Peplink Balance User Manual





Peplink SDX

User Manual

Peplink Products:

Peplink Balance SDX / SDX Main Chassis (BPL-SDX) / SDX Main Chassis (BPL-SDX-LR1) / SDX Main Chassis (BPL-SDX-F1) / SDX Main Chassis (BPL-SDX-C1) / BPL-SDX / BPL-SDX-LR1 / BPL-SDX-F1 / BPL-SDX-C1 / EBX / PismoX03 / EXM-3LTEA-R / SDX Main Chassis (BPL-SDX-LK1) / BPL-SDX-LK1 / EXM-3LTEA-K

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https://www.peplink.com

Peplink Balance User Manual

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Introduction and Scope

Peplink Balance routers provide link aggregation and load balancing across multiple WAN connections. We develop products and technologies that can help you build SD-WAN networks with unbreakable connection resilience, unmatched deployment flexibility, and intuitive ease of use.

Our product and technology focus has always been on WAN virtualization and the intelligent use of multiple WAN links at the same time to increase reliability and bandwidth whilst reducing costs. We have two key WAN virtualization technologies, Intelligent load balancing for Internet access and SpeedFusion VPN Bonding for secure branch to branch connectivity.

The Peplink MediaFast series are a range of routers capable of content caching. Designed with education and entertainment in mind, Mediafast downloads and accelerates video, iTunes iOS updates, app downloads, and other content for uninterrupted learning and fun anytime. The MediaFast can prefetch content during off-peak hours, saving connectivity costs and reducing network burden during busy times.

The manual covers setting up your Peplink Balance or MediaFast and provides a collection of case studies detailing the advanced features of the Peplink Balance.



1 Glossary

The following terms, acronyms, and abbreviations are frequently used in this manual:

Term	Definition						
3G	3rd generation standards for wireless communications (e.g., HSDPA)						
4G	4th generation standards for wireless communications (e.g., LTE)						
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol						
DNS	Domain Name System						
EVDO	Evolution-Data Optimized						
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name						
HSDPA	High-Speed Downlink Packet Access						
HTTP	Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol						
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol						
IP	Internet Protocol						
LAN	Local Area Network						
MAC Address	Media Access Control Address						
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit						
MSS	Maximum Segment Size						
NAT	Network Address Translation						
PPPoE	Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet						
QoS	Quality of Service						
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol						
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol						



UDP	User Datagram Protocol
VPN	Virtual Private Network
VRF	Virtual Routing and Forwarding
VRRP	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol
WAN	Wide Area Network
WINS	Windows Internet Name Service
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
210+	Refers to Peplink Balance 210/310/380/580/710/1350/2500
380+	Refers to Peplink Balance 380/580/710/1350/2500



2 Product Features

Peplink Balance Series products enable all LAN users to share broadband Internet connections and provide advanced features to enhance Internet access. The following is a list of supported features:

WAN

- Multiple public IP support (DHCP, PPPoE, static IP address)
- Static IP support for PPPoE
- 10/100/1000Mbps Ethernet connection in full/half duplex
- Built-in HSPA and EVDO cellular modems
- USB mobile connection (only one USB modem can be connected at a time)
- Drop-in mode on selectable WAN port with MAC address passthrough network address translation (NAT) / port address translation (PAT)
- Inbound and outbound NAT mapping
- Multiple static IP addresses per WAN connection
- MAC address clone
- Customizable MTU and MSS values
- WAN connection health check
- Dynamic DNS (supported service providers: changeip.com, dyndns.org, no-ip.org,tzo.com, and DNS-O-Matic)
- Ping, DNS lookup, and HTTP-based health check
- WAN throughput and consistency diagnosis
- WAN to WAN speed test

LAN

- DHCP server on LAN
- Extended DHCP option support
- Static routing rules
- Local DNS proxy server
- 802.1q VLANs
- Port-based VLANs
- Virtual Network Mapping

VPN

Secure SpeedFusion[™]

- SpeedFusion performance analyzer
- X.509 certificate support
- Bandwidth bonding and failover among selected WAN connections
- Ability to route traffic to a remote VPN peer
- Optional pre-shared key setting
- Layer 2 bridging
- Layer 2 Peer Isolation
- SpeedFusion[™] throughput, ping, and traceroute tests
- Built-in L2TP / PPTP / OpenVPN VPN server
- Authenticate L2TP / PPTP clients using RADIUS and LDAP servers
- Multi-Site PepVPN Profile
- IPsec VPN for network-to-network connections
- L2TP / PPTP and IPsec passthrough
- Simultaneous L2 & L3 VPN tunnel between the same pair of devices

Inbound Traffic Management

- TCP/UDP traffic redirection to dedicated LAN server(s)
- Inbound link load balancing by means of DNS

Outbound Policy

- Link load distribution per TCP/UDP service
- Persistent routing for specified source and/or destination IP addresses per TCP/UDP service
- Prioritize and route traffic to VPN tunnels with Priority and Enforced algorithms
- Time-based scheduling

AP Controller

- Configure and manage Pepwave AP devices
- Review the status of connected AP

QoS

- Quality of service for different applications and custom protocols
- User group classification for different service levels
- Bandwidth usage control and monitoring on group- and user-level



• Application prioritization for custom protocols and DSL optimization

Firewall

- Outbound (LAN to WAN) firewall rules
- Inbound (WAN to LAN) firewall rules per WAN connection
- Intrusion detection and prevention
- Specification of NAT mappings
- Web blocking
- Application blocking
- Time-based scheduling
- Outbound firewall rules can be defined by destination domain name

Captive Portal

- Social Wi-Fi Hotspot Support
- Splash screen of open networks, login page for secure networks
- Customizable built-in captive portal
- Supports linking to outside page for captive portal

Other Supported Features

- Easy-to-use web administration interface
- HTTP and HTTPS support for web administration interface
- Configurable web administration port and administrator password
- Read-only user for web admin
- Shared-IP drop-in mode
- Authentication and accounting by RADIUS server for web admin
- Firmware upgrades, configuration backups, ping, and traceroute via web administration interface
- Remote web-based configuration (via WAN and LAN interfaces)
- Remote reporting to Peplink Balance reporting server
- Hardware high availability via VRRP, with automatic configuration synchronization
- Real-time, hourly, daily and monthly bandwidth usage reports and charts
- Hardware backup via LAN bypass
- Built-in WINS server
- Time server synchronization
- SNMP
- Email notification
- Syslog
- SIP passthrough



- PPTP packet passthrough
- Active sessions
- Active client list
- WINS client list
- UPnP / NAT-PMP
- Event log is persistent across reboots
- IPv6 support
- Support for USB tethering on Android phones



3 Advanced Feature Summary

3.1 Drop-in Mode and LAN Bypass: Transparent Deployment



As your organization grows, it needs more bandwidth. But modifying your network would require effort better spent elsewhere. In **Drop-in Mode**, you can conveniently install your Peplink router without making any changes to your network. And if the Peplink router loses power for any reason, **LAN Bypass** will safely and automatically bypass the Peplink router to resume your original network connection.

3.2 QoS: Clearer VoIP



VoIP and videoconferencing are highly sensitive to latency. With QoS, Peplink routers can detect VoIP traffic and assign it the highest priority, giving you crystal-clear calls.

3.3 Per-User Bandwidth Control



With per-user bandwidth control, you can define bandwidth control policies for up to 3 groups of users to prevent network congestion. Define groups by IP address and subnet, and set bandwidth limits for every user in the group.

3.4 High Availability via VRRP



When your organization has a corporate requirement demanding the highest availability with no single point of failure, you can deploy two Peplink routers in <u>High Availability mode</u>. With High Availability mode, the second device will take over when needed.



3.5 USB Modem and Android Tethering



For increased WAN diversity, plug in a USB LTE modem as backup. Peplink routers are compatible with over 200 modem types. You can also tether to smartphones running Android 4.1.X and above.

3.6 Built-In Remote User VPN Support



Use OpenVPN or L2TP with IPsec to safely and conveniently connect remote clients to your private network. L2TP with IPsec is supported by most devices, but legacy devices can also connect using PPTP.

Click here for the full instructions on setting up L2TP with IPsec. Click here for the full instructions on setting up OpenVPN connections



3.7 LACP NIC Bonding



Use 802.3ad to combine multiple LAN connections into a virtual LAN connection. This virtual connection has higher throughput and redundancy in case any single link fails.



4 Peplink Balance Overview

- 4.1 Peplink Balance SDX
- 4.1.1 Panel Appearance

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4.1.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Power and Status Indicators

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Power	OFF – Power off
	Green – Power on
Status	OFF – Upgrading firmware
	Red – Booting up or busy
	Blinking red – Boot up error
	Green – Ready

LAN and WAN Ports				
Green LED	ON – 10 / 100 / 1000 Mbps			
Orange LED	Blinking – Data is transferring			
	OFF – No data is being transferred or port is not connected			
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports			

	USB Port
USB Ports	For connecting a 4G/3G USB modem



5 Installation

The following section details connecting the Peplink Balance to your network:

5.1 Preparation

Before installing your Peplink Balance, please prepare the following:

- At least one Internet/WAN access account
- For each network connection, one 10/100BaseT UTP cable with RJ45 connector, one 1000BaseT Cat5E UTP cable for the Gigabit port, or one USB modem for the USB WAN port
- A computer with the TCP/IP network protocol and a web browser installed— Supported browsers include Microsoft Internet Explorer 11 or above, Mozilla Firefox 24 or above, Apple Safari 7 or above, and Google Chrome 18 or above.

5.2 Constructing the Network

At the high level, construct the network according to the following steps:

- 1. With an Ethernet cable, connect a computer to one of the LAN ports on the Peplink Balance. For Peplink Balance models that support multiple connections, repeat with different cables for up to four computers to be connected.
- 2. With another Ethernet cable, connect the WAN/broadband modem to one of the WAN ports on the Peplink Balance. Repeat using different cables to connect from two to 13 WAN/broadband connections or connect a USB modem to the USB WAN port.
- 3. Connect the provided power adapter or cord to the power connector on the Peplink Balance, and then plug the power adapter into a power outlet.

6 Basic Configuration

6.1 Connecting to the Web Admin Interface

Start a web browser on a computer that is connected with the Peplink Balance through the LAN.

To connect to the web admin of the Peplink Balance, enter the following LAN IP address in the address field of the web browser:

https://192.168.1.1

(This is the default LAN IP address of the Peplink Balance.) Enter the following to access the web admin interface.

Username: admin Password: admin

Pepinik Indecting by	siness Continuity	Web Admin
	Login	
	Username:	
	Password	
	Login	

(This is the default admin user login of the Peplink Balance. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{)}}$

You must change the default password on the first successful logon.

Password requirements are: A minimum of 10 lower AND upper case characters, including at least 1 number.

When HTTP is selected, the URL will be redirected to HTTPS by default.

peplink	Dashboard	Setup Wizard	Network	АР	System	Status	Apply Changes			
	You mus	You must change your default password now to proceed								
	Change I	Change Password								
	Current P									
	New Pass	word	Reg	uire a	t least 10 cl	O	case, with numbers.			
	Confirm N	New Password		un c u	e lease ro el	©				
					Save	and apply				

After successful login, the **Dashboard** of the web admin interface will be displayed.

Important Note

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The **Save** button causes the changes to be saved. Configuration changes (e.g., WAN, LAN, admin settings, etc.) take effect after clicking the **Apply Changes** button on each page's top-right corner.

6.2 Configuration with the Setup Wizard

The Setup Wizard simplifies the task of configuring WAN connection(s) by guiding the configuration process step-by-step.

To begin, click Setup Wizard after connecting to the web admin interface.



Click **Next >>** to begin.

etup Wizard > WAN Setup > Step 1	
Welcome to Setup Wizard!	
The Setup Wizard will guide you through the WAN port(s) configuration step by step. This wizard is designed to simplify the process in configuring your device and connecting it to the Internet.	
Click Next to begin.	

Select Yes if you want to set up drop-in mode using the Setup Wizard.

Drop-in Mode	
Do you want to setup drop-in mode?	• Yes O No
Which WAN port do you want to enable drop-in mode?	WAN 1 V WAN 1 WAN 2 WAN 3 WAN 5

Click on the appropriate checkbox(es) to select the WAN connection(s) to be configured. If you have chosen to configure drop-in mode using the Setup Wizard, the WAN port to be configured in drop-in mode will be checked by default.

Setup Wizard > WAN Setup > Step 3

Choose the WAN port(s) to be configured.

WAN Ports	(2
WAN 1	
WAN 2 (Drop-in)	Ø.
WAN 3	0
WAN 4	
WAN 5	
Mobile Internet	0

If drop-in mode is going to be configured, the setup wizard will move on to Drop-in Settings.

Securitys 10	or wan 2.
255.255.	255.0 (/24) 🔹
DNS ser DNS ser	rver 1:
1000	Mbps 🔻
	255.255. DNS se DNS se 1000

If you are not using drop-in mode, select the connection method for the WAN connection(s) from the following screen:

Setup Wizard > WAN Setup > Step 4

Choose a connection method for WAN 2.

Connection Method		
Method	Select	
Static IP	0	
DHCP	۲	
PPPoE	0	
Disable	0	

Depending on the selection of connection type, further configuration may be needed. For example, PPPoE and static IP require additional settings for the selected WAN port. Please refer to **Section 13**, **Configuring the WAN Interface(s)** for details on setting up DHCP, static IP, and PPPoE.

If Mobile Internet Connection is checked, the setup wizard will move on to Operator Settings.

Setup Wizard > WAN Setup > Step 4

Select whether Operator Settings for Mobile Internet will be automatically detected or customized.
Operator Settings (for HSPA/EDGE/GPRS only)

Settings	Select
Auto	0
Custom	۲

If **Custom Mobile Operator Settings** is selected, APN parameters are required. Some service providers may charge a fee for connecting to a different APN. Please consult your service provider for the correct settings.

ip Wizard > WAN Setup	> Step 5
Enter the parameters of M	Nobile Operator Settings for Mobile Internet.
Mobile Operator Settin	gs
APN	
Login ID	
Password	
Dial Number	

Click on the appropriate check box(es) to select the preferred WAN connection(s). Connection(s) not selected in this step will be used as a backup only. Click **Next >>** to continue.

.



Setup Wizard > WAN Setup > Step 8

Choose the preferred WAN Port(s) that is to be used as primary connection. The port(s) not selected in this step will only be used when none of the connection of the preferred port is up.

Preferred WAN Port Selection		
Port	Preferred	
WAN 1		
WAN 2	\odot	

Choose the time zone of your country/region. Check the box **Show all** to display all time zone options.

etup Wizard > WAN Setu	p > Step 9
Choose time zone of yo	our Country / Region.
Time Zone Settings	
Time Zone	(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, Lo ▼ (GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London (GMT+01:00) West Central Africa

Check in the following screen to make sure all settings have been configured correctly, and then click "**Save Settings**" to confirm.

Confirm the WAN conne	ection(s) configuration below. Click <i>Back</i> to modify the configuration settings in
previous steps. Click Sa	ve Settings when you are done.
Summary of WAN Po	rt(s) Configuration
WAN 1	
Connection Method	DHCP
Upload Bandwidth	1000 Mbps
Download Bandwidth	1000 Mbps
Preferred WAN Port(s)	
Ports	WAN 1 WAN 2
Time Zone Settings	
Time Zone	(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London

After finishing the last step in the setup wizard, click **Apply Changes** on the page header to allow the configuration changes to take effect.

7 Network Tab

7.1 WAN

From Network>WAN, choose a WAN connection by clicking it.

Connection Name	Method	Routing Mode	Туре
1. <u>WAN 1</u>	DHCP	NAT	Always-on
2. <u>WAN 2</u>	Not Configured	NAT	Always-on
3. <u>WAN 3</u>	Not Configured	NAT	Always-on

You can also enable IPv6 support in this section

IPv6	
Disabled	

WAN Connection Settings (Ethernet)

Clicking an Ethernet WAN connection will result in the following screen:

Connection Settings			
WAN Connection Name		WAN 1	
Enable		✓ Office hours ▼	
Connection Method	?	DHCP 🔹	
Routing Mode	?	• NAT	
Connection Priority	?	Always-on (Priority 1) Backup	
Independent from Backup WANs	?	D	
Reply to ICMP Ping	?	✓ Enable	
Upload Bandwidth	?	1 Gbps 🔻	
Download Bandwidth	?	1 Gbps •	

WAN Connection

Name

Enable

Connection

Method

Manual	peplink PEPWAVE
WAN Connection Settings	
Enter a name to represent this WAN connection.	
This setting enables the WAN connection. If schedules have to select a schedule to apply to the connection.	e been defined, you will be able
There are five possible connection methods for Ethernet W. DHCP Static IP PPPoE L2TP GRE	AN:

•••

The connection method and details are determined by, and can be obtained from the ISP. See the following sections for details on each connection method. DNS server settings can be configured in the corresponding menu for each connection method.

Routing Mode	This field shows that NAT (network address translation) will be applied to the traffic routed over this WAN connection. IP Forwarding is available when you click the link in the help text.
	This option allows you to configure the WAN connection whether for normal daily usage or as a backup connection only.
Connection Priority	If Always-on is chosen, the WAN connection will be kept on continuously, regardless of the priority of other WAN connections.
·	If Backup is chosen, the WAN connection will depend on other WAN connections. It will not be used when one or more higher priority dependent WAN connections are connected.
Independent	If this is checked, the connection will be working independent from other Backup WAN

connections. Those in Backup Priority will ignore the status of this WAN connection, and from Backup will be used when none of the other higher priority connections are available.

If the checkbox is unticked, this option is disabled and the system will not reply to any **Reply to ICMP** ICMP ping echo requests to the WAN IP addresses of this WAN connection. PING Default: ticked (enabled) This field refers to the maximum upload speed. Upload **Bandwidth** This value is referenced when default weight is chosen for outbound traffic and traffic prioritization. A correct value can result in effective traffic prioritization and efficient use of

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WANs



	upstream bandwidth.
Download	This field refers to the maximum download speed.
Bandwidth	Default weight control for outbound traffic will be adjusted according to this value.

WAN Connection Settings (Cellular)

Clicking an Ethernet WAN connection will result in the following screens:

Connection Settings				
WAN Connection Name	Cellular			
Enable	Always on			
Routing Mode	IP Forwarding			
Network Mode	○ Auto ○ Generic ○ AT&T / T-Mobile ● Sprint ○ Verizon Wireless			
Subnet Selection	Auto Force /31 Subnet			
Connection Priority	Always-on (Priority 1) O Backup			
Independent from Backup WANs	2			
Idle Disconnect	Iminutes Time value is global. A change will affect all WAN profiles.			
DNS Servers	 Obtain DNS server address automatically Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2: 			

	Connection Settings
WAN Connection Name	Indicate a name you wish to give this WAN connection
Enable	Click the checkbox to toggle the on and off state of this connection.
Routing Mode	This option allows you to select the routing method to be used in routing IP frames via the WAN connection. The mode can be either NAT (Network Address Translation) or IP Forwarding.
	In the case if you need to choose IP Forwarding for your scenario. Click the 🙆 button to enable IP Forwarding.
Subnet Selection	Choose between: Auto: The subnet mask will be set automatically. Force /31 Subnet: The subnet mask will be set as 255.255.255.254(/31), and the gateway IP address will be recalculated.
	This option allows you to configure the WAN connection whether for normal daily usage or as a backup connection only.
Connection Priority	If Always-on is chosen, the WAN connection will be kept on continuously, regardless of the priority of other WAN connections.
	If Backup is chosen, the WAN connection will depend on other WAN connections. It will not be used when one or more higher priority dependent WAN connections are connected.
Independent from Backup WANs	If this is checked, the connection will be working independent from other Backup WAN connections. Those in Backup Priority will ignore the status of this WAN connection, and will be used when none of the other higher priority connections are available.
Idle Disconnect	If this is checked, the connection will disconnect when idle after the configured Time value. This option is disabled by default.
DNS Servers	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection.
	Selecting Obtain DNS server address automatically results in the DNS servers

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assigned by the WAN DHCP server being used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned by the DHCP server.) When Use the following DNS server address(es) is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the DNS server 1 and DNS server 2 fields.

Cellular Settings						?	
SIM Card		Both SIMs SIM A Only SIM B Only					
Preferred SIM Card		No Preference SIM A SIM B					
		SIM Card A		SIM Card	В		
Network Selection	?	Auto O Manual	Auto Manual				
LTE/3G	?	LTE Only *		LTE Only	•		
Optimal Network Discovery	?			0			
Band Selection		Auto 🔻		Auto	•		
Data Roaming		0					
Authentication		Auto 🔻		Auto 🔻			
Operator Settings		Auto O Custom		Auto Custom			
APN		REPORTED					
Username							
Password							
Confirm Password							
SIM PIN (Optional)	?		(Confirm)			(Confirm)	
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	?	Enable		C Enable			
Action	?	 Receive email notification Reserve for management usage hits 100% Disconnect when usage h 	Receive Reserv usage hits Discon	e email notifica e for managen 100% nect when usa	ation nent traffic when ge hits 100%		
Start Day	?	On 26th • of each month On 21st • of each			• of each	month	
Monthly Allowance	?	4 GB 🔻	22	GB 🔻			

Cellular Settings

SIM Card Indicate which SIM card this cellular WAN will use. Only applies to cellular WAN with redundant SIM cards.

Preferred SIM If both cards were enabled on the above field, then you can designate the priority of the SIM

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Card	card slots here.
LTE/3G	This drop-down menu allows restricting cellular to particular band. Click the 🙆 button to enable the selection of specific bands.
Optimal Network Discovery	Cellular WAsN by default will only handover from 3G to LTE network when there is no active data traffic, enable this option will make it run the handover procedures after fallback to 3G for a defined effective period, even this may interrupt the connectivity for a short while.
Band Selection	When set to Auto , band selection allows for automatically connecting to available, supported bands (frequencies) . When set to Manual, you can manually select the bands (frequencies) the SIM will connect to.
Data Roaming	This checkbox enables data roaming on this particular SIM card. When data roaming is enabled this option allows you to select in which countries the SIM has a data connection. The option is configured by using MMC (country) codes.Please check your service provider's data roaming policy before proceeding.
Authentication	Choose from PAP Only or CHAP Only to use those authentication methods exclusively. Select Auto to automatically choose an authentication method.
Operator Settings	This setting allows you to configure the APN settings of your connection. If Auto is selected, the mobile operator should be detected automatically. The connected device will be configured and connection will be made automatically. If there is any difficulty in making connections, you may select Custom to enter your carrier's APN , Login , Password , and Dial Number settings manually. The correct values can be obtained from your carrier. The default and recommended setting is Auto .
APN / Login / Password / SIM PIN	When Auto is selected, the information in these fields will be filled automatically. Select Custom to customize these parameters. The parameter values are determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	Check the box Enable to enable bandwidth usage monitoring on this WAN connection for each billing cycle. When this option is not enabled, bandwidth usage of each month is still being tracked but no action will be taken.
Action	If email notification is enabled, you will be notified by email when usage hits 75% and 95% of the monthly allowance. If Disconnect when usage hits 100% of monthly allowance is checked, this WAN connection will be disconnected automatically when the usage hits the monthly allowance. It will not resume connection unless this option has been turned off or the usage has been reset when a new billing cycle starts.
Start Day	This option allows you to define which day of the month each billing cycle begins.



MonthlyThis field is for defining the maximum bandwidth usage allowed for the WAN connection each
month.Allowancemonth.

Signal Threshold Settings

					Signal Threshold Settings
. atl	all.	al.,	a	·	 Acceptable Level
	and.	illes.			 Acceptable Lever

If signal threshold is defined, this connection will be treated as down when a weaker than threshold signal is determined.

The following values are used by the threshold scale:

	0 bars	1 bar	2 bars	3 bars	4 bars	5 bars
LTE / RSSRP	-140	-128	-121	-114	-108	-98
3G / RSSI	-120	-100	-95	-90	-85	-75

To define the threshold manually using specific signal strength values, please click on the question Mark and the following field will be visible.

Signal Threshold Settin	igs			2
LTE	RSRP: n/a	dBm	(Recovery: n/a	dBm)
	SINR: n/a	dB	(Recovery: n/a	dB)
3G	RSSI: n/a	dBm	(Recovery: n/a	dBm)

WAN Connection Settings (Common)

The remaining WAN-related settings are common to both Ethernet and cellular WAN

Physical Interface Settings					
Speed	?	Auto			
мти	?	O Auto Custom Value: 1440 Default			
MSS	?	Auto Custom Value:			
MAC Address Clone	?	Default Custom 10:56:CA:0D:72:0D			
VLAN	?	Enable			

	Physical Interface Settings
	This is the port speed of the WAN connection. It should be set to the same speed as the connected device in case of any port negotiation problems.
Speed	When a static speed is set, you may choose whether to advertise its speed to the peer device or not. Advertise Speed is selected by default. You can choose not to advertise the port speed if the port has difficulty in negotiating with the peer device.
	Default: Auto
MTU	This field is for specifying the Maximum Transmission Unit value of the WAN connection. An excessive MTU value can cause file downloads stall shortly after connected. You may consult your ISP for the connection's MTU value. Default value is 1440.
	This field is for specifying the Maximum Segment Size of the WAN connection.
	When Auto is selected, MSS will be depended on the MTU value. When Custom is selected, you may enter a value for MSS. This value will be announced to remote TCP servers for maximum data that it can receive during the establishment of TCP connections.
MSS	Some Internet servers are unable to listen to MTU setting if ICMP is filtered by firewall between the connections.
	Normally, MSS equals to MTU minus 40. You are recommended to reduce the MSS only if changing of the MTU value cannot effectively inform some remote servers to size down data size.
	Default: Auto
MAC Address Clone	Some service providers (e.g. cable network) identify the client's MAC address and require client to always use the same MAC address to connect to the network. If it is the case, you may change the WAN interface's MAC address to the client PC's one by entering the PC's MAC address to this field. If you are not sure, click the Default button to restore to the default value.

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VLAN Check the box to assign a VLAN to the interface.

Use custom hostname	-
 Obtain DNS server address automatically Use the following DNS server address(es) 	
DNS Server 1: 1.1.1.1	
DNS Server 2: 8.8.8.8	
	 Use custom hostname Obtain DNS server address automatically Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2: 8.8.88

DHCP Settings		
Hostname (Optional)	If your service provider's DHCP server requires you to supply a hostname value upon acquiring an IP address, you may enter the value here. If your service provider does not provide you with a hostname, you can safely bypass this option.	
	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection.	
DNS Servers	Selecting Obtain DNS server address automatically results in the DNS servers assigned by the WAN DHCP server being used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned by the DHCP server.) When Use the following DNS server address(es) is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the DNS server 1 and DNS server 2 fields.	



Health Check Settings

To ensure traffic is routed to healthy WAN connections only, the Peplink Balance can periodically check the health of each WAN connection.

Health Check settings for each WAN connection can be independently configured via **Network>Interfaces>WAN>*Connection name*>Health Check Settings.**

Enable Health Check by selecting PING, DNS Lookup, or HTTP from the Health Check Method dropdown menu.

	Health Check Settings			
Method	This setting specifies the health check method for the WAN connection. This value can be configured as Disabled , PING , DNS Lookup , or HTTP . The default method is DNS Lookup . For mobile Internet connections, the value of Method can be configured as Disabled or SmartCheck .			
	Health Check Disabled			
Health Check Se Health Check Me When Disabled is cho	thod			
connection will NOT be treated as down in the event of IP routing errors.				
Health Check Method: PING				
Health Check Me	thod PING V			
PING Hosts	 Host 1: Host 2: Use first two DNS servers as PING Hosts 			
ICMP ping packets will be issued to test the connectivity with a configurable target IP address or hostname. A WAN connection is considered as up if ping responses are received from either one or both of the ping hosts.				
PING Hosts This setting specifies IP addresses or hostnames with which connectivity is to be tested via ICMP ping. If Use first two DNS servers as Ping Hosts is checked, the target ping host will be the first DNS server for the corresponding WAN connection. Reliable ping hosts with a high uptime should be considered. By default, the first two DNS servers of the WAN connection are used as the ping hosts.				
Health Check Method: DNS Lookup				



Health Check Met	tod ODNS Lookup			
Health Check DN:	S Servers PHost 1: Host 2: Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers Include public DNS servers			
DNS lookups will be issued to test connectivity with target DNS servers. The connection will be treated as up if DNS responses are received from one or both of the servers, regardless of whether the result was positive or negative.				
Health Check DNS Servers	This field allows you to specify two DNS hosts' IP addresses with which connectivity is to be tested via DNS Lookup. If Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers is checked, the first two DNS servers will be the DNS lookup targets for checking a connection's health. If the box is not checked, Host 1 must be filled, while a value for Host 2 is optional. If Include public DNS servers is selected and no response is received from all specified DNS servers, DNS lookups will also be issued to some public DNS servers. A WAN connection will be treated as down only if there is also no response received from the public DNS servers. Connections will be considered as up if DNS responses are received from any one of the health check DNS servers, regardless of a positive or negative result. By default, the first two DNS servers.			
	Health Check Method: HTTP			
Health Check Met URL 1 URL 2 HTTP connections will	hod HTTP Matching String: http:// Matching String: be issued to test connectivity with configurable URLs and strings to match.			
URL1	WAN Settings>WAN Edit>Health Check Settings>URL1 The URL will be retrieved when performing an HTTP health check. When String to Match is left blank, a health check will pass if the HTTP return code is between 200 and 299 (Note: HTTP redirection codes 301 or 302 are treated as failures). When String to Match is filled, a health check will pass if the HTTP return code is between 200 and 299 and if the HTTP response content contains the string.			
URL 2	WAN Settings>WAN Edit>Health Check Settings>URL2 If URL2 is also provided, a health check will pass if either one of the tests passed.			
		Other Health Check Settings		
--------------------------	---	--	-------------------	
Timeout	?	5 ▼ second(s)		
Health Check Int	erval 🕜	5 second(s)		
Health Check Ret	ries 🕐	3 •		
Recovery Retries	?	3 •		
Timeout	This setting s timeout is 5 s	pecifies the timeout in seconds for ping/DNS lookup requests. The defau econds.	ult	
Health Check Interval	This setting specifies the time interval in seconds between ping or DNS lookup requests. The default health check interval is 5 seconds .		sts.	
Health Check Retries	This setting specifies the number of consecutive ping/DNS lookup timeouts after which the Peplink Balance will treat the corresponding WAN connection as down. Default health retries is set to 3 . Using the default Health Retries setting of 3 , the corresponding WAN connection will be treated as down after three consecutive timeouts.			
Recovery Retries	This setting specifies the number of consecutive successful ping/DNS lookup responses that must be received before the Peplink Balance treats a previously down WAN connection as up again. By default, Recover Retries is set to 3 . Using the default setting, a WAN connection that is treated as down will be considered as up again upon receiving three consecutive successful ping/DNS lookup responses.		es ection e	

Note

If a WAN connection goes down, all of the WAN connections not set with a **Connection Type** of **Always-on** will also be brought up until any one of higher priority WAN connections is up and found to be healthy. This design could increase overall network availability.

For example, if WAN1, WAN2, and WAN3 have connection types of **Always-on**, **Backup Priority Group 1**, and **Backup Priority Group 2**, respectively, when WAN1 goes down, WAN2 and WAN3 will try to connect. If WAN3 is connected first, WAN2 will still be kept connecting. If WAN2 is connected, WAN3 will disconnect or stop connecting.

Automatic Public DNS Server Check on DNS Test Failure

When the health check method is set to **DNS Lookup** and checks fail, the Balance will automatically perform DNS lookups on some public DNS servers. If the tests are successful, the WAN may not be down, but rather the target DNS server malfunctioned. You will see the following warning message on the main page:

Failed to receive DNS response from the health-check DNS servers for WAN connection 3. But public DNS server lookup test via the WAN passed. So please check the DNS server settings.

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Bandwidth Allowance Monitor Settings

Bandwidth Allowance Monitor Settings			
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	?	✓ Enable	
Action	?	Email notification is currently disabled. You can get notified when usage hits 75%/95% of monthly allowance by enabling Email Notification.	
Start Day	?	On 1st • of each month at 00:00 midnight	
Monthly Allowance	?	GB 🔻	

	Bandwidth Allowance Monitor
Action	If Email Notification is enabled, you will be notified by email when usage hits 75% and 95% of the monthly allowance. If Disconnect when usage hits 100% of monthly allowance is checked, this WAN connection will be disconnected automatically when the usage hits the monthly allowance. It will not resume connection unless this option has been turned off or the usage has been reset when a new billing cycle starts.
Start Day	This option allows you to define which day of the month each billing cycle begins.
Monthly Allowance	This field is for defining the maximum bandwidth usage allowed for the WAN connection each month.

Disclaimer

Due to different network protocol overheads and conversions, the amount of data reported by this Peplink device is not representative of actual billable data usage as metered by your network provider. Peplink disclaims any obligation or responsibility for any events arising from the use of the numbers shown here.



Additional Public IP Settings

IP Address Subnet Mask	255.255.255.255 (/32)	•	
	*		
		*	
		-	×
	IP Address Subnet Mask	IP Address Subnet Mask 255.255.255 (/32)	IP Address Subnet Mask 255.255.255 (/32) *

Additional Public IP Settings

IP Address List represents the list of fixed Internet IP addresses assigned by the ISP in the event that more than one Internet IP address is assigned to this WAN connection. Enter the fixed Internet IP addresses and the corresponding subnet mask, and then click the Down Arrow button to populate IP address entries to the IP Address List.

Dynamic DNS Settings

Peplink Balance routers allow registering domain name relationships to dynamic DNS service providers. Through registration with dynamic DNS service provider(s), the default public Internet IP address of each WAN connection can be associated with a hostname. With dynamic DNS service enabled for a WAN connection, you can connect to your WAN's IP address externally even if its IP address is dynamic. You must register for an account from the listed dynamic DNS service providers before enabling this option.

If the WAN connection's IP address is a reserved private IP address (i.e., behind a NAT router), the public IP of each WAN will be automatically reported to the DNS service provider.

Either upon a change in IP addresses or every 23 days without link reconnection, the Peplink Balance will connect to the dynamic DNS service provider to update the provider's IP address records.

The settings for dynamic DNS service provider(s) and the association of hostname(s) are configured via **Network>Interfaces>WAN>*Connection name*>Dynamic DNS Settings**.



Dynamic DNS Settings			
⑦ Disabled	*		
Disabled			
changeip.com dyndns.org no-ip.org DNS-O-Matic Othere			
	Disabled Disabled Changeip.com dyndns.org no-ip.org DNS-O-Matic Others	Disabled Disabled Changeip.com dyndns.org no-ip.org DNS-O-Matic Others	

If your desired provider is not listed, you may check with **DNS-O-Matic**. This service supports updating 30 other dynamic DNS service providers. (Note: Peplink is not affiliated with DNS-O-Matic.)



Dynamic DNS Settings				
Service Provider	?	DNS-O-Matic	•	
Username				
Password			Ð	
Confirm Password			9	
Update All Hosts				

	Dynamic DNS Settings	
Service Provider	This setting specifies the dynamic DNS service provider to be used for the WAN. Supported providers are: • changeip.com • dyndns.org • no-ip.org • tzo.com • DNS-O-Matic • Others support custom Dynamic DNS servers by entering its URL. Works with any service compatible with DynDNS API. Select Disabled to disable this feature.	
User ID / User / Email	This setting specifies the registered user name for the dynamic DNS service.	
Password / Pass / TZO Key	This setting specifies the password for the dynamic DNS service.	
Update All Hosts	Check this box to automatically update all hosts.	
Hosts / Domain	This setting specifies a list of hostnames or domains to be associated with the public Internet IP address of the WAN connection.	

Important Note

In order to use dynamic DNS services, appropriate hostname registration(s), as well as a valid account with a supported dynamic DNS service provider, are required.

A dynamic DNS update is performed whenever a WAN's IP address is changed, such as when an IP is changed after a DHCP IP refresh or reconnection.

Due to dynamic DNS service providers' policies, a dynamic DNS host expires automatically when the host record has not been not updated for a long time. Therefore, the Peplink Balance performs an update every 23 days, even if

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a WAN's IP address did not change.

7.2 LAN

7.2.1 Network Settings

LAN interface settings are located at **Network>LAN>Network Settings**. Navigating to that page will show the following dashboard:

LAN	VLAN	Network	
LAN	None	172.16.251.1/24	
VLAN1	1	2.2.2.2/24	X
VLAN2	2	3.3.3/24	×
New LAN			

This represents the LAN interfaces that are active on your router (including VLAN). A grey "X" means that the VLAN is used in other settings and cannot be deleted. You can find which settings are using the VLAN by hovering over the grey "X".

Alternatively, a red "X" means that there are no settings using the VLAN. You can delete that VLAN by clicking the red "X"

Clicking on any of the existing LAN interfaces (or creating a new one) will show the following :

IP Settings	
IP Address	255.255.0 (/24) 🔻
	IP Settings
IP Address	The IP address and subnet mask of the Pepwave router on the LAN.



Network Settings	0
Name	
VLAN ID	
Inter-VLAN routing	

Network Settings		
Name	Enter a name for the LAN.	
VLAN ID	Enter a number for your VLAN.	
Inter-VLAN routing	Check this box to enable routing between virtual LANs.	

Layer 2 PepVPN Bridging		
PepVPN Profiles to Bridge	No profile is available	
Remote Network Isolation	?	
Spanning Tree Protocol		
DHCP Option 82 Injection	 Ø 	
Override IP Address when bridge connected	⑦ ● Do not override ○ Static ○ By DHCP ○ As None	

	Layer 2 PepVPN Bridging
PepVPN Profiles to Bridge	The remote network of the selected PepVPN profiles will be bridged with this local LAN, creating a Layer 2 PepVPN, they will be connected and operate like a single LAN, and any broadcast or multicast packets will be sent over the VPN.
Remote Network Isolation	Enable this option if you want to block network traffic between the remote networks, this will not affect the connectivity between them and this local LAN.
Spanning Tree Protocol	Click the box will enable STP for this layer 2 profile bridge.
Override IP Address when	Select "Do not override" if the LAN IP address and local DHCP server should remain unchanged after the Layer 2 PepVPN is up.



bridge connected	If you choose to override IP address when the VPN is connected, the device will not act as a router, and most Layer 3 routing functions will cease to work.
DHCP Option 82	Click on the question Mark if you want to enable DHCP Option 82. This allows the device to inject Option 82 with Router Name information before forwarding the DHCP Request packet to a PepVPN peer, such that the DHCP Server can identify where the request originates from.

DHCP Server					
DHCP Server 🤇	🗹 Enable	✓ Enable			
DHCP Server Logging					
IP Range		-		255.255.255.0 (/24)	T
Lease Time	1 Days 0	Hours 0	Mins		
DNS Servers	Assign DNS	server automat	ically		
WINS Servers	Assign WINS server				
BOOTP	0				
Extended DHCP Option	Option Value No Extended DHCP Option Add				
DHCP Reservation ?	Name	MAC 00:00	Address):00:00:00:00	Static IP	+

	DHCP Server Settings		
DHCP Server	When this setting is enabled, the DHCP server automatically assigns an IP address to each computer that is connected via LAN and configured to obtain an IP address via DHCP. The Pepwave router's DHCP server can prevent IP address collision on the LAN.		
DHCP Server Logging	Enable logging of DHCP events in the eventlog by selecting the checkbox.		
IP Range & Subnet Mask	These settings allocate a range of IP addresses that will be assigned to LAN computers by the Pepwave router's DHCP server.		
Lease Time	This setting specifies the length of time throughout which an IP address of a DHCP client remains valid. Upon expiration of the lease time, the assigned IP address will no longer be valid and renewal of the IP address assignment will be required.		
DNS Servers	This option allows you to input the DNS server addresses to be offered to DHCP clients. If Assign DNS server automatically is selected, the Pepwave router's		



	built-in DNS server address (i.e., LAN IP address) will be offered.
WINS Servers	This option allows you to optionally specify a Windows Internet Name Service (WINS) server. You may choose to use the built-in WINS server or external WINS servers .
	When this unit is connected using SpeedFusion [™] , other VPN peers can share this unit's built-in WINS server by entering this unit's LAN IP address in their DHCP WINS Server setting. Afterward, all PC clients in the VPN can resolve the NetBIOS names of other clients in remote peers. If you have enabled this option, a list of WINS clients will be displayed at Status>WINS Clients .
BOOTP	Check this box to enable BOOTP on older networks that still require it.
Extended DHCP Option	In addition to standard DHCP options (e.g., DNS server address, gateway address, subnet mask), you can specify the value of additional extended DHCP options, as defined in RFC 2132. With these extended options enabled, you can pass additional configuration information to LAN hosts. To define an extended DHCP option, click the Add button, choose the option to define and enter its value. For values that are in IP address list format, you can enter one IP address per line in the provided text area input control. Each option can be defined once only.
DHCP Reservation	This setting reserves the assignment of fixed IP addresses for a list of computers on the LAN. The computers to be assigned fixed IP addresses on the LAN are identified by their MAC addresses. The fixed IP address assignment is displayed as a cross-reference list between the computers' names, MAC addresses, and fixed IP addresses. Name (an optional field) allows you to specify a name to represent the device. MAC addresses should be in the format of 00:AA:BB:CC:DD:EE . Press * to
	create a new record. Press i to remove a record. Reserved client information can be imported from the Client List , located at Status>Client List . For more details, please refer to Section 22.3 .

DHCP Relay Settings			
DHCP Relay	?	🗹 Enable	
DHCP Server IP Address		DHCP Server 1: DHCP Server 2:	
DHCP Option 82	?	0	
DHCP Relay Logging		0	

•••	
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	DHCP Relay Settings
DHCP Relay	Enter the address of the DHCP server here. DHCP requests will be relayed to it.
DHCP Server IP Address	DHCP requests from the LAN are relayed to the entered DHCP server. For active-passive DHCP server configurations, enter active and passive DHCP server IPs into the DHCP Server 1 and DHCP Server 2 fields.
DHCP Option 82	This feature includes device information as relay agent for the attached client when forwarding DHCP requests from a DHCP client to a DHCP server. Device MAC address and network name are embedded to circuit ID and Remote ID in option 82.
DHCP Relay Logging	Check this box to log DHCP relay activity.

7.2.2 Network Settings (Common Settings)

Static Route Settings				?
Static Route	Destination Network	Subnet Mask	Gateway	
	192.168.113.0	255.255.255.0 (/24) •	192.168.112.10	×
		255.255.255.0 (/24) •		+

	Static Route Settings
	This table is for defining static routing rules for the LAN segment. A static route consists of the network address, subnet mask, and gateway address. The address and subnet mask values are in <i>w.x.y.z</i> format.
Static Route	The local LAN subnet and subnets behind the LAN will be advertised to the VPN. Remote routes sent over the VPN will also be accepted. Any VPN member will be able to route to the local subnet. Click to create a new route. Click to remove a route.
	Entries in this list will allow traffic to route to a different subnet that is connected to the LAN interface. Any traffic destined for a network/mask pair will be directed to the corresponding gateway instead of routed through WANs.



Virtual Network Mappin	ng			?
One-to-One NAT	?	Local Network	Virtual Network	
	~	•		+
Many-to-One NAT	?	Local Network	Virtual IP Address	
	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		+

In case of a network address conflict with remote peers (i.e. PepVPN / IPsec VPN / IP Forwarding WAN are considered as remote connections), you can define Virtual Network Mapping to resolve it.

Note: OSPF & RIPv2 settings should be updated as well to avoid advertising conflicted network.

See: https://youtu.be/C1FMdZCn3Z8

	Virtual Network Mapping
One-to-One NAT	Every IP Address in the Local Network has a corresponding unique Virtual IP Address for NAT. Traffic originating from the Local Network to remote connections will be SNAT'ed and behave like coming from the defined Virtual Network. While traffic initiated by remote peers to the Virtual Network will be DNAT'ed accordingly.
Many-to-One NAT	The subnet range defined in Local Network will be mapped to a single Virtual IP Address for NAT. Traffic can only be initiated from local to remote, and these traffic will be NAT'ed and behaves like coming from the same Virtual IP Address.

WINS Server Settings	
Enable	

	WINS Server Settings
Enable	Check the box to enable the WINS Server. A list of WINS clients will be displayed at Status>WINS Clients .

Enter any needed DNS proxy settings. Once all settings have been entered, click **Save** to store your changes.



DNS Proxy Settings						?
Enable						
DNS Caching	?					
Include Google Public DNS Servers	?	8				
Local DNS Records	?	Host Name		IP Address	;	
Domain Lookup Policy	?	Domain	Connection	n		+
DNS Resolvers	?	WAN Connection			DNS Servers	
		WAN 1			1.1.1.1 1.0.0.1	
		WAN 2				
		WAN 3				
		🗆 WAN 4			8.8.8.8 8.8.4.4	
		WAN 5				
		🗆 Mobile Internet				
		LAN Connection			DNS Servers	
		Untagged LAN				
		Preferred connections are	shown with 🗹		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	DNS Proxy Settings
Enable	To enable the DNS proxy feature, check this box, and then set up the feature at Network>LAN>DNS Proxy Settings . A DNS proxy server can be enabled to serve DNS requests originating from LAN/PPTP/SpeedFusion [™] peers. Requests are forwarded to the DNS servers/resolvers defined for each WAN connection.
DNS Caching	This field is to enable DNS caching on the built-in DNS proxy server. When the option is enabled, queried DNS replies will be cached until the records' TTL has been reached. This feature can improve DNS response time by storing all received DNS results for faster DNS lookup. However, it cannot return the most updated result for frequently updated DNS records. By default, DNS Caching is disabled.
Include Google Public DNS Servers	When this option is enabled, the DNS proxy server will forward DNS requests to Google's public DNS servers, in addition to the DNS servers defined in each WAN. This could increase the DNS service's availability. This setting is disabled by default.
Local DNS Records	This table is for defining custom local DNS records. A static local DNS record consists of a host name and IP address. When looking up the host name from the LAN to LAN IP of the Peplink Balance, the corresponding IP address will be returned. To display the option to set

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	TTL manually, click 🙆. Click 📑 to create a new record. Click 💌 to remove a record.
Domain Lookup Policy	DNS proxy will look up the domain names defined here using only the specified connections.
DNS Resolvers ^a	Check the box to enable the WINS server. A list of WINS clients will be displayed at Network>LAN>DNS Proxy Settings>DNS Resolvers . This field specifies which DNS resolvers will receive forwarded DNS requests. If no WAN/VPN/LAN DNS resolver is selected, all of the WAN's DNS resolvers will be selected. If a SpeedFusion [™] peer is selected, you may enter the VPN peer's DNS resolver IP address(es). Queries will be forwarded to the selected connections' resolvers. If all of the selected connections are down, queries will be forwarded to all resolvers on healthy WAN connections.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the 🙆 button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

Finally, if needed, configure your Bonjour forwarding settings. Once all settings have been entered, click **Save** to store your changes.

Bonjour Forwarding Set	tings				?
Enable					
Bonjour Service	Service Network		Client Network		
		•		•	+

	Bonjour Forwarding Settings
Enable	Check this box to turn on Bonjour forwarding.
Bonjour Service	Choose Service and Client networks from the drop-down menus, and then click to add the networks. To delete an existing Bonjour listing, click * . Bonjour Forwarding is supported on All Balance models, MAX 700, HD2, HD4

Drop-In Mode

Drop-in mode (or transparent bridging mode) eases the installation of the Peplink Balance on a live network between the firewall and router, such that changes to the settings of existing equipment are not required.

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The following diagram illustrates drop-in mode setup:



Enable drop-in mode using the Setup Wizard. After enabling this feature and selecting the WAN for dropin mode, various settings, including the WAN's connection method and IP address, will be automatically updated.

When drop-in mode is enabled, the LAN and the WAN for drop-in mode ports will be bridged. Traffic between the LAN hosts and WAN router will be forwarded between the devices. In this case, the hosts on both sides will not notice any IP or MAC address changes.

After successfully setting up the Peplink Balance as part of the network using drop-in mode, it will, depending on model, support one or more WAN connections. Some MediaFast units also support multiple WAN connections after activating drop-in mode, though a SpeedFusion license may be required to activate more than one WAN port.

Please note the Drop-In Mode is mutually exclusive with VLAN.

Drop-In Mode Settings		0
Enable		•
WAN for Drop-In Mode	?	WAN 1 V
Share Drop-In IP	?	2
Shared IP Address	?	255.255.255.0 (/24) 🔻
WAN Default Gateway	•	✓ I have other host(s) on WAN segment Host IP Address(es)
WAN DNS Servers	?	DNS server 1: DNS server 2:
NOTE: The DHCP Server Se	ttings wi	il be overwritten.
The following WAN 1 settin Dynamic DNS Settings.	gs will be	e overwritten: Connection Method, MTU, Health Check, Additional Public IP, and
The PPTP Server will be dis	abled.	
Tip: please review the DNS	Forward	ing setting under the Service Forwarding section.

	Drop-in Mode Settings
Enable	Drop-in mode eases the installation of the Peplink Balance on a live network between the existing firewall and router, such that no configuration changes are required on existing equipment. Check the box to enable the drop-in mode feature. Please refer to Section 12, Drop-in Mode for details.
WAN for Drop- In Mode	Select the WAN port to be used for drop-in mode. If WAN 1 with LAN Bypass is selected, the high availability feature will be disabled automatically.
Shared Drop-In	When this option is enabled, the passthrough IP address will be used to connect to WAN hosts (email notification, remote syslog, etc.). The Balance will listen for this IP address when WAN hosts access services provided by the Balance (web admin access from the WAN, DNS server requests, etc.).
IP~	To connect to hosts on the LAN (email notification, remote syslog, etc.), the default gateway address will be used. The Balance will listen for this IP address when LAN hosts access services provided by the Balance (web admin access from the WAN, DNS proxy, etc.).
Shared IP Address ^A	Access to this IP address will be passed through to the LAN port if this device is not serving the service being accessed. The shared IP address will be used in connecting to hosts on the WAN (e.g., email notification, remote syslog, etc.) The device will also listen on the IP



	address when hosts on the WAN access services served on this device (e.g., web admin accesses from WAN, DNS server, etc.)
WAN Default Gateway	Enter the WAN router's IP address in this field. If there are more hosts in addition to the router on the WAN segment, click the 2 button next to "WAN Default Gateway" and check the I have other host(s) on WAN segment box and enter the IP address of the hosts that need to access LAN devices or be accessed by others.
WAN DNS Servers	Enter the selected WAN's corresponding DNS server IP addresses.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the 🙆 button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

7.2.3 Port Settings

To configure port settings, navigate to Network > Port Settings

Por	rt Settings					
	Name	Enable	Speed	Advertise Speed	Port Type	VLAN
1	LAN Port 1				Trunk 🔻	Any 🔻
2	LAN Port 2		Auto		Trunk 🔻	Any 🔻
3	LAN Port 3		1		Trunk •	Any 🔻

This section allows you to:

- enable or disable specific LAN ports ٠
- Configure the negotiation speed of the LAN ports
 Configure the port type (Trunk or Access)
 Assign a VLAN to a LAN port (in Access mode)



7.3 VPN

7.3.1 SpeedFusion



Peplink Balance SpeedFusionTM Bandwidth Bonding is our patented technology that enables our SD-WAN routers to bond multiple Internet connections to increase site-to-site bandwidth and reliability. SpeedFusion securely connects one or more branch offices to your company's main headquarters or to other branches. The data, voice, and video communications between these locations are kept confidential across the public Internet.

The SpeedFusion[™] of the Peplink Balance is specifically designed for multi-WAN environments. With SpeedFusion, in case of failures and network congestion at one or more WANs, other WANs can be used to continue carrying the network traffic. Peplink Balance routers can bond all WAN connections' bandwidth for routing SpeedFusion[™] traffic. Unless all the WAN connections of one site are down, the Peplink Balance can keep the VPN up and running. Bandwidth bonding is enabled by default.

To begin, navigate to **Network > VPN > SpeedFusion** and enter a Local ID and click save.

PepVPN		_
Local ID	C Rem addi	note units can identify this unit by this "Local ID", in tion to the serial number.

This device will be identified by other SpeedFusion Peers by this local ID. The following menus will



appear:

Profile	Remote ID	Remote Address(es)	
		No VPN Connection Defined	
		New Profile	

SpeedFusion Profiles

This table displays all defined profiles. Click the **New Profile** button to create a new profile for making a VPN connection to a remote unit via available WAN connections. Each pair of VPN connection requires its own profile.

The local LAN subnet and subnets behind the LAN (defined under Static Route on the LAN Settings page) will be advertised to the VPN. All VPN members will be able to route to local subnets.

100000			100 C	
Send		Irai	1 Tec	10
Schu	2411	11.01	THUE A	

No PepVPN profile selected

Send All Traffic To
This feature allows you to redirect all traffic to a specified PepVPN connection. Click the <i>solution</i> button to select your connection and the following menu will appear:
Send All Traffic Send All Traffic To DNS Server 8.8.8 8.8.4 DNS Server 8.8.6 8.8.4.4 You could also specify a DNS server to resolve incoming DNS requests. Click the checkbox next to Backup Site to designate a backup SpeedFusion profile that will take over, should the main PepVPN connection fail.
PepVPN Local ID Local ID Balance_01AA
PepVPN Local ID
This feature allows you to change the local ID of a PepVPN connection. Click the substant to select your

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PepVPN Local ID Ø Balance_09DC	o .oo	
Local ID () Balance_09DC	PepVPN	рури
Remote units can identify this unit by this "Local ID", addition to the serial number.	Local ID	Ealance_09DC Remote units can identify this unit by this "Local ID", addition to the serial number.

© Fast	(Approx. 6 secs)
© Fast	er (Approx. 2 secs)
© Extr	eme (Under 1 sec)
Shorter	detection time incurs more health checks and higher bandwidth overhead

	Link Failure Detection
Link Failure Detection Time	The bonded VPN can detect routing failures on the path between two sites over each WAN connection. Failed WAN connections will not be used to route VPN traffic. Health check packets are sent to the remote unit to detect any failure. The more frequently checks are sent, the shorter the detection time, although more bandwidth will be consumed.
	When Recommended (default) is selected, a health check packet is sent every five seconds, and the expected detection time is 15 seconds.
	When Fast is selected, a health check packet is sent every three seconds, and the expected detection time is six seconds.
	When Faster is selected, a health check packet is sent every second, and the expected detection time is two seconds.
	When Extreme is selected, a health check packet is sent every 0.1 second, and the expected detection time is less than one second.

Important Note

Peplink proprietary SpeedFusion[™] uses TCP port 32015 and UDP port 4500 for establishing VPN connections. If you have a firewall in front of your Peplink Balance devices, you will need to add firewall rules for these ports and protocols to allow inbound and outbound traffic to pass through the firewall.

SpeedFusion: Profile Configuration

Click the New Profile button, or click one of the existing profiles, and the following menus will appear:



PepVPN Profile					(?
Name (Balan	nce 2929-2929-29	29		
Active					
SpeedFusion	Suppo	orted			
Encryption (3 🖲 🔒	● 🔒 256-bit AES 🗢 🍋 OFF			
Authentication	• Re	emote ID / Pre-sl	hared Key 🔘	X.509	
Remote ID / Pre-shared	Remo	ote ID		Pre-shared Key	
Кеу	Balan	nce 9898-9898-9	898	•••••	
NAT Mode (? 🗆 🕻	Untagged LAN 🔻			
Remote IP Address / Host (Names (Optional)	?				
	If this f	field is empty, this f	field on the rem	ote unit must be fille	ed
Data Port (🕐 🖲 De	efault 🔍 Custon	n 📃		
Bandwidth Limit (?				
Cost (? 10				
WAN Smoothing (Off	¥			
Use IP ToS	Θ				

A list of defined SpeedFusion connection profiles and a **Link Failure Detection Time** option will be shown. Click the **New Profile** button to create a new VPN connection profile for making a VPN connection to a remote Peplink Balance via the available WAN connections. Each profile is for making a VPN connection with one remote Peplink Balance.

	PepVPN Profile Settings
Name	This field is for specifying a name to represent this profile. The name can be any combination of alphanumeric characters (0-9, A-Z, a-z), underscores (_), dashes (-), and/or non-leading/trailing spaces ().
	Click the of icon next to the PepVPN Profile title bar to use the IP ToS field of your data packet on PepVPN WAN traffic.
Active	When this box is checked, this VPN connection profile will be enabled. Otherwise, it will be disabled.
Encryption	By default, VPN traffic is encrypted with 256-bit AES . If Off is selected on both sides of a VPN connection, no encryption will be applied.



Authentication	Select from By Remote ID Only , Preshared Key , or X.509 to specify the method the Peplink Balance will use to authenticate peers. When selecting By Remote ID Only , be sure to enter a unique peer ID number in the Remote ID field.
Remote ID / Pre-shared Key	This optional field becomes available when Remote ID / Pre-shared Key is selected as the Peplink Balance's VPN Authentication method, as explained above. Pre-shared Key defines the pre-shared key used for this particular VPN connection. The VPN connection's session key will be further protected by the pre-shared key. The connection will be up only if the pre-shared keys on each side match. When the peer is running firmware 5.0+, this setting will be ignored.
	Enter Remote IDs either by typing out each Remote ID and Pre-shared Key, or by pasting a CSV. If you wish to paste a CSV, click the 🙆 icon next to the "Remote ID / Preshared Key" setting.
Remote ID/Remote Certificate	These optional fields become available when X.509 is selected as the Peplink Balance's VPN authentication method, as explained above. To authenticate VPN connections using X.509 certificates, copy and paste certificate details into these fields. To get more information on a listed X.509 certificate, click the Show Details link below the field.
Allow Shared Remote ID	When this option is enabled, the router will allow multiple peers to run using the same remote ID.
NAT Mode	Check this box to allow the local DHCP server to assign an IP address to the remote peer. When NAT Mode is enabled, all remote traffic over the VPN will be tagged with the assigned IP address using network address translation.
Pomoto IP	If NAT Mode is not enabled, you can enter a remote peer's WAN IP address or hostname(s) here. If the remote uses more than one address, enter only one of them here. Multiple hostnames are allowed and can be separated by a space character or carriage return. Dynamic-DNS host names are also accepted.
Address / Host Names (Optional)	This field is optional. With this field filled, the Peplink Balance will initiate connection to each of the remote IP addresses until it succeeds in making a connection. If the field is empty, the Peplink Balance will wait for connection from the remote peer. Therefore, at least one of the two VPN peers must specify this value. Otherwise, VPN connections cannot be established.
	Click the 🞯 icon to customize the handshake port (TCP)
Data Port	This field is used to specify a UDP port number for transporting outgoing VPN data. If Default is selected, UDP port 4500 will be used. Port 32015 will be used if the remote unit uses Firmware prior to version 5.4 or if port 4500 is unavailable. If Custom is selected, enter an outgoing port number from 1 to 65535.
Bandwidth Limit	Define maximum download and upload speed to each individual peer. This functionality requires the peer to use PepVPN version 4.0.0 or above.
Cost	Define path cost for this profile. OSPF will determine the best route through the network using the assigned cost.



	Default: 10
	While using PepVPN, utilize multiple WAN links to reduce the impact of packet loss and get the lowest possible latency at the expense of extra bandwidth consumption. This is suitable for streaming applications where the average bitrate requirement is much lower than the WAN's available bandwidth.
WAN	Off - Disable WAN Smoothing.
Smoothing ^A	Normal - The total bandwidth consumption will be at most 2x of the original data traffic.
	Medium - The total bandwidth consumption will be at most 3x of the original data traffic.
	High - The total bandwidth consumption depends on the number of connected active tunnels.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the 2 button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

To enable Layer 2 Bridging between PepVPN profiles, navigate to Network>LAN>*LAN Profile Name*

	Priority	Direction	Connect to Remote	Cut-off latency (ms)	Suspension Time after Packet Loss (ms)
1. WAN 1	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All		
2. WAN 2	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All		
3. Wi-Fi WAN	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔹	All		
4. Cellular 1	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All		
5. Cellular 2	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All		
6. USB	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All		

	WAN Connection Priority
WAN Connection	If your device supports it, you can specify the priority of WAN connections to be used for making VPN connections. WAN connections set to OFF will never be used. Only available WAN connections with the highest priority will be used.
Priority	To enable asymmetric connections, connection mapping to remote WANs, cut-off latency, and packet loss suspension time, click the 🙆 button.

Peplink Balance IPsec VPN functionality securely connects one or more branch offices to your company's main headquarters or to other branches. Data, voice, and video communications between



these locations are kept safe and confidential across the public Internet.

IPsec VPN on the Peplink Balance is specially designed for multi-WAN environments. For instance, if a user sets up multiple IPsec profiles for his multi-WAN environment and WAN1 is connected and healthy, IPsec traffic will go through this link. However, should unforeseen problems (e.g.,unplugged cables or ISP problems) cause WAN1 to go down, our IPsec implementation will make use of WAN2 and WAN3 for failover.

Peplink also published a whitepaper about Speedfusion which can be downloaded from the following url: <u>http://download.peplink.com/resources/whitepaper-speedfusion-and-best-practices-2019.pdf</u>

7.3.2 IPsec VPN

All Peplink products can make multiple IPsec VPN connections with Peplink routers, as well as Cisco and Juniper routers.

Note that all LAN subnets and the subnets behind them must be unique. Otherwise, VPN members will not be able to access each other.

All data can be routed over the VPN with a selection of encryption standards, such as 3DES, AES-128, and AES-256.

To configure, navigate to Network>Interfaces>IPsec VPN.

NAT-Traversal	Enabled (required by L2TP with IPsec)	8
IPsec VPN Profiles	Remote Networks	
Profile 1	192.168.11.193/24	×
2	New Profile	

A NAT-Traversal option and list of defined IPsec VPN profiles will be shown.

NAT-Traversal should be enabled if your system is behind a NAT router.

Click the **New Profile** button to create new IPsec VPN profiles that make VPN connections to remote Peplink Balance, Cisco, or Juniper Routers via available WAN connections. To edit any of the profiles, click on its associated connection name in the leftmost column.

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Name	Profile 1						
Active 🕜							
Connect Upon Disconnection of	WAN 2						
Remote Gateway IP Address / Host Name	12.12.12.12						
Local Networks	Propose the following netw 172.16.1.1/24 172.16.2.1/24 172.16.3.1/24 172.16.3.1/24 10.10.0.1/32 192.168.10.0/24 192.168.11.0/24	orks to	rer	note gatew	vay:		
	Apply the following NAT pol 172.16.1.0/24 172.16.2.0/24 172.16.3.11/32 172.16.3.21/32 Local Network	icles: 0 0 0 0	192 10. 192 192 NA	2.168.10.0/ 10.0.1/32 2.168.11.10 2.168.11.20 T Network	24 01/32 01/32]	
Remote Networks	Network		Su	ibnet Mask	c		2 2
	192.167.11.193		2	55.255.2 <mark>5</mark>	5.0 (/24)	•	+
Authentication	Preshared Key O X.5	09 Cei	tifi	cate			
Mode	 Main Mode (All WANs Aggressive Mode 	need t	o h	ave Static	IP)		
Force UDP Encapsulation	D						
Preshared Key	 ✓ Hide Characters 	-					
Local ID 🤇							
Remote ID 🥝							
Phase 1 (IKE) Proposal	1 AES-256 & SHA1 2	•					
Phase 1 DH Group	Group 2: MODP 1024						
Phase 1 SA Lifetime	3600	secon	ds	Default			
Phase 2 (ESP) Proposal	1 AES-256 & SHA1 2	• •					
Phase 2 PFS Group	 None Group 2: MODP 1024 Group 5: MODP 1536 						
Phase 2 SA Lifetime	28800	secon	ds	Default			

	IPsec VPN Settings
Name	This field is for specifying a local name to represent this connection profile.
Active	When this box is checked, this IPsec VPN connection profile will be enabled. Otherwise, it will be disabled.
Connect Upon Disconnection of	Check this box and select a WAN to connect to this VPN automatically when the specified WAN is disconnected. To activate this function, click the 2 button next to the "Active" option.
Remote Gateway IP Address / Host Name	Enter the remote peer's public IP address. For Aggressive Mode , this is optional.
Local Networks	Enter the local LAN subnets here. If you have defined static routes, they will be shown here. Using NAT, you can map a specific local network / IP address to another, and the packets received by remote gateway will appear to be coming from the mapped network / IP address. This allow you to establish IPsec connection to a remote site that has one or more subnets overlapped with local site. Two types of NAT policies can be defined: One-to-One NAT policy : if the defined subnet in Local Network and NAT Network has the same size, for example, policy "192.168.50.0/24 > 172.16.1.0/24" will translate the local IP address 192.168.50.10 to 172.16.1.10 and 192.168.50.20 to 172.16.1.20. This is a bidirectional mapping which means clients in remote site can initiate connection to the local clients using the mapped address too. Many-to-One NAT policy : if the defined NAT Network on the right hand side is an IP address (or having a network prefix /32), for example, policy "192.168.1.0/24 > 172.168.50.1.72. %
Remote Networks	Enter the LAN and subnets that are located at the remote site here.
Authentication	To access your VPN, clients will need to authenticate by your choice of methods. Choose between the Preshared Key and X.509 Certificate methods of authentication.
Mode	Choose Main Mode if both IPsec peers use static IP addresses. Choose Aggressive Mode if one of the IPsec peers uses dynamic IP addresses.

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Force UDP Encapsulation	For forced UDP encapsulation regardless of NAT-traversal, tick this checkbox.
Pre-shared Key	This defines the peer authentication pre-shared key used to authenticate this VPN connection. The connection will be up only if the pre-shared keys on each side match.
Remote Certificate (pem encoded)	Available only when X.509 Certificate is chosen as the Authentication method, this field allows you to paste a valid X.509 certificate.
Local ID	In Main Mode , this field can be left blank. In Aggressive Mode , if Remote Gateway IP Address is filled on this end and the peer end, this field can be left blank. Otherwise, this field is typically a U-FQDN.
Remote ID	In Main Mode , this field can be left blank. In Aggressive Mode , if Remote Gateway IP Address is filled on this end and the peer end, this field can be left blank. Otherwise, this field is typically a U-FQDN.
Phase 1 (IKE) Proposal	In Main Mode , this allows setting up to six encryption standards, in descending order of priority, to be used in initial connection key negotiations. In Aggressive Mode , only one selection is permitted.
Phase 1 DH Group	This is the Diffie-Hellman group used within IKE. This allows two parties to establish a shared secret over an insecure communications channel. The larger the group number, the higher the security. Group 2: 1024-bit is the default value. Group 5: 1536-bit is the alternative option.
Phase 1 SA Lifetime	This setting specifies the lifetime limit of this Phase 1 Security Association. By default, it is set at 3600 seconds.
Phase 2 (ESP) Proposal	In Main Mode , this allows setting up to six encryption standards, in descending order of priority, to be used for the IP data that is being transferred. In Aggressive Mode , only one selection is permitted.
Phase 2 PFS Group	 Perfect forward secrecy (PFS) ensures that if a key was compromised, the attacker will be able to access only the data protected by that key. None - Do not request for PFS when initiating connection. However, since there is no valid reason to refuse PFS, the system will allow the connection to use PFS if requested by the remote peer. This is the default value. Group 2: 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group. The larger the group number, the higher the security. Group 5: 1536-bit is the third option.
Phase 2 SA Lifetime	This setting specifies the lifetime limit of this Phase 2 Security Association. By default, it is set at 28800 seconds.

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IPsec Status shows the current connection status of each connection profile and is displayed at **Status>IPsec VPN.**

7.4 Outbound Policy

Outbound policies for managing and load balancing outbound traffic are located at

Network>Outbound Policy. Click the **Image of the Outbound Policy** box:

Outbound	Policy				
	Policy	Custom		×	
		High Application Compatibility Normal Application Compatibility Custom	Save	Cancel	

A selection menu will appear, giving you the choice between three different Outbound Policy Settings:

	Outbound Policy Settings
High Application Compatibility	Outbound traffic from a source LAN device is routed through the same WAN connection regardless of the destination Internet IP address and protocol. This option provides the highest application compatibility.
Normal Application Compatibility	Outbound traffic from a source LAN device to the same destination Internet IP address will be routed through the same WAN connection persistently, regardless of protocol. This option provides high compatibility to most applications, and users still benefit from WAN link load balancing when multiple Internet servers are accessed.
Custom	Outbound traffic behavior can be managed by defining rules in a custom rule table. A default rule can be defined for connections that cannot be matched with any of the rules.

The menu underneath enables you to define Outbound policy rules:



Rules (WDrag and drop	rows by the left to cha	nge rule order)			?
Service	Algorithm	Source	Destination	Protocol / Port	
HTTPS Persistence	Persistence (Src) (Auto)	Any	Any	TCP 443	×
Default			(Auto)	1	
		Add Rule			

The bottom-most rule is **Default**. Edit this rule to change the device's default manner of controlling outbound traffic for all connections that do not match any of the rules above it. Under the **Service** heading, click **Default** to change these settings.

To rearrange the priority of outbound rules, drag and drop them into the desired sequence.

Default Rule	?	Custom O Auto		
Algorithm	?	Weighted Balance		
Load Distribution Weight	?	WAN 1 10	_	
		WAN 2 10		
		WAN 3 10		
		WAN 4 10		
		WAN 5 10		
		Mobile Internet 10	_	
When No Connections are	?	Drop the Traffic 🔹		
Available		Drop the Traffic		

By default, **Auto** is selected as the **Default Rule**. You can select **Custom** to change the algorithm to be used. Please refer to the upcoming sections for the details on the available algorithms.

To create a custom rule, click **Add Rule** at the bottom of the table.



Service Name	
Enable	✓ Always on ▼
Source	Any 🔹
Destination 📀	IP Network Mask: 255.255.0 (/24)
Protocol 📀	Any • • :: Protocol Selection :: •
Algorithm 📀	Weighted Balance
Load Distribution Weight	WAN 2 10 WAN 2 10 WAN 3 10 WAN 4 10 WAN 5 10 Mobile Internet 10
When No Connections are (? Available	Drop the Traffic 🔹

	New Custom Rule Settings
Service Name	This setting specifies the name of the outbound traffic rule.
Enable	This setting specifies whether the outbound traffic rule takes effect. When Enable is checked, the rule takes effect: traffic is matched and actions are taken by the Pepwave router based on the other parameters of the rule. When Enable is unchecked, the rule does not take effect: the Pepwave router disregards the other parameters of the rule. Click the drop-down menu next to the checkbox to apply a time schedule to this custom rule.
Source	This setting specifies the source IP address, IP network, or MAC address for traffic that matches the rule.
Destination	This setting specifies the destination IP address, IP network, or domain name for traffic that matches the rule.

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	Destination Domain Name Protocol IP Address Algorithm IP Network
	If Domain Name is chosen and a domain name, such as <i>foobar.com</i> , is entered, any outgoing accesses to <i>foobar.com</i> and <i>*.foobar.com</i> will match this criterion. You may enter a wildcard (.*) at the end of a domain name to match any host with a name having the domain name in the middle. If you enter <i>foobar.*</i> , for example, <i>www.foobar.com</i> , <i>www.foobar.co.jp</i> , or <i>foobar.co.uk</i> will also match. Placing wildcards in any other position is not supported. NOTE: if a server has one Internet IP address and multiple server names, and if one of the names is defined here, access to any one of the server names will also match this rule.
Protocol and Port	This setting specifies the IP protocol and port of traffic that matches this rule.
Algorithm	This setting specifies the behavior of the Pepwave router for the custom rule. One of the following values can be selected (note that some Pepwave routers provide only some of these options): Weighted Balance Persistence Enforced Priority Overflow Least Used Lowest Latency Fastest Response Time For a full explanation of each Algorithm, please see the following article: https://forum.peplink.com/t/exactly-how-do-peplinks-load-balancing-algorithmns-work/8059
Load Distribution Weight	This is to define the outbound traffic weight ratio for each WAN connection.
Terminate Sessions on Link Recovery	This setting specifies whether to terminate existing IP sessions on a less preferred WAN connection in the event that a more preferred WAN connection is recovered. This setting is applicable to the Weighted , Persistence , and Priority algorithms. By default, this setting is disabled. In this case, existing IP sessions will not be terminated or affected when any other WAN connection is recovered. When this setting is enabled, existing IP sessions may be terminated when another WAN connection is recovered, such that only the preferred healthy WAN connection(s) is used at any point in time.



 When No
 Drop the Traffic - Traffic will be discarded.

 Use Any Available Connections - Traffic will be routed to any available Connection, even it is not selected in the list.

Fall-through to Next Rule - Traffic will continue to match next Outbound Policy rule just like this rule is inactive.

нер	Close
This table allows	you to fine tune how
the outbound traf	fic should be
distributed to the	WAN connections.
Click the Add Rule	e button to add a
new rule. Click th	e X button to remove
a rule. Drag a rule	e to promote or
demote its preced	lence. A higher
position of a rule	signifies a higher
precedence. You	may change the
default outbound	policy behavior by
clicking the Defau	It link
chering the bere	
If you require adv	anced control to
override routes le	arned from PepVPN
peers, OSPF or RI	Pv2 protocols, turn
on Expert Mode.	en our service de la composition de la
on enperer noue.	

Expert Mode is available on some Pepwave routers for use by advanced users. To enable the feature, click on the help icon and click **turn on Expert Mode**.

In Expert Mode, a new special rule, **SpeedFusion[™] Routes**, is displayed in the **Custom Rules** table. This rule represents all SpeedFusion[™] routes learned from remote VPN peers. By default, this bar is on the top of all custom rules. This position means that traffic for remote VPN subnets will be routed to the corresponding VPN peer. You can create custom **Priority** or **Enforced** rules and move them

above the bar to override the SpeedFusion[™] routes.

Upon disabling Expert Mode, all rules above the bar will be removed.

Algorithm: Weighted Balance

This setting specifies the ratio of WAN connection usage to be applied on the specified IP protocol and port. This setting is applicable only when **Algorithm** is set to **Weighted Balance**.

Algorithm	?	Weighted Balance	
Load Distribution Weight	?	WAN 1 10	
		WAN 2 10	
		WAN 3 10	
		WAN 4 10	
		WAN 5 10	
		Mobile Internet 10	

The amount of matching traffic that is distributed to a WAN connection is proportional to the weight of the WAN connection relative to the total weight. Use the sliders to change each WAN's weight.

For example, with the following weight settings:

- Ethernet WAN1: 10
- Ethernet WAN2: 10
- Wi-Fi WAN: 10
- Cellular 1: 10
- Cellular 2: 10
- USB: 10

Total weight is 60 = (10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10).

Matching traffic distributed to Ethernet WAN1 is $16.7\% = (10 / 60 \times 100\%)$.

Matching traffic distributed to Ethernet WAN2 is $16.7\% = (10 / 60) \times 100\%$.

Matching traffic distributed to Wi-Fi WAN is $16.7\% = (10 / 60) \times 100\%$.

Matching traffic distributed to Cellular 1 is $16.7\% = (10 / 60) \times 100\%$.

Matching traffic distributed to Cellular 2 is $16.7\% = (10 / 60) \times 100\%$.

Matching traffic distributed to USB is $16.7\% = (10 / 60) \times 100\%$.

Algorithm: Persistence

The configuration of persistent services is the solution to the few situations where link load distribution for Internet services is undesirable. For example, for security reasons, many e-banking and other secure websites terminate the session when the client computer's Internet IP address changes mid-session.

In general, different Internet IP addresses represent different computers. The security concern is that an IP address change during a session may be the result of an unauthorized intrusion attempt. Therefore, to prevent damages from the potential intrusion, the session is terminated upon the detection of an IP



address change.

Pepwave routers can be configured to distribute data traffic across multiple WAN connections. Also, the Internet IP depends on the WAN connections over which communication actually takes place. As a result, a LAN client computer behind the Pepwave router may communicate using multiple Internet IP addresses. For example, a LAN client computer behind a Pepwave router with three WAN connections may communicate on the Internet using three different IP addresses.

With the persistence feature, rules can be configured to enable client computers to persistently utilize the same WAN connections for e-banking and other secure websites. As a result, a client computer will communicate using one IP address, eliminating the issues mentioned above.

Algorithm 🕜	Persistence •
Persistence Mode 🛛 🤶	• By Source O By Destination

There are two persistent modes: By Source and By Destination.

By Source:	The same WAN connection will be used for traffic matching the rule and originating from the same machine, regardless of its destination. This option will provide the highest level of application compatibility.
By Destination:	The same WAN connection will be used for traffic matching the rule, originating from the same machine, and going to the same destination. This option can better distribute loads to WAN connections when there are only a few client machines.

The default mode is **By Source**. When there are multiple client requests, they can be distributed (persistently) to WAN connections with a weight. If you choose **Auto** in **Load Distribution**, the weights will be automatically adjusted according to each WAN's **Downstream Bandwidth** which is specified in the WAN settings page). If you choose **Custom**, you can customize the weight of each WAN manually by using the sliders.

Algorithm: Enforced

This setting specifies the WAN connection usage to be applied on the specified IP protocol and port. This setting is applicable only when **Algorithm** is set to **Enforced**.

Algorithm	Enforced •	
Enforced Connection	WAN: WAN 1 WAN: WAN 1 WAN: WAN 2 WAN: WAN 3 WAN: WAN 4 WAN: WAN 5	Save Cancel
	WAN: Mobile Internet	

Matching traffic will be routed through the specified WAN connection, regardless of the health check status of the WAN connection. Outbound traffic can be also be enforced to go through a specified



SpeedFusion[™] connection.

Algorithm: Priority

This setting specifies the priority of the WAN connections used to route the specified network service. The highest priority WAN connection available will always be used for routing the specified type of traffic. A lower priority WAN connection will be used only when all higher priority connections have become unavailable.

Algorithm	?	Priority •	
Priority Order	•	Highest Priority WAN: WAN 1 WAN: WAN 2 WAN: Wi-Fi WAN WAN: Cellular 1 WAN: Cellular 2 WAN: USB Lowest Priority	Not In Use VPN: Connection 1
Terminate Sessions Link Recovery	on 🥐	Enable	

Starting from Firmware 5.2, outbound traffic can be prioritized to go through SpeedFusion[™] connection(s). By default, VPN connections are not included in the priority list.

Tip

Configure multiple distribution rules to accommodate different kinds of services.

Algorithm: Overflow

The traffic matching this rule will be routed through the healthy WAN connection that has the highest priority and is not in full load. When this connection gets saturated, new sessions will be routed to the next healthy WAN connection that is not in full load.



Algorithm	?	Overflow •	
Overflow Order	?	Highest Priority	
		WAN: WAN 1	
		WAN: WAN 2	
		WAN: WI-FI WAN	
		🖗 WAN: Cellular 1	
		WAN: Cellular 2	
		WAN: USB	
		Lowest Priority	

Drag and drop to specify the order of WAN connections to be used for routing traffic. Only the highest priority healthy connection that is not in full load will be used.

Algorithm: Least Used

Add a New Custom Rule	
Service Name	
Enable	Always on V
Source	Any
Destination	IP Network Mask: 255.255.255.0 (/24)
Protocol	2 Any ▼
Algorithm	2 Least Used
Connection	 WAN 1 WAN 2 WAN 3 WAN 4 WAN 5
When No Connections are (Available	Drop the Traffic
	Save Cancel

The traffic matching this rule will be routed through the healthy WAN connection that is selected in **Connection** and has the most available download bandwidth. The available download bandwidth of a WAN connection is calculated from the total download bandwidth specified on the WAN settings page and the current download usage. The available bandwidth and WAN selection is determined every time an IP session is made.

Algorithm: Lowest Latency



Service Name	
Enable	Always on •
Source	Any
Destination	IP Network Mask: 255.255.255.0 (/24)
Protocol	② Any ▼
Algorithm	Lowest Latency Note: Use of Lowest Latency will incur additional network usage.
Connection	 WAN 1 WAN 2 WAN 3 WAN 4 WAN 5 Mobile Internet
When No Connections are Available	Drop the Traffic

The traffic matching this rule will be routed through the healthy WAN connection that is selected in **Connection** and has the lowest latency. Latency checking packets are issued periodically to a nearby router of each WAN connection to determine its latency value. The latency of a WAN is the packet round trip time of the WAN connection. Additional network usage may be incurred as a result.

Tip

The roundtrip time of a 6M down/640k uplink can be higher than that of a 2M down/2M up link because the overall round trip time is lengthened by its slower upload bandwidth, despite its higher downlink speed. Therefore, this algorithm is good for two scenarios:

- All WAN connections are symmetric; or
- A latency sensitive application must be routed through the lowest latency WAN, regardless of the WAN's available bandwidth.

Algorithm : Fastest Response Time


Service Name							
Enable		Always on					
Source		Any 🔹					
Destination	?	IP Network	Mask:	255.255	.255.0	(/24)	۲
Protocol	?	Any • • :: Protocol Selection :: •					
Algorithm	?	Fastest Response Time 🔻					
Connection		 WAN 1 WAN 2 WAN 3 WAN 4 WAN 5 Mobile Internet 					
When No Connections a Available	are 🥐	Drop the Traffic 🔹					

The Fastest response Time algorithm works as follows:

When a network session is created, the first outgoing packet of that particular session is duplicated to all the available WANs.

When the first response is received from a remote server, any further traffic for this session will be routed over that particular WAN connection for the fastest possible response time.

If any slower responses are received on other connections afterwards, they will be discarded.

7.5 Inbound Access

Inbound access is also known as inbound port address translation. On a NAT WAN connection, all inbound traffic to the server behind the Peplink unit requires inbound access rules.

By the custom definition of servers and services for inbound access, Internet users can access the servers behind Peplink Balance. Advanced configurations allow inbound access to be distributed among multiple servers on the LAN.

Important Note

Inbound access applies only to WAN connections that operate in NAT mode. For WAN connections that operate in drop-in mode or IP forwarding, inbound traffic is forwarded to the LAN by default.



7.5.1 Servers

The settings to configure servers on the LAN are located at Network>Inbound Access>Servers.

Inbound connections from the Internet will be forwarded to the specified Inbound IP address(es) based on the protocol and port number. When more than one server is defined, requests will be distributed to the servers in the weight ratio specified for each server.

Server Name	IP Address	2
	No Servers Defined	
	Add Server	
	Add Server	

To define a new server, click Add Server, which displays the following screen:

Inbound Server			
Server Name	myserver		
IP Address	192.168.1.123		

Enter a valid server name and its corresponding LAN IP address. Upon clicking **Save** after entering required information, the following screen appears.

Server Name	IP Address	
myserver	192.168.1.123	×
	Add Server	

To define additional servers, click Add Server and repeat the above steps.

7.5.2 Services

Services are defined at Network>Inbound Access>Services.

Service	IP Address(es)	Server	Protocol	ini iniiiiii
	No Services De	fined		
	Add Servic	e		

Tip

At least one server must be defined before services can be added.

To define a new service, click the Add Service button, upon which the following menu appears:

Inbound Service		
Enable	×	
Service Name		
Protocol	TCP •	
Port	Any Port 🔹	
Inbound IP Address(es)	Connection / IP Address(es) All Clear	
(Require at least one IP address)	🗆 WAN 1	
	WAN 2	
	WAN 3	
	🗆 WAN 4	
	🗆 WAN 5	
	Mobile Internet	
2	PepVPN	
Included Server(s)	Server	
address)	myserver (192.168.1.123)	
	Save Cancel	

	Services Settings
Enable	This setting specifies whether the inbound service rule takes effect. When Yes is selected, the inbound service rule takes effect. If the inbound traffic matches the specified IP protocol and port, action will be taken by the Peplink Balance based on the other parameters of the rule.
	When No is selected, the inbound service rule does not take effect. The Peplink Balance will disregard the other parameters of the rule.
Service Name	This setting identifies the service to the system administrator. Only alphanumeric and the underscore "_" characters are valid.
IP Protocol	The IP Protocol setting, along with the Port setting, specifies the protocol of the service as TCP, UDP, ICMP, or IP. Inbound traffic that matches the specified IP Protocol and Port (s) will be forwarded to the LAN hosts specified by the Servers setting.
	Upon choosing a protocol, the Protocol Selection Tool drop-down menu can be used to automatically the port information of common Internet services (e.g. HTTP, HTTPS, etc.).

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	After selecting an item from the Protocol Selection Tool drop-down menu, the protocol and the port number will remain manually modifiable.
	The Port setting specifies the port(s) that correspond to the service, and can be configured to behave in one of the following manners:
	Any Port, Single Port, Port Range, Port Map, and Range Mapping
	Port
	Any Port : all traffic that is received by the Peplink Balance via the specified protocol is forwarded to the servers specified by the Servers setting.
	For example, if IP Protocol is set to TCP and Port is set to Any Port , then all TCP traffic will be forwarded to the configured servers.
	Port Single Port Service Port: 80
	Single Port : traffic that is received by the Peplink Balance via the specified protocol at the specified port is forwarded via the same port to the servers specified by the Servers setting. For example, if IP Protocol is set to TCP , Port is set to Single Port , and Service Port is set to 80, then TCP traffic received on Port 80 will be forwarded to the configured servers via port 80.
	Port Port Range Port Range
Port	Port Range : traffic that is received by the Peplink Balance via the specified protocol at the specified port range is forwarded via the same respective ports to the LAN hosts specified by the Servers setting.
	For example, if IP Protocol is set to TCP , Port is set to Port Range , and Service Port set to 80-88, then TCP traffic received on ports 80 through 88 will be forwarded to the configured servers via the respective ports.
	Port Port Mapping Service Port: 80 Map to Port: 88
	Port Mapping : traffic that is received by the Peplink Balance via the specified protocol at the specified port is forwarded via a different port to the servers specified by the Servers setting.
	For example, if IP Protocol is set to TCP , Port is set to Port Mapping , Service Port is set to 80, and Map to Port is set to 88, then TCP traffic on port 80 is forwarded to the configured servers via port 88.
	(Please see below for details on the Servers setting.)
	Port Range Mapping Service Ports: 80 - 88 Map to Ports: 88 - 96
	Range Mapping : traffic that is received by Peplink Balance via the specified protocol at the specified port range is forwarded via a different port to the servers specified by the Servers setting.
Inbound IP Address(es)	This setting specifies the WAN connections and Internet IP address(es) from which the service can be accessed.
Included Server(s)	This setting specifies the LAN servers that handle requests for the service, and the relative weight values. The amount of traffic that is distributed to a server is proportional to the weight value assigned to the server relative to the total weight.

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UPnP / NAT-PMP Settings

UPnP and NAT-PMP are network protocols which allow a computer connected to the LAN port to automatically configure the router to allow parties on the WAN port to connect to itself. That way, the process of inbound port forwarding becomes automated.

When a computer creates a rule using these protocols, the specified TCP/UDP port of all WAN connections' default IP address will be forwarded.

Check the corresponding box(es) to enable UPnP and/or NAT-PMP. Enable these features only if you trust the computers connected to the LAN ports.

	0
📮 Enable	
Enable	
Save	
	s Enable Enable Save

When the options are enabled, a table listing all the forwarded ports under these two protocols can be found at **Network>Services>UPnP / NAT-PMP**.

7.5.3 DNS Settings

The built-in DNS server functionality of the Peplink Balance facilitates inbound load balancing. With this functionality, NS/SOA DNS records for a domain name can be delegated to the Internet IP address(es) of the Peplink Balance. Upon receiving a DNS query, the Peplink Balance can return (as an "A" record) the IP address for the domain name on the most appropriate healthy WAN connection. It can also act as a generic DNS server for hosting "A", "CNAME", "MX", "TXT" and "NS" records.

The settings for defining the DNS records to be hosted by the Peplink Balance are located at **Network>Inbound Access>DNS Settings**.

•••	
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DNS Server (?) Disabled		
Zone Transfer 🕜 Disabled		
Default SOA / NS 🕜 Undefined		
Default Connection Priority ? Priority 1: WAN 1, WAN 2, WAN 3, WAN 4, WAN 5, Mobile Internet ?		
Domain Names		
Domain Name		
These is currently no DNS domains.		
New Domain Name		
Reverse Lookup Zones		
There is currently no Reverse Lookun Zones		
New Reverse Lookup Zone		
Import records via zone transfer		

	DNS Settings
DNS Servers	This setting specifies the WAN IP addresses on which the DNS server of the Peplink Balance should listen.
	If no addresses are selected, the inbound link load balancing feature will be disabled and the Peplink Balance will not respond to DNS requests.
	To specify and/or modify the IP addresses on which the DNS server should listen, click the button that corresponds to DNS Server , and a selection screen will be displayed:
	To specify the Internet IP addresses on which the DNS server should listen, select the desired WAN connection then select the desired associated IP addresses. (Multiple items in the list can be selected by holding CTRL and clicking on the items.)
	Click Save to save the settings when configuration is complete.
Zone Transfer	This setting specifies the IP address(es) of the secondary DNS server(s)authorized to retrieve zone records from the DNS server of the Peplink Balance.
	The zone transfer server of the Peplink Balance listens on TCP port 53.
	The Peplink Balance serves both the clients that are accessing from the specified IP addresses, and the clients that are accessing its LAN interface.

Routing Control by Subnet Database	When this function is enabled, the system will check to see if an incoming DNS client is within any WAN's ISP subnet. Only the matched WAN(s)'s IP addresses will be returned. Note that this feature is available only when a subnet database has been defined.
Default SOA / NS	Click the button to define a default SOA / NS record for all domain names. When defining a default SOA record, Name Server IP Address is optional. If left blank, the Address (A) record for the same server should be defined manually in each domain. For defining default NS records, the host <i>[domain]</i> indicates that this record is for the domain name itself without a sub-domain prefix. To add a secondary NS server, just create
	a second NS record with the Host field left empty. When the entered name server is a fully qualified domain name (FQDN), the IP Address field will be disabled.
Default Connection Priority	Default Connection Priority defines the default priority group of each WAN connection in resolving A records. It applies to Address (A) records which have the Connection Priority set to Default . Please refer to Section 17.3.9 for details.
-	The WAN connection(s) with the highest priority (smallest number) will be chosen. Those with lower priorities will not be chosen in resolving A records unless the higher priority ones become unavailable.
	To specify the primary and backup connections, click the button that corresponds to Default Connection Priority . A selection screen screen will appear.
	Each WAN connection is associated with a priority number. Click Save to save the settings when configuration is complete.
Domain name	This section shows a list of domain names to be hosted by the Peplink Balance. Each domain can have its "NS", "MX" and "TXT" records, and its sub-domains' "A" and "CNAME" records. Add a new record by clicking the New Domain Name button. Click on a domain name to edit. Press the red X to remove a domain name.

New Domain Name

Upon clicking the New Domain Name button, and the following screen will appear:

SOA Record Use Default SOA and I	NS Records	2
NS Records		(?)
Host	Name Server	TTL (sec)
	There is currently no NS records.	
	New NS Records	
MX Records		0
Host	Priority Mail Server	TTL (sec)
11054	There is currently no MX records.	112 (000)
	New MX Records	
CNAME Records		2
Host	Points To	TTL (sec)
	There is currently no CNAME records.	
	New CNAME Record	
A Records		(2)
Host	Included IP Address(es)	TTL (sec)
	There is currently no A records.	
	New A Record	
TVT Decorde		
TAT Records		
Host	IXI Value	IIL (sec)
	There is currently no default 1x1 records.	
	New IXI Record	
SRV Records		2
Service	Priority Weight Target	Port TTL (sec)
	There is currently no SRV records	
	New SRV Record	

This page is for defining the domain's SOA, NS, MX, CNAME, A, TXT, and SRV records. Seven tables are presented in this page for defining the five types of records.

SOA Records

Customize SOA Record for this doma	n

Click on the **I** icon to choose whether to use the pre-defined default SOA record and NS records. If the option **Use Default SOA and NS Records** is selected, any changes made in the default SOA/NS records will be applied to this domain automatically. Otherwise, select the option **Customize SOA Record** for this domain to customize this domain's SOA and NS records.

Name Server	?	ns1		
Name Server IP Address	?			
Email	?	webmaster		
Refresh (sec)	?	14400		
Retry (sec)	?	900		
Expire (sec)	?	1209600		
Min Time (sec)	?	3600		
TTL (sec)	?	3600		

This table displays the current SOA record. When the option **Customize SOA Record for this domain** is selected, you can click the link **Click here to define SOA record** to create or click on the **Name Server** field to edit the SOA record.

In the SOA record, you have to fill out the fields **Name Server**, **Name Server IP Address**, **Email**, **Refresh**, **Retry**, **Expire**, **Min Time**, and **TTL**.

Default values are set for SOA and NS records,

• Name Server IP Address: This is the IP address of the authoritative name server. An entry in

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this field is optional. If the Balance is the authoritative name server of the domain, this field's value should be the WAN connection's name server IP address that is registered in the DNS registrar. If this field is entered, a corresponding A record for the name server will be created automatically. If it is left blank, the A record for the name server must be created manually.

- **E-mail**: Defines the e-mail address of the person responsible for this zone. Note: format should be *mailbox-name.domain.com*, e.g., *hostmaster.example.com*.
- **Refresh**: Indicates the length of time (in seconds) when the slave will try to refresh the zone from the master.
- **Retry**: Defines the duration (in seconds) between retries if the slave (secondary) fails to contact the master and the refresh (above) has expired.
- **Expire**: Indicates the time (in seconds) when the zone data is no longer authoritative. This option applies to slave DNS servers only.
- **Min Time**: Is the negative caching time which defines the time (in seconds) after an error record is cached.
- TTL (Time-to-Live): Defines the duration (in seconds) that the record may be cached.

NS Records

The **NS Records** table shows the NS servers and TTL that correspond to the domain. The NS record of the name server defined in the SOA record is automatically added here.

To add a new NS record, click the **New NS Records** button in the **NS Records** box. Then the table will expand to look like the following:

NS Records			×
Host			
Name Server		TTL (sec) 3600	+
	9	Save C	ancel

When creating an NS record for the domain itself (not a sub-domain), the **Host** field should be left blank. Enter a name server host name and its IP address into the corresponding boxes. The host name can be a non-FQDN (fully qualified domain name). Please be sure that a corresponding A record is created. Click the **Save** button on the right to finish and to add other name servers. Click the **Save** button to save your changes.

MX Records

The **MX Record** table shows the domain's MX records. To add a new MX record, click the **New MX Records** button in the **MX Records** box. Then the table will expand to look like the following:

This is equivalent to		
demopepink.com	TTL (sec)	
	3600	+
	This is equivalent to demopeplink.com.	This is equivalent to demopeplink.com. TTL (sec) 3600

When creating an MX record for the domain itself (not a sub-domain), the **Host** field should be left blank. For each record, **Priority** and **Mail Server** name must be entered. **Priority** typically ranges from 10 to 100. Smaller numbers have a higher a priority. After finishing adding MX records, click the **Save** button.

CNAME Records

The **CNAME Record** table shows the domain's CNAME records. To add a new CNAME record, click the **New CNAME Records** button in the **CNAME Record** box. Then the table will expand to look like the following:

Points To	This is equivalent to demopeplink.com.	
ITL (sec)	3600	

When creating a CNAME record for the domain itself (not a sub-domain), the **Host** field should be left blank.

The wildcard character "*" is supported in the **Host** field. The reference of ".*domain.name*" will be returned for every name ending with ".*domain.name*" except names that have their own records.

The $\ensuremath{\text{TTL}}$ field tells the time to live of the record in external DNS caches.

A Records

This table shows the A records of the domain name. To add an A record, click the New A Record button.

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The following screen will appear:

A Record		*
Host TTL (sec) Priority	This is equivalent to demopeplink.com. • Default • Custom	
Included IP Address(es)		
WAN 1		
WAN 2		
WAN 3		
WAN 4		
WAN 5		
🗆 Mobile Internet		
Custom IP Address		
		Save Cancel

A record may be automatically added for the SOA records with a name server IP address provided.

	A Record
Host Name	This field specifies the A record of this sub-domain to be served by the Peplink Balance. The wildcard character "*" is supported. The IP addresses of "*. <i>domain.name"</i> will be returned for every name ending with <i>".domain.name"</i> except names that have their own records.
TTL	This setting specifies the time to live of this record in external DNS caches. In order to reflect any dynamic changes on the IP addresses in case of link failure and recovery, this value should be set to a smaller value, e.g., 5 secs, 60 secs, etc.
Priority	This option specifies the priority of different connections. Select the Default option to apply the Default Connection Priority (refer to the table shown on the main DNS settings page) to an A record. To customize priorities, choose the Custom option and a priority selection table will be shown at the bottom.



	This setting specifies lists of WAN-specific Internet IP addresses that are candidates to be returned when the Peplink Balance responds to DNS queries for the domain name specified by Host Name .
	The IP addresses listed in each box as default are the Internet IP addresses associated with each of the WAN connections. Static IP addresses that are not associated with any WAN can be entered into the Custom IP list. A PTR record is also created for each custom IP.
Included IP Address(es)	For WAN connections that operate under drop-in mode, there may be other routable IP addresses in addition to the default IP address. Therefore, the Peplink Balance allows custom Internet IP addresses to be added manually via filling the text box on the right-hand side and clicking the 🗭 button.
	Only the checked IP addresses in the lists are candidates to be returned when responding to a DNS query.
	If a WAN connection is down, the corresponding set of IP addresses will not be returned. However, the IP addresses in the Custom IP Address field will always be returned.
	If the Connection Priority field is set to Custom , you can also specify the usage priority of each WAN connection. Only selected IP address(es) of available connection(s) with the highest priority, and custom IP addresses will be returned. By default, Connection Priority is set to Default .

PTR Records

PTR records are created along with A records pointing to custom IPs. For example, if you created an A record *www.mydomain.com* pointing to *11.22.33.44*, then a PTR record *44.33.22.11.in-addr.arpa* pointing to *www.mydomain.com* will also be created. When there are multiple host names pointing to the same IP address, only one PTR record for the IP address will be created. In order for PTR records to function, you also need to create NS records. For example, if the IP address range *11.22.33.0* to *11.22.33.255* is delegated to the DNS server on the Peplink Balance, you will also have to create a domain *33.22.11.in-addr.arpa* and have its NS records pointing to your DNS server's (the Peplink Balance's) public IP addresses. With the above records created, the PTR record creation is complete.

TXT Records

This table shows the TXT record of the domain name.



TXT Record		×
Host TXT Value	This is equivalent to demopeplink.com.	
TTL (sec)	3600	
		Save Cancel

To add a new TXT record, click the **New TXT Record** button in the **TXT Records** box. Click the **Edit** button to edit the record. The time-to-live value and the TXT record's value can be entered. Click the **Save** button to finish.

When creating a TXT record for the domain itself (not a sub-domain), the **Host** field should be left blank. The maximum size of the TXT Value is 255 bytes.

After editing the five types of records, you can leave the page by simply going to another section of the web admin interface.

SRV Records

To add a new SRV record, click the **New SRV Record** button in the **SRV Records** box.

3					ecords	SRV Re
		is equivalent to				Service
. (sec)	Port	opepiink.com.	6	Target	Weight	Priority
00						
00 +						Priority

- Service: The symbolic name of the desired service.
- **Priority**: Indicates the priority of the target; the smaller the value, the higher the priority.
- Weight: A relative weight for records with the same priority.



- Target: The canonical hostname of the machine providing the service.
- **Port**: Enter the TCP or UDP port number on which the service is to be found.

Reverse Lookup Zones

Reverse lookup zones can be configured in **Network>Inbound Access>DNS Settings**.

New Reverse Lookup Zone				
Zone Name	.in-addr.arpa			
		Save	Cancel	

Reverse lookup refers to performing a DNS query to find one or more DNS names associated with a given IP address.

The DNS stores IP addresses in the form of specially formatted names as pointer (PTR) records using special domains/zones. The zone is *in-addr.arpa*.

To enable DNS clients to perform a reverse lookup for a host, perform two steps:

• Create a reverse lookup zone that corresponds to the subnet network address of the host.

In the reverse lookup zone, add a pointer (PTR) resource record that maps the host IP address to the host name.

• Click the **New Reverse Lookup Zone** button and enter a reverse lookup zone name. If you are delegated the subnet *11.22.33.0/24*, the **Zone Name** should be *33.22.11.in-arpa.add*r. PTR records for *11.22.33.1*, *11.22.33.2*, ... *11.22.33.254* should be defined in this zone where the host IP numbers are *1*, *2*, ... *254*, respectively.

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33.22.11.in-addr.a	rpa	×
SOA Record		?
	Click here to define SOA Record	
NS Records Host	Name Server	TTL (sec)
	WARNING: You should define NS records in your zone! New NS Records	
CNAME Records	Points To	(?)
	There is currently no CNAME records. New CNAME Record	
PTR Records		?
Host IP Number	Points To There is currently no PTR records.	TTL (sec)
	New PTR Record	
		Close

SOA Record

You can click the link **Click here to define SOA record** to create or click on the **Name Server** field to edit the SOA record.

Name Server	()	
Email	webmaster	
Refresh (sec)	14400	
Retry (sec)	900	
Expire (sec)	1209600	
Min Time (sec)	3600	
TTL (sec)	3600	

Name Server: Enter the NS record's FQDN server name here.

For example:

"ns1.mydomain.com" (equivalent to "www.1stdomain.com.") "ns2.mydomain.com."

Email, Refresh, Retry, Expire, Min Time, and TTL are entered in the same way as in the forward zone. Please refer to Section 17.3.5 for details.

NS Records

NS Records		×
Host Name Server	This is equivalent to 33.22.11.in-addr.arpa.	TTL (sec) 3600
		Save Cancel

The NS record of the name server defined in the SOA record is automatically added here. To create a new NS record, click the **New NS Records** button.

When creating an NS record for the reverse lookup zone itself (not a sub-domain or dedicated zone), the

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Host field should be left blank. Name Server must be a FQDN. CNAME Records

Deinte Te	This is equivalent to	
TTI (sec)	33.22.11.in-addr.arpa.	

To create a new CNAME record, click the **New CNAME Record** button.

CNAME records are typically used for defining classless reverse lookup zones. Subnetted reverse lookup zones are further described in RFC 2317, "Classless IN-ADDR.ARPA delegation."



PTR Records

Points To	This is equivalent to 33.22.11.in-addr.arpa.	
ITL (sec)	3600	

To create a new PTR record, click the New PTR Record button.

For **Host IP Number** field, enter the last integer in the IP address of a PTR record. For example. for the IP address *11.22.33.44*, where the reverse lookup zone is *33.22.11.in-arpa.addr*, the **Host IP Number** should be *44*.

The **Points To** field defines the host name which the PTR record should be pointed to. It must be a FQDN.

DNS Record Import Wizard

At the bottom of the DNS settings page, the link **Import records via zone transfer...** is used to import DNS record using an import wizard.

DNS Record Import	t Wizard
This wizard allows yo	u to import DNS records from an existing DNS server via zone transfer.
Requirement: Your ex to transfer DNS zone	visting DNS server is configured to allow one of the WAN's default IP addresses records.
To continue. click Nex	ct.

• Select Next >> to continue.

DNS Record Import Wizard		3
Step 1 of 3		
Target DNS Server IP Address:		
Transfer via		
WAN 1		

- In the Target DNS Server IP Address field, enter the IP address of the DNS server.
- In the **Transfer via...**field, choose the connection which you would like to transfer through.
- Select **Next >>** to continue.

ONS Record Import Wizard	
Step 2 of 3	
Domain Names (Zones):	
mycompany.com peplink.com	
(One domain name per line)	
	<< Back Next >> Cancel

- In the blank space, enter the **Domain Names (Zones)** which you would like to assign the IP address entered in the previous step. Enter one domain name per line.
- Select Next >> to continue.

Important Note

If you have entered domain(s) which already exist in your settings, a warning message will appear. Select Next >>

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DNS Record Import Wizard			2
Step 2 of 3 (Continue)			
WARNING: The following domain(s) already exi	ist:		
peplink.com			
The existing records of these domains will be o	verwritten.		
	(()	
	<< Back	Next >>	Cancel

etching zone records	
	Abo
DNS Record Import Wizard	Abo
DNS Record Import Wizard	Abo

peplink.com

mycompany.com

Cancel

Ok Ok



After the zone records process have been fetched, the fetch results would be shown as above. You can view import details by clicking the corresponding hyperlink on the right-hand side.

Zone: m	Zone: mytest.com				
Record Type	Name	Value			
SOA	mytest.com	ns1.mytest.com.			
NS	mytest.com	ns1.mytest.com.			
NS	mytest.com	ns2.mytest.com.			
NS	mytest.com	ns3.mytest.com.			
NS	mytest.com	ns4.mytest.com.			
MX	mytest.com	mail01.mytest.com.			
MX	mytest.com	1.us.testinglabs.com.			
MX	mytest.com	backup.mytest.com.			
MX	mytest.com	2.us.testinglabs.com.			
A	backup.mytest.com	210.120.111.12			
A	download.mytest.com	33.11.22.33			
A	guest.mytest.com	126.132.111.0			

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7.6 NAT Mappings

The Peplink Balance allows the IP address mapping of all inbound and outbound NATed traffic to and from an internal client IP address.

NAT mappings can be configured at **Network>NAT Mappings**.

Inbound Mappings	Outbound Mappings	
No NAT Mappings D	efined	
Add NAT Rule		
	Inbound Mappings No NAT Mappings D Add NAT Rule	Inbound Mappings Outbound Mappings No NAT Mappings Defined Add NAT Rule

To add a rule for NAT mappings, click Add NAT Rule and the following screen will be displayed:

NAT Mappings			×
LAN Client(s)	?	IP Address 🔻	
Address	?	192.168.1.123	
Inbound Mappings	?	Connection / Inbound IP Address(es)	
		WAN 1 WAN 2	
		WAN 3	
		WAN 4	
		WAN 5	
		Mobile Internet	
		Рерури	
Outbound Mappings	(?)	Connection / Outbound IP Address	
		WAN 1	10.22.1.182 (Interface IP) •
		WAN 2	Interface IP 🔹
		WAN 3	Interface IP 🔹
		WAN 4	192.168.254.10 (Interface IP) •
		WAN 5	Interface IP 🔹
		Mobile Internet	Interface IP 🔹
			Save Cancel

NAT Mapping Settings					
LAN Client(s)	NAT Mapping rules can be defined for a single LAN IP Address , an IP Range , or an IP Network .				
Address	This refers to the LAN host's private IP address. The system maps this address to a number of public IP addresses (specified below) in order to facilitate inbound and outbound traffic. This option is only available when IP Address is selected.				
Range	The IP range is a contiguous group of private IP addresses used by the LAN host. The system maps these addresses to a number of public IP addresses (specified below) to facilitate outbound traffic. This option is only available when IP Range is selected.				
Network	The IP network refers to all private IP addresses and ranges managed by the LAN host. The system maps these addresses to a number of public IP addresses (specified below) to facilitate outbound traffic. This option is only available when IP Network is selected.				
Inbound	This setting specifies the WAN connections and corresponding WAN-specific Internet IP addresses on which the system should bind. Any access to the specified WAN connection(s) and IP address(es) will be forwarded to the LAN host. This option is only available when IP Address is selected in the LAN Client(s) field.				
Mappings	Note 1: Inbound mapping is not needed for WAN connections in drop-in mode or IP forwarding mode.				
	Note 2: Each WAN IP address can be associated to one NAT mapping only.				
	This setting specifies the WAN IP addresses should be used when an IP connection is made from a LAN host to the Internet.				
Outbound	Each LAN host in an IP range or IP network will be evenly mapped to one of each selected WAN's IP addresses (for better IP address utilization) in a persistent manner (for better application compatibility).				

Mappings Note 1: If you do not want to use a specific WAN for outgoing accesses, you should still choose default here, then customize the outbound access rule in the **Outbound Policy** section.

Note 2: WAN connections in drop-in mode or IP forwarding mode are not shown here.

Click **Save** to save the settings when configuration has been completed.

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Important Note

Inbound firewall rules override inbound mapping settings.

7.7 MediaFast

MediaFast settings can be configured by navigating to **Network > MediaFast**.

Setting Up MediaFast Content Caching

To access MediaFast content caching settings, select **Network > MediaFast**.

MediaFast	
Enable	
Domains / IP Addresses	 Cache all Whitelist Blacklist
Source IP Subnet	 Any O Custom

MediaFast			
Enable	Click the checkbox to enable MediaFast content caching.		
Domains / IP Addresses	Choose to Cache on all domains , or enter domain names and then choose either Whitelist (cache the specified domains only) or Blacklist (do not cache the specified domains).		
Source IP Subnet	This setting allows caching to be enabled on custom subnets only. If "Any" is selected, then caching will apply to all subnets.		



Secure Content Caching		
Enable	?	Note: Please enable MediaFast for Secure Content Caching
Domains / IP Addresses	•	Cache all Whitelist Blacklist googlevideo.com youtube.com G
Source IP Subnet	?	• Any O Custom

The Secure Content Caching menu operates identically to the MediaFast menu, except it is for secure content caching accessible through https://. In order for Mediafast devices to cache and deliver HTTPS content, every client needs to have the necessary certificates installed*.

*See https://forum.peplink.com/t/certificate-installation-for-mediafast-https-caching/

Cache Control					
Content Type	?	 Video Audio Images OS / Application 	Updates		
Cache Lifetime Settings	?	File Extension	Lifetime (days)	+	

	Cache Control
Content Type	Check these boxes to cache the listed content types or leave boxes unchecked to disable caching for the listed types.
Cache Lifetime Settings	Enter a file extension, such as JPG or DOC. Then enter a lifetime in days to specify how long files with that extension will be cached. Add or delete entries using the controls on the right.



Viewing MediaFast Statistics

To get details on storage and bandwidth usage, select **Status>MediaFast**.



Prefetch Schedule

Content prefetching allows you to download content on a schedule that you define, which can help to

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preserve network bandwidth during busy times and keep costs down. To access MediaFast content prefetching settings, select **Network > MediaFast > Prefetch Schedule**.

		Next Run Time	Last Run Time	Last Duration		Last Download	Actions
Course Progress	Downloading	04-11 06:00	04-09 02:03	-	3	0 B	= Z X
National Geog	Ready	04-11 00:00	04-09 00:00	00:01	1	4.98 kB	🛓 🕜 🗙
Syllabus	Downloading	04-11 06:00	04-09 06:00	-	3	0 B	• Z X
► Vimeo	Ready	04-11 00:00	04-09 02:03	00:01	1	115.91 kB	🛓 🕜 🗙
► ted	Ready	04-11 00:00	04-09 00:00	00:01	~	62.26 kB	🛓 🕜 🗙
		Ne	w Schedule				

	Prefetch Schedule Settings
Name	This field displays the name given to the scheduled download.
Status	Check the status of your scheduled download here.
Next Run Time/Last Run Time	These fields display the date and time of the next and most recent occurrences of the scheduled download.
Last Duration	Check this field to ensure that the most recent download took as long as expected to complete. A value that is too low might indicate an incomplete download or incorrectly specified download target, while a value that is too long could mean a download with an incorrectly specified target or stop time.
Result	This field indicates whether downloads are in progress ($rac{1}{2}$) or complete (✔).
Last Download	Check this field to ensure that the most recent download file size is within the expected range. A value that is too low might indicate an incomplete download or incorrectly specified download target, while a value that is too long could mean a download with an incorrectly specified target or stop time. This field is also useful for quickly seeing which downloads are consuming the most storage space.
Actions	To begin a scheduled download immediately, click 📥. To cancel a scheduled download, click 💻. To edit a scheduled download, click 🧭.

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	To delete a scheduled of	lownload, click 💌.
	Click to begin creating a following screen to apper MediaFast Schedul	e
	Name (optional)	
	Active	2
	URL	URL
Now Schodulo		+
New Schedule	Depth	2 V levels Default
	Time Period	From 00 •: 00 • to 01 •: 00 •
	Repeat	Everyday 🔻
	Bandwidth Limit	0 Gbps • (0: Unlimited)
		Save & Apply Now Cancel
	Simply provide the requ	ested information to create your schedule.
Clear Web Cache	Click to clear all cached	content. Note that this action cannot be undone.
Clear Statistics	Click to clear all prefetch	n and status page statistics.

7.8 ContentHub

Integrated into MediaFast-enabled routers, ContentHub allows you to deliver webpages and applications using the local storage on your router.

Users will be able to access news, articles, videos, and access your web app, without the need for internet access.

ContentHub Storage needs to be configured before content can be uploaded to the ContentHub. Follow the link on the information panel to configure storage.

ContentHub storage has not been configured. Click here to review storage configuration

To access ContentHub, navigate to **Network > ContentHub** and check the **Enable** box.:

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Enable		?					
				Save			
Schedule							
Moheiter			Next Update	Last Updated	Elapsed Time	Status Actions	
vebsites							
websites	_		No	Schedule			

On an external server configure content (a website or application) that will be synced to the ContentHub; for example a html5 website.

To configure a website or application as content follow these steps.

Configure a website to be published from the ContentHub

This option allows you to sync a website to the Peplink router, this website will then be published with the specified domain from the router itself and makes the content available to the client via the HTTP/HTTPS protocol.

Only FTP sync is supported for this type of ContentHub content.

The content should be uploaded to an FTP server before.

Click New Website, and the following configuration options will appear:



Active	
Туре	Website Application
Protocol	HTTP V
Domain/Path	http://
Source	ftp :// Username: Password:
Period	Everyday Image: The second secon
Bandwidth Limit	0 Gbps 🔻 (0: Unlimited)

The Active checkbox toggles the activation of the content. For type, select Website.

Туре	HTTP, HTTPS or both
Domain/Pat h	The contenhub uses this as the domain name for client access (such as http://mytest.com).
Source	Enter the server details that the content will be downloaded from. Enter your credentials under Username and Password .
Period	This field determines how often the Router will search for updates to the source content.
Method	Only applicable for application: Choose between sync or file upload
Bandwidth Limit	Used to limit the bandwidth for each client to access the web server.

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Click "Save & Apply Now" to activate the changes. Below is a screenshot after configuration:

Websites	Source	Next Update	Last Updated	Elapsed Time	Status	Actions			
http://mytest.co	m						+		×
/(root)	ftp://10.8.76.254/web	-	-	-		*	C	Ø	×
		1	New Website						

The content will be synced based on the **Period** that is configured before.

When the sync is completed, you'll see a summary as shown in the screenshot below:

Websites	Source	Next Upda	Last ite Updated	Elapsed Time	Status	Actions			
http://mytest	com						+		×
/(root)	ftp://10.8.76.254/web	-	05-23 03:41	00:00:11	0	*	C	6	×
			New Website		Status details			Close	
					Complete	d 0 files			

To access the content, open a browser in MFA's client and enter the domain configured before (such as <u>http://mytest.com</u>).

Configure an application to be published from the contenthub

Mediafast Routers allow you to configure and publish ant application from the router itself by using the supported framework

- Python (version 2.7.12)
- Ruby (version 2.3.3)
- Node.js (version 6.9.2)

First install the desired framework in "Package Manager" as below:

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				-			
peplink	Dashboard	Setup Wizard	Network	AP	System	Status	Apply Changes
System							
 Admin Security 	(Last Upd	ate: Tue May 23 04	4:02:36 UTC	2017)			
Firmware	Package	List					Update All
Time	Node.js	0.2 /171701					
 Schedule 	Size: 8.99 Date: Fri Fi	MB eb 24 07:45:28 UTC 2	017				
Email Notification	Python						
Event Log	Version: 2. Size: 20.29	7.12 (17178) 9 MB					*
SNMP	Date: Fri Fri	eb 24 07:45:28 UTC 2	017				
 InControl 	Ruby Version: 2.	3.3 (17178)					
 Configuration 	Size: 31.44 Date: Fri Fri	4 MB eb 24 07:45:30 UTC 2	017				
Feature Add-ons							
Reboot							
Tools							
Ping							
Traceroute							
Wake-on-LAN							
Storage Manager							
Package Manager							
Logout							

After installing the framework, you can select the type to "Application" and configure the website:

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Active						
Туре	O Website O Application					
Protocol	HTTP \$					
Domain	http:// http://					
Method	 O Sync ○ File Upload 					
Source	ftp :// Username:					
Period	Everyday \$ From 00 \$: 00 \$ to 01 \$: 00 \$					
Bandwidth Limit	0 Gbps 🗘 (0: Unlimited)					

The setting is same as Website type and you can refer to the description in the above section

For the Application type, you need to pack your application as below:

- 1. Implement two bash script files, start.sh and stop.sh in root folder, to start and stop your application. the Mediafast router will only execute start.sh and stop.sh when the corresponding website is enabled and disabled respectively.
- 2. Compress your application files and the bash script to .tar.gz format.
- 3. Upload this tar file to the router.

MDM Settings

In addition to performing content caching, MediaFast-enabled routers can also serve as an MDM, administrating to client devices. To access MDM Settings, navigate to **Network > MDM Settings**:



MDM Settings						
Enable						
Account Settings	Follow Web Admin Account Custom					
Username						
Password						
Confirm Password						

	MDM Settings
Enable	Click this checkbox to enable MDM on your router.
Account Settings	Click Follow Web Admin Account to allow client devices to use the built-in administrator account when performing MDM. Set Custom to specify a username and password your router will use to log into your client devices.

Please refer to the knowledgebase for information about enrolling client devices to MDM: <u>https://forum.peplink.com/t/how-to-enroll-a-device-to-the-mdm-server/8454</u>

Docker

MediaFast enabled routers can host Docker containers when running firmware 7.1 or later. Docker is an open platform for developing, shipping, and running applications.

From firmware version 7.1.0 upwards it is possible to install and run Docker Containers on your Peplink Mediafast 500 or 750 router.

Due to the nature of Docker and its unlimited variables; this feature is supported by Peplink up to the point of creating a running Docker Container.

Information about Docker can be found on the Docker Documentation site: https://docs.docker.com/ 2

This will allow you to run for example a file sharing platform (Owncloud), a web server (Wordpress, Joomla), a learning platform (Moodle) or a visualisation tool for viewing large scale data (Kibana). The Peplink router will search through the Docker Hub repository when creating a new Docker Container. https://hub.docker.com/explore/ 7

For detailed configuration instructions please refer to our knowledge base: <u>https://forum.peplink.com/t/how-to-run-a-docker-application-on-a-peplink-mediafast-</u>router/16021
7.9 Captive Portal

Captive Portal	Access Mode	Info
	No Captive Portal	
	New Portal	

The captive portal serves as a gateway that clients have to pass if they wish to access the Internet using your router. To configure, navigate to **Network>Captive Portal**.

Captive Portal	*			
General Settings				
Name	demoportal			
Enable				
Hostname 📀	captive-portal.peplink.com Default			
Access Mode	Open Access User Authentication External Server			
Portal Access Settings				
Access Quota	30 mins (0: Unlimited) 0 MB (0: Unlimited)			
Quota Reset Time	 Daily at 00 • :00 1440 minutes after quota reached 			
Inactive Timeout	0 minutes (0: No Timeout)			
Allowed Networks	Domain Name / IP Address / Network			
Allowed Clients	MAC / IP Address			
Splash Page 🤶	Built-in External, URL: http://			
Popup Handling	 Bypass Popup (Redirection only takes place on normal browser) Automatically show splash page on Safari for Apple (iOS / macOS) devices 			
Logout Hostname 🛛 🕐	(Not configured)			
Click <u>here</u> to preview / customi	ze built-in splash page			
	Save Cancel			

Captive Portal Settings



		1	
Enable	Check Enable and then, optionally, select the LANs/VLANs that will use the captive portal.		
Hostname	To customize the portal's form submission and redirection URL, enter a new URL in this field. To reset the URL to factory settings, click Default .		
Access Mode	Click Open Access to allow clients to freely access your router. Click User Authentication to force your clients to authenticate before accessing your router. Select External Server to use the Captive Portal with a HotSpot system. As described in the following knowledgebase article: <u>https://forum.peplink.com/t/using-hotspotsystem-wi-fi-on-pepwave-max-routers/</u>		
	This authenticates your of option, you will see the for	clients through a RADIUS server. After selecting this ollowing fields:	
	Authentication	RADIUS Server V	
	Auth Server	Port 1812 Default	
	Auth Server Secret	Hide Characters	
PADILIS Sorver	CoA-DM		
INADIOS Selvel	Accounting Server	Port 1813 Default	
	Accounting Server Secret	Hide Characters	
	Accounting Interim Interval	seconds	
	Fill in the necessary info enable authentication.	rmation to complete your connection to the server and	
	This authenticates your of you will see the following	clients through a LDAP server. Upon selecting this option, g fields:	
	Authentication	LDAP Server	
	LDAP Server	Port 389 Default	
LDAP Server		Use DN/Password to bind to LDAP Server	
	Base DN		
	Base Filter		
	Fill in the necessary info	rmation to complete your connection to the server and	
	enable authentication.		
Access Quota	Set a time and data cap to each user's Internet usage.		
Quota Reset Time	This menu determines how your usage quota resets. Setting it to Daily will reset it at a specified time every day. Setting a number of minutes after quota reached establish a timer for each user that begins after the quota has been reached.		



Inactive Timeout	Clients will get disconnected when the inactive the configured time is reached. Default 0: no timeout
Allowed Networks	To whitelist a network, enter the domain name / IP address here and click To delete an existing network from the list of allowed networks, click the button next to the listing.
Allowed Clients	To whitelist a client, enter the MAC address / IP address here and click . To delete an existing client from the list of allowed clients, click the button next to the listing.
Splash Page	Here, you can choose between using the Balance's built-in captive portal and redirecting clients to a URL you define.
Popup Handling	Configurable options for popup handling: - Bypass Popup (Redirection only takes place on normal browser) - Automatically show splash page on Safari for Apple (iOS / macOS) devices
Logout Hostnan	A hostname that can be used to logout captive portal when being accessed on browser.
Customize splash page	Click on the provided link in the Captive portal profile to customize the splash page. A new browser tab is opened with a WYSIWYG editor of the splash page o edit the content, click on the corresponding element after switching Edit Mode to ON.



	Captive Portal
pe	, plink PEPWAVE
Use default Choose Fil NOTE: Size max 51	Logo Image e No file chosen 2KB. Supported images types: JPEG, PNG and GIF. EMPTY STRING
I have read	and agree to the terms and conditions
You must ac can proceed	cept the terms and conditions before you
	Agree
Powered by Peplink.	
Dortal Configuration	
Show Ouota Status	2
Custom Landing Page	0
Page: Login Login TNC	Edit mode ON 🕜 🕐

7.10 QoS

7.10.1 User Groups

LAN and PPTP clients can be categorized into three user groups - **Manager, Staff, and Guest**. This menu allows you to define rules and assign client IP addresses or subnets to a user group. You can apply different bandwidth and traffic prioritization policies on each user group in the **Bandwidth Control** and **Application** sections.

The table is automatically sorted, and the table order signifies the rules' precedence. The smaller and more specific subnets are put towards the top of the table and have higher precedence; larger and less specific subnets are placed towards the bottom.

Click the Add button to define clients and their user group. Click the 🚺 button to remove the defined

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rule.

Two default rules are predefined and put at the bottom. They are **All DHCP reservation clients** and **Everyone**, and they cannot be removed. The **All DHCP reservation client represents** the LAN clients defined in the DHCP Reservation table on the LAN settings page. **Everyone** represents all clients that are not defined in any rule above. Click on a rule to change its group.

Client				
Grouped by	?	P Address 🔻		
Group	?	Manager 🔻		
			Save	Cancel

	Add / Edit User Group
Subnet / IP Address	From the drop-down menu, choose whether you are going to define the client(s) by an IP Address or a Subnet . If IP Address is selected, enter a name defined in DHCP reservation table or a LAN client's IP address. If Subnet is selected, enter a subnet address and specify its subnet mask.
Group	This field is to define which User Group the specified subnet / IP address belongs to.

Once users have been assigned to a user group, their internet traffic will be restricted by rules defined for that particular group. Please refer to the following two sections for details.

7.10.2 Bandwidth Control

This section is to define how much minimum bandwidth will be reserved to each user group when a WAN connection is **in full load**. When this feature is enabled, a slider with two indicators will be shown. You can move the indicators to adjust each group's weighting. The lower part of the table shows the corresponding reserved download and uploads bandwidth value of each connection.

By default, **50%** of bandwidth has been reserved for Manager, **30%** for Staff, and **20%** for Guest.

Group Bandwidth Reservation			
Enable			
	(D
-	Manager	Staff	Guest
Bandwidth %	50%	30%	20%
WAN 1	500.0M/500.0M	300.0M/300.0M	200.0M/200.0M

You can define a maximum download speed (over all WAN connections) and upload speed (for each

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WAN connection) that each individual Staff and Guest member can consume. No limit can be imposed on individual Managers. By default, download and upload bandwidth limits are set to unlimited (set as **0**).

Individual Bandwidth Lim	it					
Enable	2					
User Bandwidth Limit	Manager	Download Manager: Unlimited		Upload Unlimited		
	Staff:	0	Mbps •	0	Mbps •	(0: unlimited)
	Guest:	0	Mbps •	0	Mbps •	(0: unlimited)

7.10.3 Application

You can choose whether to apply the same prioritization settings to all user groups or customize the settings for each group.



Three priority levels can be set for application prioritization: ↑**High,**–**Normal**, and↓**Low**. The Peplink

Balance can detect various application traffic types by inspecting the packet content. Select an application by choosing a supported application, or by defining a custom application manually. The priority preference of supported applications is placed at the top of the table. Custom applications are at the bottom.

Application	Priority				
	Manager	Staff	Guest		
All Supported Streaming Applications	<u>↑ High</u>	– Normal 🔹	<u>↑ High</u>	*	
All Email Protocols	↑ High 🔻	† High ▼	† High ▼	×	
MySQL	† High ▼	- Normal 🔹	↓ Low •	*	
SIP	↑ High 🔻	Low •	↓ Low 🔻		
		Add			

Prioritization for Custom Application

Click the **Add** button to define a custom application. Click the button in the **Action** column to delete the custom application in the corresponding row.

When **Supported Applications** is selected, the Peplink Balance will inspect network traffic and prioritize the selected applications. Alternatively, you can select **Custom Applications** and define the application by providing the protocol, scope, port number, and DSCP value.

Add / Edit Applica	tion		
Туре	Supported Applications O Custom Appli	ications	
Category	Miscellaneous		
Application	All Supported Miscellaneous Protocols 🔻		
	All Supported Miscellaneous Protocols		
	HTTP NTP SNMP	ОК	Cancel
	USENET		

Category and Application availability will be different across different Peplink Balance models.

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DSL/Cable Optimization

DSL/cable-based WAN connections have lower upload bandwidth and higher download bandwidth.

When a DSL/cable circuit's uplink is congested, the download bandwidth will be affected. Users will not be able to download data at full speed until the uplink becomes less congested. **DSL/Cable Optimization** can relieve such an issue. When it is enabled, the download speed will become less affected by the upload traffic. By default, this feature is enabled.

DSL/Cable Optimization	
Enable	۲

7.11 Firewall

A firewall is a mechanism that selectively filters data traffic between the WAN side (the Internet) and the LAN side of the network. It can protect the local network from potential hacker attacks, access to offensive websites, and/or other inappropriate uses.

The firewall functionality of Peplink Balance supports the selective filtering of data traffic in both directions:

Outbound (LAN to WAN)

Inbound (WAN to LAN)

The firewall also supports the following functionality:

- Intrusion detection and DoS prevention
- Web blocking

With SpeedFusion[™] enabled, the firewall rules also apply to VPN tunneled traffic. The Firewall function can be found at **Network>Firewall**

7.11.1 Access Rules

The outbound firewall settings are located at Network>Firewall>Access Rules.

Rule	Protocol	Source IP Port	Destination IP Port	Policy
Default	Any	Any	Any	Allow

Click Add Rule to display the following screen:

Rule Name	
Enable	Always on V
Protocol	② Any ▼
Source IP & Port	Any Address
Destination IP & Port	Any Address
Action	Illow O Deny
Event Logging	(?) 💷 Enable

The inbound firewall settings are located at Network>Firewall>Access Rules.

Rule	Protocol	WAN	Source IP Port	Destination IP Port	Policy
<u>Default</u>	Any	Any	Any	Any	Allow

Click **Add Rule** to display the following window:

New Firewall Rule		
Rule Name		
Enable		Always on
WAN Connection	?	Any 🔹
Protocol	?	Any 🔻 🗧 :: Protocol Selection Tool :: 🔻
Source IP & Port	?	Any Address 🔻
Destination IP & Port	?	Any Address 🔻
Action	?	Allow Deny
Event Logging	?	Enable

Inbound / Outbound Firewall Settings

Rule Name This setting specifies a name for the firewall rule.



Enable	This setting specifies whether the firewall rule should take effect. If the box is checked, the firewall rule takes effect. If the traffic matches the specified protocol/IP/port, actions will be taken by Peplink Balance based on the other parameters of the rule. If the box is not checked, the firewall rule does not take effect. The Peplink Balance will disregard the other parameters of the rule. Click the dropdown menu next to the checkbox to place this firewall rule on a time schedule.
WAN Connection (Inbound)	Select the WAN connection that this firewall rule should apply to.
Protocol	 This setting specifies the protocol to be matched. Via a drop-down menu, the following protocols can be specified: TCP UDP ICMP IP Alternatively, the Protocol Selection Tool drop-down menu can be used to automatically fill in the protocol and port number of common Internet services (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS, etc.) After selecting an item from the Protocol Selection Tool drop-down menu, the protocol and port number remains manually modifiable.
Source IP & Port	This specifies the source IP address(es) and port number(s) to be matched for the firewall rule. A single address, or a network, can be specified as the Source IP & Port setting, as indicated with the following screenshots:
Destination IP & Port	This specifies the destination IP address(es) and port number(s) to be matched for the firewall rule. A single address, or a network, can be specified as the Destination IP & Port setting, as indicated with the following screenshots:

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Action	 This setting specifies the action to be taken by the router upon encountering traffic that matches the both of the following: Source IP & port Destination IP & port With the value of Allow for the Action setting, the matching traffic passes through the router (to be routed to the destination). If the value of the Action setting is set to Deny, the matching traffic does not pass through the router (and is discarded).
Event Logging	This setting specifies whether or not to log matched firewall events. The logged messages are shown on the page Status>Event Log . A sample message is as follows: Aug 13 23:47:44 Denied CONN=Ethernet WAN SRC=20.3.2.1 DST=192.168.1.20 LEN=48 PROTO=TCP SPT=2260 DPT=80 • CONN : The connection where the log entry refers to • SRC : Source IP address • DST : Destination IP address • LEN : Packet length • PROTO : Protocol • SPT : Source port • DPT : Destination port

Click **Save** to store your changes. To create an additional firewall rule, click **Add Rule** and repeat the above steps.

To change a rule's priority, simply drag and drop the rule:

- Hold the left mouse button on the rule.
- Move it to the desired position.
- Drop it by releasing the mouse button.

Rule	Protocol	Source IP Port	Destination IP Port	Policy
No web ac	TCP	Any	Any 80	Deny 🗙
No FTP a	<u>1662555</u>	Any Any	Any 21	Deny 🗙
<u>Default</u>	Any	Any	Any	Allow

To remove a rule, click the **X** button.

Rules are matched from top to the bottom. If a connection matches any one of the upper rules, the matching process will stop. If none of the rules match the connection, the **Default** rule will be applied. The **Default** rule is **Allow** for both outbound and inbound access.

Тір
If the default inbound rule is set to Allow for NAT-enabled WANs, no inbound Allow firewall rules will be required for inbound port forwarding and inbound NAT mapping rules. However, if the default inbound rule is set as Deny , a corresponding Allow firewall rule will be required.

Intrusion Detection and DoS Prevention

Intrusion Detection and Do	S Prevention		×
Intrusion Detection and DoS Prevention	✓ Enable		
		Save	Cancel

The Balance can detect and prevent intrusions and denial-of-service (DoS) attacks from the Internet. To turn on this feature, click *click*, check the **Enable** check box for the **Intrusion Detection and DoS Prevention**, and press the **Save** button.

When this feature is enabled, the Balance will detect and prevent the following kinds of intrusions and denial-of-service attacks.

- Port scan
 - o NMAP FIN/URG/PSH
 - o Xmas tree



- o Another Xmas tree
- o Null scan
- o SYN/RST
- o SYN/FIN
- SYN flood prevention
- Ping flood attack prevention

7.11.2 Content Blocking

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Application Bloc	king		
Please Select App	incation		
Web Blocking			
Preset Category High Moderate Low Custom	 Adware Dating P2P/File sharing Malware Social Networking Violence 	 Aggressive Drugs Gambling Pornography Contraband Weapons 	 Audio-Video File Hosting Games Proxy/Anonymizer Update Sites
Content Filtering [Database Auto (👔 📋		
Customized Doma	ins		
			+
Exempted Domain	s from Web Blocking		
			+
Exempted User	Groups		
Manager	Exempt		
Staff	Exempt		
Guest	U Exempt		
Exempted Subne	ets		
Network			Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0 (/24)
URL Logging Enable	0		
Log Server Host		A P	ort: 514

Application Blocking

Choose applications to be blocked from LAN/PPTP/PepVPN peer clients' access, except for those on the Exempted User Groups or Exempted Subnets defined below.

Web Blocking

Defines website domain names to be blocked from LAN/PPTP/PepVPN peer clients' access except for

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those on the Exempted User Groups or Exempted Subnets defined below.

If "foobar.com" is entered, any web site with a host name ending in foobar.com will be blocked, e.g. www.foobar.com, foobar.com, etc. However, "myfoobar.com" will not be blocked.

You may enter the wild card ".*" at the end of a domain name to block any web site with a host name having the domain name in the middle. If you enter "foobar.*", then "www.foobar.com", "www.foobar.co.jp", or "foobar.co.uk" will be blocked. Placing the wild card in any other position is not supported.

The device will inspect and look for blocked domain names on all HTTP traffic. Secure web (HTTPS) traffic is not supported.

Customized Domains

Enter an appropriate website address, and the Peplink Balance will block and disallow LAN/PPTP/SpeedFusion[™] peer clients to access these websites. Exceptions can be added using the instructions in **Sections 21.2.1.4** and **21.2.1.5**.

You may enter the wild card ".*" at the end of a domain name to block any web site with a host name having the domain name in the middle. For example, If you enter "foobar.*," then "www.foobar.com," "www.foobar.co.jp," or "foobar.co.uk" will be blocked. Placing the wild card in any other position is not supported.

The Peplink Balance will inspect and look for blocked domain names on all HTTP traffic. Secure web (HTTPS) traffic is not supported.

Exempted User Groups

Check and select pre-defined user group(s) who can be exempted from the access blocking rules. User groups can be defined at **QoS>User Groups** section. Please refer to **Section 20.1** for details.

Exempted Subnets

With the subnet defined in the field, clients on the particular subnet(s) can be exempted from the access blocking rules.

URL Logging

Click **enable**, and the enter the ip address and port (if applicable) where your remote syslog server is located.

7.12 OSPF & RIPv2

The Peplink Balance supports OSPF and RIPv2 dynamic routing protocols. Click the **Network** tab from the top bar, and then click the **Routing Protocols > OSPF & RIPv2** item on the sidebar to reach the following menu:

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•••	
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outer ID	LAN IP Address		
Area	Interfaces		
).0.0.0	Untagged LAN (192.168.112	.1/24), WAN 4 (192.168.254.10/24)	*
	Add		
IPv2			
11Pv2 Io RIPv2 Defined.			
XIPv2 Io RIPv2 Defined.			
RIPv2 No RIPv2 Defined. DSPF & RIPv2 Route Ad	vertisement		
NIPv2 Io RIPv2 Defined. OSPF & RIPv2 Route Ad PoVPN Route Isolation	vertisement		
ALPv2 Io RIPv2 Defined. OSPF & RIPv2 Route Ad PovPN Route Isolation Network Advertising	vertisement Image: Constraint of the second seco	7	•
RIPv2 To RIPv2 Defined. OSPF & RIPv2 Route Ad PepVPN Route Isolation Network Advertising	vertisement Image: Constraint of the second seco	▼ dvertised when no network advertising is chosen.	•
RIPv2 To RIPv2 Defined. DSPF & RIPv2 Route Ad PepVPN Route Isolation Network Advertising Static Route Advertising	Vertisement	▼ Idvertised when no network advertising is chosen.	•
ALPv2 To RIPv2 Defined. DSPF & RIPv2 Route Ad PepVPN Route Isolation Network Advertising Static Route Advertising	Vertisement	v Idvertised when no network advertising is chosen. Subnet Mask	

	OSPF
Router ID	This field determines the ID of the router. By default, this is specified as the LAN IP address. If you want to specify your own ID, enter it in the Custom field.
Area	This is an overview of the OSPFv2 areas you have defined. Click on the area name to configure it. To set a new area, click Add . To delete an existing area, click X .

•••	
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Area ID	0.0.0.0		
Link Type	Broadcast O Point-to-Point		
Authentication	None 🔻		
Interfaces	 Untagged LAN (192.168.112.1/24) Management VLAN (10.0.2.1/24) jamestest (10.22.37.1/24) WAN 1 WAN 2 WAN 3 WAN 4 (192.168.254.10/24) WAN 5 		

	OSPF Settings
Area ID	Determine the name of your Area ID to apply to this group. Machines linked to this group will send and receive related OSPF packets, while unlinked machines will ignore it.
Link Type	Choose the network type that this area will use.
Authentication	Choose an authentication method, if one is used, from this drop-down menu. Available options are MD5 and Text . Enter the authentication key next to the drop-down menu.
Interfaces	Determine which interfaces this area will use to listen to and deliver OSPF packets

To access RIPv2 settings, click

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Authentication	None 🔻
Interfaces	 Untagged LAN (192.168.112.1/24) Management VLAN (10.0.2.1/24) jamestest (10.22.37.1/24) WAN 1 WAN 2 WAN 3 WAN 4 (192.168.254.10/24) WAN 5

	RIPv2 Settings
Authentication	Choose an authentication method, if one is used, from this drop-down menu. Available options are MD5 and Text . Enter the authentication key next to the drop-down menu.
Interfaces	Determine which interfaces this group will use to listen to and deliver RIPv2 packets.

PepVPN Route Isolation	?	Enable		
Network Advertising	?	T		
		All LAN/VLAN networks will be adver	tised when no network advertising is chosen.	
Static Route Advertising	?	✓ Enable		
		Excluded Networks	Subnet Mask	
			255.255.255.0 (/24) 🔻	+

	OSPF & RIPv2 Route Advertisement
PepVPN Route Isolation	Isolate PepVPN peers from each other. Received PepVPN routes will not be forwarded to other PepVPN peers to reduce bandwidth consumption
Network Advertising	Networks to be advertised over OSPF & RIPv2. If no network is selected, all LAN / VLAN networks will be advertised by default.
Static Route Advertising	Enable this option to advertise LAN static routes over OSPF & RIPv2. Static routes that match the Excluded Networks table will not be advertised.

7.13 BGP

Click the Network tab from the top bar, and then click the **BGP** item on the sidebar to configure BGP.

BGP	AS	Neighbors	
<u>Uplink</u>	64520	172.16.51.1	×
		Add	

Click "x" to delete a BGP profile

Click "Add" to add a new BGP profile

BGP Profile						
Profile Name						
Enable						
Interface	WAN 1					
Router ID	LAN IP Address Custom:					
Autonomous System						
Neighbor	IP Addres	s Autonor System	nous Multihop / TTL	Password	AS-Path Prepending	
			disable			+
Hold Time	240					

	BGP
Name	This field is for specifying a name to represent this profile.
Enable	When this box is checked, this BGP profile will be enabled. Otherwise, it will be disabled.
Interface	The interface where BGP neighbor is located
Autonomous System	The Autonomous System Number (ASN) of this profile
Neighbor	BGP Neighbor's details
IP address	Neighbor's IP address
Autonomous System	Neighbor's ASN



Multihop/TTL	Time-to-live (TTL) of BGP packet. Leave it blank if BGP neighbor is directly connected, otherwise you must specify a TTL value. Accurately, this option should be used if the configured neighbor IP address does not match the selected Interface's network subnets. TTL value must be between 2 to 255.
Password	Optional password for MD5 authentication of BGP sessions.
AS-Path Prepending:	AS path to be prepended to the routes received from this neighbor. The value must be a comma separated ASN. For example "64530,64531" will prepend "64530, 64531" to received routes.
Hold Time	Time in seconds to wait for a keepalive message from the neighbor before considering the BGP connection is staled. This value must be either 0 (infinite hold time) or between 3 and 65535 inclusively.



Network Advertising	Networks to be advertised to BGP neighbor.
Static Route Advertising	Enable this option to advertise LAN static routes. Static routes that match the Excluded Networks table will not be advertised.
Advertise OSPF Route	When this box is checked, all learnt OSPF routes will be advertised.

Route Import				
Filter Mode	Accept •	Accept		
Restricted Networks	Network	Subnet Mask	Exact Match	
		255.255.255.0 (/24)	•	+

```
Filter Mode
```

This option selects the route import filter mode.

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	None: all BGP routes will be accepted.
	Accept: Routes in "Restricted Networks" will be accepted, routes not in the list will be rejected.
	Reject : Routes in "Restricted Networks" will be rejected, routes not in the list will be accepted.
	This specifies the network in the "route import" entry
Restricted Networks	Exact Match: When this box is checked, only routes with the same Networks and Subnet Mask will be filtered.
	Otherwise, routes within the Networks and Subnet will be filtered.

Route Export		
Export to other BGP Profile	?	
Export to OSPF	?	

Export to other BGP Profile	When this box is checked, routes learnt from this BGP profile will export to other BGP profiles.
Export to OSPF	When this box is checked, routes learnt from this BGP profile will export to the OSPF routing protocol.

7.14 Remote User Access

A remote-access VPN connection allows an individual user to connect to a private business network from a remote location using a laptop or desktop computer connected to the Internet. Networks routed by a Peplink router can be remotely accessed via OpenVPN, L2TP with IPsec or PPTP. To configure this feature, navigate to **Network > Remote User Access** and choose the required VPN type.

7.14.1 L2TP with IPsec

Remote User Access Settings		
Enable	0	
VPN Type	L2TP with IPsec O PPTP O OpenVPN	
Preshared Key		
	Hide Characters	

L2TP with IPsec Remote User Access Settings



Pre-shared Key	Enter your pre shared key in the text field. Please note that remote devices will need this preshared key to access the Balance.
Listen On	This setting is for specifying the WAN IP addresses that allow remote user access.
Disable Weak Ciphers	Click the 🔯 button to show and enable this option. When checked, weak ciphers such as 3DES will be disabled.

Continue to configure the authentication method.

7.14.2 OpenVPN

Remote User Access Settings		
Enable	8	
VPN Type	○ L2TP with IPsec ○ PPTP ● OpenVPN You can obtain the OpenVPN client profile from the <u>status page</u> .	

Select OpenVPN and continue to configure the authentication method.

The OpenVPN Client profile can be downloaded from the **Status > device** page after the configuration has been saved.

OpenVPN Client Profile 🛛 🕜	Route all traffic Split tunnel

You have a choice between 2 different OpenVPN Client profiles.

8 "route all traffic" profile

Using this profile, VPN clients will send all the traffic through the OpenVPN tunnel

9 "split tunnel" profile

Using this profile, VPN clients will ONLY send those traffic designated to the untagged LAN and VLAN segment through the OpenVPN tunnel.

9.1.1 PPTP

Remote User Access Settings		
Enable	۲ ۲	
VPN Type	○ L2TP with IPsec ● PPTP ○ OpenVPN	

No additional configuration required.

The Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) is an obsolete method for implementing virtual private