

ISSUED BY Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR

Multi-Service Gateway & Edge Controller

ISSUED TO EUROTECH SpA

Via Jacopo Linussio 1 Amaro Italy



Tested by:

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(Engineer)

Date Sept. OC, 1016

Approved by:

Wei Yanquan

(Chief Engineer)

Date

Report No.: EUT Type: Model Name:

Brand Name: Test Standard: FCC ID:

Test conclusion:
Test Date:
Date of Issue:

BL-SZ1630286-601

Multi-Service Gateway & Edge Controller REGATE 10-05-34(please refer to the Section2.4 with other more model name)

Eurotech

47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C UKMMRG1005

Pass

May 1, 2016 ~ May 18, 2016

Sep. 05, 2016

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Revision History

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	AD	MIN	ISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)	5	
	1.1	lde	ntification of the Testing Laboratory	5	
	1.2	lde	ntification of the Responsible Testing Location	5	
	1.3	Lab	poratory Condition	5	
	1.4	Anı	nounce	5	
2	PR	ODU	JCT INFORMATION	7	
	2.1	Apı	olicant Information	7	
	2.2	Ма	nufacturer Information	7	
	2.3	Fac	ctory Information	7	
	2.4	Ge	neral Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)	7	
	2.5	And	cillary Equipment	8	
	2.6	Pei	ripheral Devices	8	
	2.7	Ted	Fechnical Information		
	2.8	Add	Additional Instructions		
3	SU	IMM	ARY OF TEST RESULTS	10	
	3.1	Tes	st Standards	10	
	3.2	Vei	rdict	10	
4	GE	NEF	RAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS	11	
	4.1	Tes	st Environments	11	
	4.2	Tes	st Equipment List	11	
	4.3	De	scription of Test Setup	12	
	4.3	3.1	For Antenna Port Test	12	
	4.3	3.2	For AC Power Supply Port Test	12	
	4.3	3.3	For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)	13	
	4.3	3.4	For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)	13	



	4.3.5	For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)	14
5	TEST I	TEMS	15
5	5.1 Ant	tenna Requirements	15
	5.1.1	Standard Applicable	15
	5.1.2	Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction	15
	5.1.3	Antenna Gain	15
5	5.2 Ou	tput Power	16
	5.2.1	Test Limit	16
	5.2.2	Test Setup	16
	5.2.3	Test Procedure	16
	5.2.4	Test Result	17
5	5.3 6dE	Bandwidth	18
	5.3.1	Limit	18
	5.3.2	Test Setup	18
	5.3.3	Test Procedure	18
	5.3.4	Test Result	18
5	5.4 Coi	nducted Spurious Emission	19
	5.4.1	Limit	19
	5.4.2	Test Setup	19
	5.4.3	Test Procedure	19
	5.4.4	Test Result	20
5	5.5 Bar	nd Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)	21
	5.5.1	Limit	21
	5.5.2	Test Setup	21
	5.5.3	Test Procedure	21
	5.5.4	Test Result	21
5	5.6 Co	nducted Emission	22
	5.6.1	Limit	22
	5.6.2	Test Setup	22
	5.6.3	Test Procedure	22
	5.6.4	Test Result	22



5.7	Rad	liated Spurious Emission	.23
5.7	.1	Limit	.23
5.7	.2	Test Setup	.23
5.7	.3	Test Procedure	.23
5.7	.4	Test Result	.27
5.8	Pow	ver Spectral density (PSD)	.28
5.8	.1	Limit	.28
5.8	.2	Test Setup	.28
5.8	.3	Test Procedure	.28
5.8	.4	Test Result	.28
ANNEX	Α	TEST RESULT	.29
A.1	Out	put Power	.29
A.2	Ban	dwidth	.30
A.3	Con	ducted Spurious Emissions	.33
A.4	Ban	d Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)	.40
A.5	Con	ducted Emissions	.45
A.6	Rad	liated Spurious Emission	.47
A.7	Pow	ver Spectral Density (PSD)	.66
ANNEX	В	TEST SETUP PHOTOS	.69
ANNEX	С	EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS	.69
ΔΝΝΕΥ	D	ELIT INTERNAL PHOTOS	60



1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
A al al a a a a	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100
Fax Number	+86 755 6182 4271

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of
	test site are 11524A-1.
Accreditation	The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications
	Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The
Certificate	recognition numbers of test site are 832625.
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National
	Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to
	ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are
December	located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi
Description	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	518055

1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% - 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa

1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v5.2.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without



prior written approval from the laboratory.



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	EUROTECH SpA
Address	Via Jacopo Linussio 1 Amaro Italy

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Shenzhen Saintway Technology Co., Ltd	
Address	7F, Block 1, Yinjin Building, liuxian 2rd Road, Bao'an 71 District,	
Addiess	Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.	

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	Shenzhen Saintway Technology Co., Ltd
Address	7F, Block 1, Yinjin Building, liuxian 2rd Road, Bao'an 71 District,
Address	Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	Multi-Service Gateway & Edge Controller	
Model Name Under Test	REGATE 10-05-34	
Series Model Name	REGATE 10-05-34, REGATE 10-05-24, REGATE 10-05-33, REGATE 10-05-23, REGATE 10-05-31, REGATE 10-05-21, REGATE 10-05-04, REGATE 10-05-03, REGATE 10-05-01	
Description of Model name differentiation	All models are same with electrical parameters and internal circuit structure, but only differ in the product's User Interface and model name which for the different marketing sales area.	
Hardware Version	N/A	
Software Version	N/A	
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A	
Weight (Approx.)	N/A	
Network and Wireless connectivity	2G Network GSM 850/1900 MHz 3G Network WCDMA Band 2/5 Bluetooth 3.0, Bluetooth 4.0 Low Energy (BLE) WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n (HT20)	



2.5 Ancillary Equipment

	Battery	
	Brand Name	Great power
	Model No.	GSP061522
Ancillary Equipment 1	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacitance	170 mAh
	Rated Voltage	3.7 V
	Limit Charge Voltage	4.25 V

2.6 Peripheral Devices

	Charger	
	Brand Name	FRIWO
paripharal paviage	Model No.	FW7520/24
Peripheral Devices	Serial No.	N/A
	Rated Input	100~240 V~, 400 mA
	Rated Output	24 V=, 625 mA

2.7 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

<u>'</u>	·
	802.11b/g/n(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz
TX/ RX Operating	f _c = 2412 MHz + (N-1)*5 MHz, where
Range	- f _c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,
	- N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11.
Modulation Type	DSSS, OFDM
Antenna Type	Dipole Antenna
Antenna Gain	4.7 dBi
About the Draduct	The equipment is Gateway based on iMX28 processor, it contains WIFI
About the Product	Modules operating at 2.4 GHz ISM band.

Modulation	Modulation	Transfer Rate (Mbps)	The Frequency Equal to the
technology	Туре		Transmission Rate of Modulation
			Signal
	DBPSK	1	1 MHz
DSSS (802.11b)	DQPSK	2	I WITZ
	CCK	5.5/ 11	1.375 MHz
	BPSK	6/9	
OFDM (802.11g)	QPSK	12 / 18	1 MHz
OFDIVI (602.119)	16QAM	24 / 36	I WITZ
	64QAM	48 / 54	
	BPSK	6.5	
OFDM	QPSK	13/19.5	1 MHz
(802.11n-20MHz)	16QAM	26/39	I WITZ
	64QAM	52/58.5/65	



Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel
Output Power	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
6dB Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Conducted Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Radiated Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Band Edge	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Power spectral density (PSD)	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.4 and 2.6 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

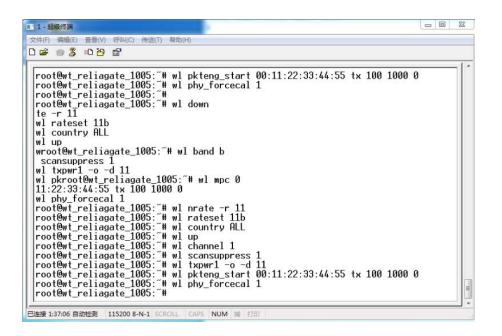
2.8 Additional Instructions

EUT Software Settings:

During testing. Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

Power level setup in soft	Power level setup in software		
Test Software Version	HyperTerminal		
Mode	Channel	Power Set	
11b	All	11	
11g	All	10	
11n (HT20)	All	10	

Run Software





3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title	
	47 CFR Part 15,		
1	Subpart C	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services	
	(10-1-15 Edition)		
2	KDB Publication	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on	
2	558074 D01v03r05	Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247	
3	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices	

3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203 15.247(b)	Note1	Pass
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge	15.247(d)	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	ANNEX A.7	Pass
Note 1: Please refer to section 5.1				



4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.7 V

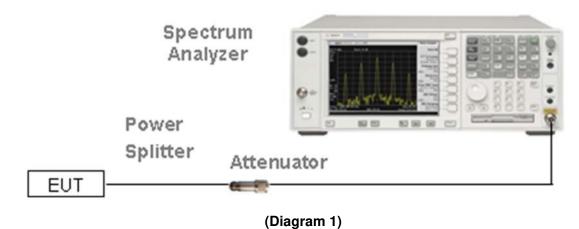
4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-30	103118	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Vector Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	177746	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	260592	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Switch Unit with OSP- B157	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	OSP120	101270	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Spectrum Analyzer	AGILENT	E4440A	MY45304434	2015.10.15	2016.10.14
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Bluetooth Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CBT	101005	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Power Splitter	KMW	DCPD-LDC	1305003215	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Power Sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z21	103971	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Attenuator (20 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-201	110617091		
Attenuator (6 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-61	1305003189		
DC Power Supply	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HMP2020	018141664	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Temperature Chamber	ANGELANTIONI SCIENCE	NTH64-40A	1310	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Test Antenna- Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna- Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna- Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1148	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna- Horn(15-26.5 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-305	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2015.02.28	2017.02.27
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703		

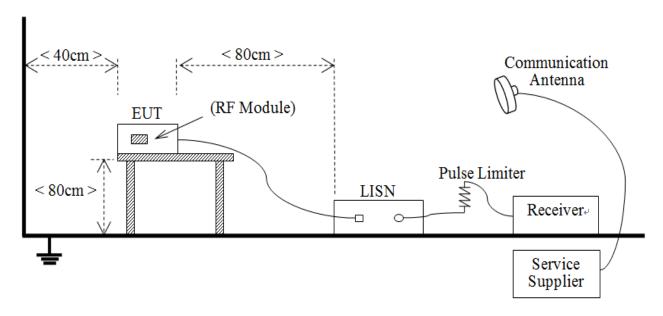


4.3 Description of Test Setup

4.3.1 For Antenna Port Test



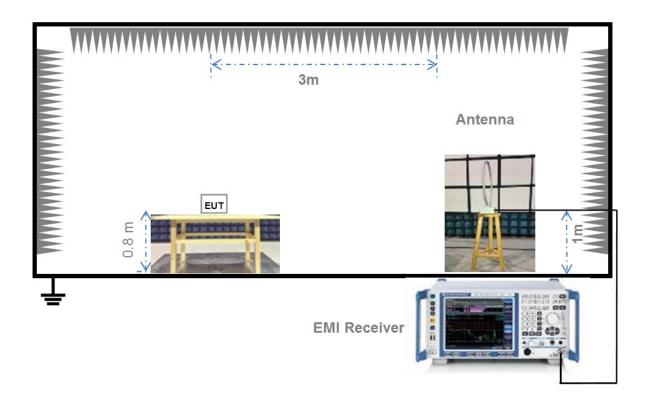
4.3.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

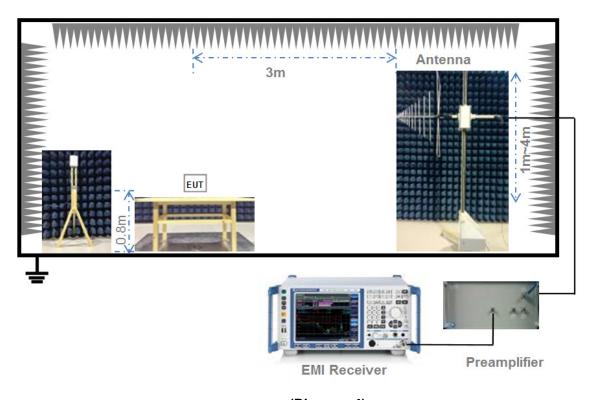


4.3.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

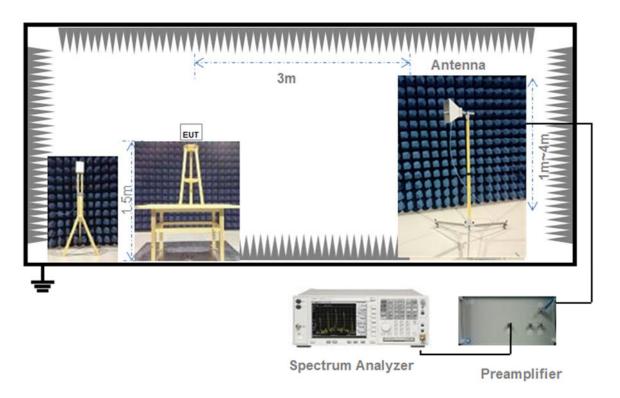
4.3.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)



4.3.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Standard Applicable

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

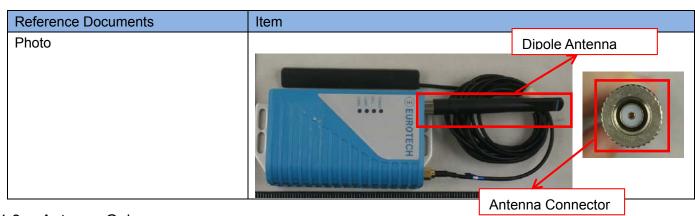
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
Compliance with 15.203, use of a standard	
antenna jack or electrical connector is	The antenna is the unique connector with a dipole antenna.
prohibited.	



5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
- 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding 10log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.



Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T \leq 16.7 microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



5.3 6dB Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.



Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than \pm 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) \pm 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission \pm 0.5 MHz.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.



5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a $50\mu\text{H}/50\Omega$ line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)	
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

- 1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2-4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).



- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).



Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than \pm 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) \leq (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
- 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
- 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.



Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold



5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



5.8 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: 3 kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz.

Set the VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle	T (ms)	1/T(kHz)
802.11b	0.8400	0.9400	1.1904
802.11g	0.1650	0.2750	6.0606
802.11n-20 MHz	0.1533	0.2633	6.5231

Peak Power Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vordict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	8.7184	7.4400			Pass
Middle	8.7884	7.5700	30	1000	Pass
High	8.9884	7.9200			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	8.1784	6.5700			Pass
Middle	8.4784	7.0400	30	1000	Pass
High	8.5584	7.1800			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		\/ordiot
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	8.1091	6.4700			Pass
Middle	8.3591	6.8500	30	1000	Pass
High	8.5691	7.1900			Pass



A.2 Bandwidth

Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	9.169	13.7534	≥500
Middle	9.295	13.8674	≥500
High	8.736	13.8136	≥500

802.11g Mode:

Channal	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	Limits
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	(kHz)
Low	16.408	16.4080	≥500
Middle	16.478	16.4306	≥500
High	16.458	16.4306	≥500

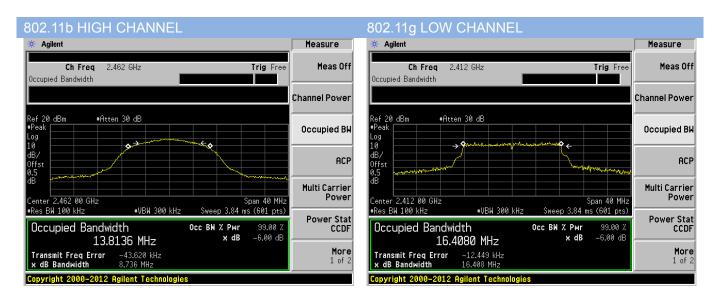
802.11n-20MHz Mode:

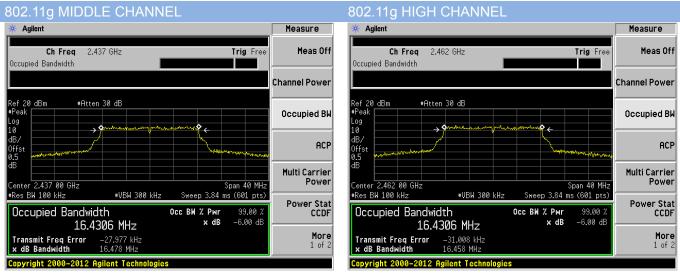
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	Limits
Channe	(MHz)	(MHz)	(kHz)
Low	17.677	17.6512	≥500
Middle	17.743	17.6670	≥500
High	17.763	17.6854	≥500

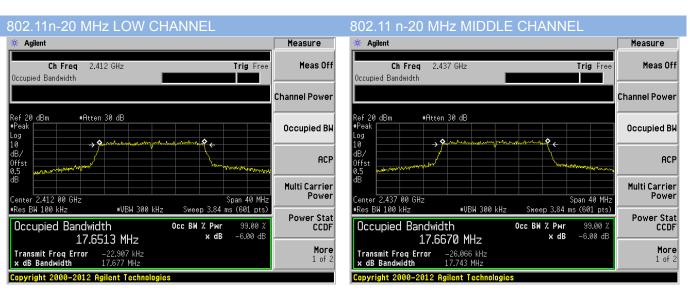
Test plots





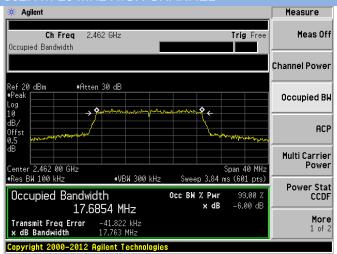








802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL





A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (d		
	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-55.44	-2.50	-22.50	Pass
Middle	-57.00	-0.39	-20.39	Pass
High	-55.88	0.56	-19.44	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (d		
	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-56.56	-4.89	-24.89	Pass
Middle	-55.36	-4.11	-24.11	Pass
High	-54.72	-3.43	-23.43	Pass

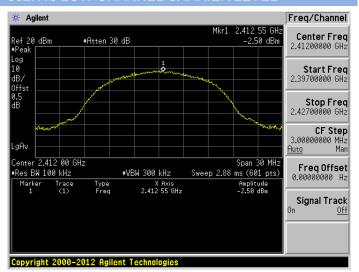
802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (d		
	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-54.64	-4.46	-24.46	Pass
Middle	-53.48	-4.02	-24.02	Pass
High	-55.47	-3.51	-23.51	Pass



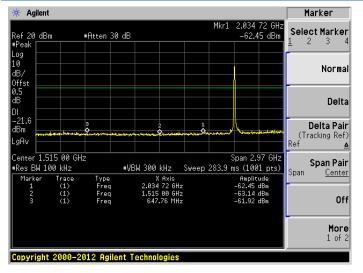
Test Plots

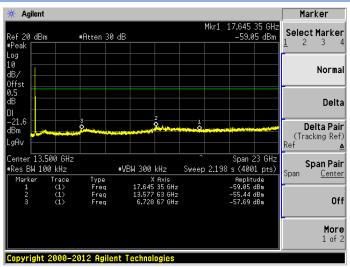




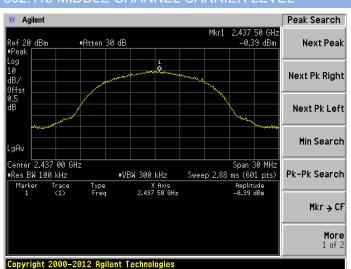
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





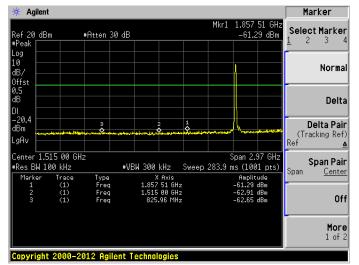
802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

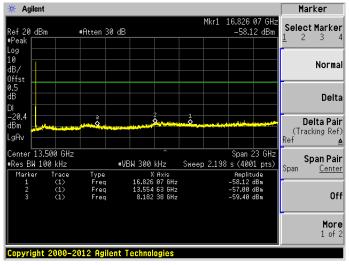




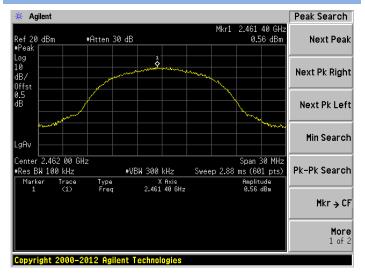
802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



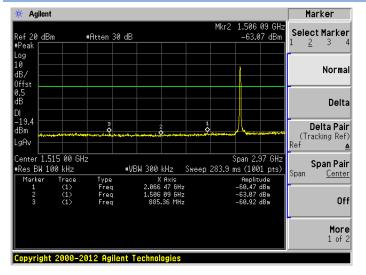


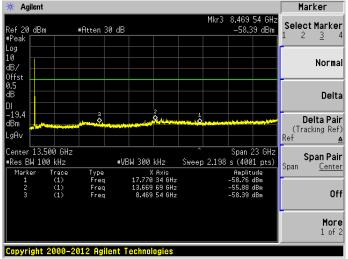
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS

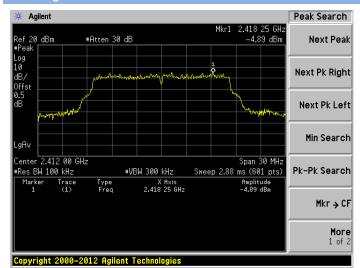
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





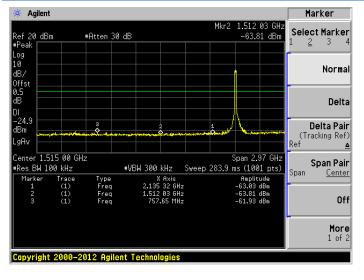


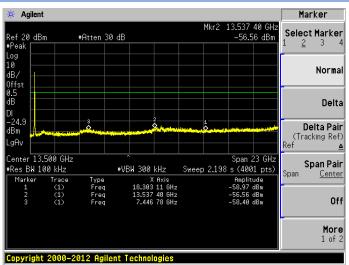
802.11g LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



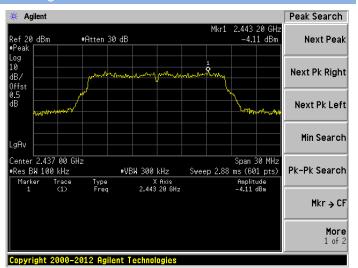
802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





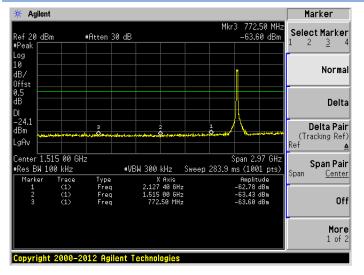
802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

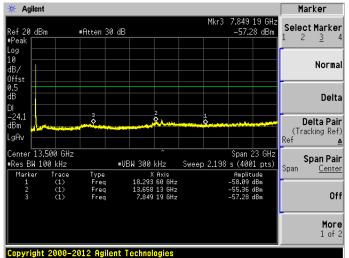




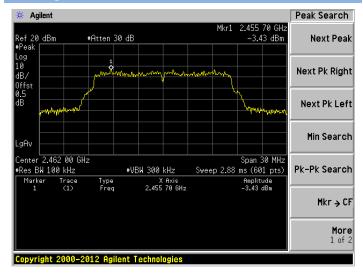
802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



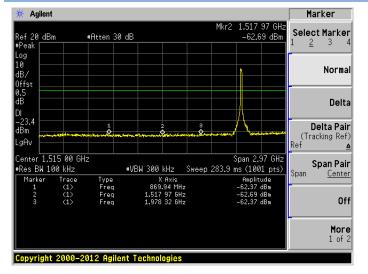


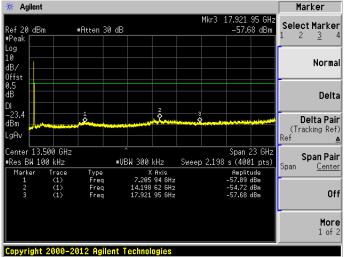
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS

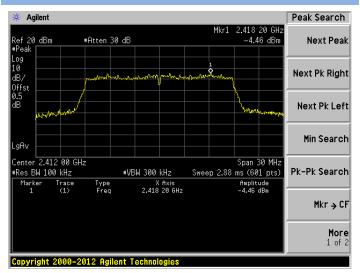
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz







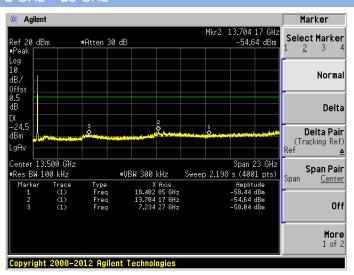
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



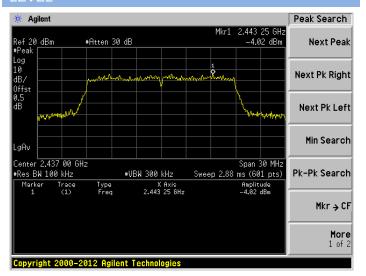
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

Agilent Marker 1.509 06 GH: -62.92 dBm Ref 20 dBm #Peak Select Marker #Atten 30 dB Log 10 dB/ Offst 0.5 dB Normal Delta -24.5 dBm Delta Pair (Tracking Ref) LgAv Center 1.515 00 GHz Span 2.97 GHz Span Pair #VBW 300 kHz Sweep 283.9 ms (1001 pts) #Res BW 100 kHz Center X Axis 2.127 40 GHz 1.509 06 GHz 716.07 MHz Amplitude -62.66 dBm -62.92 dBm -61.81 dBm Marker Off More 1 of 2 Copyright 2000-2012 Agilent Technologies

802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



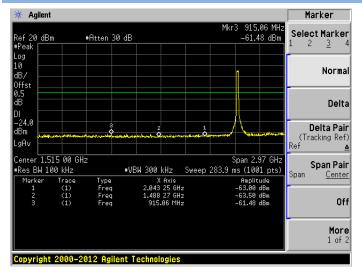
802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

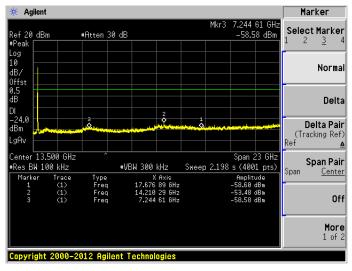




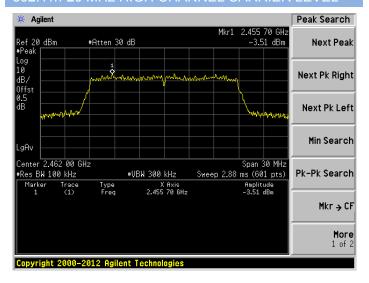
802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz \sim 3 GHz

802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



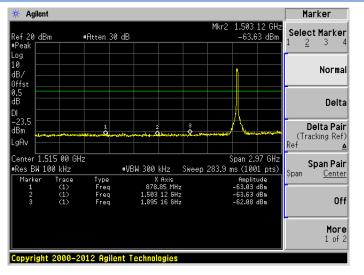


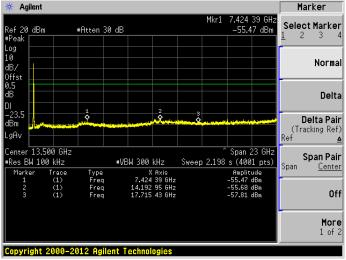
802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz \sim 3 GHz

802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz







A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Test Data

The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band	Limit		
	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low Channel	-40.52	-2.50	-22.50	Pass
High Channel	-49.61	0.56	-19.44	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band	Limit		
	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low Channel	-31.28	-4.89	-24.89	Pass
High Channel	-37.05	-3.43	-23.43	Pass

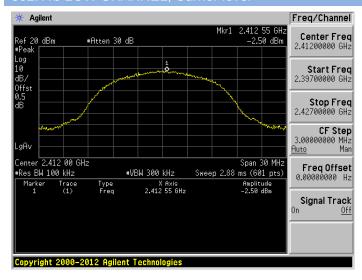
802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band	Limit	Limit (dBm)				
	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict			
Low Channel	-31.18	-4.46	-24.46	Pass			
High Channel	-38.25	-3.51	-23.51	Pass			



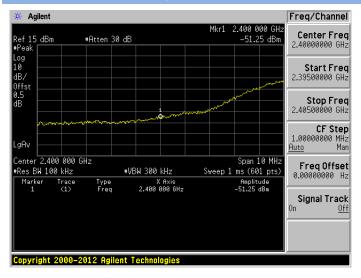
Test Plots

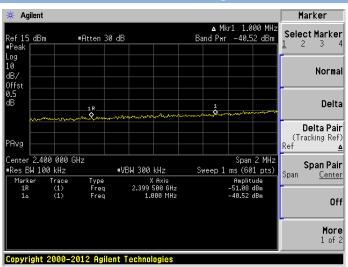
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



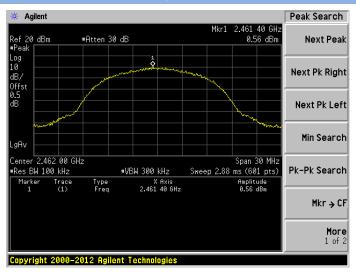
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Reference level

802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge





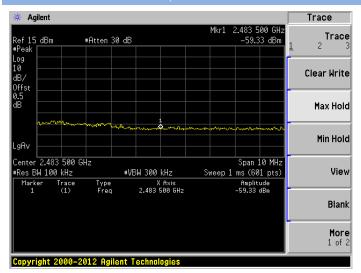
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level

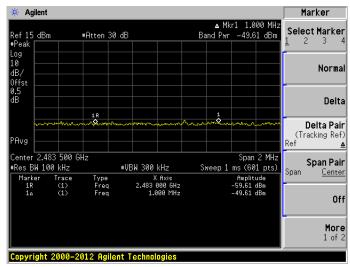




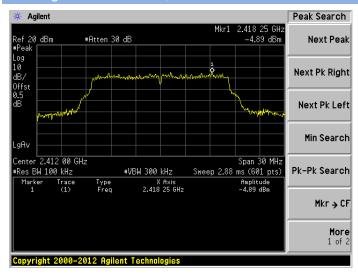
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level

802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



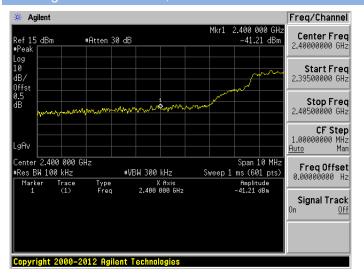


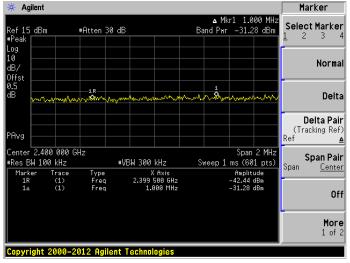
802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Reference level

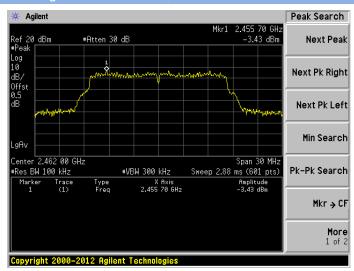
802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge





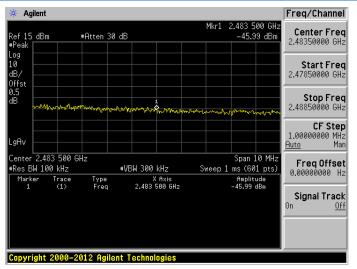


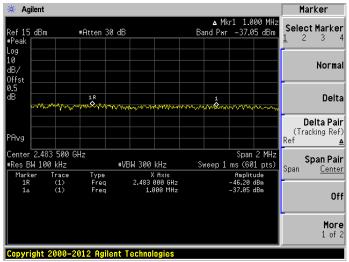
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



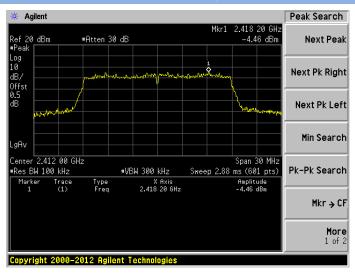
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level

802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge





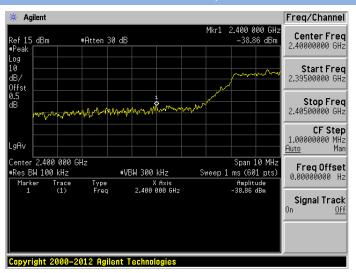
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level

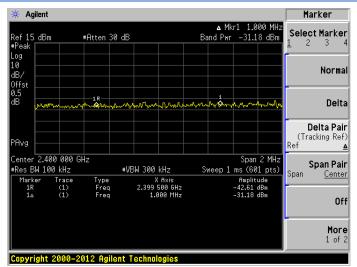




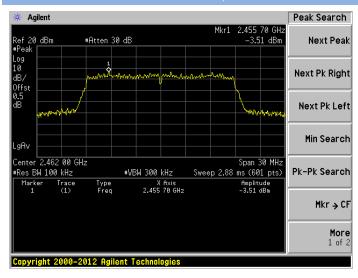
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Reference level

802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



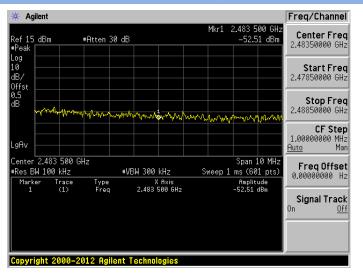


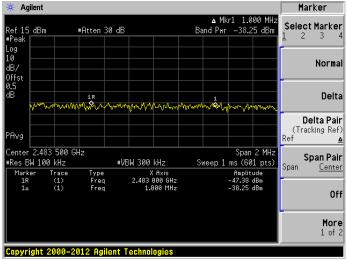
802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level





802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge





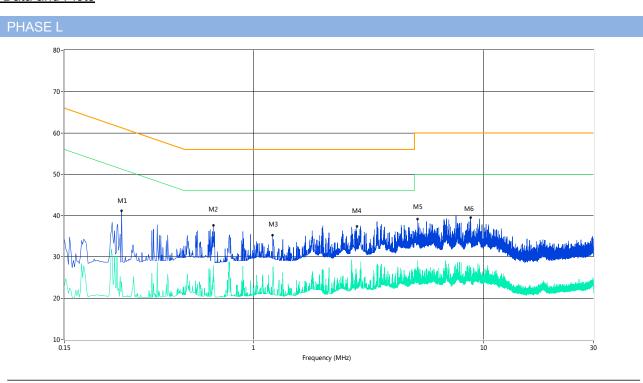


A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note 1: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode.

Note 2: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, the configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

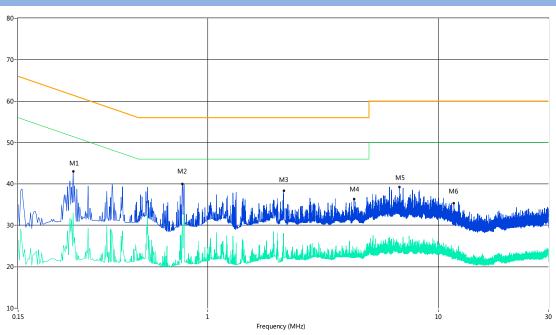
Test Data and Plots



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)		(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.27	41.1	13.00	62.7	21.60	Peak	L Line	Pass
1**	0.27	23.9	13.00	52.7	28.80	AV	L Line	Pass
2	0.67	37.7	13.00	56.0	18.30	Peak	L Line	Pass
2**	0.67	27.9	13.00	46.0	18.10	AV	L Line	Pass
3	1.21	35.3	13.00	56.0	20.70	Peak	L Line	Pass
3**	1.21	24.4	13.00	46.0	21.60	AV	L Line	Pass
4	2.80	37.3	13.00	56.0	18.70	Peak	L Line	Pass
4**	2.80	25.9	13.00	46.0	20.10	AV	L Line	Pass
5	5.17	39.2	13.00	60.0	20.80	Peak	L Line	Pass
5**	5.17	29.2	13.00	50.0	20.80	AV	L Line	Pass
6	8.77	39.5	13.00	60.0	20.50	Peak	L Line	Pass
6**	8.77	27.5	13.00	50.0	22.50	AV	L Line	Pass



PHASE N



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)		(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.26	43.1	13.00	62.9	19.80	Peak	N Line	Pass
1**	0.26	33.0	13.00	52.9	19.90	AV	N Line	Pass
2	0.77	40.1	13.00	56.0	15.90	Peak	N Line	Pass
2**	0.77	30.4	13.00	46.0	15.60	AV	N Line	Pass
3	2.13	38.3	13.00	56.0	17.70	Peak	N Line	Pass
3**	2.13	26.5	13.00	46.0	19.50	AV	N Line	Pass
4	4.31	36.3	13.00	56.0	19.70	Peak	N Line	Pass
4**	4.31	22.8	13.00	46.0	23.20	AV	N Line	Pass
5	6.77	39.3	13.00	60.0	20.70	Peak	N Line	Pass
5**	6.77	24.1	13.00	50.0	25.90	AV	N Line	Pass
6	11.68	35.3	13.00	60.0	24.70	Peak	N Line	Pass
6**	11.68	24.0	13.00	50.0	26.00	AV	N Line	Pass



A.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

Antenna-port Conducted test data

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in dBµV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + The appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)

Note: All configure were tested but only the worst data (802.11b Low Channel) was reported in this report.

The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 4.7 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

Note 4: The harmonic (2th ,3th , 4th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

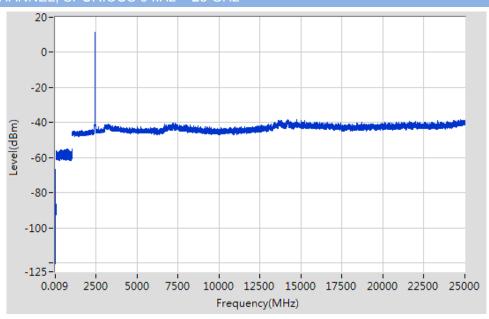
802.11b: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.015	-86.01	6	3	4.7	QP	19.95	91.34	71.39	Note 2	Pass
3.001	-66.78	6	3	4.7	QP	39.18	91.34	52.16	Note 2	Pass
753.888	-55.04	4.7	3	4.7	QP	49.62	91.34	41.72	Note 2	Pass
3224.075	-40.67	0	3	4.7	PK	59.29	91.34	32.05	Note 2	Pass
3224.073	-41.34	O	3	4.7	AV	58.62	71.34	12.72		Pass
14721.065	-38.26	0	3	4.7	PK	61.70	91.34	29.64	Note 2	Pass
14721.003	-39.21	U	3	4.7	AV	60.75	71.34	10.59		Pass
2411.706	11.38	0	3	4.7	PK	111.34	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2411.700	10.89	U	3	4.7	AV	110.85	N/A	N/A	INOIE I	N/A



Test Plots

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz





And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 4.7 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

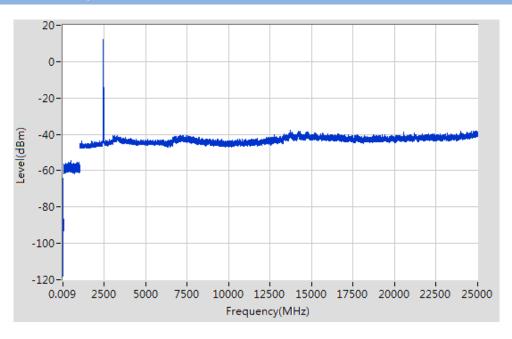
Note 4: The harmonic (2th ,3th , 4th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11b: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.014	-84.06	6	3	4.7	QP	21.90	92.28	70.38	Note 2	Pass
3.001	-64.41	6	3	4.7	QP	41.55	92.28	50.73	Note 2	Pass
190.656	-54.35	4.7	3	4.7	QP	50.31	92.28	41.97	Note 2	Pass
3298.099	-40.64	0	3	4.7	PK	59.32	92.28	32.96	Note 2	Pass
3290.099	-41.34	U	3	4.7	AV	58.62	72.28	13.66	NOIE 2	Pass
13688.939	-37.95	0	3	4.7	PK	62.01	92.28	30.27	Note 2	Pass
13000.338	-39.21	U	3	4.7	AV	60.75	72.28	11.53	NOIE Z	Pass
2435.718	12.32	0	3	4.7	PK	112.28	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2400.110	11.83		3	4.7	AV	111.79	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz





And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 4.7 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

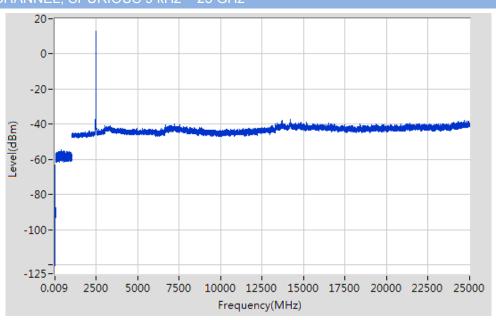
Note 4: The harmonic (2th ,3th , 4th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

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Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.015	-82.25	6	3	4.7	QP	23.71	92.66	68.95	Note 2	Pass
3.001	-63.21	6	3	4.7	QP	42.75	92.66	49.91	Note 2	Pass
351.339	-54.7	4.7	3	4.7	QP	49.96	92.66	42.70	Note 2	Pass
3025.008	-41.02	0	3	4.7	PK	58.94	92.66	33.72	Note 2	Pass
3023.008	-42.19	U	3	4.7	AV	57.77	72.66	14.89	Note 2	Pass
14203.001	-37.52	0	3	4.7	PK	62.44	92.66	30.22	Note 2	Pass
14203.001	-38.64	U	3	4.7	AV	61.32	72.66	11.34	NOIE 2	Pass
2461.731	12.7	0	3	4.7	PK	112.66	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2401.731	12.21	U	3	4.7	AV	112.17	N/A	N/A	NOLE I	N/A

Test Plots

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz





And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 4.7 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

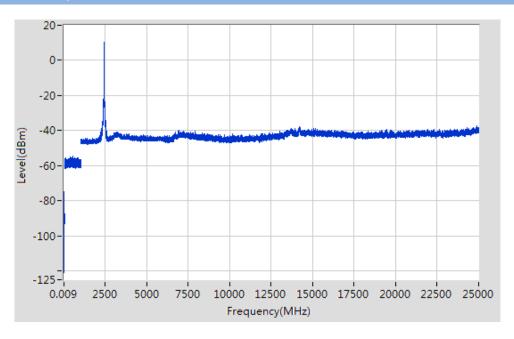
Note 4: The harmonic (2th ,3th , 4th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11g: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.014	-76.61	6	3	4.7	QP	29.35	90.46	61.11	Note 2	Pass
1.921	-74.76	6	3	4.7	QP	31.20	90.46	59.26	Note 2	Pass
512.359	-54.56	4.7	3	4.7	QP	50.10	90.46	40.36	Note 2	Pass
3251.084	-40.74	0	3	4.7	PK	59.22	90.46	31.24	Note 2	Pass
3231.064	-43.61	U	3	4.7	AV	56.35	70.46	14.11	Note 2	Pass
24912.967	-37.29	0	3	4.7	PK	62.67	90.46	27.79	Note 2	Pass
24912.907	-40.64	U	3	4.7	AV	59.32	70.46	11.14	Note 2	Pass
2418.709	10.5	0	3	4.7	PK	110.46	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2410.709	8.28	U	3	4.7	AV	108.24	N/A	N/A	NOLE I	N/A

Test Plots

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz





And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 4.7 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

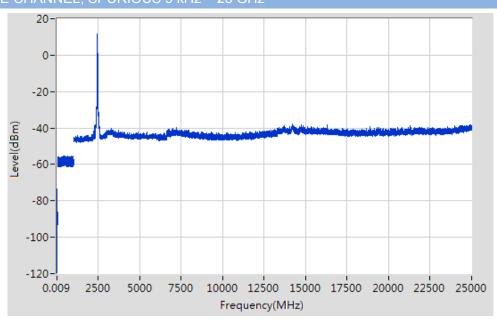
Note 4: The harmonic (2th ,3th , 4th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11q: MIDDLE CHAI	N١	VEL
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Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.014	-74.46	6	3	4.7	QP	31.50	91.62	60.12	Note 2	Pass
0.32	-73.48	6	3	4.7	QP	32.48	91.62	59.14	Note 2	Pass
860.415	-55.3	4.7	3	4.7	QP	49.36	91.62	42.26	Note 2	Pass
3270.09	-40.42	0	3	4.7	PK	59.54	91.62	32.08	Note 2	Pass
3270.09	-44.11	U	3	4.7	AV	55.85	71.62	15.77	NOIE 2	Pass
14185.999	-37.78	0	3	4.7	PK	62.18	91.62	29.44	Note 2	Pass
14100.339	-39.34	U	3	4.7	AV	60.62	71.62	11.00	NOIE Z	Pass
2436.718	11.66	0	3	4.7	PK	111.62	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2430.710	9.44	U	3	4.7	AV	109.40	N/A	N/A	INOICI	N/A

Test Plots

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz





And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 4.7 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

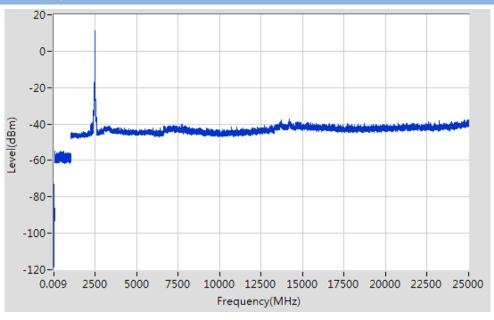
Note 4: The harmonic (2th ,3th , 4th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

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Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.014	-73.43	6	3	4.7	QP	32.53	91.31	58.78	Note 2	Pass
3.451	-73.04	6	3	4.7	QP	32.92	91.31	58.39	Note 2	Pass
40.701	-54.65	4.7	3	4.7	QP	50.01	91.31	41.30	Note 2	Pass
3071.024	-41.11	0	3	4.7	PK	58.85	91.31	32.46	Note 2	Pass
307 1.024	-43.67	U	3	4.7	AV	56.29	71.31	15.02	NOIE Z	Pass
14202.001	-37.17	0	3	4.7	PK	62.79	91.31	28.52	Note 2	Pass
14202.001	-40.21	U	3	4.7	AV	59.75	71.31	11.56	NOIE Z	Pass
2467.734	11.35	0	3	4.7	PK	111.31	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2407.734	9.13	U	3	4.7	AV	109.09	N/A	N/A	INOLE	N/A

Test Plots

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz





And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 4.7 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

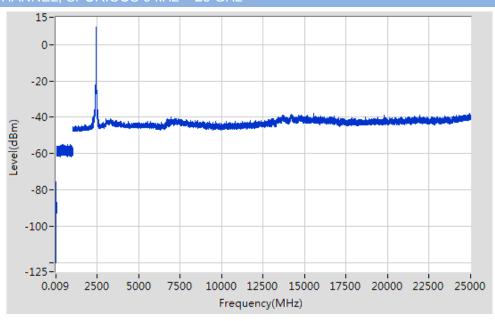
Note 4: The harmonic (2th ,3th , 4th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11n20: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.015	-76.04	6	3	4.7	QP	29.92	89.78	59.86	Note 2	Pass
0.32	-75.59	6	3	4.7	QP	30.37	89.78	59.41	Note 2	Pass
412.247	-54.99	4.7	3	4.7	QP	49.67	89.78	40.11	Note 2	Pass
3004.001	-40.94	0	3	4.7	PK	59.02	89.78	30.76	Note 2	Pass
3004.001	-45.63	U	3	4.7	AV	54.33	69.78	15.45	Note 2	Pass
24960.985	-37.17	0	3	4.7	PK	62.79	89.78	26.99	Note 2	Pass
24900.965	-42.96	U	3	4.7	AV	57.00	69.78	12.78	Note 2	Pass
2417.709	9.82	0	3	4.7	PK	109.78	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2417.709	7.47	U	3	4.7	AV	107.43	N/A	N/A	Note i	N/A

Test Plots

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz





And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 4.7 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

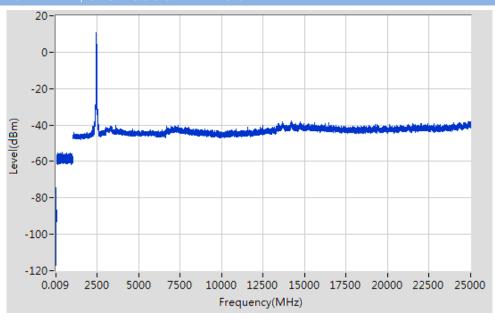
Note 4: The harmonic (2th ,3th , 4th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

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Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.015	-74.45	6	3	4.7	QP	31.51	90.73	59.22	Note 2	Pass
1.26	-74.69	6	3	4.7	QP	31.27	90.73	59.46	Note 2	Pass
365.641	-54.96	4.7	3	4.7	QP	49.70	90.73	41.03	Note 2	Pass
3578.193	-40.26	0	3	4.7	PK	59.70	90.73	31.03	Note 2	Pass
3370.183	-45.63	U	3	4.7	AV	54.33	70.73	16.40	NOIG Z	Pass
14200.001	-37.64	0	3	4.7	PK	62.32	90.73	28.41	Note 2	Pass
14200.001	-42.96	U	3	4.7	AV	57.00	70.73	13.73	NOIG Z	Pass
2442.721	10.77	0	3	4.7	PK	110.73	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2442.121	8.42	U	3	4.7	AV	108.38	N/A	N/A	NOIG I	N/A

Test Plots

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz





And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 4.7 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

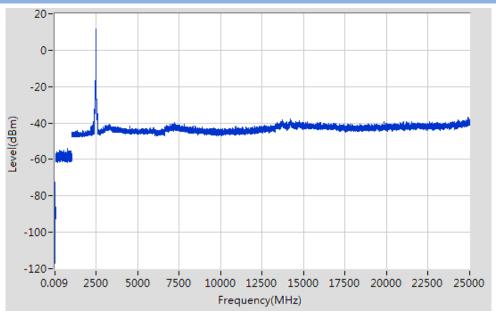
Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

Note 4: The harmonic (2th ,3th , 4th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11n20: H	IIGH CHA	NNEL								
Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.015	-73.31	6	3	4.7	QP	32.65	91.49	58.84	Note 2	Pass
0.9	-72.74	6	3	4.7	QP	33.22	91.49	58.27	Note 2	Pass
778.691	-53.78	4.7	3	4.7	QP	50.88	91.49	40.61	Note 2	Pass
3280.093	-40.76	0	3	4.7	PK	59.20	91.49	32.29	Note 2	Pass
3280.093	-44.61	U	3	4.7	AV	55.35	71.49	16.14	NOIE 2	Pass
24906.964	-36.81	0	3	4.7	PK	63.15	91.49	28.34	Note 2	Pass
24300.904	-40.37	U	3	4.7	AV	59.59	71.49	11.90	11016 2	Pass
2460.73	11.53	0	3	4.7	PK	111.49	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2400.73	9.18	U	3	4.7	AV	109.14	N/A	N/A	NOTE I	N/A

Test Plots







Cabinet Radiated spurious emission test

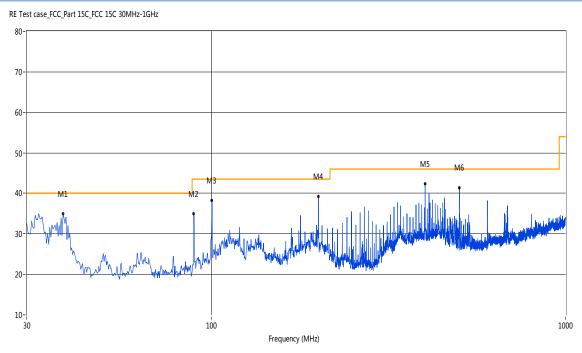
Note 1: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note 2: For the test data above 1 GHz, According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 3: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note 4: Below 1 GHz, the configuration is normal link mode.

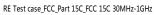


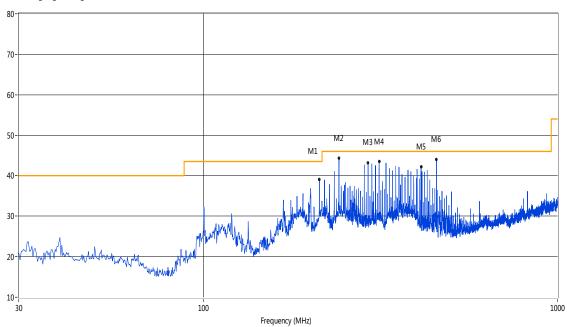


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		
1	38.00	34.92	-20.16	40.0	5.08	Peak	53.10	100	Vertical	N/A
1**	38.00	16.58	-20.16	40.0	23.42	QP	53.10	100	Vertical	Pass
2	88.91	34.96	-22.19	43.5	8.54	Peak	305.10	100	Vertical	N/A
2**	88.91	17.69	-22.19	43.5	25.81	QP	305.10	100	Vertical	Pass
3	100.06	38.24	-20.26	43.5	5.26	Peak	360.00	100	Vertical	N/A
3**	100.06	18.21	-20.26	43.5	25.29	QP	360.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	200.43	39.17	-20.18	43.5	4.33	Peak	103.70	100	Vertical	N/A
4**	200.43	21.61	-20.18	43.5	21.89	QP	103.70	100	Vertical	Pass
5	400.93	42.38	-15.15	46.0	3.62	Peak	356.50	100	Vertical	N/A
5**	400.93	28.36	-15.15	46.0	17.64	QP	356.50	100	Vertical	Pass
6	501.30	41.44	-13.12	46.0	4.56	Peak	190.90	100	Vertical	N/A
6**	501.30	26.31	-13.12	46.0	19.69	QP	190.90	100	Vertical	Pass



30 MHz to 1 GHz ANT H





No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		
1	212.31	39.02	-20.10	43.5	4.48	Peak	2.20	100	Horizontal	N/A
1**	212.31	26.58	-20.1	43.5	16.92	QP	2.20	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	241.16	44.34	-19.03	46.0	1.66	Peak	15.40	100	Horizontal	N/A
2*	241.16	41.56	-19.03	46.0	4.44	QP	15.40	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	291.59	43.21	-17.96	46.0	2.79	Peak	15.40	100	Horizontal	N/A
3*	291.59	40.81	-17.96	46.0	5.19	QP	15.40	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	313.17	43.48	-17.25	46.0	2.52	Peak	3.60	100	Horizontal	N/A
4*	313.17	40.76	-17.25	46.0	5.24	QP	3.60	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	411.36	42.25	-14.80	46.0	3.75	Peak	229.50	100	Horizontal	N/A
5**	411.36	24.14	-14.8.0	46	21.86	QP	229.50	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	454.51	44.05	-14.43	46.0	1.95	Peak	243.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
6*	454.51	41.13	-14.43	46.0	3.87	QP	243.00	100	Horizontal	Pass



1 GH	Hz to 25 GH:	z, ANT V 8	02.11b L	ow Channe	el					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	Veruici
1	1688.33	40.26	-4.30	74	33.74	Peak	136.1	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2900.03	44.11	0.04	74	29.89	Peak	144.8	150	Vertical	Pass
3	3624.59	48.44	9.72	74	25.57	Peak	48	150	Vertical	Pass
4	11615.64	48.25	19.03	74	25.75	Peak	346.2	150	Vertical	Pass
5	13332.36	44.86	20.72	74	29.14	Peak	29.3	150	Vertical	Pass
6	23023.30	48.10	10.29	74	25.90	Peak	327.8	150	Vertical	Pass

1 GH	1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Low Channel											
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict		
NO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(0)	(cm)	ANI	Verdict		
1	2409.65	46.64	-4.21	74	27.36	Peak	129.7	150	Horizontal	Pass		
2	3457.39	47.84	9.70	74	26.16	Peak	234.3	150	Horizontal	Pass		
3	5232.19	48.55	10.87	74	25.45	Peak	311.1	150	Horizontal	Pass		
4	7437.60	44.91	14.71	74	29.09	Peak	193.5	150	Horizontal	Pass		
5	13571.55	41.88	8.73	74	32.12	Peak	226.8	150	Horizontal	Pass		
6	24161.40	46.41	12.23	74	27.59	Peak	234.9	150	Horizontal	Pass		

1 GH	Hz to 25 GH:	z, ANT V 8	02.11b N	/liddle Char	nnel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(0)	(cm)	ANI	veruici
1	1077.48	42.69	-4.82	74	31.31	Peak	185.5	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2821.05	44.81	2.30	74	29.19	Peak	289.8	150	Vertical	Pass
3	5966.26	48.80	11.19	74	25.20	Peak	129.5	150	Vertical	Pass
4	10660.98	44.27	19.68	74	29.73	Peak	251.2	150	Vertical	Pass
5	12833.20	44.17	9.03	74	29.83	Peak	34.1	150	Vertical	Pass
6	23023.30	43.60	11.97	74	30.40	Peak	1.7	150	Vertical	Pass

1 GH	tz to 25 GH:	z, ANT H 8	02.11b N	Middle Cha	nnel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	verdict
1	2305.17	45.19	-4.64	74	28.81	Peak	83.9	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	3318.67	49.26	1.61	74	24.74	Peak	103.9	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4997.50	46.13	11.18	74	27.87	Peak	344.4	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	8504.58	46.23	16.99	74	27.77	Peak	335.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	17918.47	46.28	9.03	74	27.72	Peak	35.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	18053.66	45.55	13.15	74	28.45	Peak	249.6	150	Horizontal	Pass



1 GH	Hz to 25 GH	z, ANT V 8	02.11b F	High Chann	el					
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2237.69	39.43	-6.22	74	34.57	Peak	55.7	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2914.02	46.48	0.05	74	27.52	Peak	104.1	150	Vertical	Pass
3	5579.36	46.05	11.59	74	27.95	Peak	70	150	Vertical	Pass
4	8998.75	48.78	19.03	74	25.22	Peak	10.7	150	Vertical	Pass
5	17752.08	49.87	9.42	74	24.13	Peak	73.2	150	Vertical	Pass
6	22104.83	42.93	11.62	74	31.07	Peak	15.4	150	Vertical	Pass

1 GH	Hz to 25 GH	z, ANT H 8	02.11b H	High Chann	nel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	Verdict
1	2496.13	41.37	-5.51	74	32.63	Peak	15.5	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2740.07	44.72	1.68	74	29.28	Peak	353.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4959.26	48.92	12.61	74	25.08	Peak	230	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	8032.86	46.97	14.81	74	27.03	Peak	1.3	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	16472.96	45.24	12.03	74	28.76	Peak	57	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	22693.84	45.90	12.33	74	28.10	Peak	106.2	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 G	Hz to 25 GH:	z, ANT V 802	2.11g Lov	w Channel						
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
NO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	verdict
1	2128.22	47.44	-3.22	74	26.56	Peak	354.7	150	Vertical	Pass
2	3388.40	50.33	2.16	74	23.67	Peak	192.2	150	Vertical	Pass
3	4266.43	50.70	15.89	74	23.30	Peak	91.6	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7280.37	44.39	15.74	74	29.61	Peak	327.1	150	Vertical	Pass
5	15079.45	45.82	9.10	74	28.18	Peak	299.2	150	Vertical	Pass
6	24151.41	43.52	12.73	74	30.48	Peak	265.2	150	Vertical	Pass

1 G	Hz to 25 GH:	z, ANT H 80	2.11g Lo	w Channel						
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	verdict
1	1038.49	41.16	-6.06	74	32.84	Peak	353.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	3133.47	44.04	9.02	74	29.96	Peak	69.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	5514.12	48.12	11.55	74	25.88	Peak	95.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	9144.76	43.55	19.71	74	30.45	Peak	352.4	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	16680.95	51.70	9.29	74	22.30	Peak	146.4	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	18937.60	46.18	11.21	74	27.82	Peak	158.1	150	Horizontal	Pass



1 G	Hz to 25 GH:	z, ANT V 802	2.11g Mid	ddle Chann	el					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	verdict
1	2427.64	43.94	-1.96	74	30.07	Peak	288.7	150	Vertical	Pass
2	3386.90	44.24	1.66	74	29.76	Peak	211.3	150	Vertical	Pass
3	5588.35	49.11	15.80	74	24.89	Peak	90	150	Vertical	Pass
4	10896.84	46.01	20.01	74	27.99	Peak	174.9	150	Vertical	Pass
5	12345.67	48.58	9.66	74	25.42	Peak	22.1	150	Vertical	Pass
6	20866.89	44.74	11.26	74	29.26	Peak	352.8	150	Vertical	Pass

1 G	Hz to 25 GH	z, ANT H 80	2.11g Mi	ddle Chann	el					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
NO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(0)	(cm)	ANI	verdict
1	2127.72	44.69	-0.99	74	29.31	Peak	136.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2811.05	47.77	9.20	74	26.23	Peak	231	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4855.04	47.11	15.37	74	26.89	Peak	180.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6831.12	45.48	18.91	74	28.52	Peak	339.9	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	13394.76	43.90	12.44	74	30.10	Peak	118.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	18178.45	48.52	11.09	74	25.48	Peak	293.7	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 G	Hz to 25 GH	z, ANT V 802	2.11g Hig	h Channel						
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
NO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	verdict
1	2274.68	45.12	-1.70	74	28.88	Peak	34.6	150	Vertical	Pass
2	3196.45	47.90	-0.02	74	26.11	Peak	296.5	150	Vertical	Pass
3	4036.24	46.54	15.04	74	27.46	Peak	335.6	150	Vertical	Pass
4	8785.36	42.28	17.10	74	31.72	Peak	284.5	150	Vertical	Pass
5	12536.61	45.16	8.54	74	28.84	Peak	317.6	150	Vertical	Pass
6	19579.04	45.09	9.88	74	28.91	Peak	184.8	150	Vertical	Pass

1 G	Hz to 25 GH:	z, ANT H 80	2.11g Hiç	gh Channel						
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	verdict
1	2315.17	43.95	-4.35	74	30.05	Peak	53.5	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2718.07	48.88	1.53	74	25.12	Peak	214.4	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4333.17	50.08	9.66	74	23.93	Peak	310.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	11806.57	47.37	14.18	74	26.63	Peak	27	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	13259.57	44.24	11.98	74	29.76	Peak	110.5	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	22703.83	49.10	13.93	74	24.90	Peak	156.1	150	Horizontal	Pass



1 G	Hz to 25 GH:	z, ANT V 802	2.11n20 l	Low Chann	el					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	verdict
1	1480.38	40.66	-0.01	74	33.34	Peak	206.1	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2632.59	46.55	0.24	74	27.45	Peak	125.9	150	Vertical	Pass
3	3873.53	47.99	11.36	74	26.01	Peak	334.7	150	Vertical	Pass
4	8122.71	46.23	20.46	74	27.77	Peak	157.5	150	Vertical	Pass
5	15713.81	46.56	9.04	74	27.44	Peak	157.3	150	Vertical	Pass
6	19119.80	42.77	12.86	74	31.23	Peak	125.7	150	Vertical	Pass

1 G	Hz to 25 GH:	z, ANT H 80	2.11n20	Low Chann	el					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	verdict
1	1700.33	48.32	-0.55	74	25.68	Peak	152.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	3155.21	45.06	0.55	74	28.94	Peak	357.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4804.80	45.86	10.00	74	28.15	Peak	184.3	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	11402.25	48.66	16.98	74	25.34	Peak	194.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	17793.68	45.38	9.72	74	28.63	Peak	101	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	20078.20	46.82	12.81	74	27.18	Peak	342.4	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 G	Hz to 25 GH:	z, ANT V 802	2.11n20 l	Middle Cha	nnel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
NO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	Verdict
1	1016.00	40.68	-0.53	74	33.33	Peak	262.1	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2597.60	44.54	1.60	74	29.46	Peak	59.2	150	Vertical	Pass
3	4369.16	49.45	12.16	74	24.55	Peak	26.9	150	Vertical	Pass
4	10874.38	41.54	18.04	74	32.46	Peak	221.7	150	Vertical	Pass
5	13956.32	44.11	8.88	74	29.89	Peak	41.4	150	Vertical	Pass
6	24620.63	46.71	9.56	74	27.30	Peak	233.6	150	Vertical	Pass

1 G	Hz to 25 GH:	z, ANT H 80	2.11n20	Middle Cha	nnel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	(o)	(cm)	ANI	verdict
1	1019.00	41.26	-0.41	74	32.74	Peak	110.4	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	3285.68	47.06	2.18	74	26.94	Peak	92.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4788.30	50.89	14.80	74	23.11	Peak	253.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6920.97	47.96	15.10	74	26.05	Peak	234.4	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	14507.49	49.76	9.24	74	24.24	Peak	253.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	23692.18	45.43	10.48	74	28.58	Peak	48.2	150	Horizontal	Pass



1 G	1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 High Channel									
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT Ver	Verdict
NO.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		verdict
1	1869.78	42.61	-4.10	74	31.39	Peak	33.6	150	Vertical	Pass
2	3047.99	47.78	9.03	74	26.22	Peak	310.4	150	Vertical	Pass
3	4114.22	47.46	12.66	74	26.55	Peak	216.1	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6011.23	49.45	20.00	74	24.55	Peak	227.1	150	Vertical	Pass
5	13020.38	47.24	9.03	74	26.76	Peak	75.3	150	Vertical	Pass
6	20697.17	44.54	9.60	74	29.46	Peak	87.9	150	Vertical	Pass

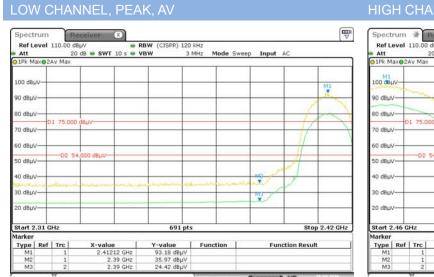
1 G	1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 High Channel									
Na	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(o)	(cm)		
1	1800.30	40.82	-3.36	74	33.18	Peak	317.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2635.09	44.98	0.50	74	29.02	Peak	327.1	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4431.39	51.25	12.65	74	22.75	Peak	140.1	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6763.73	44.82	15.07	74	29.18	Peak	345.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	16660.15	45.20	10.39	74	28.80	Peak	70.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	23432.61	47.55	12.70	74	26.45	Peak	241.3	150	Horizontal	Pass



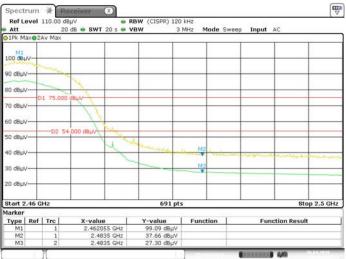
Restricted-band band-edge

Test Data

802.11b Mode:



HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK, AV



Date: 26.APR.2016 10:08:18

802.11g Mode:

Date: 26.APR.2016 10:01:12

LOW CHANNEL, PEAK, AV

Date: 26.APR.2016 10:02:52

HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK, AV



Date: 26.APR.2016 10:10:16

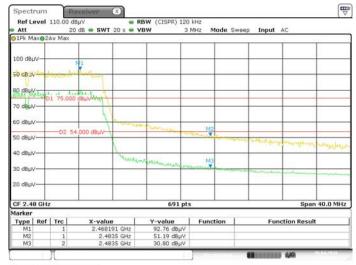


802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Low CHANNEL, PEAK, AV

Date: 26.APR.2016 10:05:31

HIGH CHANNEL PEAK AV



Date: 26.APR.2016 10:11:54



A.7 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)		
Low	-16.89	8		
Middle	-16.42	8		
High	-14.88	8		

802.11g Mode:

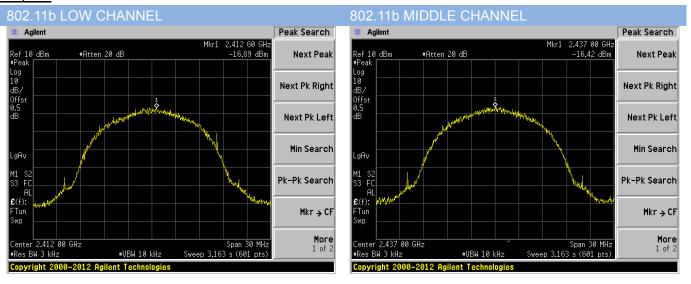
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)		
Low	-19.19	8		
Middle	17.72	8		
High	-18.66	8		

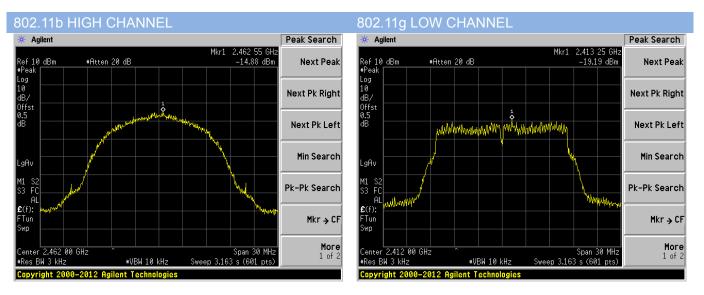
802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

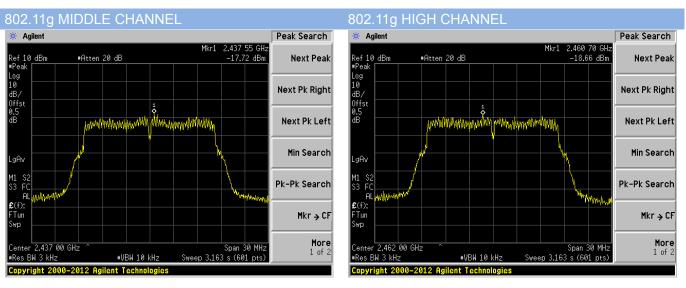
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)		
Low	-20.23	8		
Middle	-19.70	8		
High	-19.62	8		



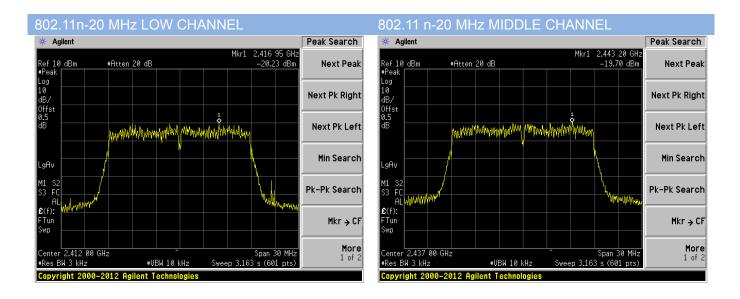
Test plots



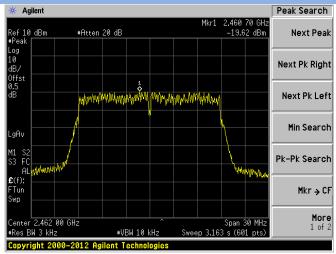














ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL- SZ1630286-AR.pdf".

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL- SZ1630286-AW.pdf".

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL- SZ1630286-Al.pdf".

--END OF REPORT--