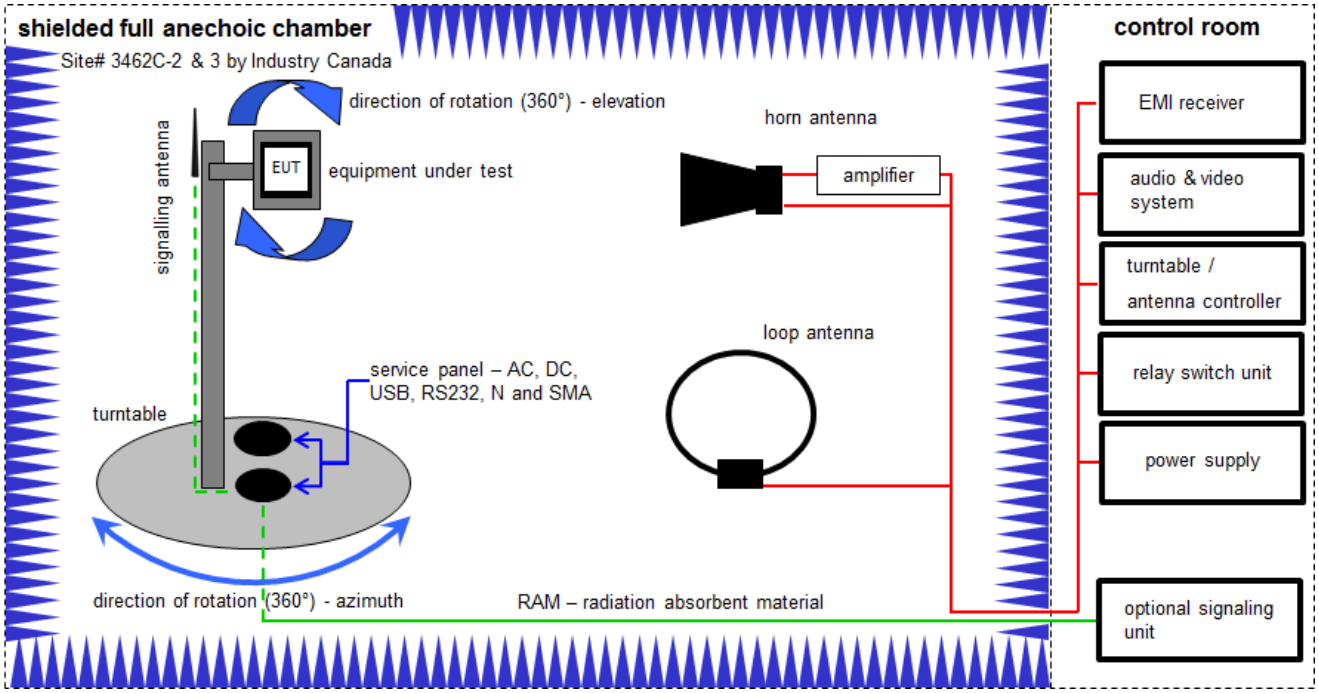
FS = UR + CL + AF
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 12.35 [dBµV/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dBµV/m] (35.69 µV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	n. a.	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP	2920A04466	300000580	ne	-/-	-/-
3	n. a.	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023		300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
4	n. a.	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	09.12.2021	21.12.2022
5	n. a.	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
6	n. a.	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
7	n. a.	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
8	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess - Elektronik	318	300003696	vlKl!	30.09.2019	29.09.2023
9	n. a.	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
10	n. a.	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	Rohde & Schwarz	102587	300005771	k	10.12.2020	09.06.2022

7.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter / 1 meter

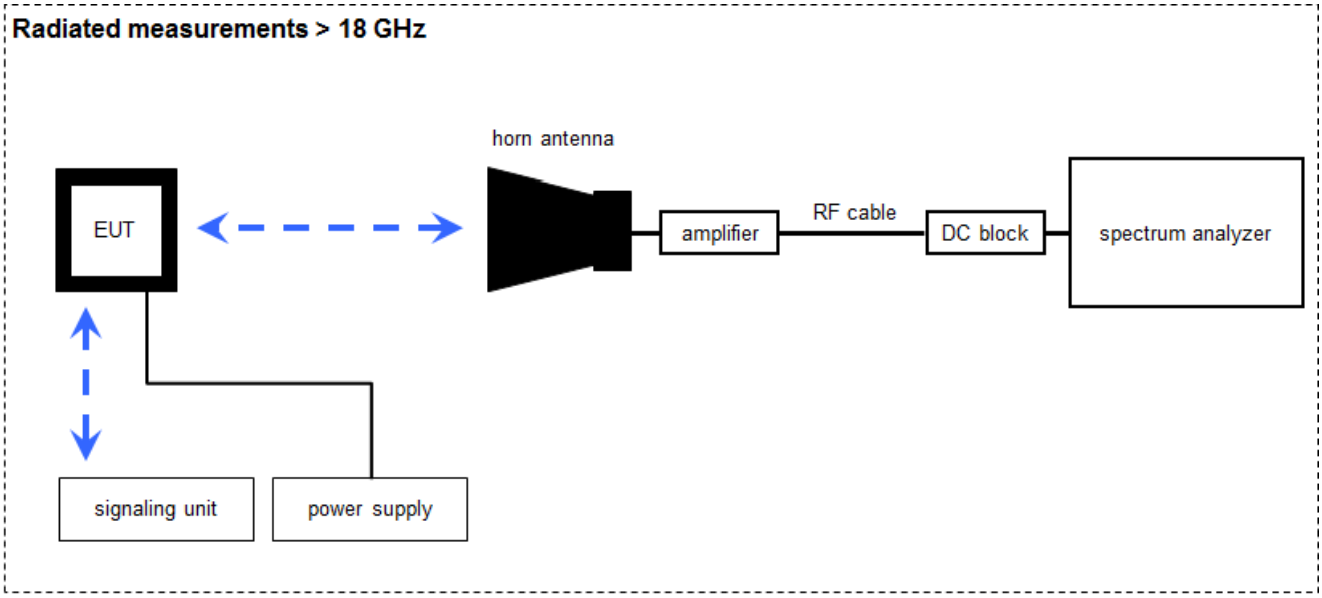
FS = UR + CA + AF
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 40.0 [dBµV/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dBµV/m] (71.61 µV/m)

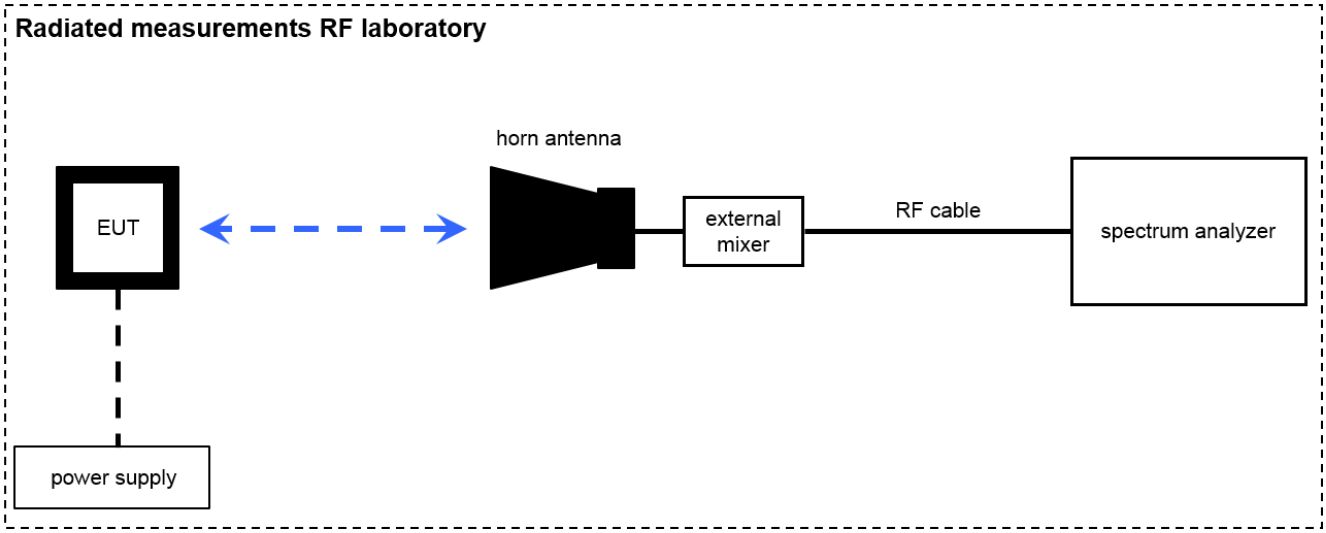
Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP	2818A03450	300001040	vIKI!	09.12.2020	08.12.2023
2	n. a.	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vIKI!	13.06.2019	12.06.2022
3	n. a.	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
4	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess - Elektronik	318	300003696	vIKI!	30.09.2021	29.09.2023
5	n. a.	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9709-5289	300000213	vIKI!	14.07.2020	13.07.2022
6	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
7	n. a.	Variable isolating transformer	MPL IEC625 Bus Variable isolating transformer	Erfi	91350	300001155	ne	-/-	-/-
8	n. a.	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	09.12.2020	31.12.2022
9	n. a.	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	19	300003790	ne	-/-	-/-
10	n. a.	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22049	300004481	ev	-/-	-/-
11	n. a.	Broadband Amplifier 5-13 GHz	CBLU5135235	CERNEX	22010	300004491	ev	-/-	-/-
12	n. a.	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
13	n. a.	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO		300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
14	n. a.	PC	ExOne	F+W		300004703	ne	-/-	-/-
15	n. a.	RF-Amplifier	AMF-6F06001800-30-10P-R	NARDA-MITEQ Inc	2011572	300005241	ev	-/-	-/-

7.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



7.4 Radiated measurements > 50/85 GHz



OP = AV + D - G
(OP-rad. output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance; G-antenna gain)

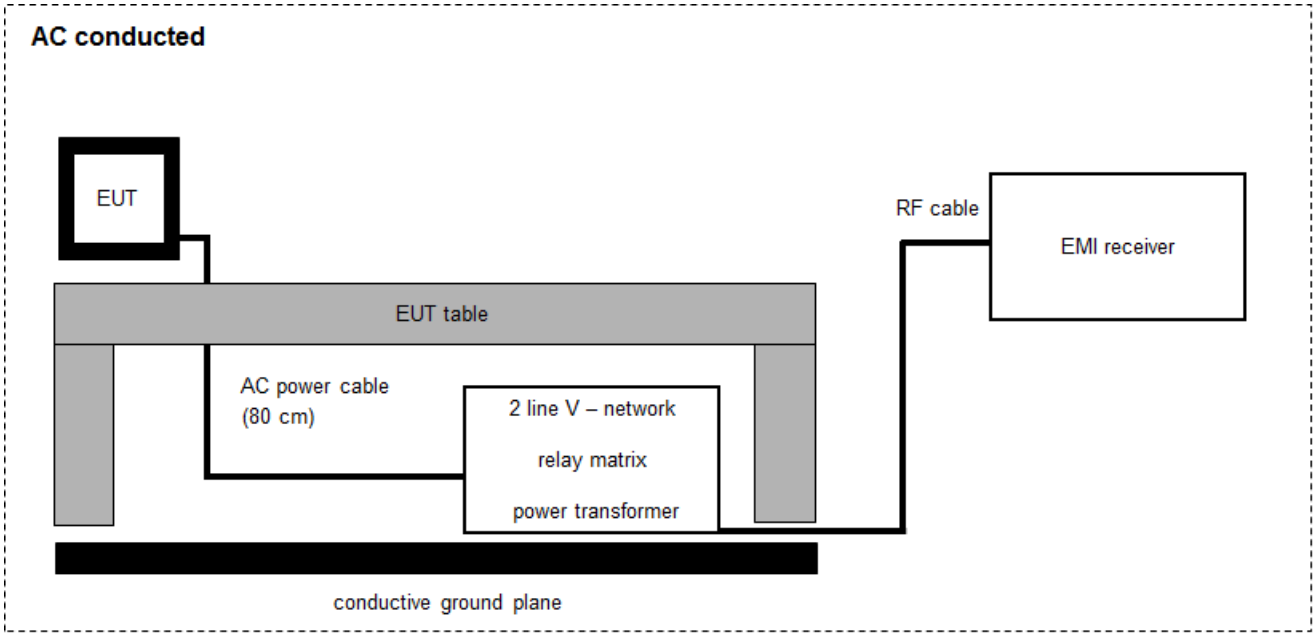
Example calculation:
OP [dBm] = -54.0 [dBm] + 64.0 [dB] - 20.0 [dBi] = -10 [dBm] (100 µW)

Note: conversion loss of mixer is already included in analyzer value.

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n.a.	Horn Antenna 18,0-40,0 GHz	LHAF180	Microw.Devel	39180-103-021	300001747	vIKI!	17.01.2022	31.01.2024
2	n. a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda		300000486	vIKI!	17.01.2022	31.01.2024
3	n. a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 26.5-40.0 GHz	V637	Narda	82-16	300000510	vIKI!	17.01.2022	31.01.2024
4	n.a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 40-60 GHz	2424-20	Flann	76	400001981	ne	-/-	-/-
5	n. a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 49.9-75.8 GHz	2524-20	Flann	*	300001983	ne	-/-	-/-
6	n. a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 60-90 GHz	COR 60_90	Thomson CSF		300000814	ev	-/-	-/-
7	n. a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 73.8-112 GHz	2724-20	Flann	*	300001988	ne	-/-	-/-
8	n.a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 92.3-140 GHz	2824-20	Flann		300001993	ne	-/-	-/-
9	n. a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 114-173 GHz	2924-20	Flann	*	300001999	ne	-/-	-/-
10	n. a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 145-220 GHz	3024-20	Flann	*	300002000	ne	-/-	-/-
11	n. a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 217-330 GHz	32240-20	Flann	233278	300004960	ne	-/-	-/-
12	n. a.	Standard Gain Horn 325-500 GHz	570240-20 1785-2a	Flann	273569	300006097	ev	25.05.2020	24.05.2022
13	n. a.	Broadband LNA 18-50 GHz	CBL18503070PN	CERNEX	25240	300004948	ev	09.03.2022	08.03.2024
14	n. a.	Harmonic Mixer 3-Port, 50-75 GHz	FS-Z75	Rohde & Schwarz	101578	300005788	k	15.06.2021	14.06.2022
15	n. a.	Harmonic Mixer 3-Port, 60-90 GHz	FS-Z90	R&S	101555	300004691	k	22.07.2021	21.07.2022
16	n. a.	Harmonic Mixer 3-Port, 75-110 GHz	FS-Z110	R&S	101411	300004959	k	15.06.2021	14.06.2022
17	n.a.	Harmonic Mixer 3-port, 90-140 GHz	FS-Z140	Rohde & Schwarz	101119	300005581	k	22.07.2021	21.07.2022
18	n. a.	Harmonic Mixer 3-Port, 110-170 GHz	FS-Z170	Radiometer Physics GmbH	100014	300004156	k	11.06.2021	10.06.2022
19	n. a.	Harmonic Mixer 3-Port, 140-220 GHz	SAM-220	Radiometer Physics GmbH	200001	300004157	k	22.07.2020	21.07.2022
20	n. a.	Harmonic Mixer 3-Port, 220-325 GHz	SAM-325	Radiometer Physics GmbH	100002	300004158	k	22.07.2021	21.07.2022
21	n. a.	Spectrum Analyzer 2 Hz - 85 GHz	FSW85	R&S	101333	300005568	k	30.06.2021	29.06.2022
22	n.a.	Power Supply	E3632A	Agilent Technologies	MY40001320	400000396	ev	-/-	-/-
23	n. a.	Power meter - EPM series, dual channel	E4419B	Agilent Technologies	GP39510924	300002627	ev	08.12.2020	07.12.2022
24	n. a.	Thermal Power Sensor, DC-110G, 300nW-100mW	NRP-Z58	R&S	100913	300004808	k	04.01.2022	31.01.2024
25	n. a.	Temperature Test Chamber	T-40/50	CTS GmbH	064023	300003540	ev	08.05.2020	07.05.2022

7.5 AC power-line conducted emissions



FS = UR + CF + VC
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CR-loss of the cable and filter; VC-correction factor of the ISN)

Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 37.62 [dBµV/m] + 9.90 [dB] + 0.23 [dB] = 47.75 [dBµV/m] (244.06 µV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	-/-	Two-line V-Network (LISN) 9 kHz to 30 MHz	ESH3-Z5	R&S	892475/017	300002209	vIKI!	14.12.2021	31.12.2023
2	-/-	RF-Filter-section	85420E	HP	3427A00162	300002214	NK!	-/-	-/-
3	-/-	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	101240	300004427	k	07.12.2021	31.12.2022
4	-/-	Hochpass 150 kHz	EZ-25	R&S	100010	300003798	ev	-/-	-/-

8 Sequence of testing

8.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

*)Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

8.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ± 45° and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8.5 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 50/85 GHz with external mixers

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate for far field (e.g. 0.25 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna with external mixer is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.
- Caution is taken to reduce the possible overloading of the external mixer.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- As external mixers may generate false images care is taken to ensure that any emission measured by the spectrum analyzer does indeed originate in the EUT. Signal identification feature of spectrum analyzer is used to eliminate false mixer images (i.e., it is not the fundamental emission or a harmonic falling precisely at the measured frequency).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

9 Measurement uncertainty

Test case	Uncertainty
Equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.)	Conducted value ± 1 dB Radiated value ± 3 dB
Permitted range of operating frequencies	± 100 kHz
Conducted unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (up to 40 GHz)	± 1 dB
Radiated unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (up to 40 GHz)	± 3 dB
Conducted unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (40 to 50 GHz)	± 4 dB
Radiated unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (40 to 50 GHz)	± 4 dB
Conducted unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (50 to 300 GHz)	± 5 dB
Radiated unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (50 to 300 GHz)	± 5 dB
DC and low frequency voltages	± 3 %
Temperature	± 1 °C
Humidity	± 3 %

10 Far field consideration for measurements above 18 GHz

Far field distance calculation:

$D_{ff} = 2 \times D^2 / \lambda$

with
D_{ff} Far field distance
D Antenna dimension
λ wavelength

Spurious emission measurements:

Antenna frequency range in GHz	Highest measured frequency in GHz	D in cm	λ in cm	D_{ff} in cm
18-26	26	3.4	1.15	20.04
26-40	40	2.2	0.75	12.91
40-50	50	2.77	0.60	25.58
50-75	75	1.85	0.40	17.11
75-110	110	1.24	0.27	11.28
90-140	140	1.02	0.22	9.72
110-170	170	0.85	0.18	8.19
140-220	220	0.68	0.14	6.78
220-325	325	0.43	0.09	4.01
325-500	500	0.26	0.06	2.22

11 Summary of measurement results

☒	**No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained**
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	47 CFR Part 95 Subpart M	see below	2022-08-17	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	C	NC	NA	NP	Results (max.)
§2.1046 §95.3367 (a) / (b)	Radiated power	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§2.1047	Modulation characteristics	-/-	-/-	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§2.1049	Occupied bandwidth (99% bandwidth)	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§2.1051	Spurious emissions at antenna terminals	Nominal	Nominal	☐	☐	☒	☐	see note
§2.1053 §95.3379 (a)(1) §95.3379 (a)(2) §95.3379 (a)(3)	Field strength of emissions (radiated spurious)	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.207 (a) ICES-003	Conducted emissions < 30 MHz	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§2.1055 §95.3379 (b)	Frequency stability	Nominal and Extreme	Nominal and Extreme	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

See FCC's Millimeter Wave Test Procedures:
I. A radiated method of measurements in order to demonstrate compliance with the various regulatory requirements has been chosen in consideration of test equipment availability and the limitations of many external harmonic mixers. A conducted method of measurement could be employed if EUT and mixer waveguides both are accessible and of the same type (WG number) and if waveguide sections and transitions can be found. Another potential problem is that the peak power output of devices operating under Sections 15.253 and 15.255 may exceed the +20 dBm input power limit of many commercially available mixers. For these reasons a radiated method is preferred.

12 Measurement results

12.1 Radiated power

Description:

The fundamental radiated emission limits within the 76-81 GHz band are expressed in terms of Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power (EIRP) and are as shown below.

Measurement:

Parameters	
Detector:	RMS / Pos-Peak
Sweep time:	100 s
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Clear Write / Max Hold

Limits: **FCC §95.3367 (a) (b)**

Frequency	Measurement distance	EIRP
76.0 - 81.0 GHz	2.0 m	50 dBm (Average) 55 dBm (PEAK)

Measurement results:

Modulations / Test conditions		Radiated Peak Power (eirp) [dBm]	Radiated Mean Power (eirp) Channel power [dBm]
Normal Mode	T_{nom} / $V_{min-max}$	18.51	15.13
High Speed mode	T_{nom} / $V_{min-max}$	22.95	15.05

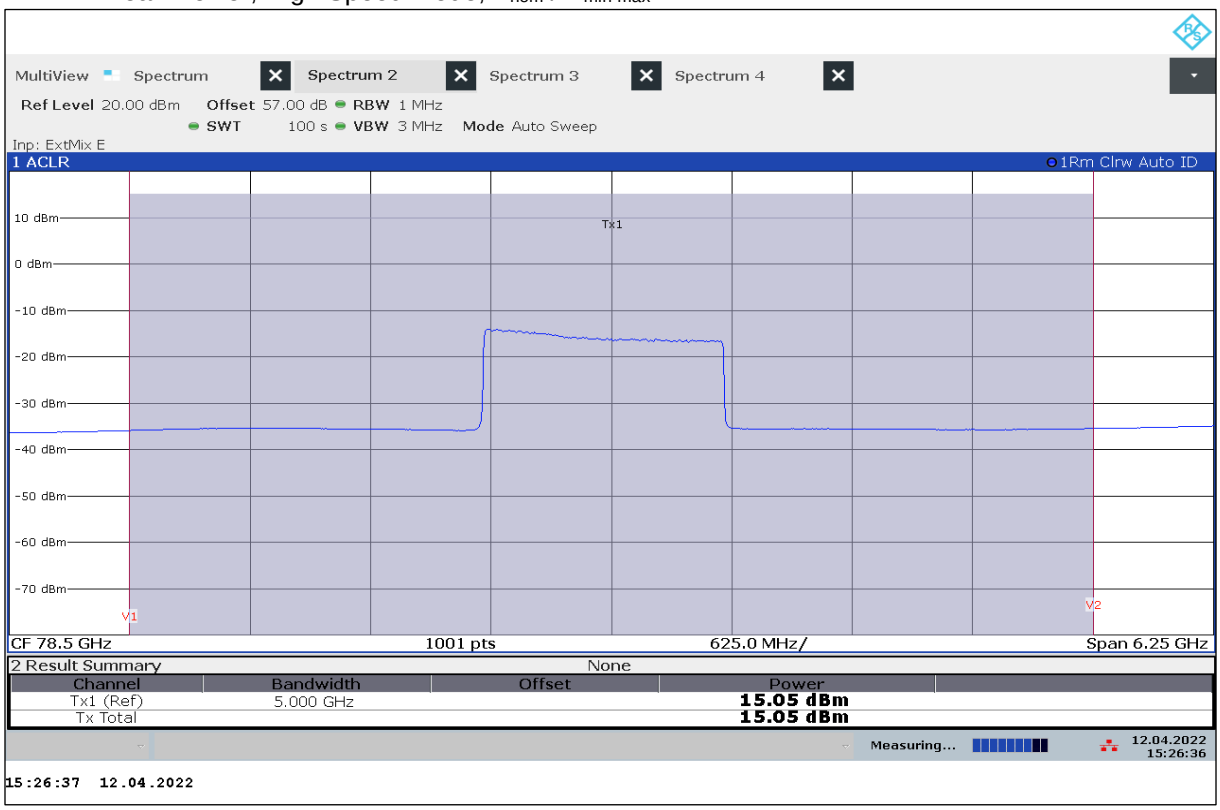
Note: Voltage variation does not affect the radiated signal

Plot 1: OBW, EIRP Peak Power, Normal Mode, T_{nom} / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 2: EIRP Mean Power, Normal Mode, T_{nom} / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 3: OBW, EIRP Peak Power, High Speed Mode, T_{nom} / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 4: EIRP Mean Power, High Speed Mode, T_{nom} / $V_{min-max}$



12.2 Modulation characteristics

Description:

§2.1047 (d) *Other types of equipment.* A curve or equivalent data which shows that the equipment will meet the modulation requirements of the rules under which the equipment is to be licensed.

Comments from manufacturer on modulation characteristics according to KDB:

	Mode 0 (normal)	**Mode 2 (High)**
Modulation	FMCW	FMCW
Sweep Bandwidth	3800 MHz	1267 MHz
Sweep rate	66.666 MHz/µs	22.222 MHz/µs
Power	100mW	100mW
Duty Cycle*	9.6%	9.6%
Cycle Time	50 ms	50 ms
Number of chirps per cycle	84	84
Pulse repetition time	153 – 204 µs	60 – 80 µs
Calibration	All calibration capabilities of the MMIC enabled	
Antenna Beam Steering (Tx)	No beam steering	

12.3 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

§2.1049 The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.

Measurement:

Parameters	
Detector:	Pos-Peak
Sweep time:	100 s
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits: **FCC §95.3379 (b)**

Frequency range	f(lowest) > 76.0 GHz	f(highest) < 81.0 GHz

Measurement results:

Modulations / Test conditions		Operating Frequency Range		
		f_L [GHz]	f_H [GHz]	OBW [GHz]
Normal mode	T_{nom} / $V_{min-max}$	77.165 790	80.854 510	3.69
High Speed Mode	T_{nom} / $V_{min-max}$	77.837 800	79.076 120	1.24

Note: Voltage variation does not affect the radiated signal

For corresponding plots refer to chapter 12.1

12.4 Band edge compliance

Description:

Investigation of the emission limits at the band edge.

Measurement:

Parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	See plots
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits: **FCC §95.3379 (a) (2) (i) + (ii) / ANSI C63.10-2013 / 6.10**

Frequency Range [GHz]	Measurement distance	Power Density
40 – 200	3.0 m	600 pW/cm² → -1.7 dBm

Limits: **FCC §95.3379 (b)**

Frequency range	f(lowest) > 76.0 GHz	f(highest) < 81.0 GHz

Measurement results:

See plots below, 14-15.

12.5 Field strength of spurious emissions

Description:

The power density of any emissions outside the 76-81 GHz band shall consist solely of spurious emissions and shall not exceed the following:

Limits: **FCC §95.3379**

FCC		
CFR Part 95.3379 (a) (1) / CFR Part 95.3379 (a) (3)		
Radiated Spurious Emissions		
Emissions radiated outside of the specified frequency bands, except for harmonics, shall be attenuated by at least 50 dB below the level of the fundamental or to the general radiated emission limits in § 15.209, whichever is the lesser attenuation.		
Frequency [MHz]	Field Strength [dBµV/m]	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F[kHz]	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F[kHz]	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
960 – 40 000	54.0	3

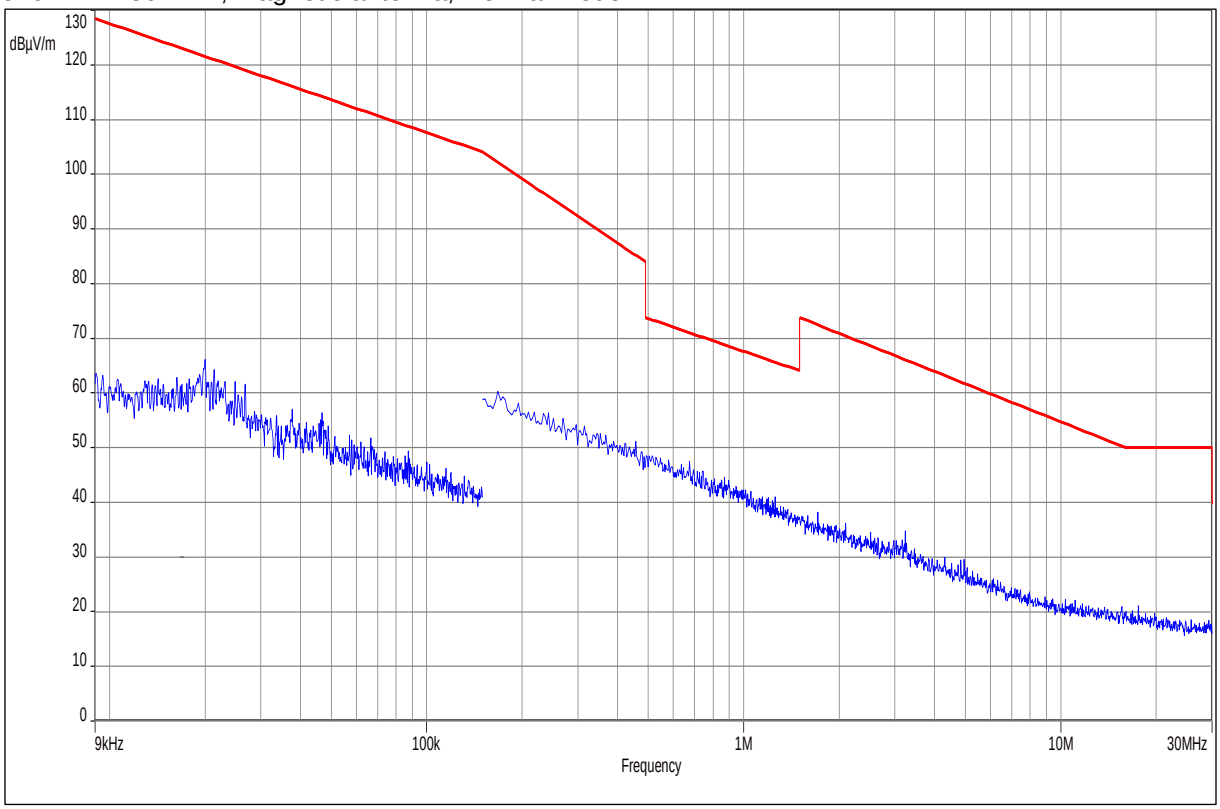
Limits: **FCC §95.3379 (a) (2) (i) + (ii)**

Frequency Range [GHz]	Measurement distance	Power Density
40 – 200	3.0 m	600 pW/cm^2 → -1.7 dBm
200 – 231	3.0 m	1000 pW/cm^2 → +0.5 dBm

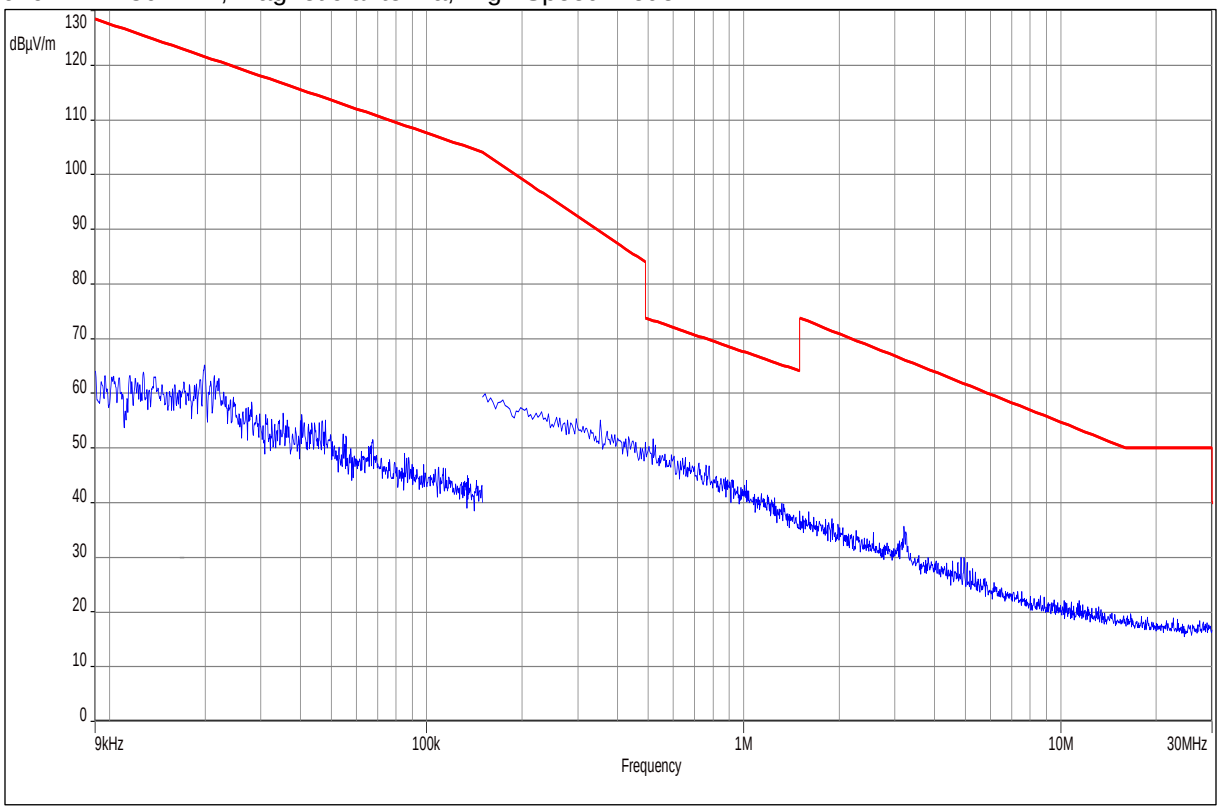
Measurement results:

Frequency in GHz	Detector	Bandwidth [MHz]	Level	Distance [m]	Limit	Margin [dB]
See plots below						

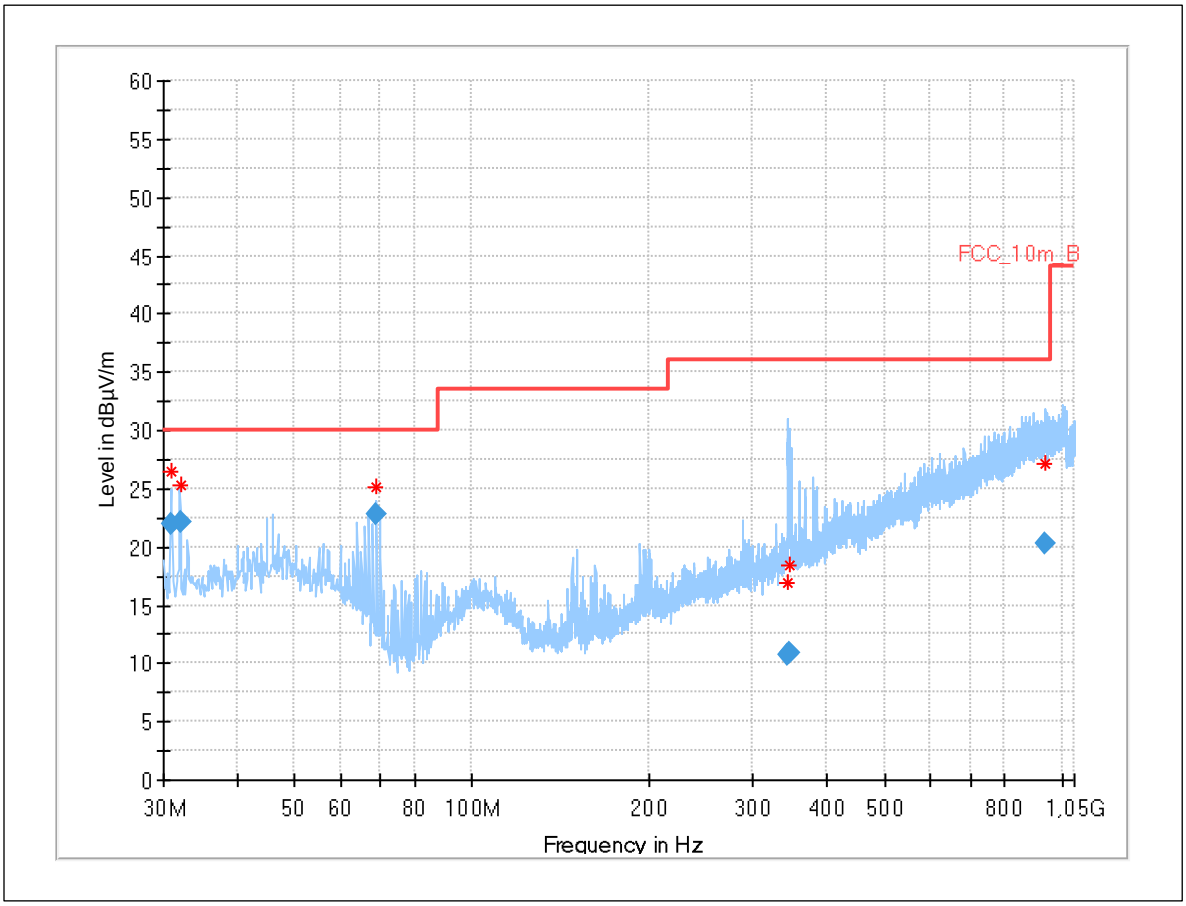
Plot 5: 9 kHz – 30 MHz, Magnetic antenna, Normal mode



Plot 6: 9 kHz – 30 MHz, Magnetic antenna, High Speed mode



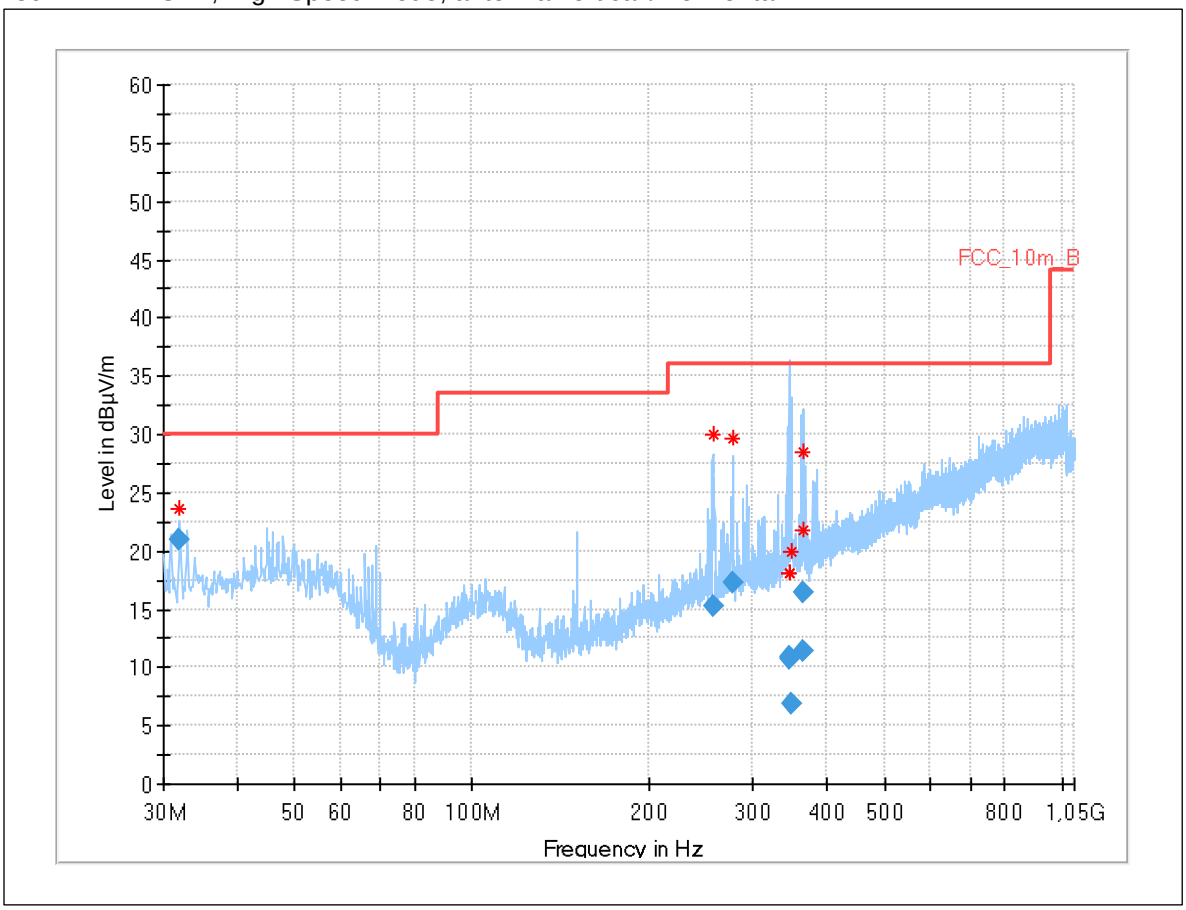
Plot 7: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Normal Mode, antenna vertical / horizontal



Red stars are with peak detector and only informative. Blue diamonds are the right and quasi-peak values.

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
30.981	22.02	30.0	8.0	1000	120.0	103.0	V	226	13
32.012	22.04	30.0	8.0	1000	120.0	106.0	V	340	13
68.983	22.83	30.0	7.2	1000	120.0	281.0	V	270	10
344.109	10.81	36.0	25.2	1000	120.0	175.0	V	270	17
345.610	10.95	36.0	25.1	1000	120.0	389.0	V	0	17
934.781	20.31	36.0	15.7	1000	120.0	248.0	V	-11	26

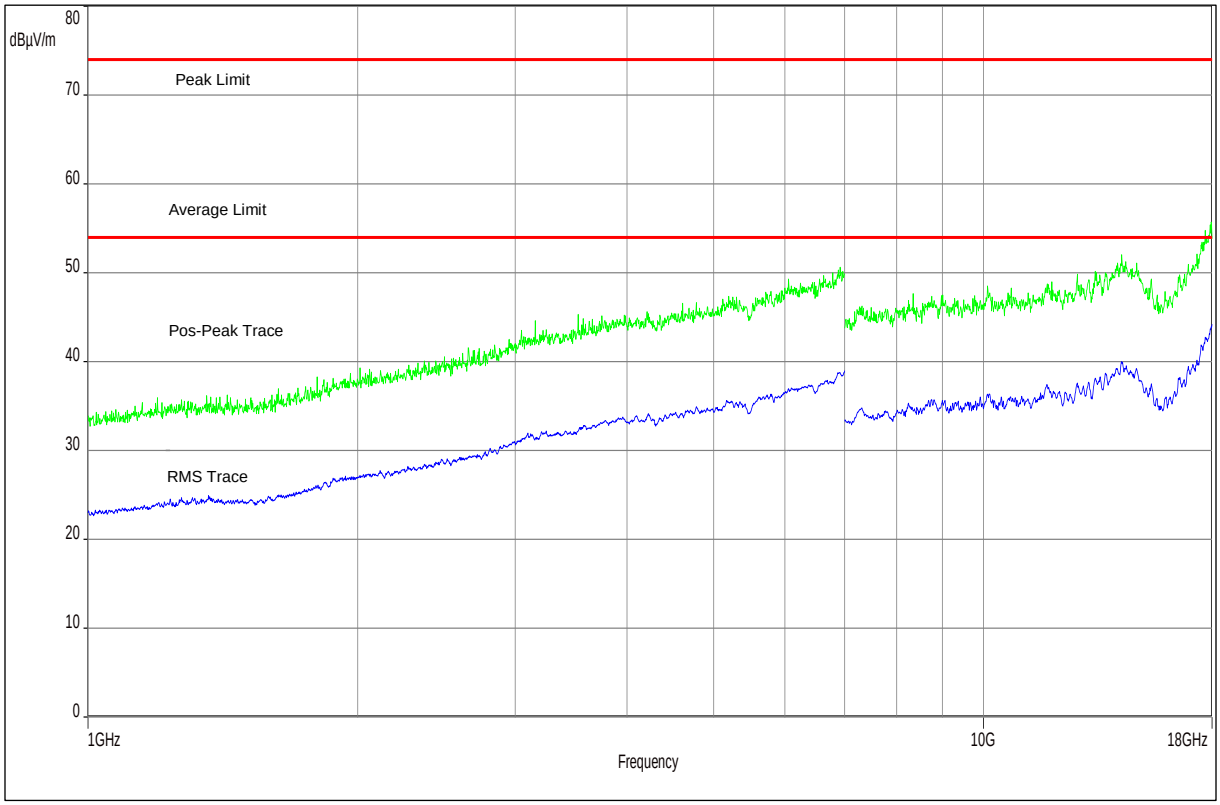
Plot 8: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, High Speed Mode, antenna vertical / horizontal



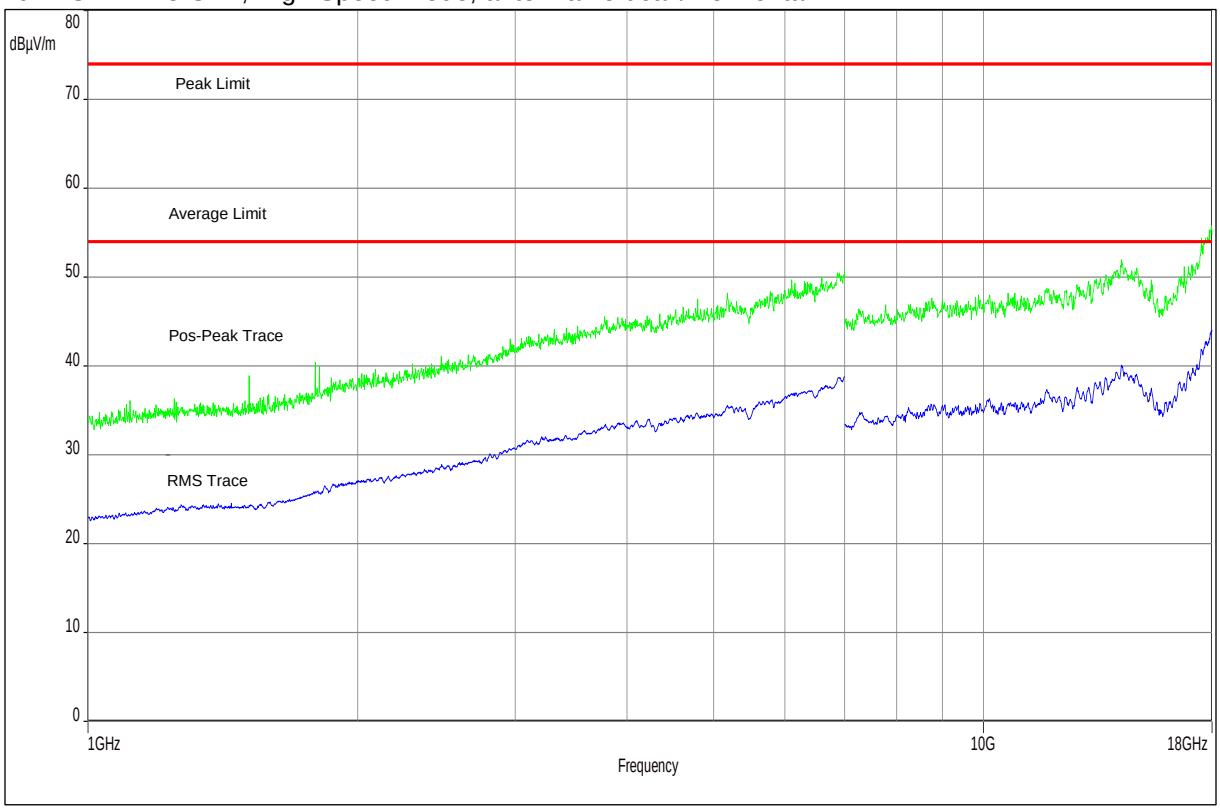
Red stars are with peak detector and only informative. Blue diamonds are the right and quasi-peak values.

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
31.987	20.95	30.0	9.1	1000	120.0	109.0	V	188	13
255.881	15.31	36.0	20.7	1000	120.0	309.0	V	30	14
276.212	17.32	36.0	18.7	1000	120.0	200.0	V	-45	15
344.282	10.83	36.0	25.2	1000	120.0	187.0	V	180	17
345.407	10.76	36.0	25.2	1000	120.0	185.0	V	215	17
347.729	6.95	36.0	29.1	1000	120.0	200.0	V	-45	17
363.153	11.36	36.0	24.6	1000	120.0	133.0	V	180	17
363.497	16.38	36.0	19.6	1000	120.0	103.0	V	200	17

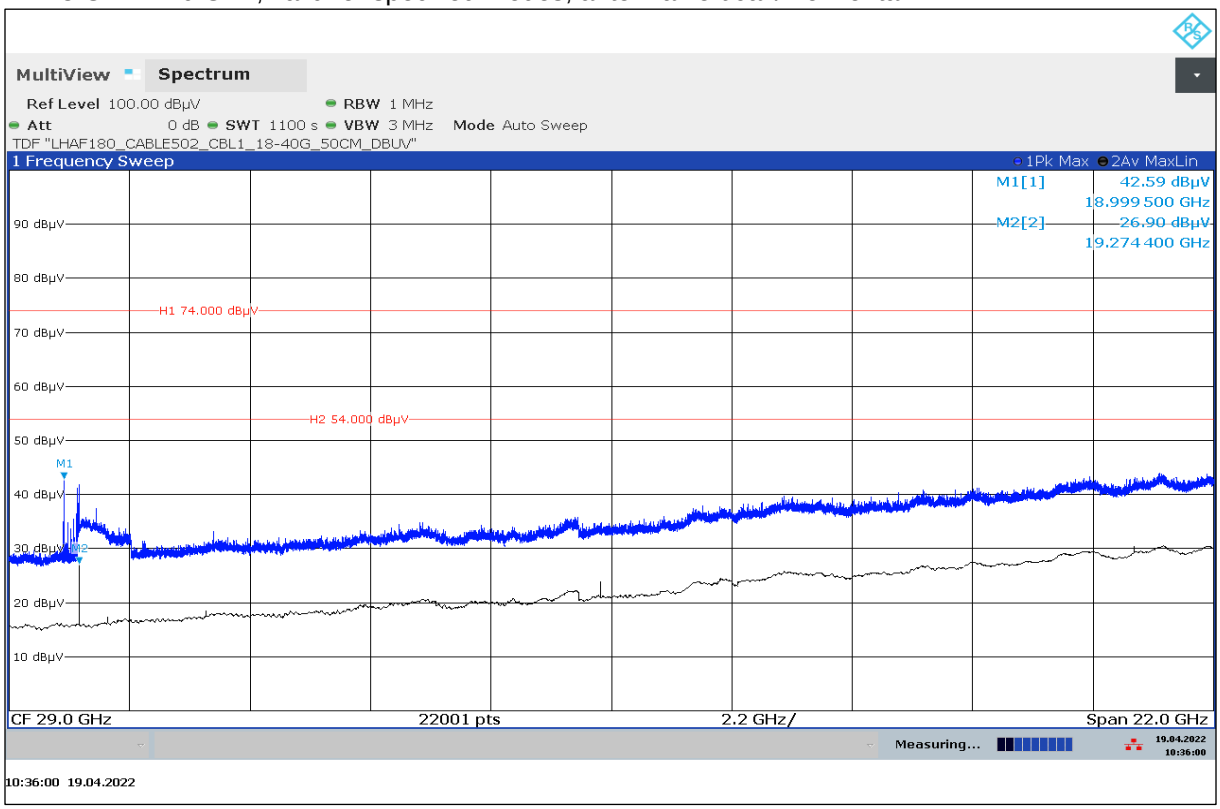
Plot 9: 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Normal Mode, antenna vertical / horizontal



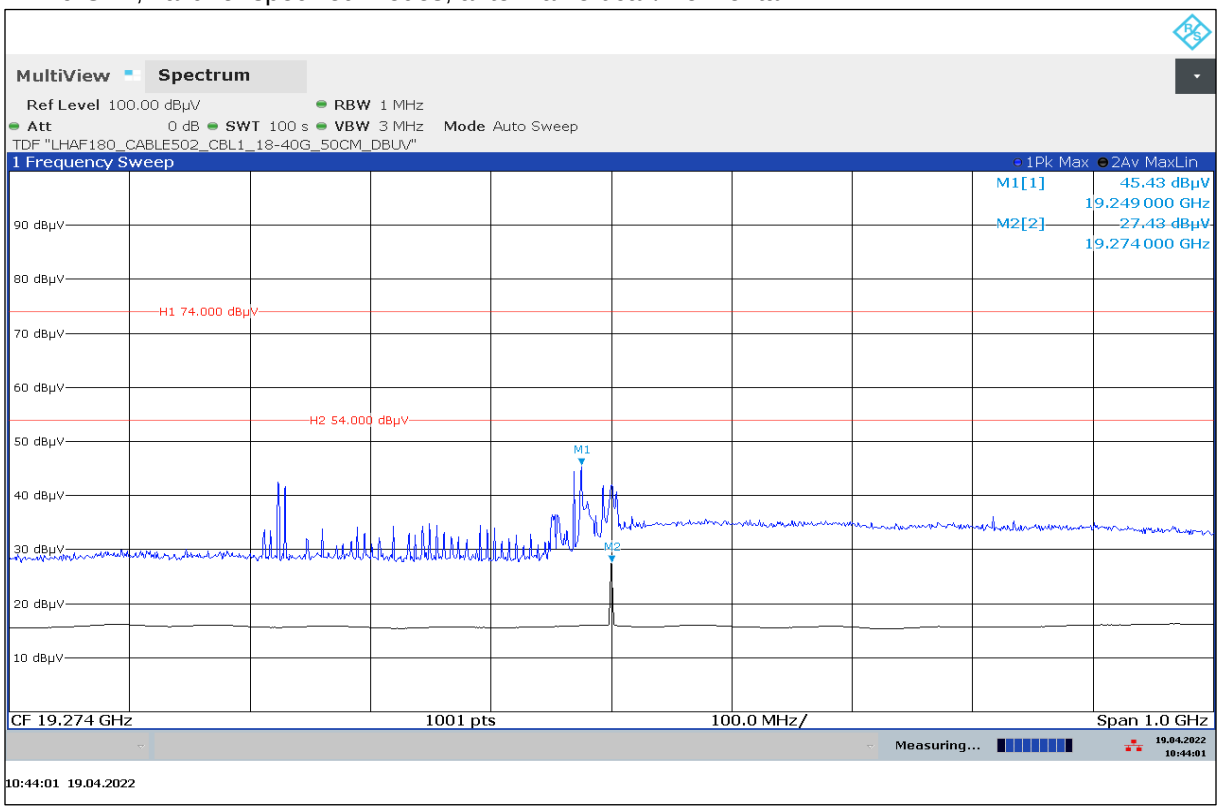
Plot 10: 1 GHz – 18 GHz, High Speed Mode, antenna vertical / horizontal



Plot 11: 18 GHz – 40 GHz, valid for specified modes, antenna vertical / horizontal

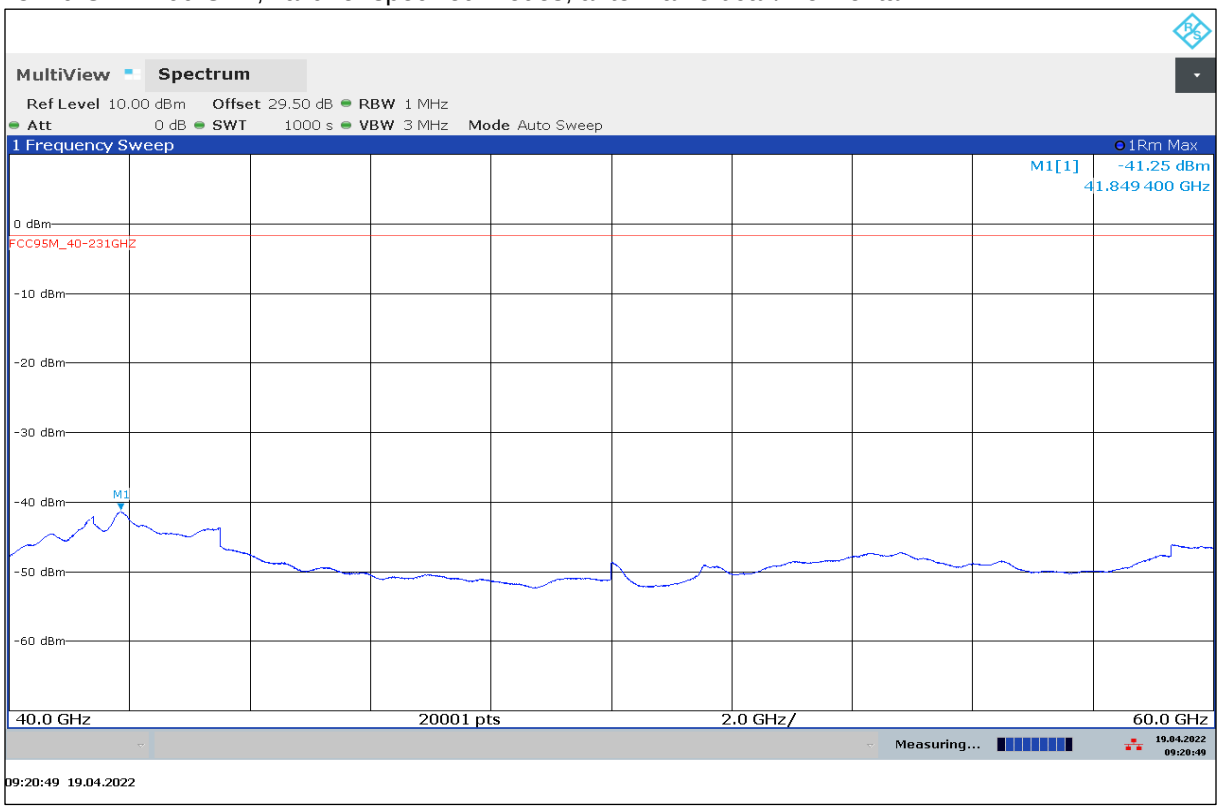


Plot 12: 19 GHz, valid for specified modes, antenna vertical / horizontal



Peak Value: 45.43 dBµV/m (No limit) / Average 27.43 dBµV/m (Limit 54 dBµV/m)

Plot 13: 40 GHz – 60 GHz, valid for specified modes, antenna vertical / horizontal

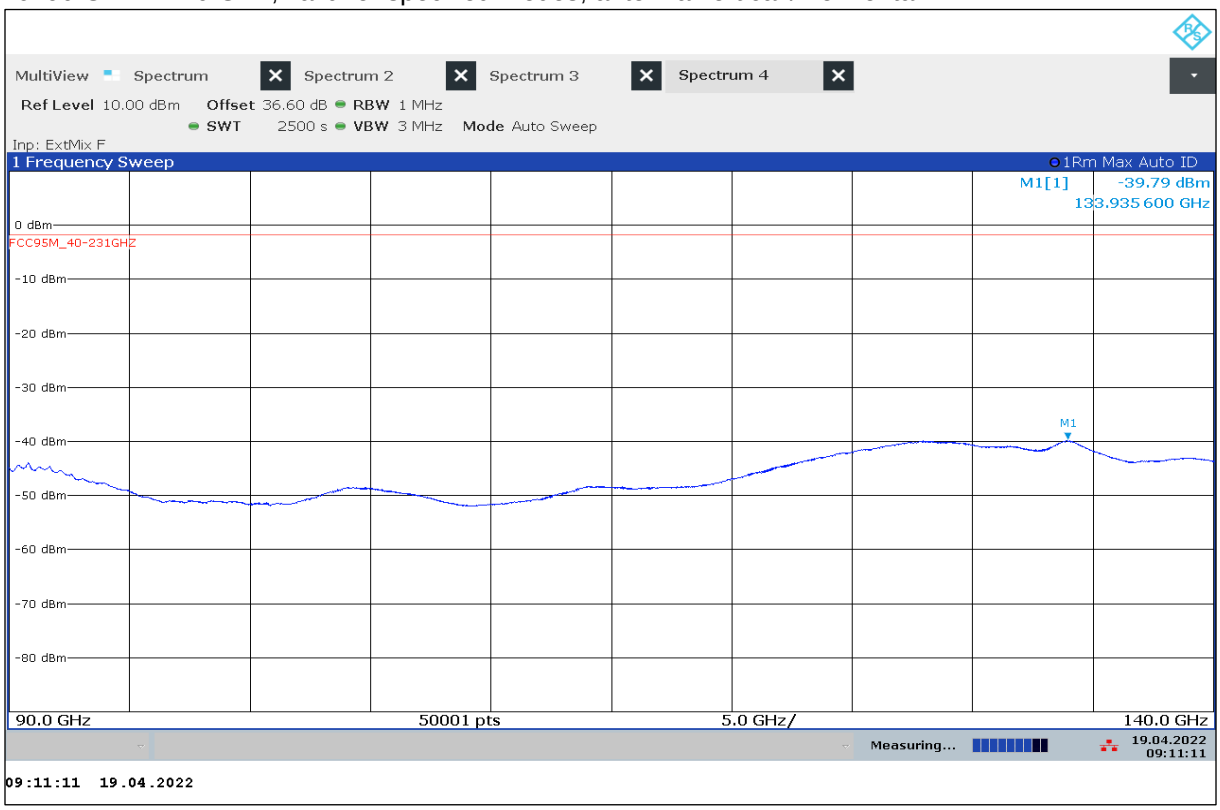


Plot 14: 60 GHz – 90 GHz, Normal Mode, antenna vertical / horizontal

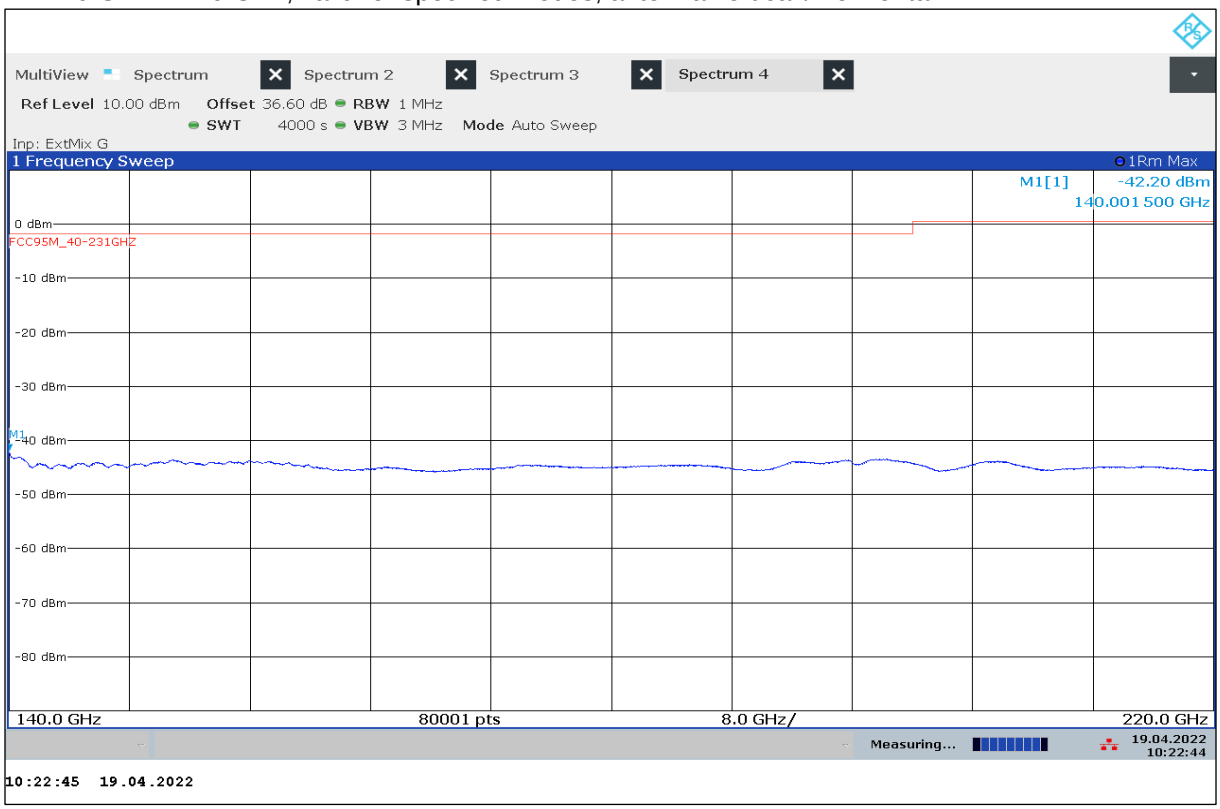
Marker M1 shows mixer product generated by harmonic mixer, refer to plot 13

Plot 15: 60 GHz – 90 GHz, High Speed Mode, antenna vertical / horizontal

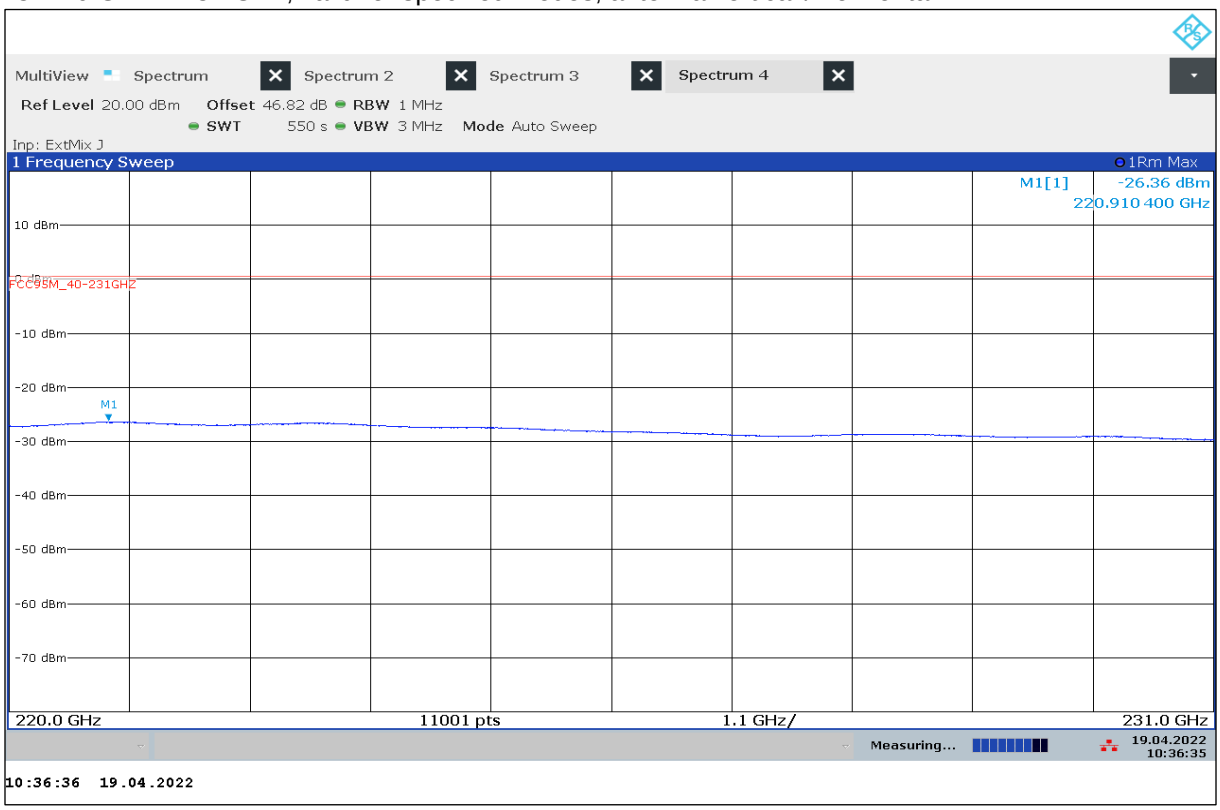
Plot 16: 90 GHz – 140 GHz, valid for specified modes, antenna vertical / horizontal



Plot 17: 140 GHz – 220 GHz, valid for specified modes, antenna vertical / horizontal



Plot 18: 220 GHz – 231 GHz, valid for specified modes, antenna vertical / horizontal



12.6 Spurious emissions conducted < 30 MHz (AC power line)

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. Both power lines, phase and neutral line, are measured. Found peaks are re-measured with average and quasi peak detection to show compliance to the limits.

Measurement:

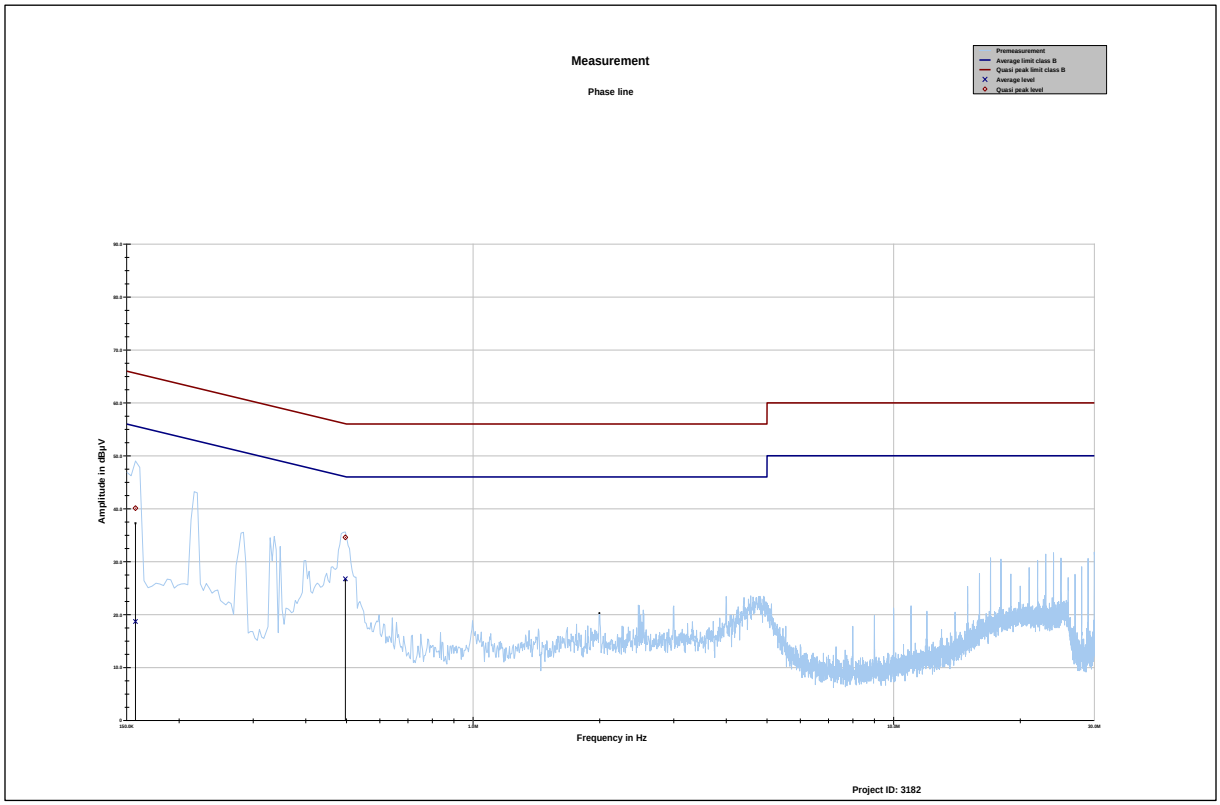
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak - Quasi Peak / Average
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC		IC
CFR Part 15.107 / 15.207(a)		RSS-Gen 8.8
Conducted Spurious Emissions < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV/m)	Average (dBµV/m)
0.15 – 0.5	79 (Class A) 66 to 56* (Class B)	66 (Class A) 56 to 46* (Class B)
0.5 – 5	73 (Class A) 56 (Class B)	63 (Class A) 46 (Class B)
5 – 30.0	73 (Class A) 60 (Class B)	63 (Class A) 50 (Class B)

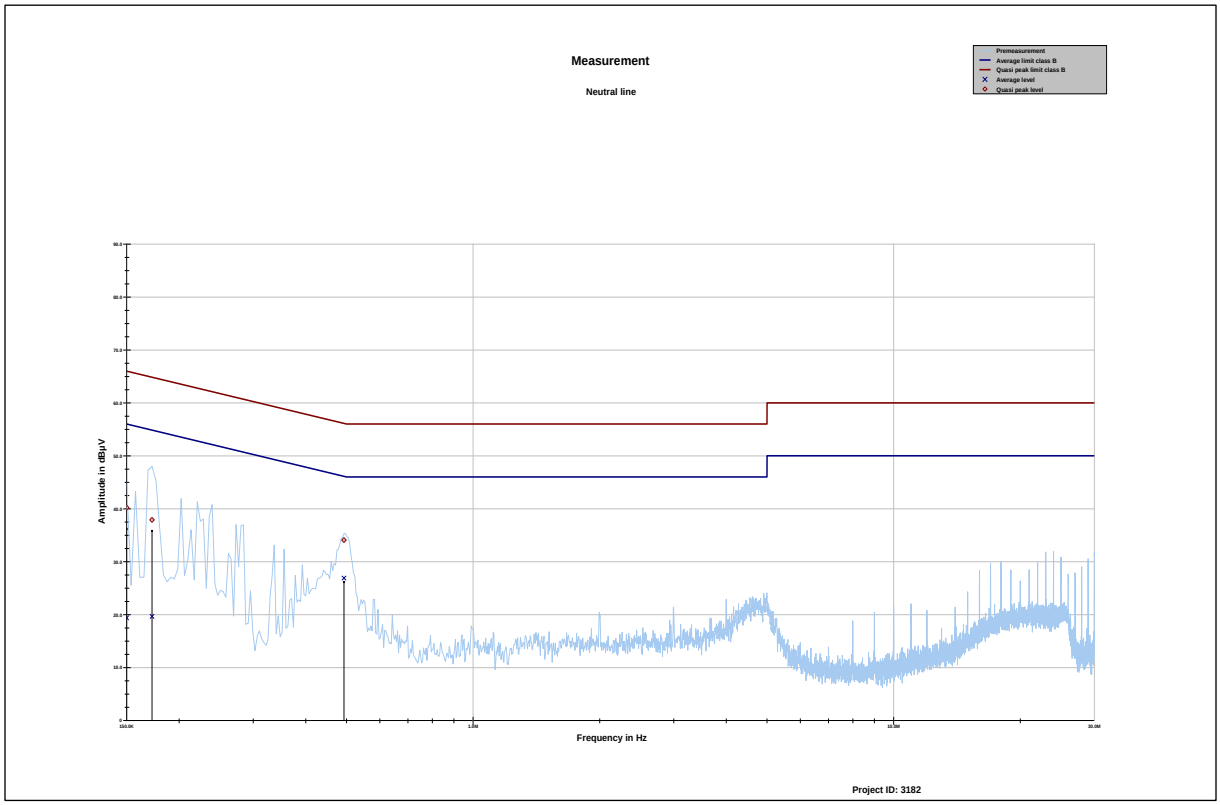
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Plot 19: Normal Mode, Phase line



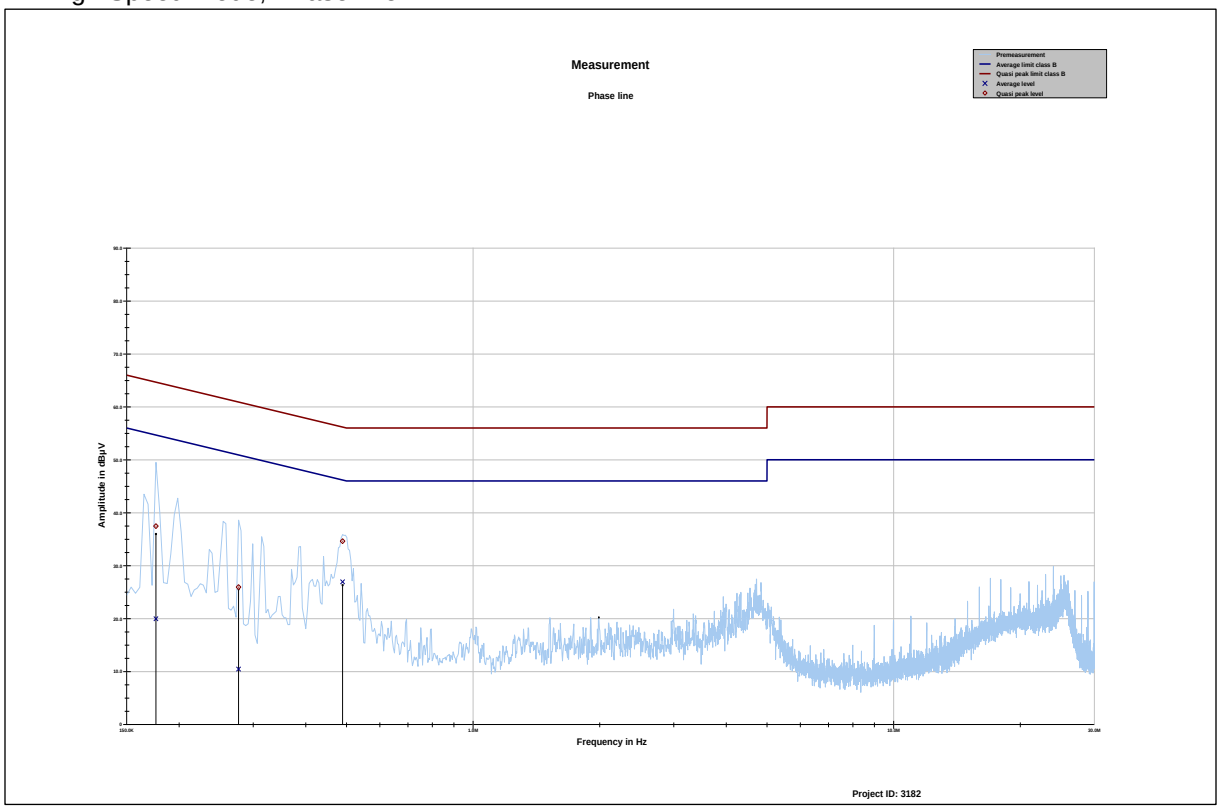
Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin Average	Limit AV
MHz	dBµV	dB	dBµV	dBµV	dB	dBµV
0.157463	40.12	25.48	65.597	18.69	37.09	55.787
0.497006	34.58	21.47	56.050	26.76	19.32	46.086

Plot 20: Normal Mode, Neutral line



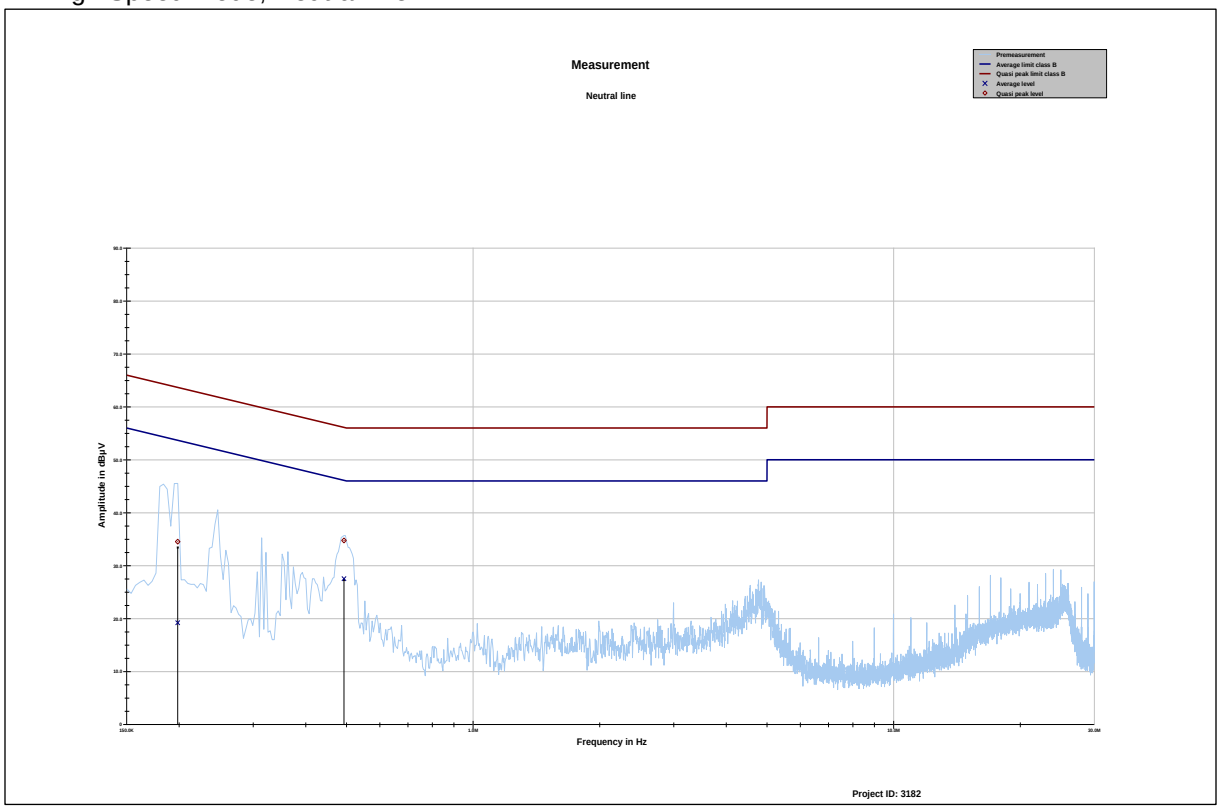
Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin Average	Limit AV
MHz	dBµV	dB	dBµV	dBµV	dB	dBµV
0.150000	40.21	25.79	66.000	19.37	36.63	56.000
0.172387	37.89	26.95	64.845	19.64	35.72	55.360
0.493275	34.08	22.03	56.112	26.89	19.30	46.192

Plot 21: High Speed Mode, Phase line



Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin Average	Limit AV
MHz	dBµV	dB	dBµV	dBµV	dB	dBµV
0.176119	37.46	27.21	64.667	19.96	35.30	55.254
0.276863	25.95	34.96	60.909	10.46	41.91	52.375
0.489544	34.62	21.56	56.176	26.95	19.35	46.299

Plot 22: High Speed Mode, Neutral line



Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin Average	Limit AV
MHz	dBµV	dB	dBµV	dBµV	dB	dBµV
0.198506	34.53	29.14	63.673	19.20	35.41	54.614
0.493275	34.76	21.35	56.112	27.53	18.66	46.192

12.7 Frequency stability

Description:

§95.3379 (b) Fundamental emissions must be contained within the frequency bands specified in this section during all conditions of operation. Equipment is presumed to operate over the temperature range −20 to +50 degrees Celsius with an input voltage variation of 85% to 115% of rated input voltage, unless justification is presented to demonstrate otherwise.

Limits: **FCC §95.3379 (b)**

Frequency range	f(lowest) > 76.0 GHz	f(highest) < 81.0 GHz

Measurement results:

Temperature variation

Mode	Temperature in °C	f_L in GHz	f_H in GHz	Bandwidth [GHz]
Normal Mode (Worst case)	-40 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.166 270	80.853 790	3.69
	-30 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.165 200	80.854 360	3.69
	-20 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.165 580	80.857 560	3.69
	-10 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.166 640	80.854 140	3.69
	0 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.164 160	80.853 920	3.69
	10 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.165 150	80.855 770	3.69
	20 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.165 790	80.854 510	3.69
	30 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.164 260	80.852 060	3.69
	40 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.164 630	80.848 290	3.68
	50 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.161 820	80.853 540	3.69
	85 °C / $V_{min-max}$	77.163 670	80.852 690	3.69

Voltage variation

Voltage variation of rated input voltage	f_L in GHz	f_H in GHz
< 85 % of U	Voltage variation does not affect the radiated signal	
> 115 % of U		

Plot 23: Normal Mode, OBW, -40 °C / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 24: Normal Mode, OBW, -30 °C / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 25: Normal Mode, OBW, -20 °C / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 26: Normal Mode, OBW, -10 °C / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 27: Normal Mode, OBW, 0 °C / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 28: Normal Mode, OBW, 10 °C / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 29: Normal Mode, OBW, 20 °C / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 30: Normal Mode, OBW, 30 °C / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 31: Normal Mode, OBW, 40 °C / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 32: Normal Mode, OBW, 50 °C / $V_{min-max}$

Plot 33: Normal Mode, OBW, 85 °C / $V_{min-max}$

13 Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
GUE	GNSS User Equipment
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EN	European Standard
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
C	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
AVG	Average
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
PER	Packet error rate
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
C/N_0	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz

14 Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release - DRAFT	2022-08-17
	Initial release	2022-08-17

15 Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-05

first page	last page
	

Note: The current certificate annex is published on the websites (link see below).

https://www.dakks.de/files/data/as/pdf/D-PL-12076-01-05.pdf
https://www.dakks.de/files/data/as/pdf/D-PL-12076-01-05e.pdf

or
https://ctcadvanced.com/app/uploads/2020/06/D-PL-12076-01-05_TCB_USA.pdf

END OF TEST REPORT

16 Annex A Customer Declaration on Electrically Identical Models

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Declaration on Electrically Identical Models

We, ifm efector gmbh, declare on our sole responsibility the following family of radar devices to be identical in hardware and software part concerning the transmitter of the device that effect the radio frequency emissions:

R2D200, R2D210, R2D201, working in the frequency band 77 .. 81 GHz

The only differences between the models within this family are the backend hardware with its specific software for communication via different protocols, output drivers and error management:

- R2D200 and R2D210 are identical in hardware, backend software is different for different radar raw data evaluation and communication via IO Link
- R2D201 with different backend hardware and different backend software for radar raw data evaluation and communication via CAN J1939

The radar frontend component which transmits the radio frequency is the same within the family cited above (same material number).

We attest that above differences are not relevant for any RF behaviour subject to regulatory items.

Place and date: Tettnang, 22.06.2022

Name: Michael Hamma (Technical Manager)

Signature: i.V. Michael Hamma