

TEST REPORT



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Report No.:
CTK-2017-02095
Page (1) / (41) Pages

1. Client

- Name : BIXOLON Co.,Ltd.
- Address : 7th~8th FL, MiraeAsset Venture Tower, 20, Pangyoyeok-ro 241beon-gil,
Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
- Date of Receipt : 2017-10-19

2. Manufacturer

- Name : BIXOLON Co.,Ltd.
- Address : 7th~8th FL, MiraeAsset Venture Tower, 20, Pangyoyeok-ro 241beon-gil,
Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

3. Use of Report : For FCC Certification

4. Test Sample / Model: Thermal Label Printer / SLP-TX40xyz



5. Date of Test : 2017-10-26 to 2017-10-31

6. Test Standard(method) used : FCC 47 CFR part 15 subpart C 15.247

7. Testing Environment: Temp.: (23 ± 1) °C, Humidity: (48 ± 3) % R.H.

8. Test Results : Compliance

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This Test Report cannot be reproduced, except in full.

Affirmation	Tested by	Technical Manager
	Bongseok, Kim: (Signature) 	Young-taek, Lee: (Signature) 

2017-11-07

Republic of KOREA **CTK Co., Ltd.**



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REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2017-11-07	Issued (CTK-2017-02095)	all

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1. General Product Description

1.1 Client Information

Company	BIXOLON Co.,Ltd.
Contact Point	7th~8th FL, MiraeAsset Venture Tower, 20, Pangyoyeok-ro 241beon-gil, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
Contact Person	Name : JiSung Shin E-mail : jsshin@bixelon.kr Tel : +82-31-218-5582 Fax : +82-31-218-5589

1.2 Product Information

FCC ID	U5MSLP-TX400R
Product Description	Thermal Label Printer
Model name	SLP-TX40xyz (x : alphanumeric, yz : blank or alphanumeric)
Operating Band	902 MHz - 928 MHz
Frequency Range	902.75 MHz - 927.25 MHz
RF Output Power	28.902 dBm (0.777 W)
Antenna Specification	Antenna type : PIFA Gain : -4.6 dBi
Number of channels	50
Channel Spacing	500 kHz
Type of Modulation	ASK
Power Source	DC 24 V(Adapter, Input : 100-240 Vac, Output : 24 Vdc)

1.3 Peripheral Devices





Device	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
Test Jig	ATID CO.,Ltd	Test Jig	-
Smart Phone(Test App)	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	SHV-E250L	R33D11JBB1J

2. Facility and Accreditations

2.1 Test Facility

The measurement facility is located at (Ho-dong), 113, Yejik-ro, Cheoin-gu, Yong-in-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea.

2.2 Laboratory Accreditations and Listings

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Registration Number	Logo
USA	FCC	FCC Part 15 & 18 EMI (Electromagnetic Interference / Emission)	805871	
CANADA	IC	IC EMI (3/10m test site)	8737A-2	
JAPAN	VCCI	VCCI V-3 EMI (Electromagnetic Interference / Emission)	C-986 T-1843 R-3627 G-387	
KOREA	MSIP	EMI (Electromagnetic Interference / Emission) EMS (Electromagnetic Susceptibility / Immunity)	KR0025	

2.3 Calibration Details of Equipment Used for Measurement

Test equipment and test accessories are calibrated on regular basis. The maximum time between calibrations is one year or what is recommended by the manufacturer, whichever is less. All test equipment calibrations are traceable to the Korea Research Institute of Standards and Science (KRISS), therefore, all test data recorded in this report is traceable to KRISS.

3. Test Specifications

3.1 Standards

Section in FCC	Requirement(s)	Status (Note 1)	Test Condition
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	C	Conducted
15.247(a)(1)(i)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	C	
15.247(a)	20 dB Bandwidth	C	
15.247(a)(1)(i)	Time of occupancy	C	
15.247(b)(2)	Maximum peak conducted output power	C	
15.247(d)	Unwanted emission	C	
15.209	Radiated emission	C	Radiated
15.207(a)	AC Conducted Emission	C	Line Conducted
15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	C	-
15.247(g),(h)	Frequency Hopping System	C	-
<i>Note 1:</i> C=Complies NC=Not Complies NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable			
<i>Note 2:</i> The data in this test report are traceable to the national or international standards.			
<i>Note 3:</i> The sample was tested according to the following specification: FCC Part 15.247, ANSI C63.10-2013			

3.2 Mode of operation during the test

The EUT is operated in a manner representative of the typical of the equipments.
 During at testing, system components were manipulated within the confines of typical usage to maximize each emission. All modulation modes were tests.
 The results are only attached worst cases.

Test Frequency

Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
902.75 MHz	914.75 MHz	927.25 MHz

Test mode

Hopping mode
Modulated single hop mode

3.3 Maximum Measurement Uncertainty

The value of the measurement uncertainty for the measurement of each parameter.
Coverage factor $k = 2$, Confidence levels of 95 %

Description	Uncertainty
Conducted RF Output Power	1.5 dB
Occupied Bandwidth	0.1 MHz
Unwanted Emission(conducted)	3.0 dB
Radiated Emissions ($f \leq 1$ GHz)	4.0 dB
Radiated Emissions ($f > 1$ GHz)	5.0 dB

4. Technical Characteristic Test

4.1 Carrier Frequency Separation

Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.2)

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT has its hopping function enabled. After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker-delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span : wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW : approximately 30% of the channel spacing;

adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep : auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

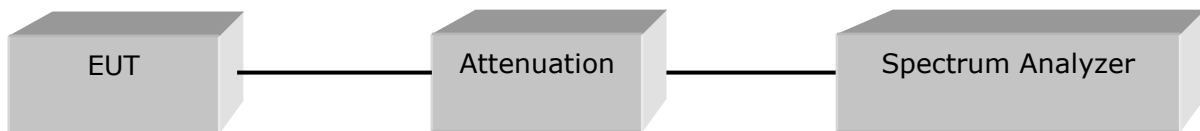


Figure 1 : Measurement setup for the carrier frequency separation

Limit

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

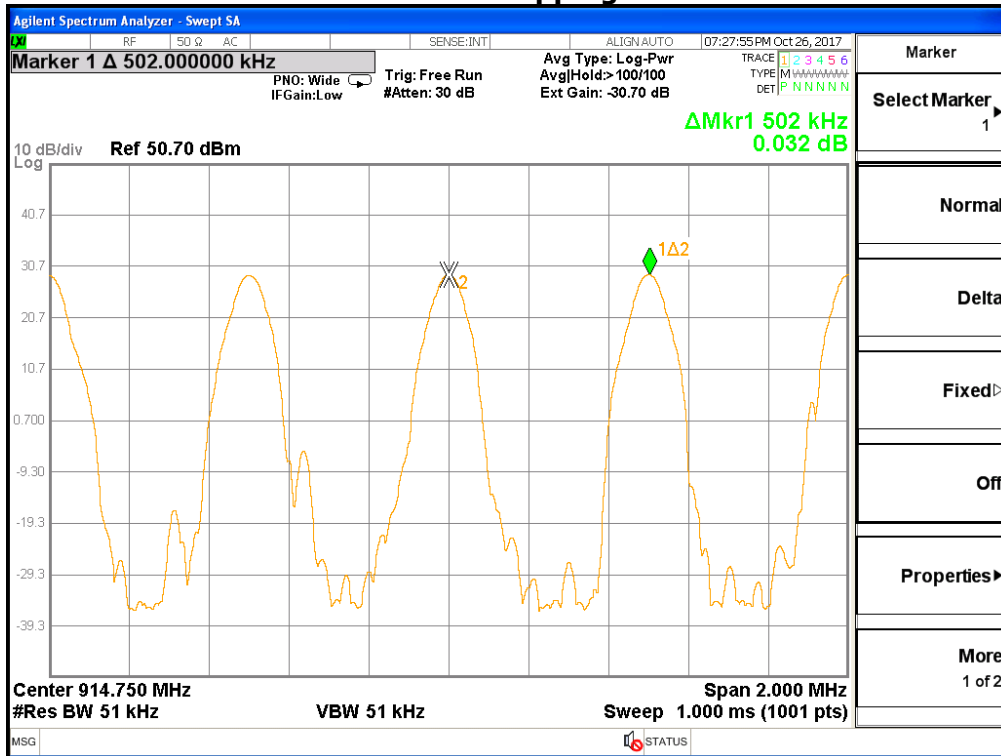
Test Results

Test mode : Hopping mode

Channel	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation [kHz]	20dB bandwidth [kHz]	Minimum Bandwidth [kHz]	Result
Middle	502	87.82	25	Complies

See follow for actual measured spectrum plots.

Test mode : Hopping Mode



4.2 Number of Hopping Frequencies

Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.3)

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

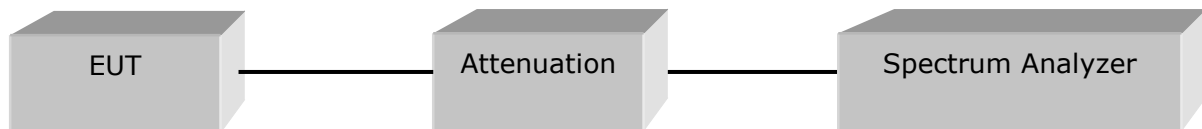
RBW : To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold



Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies.

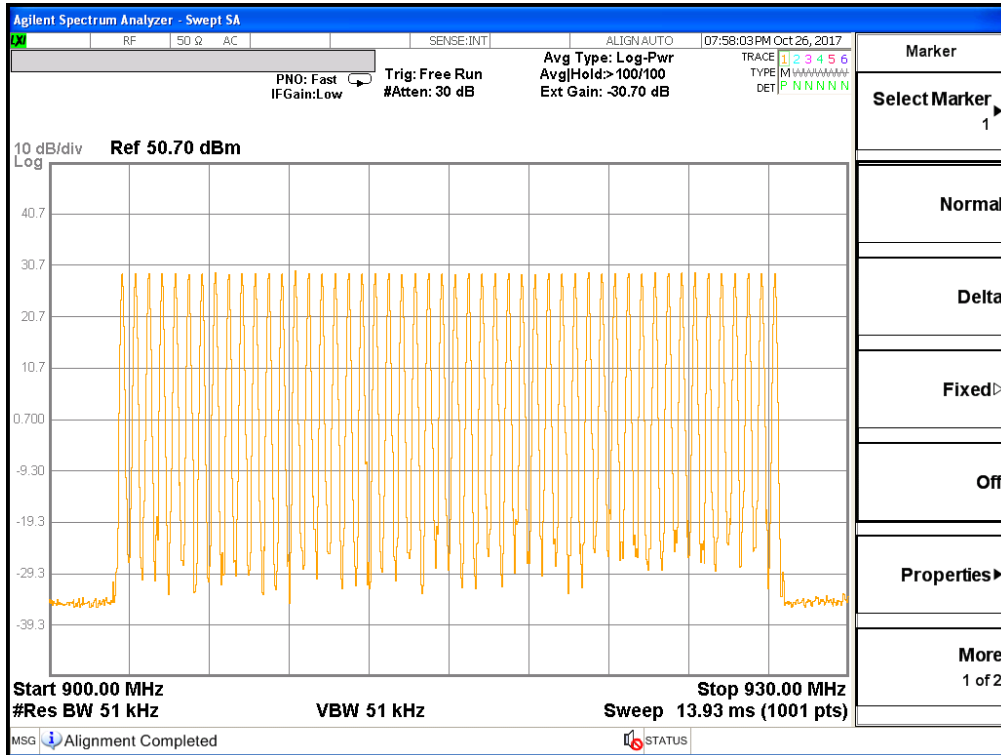
Test Results

Test mode : Hopping Mode

Total number of Hopping Channels	Result
50	Complies

See follow for actual measured spectrum plots.

Test Mode : Hopping Mode



4.3 20 dB bandwidth

Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 6.9.2)

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 20 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = the highest, middle and the lowest channels

Span = between 2 times and 5 times the OBW

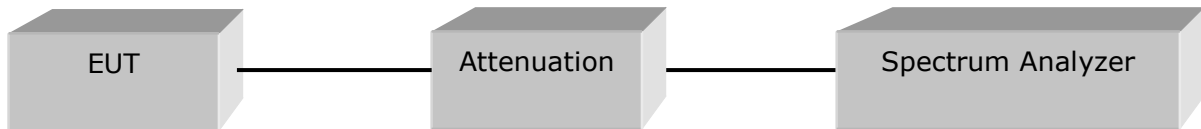
RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW

Sweep = auto

VBW : approximately 3 times RBW

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold



Limit

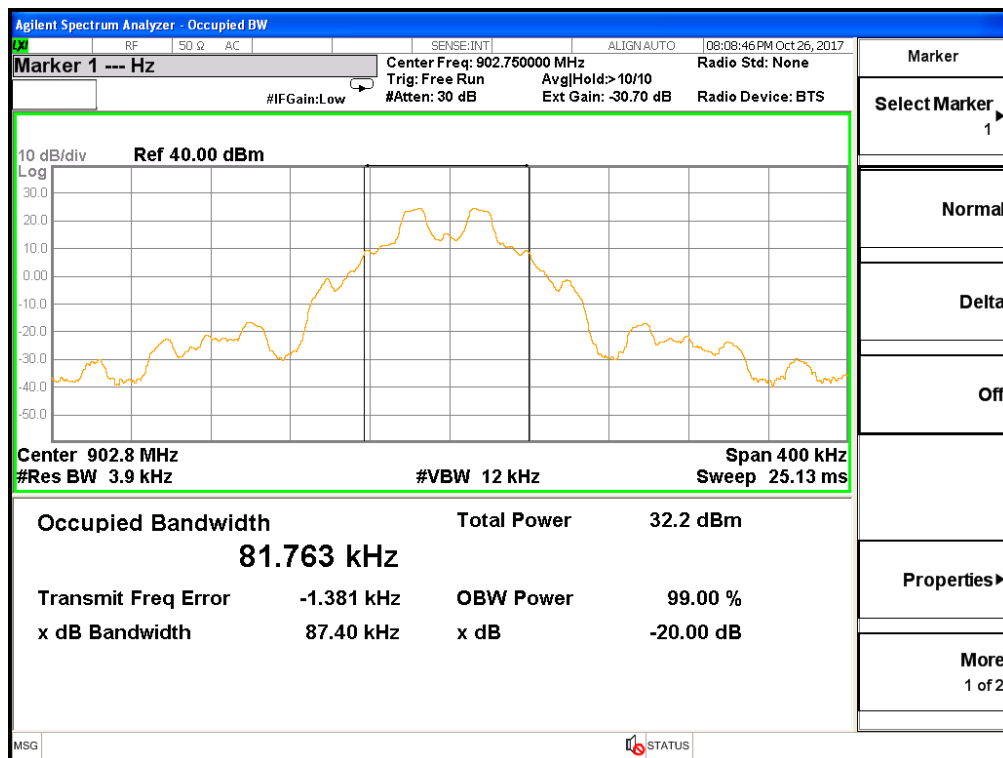
Limit : N/A

Test Results

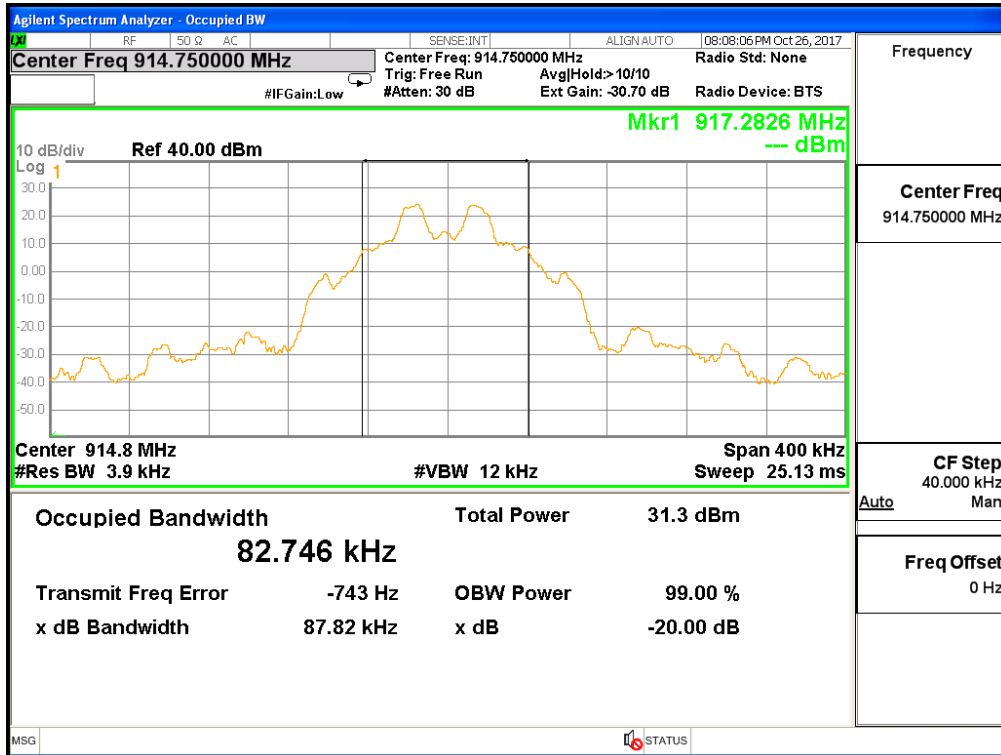
Channel	Frequency [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [KHz]	99% Bandwidth [KHz]	Result
Lowest	902.75	87.40	81.76	Complies
Middle	914.75	87.82	82.75	Complies
Highest	927.25	89.69	85.15	Complies

See follow for actual measured spectrum plots.

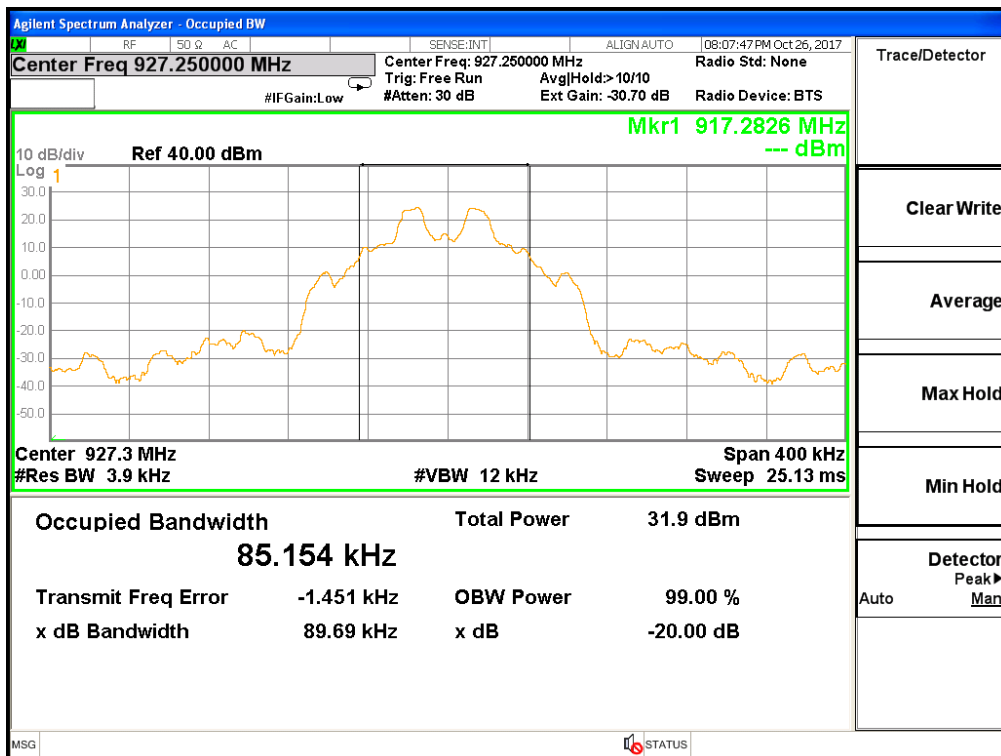
20 dB Bandwidth - Lowest Frequency



20 dB Bandwidth - Middle Frequency



20 dB Bandwidth - Highest Frequency



4.4 Time of Occupancy

Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.4)

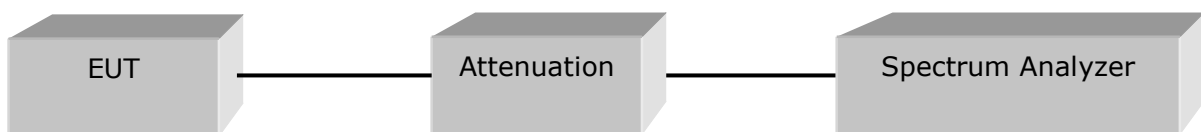
The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT has its hopping function enabled.

- a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- b) RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
- c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
- d) Detector function: Peak.
- e) Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements =
 (number of hops on spectrum analyzer) \times (period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time)



Limit

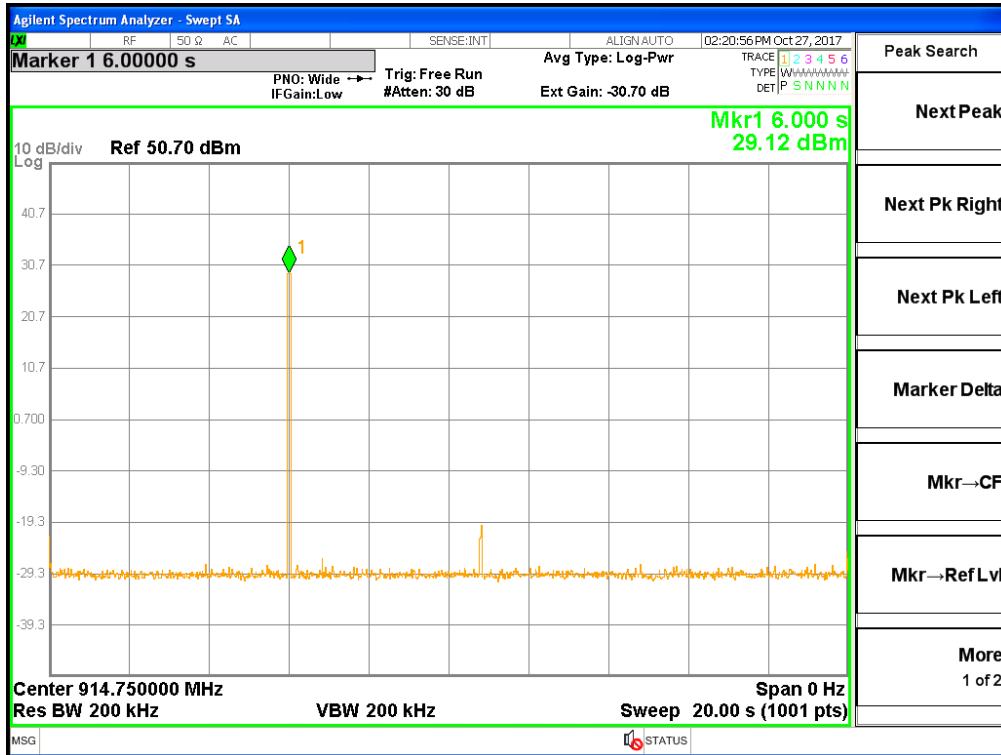
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period.

Test Results

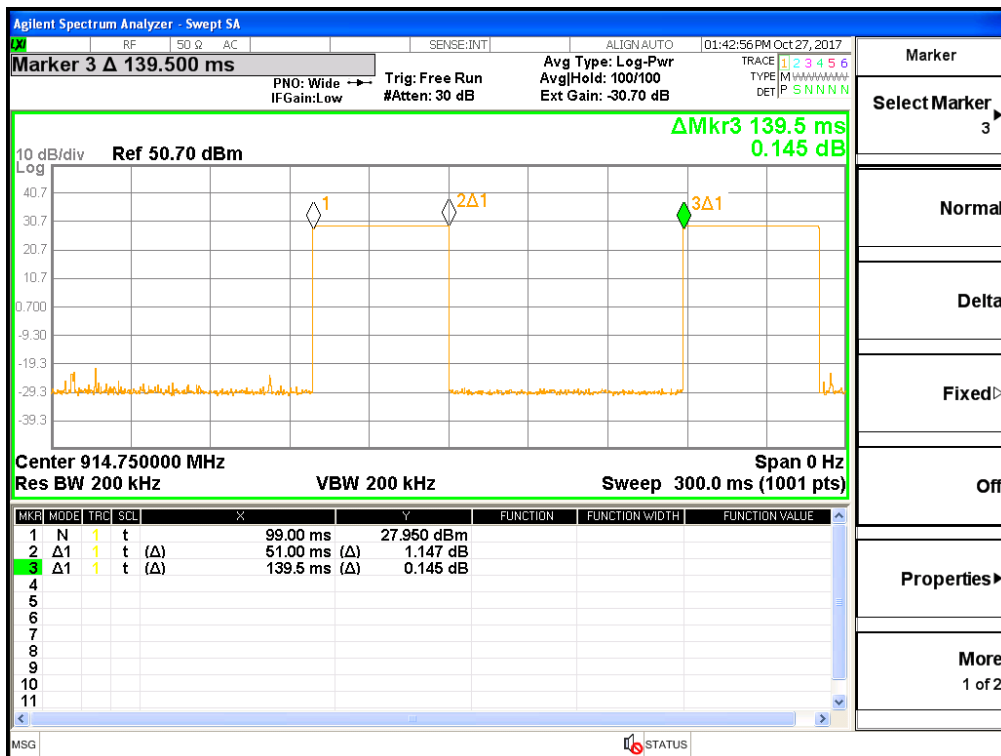
Number of hops channels within a 20 second period	Transmit time per hop(msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
1	51	51	400

See follow for actual measured spectrum plots.

Number of hops channels within a 20 second period



Transmit time per hop



4.5 Maximum peak Conducted Output Power

Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.5)

This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = the highest, middle, and the lowest channels

Span = approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth

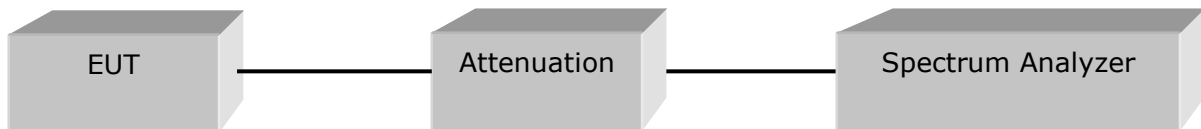
RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured

VBW ≥ RBW

Trace = max hold

Detector function = peak

Sweep = auto



Limit

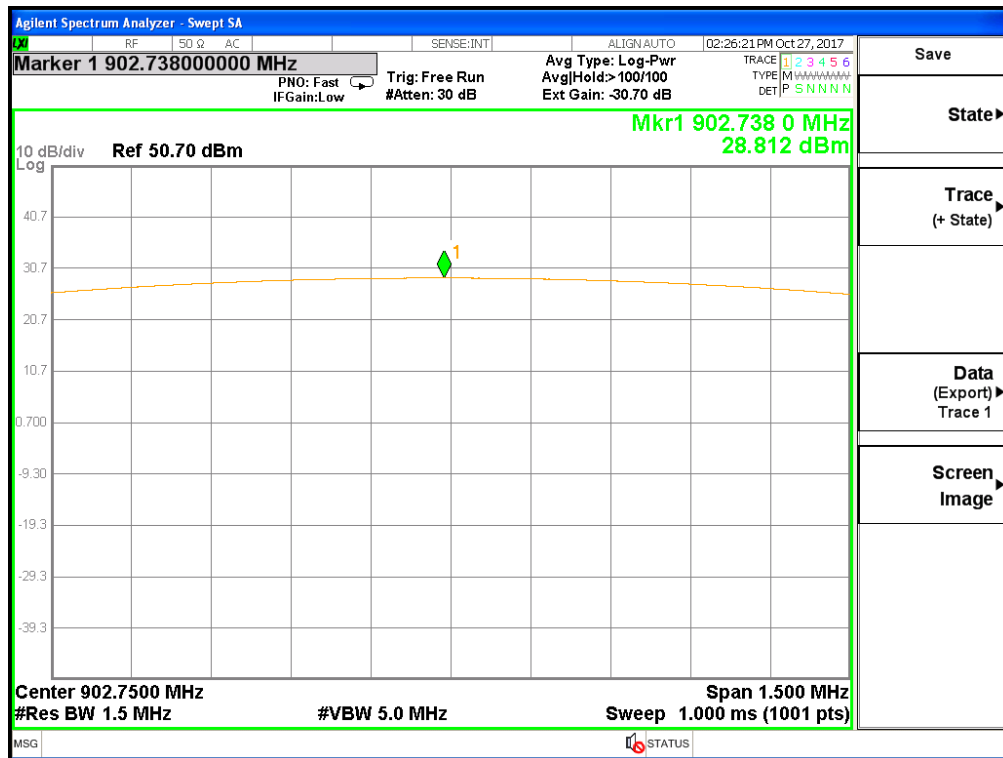
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels

Test Results

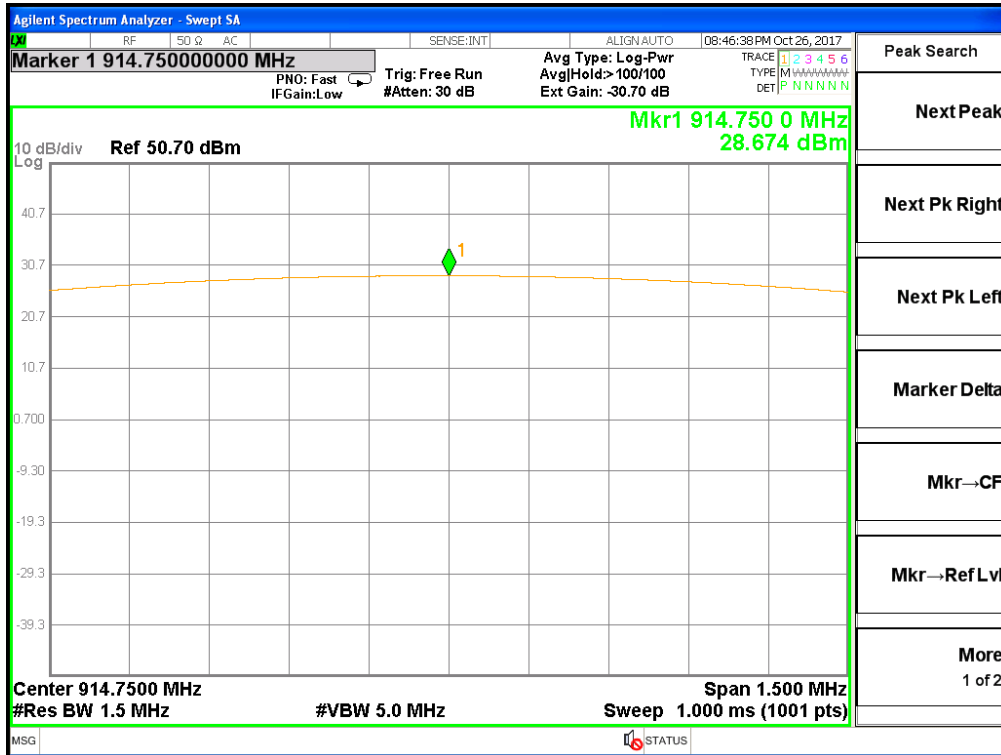
Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Output Power [dBm]	Output power [mW]	Result
Lowest	902.75	28.812	760.68	Complies
Middle	914.75	28.674	736.89	Complies
Highest	927.25	28.902	776.60	Complies

See follow for actual measured spectrum plots.

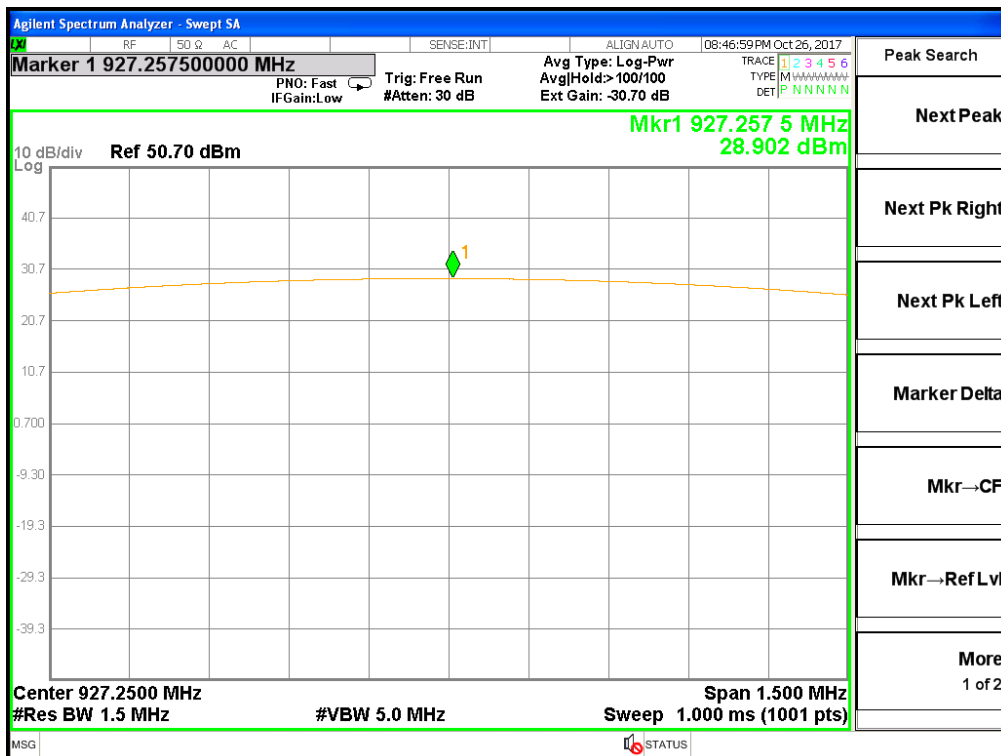
Output Power - Lowest Frequency



Output Power - Middle frequency



Output Power - Highest frequency



4.6 Unwanted Emissions (Conducted)

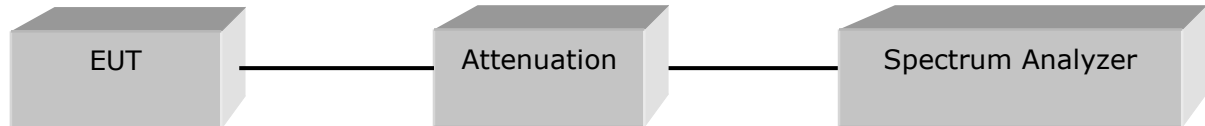
Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.6 / ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.8)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

The bandwidth at 20 dB down from the highest inband spectral density was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT has its hopping function disabled at the highest, middle and the lowest available channels.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

RBW : 100 kHz
Span : 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz
Detector function = peak
Trace : max hold
VBW : 300 kHz
Sweep = auto



Limit

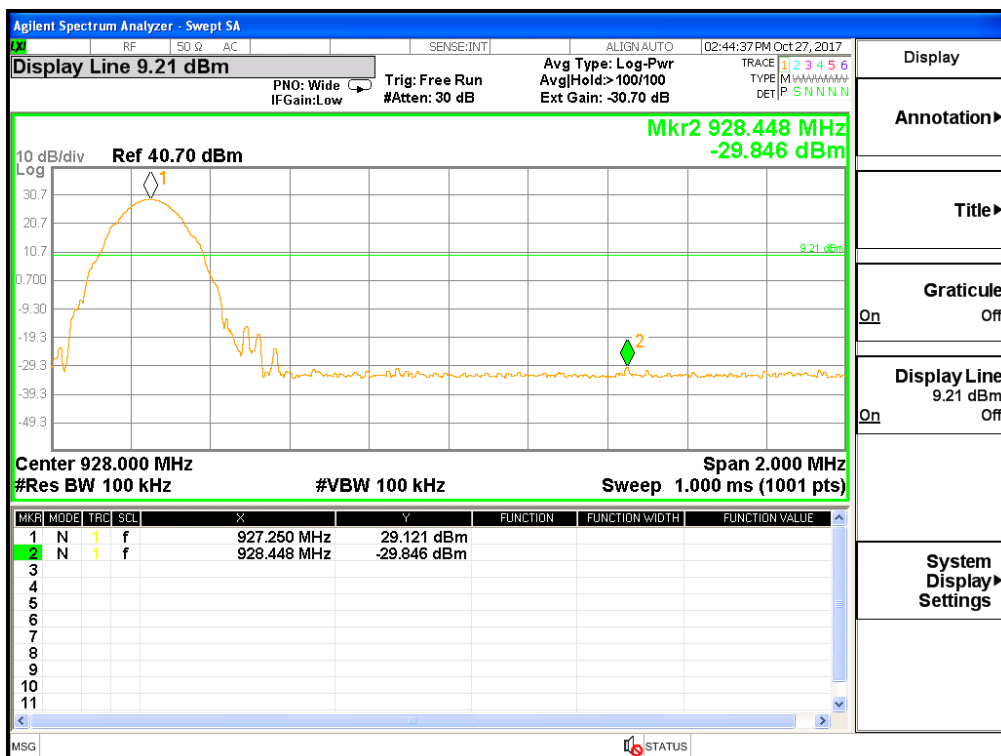
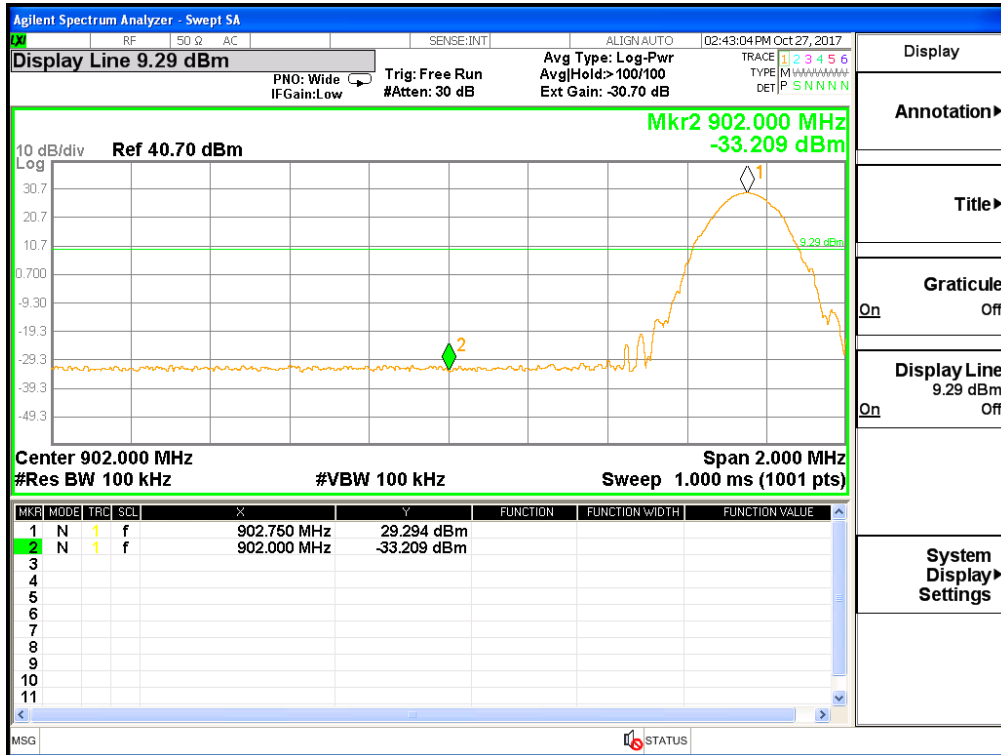
> 20 dBc

Test Results

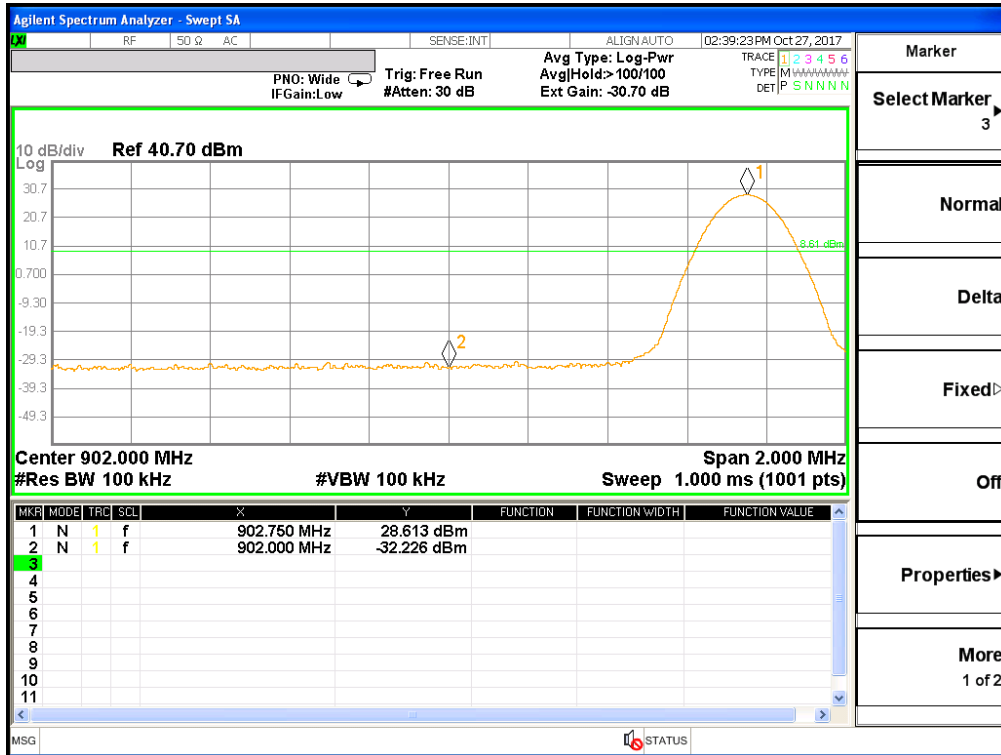
All conducted emission in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the spectrum band was at least 20 dB lower than the highest level of the in-band spectral density.
Therefore the applying equipment meets the requirement.

See follow for actual measured spectrum plots.

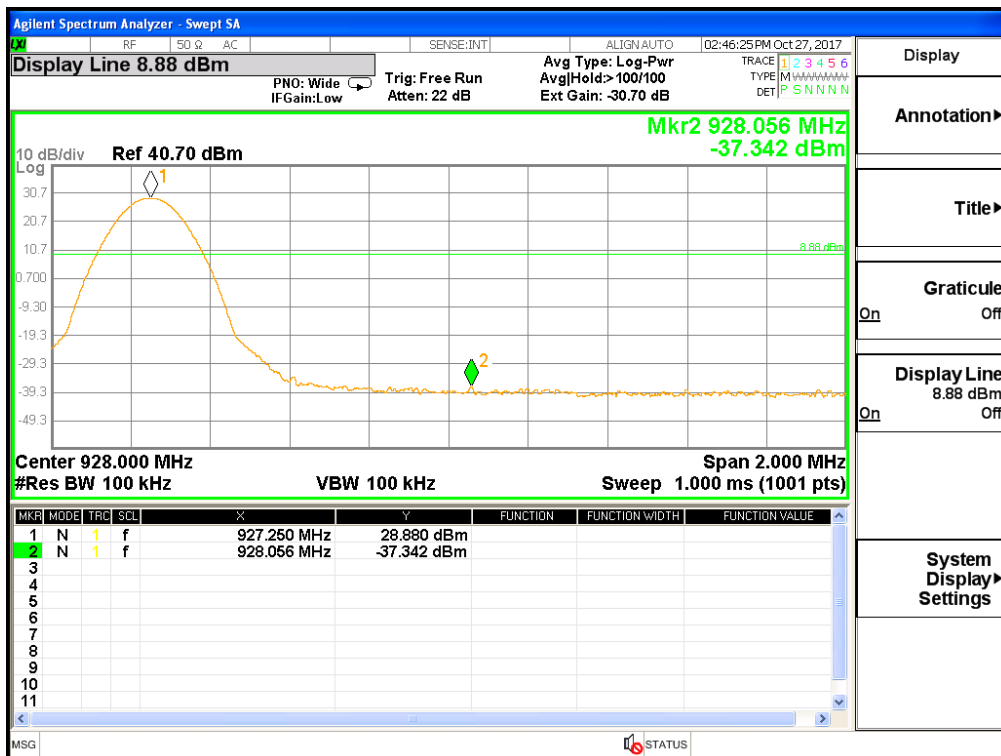
Band Edge - Hopping mode



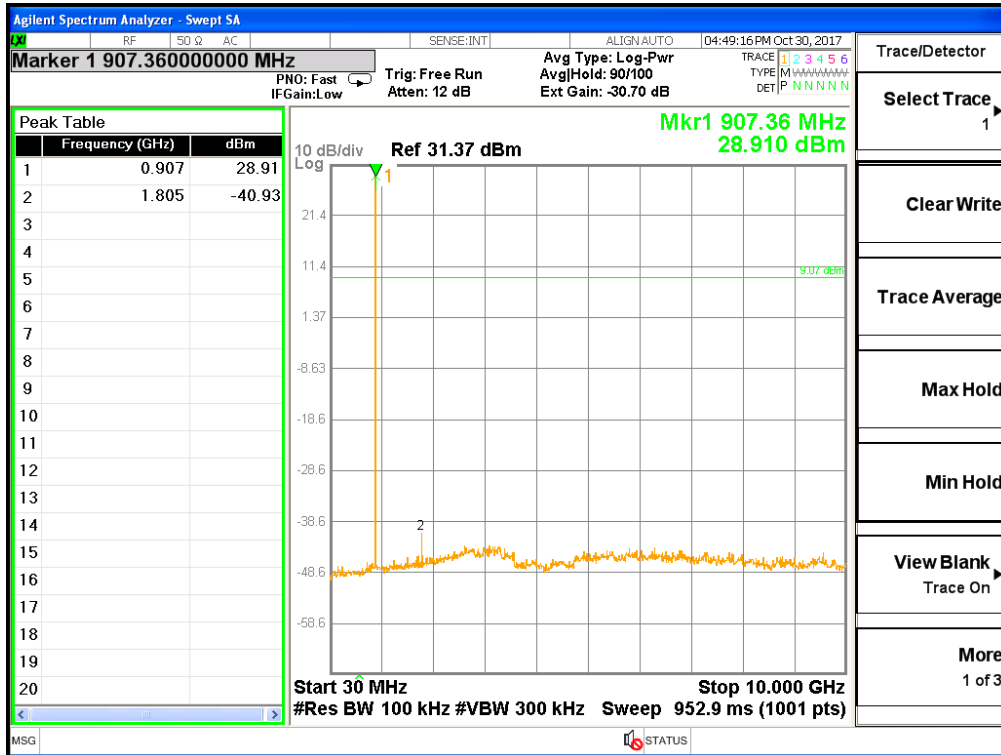
Band Edge - Lowest frequency



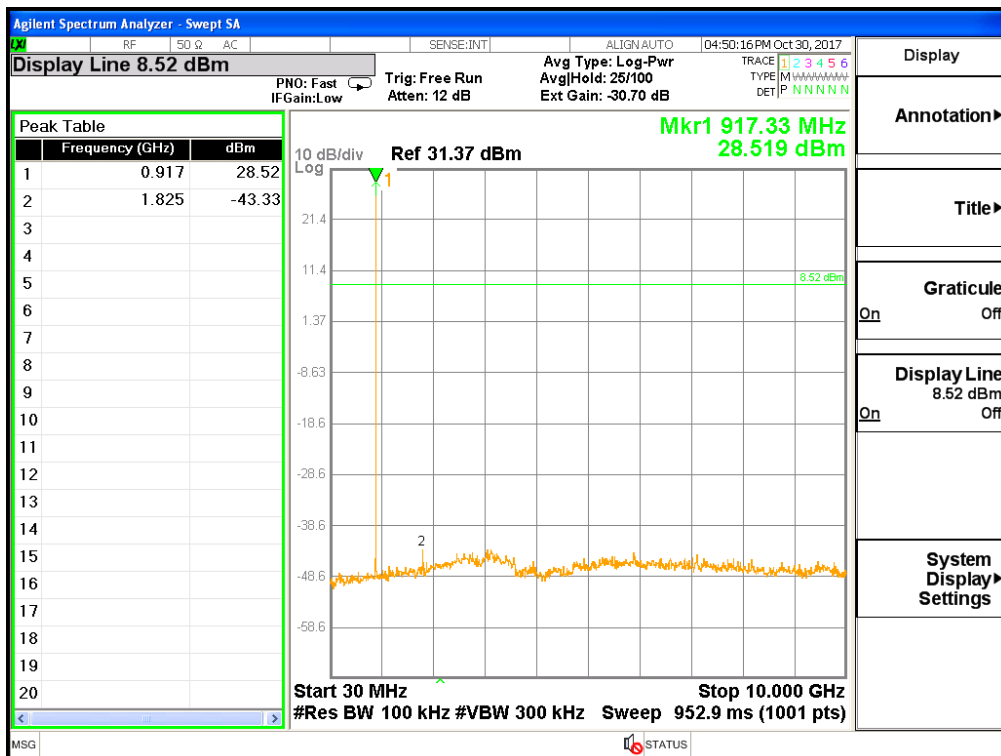
Band Edge - Highest frequency



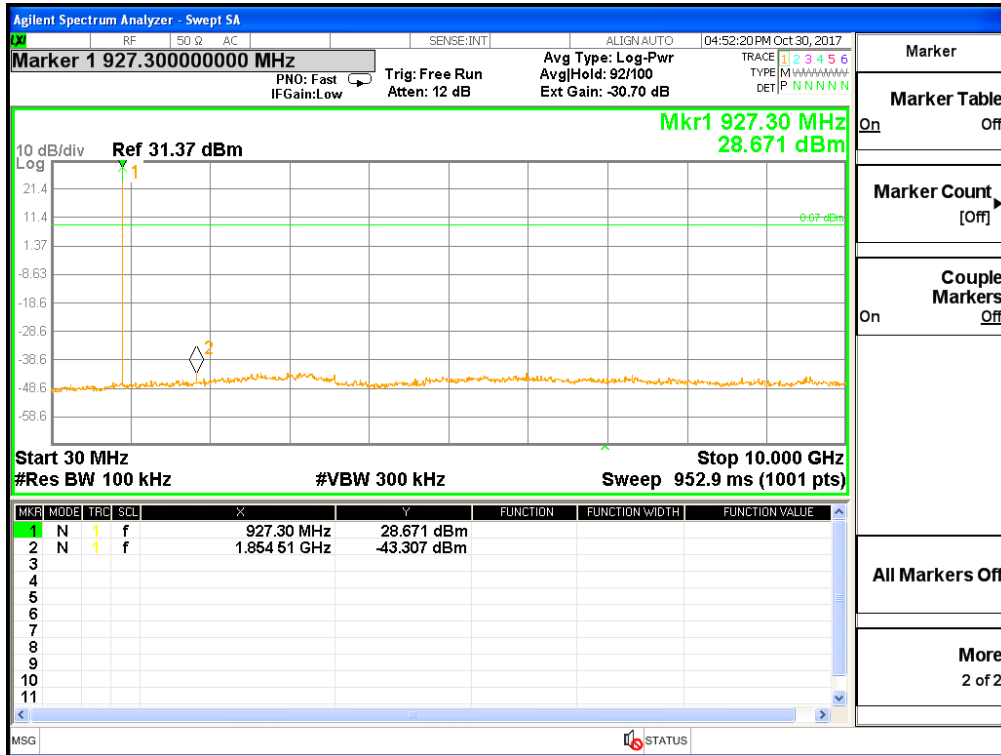
Spurious Emission - Lowest frequency



Spurious Emission - Middle frequency



Spurious Emission - Highest frequency



4.7 Radiated Emission

Test Location

- ☒ 10 m SAC (test distance : ☐ 10 m, ☒ 3 m)
☒ 3 m SAC (test distance : 3 m)

Test Procedures

- 1) In the frequency range of 9 kHz to 30 MHz, magnetic field is measured with Loop Antenna. The center of the Loop Test Antenna is 1m above the ground. During the measurement the Loop Test Antenna rotates about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT.
- 2) In the frequency range above 30 MHz, Bi-Log Test Antenna(30 MHz to 1 GHz) and Horn Test Antenna(above 1 GHz) are used. Test Antenna is 3m away from the EUT. Test Antenna height is carried from 1m to 4m above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. The emissions levels at both horizontal and vertical polarizations should be tested.

Instrument Settings

Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 10 GHz (900 MHz 10th harmonic)

- a) RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz, 9 kHz for $f < 30$ MHz
- b) VBW \geq RBW
- c) Sweep time = auto couple

Limit :

Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands of Table 1 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

FCC Part 15 § 15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

Table 1. Restricted Frequency Bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.09-0.11	8.37626-8.38675	73-74.6	399.9-410	2690-2900	10.6-12.7
¹ 0.495-0.505	8.41425-8.41475	74.8-75.2	608-614	3260-3267	13.25-13.4
2.1735-2.1905	12.29-12.293	108-121.94	960-1240	3332-3339	14.47-14.5
4.125-4.128	12.51975-12.52025	123-138	1300-1427	3345.8-3358	15.35-16.2
4.17725-4.17775	12.57675-12.57725	149.9-150.05	1435-1626.5	3600-4400	17.7-21.4
4.20725-4.20775	13.36-13.41	156.52475-156.52525	1645.5-1646.5	4500-5150	22.01-23.12
6.215-6.218	16.42-16.423	156.7-156.9	1660-1710	5350-5460	23.6-24
6.26775-6.26825	16.69475-16.69525	162.0125-167.17	1718.8-1722.2	7250-7750	31.2-31.8
6.31175-6.31225	16.80425-16.80475	167.72-173.2	2200-2300	8025-8500	36.43-36.5
8.291-8.294	25.5-25.67	240-285	2310-2390	9000-9200	² Above 38.6
8.362-8.366	37.5-38.25	322-335.4	2483.5-2500	9300-9500	

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

§ 15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

FCC Part 15 § 15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table :

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table 2. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

Table 2. General Field Strength Limits for Licence-Exempt Transmitters

Frequency(MHz)	Field Strength uV/m@3m	Field Strength dBuV/m@3m	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	-	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	-	30
1.705-30	30	-	30
30-88	100**	40	3
88-216	150**	43.5	3
216-960	200**	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

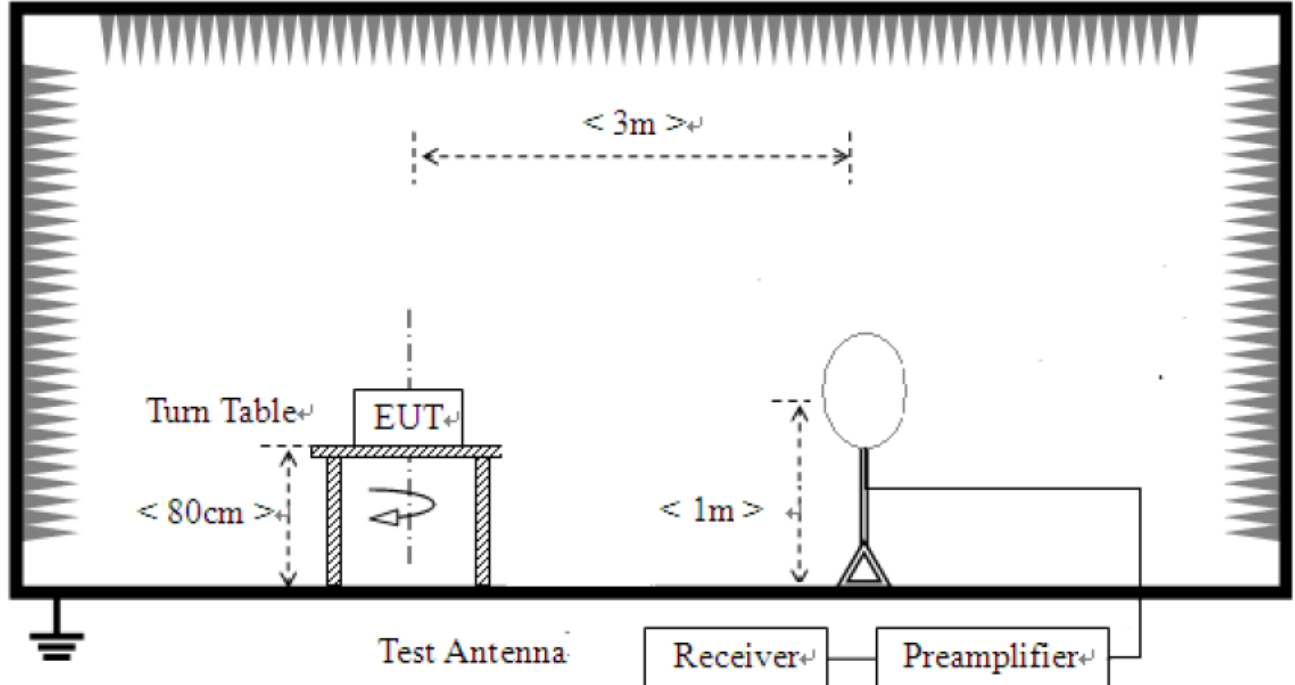
** Except as provided in 15.209(g).fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72MHz, 76-88MHz, 174-216MHz, 470-806MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g.15.231 and 15.241.

Note :

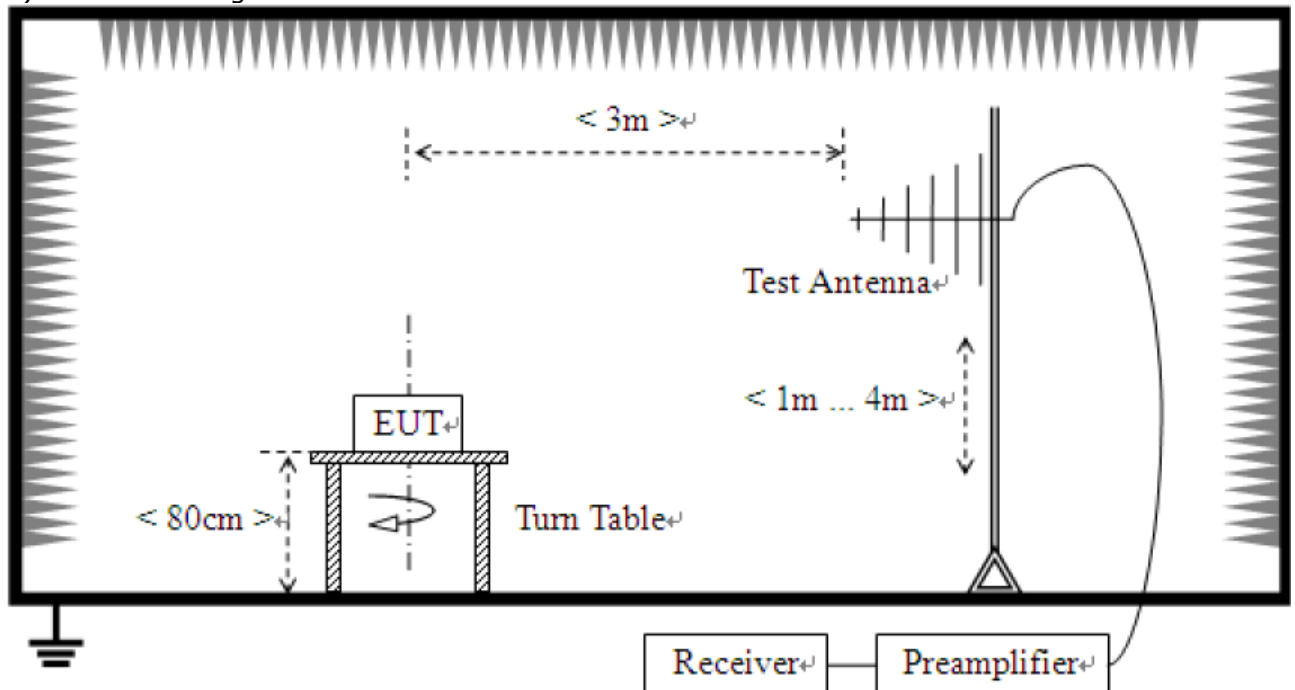
- 1) For above 1 GHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- 2) For above 1 GHz, limit field strength of harmonics : 54 dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74 dBuV/m@3m (PK)
- 3) For measurement above 1GHz, the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz and video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurement and 10 Hz for average measurement.(Duty Cycle is > 98%,)
- 4) Duty Cycle is < 98%, VBW setting will need to > 1/T.

Test Setup:

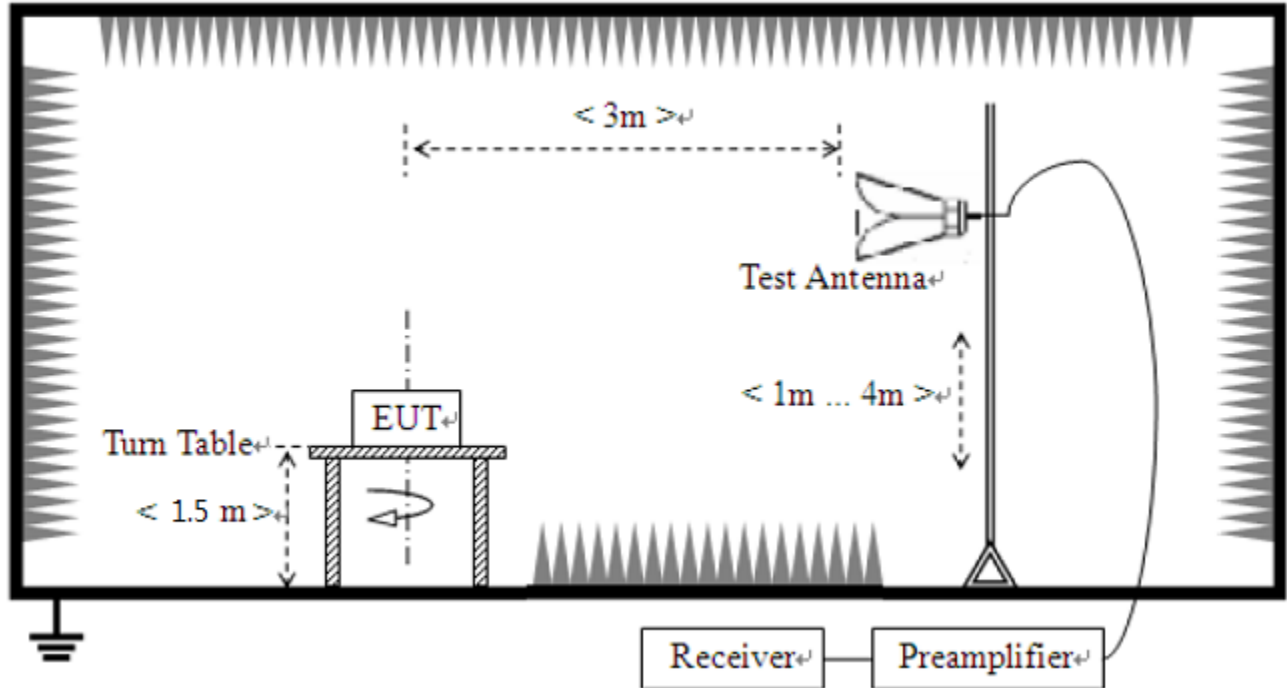
1) For field strength of emissions from 9 kHz to 30 MHz



2) For field strength of emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz



3) For field strength of emissions above 1 GHz



Test results

1) 9 kHz to 30 MHz

The requirements are:

☒ Complies

Frequency (MHz)	Measured Data (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
-	-	-	See note

Note :

The amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log (\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$ (dB)

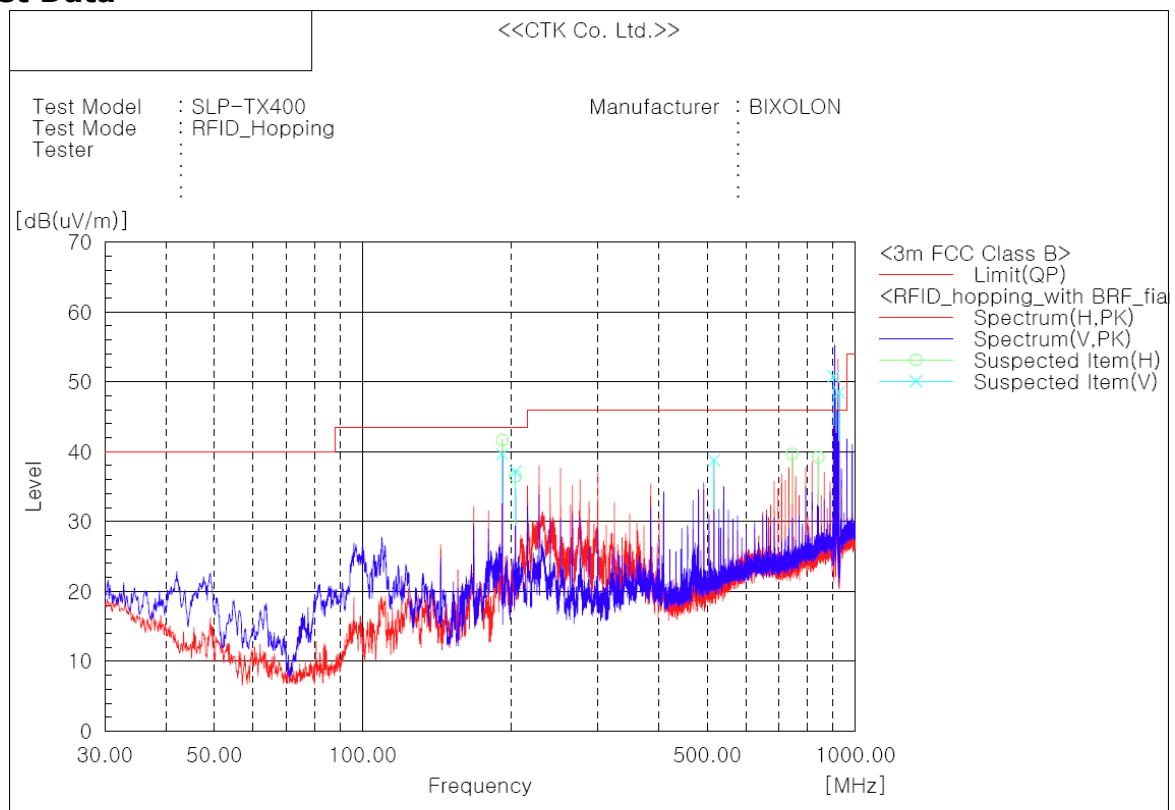
2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Test mode : Hopping Mode

The requirements are:

☒ Complies

Test Data



Spectrum Selection

No.	Frequency [MHz]	(P)	Reading [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB(1/m)]	Result PK [dB(uV/m)]	Limit QP [dB(uV/m)]	Margin QP [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [deg]
1	192.111	H	55.8	-14.1	41.7	43.5	1.8	100.0	322.0
2	192.111	V	53.7	-14.1	39.6	43.5	3.9	101.0	195.0
3	744.769	H	38.3	1.4	39.7	46.0	6.3	100.0	61.0
4	204.236	V	51.0	-13.8	37.2	43.5	6.3	200.0	60.0
5	841.041	H	35.8	3.4	39.2	46.0	6.8	100.0	87.0
6	204.236	H	50.3	-13.8	36.5	43.5	7.0	100.0	322.0
7	516.576	V	41.3	-2.5	38.8	46.0	7.2	101.0	326.0
8	902.757	V	46.1	4.7	50.8	46.0	-4.8	101.0	169.0
9	927.371	V	43.3	5.2	48.5	46.0	-2.5	200.0	112.0

Remark :

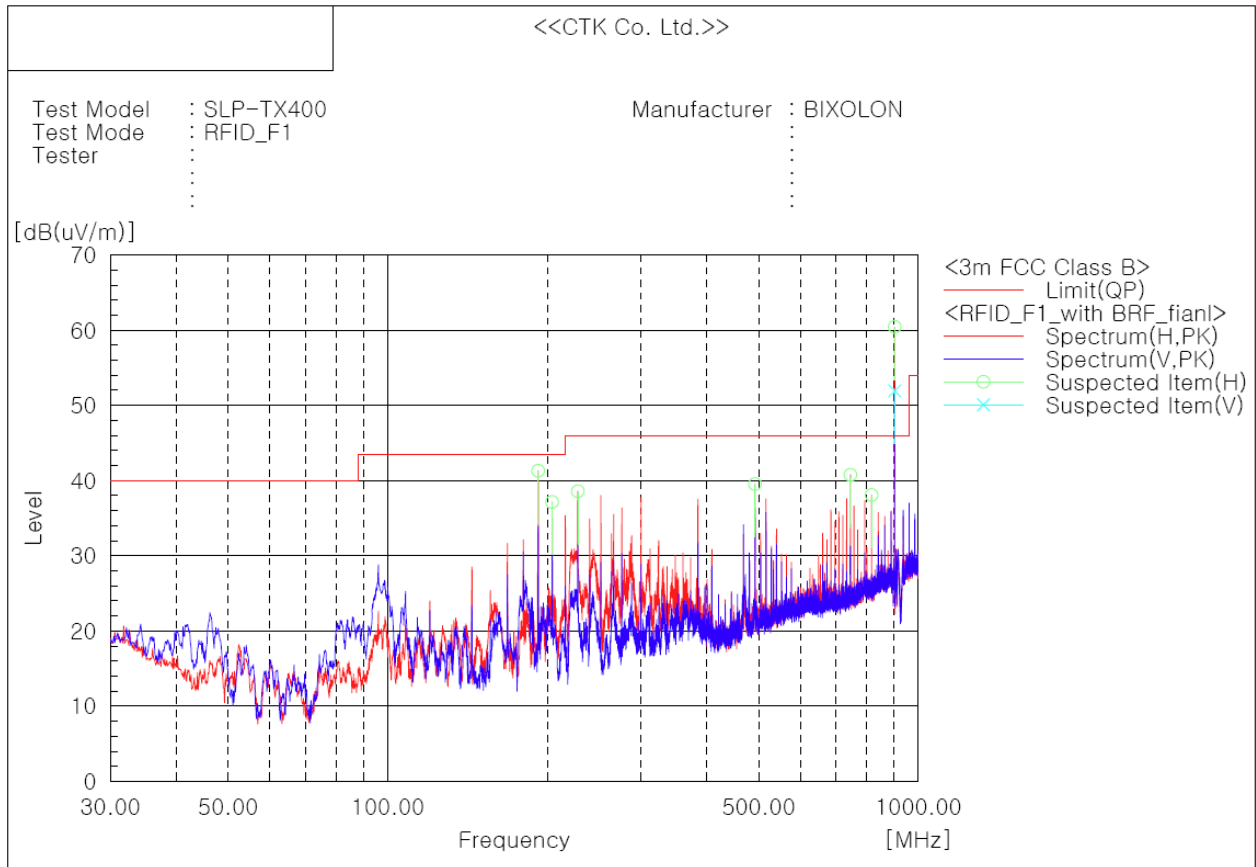
1. The Unwanted emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position(Z axis), lie-down position(X,Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position(y axis) and the worst case was recorded.
2. Result = Reading + c.f(correction factor)
3. Correction factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss + 6 dB attenuator - Amp Gain
4. This data is the Peak(PK) value.
5. No.8 and No.9 are the carrier frequencies.

Test mode : Lowest frequency(Worst case)

The requirements are:

☒ Complies

Test Data



Spectrum Selection

No.	Frequency [MHz]	(P)	Reading [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB(1/m)]	Result PK [dB(uV/m)]	Limit QP [dB(uV/m)]	Margin QP [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [deg]
1	192.111	H	55.4	-14.1	41.3	43.5	2.2	200.0	0.0
2	204.115	H	51.0	-13.8	37.2	43.5	6.3	200.0	0.0
3	228.244	H	50.1	-11.5	38.6	46.0	7.4	200.0	0.0
4	492.569	H	42.6	-3.1	39.5	46.0	6.5	200.0	33.0
5	744.890	H	39.4	1.4	40.8	46.0	5.2	100.0	91.0
6	816.913	H	35.2	2.9	38.1	46.0	7.9	100.0	91.0
7	902.879	H	55.7	4.7	60.4	46.0	-14.4	200.0	321.0
8	902.879	V	47.2	4.7	51.9	46.0	-5.9	200.0	39.0

Remark :

1. The Unwanted emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position(Z axis), lie-down position(X,Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position(y axis) and the worst case was recorded.
2. Result = Reading + c.f(correction factor)
3. Correction factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss + 6 dB attenuator - Amp Gain
4. This data is the Peak(PK) value.
5. No.7 and No.8 are the carrier frequencies.

3) above 1 GHz

The requirements are:

☒ Complies

Test Data

Test mode : Lowest frequency(902.75 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. (V/H)	Reading* [dBuV/m]	c.f [dB/m]	Result [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Remark
1 067	V	50.12	-9.4	40.74	54	13.26	Peak
1 200	V	56.46	-6.4	50.06	54	3.94	Peak

Test mode : Middle frequency(914.75 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. (V/H)	Reading* [dBuV/m]	c.f [dB/m]	Result [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Remark
1 066	V	49.37	-9.4	39.99	54	14.01	Peak
1 193	V	53.09	-7.5	45.54	54	8.46	Peak
1 200	V	55.81	-6.4	49.41	54	4.59	Peak

Test mode : Highest frequency(927.25 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. (V/H)	Reading* [dBuV/m]	c.f [dB/m]	Result [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Remark
1 066	V	48.19	-9.4	38.81	54	15.19	Peak
1 201	V	57.88	-6.4	51.48	54	2.52	Peak

Remarks

1. The Unwanted emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position(Z axis), lie-down position(X,Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position(y axis) and the worst case was recorded.
 2. Result = Reading + c.f(correction factor)
 3. Correction factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss - Amp Gain
- * Reading data is the peak value.

4.8 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

A radio apparatus that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line shall ensure that the radio frequency voltage, which is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz-30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits.

Instrument Settings

IF Band Width: 9 kHz

Test Procedures

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table 0.8m above the metallic, grounded floor and 0.4m from the reference ground plane wall. The distance to other metallic surfaces was at least 0.8m.

Amplitude measurements were performed with a quasi-peak detector and an average detector.

Limit

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average**
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

* The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

** A linear average detector is required.

Test Results

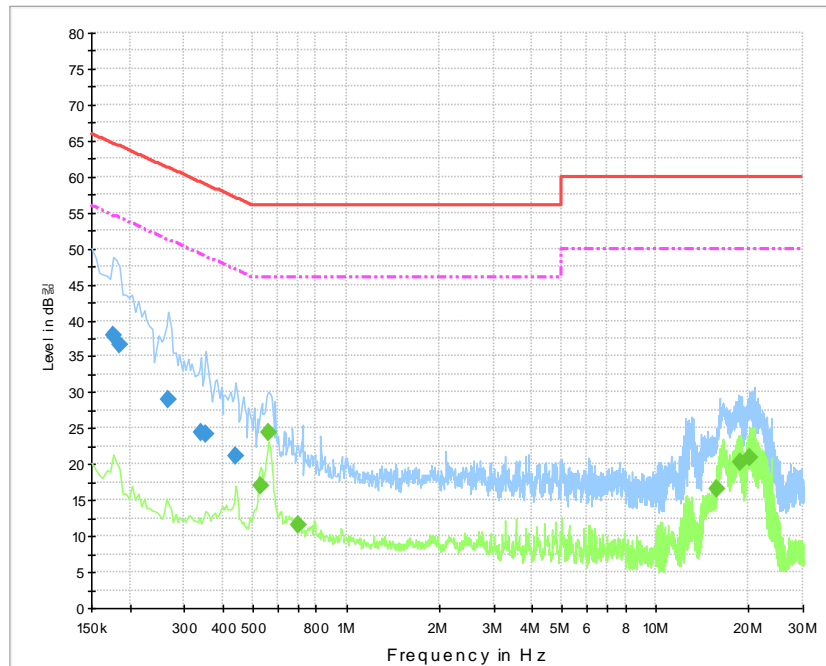
The requirements are:

☒ Complies

Test Data

Test mode : Hopping Mode, L1

Class B_L1



Final Result 1

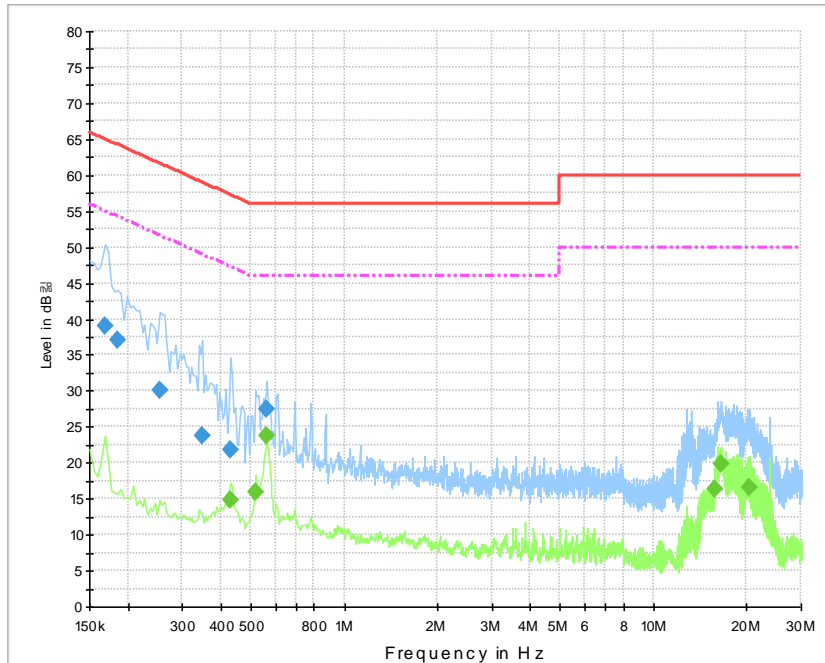
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV)
0.177000	37.8	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	26.8	64.6
0.186000	36.6	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	27.6	64.2
0.267000	29.0	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.7	32.3	61.2
0.339000	24.5	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	34.7	59.2
0.352500	24.2	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	34.7	58.9
0.438000	21.1	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	36.0	57.1

Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBuV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV)
0.528000	17.1	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	28.9	46.0
0.564000	24.3	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	21.7	46.0
0.703500	11.5	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	34.5	46.0
15.828000	16.7	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	33.3	50.0
18.708000	20.3	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	29.7	50.0
20.170500	20.9	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	29.1	50.0

Test mode : Hopping Mode, NEUTRAL

Class B_N



Final Result 1

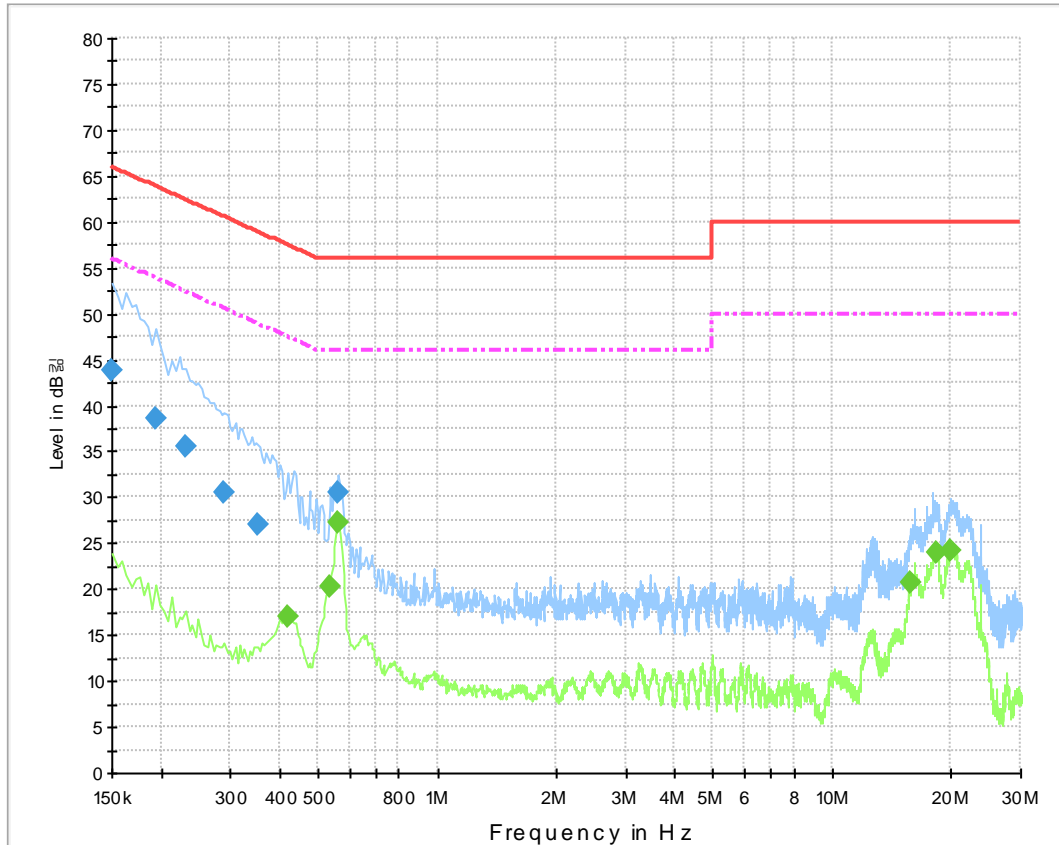
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV)
0.168000	38.9	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.8	26.1	65.1
0.186000	37.0	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	27.3	64.2
0.253500	30.0	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.6	31.6	61.6
0.348000	23.8	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.8	35.2	59.0
0.429000	21.7	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	35.6	57.3
0.564000	27.6	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	28.4	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBuV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV)
0.429000	14.8	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	32.5	47.3
0.519000	15.8	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	30.2	46.0
0.564000	23.8	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	22.2	46.0
15.805500	16.3	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.0	33.7	50.0
16.503000	19.8	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.0	30.2	50.0
20.503500	16.7	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.1	33.3	50.0

Test mode : Lowest frequency(Worst case), L1

Class B_L1



Final Result 1

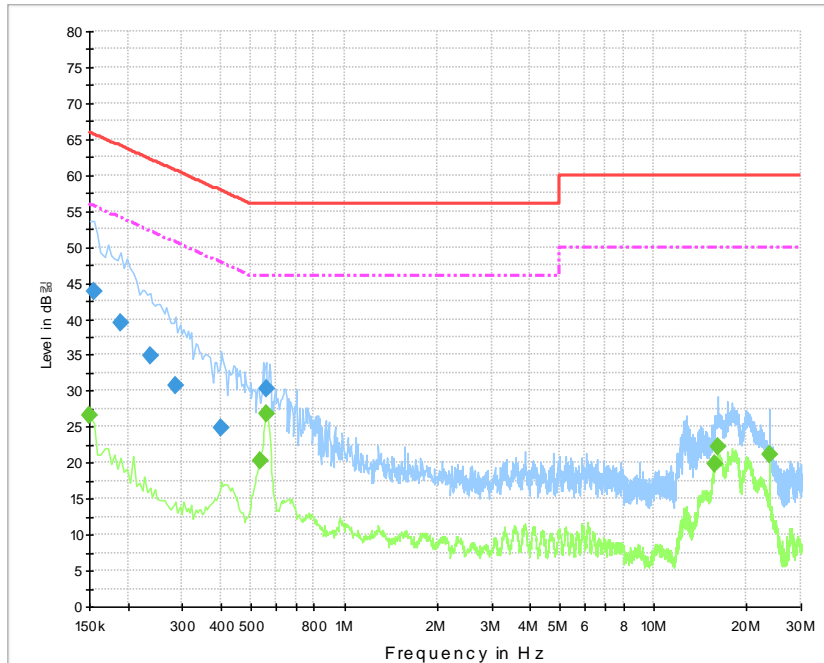
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV)
0.150000	43.9	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.7	22.1	66.0
0.195000	38.6	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	25.2	63.8
0.231000	35.5	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.7	26.9	62.4
0.289500	30.6	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.7	29.9	60.5
0.352500	27.0	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	31.9	58.9
0.564000	30.6	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	25.4	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBuV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV)
0.420000	17.1	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	30.4	47.4
0.532500	20.4	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	25.6	46.0
0.564000	27.3	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	18.7	46.0
15.873000	20.7	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	29.3	50.0
18.307500	24.0	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.9	26.0	50.0
20.013000	24.2	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	25.8	50.0

Test mode : Lowest frequency(Worst case), NEUTRAL

Class B_N



Final Result 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV)
0.154500	43.9	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.8	21.9	65.8
0.190500	39.5	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	24.5	64.0
0.235500	34.9	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.7	27.4	62.3
0.285000	30.8	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.7	29.9	60.7
0.402000	24.9	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	32.9	57.8
0.559500	30.3	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	25.7	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBuV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV)
0.150000	26.6	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.8	29.4	56.0
0.532500	20.3	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	25.7	46.0
0.564000	26.8	1000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	19.2	46.0
15.841500	19.8	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.0	30.2	50.0
16.242000	22.2	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.0	27.8	50.0
23.856000	21.2	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.1	28.8	50.0

4.9 Frequency Hopping System Requirements

Requirements

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses RFID radio which operates in 902-928 MHz band. It uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 50 bands (0.5 MHz each; centered from 902.75 to 927.25 MHz) in the range 902-928 MHz.

EUT Pseudo random Frequency Hopping Sequence

Pseudo random Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:
Channel:

27,26,2,49,48,4,50,36,34,14,33,31,6,5,46,39,25,9,23,40,18,19,3,13,7,20,8,30,24,10,32,
28,16,17,11,45,15,35,29,22,43,12,47,21,44,38,37,41,1,42

The system receiver has input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals

APPENDIX A – Test Equipment Used For Tests

	Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration	Due Date
1	Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY48011598	2016-11-01	2017-11-01
2	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMB100A	175528	2016-11-01	2017-11-01
3	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI7	100814	2016-11-01	2017-11-01
4	Bilog Antenna	Schaffner	CBL6111C	2551	2016-05-13	2018-05-13
5	Active Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1513	1513-126	2016-05-25	2018-05-25
6	6dB Attenuator	Rohde & Schwarz	DNF	272.4110.50-2	2017-10-25	2018-10-25
7	6dB Attenuator	Rohde & Schwarz	DNF	272.4110.50-1	2017-02-03	2018-02-03
8	AMPLIFIER	SONOMA	310	291721	2017-02-02	2018-02-02
9	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	100336	2017-05-12	2018-05-12
10	Preamplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02011	2016-12-01	2017-12-01
11	Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3117	00154525	2017-09-14	2019-09-14
12	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	100336	2017-05-12	2018-05-12
13	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101760	2017-02-03	2018-02-03
14	Band Reject Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	WRCG902/930-894/938-50/12SS	SN1	2017-02-06	2018-02-06

APPENDIX B – EUT Photographs

