

DFS PORTION of FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E DFS PORTION of INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-247 ISSUE 1

CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

FOR

VoIP PHONE

MODEL NUMBER: MC74-HW

FCC ID: UDX-60034010 IC: 6961A-60034010

REPORT NUMBER: 16U22771-E2V1

ISSUE DATE: FEBRUARY 24, 2016

Prepared for CISCO SYSTEMS, INC. 170 WEST TASMAN DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA, 95134, USA

Prepared by UL VERIFICATION SERVICES INC. 47173 BENICIA STREET FREMONT, CA 94538, U.S.A. TEL: (510) 771-1000 FAX: (510) 661-0888

NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0

Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1	02/24/16	Initial Issue	C. Cheung

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Pass

1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

DFS Portion of CI	FR 47 Part 15 Subpart E	Pass
ST	ANDARD	TEST RESULTS
	APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
DATE TESTED:	FEBRUARY 1 – FEBRUARY 2, 2016	
SERIAL NUMBER:	Q2AT-48YG-BN38	
MODEL:	MC74-HW	
EUT DESCRIPTION:	VoIP PHONE	
COMPANY NAME:	CISCO SYSTEMS, INC. 170 WEST TASMAN DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA, 95134, USA	

INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-247 Issue 1

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government.

Approved & Released For UL Verification Services Inc. By:

Tested By:

CONAN CHEUNG PROJECT LEAD UL Verification Services Inc.

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HENRY LAU EMC ENGINEER UL Verification Services Inc.

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2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with the DFS portion of FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15, FCC 06-96, FCC KDB 789033, KDB 905462 D02 and D03, ANSI C63.10-2013, RSS-247 Issue 1.

3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA.

UL Verification Services, Inc. is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <u>http://ts.nist.gov/standards/scopes/2000650.htm</u>.

4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2. SAMPLE CALCULATION

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

Field Strength (dBuV/m) = Measured Voltage (dBuV) + Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) – Preamp Gain (dB) 36.5 dBuV + 18.7 dB/m + 0.6 dB – 26.9 dB = 28.9 dBuV/m

4.3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Conducted Disturbance, 0.15 to 30 MHz	± 3.52 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 30 to 1000 MHz	± 4.94 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 1 to 6 GHz	± 3.86 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 6 to 18 GHz	± 4.23 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 18 to 26 GHz	± 5.30 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 26 to 40 GHz	± 5.23 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

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5. DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION

5.1. OVERVIEW

5.1.1. LIMITS

INDUSTRY CANADA

IC RSS-247 is closely harmonized with FCC Part 15 DFS rules. The deviations are as follows:

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Note: For the band 5600–5650 MHz, no operation is permitted.

Until further notice, devices subject to this annex shall not be capable of transmitting in the band 5600–5650 MHz. This restriction is for the protection of Environment Canada weather radars operating in this band.

FCC

§15.407 (h), FCC KDB 905462 D02 "COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR UNLICENSED-NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEVICES OPERATING IN THE 5250-5350 MHz AND 5470-5725 MHz BANDS INCORPORATING DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION" and KDB 905462 D03 "U-NII CLIENT DEVICES WITHOUT RADAR DETECTION CAPABILITY".

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Table 1: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

Requirement	Operational Mode			
	Master	Client (without radar detection)	Client (with radar detection)	
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes	
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes	

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Requirement	Operational Mode			
	Master	Client (without DFS)	Client (with DFS)	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes	

Additional requirements for	Master Device or Client with	Client				
devices with multiple bandwidth	Radar DFS	(without DFS)				
modes						
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and	All BW modes must be	Not required				
Statistical Performance Check	tested					
Channel Move Time and Channel Test using widest BW mode Test using the						
Closing Transmission Time	available	widest BW mode				
		available for the link				
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required				
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include						
several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the						
radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in all 20						
MHz channel blocks and a null freque	ency between the bonded 20 MHz	channel blocks.				

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Table 3: Interference Threshold values, Master or Client incorporating In-Service Monitoring

Maximum Transmit Power	Value			
	(see notes)			
E.I.R.P. ≥ 200 mill watt	-64 dBm			
E.I.R.P. < 200 mill watt and	-62 dBm			
power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz				
E.I.R.P. < 200 mill watt that do not meet power spectral	-64 dBm			
density requirement				
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.				
Note 3: E.I.R.P. is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB				

publication 662911 D01.

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds (See Note 1)
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + approx. 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. (See Notes 1 and 2)
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U- NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. (See Note 3)

Note 1: *Channel Move Time* and the *Channel Closing Transmission Time* should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The *Channel Closing Transmission Time* is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the *Channel Move Time* plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a *Channel* move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the *U-NII Detection Bandwidth* detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

Table 5 – Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar	Pulse	PRI	Pulses	Minimum	Minimum			
Type	Width	(usec)		Percentage	Trials			
	(usec)			of Successful				
				Detection				
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note			
					1			
1	1	Test A: 15 unique		60%	30			
		PRI values randomly						
		selected from the list	Roundup					
		of 23 PRI values in	{(1/360) x (19 x 10 ⁶ PRI _{usec})}					
		table 5a						
		Test B: 15 unique						
		PRI values randomly						
		selected within the						
		range of 518-3066						
		usec. With a						
		minimum increment						
		of 1 usec, excluding						
		PRI values selected						
		in Test A						
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30			
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30			
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30			
	Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4) 80% 120							
Note 1:	Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the <i>Detection Bandwidth</i> test, <i>Channel</i>							
Move T	Move Time, and Channel Closing Time tests.							

Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Signal

			rubio o	Longi	aloo i laac		jilai	
	Radar	Pulse	Chirp	PRI	Pulses	Number	Minimum	Minimum
W	aveform	Width	Width	(µsec)	per	of	Percentage	Trials
	Туре	(µsec)	(MHz)		Burst	Bursts	of Successful	
		. ,	. ,				Detection	
	5	50-100	5-20	1000-	1-3	8-20	80%	30
				2000				

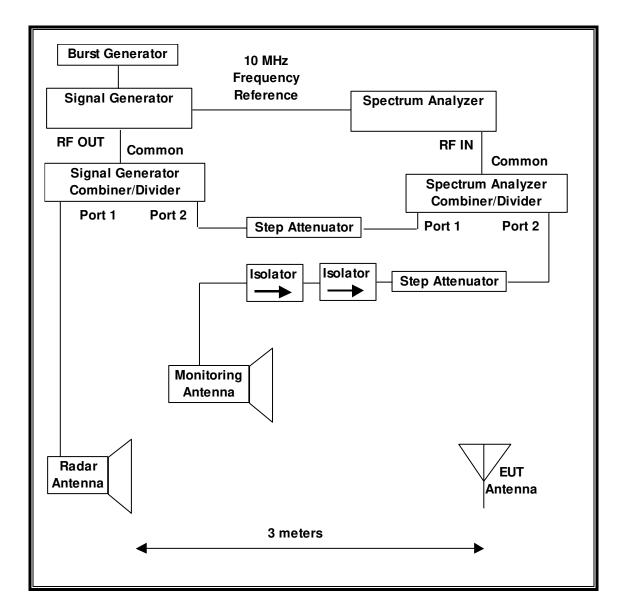
Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal

 		-)		g			
Radar	Pulse	PRI	Pulses	Hopping	Hopping	Minimum	Minimum
Waveform	Width	(µsec)	per	Rate	Sequence	Percentage of	Trials
Туре	(µsec)		Hop	(kHz)	Length	Successful	
			-		(msec)	Detection	
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

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5.1.2. TEST AND MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

RADIATED METHOD SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



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SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The short pulse and long pulse signal generating system utilizes the NTIA software. The Vector Signal Generator has been validated by the NTIA. The hopping signal generating system utilizes the CCS simulated hopping method and system, which has been validated by the DoD, FCC and NTIA. The software selects waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type on a random basis using uniform distribution.

The short pulse types 1, 2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time.

The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of KDB 905462 D02. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from F_L to F_H for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

SYSTEM CALIBRATION

A 50-ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected to a horn antenna via a coaxial cable, with the reference level offset set to (horn antenna gain – coaxial cable loss). The signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of –64 dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyzer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. The Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer is adjusted so that the displayed amplitude of the signal is –64 dBm.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of –64 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

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ADJUSTMENT OF DISPLAYED TRAFFIC LEVEL

A link is established between the Master and Slave and the distance between the units is adjusted as needed to provide a suitable received level at the Master and Slave devices. The video test file is streamed to generate WLAN traffic. The monitoring antenna is adjusted so that the WLAN traffic level, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold.

TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

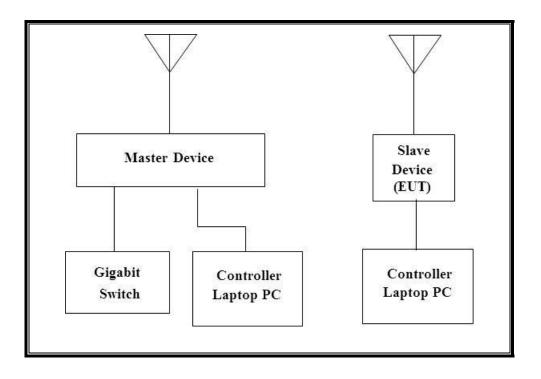
The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST					
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due	
Spectrum Analyzer, PXA, 3Hz to 44GHz	Keysight	N9030A	US51350187	06/01/16	
Signal Generator, MXG X-Series RF Vector	Agilent	N5172B	MY51350337	02/17/16	

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5.1.3. SETUP OF EUT

RADIATED METHOD EUT TEST SETUP



SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following support equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST						
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID		
Laptop PC (EUT/Controller)	Apple	A1465	C02KTGMPF5N7	QDS-BRCM1072		
AC Adapter (EUT/Controller)	Apple	A1435	C04341216J2F288BT	DoC		
802.11ac Wireless Access Point	Cisco Meraki	MR32	Q2JD-2V82-A25B	UDX-60031010		
AC Adapter (Master)	Powertron Electronics Corp.	PA1015-2HU	No Serial Number	DoC		
Laptop PC (Master/Controller)	Lenovo	TYPE 3249-2HU	R9-AWVWD 11/01	DoC		
AC Adapter (Controller)	Lenovo	ADLX65NLT2A	11S36200291ZZ300345B5 X	DoC		
Gigabit Switch	Cisco Meraki	MS220-8-HW	Q2GP-PVL6-8BGK	DoC		

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5.1.4. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

For FCC the EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz ranges.

For IC the EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz ranges, excluding the 5600-5650 MHz range.

The EUT is a Slave Device without Radar Detection.

The highest power level within these bands is 21.73 dBm EIRP in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 21.31 dBm EIRP in the 5470-5725 MHz band.

The highest gain antenna assembly utilized with the EUT has a gain of 3.1 dBi in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 2.56 dBi in the 5470-5725 MHz band. The lowest gain antenna assembly utilized with the EUT has a gain of 3.1 dBi in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 2.56 dBi in the 5470-5725 MHz band.

The rated output power of the Master unit is > 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is -64 dBm. After correction for procedural adjustments, the required radiated threshold at the antenna port is -64 + 1 = -63 dBm.

The calibrated radiated DFS Detection Threshold level is set to –64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides a margin to the limit.

The EUT uses one transmitter/receiver chain connected to an antenna to perform radiated tests.

WLAN traffic is generated by downloading the file with the command "while true; do wget -output-document=/dev/null http://208.43.102.250/downloads/test500.zip; done" from the Master to the Slave.

TPC is not required since the maximum EIRP is less than 500 mW (27 dBm).

The EUT utilizes the 802.11ac architecture. Three nominal channel bandwidths are implemented: 20 MHz, 40 MHz and 80 MHz.

The software installed in the EUT is "phone-0.79-internal-only (phone-alpha-34 / 1460) (1460 – phone-alpha-34-eng).

UNIFORM CHANNEL SPREADING

This function is not required per KDB 905462.

This is requirement not applicable to Slave Devices.

OVERVIEW OF MASTER DEVICE WITH RESPECT TO §15.407 (h) REQUIREMENTS

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The Master Device is a Cisco Access Point, FCC ID: UDX-60031010. The minimum antenna gain for the Master Device is 5.5 dBi.

The rated output power of the Master unit is > 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is -64 dBm. After correction for procedural adjustments, the required radiated threshold at the antenna port is -64 + 1 = -63 dBm.

The calibrated radiated DFS Detection Threshold level is set to –64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides a margin to the limit.

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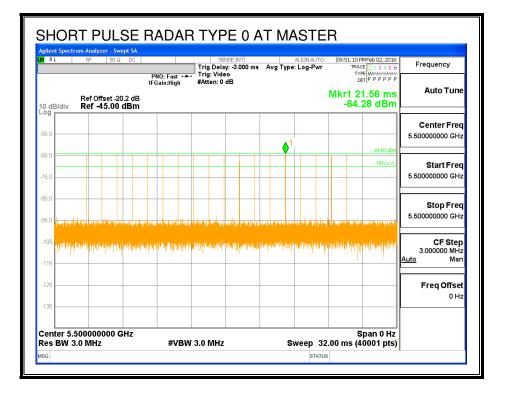
5.2. RESULTS FOR 20 MHz BANDWIDTH

5.2.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5500 MHz.

5.2.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

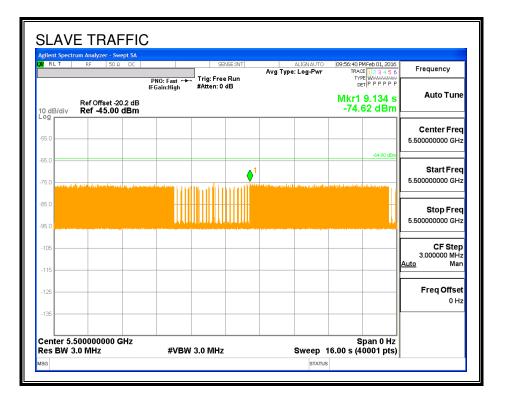
RADAR WAVEFORM



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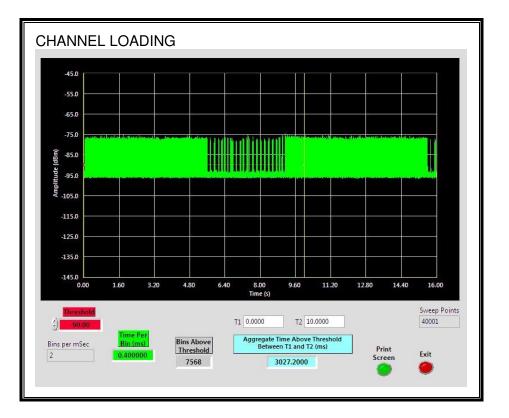
TRAFFIC



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CHANNEL LOADING



The level of traffic loading on the channel by the EUT is 30.272%

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5.2.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

5.2.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

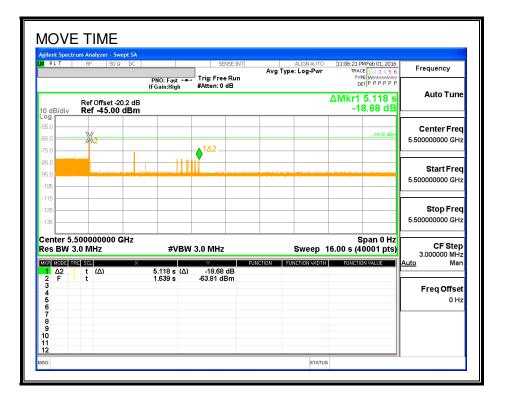
RESULTS

Channel Move Time	Limit
(sec)	(sec)
5.118	10

Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time	Limit
(msec)	(msec)
22.4	60

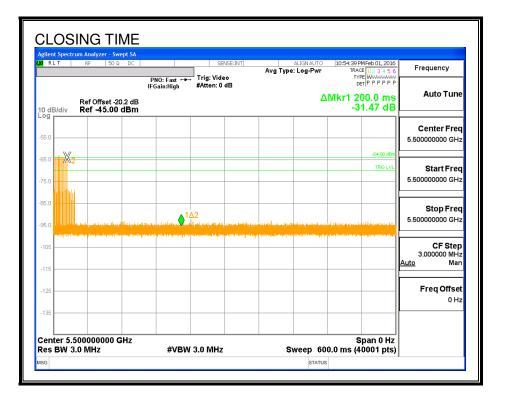
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MOVE TIME



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CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

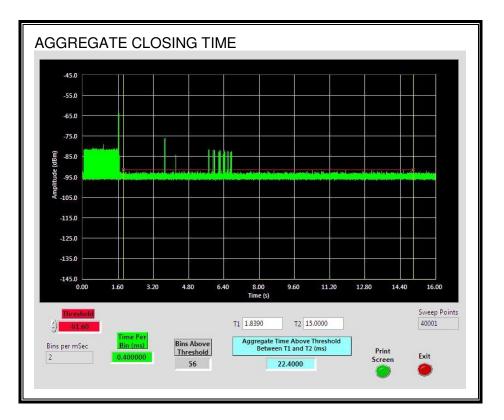


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AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.



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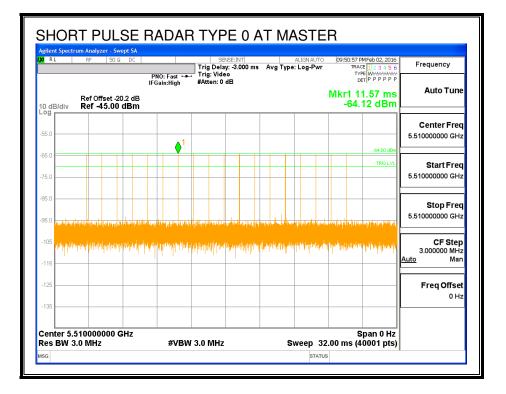
5.3. RESULTS FOR 40 MHz BANDWIDTH

5.3.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5510 MHz.

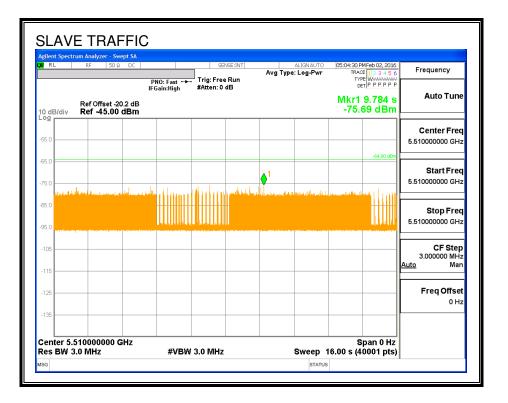
5.3.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

RADAR WAVEFORM



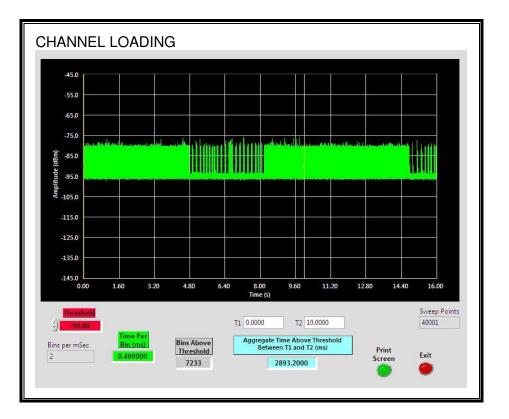
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TRAFFIC



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CHANNEL LOADING



The level of traffic loading on the channel by the EUT is 28.93%

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5.3.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

5.3.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

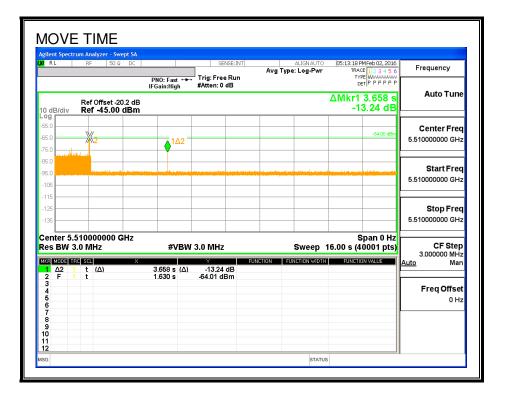
RESULTS

Channel Move Time	Limit
(sec)	(sec)
3.658	10

Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time	Limit
(msec)	(msec)
2.4	60

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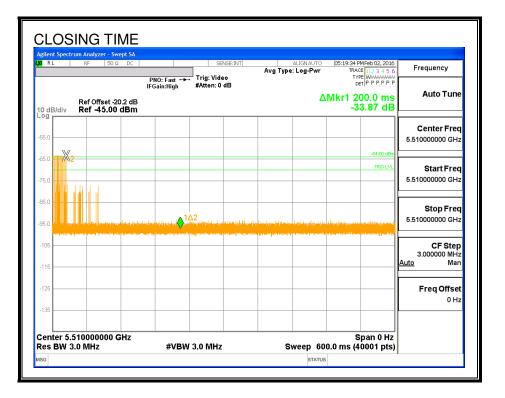
MOVE TIME



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CHANNEL CLOSING TIME



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AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.



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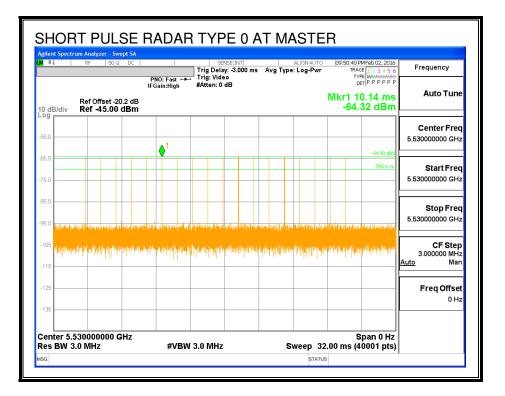
5.4. RESULTS FOR 80 MHz BANDWIDTH

5.4.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5530 MHz.

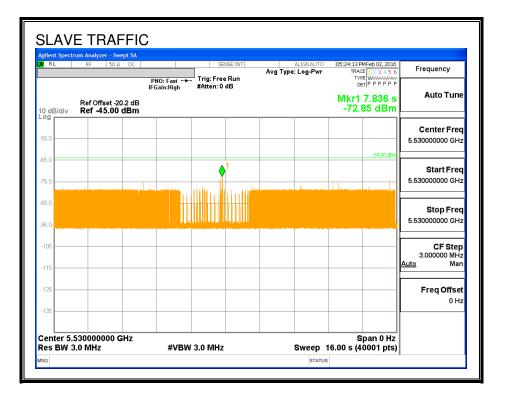
5.4.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

RADAR WAVEFORM



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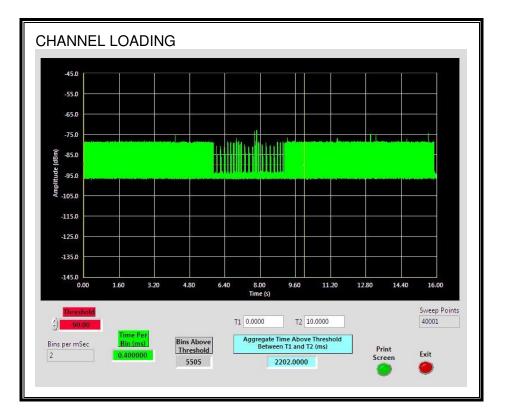
TRAFFIC



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CHANNEL LOADING



The level of traffic loading on the channel by the EUT is 22.02%

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5.4.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

5.4.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

RESULTS

Channel Move Time	Limit
(sec)	(sec)
3.501	10

Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time	Limit
(msec)	(msec)
23.2	60

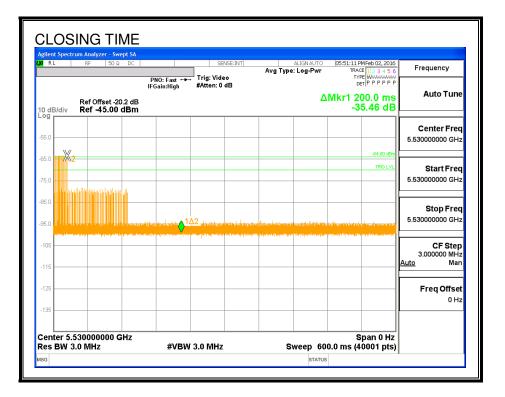
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MOVE TIME



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CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

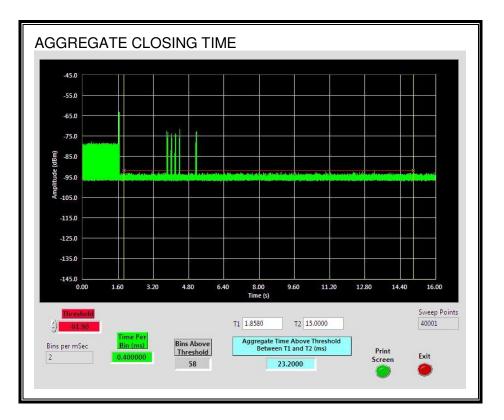


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AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.



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5.4.1. 10-MINUTE BEACON MONITORING PERIOD

RESULTS

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during the 10-minute observation time.

gilent Spectrum Analyzer - 1 RL RF 50	DΩ DC	0: Fast ↔ Trig	SENSE:INT	ALIGNAUTO Avg Type: Log-Pwr	TRACE 1 2 3 4 5	Frequency
Ref Offset 0 dB/div Ref -45.0	IFG: -20.2 dB	sin:High #Att	en:0dB		ΔMkr1 600.0 s -29.19 dE	Auto Tune
5.0					-64.00 dBr	Center Fred 5.530000000 GH:
5.0 <mark>2</mark> 5.0						Start Free 5.530000000 GH:
5.0	site) destance (A) - declared		entite to a second state of the basic state of the second state of the basic state of the second state of the s	h ontropositions and the second		Stop Free 5.530000000 GH;
15						CF Step 3.000000 MH: <u>Auto</u> Mar
35						Freq Offse
enter 5.530000000 es BW 3.0 MHz	9 GHz	#VBW 3.0		Succes	Span 0 Hz 720.0 s (40001 pts	

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