

Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) & Exposure evaluation

Report identification number: 1-1692/20-01-04 MPE (FCC_ISED)

Certification numbers and labeling requirements	
FCC ID	UE3-T30R
ISED number	7440A-T30R
HVIN (Hardware Version Identification Number)	Rev C
PMN (Product Marketing Name)	T30R
FVIN (Firmware Version Identification Number)	Firmware Version 2.1
HMN (Host Marketing Name)	-/-

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Document authorised:



Thomas Vogler
Lab Manager
Radio Communications & EMC



Marco Scigliano
Testing Manager
Radio Communications & EMC

EUT technologies:

Technologies:	Max. measured average EIRP
RADAR 116 to 123 GHz	20.36 dBm

NOTE: Test results taken from CTC advanced GmbH report 1-1692/20-01-02-A_FCC

Prediction of MPE limit at given distance - FCC

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG / 4\pi R^2$$

where: S = Power density
 P = Power input to the antenna
 G = Antenna gain
 R = Distance to the center of radiation of the antenna
 PG = Output Power including antenna gain

The table below is excerpted from Table 1 - Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) of FCC-19-126A1 "Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure"

Frequency Range (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)
300 -1500	f/1500	30
1500 – 3 000 000	1.0	30

where f = Frequency (MHz)

Prediction: worst case

Technologies:	RADAR	
Frequency (MHz)	123000	
PG Declared max power (EIRP)	20.36	dBm
R Distance	20	cm
S MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure	1	mW/cm ²
Calculated Power density:	0.0216	mW/cm ²
Calculated percentage of Limit:	2.16%	

This prediction demonstrates the following:

The power density levels for FCC at a distance of 20 cm are below the maximum levels allowed by regulations.

Prediction of MPE limit at given distance - ISED

RSS-102, Issue 5, 2.5.2

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $4.49/f^{0.5}W$ (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} W$ (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

Prediction: worst case

		RADAR	
	Frequency	123000	MHz
R	Distance	20	cm
PG	Maximum EIRP	20.36	dBm
PG	Maximum EIRP	108.6	mW
	Exclusion Limit from above:	5.00	W
	Calculated percentage of Limit:	2.17%	

Conclusion: RF exposure evaluation is not required.