HCT CO.,LTD
74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA
TEL: +82-31-645-6300 FAX: +82-31-645-6401

FCC REPORT

Certification

Applicant Name:
GS Instech Co., Ltd.

Address:
70, Gilpa-ro 71beon-gil, Nam-gu, Inchen, Korea

Date of Issue:
May 03, 2019

Location of test lab:
HCT CO., LTD.,
74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon,
Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA

Report No.: HCT-RF-1905-FC001

FCC ID:	**U88-ICELITETNR43**
APPLICANT:	**GS Instech Co., Ltd.**

Model: IC-ELITE TNR43

EUT Type: ICS RF Repeater

Frequency Range:

Band Name	Downlink (MHz)	Uplink (MHz)
BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz(TDD), 3 Carrier	2 496.3 ~ 2 690	2 496.3 ~ 2 690
BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz(TDD), 1 Carrier	2 496.3 ~ 2 690	2 496.3 ~ 2 690

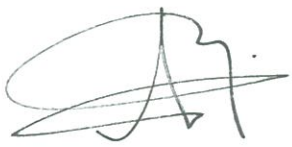
Output Power: Downlink: Max 10 W / Uplink: Max 1 W

Date of Test: April 12, 2019 ~ April 26, 2019

FCC Rule Parts: CFR 47 Part 2, Part 27

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

Report prepared by : Kyung Soo Kang
Engineer of telecommunication testing center



Approved by : Jong Seok Lee
Manager of telecommunication testing center

Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-RF-1905-FC001	May 03, 2019	- First Approval Report

Table of Contents

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. APPLICANT INFORMATION

Company Name	GS Instech Co., Ltd.
Company Address	70, Gilpa-ro 71beon-gil, Nam-gu, Inchen, Korea

1.2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

EUT Type	ICS RF Repeater
Power Supply	Input: 110 Vac ~ 240 Vac / Output (DC): +29V, +6V
Frequency Range	Band Name / Downlink (MHz) / Uplink (MHz) BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz(TDD), 3 Carrier: 2 496.3 ~ 2 690 / 2 496.3 ~ 2 690 BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz(TDD), 1 Carrier: 2 496.3 ~ 2 690 / 2 496.3 ~ 2 690
Tx Output Power	Downlink: Max 10 W / Uplink: Max 1 W
Antenna Peak Gain	Manufacturer does not provide an Antenna.

1.3. TEST INFORMATION

FCC Rule Parts	CFR 47 Part 2, Part 27
Measurement Standards	KDB 935210 D05 v01r03, ANSI C63.26-2015
Test Location	HCT CO., LTD. 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA

2. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

2.1. FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA.

The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 (Version: 2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032).

2.2. EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, “Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods.”

3. TEST SPECIFICATIONS

3.1. STANDARDS

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 2 and Par 27.

Description	Reference	Results
AGC threshold	KDB 935210 D05 v01r03 3.2	Compliant
Out-of-band rejection	KDB 935210 D05 v01r03 3.3	Compliant
Input-versus-output signal comparison	§2.1049	Compliant
Input/output power and amplifier/booster gain	§2.1046, §27.50(h)	Compliant
Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions and spurious emissions	§2.1051, §27.53(m)	Compliant
Spurious emissions radiated	§2.1053	Compliant

3.2. ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTIONS ABOUT TEST

Except for the following cases, EUT was tested under normal operating conditions.

: Out-of-band rejection test requires maximum gain condition without AGC

The test was generally based on the method of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03 and only followed ANSI C63.26-2015 if there was no test method in KDB standard.

EUT was tested with following modulated signals provide by applicant.

Band Name	Tested signals
BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz(TDD), 3 Carrier	LTE 20 MHz (3 Carrier)
BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz(TDD), 1 Carrier	NR 60 MHz (1 Carrier)

The frequency stability measurement has been omitted in accordance with section 3.7 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

: It can be confirmed through input-versus-output signal comparison test that EUT does not alter the input signal.

The tests results included actual loss value for attenuator and cable combination as shown in the table below.

: Input Path

Correction factor table			
Frequency (MHz)	**Factor (dB)**	**Frequency (MHz)**	**Factor (dB)**
2 300	1.258	2 600	1.403
2 350	1.361	2 650	1.488
2 400	1.416	2 700	1.285
2 450	1.303	2 750	1.384
2 500	1.363	2 800	1.297
2 550	1.406		

: Output Path

Correction factor table			
Frequency (MHz)	**Factor (dB)**	**Frequency (MHz)**	**Factor (dB)**
2	30.477	6 000	33.603
10	30.012	6 500	34.454
30	29.928	7 000	33.916
50	29.921	7 500	34.254
100	29.991	8 000	34.131
200	30.154	8 500	34.359
300	30.517	9 000	34.687
400	30.677	9 500	33.992
500	30.855	10 000	36.491
600	30.952	11 000	35.658
700	31.082	12 000	35.572
800	31.108	13 000	35.028
900	31.140	14 000	36.387
1 000	31.204	15 000	36.055
1 500	31.774	16 000	36.380
2 000	32.017	17 000	36.410
2 400	32.358	18 000	36.740
2 500	32.383	19 000	37.117
2 600	32.438	20 000	36.824
2 700	32.324	21 000	36.685
3 000	32.856	22 000	34.725
3 500	32.821	23 000	34.573
4 000	33.166	24 000	38.451
4 500	32.995	25 000	37.558
5 000	33.274	26 000	35.914
5 500	33.510	26 500	37.929

3.3. MEASUREMENTUNCERTAINTY

Description	Reference	Results
AGC threshold	-	±0.87 dB
Out-of-band rejection	-	±0.58 MHz
Input-versus-output signal comparison	OBW > 5 MHz	±0.58 MHz
Input/output power and amplifier/booster gain	-	±0.87 dB
Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions and spurious emissions	-	±1.08 dB
Spurious emissions radiated	f ≤ 1 GHz	±4.80 dB
	f > 1 GHz	±6.07 dB

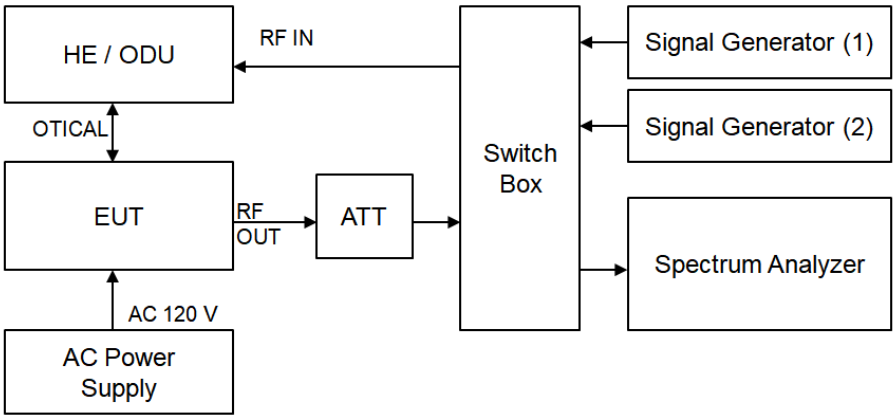
** Coverage factor k = 2, Confidence levels of 95 %*

3.4. STANDARDS ENVIRONMENTAL TEST CONDITIONS

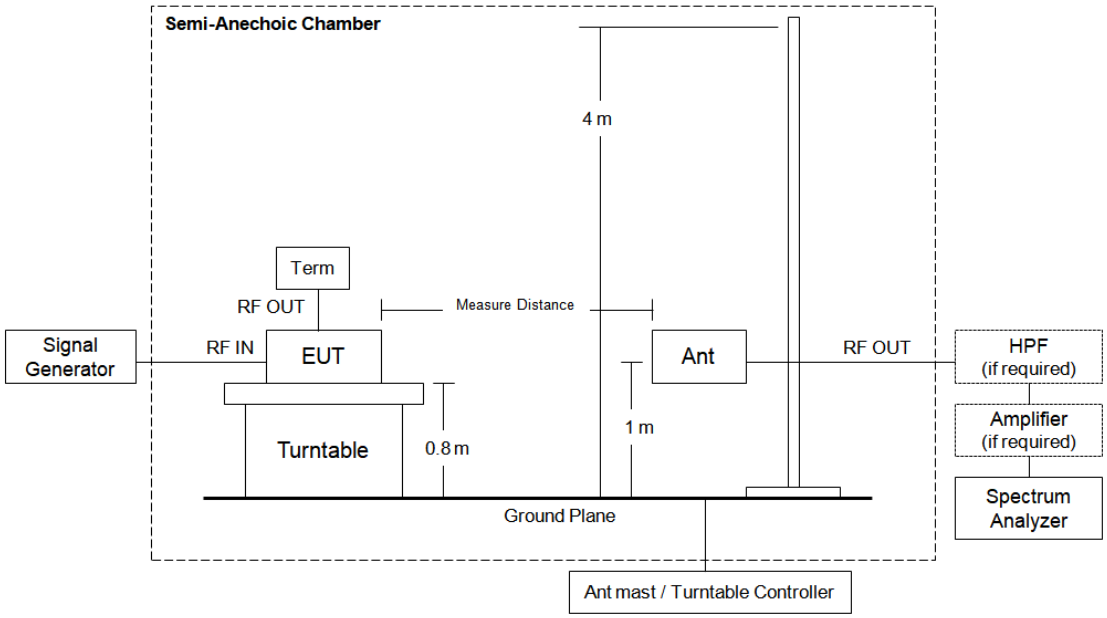
Temperature	+15 ℃ to +35 ℃
Relative humidity	30 % to 60 %
Air pressure	860 mbar to 1 060 mbar

3.5. TEST DIAGRAMS

Conducted Test



Radiated Test



※ EUT position is adopted by placement of floor-standing refer to section 5.5.2.3.2 of ANSI C63.26-2015

4. TEST EQUIPMENTS

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Agilent	N9020A / MXA Signal Analyzer	09/05/2018	Annual	MY46471250
Keysight	N9030B / PXA Signal Analyzer	08/29/2018	Annual	MY55480167
Agilent	N5182A / MXG Vector Signal Generator	08/09/2018	Annual	MY50140312
Agilent	N5182A / MXG Vector Signal Generator	01/18/2019	Annual	MY47070406
Agilent	8498A / 30 dB Attenuator	02/18/2019	Annual	51161
KEITHLEY	S46 / Switch	N/A	N/A	1088024
Deayoung ENT	DFSS60 / AC Power Supply	04/04/2019	Annual	1003030-1
Innco system	CO3000 / Controller(Antenna mast)	N/A	N/A	CO3000-4p
Innco system	MA4640/800-XP-EP / Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	N/A
Audix	EM1000 / Controller	N/A	N/A	060520
Audix	- / Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rohde&Schwarz	- / Loop Antenna	08/23/2018	Biennial	1513-175
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168 / Hybrid Antenna	08/31/2018	Biennial	00895
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D / Horn Antenna	06/30/2017	Biennial	1300
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	12/04/2017	Biennial	BBHA9170541
Rohde&Schwarz	FSP (9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) / Spectrum Analyzer	07/24/2018	Annual	100843
Wainwright Instruments	WHK3.0/18G-10EF / High Pass Filter	01/03/2019	Annual	F6
CERNEX	CBLU1183540B-01 / Power Amplifier	12/21/2018	Annual	25540
CERNEX	CBL06185030 / Power Amplifier	03/26/2019	Annual	28550
CERNEX	CBL18265035 / Power Amplifier	01/03/2019	Annual	22966
CERNEX	CBL26405040 / Power Amplifier	06/29/2018	Annual	25956

5. TEST RESULT

5.1. AGC THRESHOLD

Test Requirement:

KDB 935210 D05 v01r03

Testing at and above the AGC threshold is required.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.2 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

In the case of fiber-optic distribution systems, the RF input port of the equipment under test (EUT) refers to the RF input of the supporting equipment RF to optical convertor; see also descriptions and diagrams for typical DAS booster systems in KDB Publication 935210 D02

Devices intended to be directly connected to an RF source (donor port) only need to be evaluated for any over-the-air transmit paths.

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

b) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.

c) The signal generator should initially be configured to produce either of the required test signals.

d) Set the signal generator frequency to the center frequency of the EUT operating band.

e) While monitoring the output power of the EUT, measured using the methods of ANSI C63.26-2015 subclause 5.2.4.4.1, increase the input level until a 1 dB increase in the input signal power no longer causes a 1 dB increase in the output signal power.

f) Record this level as the AGC threshold level.

g) Repeat the procedure with the remaining test signal.

Output power measurement in subclause 5.2.4.4.1 of ANSI C63.26

a) Set span to 2 × to 3 × the OBW.

b) Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW.

c) Set VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.

d) Set number of measurement points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW.

e) Sweep time: auto-couple

f) Detector = power averaging (rms).

g) If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously, then set the trigger to free run.

h) Omit

i) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To

accurately determine the average power over multiple symbols, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.

j) Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band or channel power measurement function, with the band/channel limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band or channel power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

Test Results:

Test Band	Link	Signal	Center Frequency (MHz)	AGC Threshold Level (dBm)	Output Level (dBm)
BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier	Uplink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 593.00	-65	29.42
	Downlink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 593.00	-55	39.29
BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier	Uplink	NR 60 MHz	2 593.00	-65	29.32
	Downlink	NR 60 MHz	2 593.00	-55	39.83

5.2. OUT-OF-BAND REJECTION

Test Requirement:

KDB 935210 D05 v01r03

Out-of-band rejection required.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.3 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT to the maximum gain for which equipment certification is sought.

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

b) Configure a swept CW signal with the following parameters:

1) Frequency range = ±250 % of the passband, for each applicable CMRS band.

2) Level = a sufficient level to affirm that the out-of-band rejection is > 20 dB above the noise floor and will not engage the AGC during the entire sweep.

3) Dwell time = approximately 10 ms.

4) Number of points = SPAN/(RBW/2).

c) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.

d) Set the span of the spectrum analyzer to the same as the frequency range of the signal generator.

e) Set the resolution bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer to be 1 % to 5 % of the EUT passband, and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall be set to ≥ 3 × RBW.

f) Set the detector to Peak Max-Hold and wait for the spectrum analyzer's spectral display to fill.

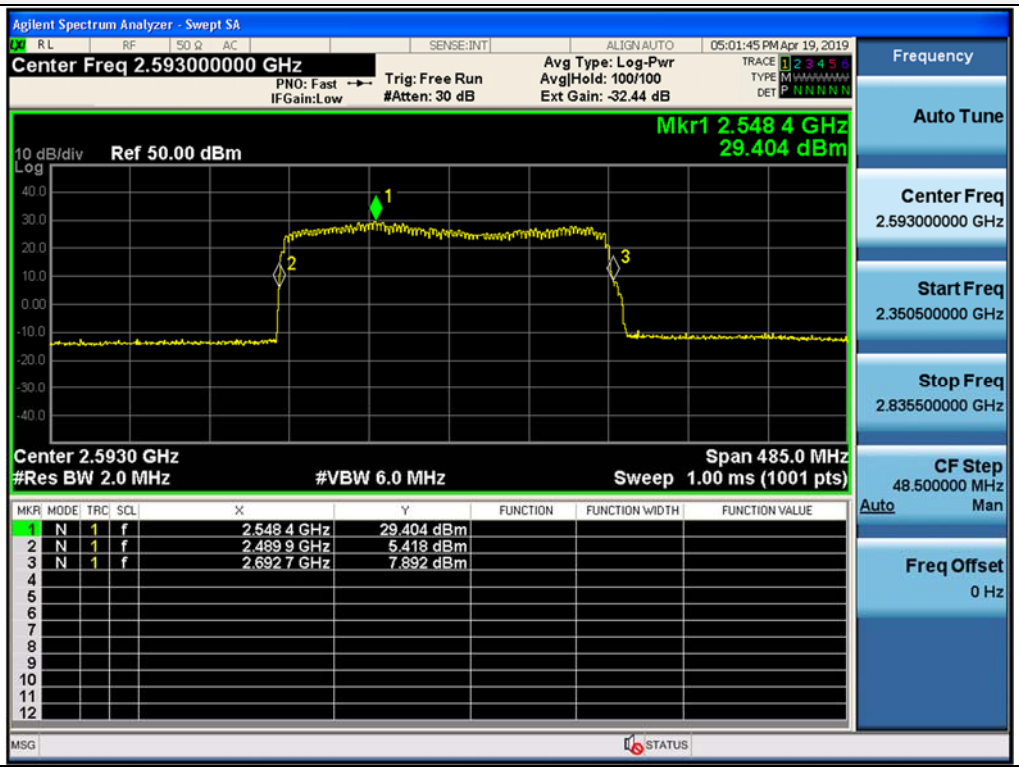
g) Place a marker to the peak of the frequency response and record this frequency as f_0.

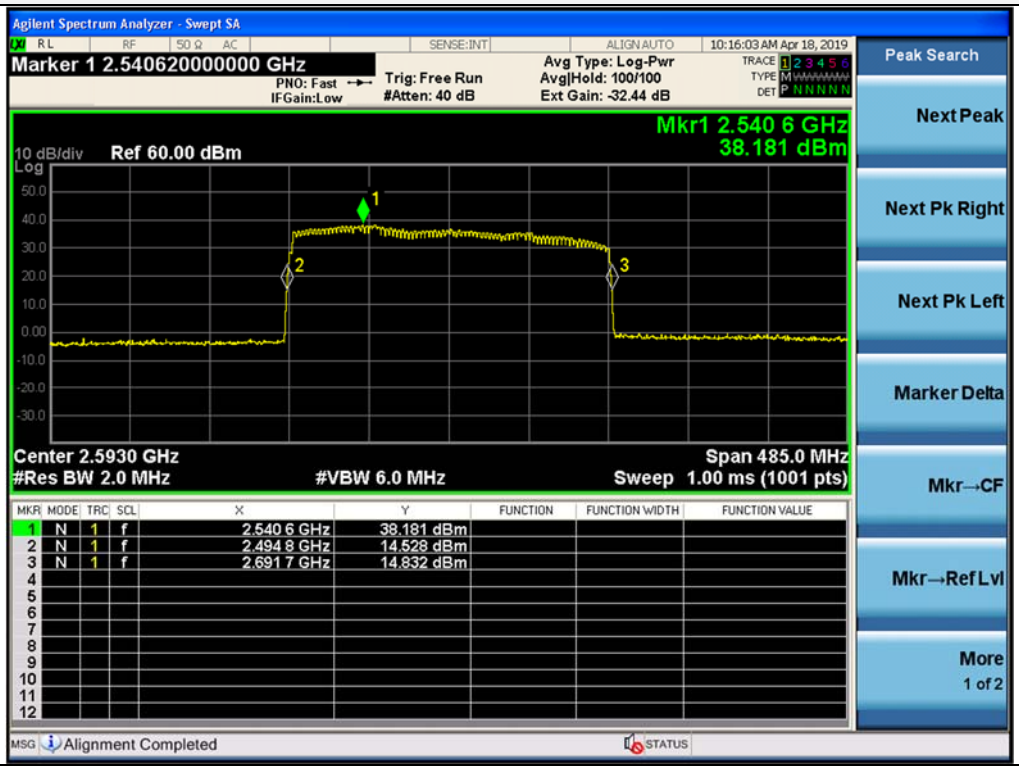
h) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the −20 dB down amplitude, to determine the 20 dB bandwidth.

i) Capture the frequency response of the EUT.

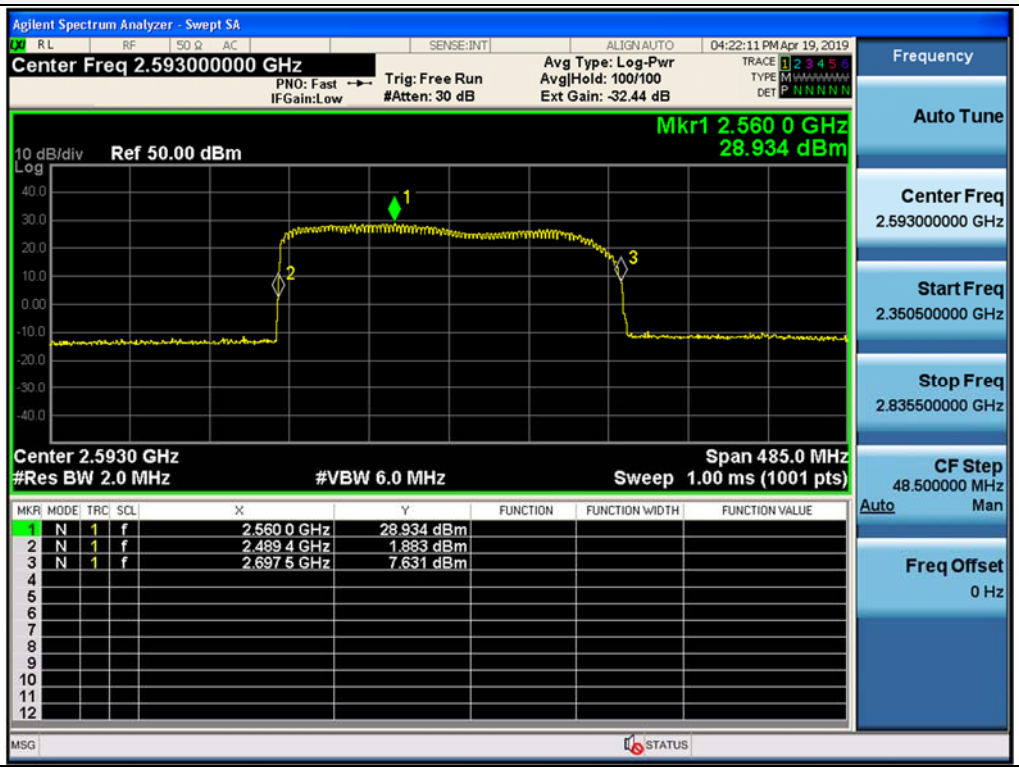
j) Repeat for all frequency bands applicable for use by the EUT.

Test Results:

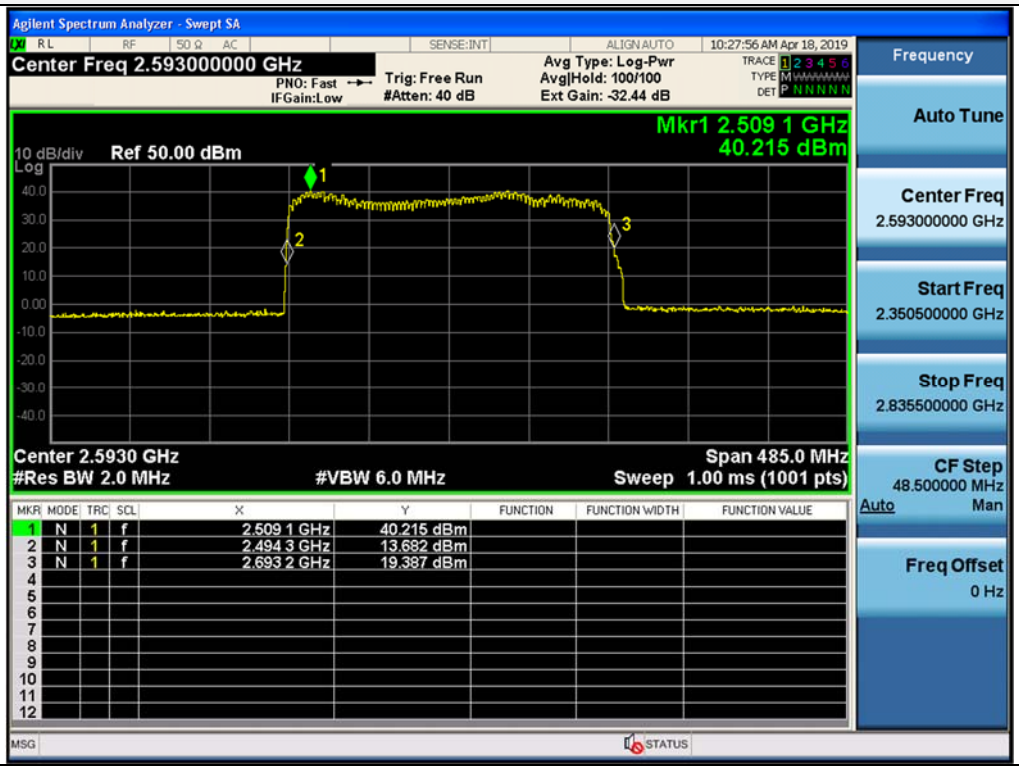
BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz / Uplink


BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz / Downlink


BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz / Uplink



BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz / Downlink



5.3. INPUT-VERSUS-OUTPUT SIGNAL COMPARISON

Test Requirement:

§2.1049 Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth.

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the specified conditions of § 2.1049 (a) through (i) as applicable.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.4 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

b) Configure the signal generator to transmit the AWGN signal.

c) Configure the signal amplitude to be just below the AGC threshold level (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.

d) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.

e) Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the center frequency of the operational band under test. The span range of the spectrum analyzer shall be between 2 times to 5 times the emission bandwidth (EBW) or alternatively, the OBW.

f) The nominal RBW shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be ≥ 3 × RBW.

g) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to preclude the signal from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope must be more than [10 log (OBW / RBW)] below the reference level.

Steps f) and g) may require iteration to enable adjustments within the specified tolerances.

h) The noise floor of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference level.

i) Set spectrum analyzer detection function to positive peak.

j) Set the trace mode to max hold.

k) Determine the reference value: Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest amplitude level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value) and record the associated frequency.

l) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the −26 dB down amplitude. The 26 dB EBW (alternatively OBW) is the positive frequency difference between the two markers. If the spectral envelope crosses the −26 dB down amplitude at multiple points, the lowest or highest frequency shall be selected as the frequencies that are the furthest removed from the center frequency at which the spectral envelope crosses the −26 dB down amplitude point.

m) Repeat steps e) to l) with the input signal connected directly to the spectrum analyzer (i.e., input signal measurement).

n) Compare the spectral plot of the input signal (determined from step m) to the output signal (determined from step l) to affirm that they are similar (in passband and rolloff characteristic features and relative spectral locations), and include plot(s) and descriptions in test report.

o) Repeat the procedure [steps e) to n)] with the input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.

p) Repeat steps e) to o) with the signal generator set to the narrowband signal.

q) Repeat steps e) to p) for all frequency bands authorized for use by the EUT.

Test Results:

Tabular data of Output Occupied Bandwidth

Test Band	Link	Signal	Center Frequency (MHz)	99 % OBW (MHz)	26 dB OBW (MHz)
BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier	Uplink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 593.00	57.794	60.52
	Downlink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 593.00	57.709	60.56
BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier	Uplink	NR 60 MHz	2 593.00	57.580	60.77
	Downlink	NR 60 MHz	2 593.00	57.716	60.82

Tabular data of Input Occupied Bandwidth

Test Band	Link	Signal	Center Frequency (MHz)	99 % OBW (MHz)	26 dB OBW (MHz)
BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier	Uplink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 593.00	57.842	60.95
	Downlink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 593.00	57.862	60.97
BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier	Uplink	NR 60 MHz	2 593.00	58.031	61.09
	Downlink	NR 60 MHz	2 593.00	58.070	61.00

Tabular data of 3 dB above the AGC threshold Output Occupied Bandwidth

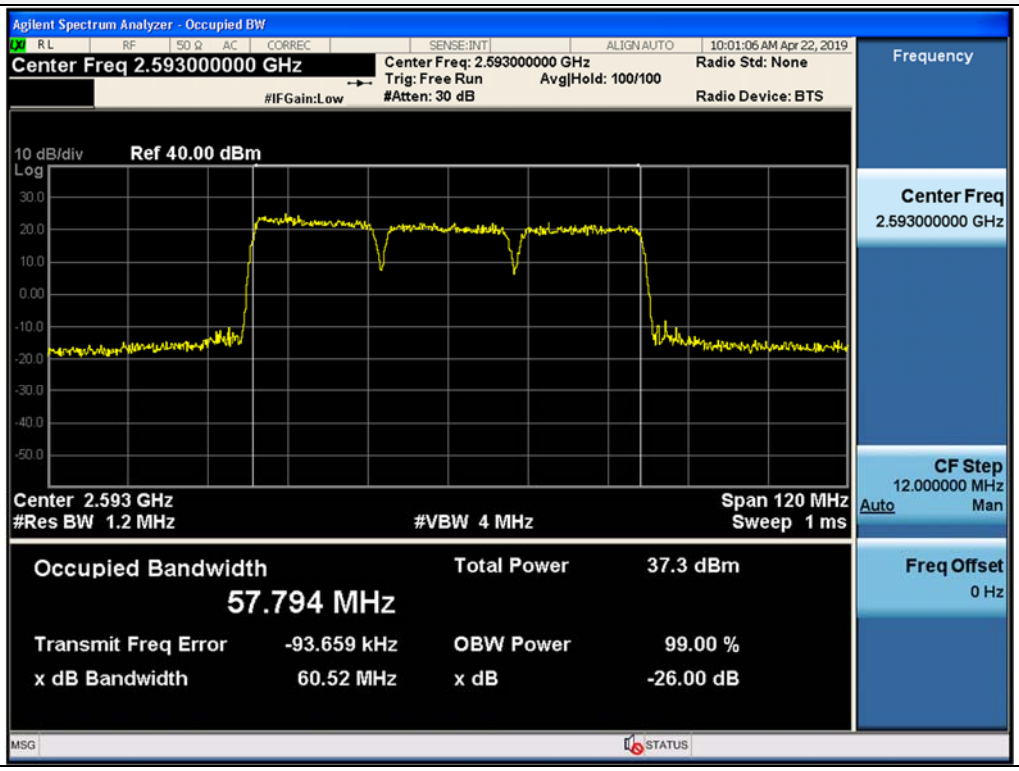
Test Band	Link	Signal	Center Frequency (MHz)	99 % OBW (MHz)	26 dB OBW (MHz)
BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier	Uplink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 593.00	57.811	60.51
	Downlink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 593.00	57.736	62.62
BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier	Uplink	NR 60 MHz	2 593.00	57.658	60.63
	Downlink	NR 60 MHz	2 593.00	57.840	60.89

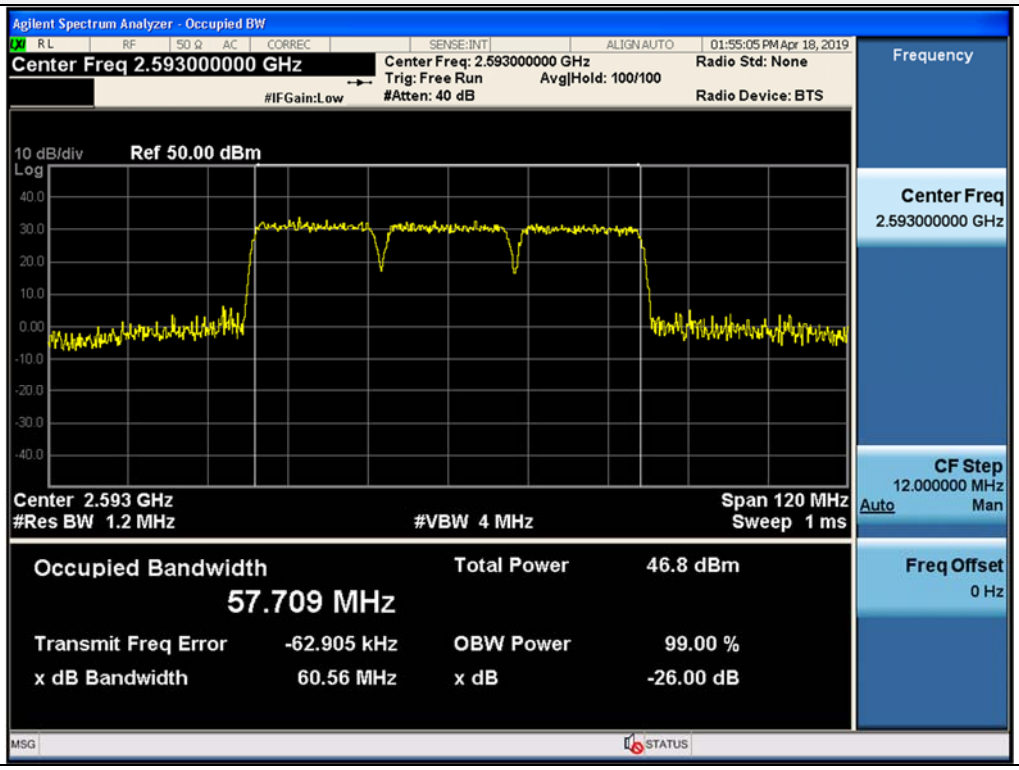
Measured Occupied Bandwidth Comparison

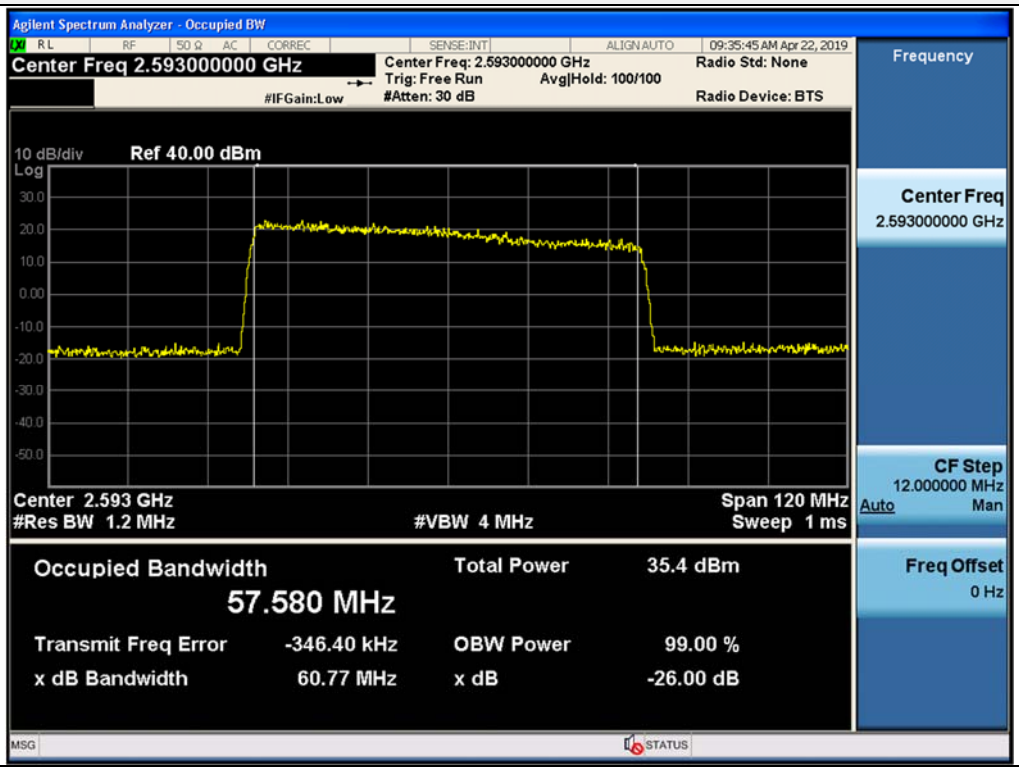
Test Band	Link	Signal	Variant of Input and output Occupied Bandwidth (%)	Variant of Input and 3 dB above the AGC threshold output Occupied Bandwidth (%)
BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier	Uplink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	-0.705	-0.722
	Downlink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	-0.672	2.706
BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier	Uplink	NR 60 MHz	-0.524	-0.753
	Downlink	NR 60 MHz	-0.295	-0.180

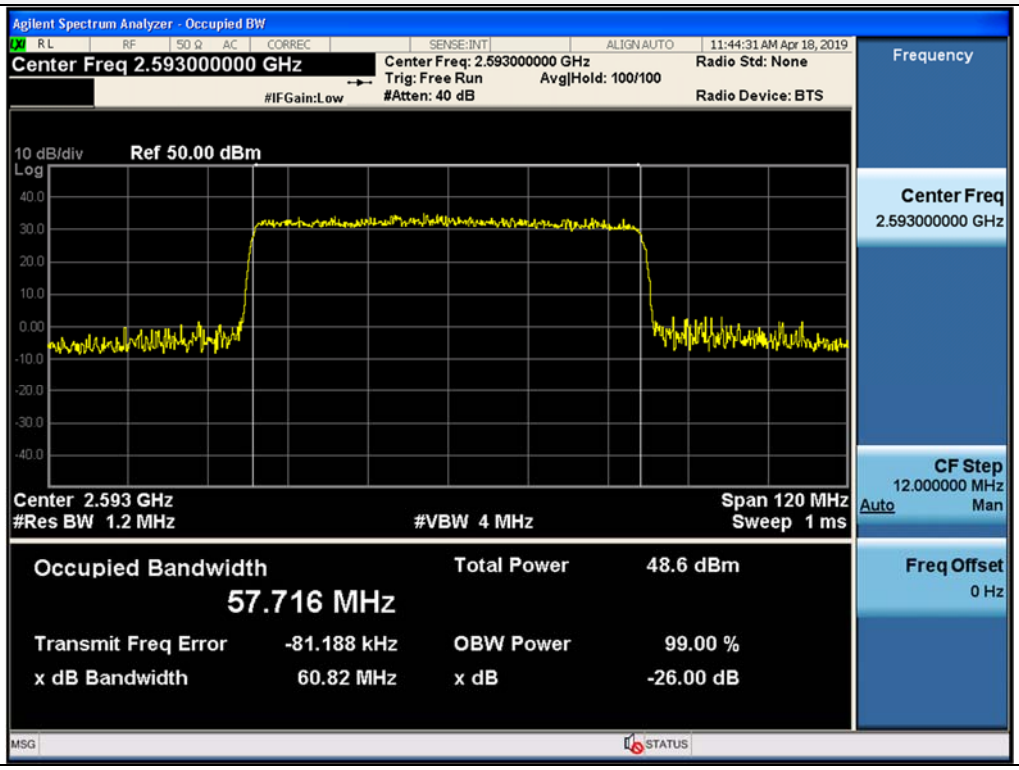
** Change in input-output OBW is less than ±5 %.*

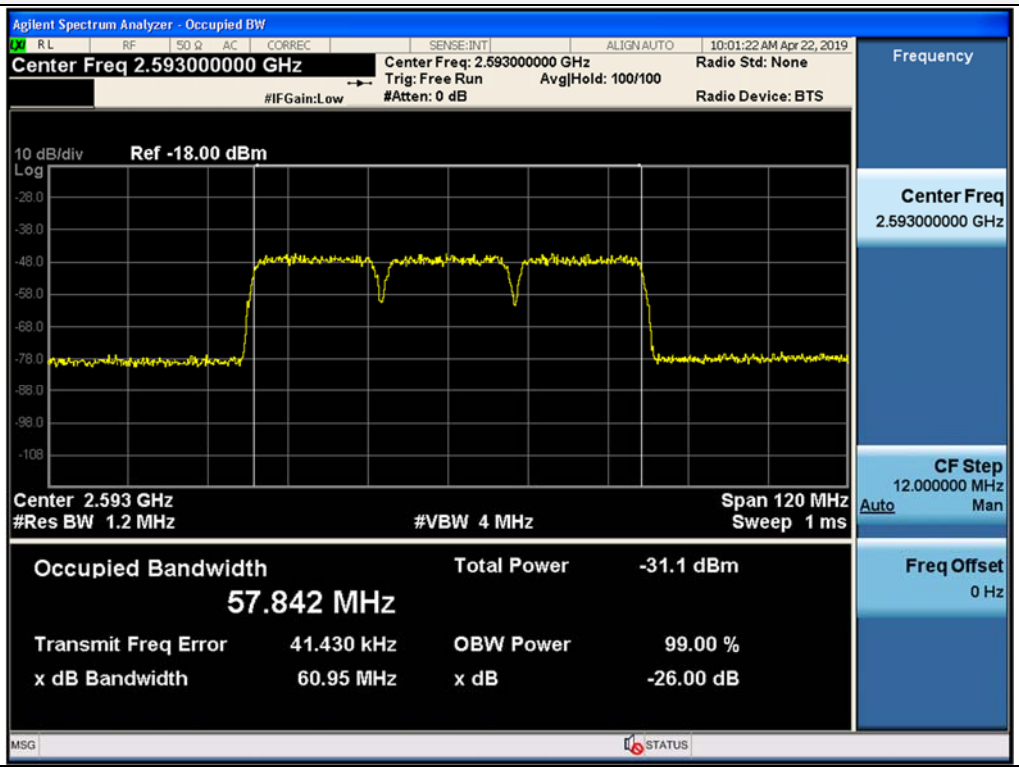
Plot data of Occupied Bandwidth

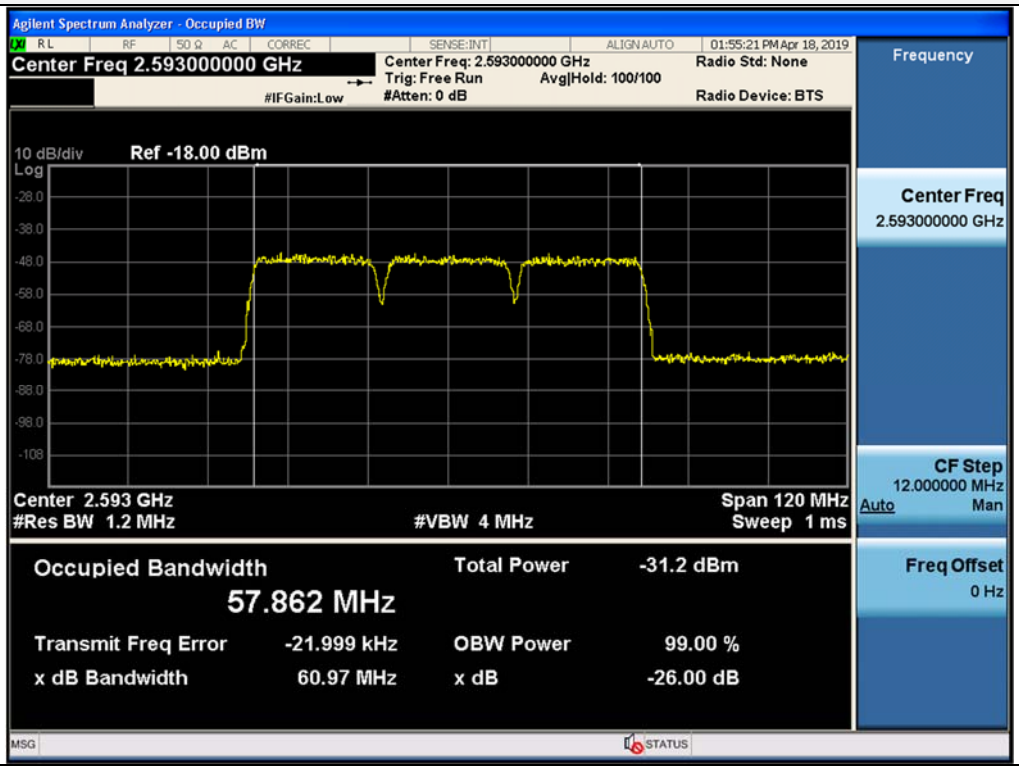
Output / BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C)


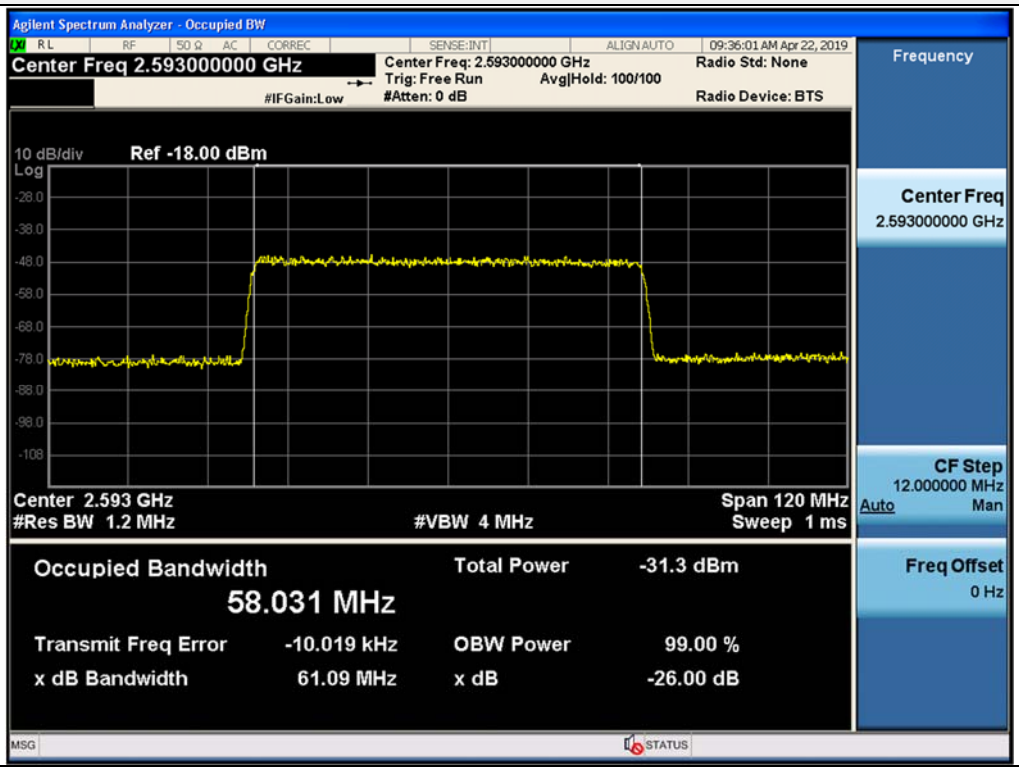
Output / BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Downlink / LTE 20 MHz (3C)


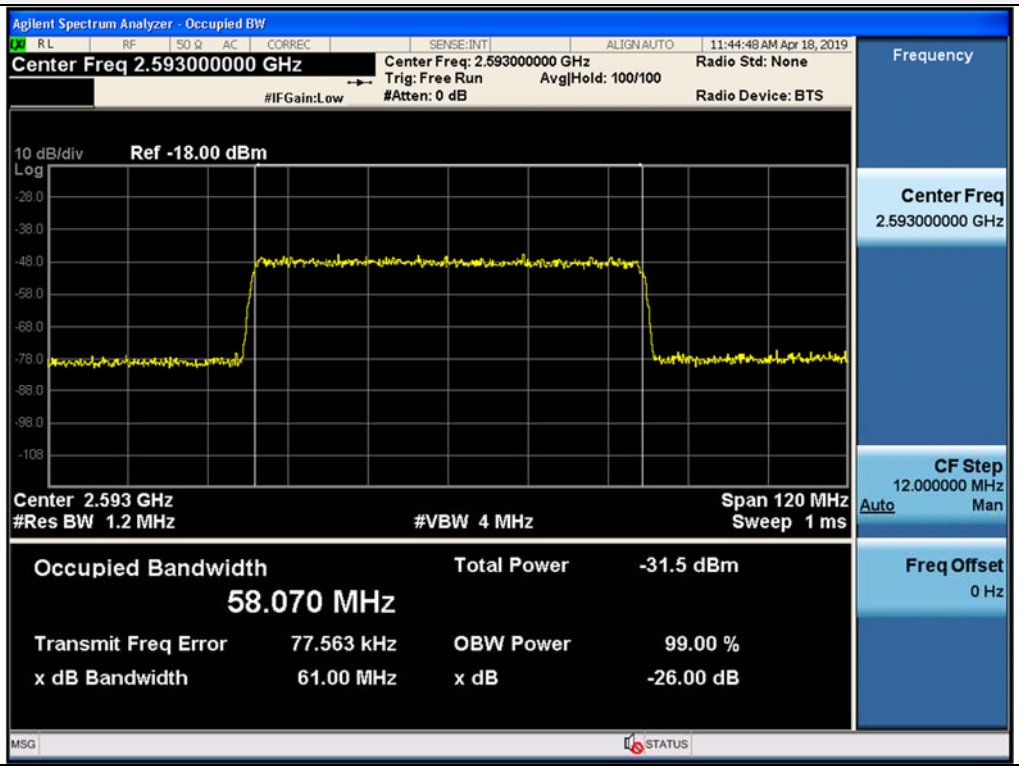
Output / BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Uplink / NR 60 MHz


Output / BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Downlink / NR 60 MHz


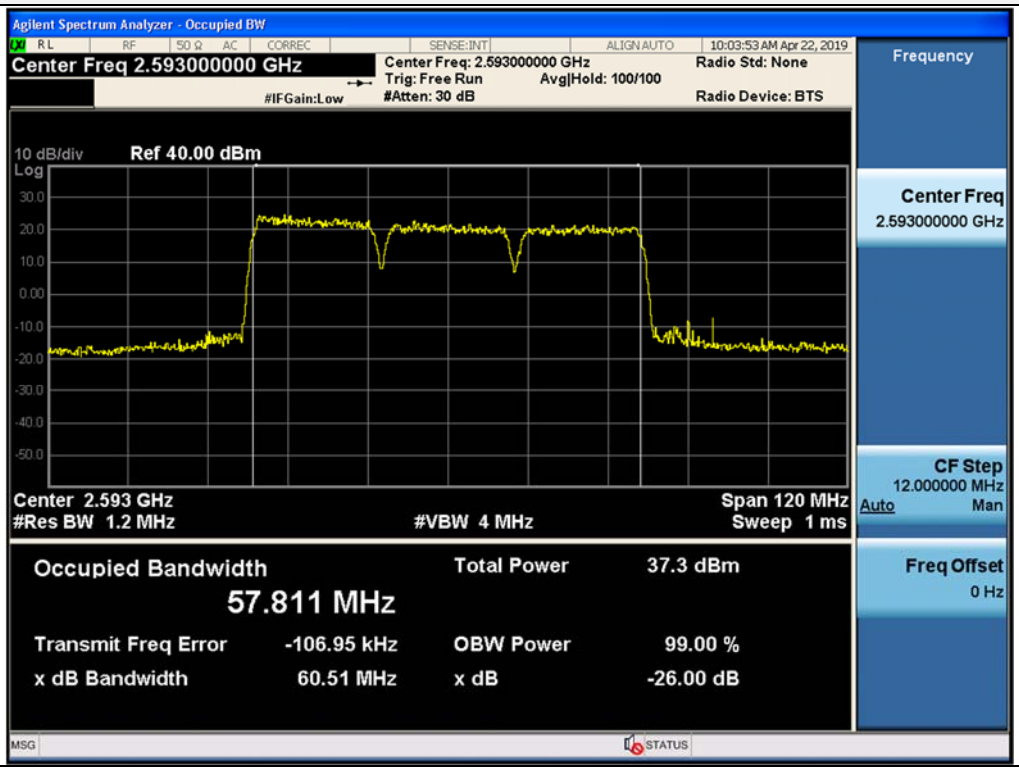
Input / BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C)


Input / BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Downlink / LTE 20 MHz (3C)


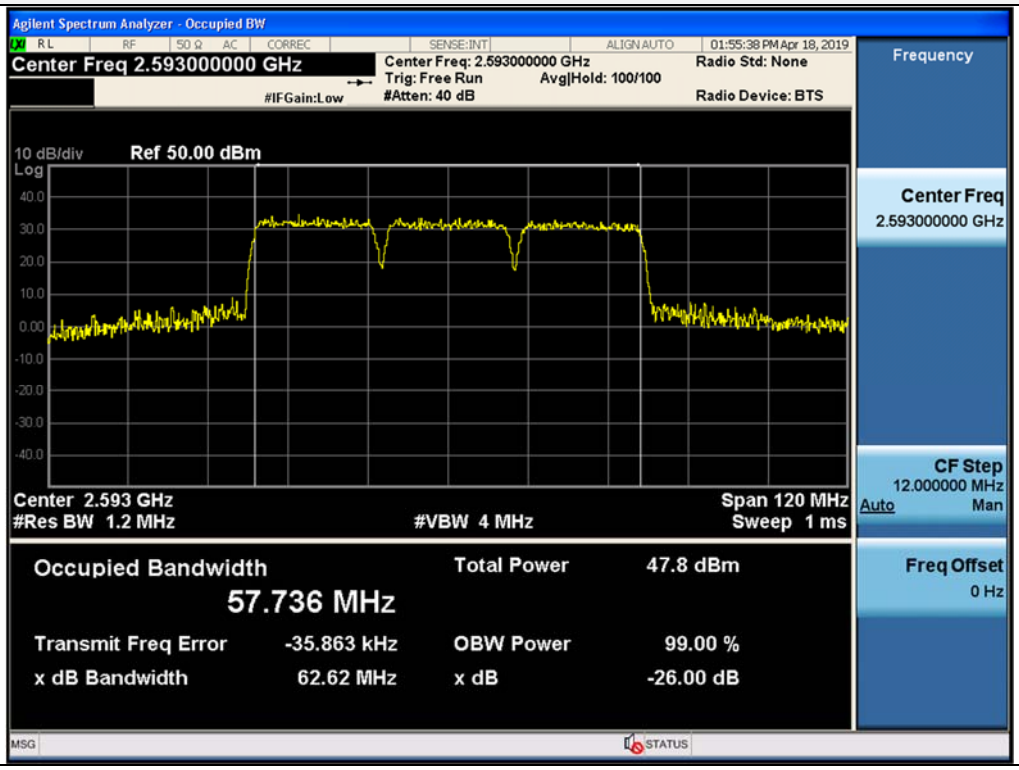
Input / BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Uplink / NR 60 MHz


Input / BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Downlink / NR 60 MHz


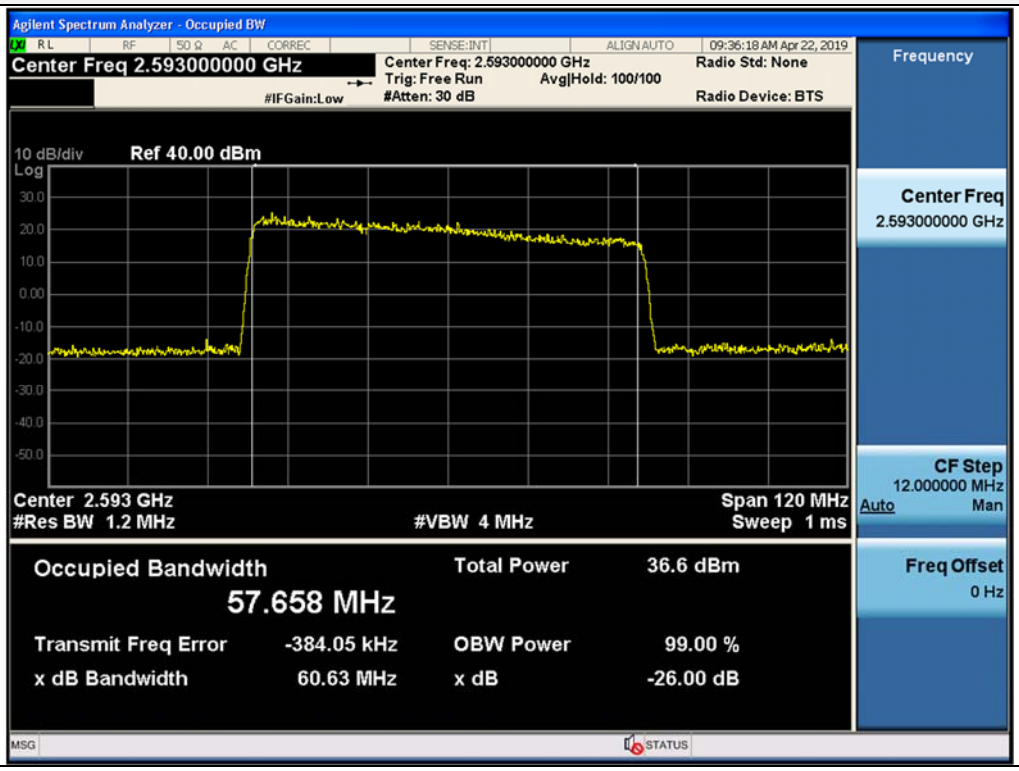
3 dB above the AGC threshold output / BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C)



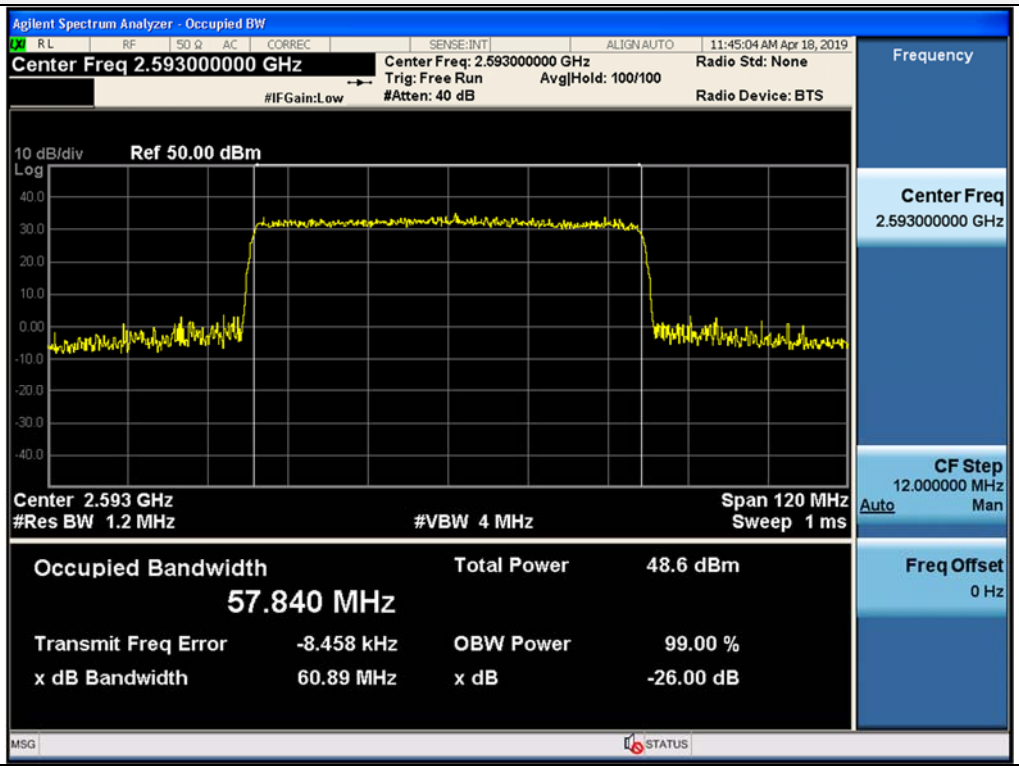
3 dB above the AGC threshold output / BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Downlink / LTE 20 MHz (3C)



3 dB above the AGC threshold output / BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Uplink / NR 60 MHz



3 dB above the AGC threshold output / BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Downlink / NR 60 MHz



5.4. INPUT/OUTPUT POWER AND AMPLIFIER/BOOSTER GAIN

Test Requirement:

§2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output.

(a) For transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in §2.1033(c)(8). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.

(b) For single sideband, independent sideband, and single channel, controlled carrier radiotelephone transmitters the procedure specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be employed and, in addition, the transmitter shall be modulated during the test as specified and applicable in § 2.1046 (b) (1-5). In all tests, the input level of the modulating signal shall be such as to develop rated peak envelope power or carrier power, as appropriate, for the transmitter.

(c) For measurements conducted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, all calculations and methods used by the applicant for determining carrier power or peak envelope power, as appropriate, on the basis of measured power in the radio frequency load attached to the transmitter output terminals shall be shown. Under the test conditions specified, no components of the emission spectrum shall exceed the limits specified in the applicable rule parts as necessary for meeting occupied bandwidth or emission limitations.

§27.50 Power limits and duty cycle.

(h) The following power limits shall apply in the BRS and EBS:

(1) Main, booster and base stations.

(i) The maximum EIRP of a main, booster or base station shall not exceed 33 dBW + 10log(X/Y) dBW, where X is the actual channel width in MHz and Y is either 6 MHz if prior to transition or the station is in the MBS following transition or 5.5 MHz if the station is in the LBS and UBS following transition, except as provided in paragraph (h)(1)(ii) of this section.

(ii) If a main or booster station sectorizes or otherwise uses one or more transmitting antennas with a non-omnidirectional horizontal plane radiation pattern, the maximum EIRP in dBW in a given direction shall be determined by the following formula: EIRP = 33 dBW + 10 log(X/Y) dBW + 10 log(360/beamwidth) dBW, where X is the actual channel width in MHz, Y is either (i) 6 MHz if prior to transition or the station is in the MBS following transition or (ii) 5.5 MHz if the station is in the LBS and UBS following transition, and beamwidth is the total horizontal plane beamwidth of the individual transmitting antenna for the station or any sector measured at the half-power points.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.5 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT to the maximum gain for which the equipment certification is being sought. Any EUT attenuation settings shall be set to their minimum value.

Input power levels (uplink and downlink) should be set to maximum input ratings while confirming that the device is not capable of operating in saturation (non-linear mode) at the rated input levels, including during the performance of the input/output power measurements.

3.5.2 Measuring the EUT mean input and output power

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

b) Configure to generate the test signal.

c) The frequency of the signal generator shall be set to the frequency f_0 as determined from out-of-band rejection test.

d) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.

e) Set the signal generator output power to a level that produces an EUT output level that is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below.

f) Measure and record the output power of the EUT; use ANSI C63.26-2015 subclause 5.2.4.4.1, for power measurement.

g) Remove the EUT from the measurement setup. Using the same signal generator settings, repeat the power measurement at the signal generator port, which was used as the input signal to the EUT, and record as the input power. EUT gain may be calculated as described in 3.5.5.

h) Repeat steps f) and g) with input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold level.

i) Repeat steps e) to h) with the narrowband test signal.

j) Repeat steps e) to i) for all frequency bands authorized for use by the EUT.

3.5.5 Calculating amplifier, repeater, or industrial booster gain

After the input and output power levels have been measured as described in the preceding subclauses, the gain of the EUT can be determined from:

Gain (dB) = output power (dBm) − input power (dBm).

Report the gain for each authorized operating frequency band, and each test signal stimulus.

Note1. *If f_0 that determined from out-of-band test is smaller or greater than difference of test signal's center frequency and operation band block, test is performed at the lowest or the highest frequency that test signals can be passed.*

Test Results:

Tabular data of Input / Output Power and Gain

Test Band	Link	Signal	f_0 Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)	Gain (dB)
BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier	Uplink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 548.40	-63.97	29.72	93.69
	Downlink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 540.60	-54.89	39.81	94.70
BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier	Uplink	NR 60 MHz	2 560.00	-64.00	29.61	93.61
	Downlink	NR 60 MHz	2 526.30	-54.82	39.41	94.23

Tabular data of Input / 3 dB above AGC threshold Output Power and Gain

Test Band	Link	Signal	f_0 Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)	Gain (dB)
BRS/EBS 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier	Uplink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 548.40	-63.97	29.72	93.69
	Downlink	LTE 20 MHz (3C)	2 540.60	-54.89	40.06	94.95
BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier	Uplink	NR 60 MHz	2 560.00	-64.00	29.78	93.78
	Downlink	NR 60 MHz	2 526.30	-54.82	39.40	94.22

5.5. OUT-OF-BAND/OUT-OF-BLOCK EMISSIONS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Requirements:

§2.1051 Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals.

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in §2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

§27.53 Emission limits.

(m) For BRS and EBS stations, the power of any emissions outside the licensee's frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) measured in watts in accordance with the standards below. If a licensee has multiple contiguous channels, out-of-band emissions shall be measured from the upper and lower edges of the contiguous channels.

(2) For digital base stations, the attenuation shall be not less than 43 + 10 log (P) dB, unless a documented interference complaint is received from an adjacent channel licensee with an overlapping Geographic Service Area. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS No. 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees. Provided that a documented interference complaint cannot be mutually resolved between the parties prior to the applicable deadline, then the following additional attenuation requirements shall apply:

(i) If a pre-existing base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a new or modified base station located 1.5 km or more away, within 24 hours of the receipt of a documented interference complaint the licensee of the new or modified base station must attenuate its emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block and shall immediately notify the complaining licensee upon implementation of the additional attenuation. No later than 60 days after the implementation of such additional attenuation, the licensee of the complaining base station must attenuate its base station emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the new or modified base station.

(ii) If a pre-existing base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a new or modified base station located less than 1.5 km away, within 24 hours of receipt of a documented interference complaint the licensee of the new or modified base station must attenuate its emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P)−20 log (Dkm/1.5) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the complaining licensee, or if both base stations are co-located, limit its undesired signal level at the pre-existing base station receiver(s) to no more than −107 dBm

measured in a 5.5 megahertz bandwidth and shall immediately notify the complaining licensee upon such reduction in the undesired signal level. No later than 60 days after such reduction in the undesired signal level, the complaining licensee must attenuate its base station emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the new or modified base station.

(iii) If a new or modified base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a pre-existing base station located 1.5 km or more away, within 60 days of receipt of a documented interference complaint the licensee of each base station must attenuate its base station emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the other licensee.

(iv) If a new or modified base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a pre-existing base station located less than 1.5 km away, within 60 days of receipt of a documented interference complaint: (a) The licensee of the new or modified base station must attenuate its OOBE by at least 67 +10 log (P)−20 log (Dkm/1.5) measured 3 megahertz above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the other licensee, or if the base stations are co-located, limit its undesired signal level at the other base station receiver(s) to no more than −107 dBm measured in a 5.5-megahertz bandwidth; and (b) the licensee causing the interference must attenuate its emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the new or modified base station.

(v) For all fixed digital user stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than 43 +10 log (P) dB at the channel edge.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.6 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

Spurious emissions shall be measured using a single test signal sequentially tuned to the low, middle, and high channels or frequencies within each authorized frequency band of operation.

Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions (including intermodulation products) shall be measured under each of the following two stimulus conditions:

a) two adjacent test signals sequentially tuned to the lower and upper frequency band/block edges;

b) a single test signal, sequentially tuned to the lowest and highest frequencies or channels within the frequency band/block under examination.

NOTE—Single-channel boosters that cannot accommodate two simultaneous signals within the passband may be excluded from the test stipulated in step a).

3.6.2 Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions conducted measurements

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

If the signal generator is not capable of generating two modulated carriers simultaneously, then two discrete signal generators can be connected with an appropriate combining network to support this two-

signal test.

b) Set the signal generator to produce two AWGN signals as previously described.

c) Set the center frequencies such that the AWGN signals occupy adjacent channels, as defined by industry standards such as 3GPP or 3GPP2, at the upper edge of the frequency band or block under test.

d) Set the composite power levels such that the input signal is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below. The composite power can be measured using the procedures provided in KDB Publication 971168, but it will be necessary to expand the power integration bandwidth so as to include both of the transmit channels.

e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.

f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band.

g) Set the VBW = 3 × RBW.

h) Set the detector to power averaging (rms) detector.

i) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.

j) Set the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the upper block edge frequency, and the stop frequency to the upper block edge frequency plus 300 kHz or 3 MHz, for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively.

k) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.

l) Use the marker function to find the maximum power level.

m) Capture the spectrum analyzer trace of the power level for inclusion in the test report.

n) Repeat steps k) to m) with the composite input power level set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.

o) Reset the frequencies of the input signals to the lower edge of the frequency block or band under test.

p) Reset the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the lower block edge frequency minus 300 kHz or 3 MHz, for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively, and the stop frequency to the lower band or block edge frequency.

q) Repeat steps k) to n).

r) Repeat steps a) to q) with the signal generator configured for a single test signal tuned as close as possible to the block edges.

s) Repeat steps a) to r) with the narrowband test signal.

t) Repeat steps a) to s) for all authorized frequency bands or blocks used by the EUT.

3.6.3 Spurious emissions conducted measurements

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

b) Set the signal generator to produce the broadband test signal as previously described.

c) Set the center frequency of the test signal to the lowest available channel within the frequency band or block.

d) Set the EUT input power to a level that is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below.

e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.

f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band of

operation.

g) Set the VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.

h) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.

i) Set the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the lowest RF signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, and the stop frequency to the lower band/block edge frequency minus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part.

The number of measurement points in each sweep must be ≥ (2 × span/RBW), which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.

j) Select the power averaging (rms) detector function.

k) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.

l) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each measured frequency range. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.

m) Reset the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the upper band/block edge frequency plus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part, and the spectrum analyzer stop frequency to 10 times the highest frequency of the fundamental emission. The number of measurement points in each sweep must be ≥ (2 × span/RBW), which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.

n) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.

o) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each of the measured frequency ranges. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report; also provide tabular data, if required.

p) Repeat steps i) to o) with the input test signals firstly tuned to a middle band/block frequency/channel, and then tuned to a high band/block frequency/channel.

q) Repeat steps b) to p) with the narrowband test signal.

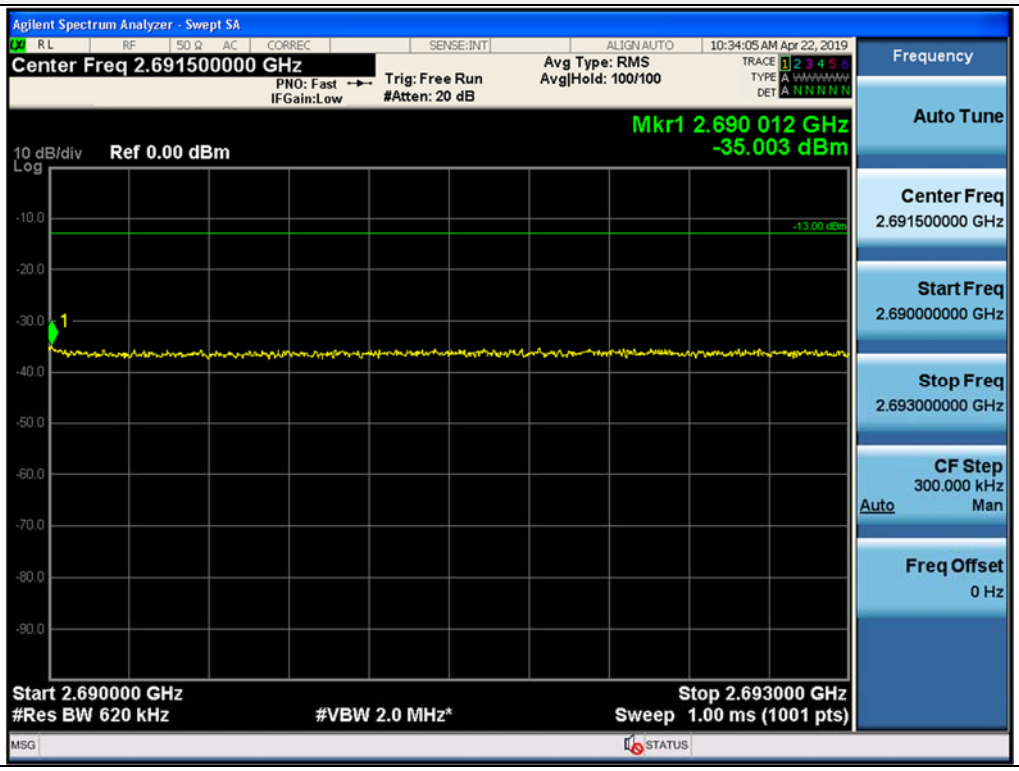
r) Repeat steps b) to q) for all authorized frequency bands/blocks used by the EUT.

Note: *In 9 kHz-150 kHz and 150 kHz-30 MHz bands, RBW was reduced to 0.1 % and 1 % of the reference bandwidth for measuring unwanted emission level (typically, 1 MHz if the authorized frequency band is above 1 GHz) and power was integrated.(1% = +30 dB, 10% = +20 dB)*

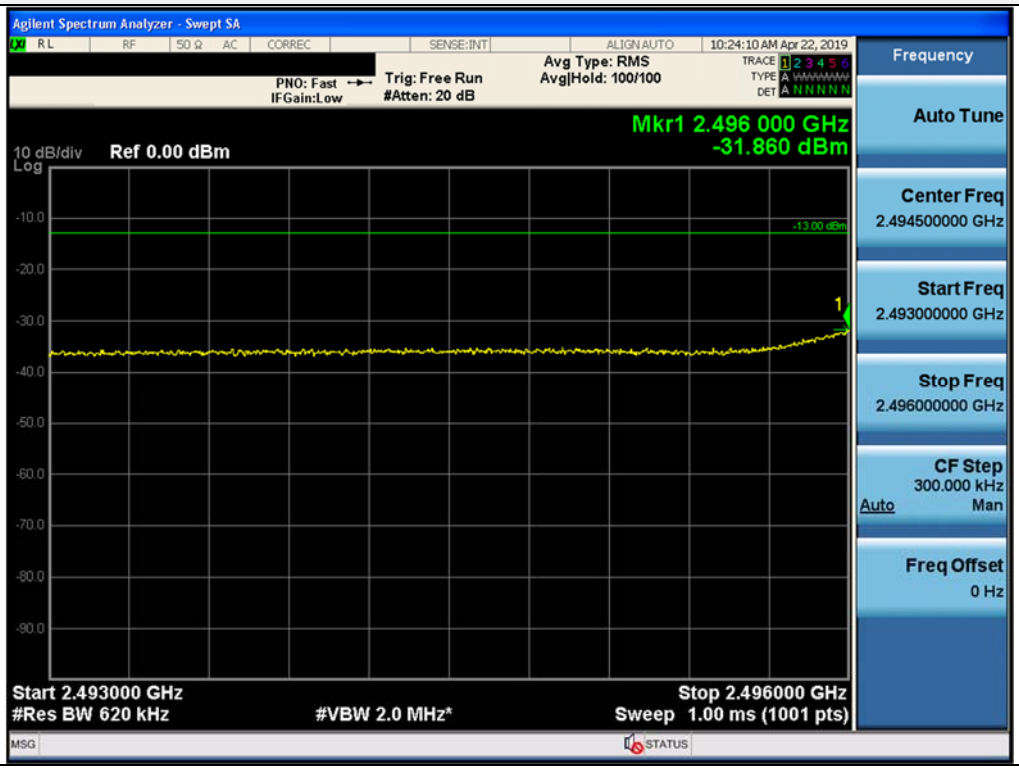
Test Results:

Plot data of Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions

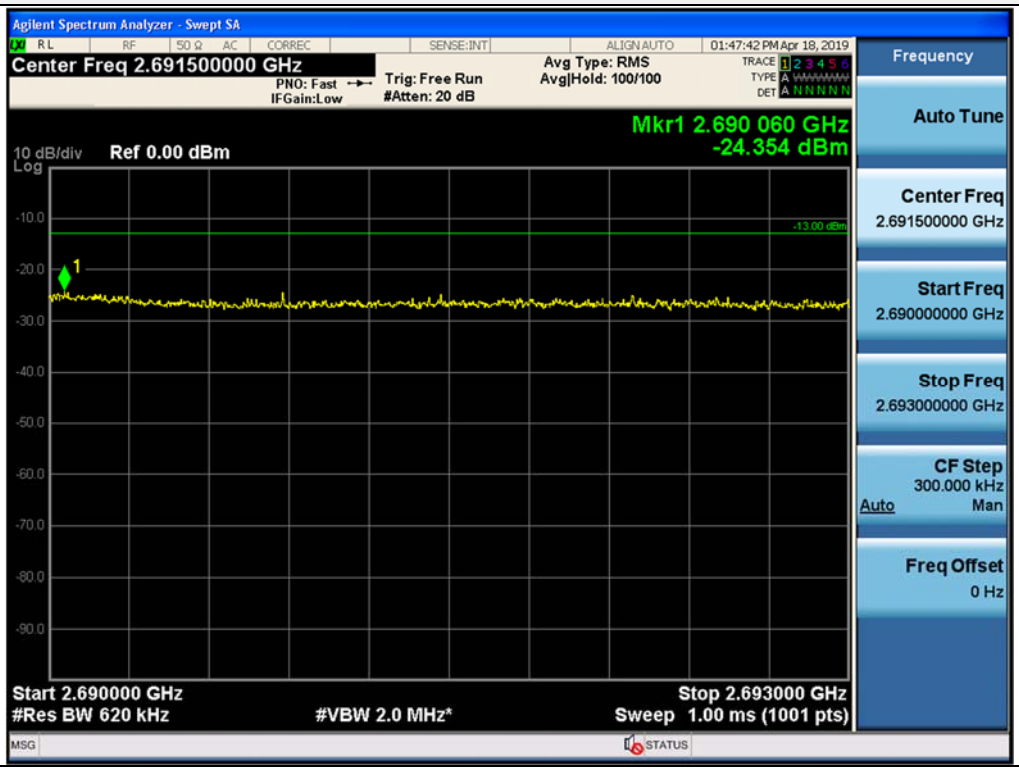
Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Upper



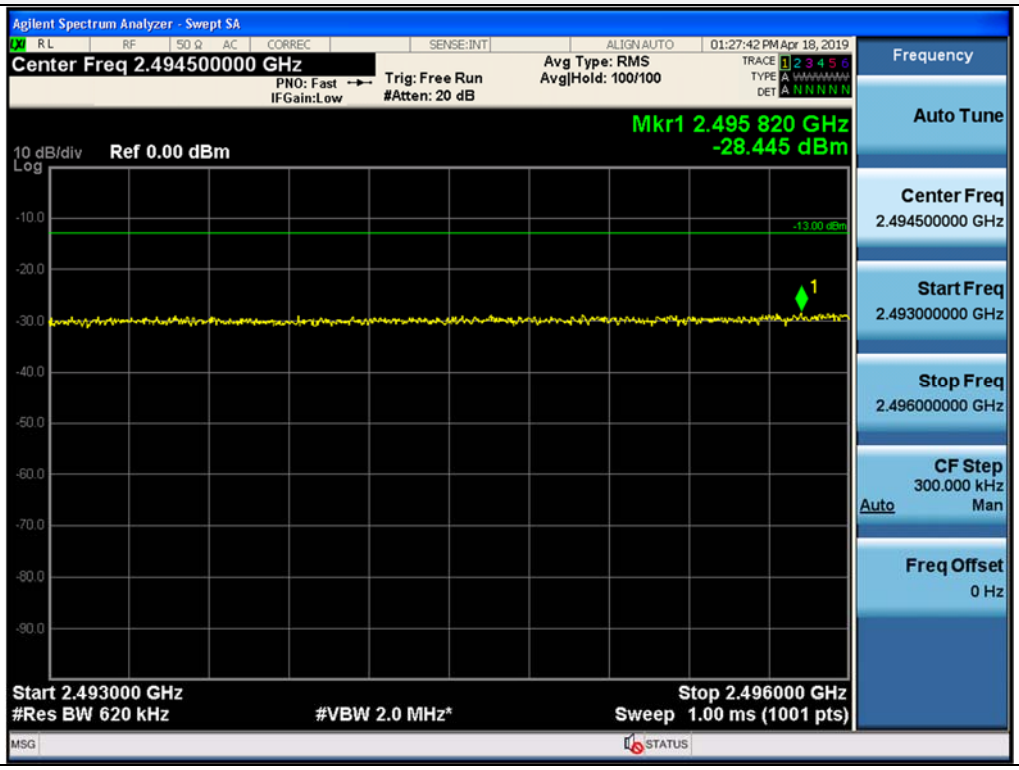
Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Lower



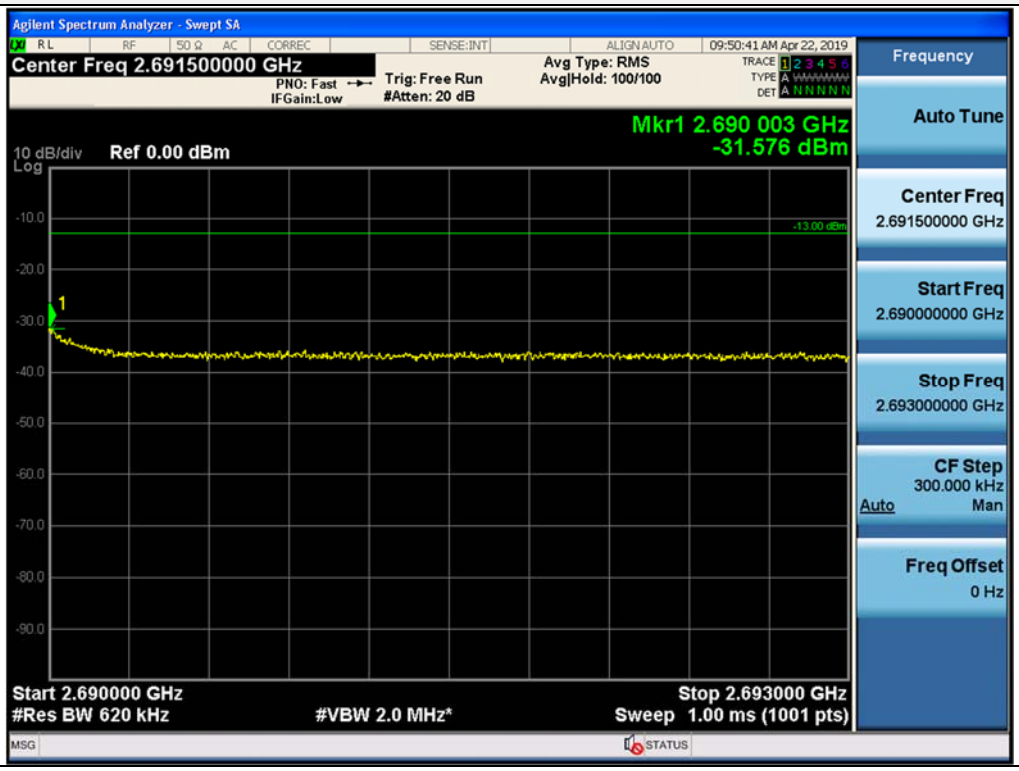
Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Downlink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Upper



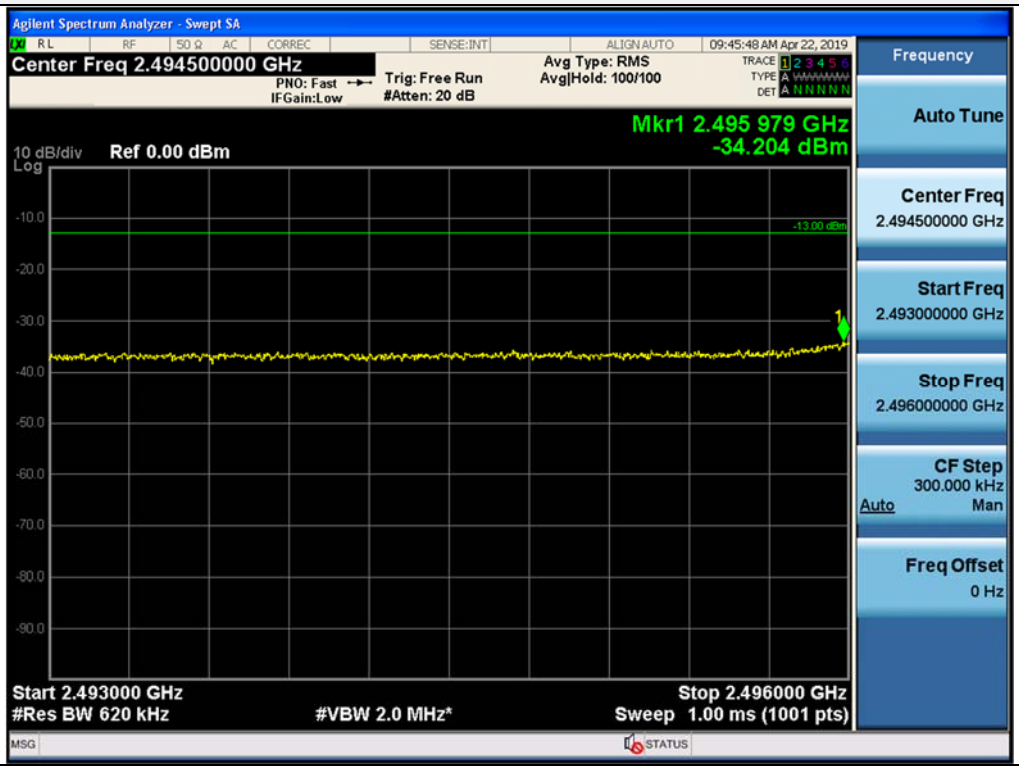
Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Downlink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Lower

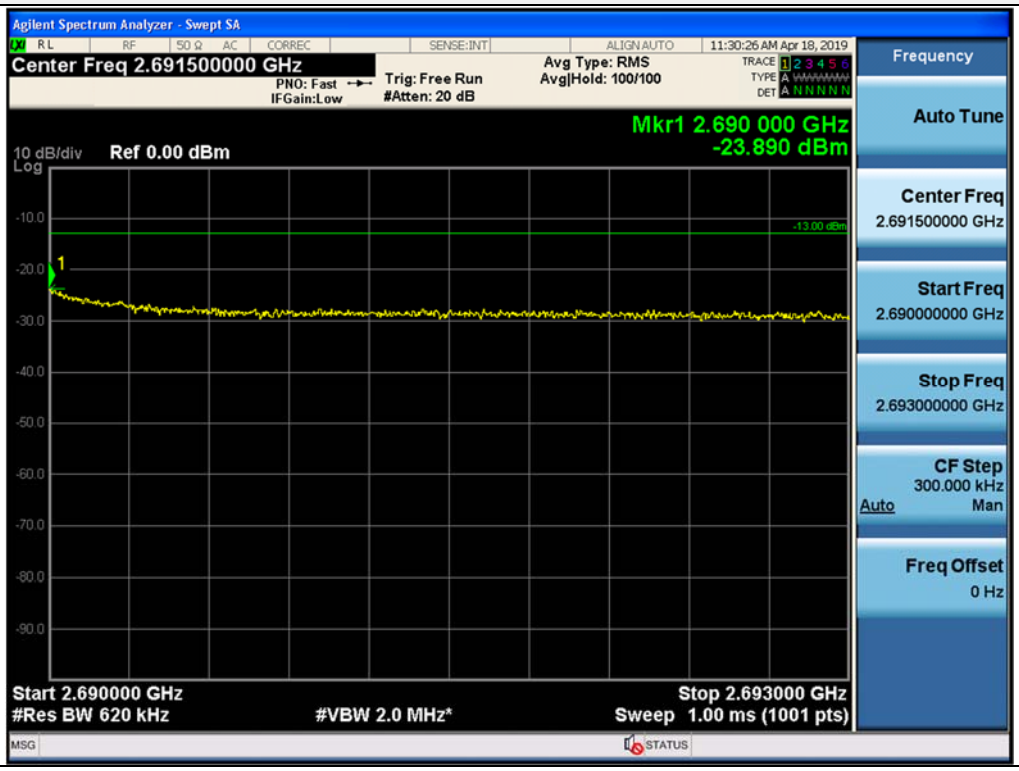


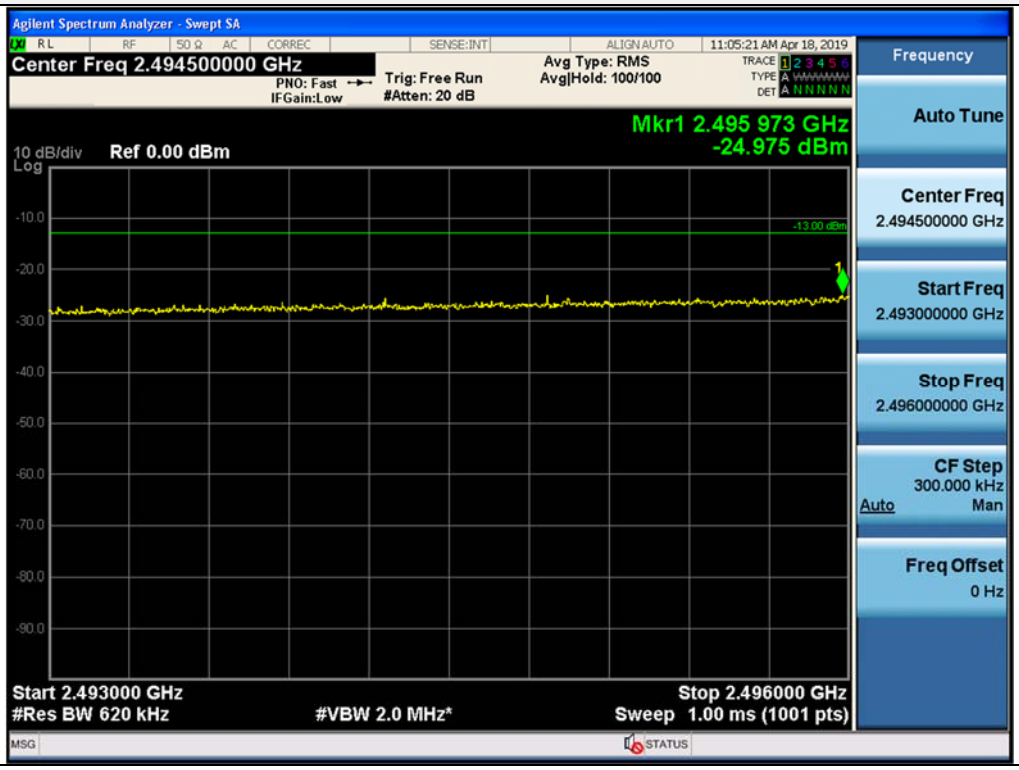
Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Uplink / NR 60 MHz / Upper

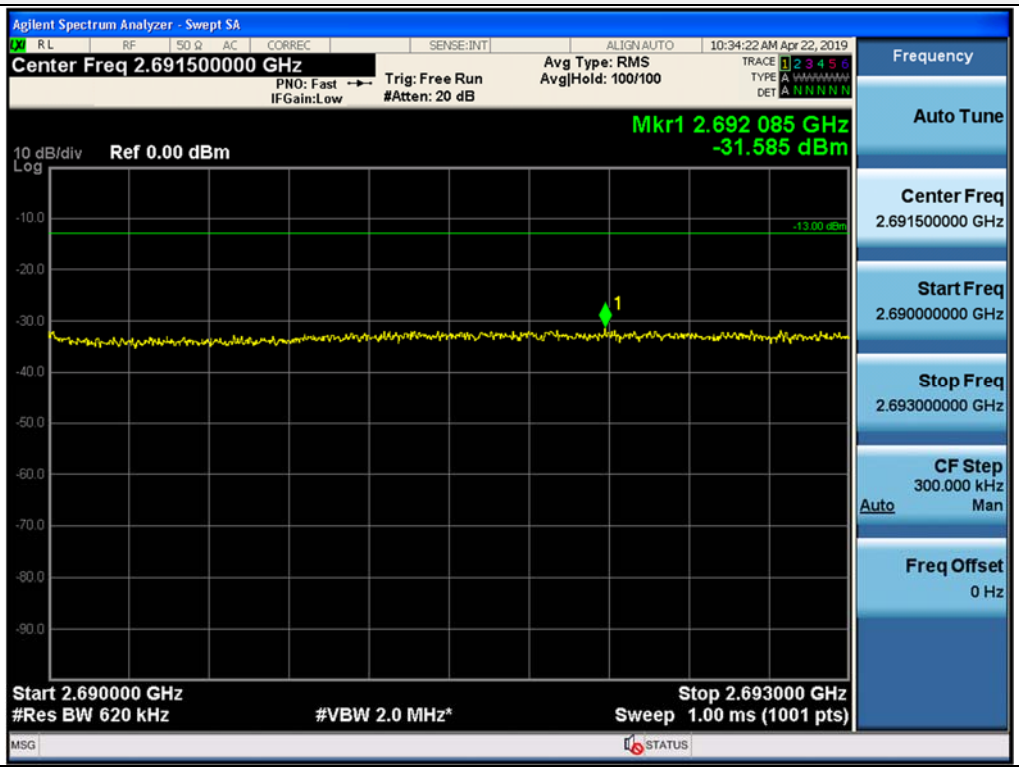


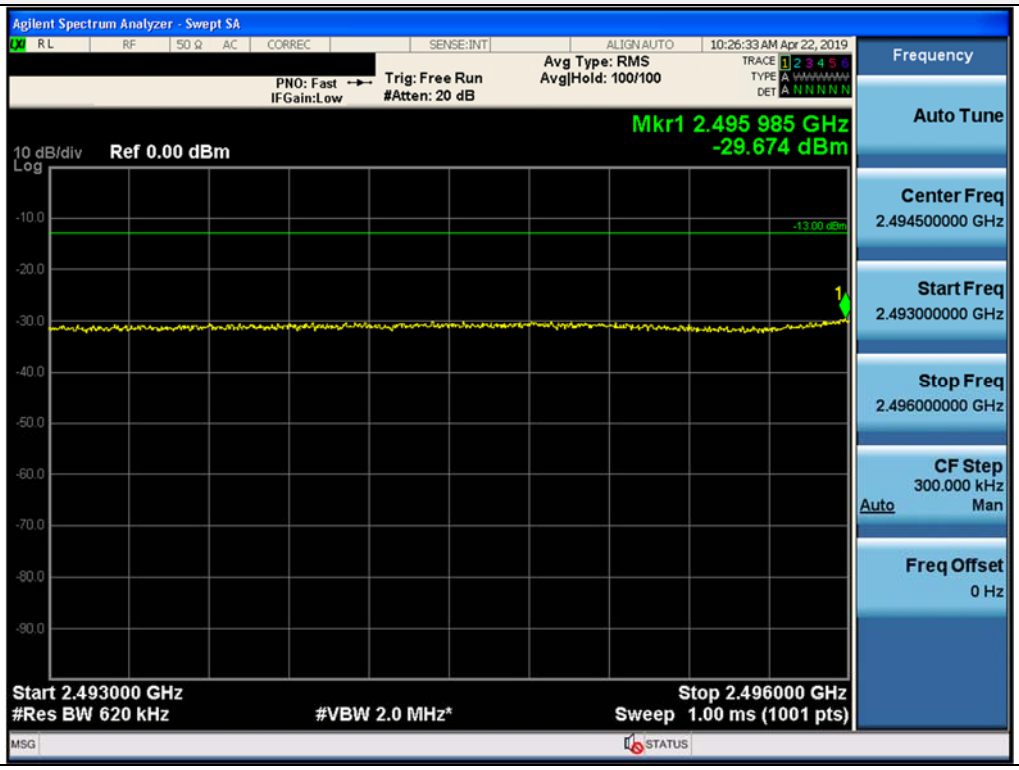
Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Uplink / NR 60 MHz / Lower

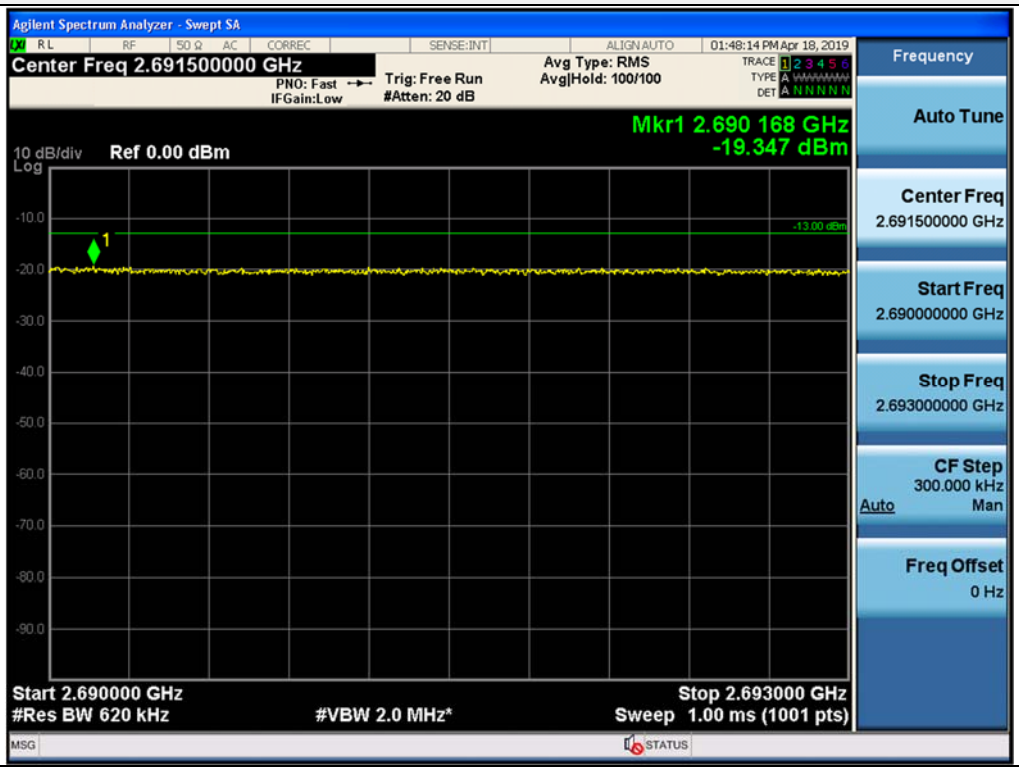


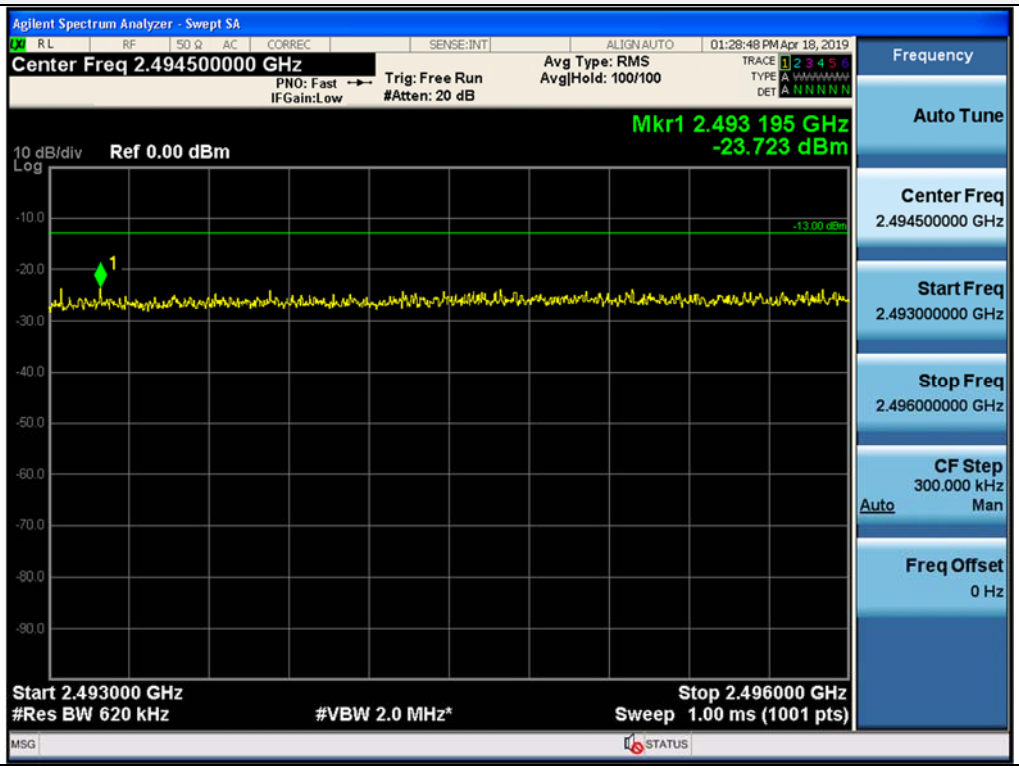
Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Downlink / NR 60 MHz / Upper


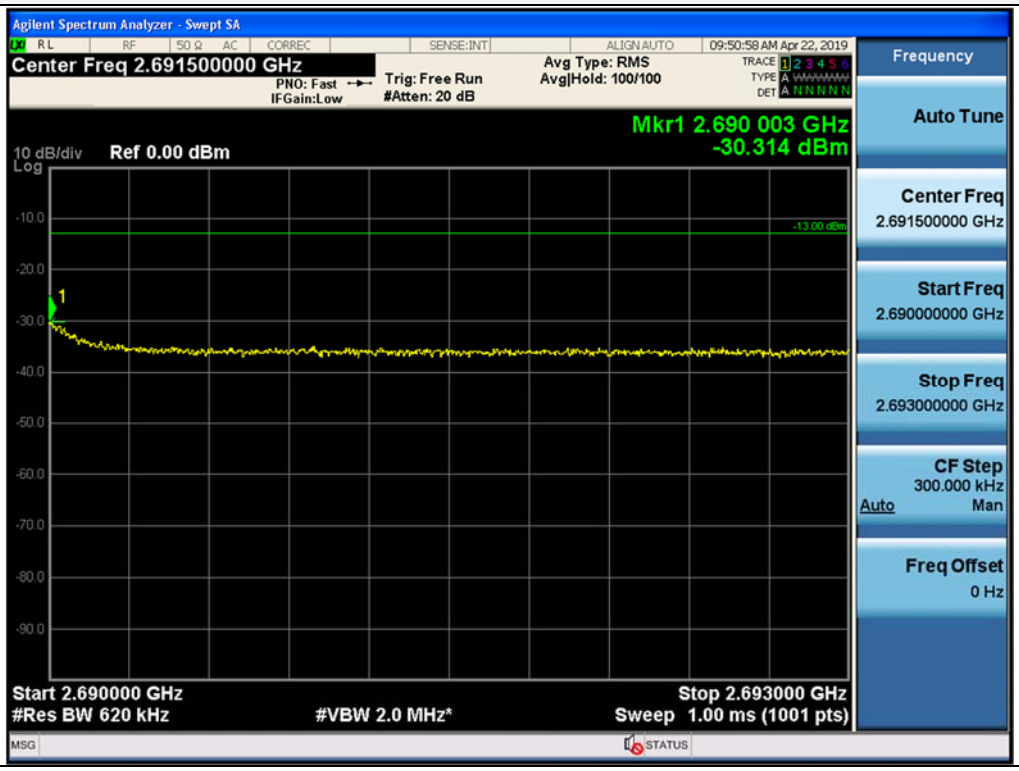
Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Downlink / NR 60 MHz / Lower


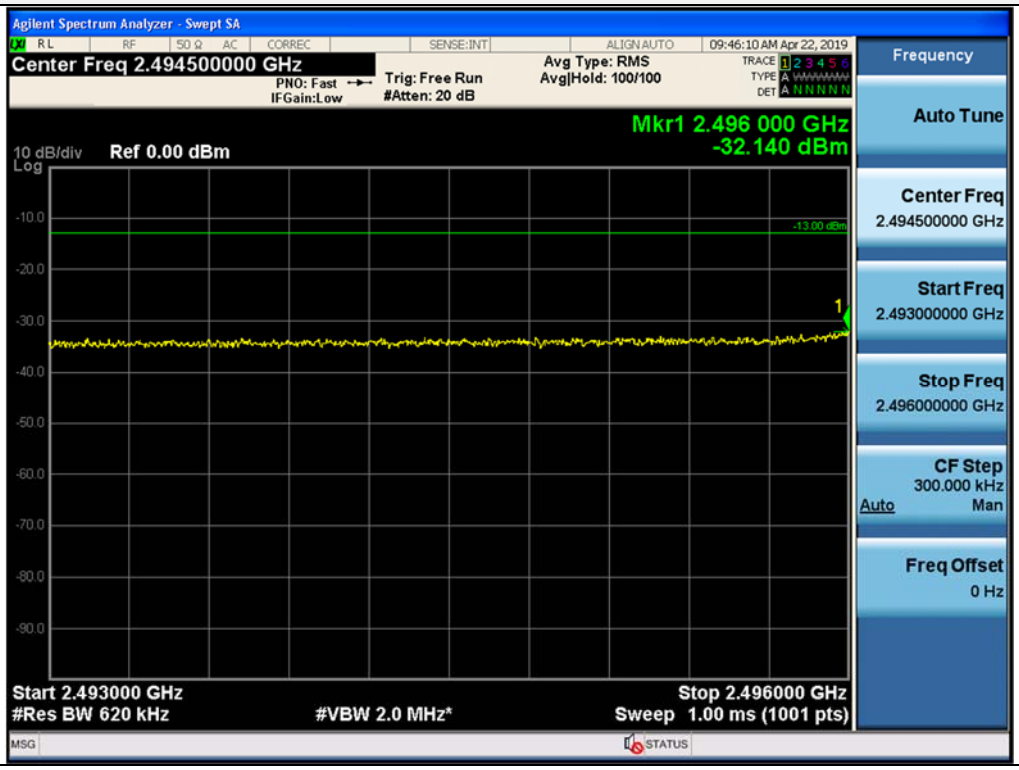
+3 dB above Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Upper


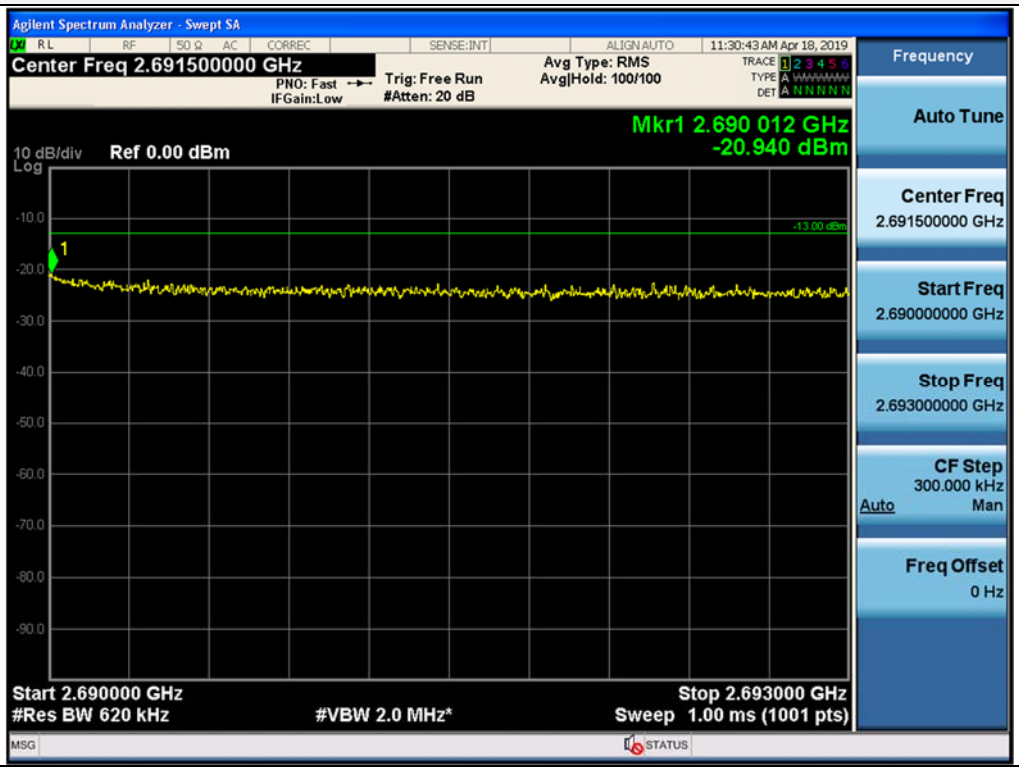
+3 dB above Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Lower


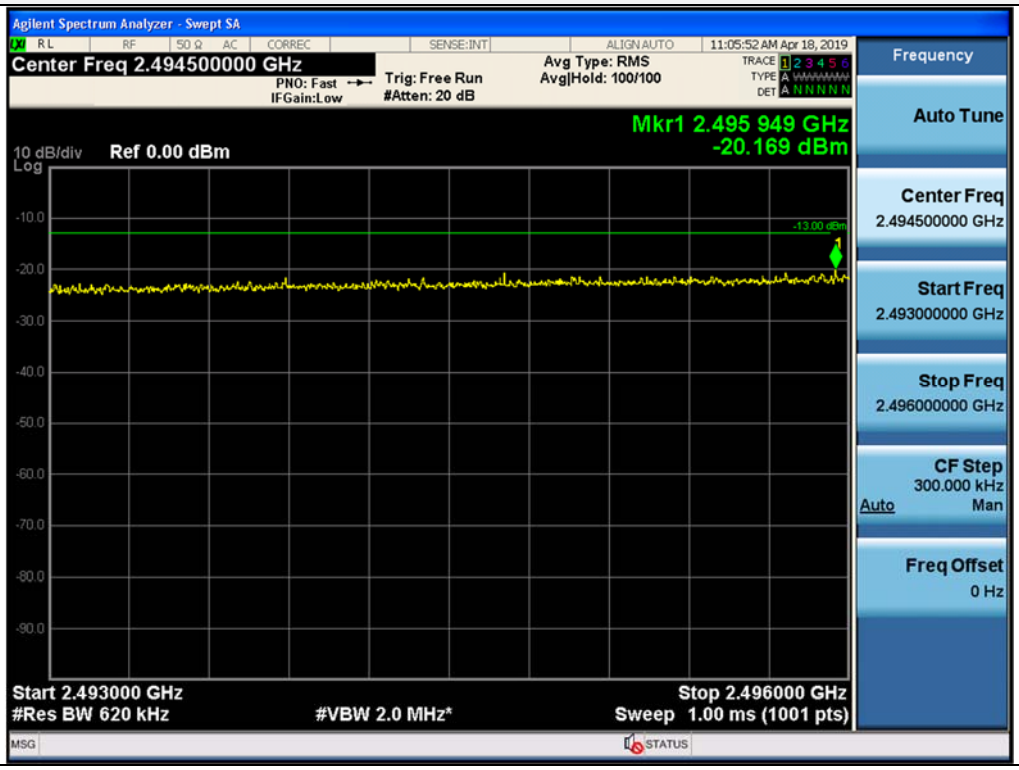
+3 dB above Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Downlink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Upper


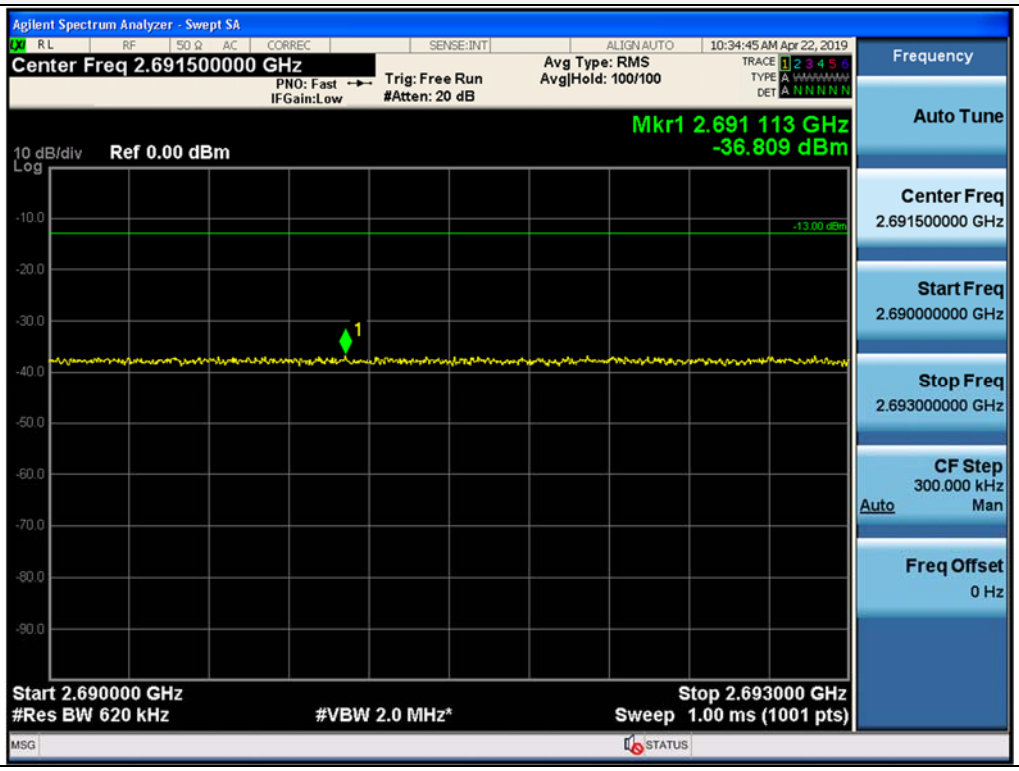
+3 dB above Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Downlink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Lower


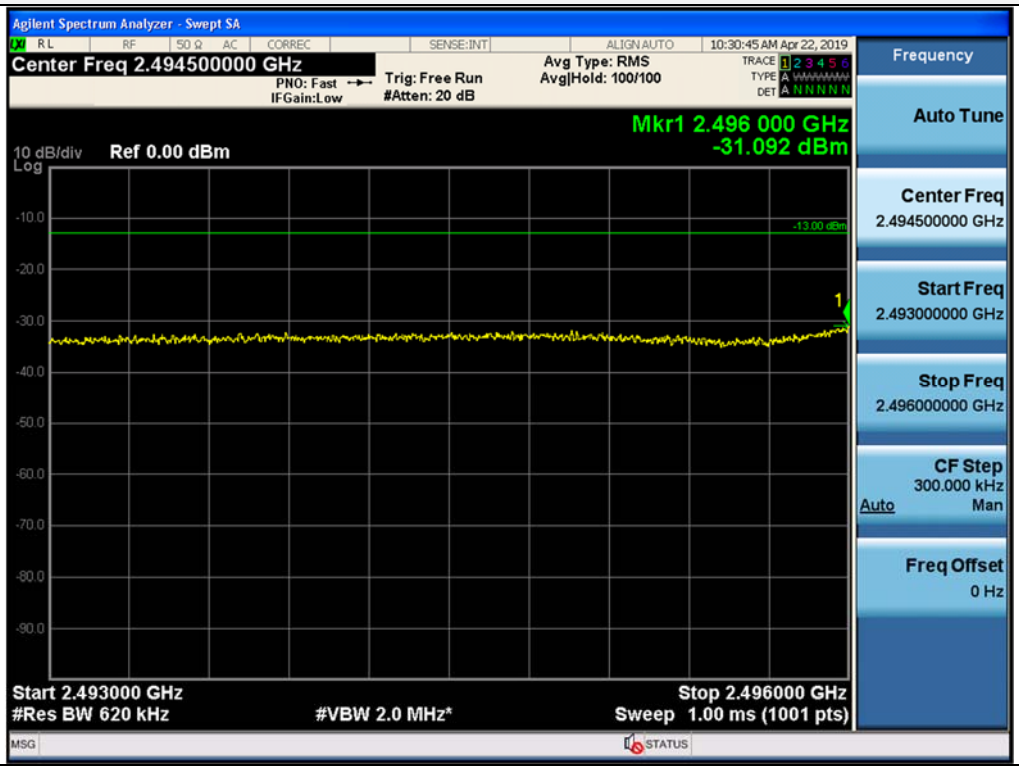
+3 dB above Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Uplink / NR 60 MHz / Upper


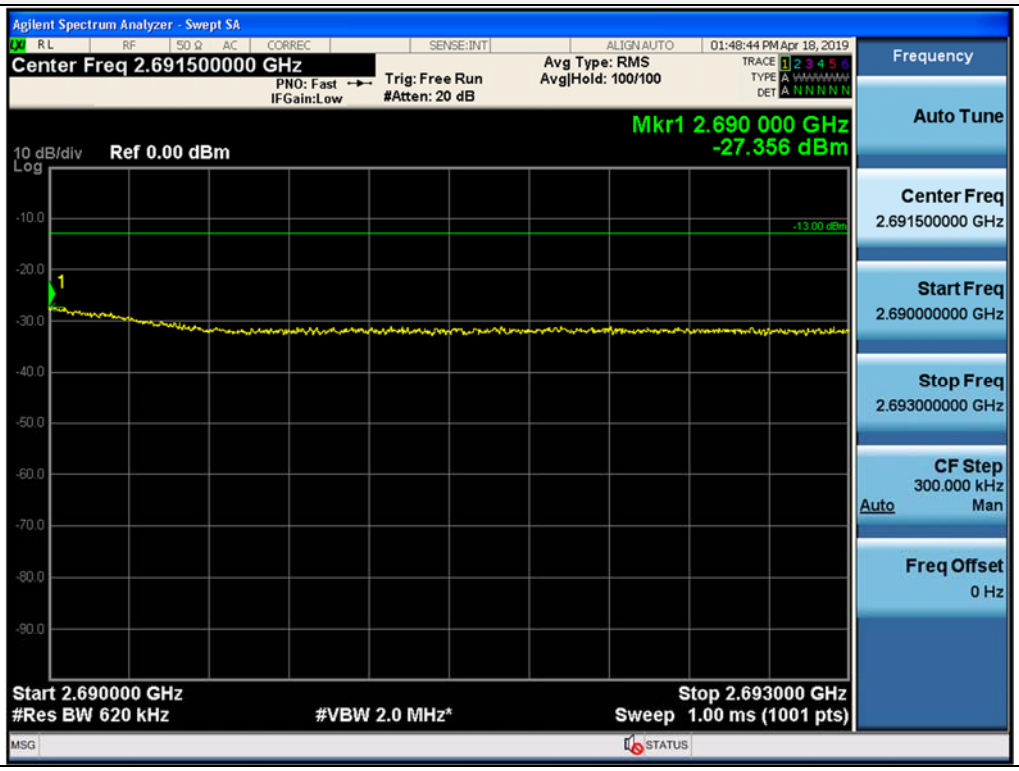
+3 dB above Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / BRS/EBS 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Uplink / NR 60 MHz / Lower


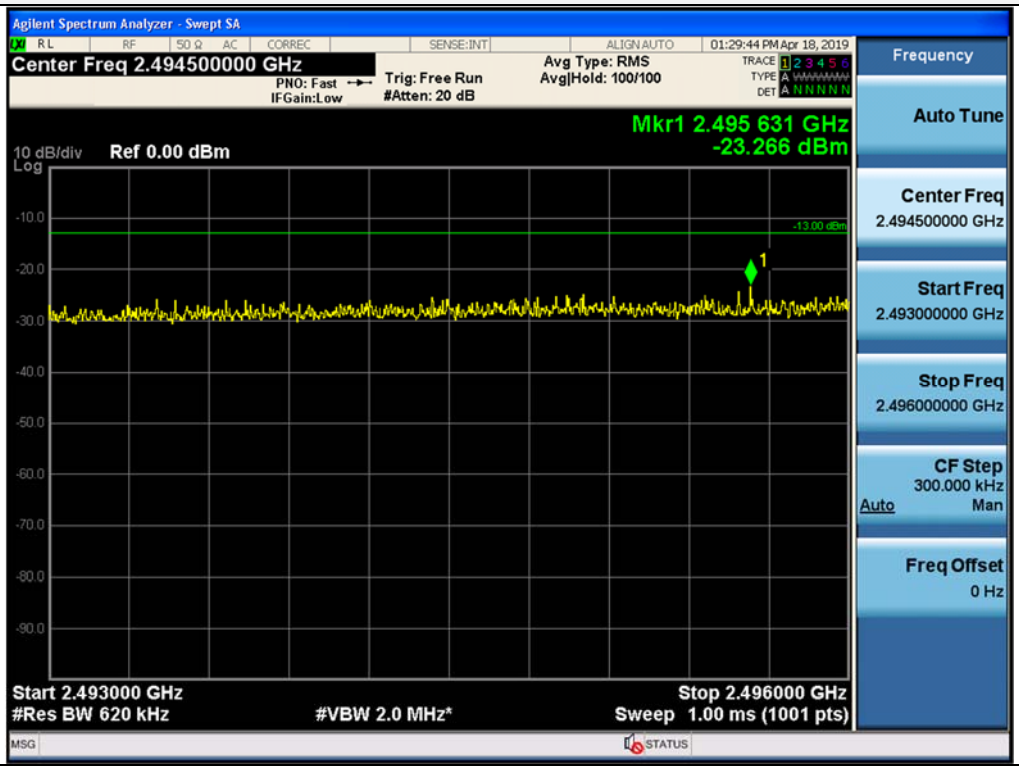
+3 dB above Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Downlink / NR 60 MHz / Upper


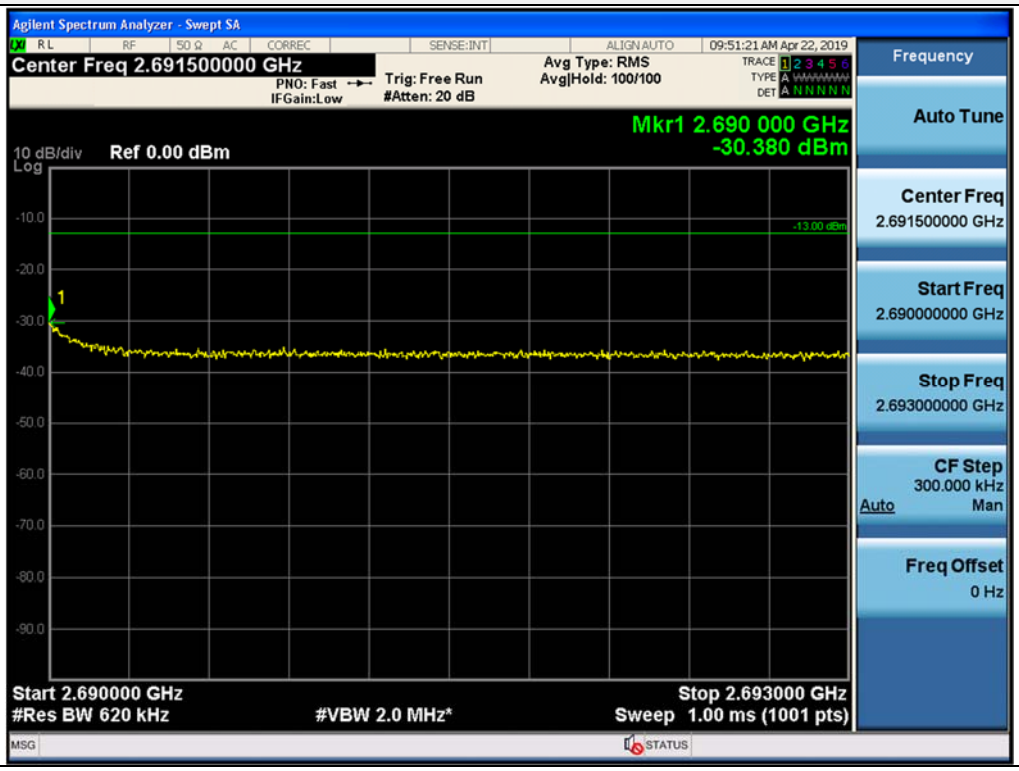
+3 dB above Out-of-band (two adjacent test signals) / 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Downlink / NR 60 MHz / Lower


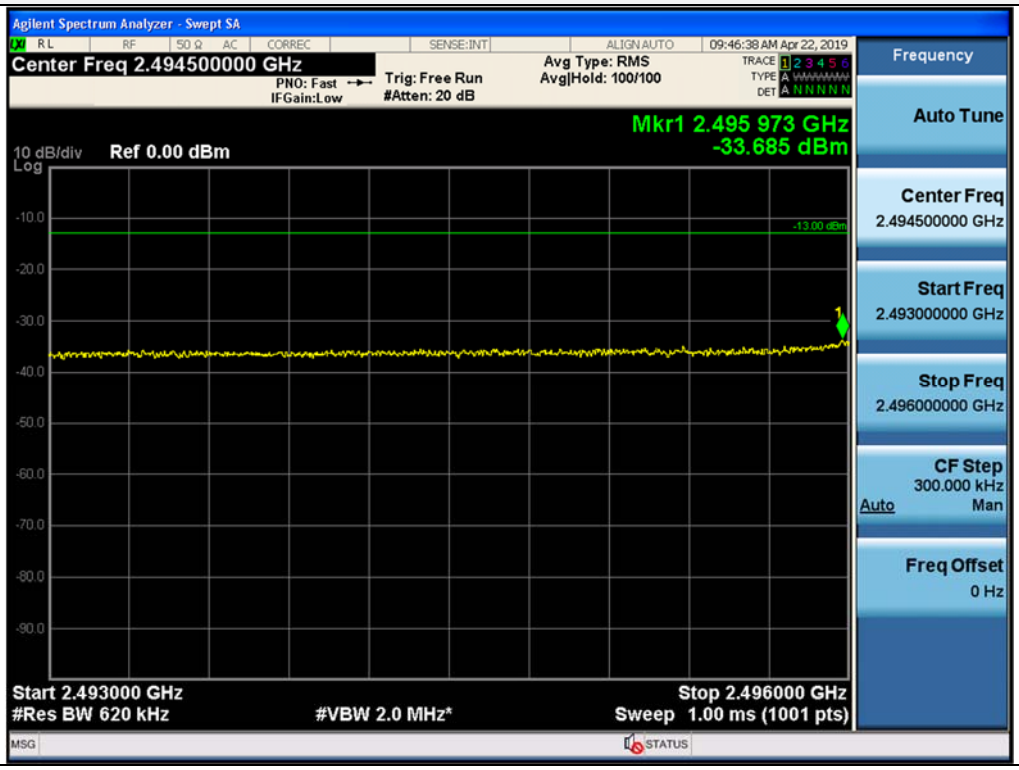
Out-of-band (single test signal) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Upper


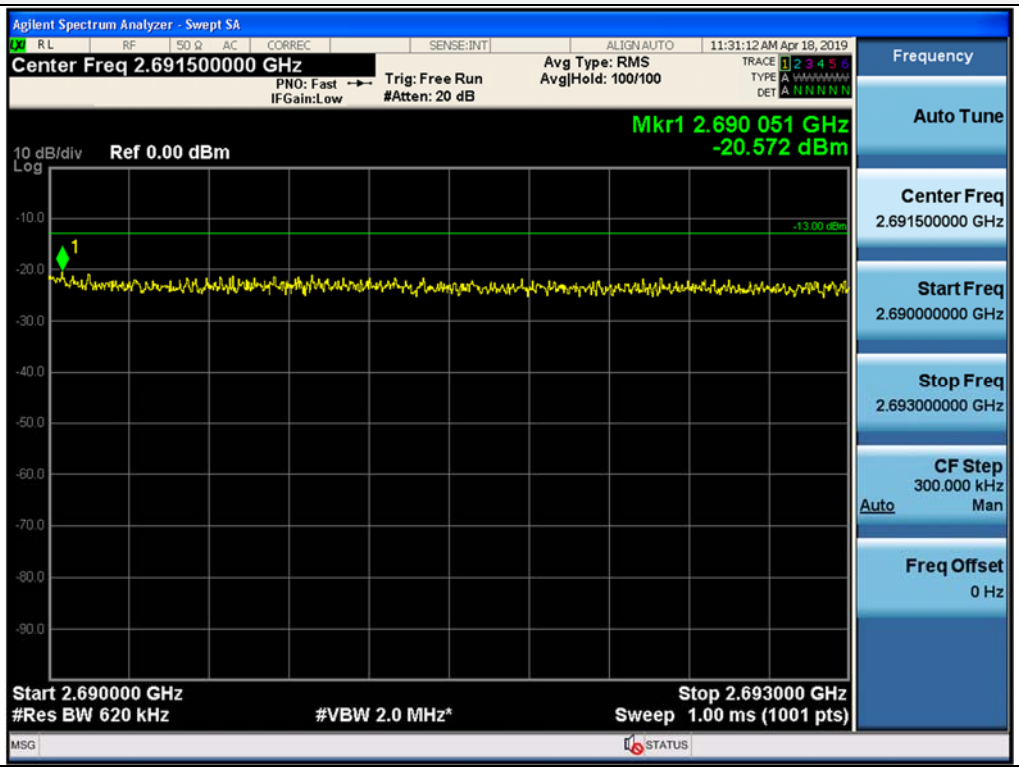
Out-of-band (single test signal) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Lower


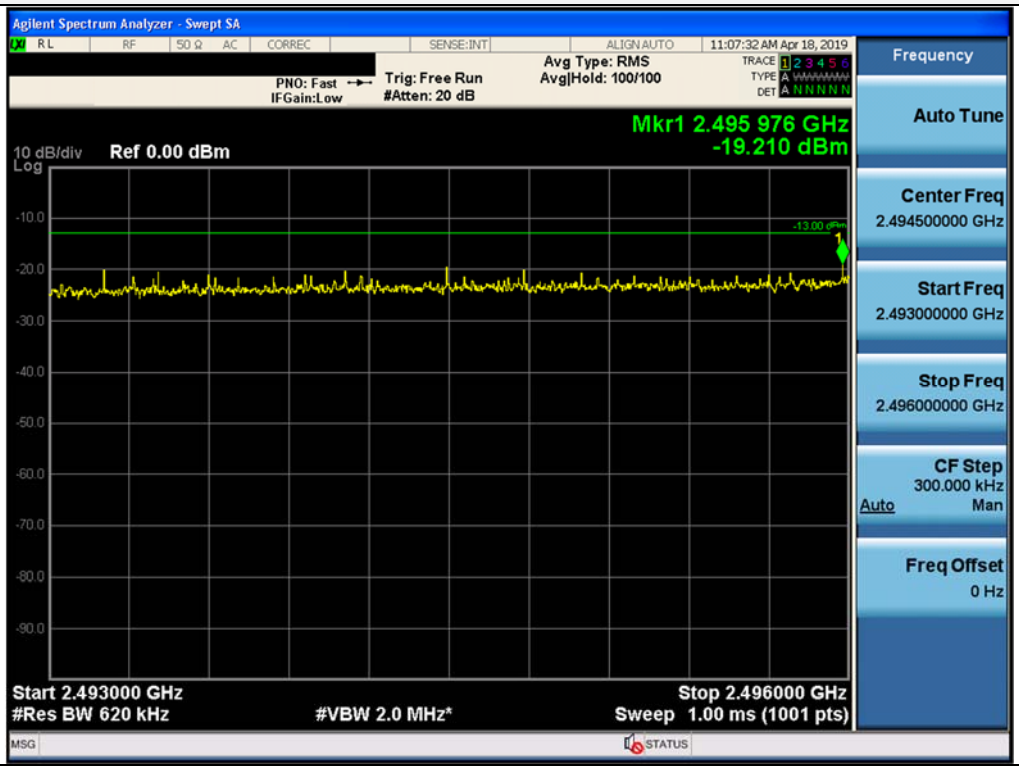
Out-of-band (single test signal) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Downlink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Upper


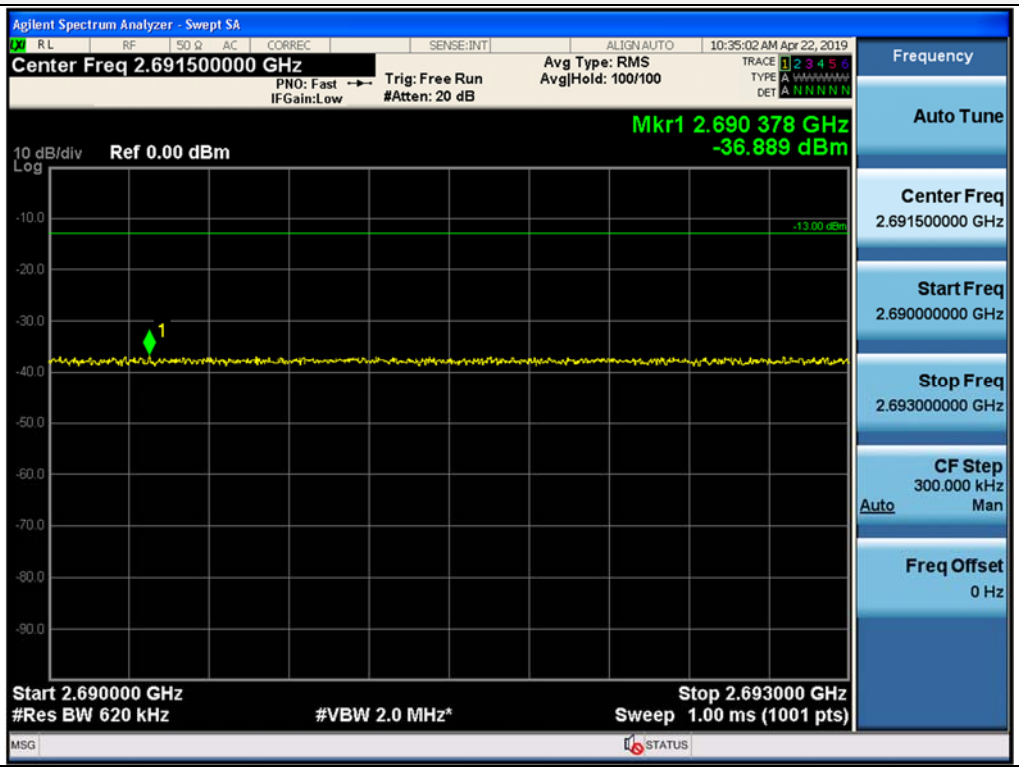
Out-of-band (single test signal) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Downlink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Lower


Out-of-band (single test signal) / 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Uplink / NR 60 MHz / Upper


Out-of-band (single test signal) / 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Uplink / NR 60 MHz / Lower


Out-of-band (single test signal) / 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Downlink / NR 60 MHz / Upper


Out-of-band (single test signal) / 5G NR 60 MHz, 1 Carrier / Downlink / NR 60 MHz / Lower


+3 dB above Out-of-band (single test signal) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Upper


+3 dB above Out-of-band (single test signal) / 4G LTE 20 MHz, 3 Carrier / Uplink / LTE 20 MHz (3C) / Lower