Parque Tecnológico de Andalucía, c/ Severo Ochoa nº 2 · 29590 Campanillas · Málaga · España C.I.F. A29 507 456



Test report No:

NIE: 55746RAN.002

Assessment report RF EXPOSURE REPORT ACCORDING TO FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1091

| Identification of item tested | Safety edge wireless system |
|---|--|
| Trademark | JCM |
| Model and /or type reference | RBAND-PROX-R |
| Other identification of the product | FCC ID: U5Z-RBPROX-R HW version: S-RBAND-PROX-R-EL SW Version: PROX_MEI_RX 02.10.04.00 |
| Features | 916 MHz multifrequency transmitter |
| Manufacturer | JCM TECNOLOGIES, S.A. C/ Morgades, 46 Bajos. 08500, Vic, Barcelona - Spain |
| Test method requested, standard | FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1091 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: mobile devices. |
| Summary | IN COMPLIANCE |
| Approved by (name / position & signature) | Miguel Lacave Antennas Lab Manager |
| Date of issue | 2018-09-20 |
| Report template No | FAN36_00 |

DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U.
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Identification of the client

JCM TECNOLOGIES, S.A.

C/ Morgades, 46 Bajos.

08500, Vic, Barcelona - Spain

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General description of the device under evaluation

The device under evaluation consists of a 916 MHz multifrequency receiver, part of a safety edge wireless system.

According to the manufacturer, this receiver will be mounted on the wall next to a garage door, close to the transmitter part of the safety edge wireless system, therefore during its normal use, the separation distance between the device and the body of nearby users will be greater than 20 cm. In order to perform the assessment a conservative separation distance of 20 cm has been used.

The equipment specifications declared by the manufacturer are:

| Band (MHz) | Technology | Band | Max. output power, including tune-up (dBm) | Max. Antenna gain (dBi) | Maximum E.I.R.P. (dBm) |
|---------------|----------------|------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 902-928 | ISM TX 916 MHz | ISM | 5.0 | +0.0 | 5.0 |

Table 1: Equipment specifications





Assessment summary

| Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits | | | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|------|------------------|
| FCC 47 CFR | | | | |
| Assessment Band | | Technology | Band | VERDICT |
| 1 | (MHz) 902-928 | ISM TX 916 MHz | ISM | (Pass/Fail) Pass |

Table 2: Assessment summary

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Appendix A: FCC RF Exposure



FCC RF Exposure evaluation for mobile devices

Devices operating in standalone mobile device exposure conditions may contain a single transmitter or multiple transmitters that do not transmit simultaneously. A minimum test separation distance ≥ 20 cm is required between the antenna and radiating structures of the device and nearby persons to apply mobile device exposure limits. The distance must be at least 20 cm and fully supported by the operating and installation configurations of the transmitter and its antenna(s), according to the source-based time-averaged maximum power requirements of § 2.1091(d)(2). In cases where cable losses or other attenuations are applied to determine compliance, the most conservative operating configurations and exposure conditions must be evaluated. The minimum test separation distance required for a device to comply with mobile device exposure conditions must be clearly identified in the installation and operating instructions, for all installation and exposure conditions, to enable users and installers to comply with RF exposure requirements. For mobile devices that have the potential to operate in portable device exposure conditions, similar to the configurations described in § 2.1091(d)(4), a KDB inquiry is required to determine the SAR test requirements for demonstrating compliance.

When a device qualifies for the categorical exclusion provision of § 2.1091(c), the minimum test separation distance may be estimated, when applicable, by simple calculations according to plane-wave equivalent conditions, to ensure the transmitter and its antenna(s) can operate in manners that meet or exceed the estimated distance. The source-based time-averaged maximum radiated power, according to the maximum antenna gain, must be applied to calculate the field strength and power density required to establish the minimum test separation distance. When the estimated test separation distance becomes overly conservative and does not support compliance, MPE measurement or computational modeling may be used to determine the required minimum separation distance.

According to §1.1310 Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits, paragraph (e), the limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields are:

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

| Electric field strength (V/m) | Magnetic field strength (A/m) | Power density (mW/cm²) | Averaging time (minutes) | |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| (A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure | | | | |
| 614 1842/ī 61.4 | 1.63 4.89/f 0.163 | *100 *900/f ² 1.0 f/300 5 | 6 6 6 6 | |
| pulation/Uncont | rolled Exposure | | | |
| 614 824/1 27.5 | 1.63 2.19/f 0.073 | *100 *180/f² 0.2 1/1500 | 30 30 30 30 30 | |
| | strength (V/m) ational/Controlle 614 1842/ī 61.4 pulation/Uncont 614 824/ī 27.5 | (V/m) (A/m) ational/Controlled Exposure 614 1.63 1842/1 4.89/1 61.4 0.163 pulation/Uncontrolled Exposure 614 1.63 824/1 2.19/1 27.5 0.073 | (V/m) (A/m) (IIIW/CIII-) ational/Controlled Exposure 614 1.63 *100 1842/1 4.89/1 *900/12 61.4 0.163 1.0 1/300 5 pulation/Uncontrolled Exposure 614 1.63 *100 824/1 2.19/1 *180/12 27.5 0.073 0.2 1/1500 | |

f = frequency in MHz * = Plane-wave equivalent power density



FCC MPE Evaluation Results

Each supported transmission technology will be evaluated to determine if it is in compliance with limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields.

In order to perform the assessment, the following equations have been used for the calculations; these equations are accurate in the far-field of an antenna and will over-predict power density in the near field, where they could be used for making a "worst case" or conservative prediction:

Power density:
$$S[mW/cm^2] = \frac{P_{E.I.R.P.}[mW]}{4\Pi R[cm]^2}$$

Minimum compliance distance:
$$R_{\min}[cm] = \sqrt{\frac{P_{E.I.R.P.}[mW]}{4\Pi S[mW/cm^2]}}$$

Where:

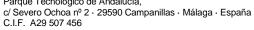
S = power density

 $P_{E,L,R,P}$ = Equivalent isotropically radiated power

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (evaluation distance)

 $R_{\rm min}$ = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

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Assessment 1 - ISM TX - ISM 916 MHz Band

| Maximum output power (dBm): | 5.0 |
|--|-------|
| Maximum antenna Gain (dBi): | 0.0 |
| Minimum use distance (cm): | 20.0 |
| Worst Case Frequency (MHz): | 902.0 |
| Maximum EIRP (dBm): | 5.0 |
| Maximum EIRP (mW): | 3.16 |
| General population - Power density limit (mW/cm²): | 0.60 |

Power density at minimum use distance:

| Power density (mW/cm ²): | 0.001 |
|--|-------|
| General population - Power density limit (mW/cm²): | 0.60 |
| Verdict for general population: | PASS |

The power density level for this transmission mode is below general population exposure power density limit.

Minimum compliance distance for this technology:

| Minimum compliance distance for general population (cm): | 0.65 |
|--|------|
| Minimum use distance (cm): | 20.0 |
| Verdict for general population: | PASS |

The minimum use distance is greater than general population exposure minimum compliance distance.