



Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) Test Report

FCC Part15 Subpart E

Product Name: Mobile Computer

Model No. : MEMOR K

FCC ID : U4GMEMKUS

IC 3862E-MEMKUS

Applicant: Datalogic S.r.I.

Address: Via San Vitalino no.13, Calderara di Reno

-40012(BO)-Itlay

Date of Receipt: Apr. 15, 2020

Test Date : Apr. 16, 2020 ~ May. 22, 2020

Issued Date : Jul. 06, 2020

Report No. : 2040625R-RF-FCC-DFS

Report Version : V1.0

The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.

The measurement result is considered in conformance with the requirement if it is within the prescribed limit, It is not necessary to account the uncertainty associated with the measurement result, unless the specification, standard or customer have special requirements

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DFS Test Report

Issued Date: Jul. 06, 2020

Report No.: 2040625R-RF-FCC-DFS



Product Name : Mobile Computer Applicant : Datalogic S.r.I.

Address : Via San Vitalino no.13, Calderara di Reno -40012(BO)-Itlay

Manufacturer : Datalogic S.r.I.

Address : Via San Vitalino no.13, Calderara di Reno -40012(BO)-Itlay

Model No. : MEMOR K
Trademark : Datalogic
EUT Voltage : 3.8 Vdc

Applicable Standard : RSS-Gen Issue 5; RSS-247 Issue 2

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E

KDB 905462 D02 v02; KDB 905462 D03 v01r02

Test Result : Pass

Performed Location : DEKRA Testing & Certification (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park, Suzhou, 215006,

Jiangsu, China

TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098

FCC Designation Number: CN1199 ISED CAB identifier: CN0040

(5250~5350MHz; ☐ Slaver device with radar detection function 5470~5725MHz) ☐ Slaver device without radar detection function

Documented By :

(Project Assistant: Kitty Li)

Reviewed By : trank he

(Technical Supervisor: Frank He)

Approved By :

(Supervisor: Jack Zhang)



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Des	cription	Page
1.	GENERAL INFORMATION	2
1.1.	EUT Description	2
1.2.	Antenna information	5
1.3.	UNII Device Description	7
1.4.	Test Equipment	8
1.5.	Test Setup	8
1.6.	Limits	10
1.7.	Client Device requreiment	16
1.8.	Radar Waveform Calibration	17
1.9.	Radar Waveform Calibration Result	18
2.	Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	22
2.1.	Test Procedure	22
2.2.	Test Requirement	22
2.3.	Uncertainty	22
2.4.	Test Result of Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	23



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	Mobile Computer						
Model No.	MEMOR K						
Software version	0.01	.02.20200513					
Hardware version	V00	(US)					
EUT Voltage	3.8 \	√dc					
Test Voltage	3.8 \	/dc					
Type of Modulation	OFD	M-BPSK, QPSK, 16	Q٨	M, 6	64QAM, 128QAM,	256	QAM
Data Rate	802.	11a: 6/9/12/18/24/36	3/48	3/54 ľ	Mbps		
	802.	11n: up to 150Mbps					
	802.11ac: up to 433.3Mbps						
Channel Control	Auto)					
Transmit modes		802.11a	\geq	3 80	02.11n(20MHz)	\boxtimes	802.11n(40MHz)
		802.11ac(20MHz)	\triangleright	3 80	02.11ac(40MHz)	\boxtimes	802.11ac(80MHz)
Support Bands		Outdoor AP					
				☐ Indoor AP			
		5150MHz~5250MHz		Fixed point-to-point AP			
				Fixed point-to-Multi point AP			
				Mobile and Portable Client			
		5250MHz~5350MHz					
		5470MHz~5725MHz ⊠ With TDWR Channels for FCC □ Without TDWR Channels		s			
				☐ Without TDWR Channels			
		5470MHz~5600MHz, 5650MHz~5725MHz for ISED					
		5725MHz~5850MHz					
Master							
Product Name	Wireless-AX6000 Dual Band Gigabit Router						
Model No.	RT-AX88U						
FCC ID	MSQ-RTAXHP00						



1.2. Antenna information

Antenna model	N/A						
Antenna Delivery	\boxtimes	1*TX+1*R	RΧ		2*TX+2*RX		3*TX+3*RX
Antenna technology	\boxtimes	SISO	SISO				
				Basic			
		MIMO		CDD			
				Beam	-forming		
Antenna Type		External		Dipole			
			\boxtimes	PIFA			
				РСВ			
		⊠ Internal		Ceran	nic Chip Antenna		
				Stamp	oing Antenna		
				Metal antenna			
				Mono	pole antenna		
Antenna Gain	1.68 dBi						



Working Frequency of Each Channel:

802.11a/n/ac(20MHz) Working Frequency of Each Channel:							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180 MHz	40	5200 MHz	44	5220 MHz	48	5240 MHz
52	5260MHz	56	5280 MHz	60	5300 MHz	64	5320 MHz
100	5500MHz	104	5520 MHz	108	5540 MHz	112	5550 MHz
116	5580MHz	120	5600MHz	124	5620MHz	128	5640MHz
132	5660 MHz	136	5680 MHz	140	5700 MHz	149	5745 MHz
153	5765 MHz	157	5785 MHz	161	5805 MHz	165	5825MHz
802.11n/ac	802.11n/ac(40MHz) Working Frequency of Each Channel:						
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190 MHz	46	5230 MHz	54	5270 MHz	62	5310 MHz
102	5510 MHz	110	5550 MHz	118	5590 MHz	126	5630 MHz
134	5670 MHz	151	5755 MHz	159	5795 MHz	N/A	N/A
802.11ac(8	802.11ac(80MHz) Working Frequency of Each Channel:						
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
42	5210 MHz	58	5290 MHz	106	5530MHz	122	5610 MHz
155	5775 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



1.3. UNII Device Description

The UUT operates in the following band:

- 1. 5250-5350 MHz
- 2. 5470-5725 MHz for FCC, 5470-5600 MHz and 5650-5725 MHz for ISED

The UUT is a Client Device that does not have radar detection capability and ad-hoc function. The highest gain antenna assembly utilized with the EUT has a maximum gain of 1.68dBi in 5GHz frequency band. The 50-ohm Tx/Rx antenna port is connected to the test system to perform conducted tests. TPC is not required since the maximum EIRP is less than 500mW (27dBm).

The UUT utilizes 802.11a/n/ac IP based architecture. Three nominal channel bandwidths, 20 MHz, 40MHz and 80MHz are implemented.

WLAN traffic is generated by streaming the video file "TestFile.mp2" from the Master device to the Slave device in full motion video mode using the "Nero Show Time 3" with the V3.0.1.3 Codec package.

The master device is an ASUS 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax Access Point. The ASUS Access Point FCC ID: MSQ-RTAXHP00

The UUT is a client device without radar detection therefore the interference threshold level is not required.

Statement: Information regarding the parameters of the detected Radar Waveforms is not available to the end user.



1.4. Test Equipment

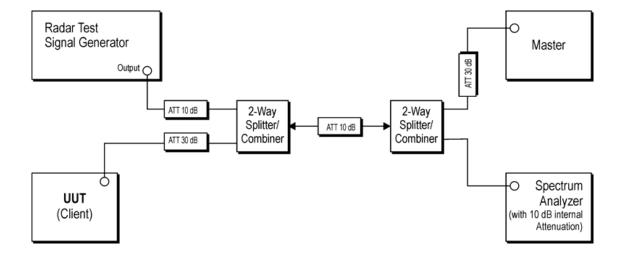
Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) / TR-8

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No	Cal. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY48030494	2020.09.27
ESG Vector Signal		E44000	N. / / 0.070 / 0.0	0000 00 00
Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2020.09.29

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No
Splitter/Combiner (Qty: 2)	Mini-Circuits	ZAPD-50W 4.2-6.0 GHz	NN256400424
Splitter/Combiner (Qty: 2)	MCLI	PS3-7	4463/4464
ATT (Qty: 1)	Mini-Circuits	VAT-30+	30912
Laptop PC	Asus	N80V	8BN0AS226971468
RF Cable (Qty: 6)	Mini-Circuits	N/A	DFS-1~6

Software	Manufacturer	Function
N7607C	Keysight	Radar Signal Generation Software
DFS Tool	Agilent	DFS Test Software

1.5. Test Setup





DFS Set-up Photo: Slave and Spectrum Analyzer





1.6. Limits

According to §15.407(h), 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v01, 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02 and FCC 14-30 APPENDIX "COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR UNLICENSED NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEVICES OPERATING IN THE 5250-5350 MHz AND 5470-5725MHz BANDS INCORPORATING DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION".

Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

	Operational Mode				
Requirement	N/aatau	Client (without radar	Client (with radar		
	Master	detection)	detection)		
Non-Occupancy	Vaa	Not Deguired	Voo		
Period	Yes	Not Required	Yes		
DFS Detection	Vaa	Not Deguired	Vac		
Threshold	Yes	Not Required	Yes		
Channel Availability	Vaa	Not Deguired	Not Deguined		
Check Time	Yes	Not Required	Not Required		
U-NII Detection	Vaa	Not Deguired	Vac		
Bandwidth	Yes	Not Required	Yes		

Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

	Operational Mode			
Requirement	Master or Client (with radar	Client (without radar detection)		
	detection)	Cheff (without radal detection)		
DFS Detection	Yes	Not Poquirod		
Threshold	res	Not Required		
Channel Closing	Yes	Yes		
Transmission Time	res	res		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes		
U-NII Detection	Yes	Not required		
Bandwidth	165	Not required		

Page: 10 of 23



Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	Client (without radar detection)
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required

Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in all 20 MHz channel blocks and a null frequencies between the bonded 20 MHz channel blocks.



DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With Radar Detection

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (see note)	
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral	00 ID	
density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the	00 ID	
power spectral density requirement	-62 dBm	

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response. Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

DFS Response requirement values

Parameter	Value	
Non-Occupancy Period	Minimum 30 minutes	
Channel Availability Check Time	60 Seconds	
Oh a sa a l Massa Tima	10 Seconds	
Channel Move Time	(See Note1)	
	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	milliseconds over remaining 10 second period.	
	(See Notes 1 and 2)	
LI NIII Data atian Dan duridh	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	power bandwidth. See Note 3.	

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.



Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Table 5 - Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar	Pulse	PRI	Number of Pulses	Minimum	Minimum
Type	Width	(µsec)		Percentage of	Number
	(µsec)			Successful	of
				Detection	Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note
					1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique	[(1)]	60%	30
		PRI values	360		
		randomly selected	Rounding		
		from the list of 23	19·10 ⁶		
		PRI values in	PRI _{µsec}		
		Table 5a	((- µwc))		
		Test B: 15 unique			
		PRI values			
		randomly selected			
		within the range			
		of 518-3066			
		μ sec, with a			
		minimum			
		increment of 1			
		μ sec,			
		excluding PRI			
		values			
		selected in			
		Test A			
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate	(Radar Types	1-4)		80%	120
Mate 1, Ch.	out Dulos D	Jan Tuna A abaul	I be used for the d	otootion bond	mi dels

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B.

For example if in Short Pulse Radar Type 1 Test B a PRI of 3066 usec is selected, the number of

pulses would be = Roundup
$$\left\{ \left(\frac{1}{360} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{3066} \right) \right\} = \text{Roundup} \left\{ 17.2 \right\} = 18.$$

Page: 13 of 23



Table 5a - Pulse Repetition Intervals Values for Test A

Pulse Repetition Frequency Number	Pulse Repetition Frequency (Pulses Per Second)	Pulse Repetition Interval (Microseconds)	
1	1930. 5	518	
2	1858. 7	538	
3	1792. 1	558	
4	1730. 1	578	
5	1672. 2	598	
6	1618. 1	618	
7	1567. 4	638	
8	1519.8	658	
9	1474. 9	678	
10	1432. 7	698	
11	1392. 8	718	
12	1355	738	
13	1319. 3	758	
14	1285. 3	778	
15	1253. 1	798	
16	1222. 5	818	
17	1193. 3	838	
18	1165. 6	858	
19	1139	878	
20	1113. 6	898	
21	1089. 3	918	
22	1066. 1	938	
23	326. 2	3066	

The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of Short Pulse Radar Types 1-4.

Long Pulse Radar Test Signal

Radar Wavefo	Bursts	Pulses Per Burst	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	8-20	1-3	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	80%	30

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen. Thirty unique waveforms are required for the long pulse radar test signal. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the long pulse radar test signal, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.



Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal

Radar	Pulse	PRI	Hopping	Pulses	Hopping	Minimum	Minimum
Waveform	Width	$(\mu \sec)$	Sequence	Per Hop	Rate	Percentage	Trials
	$(\mu \sec)$		Length		(kHz)	of	
			(msec)			Successful	
						Detection	
6	1	333	300	9	0.333	70%	30

For the Frequency Hopping Radar Type, the same *Burst* parameters are used for each waveform. The hopping sequence is different for each waveform and a 100-length segment is selected from the hopping sequence defined by the following algorithm:

The first frequency in a hopping sequence is selected randomly from the group of 475 integer frequencies from 5250 – 5724 MHz. Next, the frequency that was just chosen is removed from the group and a frequency is randomly selected from the remaining 474 frequencies in the group. This process continues until all 475 frequencies are chosen for the set. For selection of a random frequency, the frequencies remaining within the group are always treated as equally likely.

Page: 15 of 23



1.7. Client Device requreiment

- a) A Client Device will not transmit before having received appropriate control signals from a Master Device.
- b) A Client Device will stop all its transmissions whenever instructed by a Master Device to which it is associated and will meet the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements. The Client Device will not resume any transmissions until it has again received control signals from a Master Device.
- c) If a Client Device is performing In-Service Monitoring and detects a Radar Waveform above the DFS Detection Threshold, it will inform the Master Device. This is equivalent to the Master Device detecting the Radar Waveform and d) through f) of section 5.1.1 apply.
- d) Irrespective of Client Device or Master Device detection the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements remain the same.
- e) The client test frequency must be monitored to ensure no transmission of any type has occurred for 30 minutes. Note: If the client moves with the master, the device is considered compliant if nothing appears in the client non-occupancy period test. For devices that shut down (rather than moving channels), no beacons should appear.

Page: 16 of 23

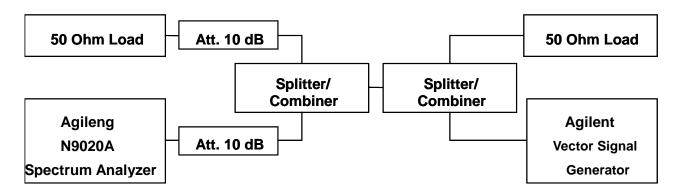


1.8. Radar Waveform Calibration

The following equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted radar waveform. A spectrum analyzer was used to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were replace 50ohm terminal from master and client device and no transmissions by either the master or client device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero span (time domain) at the frequency of the radar waveform generator. Peak detection was utilized. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to 3MHz and 3 MHz.

The signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was -61dBm due to the interference threshold level is not required.

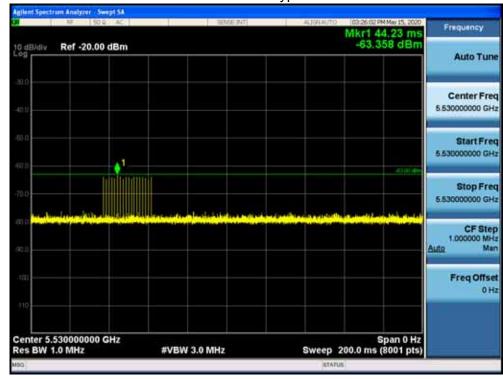
Conducted Calibration Setup



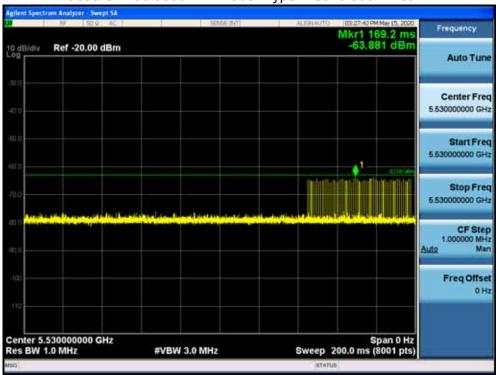


1.9. Radar Waveform Calibration Result

11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 0 Calibration Plot

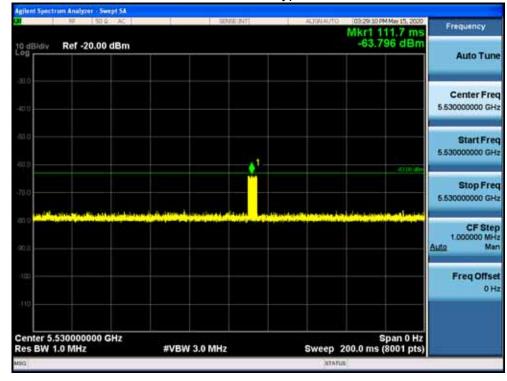


11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 1 Calibration Plot



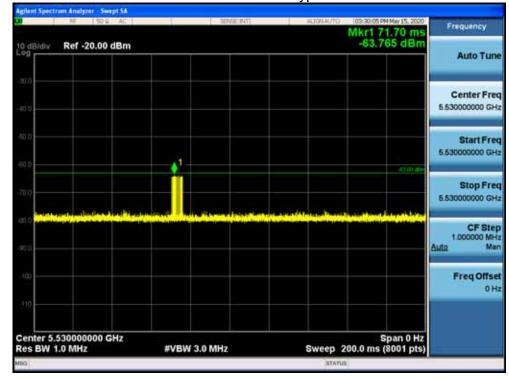


11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 2 Calibration Plot

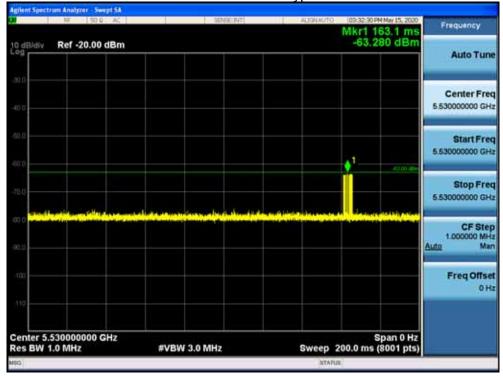




11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 3 Calibration Plot

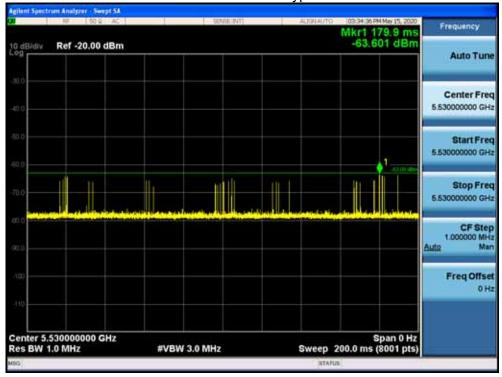


11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 4 Calibration Plot





11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 5 Calibration Plot









2. Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time

2.1. Test Procedure

These tests define how the following DFS parameters are verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time and Channel Move Time.

The steps below define the procedure to determine the above mentioned parameters when a radar burst with a level -61dBm is generated on the operating channel of the U-NII device.

A U-NII device operating as a Client device will associate with the Master device at 5500MHz.

During the in-service monitoring detection probability and channel moving tests the system was configured with a streaming video file from the master device (sourced by the PC connected to the master device via an Ethernet interface) to the client device. The streamed file was the "FCC" test file and the client device was using Media Player Classic as required by FCC Part 15 Subpart E.

Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar burst on the operating channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the spectrum analyzer during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Compare the channel move time and channel closing transmission time results to the limits defined in the DFS Response requirement values table.

2.2. Test Requirement

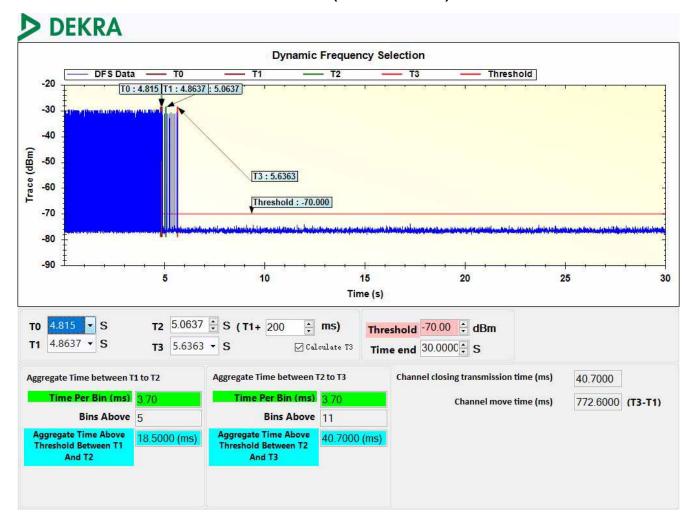
Parameter	Value		
Channel Move Time	10 Seconds		
Channel Closing Transmission	200 milliseconds + approx. 60 milliseconds over		
Time	remaining 10 seconds period		

2.3. Uncertainty

± 1ms.



2.4. Test Result of Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time 5530MHz. (802.11ac80MHz)



Test Item	Limit	Results	
Channel Move Time	10 s	Pass	
Channel Clasing Transmission Time	200ms + an aggregate of 60ms over	Pass	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	remaining 10 second period.		

The End		