

Appendix B. Maximum Permissible Exposure

FCC ID: U4P-CGNM Page No. : B1 of B3



1. Maximum Permissible Exposure

1.1. Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2 m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m) | Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m) | Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²) | Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes) |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 0.3-3.0 | 614 | 1.63 | (100)* | 6 |
| 3.0-30 | 1842 / f | 4.89 / f | (900 / f)* | 6 |
| 30-300 | 61.4 | 0.163 | 1.0 | 6 |
| 300-1500 | | | F/300 | 6 |
| 1500-100,000 | | | 5 | 6 |

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m) | Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m) | Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²) | Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes) |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 0.3-1.34 | 614 | 1.63 | (100)* | 30 |
| 1.34-30 | 824/f | 2.19/f | (180/f)* | 30 |
| 30-300 | 27.5 | 0.073 | 0.2 | 30 |
| 300-1500 | | | F/1500 | 30 |
| 1500-100,000 | | | 1.0 | 30 |

Note: f = frequency in MHz; *Plane-wave equivalent power density

1.2. MPE Calculation Method

E (V/m) =
$$\frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 Power Density: Pd (W/m²) = $\frac{E^2}{377}$

 \mathbf{E} = Electric field (V/m)

P = Average RF output power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.

FCC ID: U4P-CGNM Page No. : B2 of B3



Report No.: FR431033

1.3. Calculated Result and Limit

For 5GHz UNII Band:

Antenna Type: PIFA Antenna

Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11ac VHT40: 16.81dBm

| Antenna Gain (dBi) | Antenna Gain (numeric) | Average Output Power (dBm) | Average Output Power (mW) | Power Density (S) (mW/cm²) | Limit of Power Density (\$) (mW/cm²) | Test Result |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------|
| 3.10 | 2.0417 | 16.8110 | 47.9847 | 0.019501 | 1 | Complies |

For 5GHz ISM Band:

Antenna Type: PIFA Antenna

Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11ac VHT20: 29.23dBm

| Antenna Gain (dBi) | Antenna Gain (numeric) | Average Output Power (dBm) | Average Output Power (mW) | Power Density (S) (mW/cm²) | Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²) | Test Result |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------|
| 5.60 | 3.6308 | 29.2273 | 836.9994 | 0.604889 | 1 | Complies |

For 2.4GHz Band:

Antenna Type: PCB Antenna

Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11n HT20: 27.41 dBm

| Antenna Gain (dBi) | Antenna Gain (numeric) | Average Output Power (dBm) | Average Output Power (mW) | Power Density (S) (mW/cm²) | Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²) | Test Result |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------|
| 4.48 | 2.8054 | 27.4063 | 550.3441 | 0.307316 | 1 | Complies |

CONCULSION:

Both of the WLAN 2.4GHz Band and WLAN 5GHz Band can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 +etc. < 1

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore, the worst-case situation is 0.307316 / 1 + 0.604889 / 1 = 0.912205, which is less than "1". This confirmed that the device comply with FCC 1.1310 MPE limit.

FCC ID: U4P-CGNM Page No. : B3 of B3