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SAR TEST REPORT





The following samples were submitted and identified on behalf of the client as:

Equipment Under Test Personal Device Assistant

Brand Name Datalogic

Model No. DL-Axist WWAN Company Name Datalogic S.r.l.

Company Address Via San Vitalino no. 13, Calderara di Reno - 40012

(Bologna) - Italy

Standards IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992, IEEE 1528-2013,

KDB248227D01v02r02,KDB865664D01v01r04, KDB865664D02v01r02,KDB941225D01v03r01, KDB941225D06v02r01,KDB447498D01v06,

KDB648474D04v01r03

FCC ID (WWAN) U4GDLX3G

FCC ID (WLAN) U4GDLNFCUR1

Date of Receipt May. 31, 2016

Date of Test(s) Aug. 01, 2016 ~ Aug. 06, 2016

Date of Issue Jan. 18, 2017

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Remarks:

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

This report may only be reproduced and distributed in full. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory or testing done by SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory in connection with distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory in writing.

| Signed on behalf of SGS | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Engineer | Supervisor |
| Matt Kuo Matt Kuo | John Teh |
| Matt Kuo | John Yeh |
| Date: Jan. 18, 2017 | Date: Jan. 18, 2017 |



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Revision History

| Report Number | Revision | Description | Issue Date |
|---------------|----------|------------------------------|---------------|
| E5/2016/50019 | Rev.00 | Initial creation of document | Sep. 12, 2016 |
| E5/2016/50019 | Rev.01 | 1 st modificatiom | Dec. 01, 2016 |
| E5/2016/50019 | Rev.02 | 2 nd modificatiom | Jan. 12, 2017 |
| E5/2016/50019 | Rev.03 | 3 rd modificatiom | Jan. 18, 2017 |
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1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

| SGS Taiwan Ltd. Electronics & Communication Laboratory | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| No.134, Wu Kung Ro | ad, New Taipei Industrial Park, Wuku District, New Taipei | | | |
| City, Taiwan | | | | |
| Tel | +886-2-2299-3279 | | | |
| Fax | +886-2-2298-0488 | | | |
| Internet | http://www.tw.sgs.com/ | | | |

1.2 Details of Applicant

| Company Name | Datalogic S.r.l. |
|-----------------|---|
| Company Address | Via San Vitalino no. 13, Calderara di Reno - 40012 (Bologna) - Italy |



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1.3 Description of EUT

| EUT Name | Personal Device Assistant | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------|
| Brand Name | Datalogic | | | |
| Model No. | DL-Axist WWAN | | | |
| FCC ID (WWAN) | U4GDLX3G | | | |
| FCC ID (WLAN) | U4GDLNFCUR1 | | | |
| Antenna Peak Gain | Main 2.4GHz:0.9dBi / 5GHz:3.7dBi | | | |
| | ⊠GSM ⊠GPRS ⊠EDG | E | | |
| Mode of Operation | ⊠WCDMA ⊠HSDPA ⊠HSU | PA | | |
| | ⊠WLAN802.11 a/b/g/n(20M) ⊠Bluet | ooth | | |
| | GSM (DTM multi class B) | | 1/8.3 | |
| | ODDO | | (1Dn4 | , |
| | GPRS (support multi class 12 max) | | 6 (1Dr (1Dn) | |
| | (Cappert mail sides 12 max) | | (1Dn | , |
| Duty Cycle | FDOF | 1/2 (1Dn4UP) | | |
| Duty Cycle | EDGE (support multi class 12 max) | 1/2.76 (1Dn3UP) 1/4.1 (1Dn2UP) | | |
| | (Support mail slass 12 max) | 1/8.3 (1Dn1UP) | | |
| | WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA | | 1 | |
| | WLAN802.11 a/b/g/n(20M) | | 1 | |
| | Bluetooth | | 1 | |
| | GSM850 | 824.2 | _ | 848.8 |
| | GSM1900 | 1850.2 | _ | 1909.8 |
| | WCDMA Band II | 1852.4 | _ | 1907.6 |
| | WCDMA Band V | 826.4 | _ | 846.6 |
| TX Frequency Range | WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M) | 2412 | _ | 2462 |
| (MHz) | WLAN802.11 a/n(20M) 5.2G | 5180 | _ | 5240 |
| | WLAN802.11 a/n(20M 5.3G | 5260 | _ | 5320 |
| | WLAN802.11 a/n(20M) 5.6G | 5500 | _ | 5700 |
| | WLAN802.11 a/n(20M) 5.8G | 5745 | _ | 5825 |
| | Bluetooth | 2402 | _ | 2480 |



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| | GSM850 | 128 | _ | 251 |
|----------------|--------------------------|------|---|------|
| | GSM1900 | 512 | _ | 810 |
| | WCDMA Band II | 9262 | _ | 9538 |
| | WCDMA Band V | 4132 | _ | 4233 |
| Channel Number | WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M) | 1 | _ | 11 |
| (ARFCN) | WLAN802.11 a/n(20M) 5.2G | 36 | _ | 48 |
| | WLAN802.11 a/n(20M) 5.3G | 52 | _ | 64 |
| | WLAN802.11 a/n(20M) 5.6G | 100 | _ | 140 |
| | WLAN802.11 a/n(20M) 5.8G | 149 | _ | 165 |
| | Bluetooth | 0 | _ | 78 |



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| | Max. SAR (1 g) (Unit: W/Kg) | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| Mode | Band | Measured | Reported | Position / Channel | | |
| | GSM 850 | 0.262 | 0.308 | □ Right □ Right □ Tilt □ Channel □ Channel | | |
| | GSM 1900 | 0.193 | 0.202 | □Left ⊠Right □Cheek □Tilt 810 Channel | | |
| | WCDMA Band II | 0.287 | 0.339 | ☐Left ☐Right ☐Cheek ☐Tilt ☐ 9538 Channel | | |
| | WCDMA Band V | 0.331 | 0.333 | □ Right □ Right □ Tilt □ 4183 □ Channel | | |
| Head | WLAN802.11 b | 0.104 | 0.106 | ☐Left ☐Right ☐Cheek ☐Tilt 1 _Channel | | |
| | WLAN802.11 a 5.2G | 0.328 | 0.363 | ☐Left ☐Right ☐Cheek ☐Tilt ☐Channel | | |
| | WLAN802.11 a 5.3G | 0.341 | 0.385 | □Left ⊠Right ⊠Cheek □Tilt <u>56</u> Channel | | |
| | WLAN802.11 a 5.6G | 0.263 | 0.272 | □Left ⊠Right □Cheek ⊠Tilt <u>120</u> Channel | | |
| | WLAN802.11 a 5.8G | 0.329 | 0.354 | □Left ⊠Right □Cheek ⊠Tilt <u>149</u> Channel | | |



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| Max. SAR (1 g) (Unit: W/Kg) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------|----------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Mode | Band | Measured | Reported | Position / Channel | | |
| | GSM 850 | 0.577 | 0.678 | ☐Front ⊠Back Channel | | |
| | GSM 1900 | 0.586 | 0.614 | ⊠Front □Back 810 Channel | | |
| Dody worn | WLAN802.11 a 5.2G | 0.126 | 0.139 | ⊠Front □Back 40 Channel | | |
| Body-worn | WLAN802.11 a 5.3G | 0.126 | 0.142 | ⊠Front □Back <u>56</u> Channel | | |
| | WLAN802.11 a 5.6G | 0.092 | 0.095 | ⊠Front □Back 120 Channel | | |
| | WLAN802.11 a 5.8G | 0.130 | 0.140 | ☐Front ☐Back 149 Channel | | |

| Max. SAR (1 g) (Unit: W/Kg) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|--|--|
| Mode | Band | Measured | Reported | Position / Channel | |
| | GPRS 850 (1Dn4UP) | 0.925 | 1.192 | ☐Front ☐Back ☐Bottom ☐Right ☐Left251 Channel | |
| Hotspot mode | GPRS 1900 (1Dn4UP) | 0.767 | 1.035 | ☐Front ☐Back ☐Bottom ☐Right ☐Left <u>661</u> Channel | |
| | WCDMA Band II | 1.000 | 1.186 | ☐Front ☐Back ☐Bottom ☐Right ☐Left9400 _Channel | |



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| Max. SAR (1 g) (Unit: W/Kg) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|----------|----------|--|--|
| Mode | Band | Measured | Reported | Position / Channel | |
| Hotspot | WCDMA Band V | 0.467 | 0.469 | ☐Front ☐Back ☐Bottom ☐Right ☐Left4183 _Channel | |
| mode | WLAN802.11 b | 0.086 | 0.088 | ☐Front ☐Back ☐Bottom ☐Right ☐Left1Channel | |

| Max. SAR (10 g) (Unit: W/Kg) | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|----------|----------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Mode | Band | Measured | Reported | Positio | n / Channel | |
| | WLAN802.11 a 5.2G | 0.596 | 0.660 | ☐Front ☐Top 40 | □Back ⊠Left _Channel | |
| product specific 10-g | WLAN802.11 a 5.3G | 0.782 | 0.884 | ☐Front ☐Top 56 | □Back ⊠Left _Channel | |
| SAR | WLAN802.11 a 5.6G | 0.604 | 0.624 | ☐Front ☐Top 120 | □Back ⊠Left _Channel | |
| | WLAN802.11 a 5.8G | 0.800 | 0.861 | ☐Front ☐Top 149 | □Back ⊠Left _Channel | |



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GSM/GPRS/EDGE conducted power table:

| EUT mode | Frequency (MHz) | СН | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | Burst average power Avg. (dBm) | Source -based time average power Avg. (dBm) | |
|------------------|--------------------|------------|--|--|---|--|
| CCMOEO | 824.2 | 128 | 33 | 32.30 | 23.27 | |
| GSM850 (GMSK) | 836.6 | 190 | 33 | 32.30 | 23.27 | |
| (alviolt) | 848.8 | 251 | 33 | 32.30 | 23.27 | |
| The di | vision facto | r compared | to the numb | per of TX tir | ne slot | |
| | Divisio | | 1 TX time slot | | | |
| | וטופועום | TIACIOI | | -9.03 | | |

| | | | Burst avera | age power | | | | |
|----------|--|-----|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | | | 31 | 30.2 | 29 | | |
| | | | 1Dn1UP | 1Dn2UP | 1Dn3UP | 1Dn4UP | | |
| EUT mode | Frequency (MHz) | CH | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | | |
| GPRS | 824.2 | 128 | 32.30 | 31.00 | 29.40 | 28.10 | | |
| 850 | 836.6 | 190 | 32.30 | 31.00 | 29.40 | 28.00 | | |
| 650 | 848.8 | 251 | 32.30 | 31.00 | 29.20 | 27.90 | | |
| | | S | ource-based tim | e average powe | er | | | |
| GPRS | 824.2 | 128 | 23.27 | 24.98 | 25.14 | 25.09 | | |
| 850 | 836.6 | 190 | 23.27 | 24.98 | 25.14 | 24.99 | | |
| 850 | 848.8 | 251 | 23.27 | 24.98 | 24.94 | 24.89 | | |
| | The division factor compared to the number of TX time slot | | | | | | | |
| Div | vision factor | | 1 TX time slot | 2 TX time slot | 3 TX time slot | 4 TX time slot | | |
| | rision factor | | -9.03 | -6.02 | -4.26 | -3.01 | | |



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| | | | Burst avera | age power | | | | |
|----------|--|-----|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | | | 27 | 27 | 27 | | |
| | | | 1Dn1UP | 1Dn2UP | 1Dn3UP | 1Dn4UP | | |
| EUT mode | Frequency (MHz) | CH | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | | |
| EDGE | 824.2 | 128 | 26.50 | 26.40 | 26.10 | 26.10 | | |
| 850 | 836.6 | 190 | 26.40 | 26.30 | 26.10 | 26.00 | | |
| (MCS5) | 848.8 | 251 | 26.30 | 26.20 | 26.00 | 25.90 | | |
| | | S | ource-based tim | e average powe | er | | | |
| EDGE | 824.2 | 128 | 17.47 | 20.38 | 21.84 | 23.09 | | |
| 850 | 836.6 | 190 | 17.37 | 20.28 | 21.84 | 22.99 | | |
| (MCS5) | 848.8 | 251 | 17.27 | 20.18 | 21.74 | 22.89 | | |
| | The division factor compared to the number of TX time slot | | | | | | | |
| Div | Division factor | | | 2 TX time slot | 3 TX time slot | 4 TX time slot | | |
| | rision factor | | -9.03 | -6.02 | -4.26 | -3.01 | | |

| EUT mode | Frequency (MHz) | СН | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. | Burst average power | Source -based time average power | |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | | Tolerance (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | |
| 00141000 | 1850.2 | 512 | 30 | 29.50 | 20.47 | |
| GSM1900 (GMSK) | 1800 | 661 | 30 | 29.30 | 20.27 | |
| (GIVIOIT) | 1909.8 | 810 | 30 | 29.80 | 20.77 | |
| The di | vision facto | r compared | to the numb | per of TX tir | ne slot | |
| | Divisio | | 1 TX time slot | | | |
| | וטוטוטוט | ii iaulul | | -9.03 | | |



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| | | | Burst avera | age power | | | | |
|-----------------|--|-----|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | | | 28 | 27.2 | 26 | | |
| | | | 1Dn1UP | 1Dn2UP | 1Dn3UP | 1Dn4UP | | |
| EUT mode | Frequency CH (MHz) | | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | | |
| GPRS | 1850.2 | 512 | 29.50 | 27.90 | 26.20 | 24.90 | | |
| 1900 | 1880 | 661 | 29.30 | 27.90 | 26.10 | 24.70 | | |
| 1900 | 1909.8 | 810 | 29.80 | 28.00 | 26.30 | 25.10 | | |
| | | S | ource-based tim | ne average powe | er | | | |
| GPRS | 1850.2 | 512 | 20.47 | 21.88 | 21.94 | 21.89 | | |
| 1900 | 1880 | 661 | 20.27 | 21.88 | 21.84 | 21.69 | | |
| 1900 | 1909.8 | 810 | 20.77 | 21.98 | 22.04 | 22.09 | | |
| | The division factor compared to the number of TX time slot | | | | | | | |
| Div | Division factor | | | 2 TX time slot | 3 TX time slot | 4 TX time slot | | |
| DIVISION IACIOI | | | -9.03 | -6.02 | -4.26 | -3.01 | | |

| | | | Burst avera | age power | | | | |
|----------|--|-----|-----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | | | 26 | 26 | 26 | | |
| | | | 1Dn1UP | 1Dn2UP | 1Dn3UP | 1Dn4UP | | |
| EUT mode | Frequency (MHz) | СН | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | Avg. (dBm) | | |
| EDGE | 1850.2 | 512 | 25.10 | 24.90 | 24.50 | 24.30 | | |
| 1900 | 1880 | 661 | 25.10 | 24.90 | 24.60 | 24.30 | | |
| (MCS5) | 1909.8 | 810 | 25.20 | 25.00 | 24.60 | 24.40 | | |
| | | S | ource-based tim | e average powe | er | | | |
| EDGE | 1850.2 | 512 | 16.07 | 18.88 | 20.24 | 21.29 | | |
| 1900 | 1880 | 661 | 16.07 | 18.88 | 20.34 | 21.29 | | |
| (MCS5) | 1909.8 | 810 | 16.17 | 18.98 | 20.34 | 21.39 | | |
| | The division factor compared to the number of TX time slot | | | | | | | |
| Div | Division factor | | | 2 TX time slot | | 4 TX time slot | | |
| | VISIOII IACIOI | | -9.03 | -6.02 | -4.26 | -3.01 | | |



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WCDMA Band II / Band V - HSDPA / HSUPA conducted power table:

| Band | СН | Max. Rated Avg. | HSDPA mode AV(dBm) | | | HSUPA mode AV(dBm) | | | | | | |
|------------------|------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Ballu | On | Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | AV(dBm) | SUB-1 | SUB-2 | SUB-3 | SUB-4 | SUB-1 | SUB-2 | SUB-3 | SUB-4 | SUB-5 |
| MCDMA | 9262 | 24 | 23.72 | 23.89 | 23.60 | 23.41 | 23.48 | 23.64 | 21.69 | 22.70 | 21.82 | 23.53 |
| WCDMA Band II | 9400 | 24 | 23.26 | 23.15 | 23.12 | 22.7 | 22.71 | 23.24 | 21.31 | 22.26 | 21.36 | 23.10 |
| Dariu II | 9538 | 24 | 23.28 | 23.14 | 23.13 | 22.61 | 22.73 | 23.22 | 21.26 | 22.30 | 21.30 | 23.13 |
| WCDMA | 4132 | 24 | 23.97 | 23.76 | 23.90 | 23.3 | 23.35 | 23.93 | 21.99 | 22.97 | 22.04 | 23.79 |
| Band V | 4183 | 24 | 23.98 | 23.84 | 23.87 | 23.36 | 23.4 | 23.91 | 21.99 | 22.97 | 22.05 | 23.74 |
| Baria V | 4233 | 24 | 23.93 | 24.05 | 23.80 | 23.56 | 23.62 | 23.85 | 21.89 | 22.93 | 21.97 | 23.74 |

HSDPA

| SUB-TEST | β_{c} | β_{d} | β _d (SF) | β_c/β_d | β _{HS} (Note1, Note 2) | CM (dB) (Note 3) | MPR (dB) (Note 3) |
|----------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 12/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 12/15 | 24/15 | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 8/15 | 64 | 15/8 | 30/15 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| 4 | 15/15 | 4/15 | 64 | 15/4 | 30/15 | 1.5 | 0.5 |

HSUPA

| SUB-TEST | βο | β _d | β _d (SF) | β _o /β _d | β _{HS} (Note1) | β_{ec} | β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6) | β _{ed} (SF) | β _{ed} (Codes) | CM (dB) (Note 2) | MPR (dB) (Note 2) | AG Index (Note 6) | E-TFCI |
|----------|-------|----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| 1 | 11/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 11/15 | 22/15 | 209/225 | 1309/225 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 20 | 75 |
| 2 | 6/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 6/15 | 12/15 | 12/15 | 94/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 12 | 67 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 9/15 | 64 | 15/9 | 30/15 | 30/15 | β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15 | 4 4 | 2 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 15 | 92 |
| 4 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 2/15 | 56/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 17 | 71 |
| 5 | 15/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 15/15 | 30/15 | 24/15 | 134/15 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 21 | 81 |



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Maximum Output Power of WLAN802.11 a/b/g/n(20M)

The maximum conducted average power((Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

| Mode | 2.4G WLAN | 5.2G WLAN | 5.3G WLAN | 5.6G WLAN | 5.6G WLAN |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| TX Frequency (MHz) | 2412 - 2462 | 5180 - 5240 | 5260 - 5320 | 5500 - 5700 | 5745 - 5825 |
| 802.11b | 14.50 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 802.11g | 11.50 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 802.11n (20M) | 12.00 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 10.00 | 9.00 |
| 802.11a | N/A | 11.50 | 11.50 | 10.00 | 9.00 |

| Mode | Bluetooth |
|--------------------|-------------|
| TX Frequency (MHz) | 2402 - 2480 |
| BR/EDR | 2.00 |
| BLE | 4.50 |



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Measured Conducted Power Result of WLAN802.11 a/b/g/n(20M)

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

| | 802.11 b | Max. Rated Avg. | Average conducted output power (dBm) |
|----|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| СН | Frequency | Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | Data Rate (Mbps) |
| OH | (MHz) | Tolerance (dbin) | 1 |
| 1 | 2412 | 14.5 | 14.40 |
| 6 | 2437 | 14.5 | 14.01 |
| 11 | 2462 | 14.5 | 13.87 |

| | 802.11 g | Max. Rated Avg. | Average conducted output power (dBm) | | |
|----|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| СН | Frequency | Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | Data Rate (Mbps) | | |
| ОП | (MHz) | Tolerance (dbill) | 6 | | |
| 1 | 2412 | 11.5 | 11.13 | | |
| 6 | 2437 | 11.5 | 11.18 | | |
| 11 | 2462 | 11.5 | 10.75 | | |

| 802 | 2.11 n(20M) | Max. Rated Avg. | Average conducted output power (dBm) Data Rate (Mbps) | | |
|-----|-------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| СН | Frequency | Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | | | |
| СП | (MHz) | Tolerance (dbiii) | 6.5 | | |
| 1 | 2412 | 12 | 11.81 | | |
| 6 | 2437 | 12 | 11.67 | | |
| 11 | 2462 | 12 | 10.99 | | |



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| 8 | 302.11 a | | Average conducted output | | | |
|------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| 5.2/5.3/5.6/5.8G | | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. | power(dBm) | | | |
| СН | Frequency | Tolerance (dBm) | Data Rate (Mbps) | | | |
| СП | (MHz) | | 6 | | | |
| 36 | 5180 | 11.5 | 10.71 | | | |
| 40 | 5200 | 11.5 | 11.06 | | | |
| 44 | 5220 | 11.5 | 10.55 | | | |
| 48 | 5240 | 11.5 | 10.59 | | | |
| 52 | 5260 | 11.5 | 10.43 | | | |
| 56 | 5280 | 11.5 | 10.97 | | | |
| 60 | 5300 | 11.5 | 10.35 | | | |
| 64 | 5320 | 11.5 | 10.84 | | | |
| 100 | 5500 | 10 | 8.87 | | | |
| 120 | 5600 | 10 | 9.86 | | | |
| 140 | 5700 | 10 | 8.48 | | | |
| 149 | 5745 | 9 | 8.68 | | | |
| 157 | 5785 | 9 | 8.32 | | | |
| 165 | 5825 | 9 | 7.91 | | | |



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| 802 | 2.11 n(20M) | | Average conducted output | | | |
|------------------|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| 5.2/5.3/5.6/5.8G | | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. | power(dBm) | | | |
| СН | Frequency | Tolerance (dBm) | Data Rate (Mbps) | | | |
| СП | (MHz) | | 6.5 | | | |
| 36 | 5180 | 11.5 | 10.76 | | | |
| 40 | 5200 | 11.5 | 11.38 | | | |
| 44 | 5220 | 11.5 | 11.26 | | | |
| 48 | 5240 | 11.5 | 11.16 | | | |
| 52 | 5260 | 11.5 | 10.36 | | | |
| 56 | 5280 | 11.5 | 11.36 | | | |
| 60 | 5300 | 11.5 | 10.41 | | | |
| 64 | 5320 | 11.5 | 10.29 | | | |
| 100 | 5500 | 10 | 9.30 | | | |
| 120 | 5600 | 10 | 9.82 | | | |
| 140 | 5700 | 10 | 8.37 | | | |
| 149 | 5745 | 9 | 8.75 | | | |
| 157 | 5785 | 9 | 8.32 | | | |
| 165 | 5825 | 9 | 8.28 | | | |



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1.4 Test Environment

Ambient Temperature: 22±2° C Tissue Simulating Liquid: 22±2° C

1.5 Operation Description

- The EUT is controlled by using a Radio Communication Tester (Anritsu MT8820C / R&S CMW500), and the communication between the EUT and the tester is established by air link.
- 2. Measurements are performed respectively on the lowest, middle and highest channels of the operating band(s). The EUT is set to maximum power level during all tests, and at the beginning of each test the battery is fully charged.
- 3. During the SAR testing, the DASY 5 system checks power drift by comparing the e-field strength of one specific location measured at the beginning with that measured at the end of the SAR testing.
- 4. SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode. Since the maximum output power in a secondary mode (8-PSK EDGE) is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode (GMSK GPRS/EDGE), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode (8-PSK EDGE).
- 5. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Since the maximum output power in a secondary mode (HSDPA) is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode (WCDMA), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode (HSDPA).
- 6. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Since the maximum output power in a secondary mode (HSPA) is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode (WCDMA), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode (HSPA).

WLAN

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements:



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7. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS mode using the highest measured maximum output power channel, when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

- 8. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements:
- SAR is not required for 802.11g/n since the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Initial Test Configuration:

- 10. An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- 11. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 12. For WLAN, 5.2a/5.3a/5.6a/5.8a is chosen to be the initial test configurations.
- 13. For WLAN, since the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for subsequent test configurations.

Other

- 14. BT and WLAN use the same antenna path and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously with WLAN.
- 15. According to **KDB447498D01v06**, testing of other required channels is not required when the reported 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is \leq 0.8 W/kg, when the transmission band is \leq 100MHz.



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16. According to **KDB865664D01v01r04**, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg, repeated that measurement once. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit). The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

17. According to **KDB447498D01v06** – The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances≤ 50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, and ≤ 7.5 for product specific 10-g SAR.

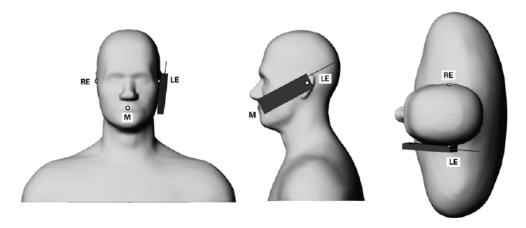
| mode | position | max. power (dB) | max. power (mW) | f(GHz) | calculation | SAR exclusion threshold | SAR test exclusion |
|------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| BT | body-worn | 4.5 | 2.818 | 2.48 | 0.444 | 3 | yes |
| ВТ | product specific 10-g SAR | 4.5 | 2.818 | 2.48 | 0.444 | 7.5 | yes |



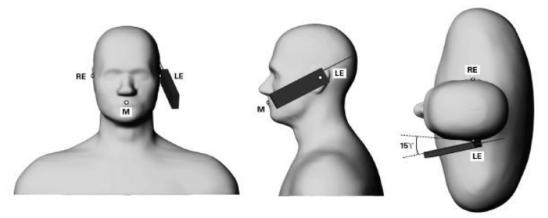
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1.6 Positioning Procedure

Head SAR measurement statement



Phone position 1, "cheek" or "touch" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning.



Phone position 2, "tilted position." The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning.

Cheek/Touch Position:

The handset was brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the ear reference point until any point of the mouthpiece or keypad touched the phantom.

Ear/Tilt Position:

With the phone aligned in the Cheek/Touch position, the handset was tilted away from the mouth with respect to the test device reference point by 15 degrees.



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Body SAR measurement statement

1. Body-worn exposure: 10mm

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative test separation distance configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

2. Hotspot exposure: 10mm

A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge when the form factor of a handset is larger than 9 cm \times 5 cm, Test configurations of WWAN

- (1) Front side
- (2) Back side
- (3) Bottom side.
- (4) Right side.
- (5) Left side.

Test configurations of WLAN2.4G

- (1) Front side
- (2) Back side
- (3) Top side.
- (4) Left side

3. Phablet SAR test consideration

Since the device is a phablet (overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm), the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at \leq 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for product specific 10-g SAR. When hotspot mode applies, product specific 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg; however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.



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1.7 Evaluation Procedures

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- 1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- 2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- 3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- 4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid.
- 5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface.
- 6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within –2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.

The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scans.

The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30x30x30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points



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between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found.

If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.



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1.8 Probe Calibration Procedures

For the calibration of E-field probes in lossy liquids, an electric field with an accurately known field strength must be produced within the measured liquid. For standardization purposes it would be desirable if all measurements which are necessary to assess the correct field strength would be traceable to standardized measurement procedures. In the following two different calibration techniques are summarized:

1.8.1 Transfer Calibration with Temperature Probes

In lossy liquids the specific absorption rate (SAR) is related both to the electric field (E) and the temperature gradient ($\delta T / \delta t$) in the liquid.

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma}{\rho} |E|^2 = c \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

Whereby σ is the conductivity, ρ the density and c the heat capacity of the liquid.

Hence, the electric field in lossy liquid can be measured indirectly by measuring the temperature gradient in the liquid. Non-disturbing temperature probes (optical probes or thermistor probes with resistive lines) with high spatial resolution (<1-2 mm) and fast reaction time (<1 s) are available and can be easily calibrated with high precision [1]. The setup and the exciting source have no influence on the calibration; only the relative positioning uncertainties of the standard temperature probe and the E-field probe to be calibrated must be considered. However, several problems limit the available accuracy of probe calibrations with temperature probes:

 The temperature gradient is not directly measurable but must be evaluated from temperature measurements at different time steps. Special precaution is necessary to avoid measurement errors caused by temperature gradients due to energy equalizing effects or convection currents in the liquid. Such effects cannot be completely avoided, as the measured field itself destroys the



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thermal equilibrium in the liquid. With a careful setup these errors can be kept small.

- 2. The measured volume around the temperature probe is not well defined. It is difficult to calculate the energy transfer from a surrounding gradient temperature field into the probe. These effects must be considered, since temperature probes are calibrated in liquid with homogeneous temperatures. There is no traceable standard for temperature rise measurements.
- 3. The calibration depends on the assessment of the specific density, the heat capacity and the conductivity of the medium. While the specific density and heat capacity can be measured accurately with standardized procedures (\sim 2% for c; much better for ρ), there is no standard for the measurement of the conductivity. Depending on the method and liquid, the error can well exceed $\pm 5\%$.
- 4. Temperature rise measurements are not very sensitive and therefore are often performed at a higher power level than the E-field measurements. The nonlinearities in the system (e.g., power measurements, different components, etc.) must be considered.

Considering these problems, the possible accuracy of the calibration of E-field probes with temperature gradient measurements in a carefully designed setup is about $\pm 10\%$ (RSS) [2]. Recently, a setup which is a combination of the waveguide techniques and the thermal measurements was presented in [3]. The estimated uncertainty of the setup is $\pm 5\%$ (RSS) when the same liquid is used for the calibration and for actual measurements and ± 7 -9% (RSS) when not, which is in good agreement with the estimates given in [2].



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1.8.2 Calibration with Analytical Fields

In this method a technical setup is used in which the field can be calculated analytically from measurements of other physical magnitudes (e.g., input power). This corresponds to the standard field method for probe calibration in air; however, there is no standard defined for fields in lossy liquids.

When using calculated fields in lossy liquids for probe calibration, several points must be considered in the assessment of the uncertainty:

- 1. The setup must enable accurate determination of the incident power.
- 2. The accuracy of the calculated field strength will depend on the assessment of the dielectric parameters of the liquid.
- 3. Due to the small wavelength in liquids with high permittivity, even small setups might be above the resonant cutoff frequencies. The field distribution in the setup must be carefully checked for conformity with the theoretical field distribution.

References

- (1) N. Kuster, Q. Balzano, and J.C. Lin, Eds., *Mobile Communications Safety*, Chapman & Hall, London, 1997.
- (2) K. Meier, M. Burkhardt, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, \Broadband calibration of E-field probes in lossy media", *IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques*, vol. 44, no. 10, pp. 1954{1962, Oct. 1996.
- (3) K. Jokela, P. Hyysalo, and L. Puranen, \Calibration of specific absorption rate (SAR) probes in waveguide at 900 MHz", *IEEE Transactions on Instrumentation and Measurements*, vol. 47, no. 2, pp. 432{438, Apr. 1998.



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1.9 The SAR Measurement System

A block diagram of the SAR measurement system is given in Fig. a. This SAR measurement system uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY 5 professional system). Model EX3DV4 field probes are used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant.

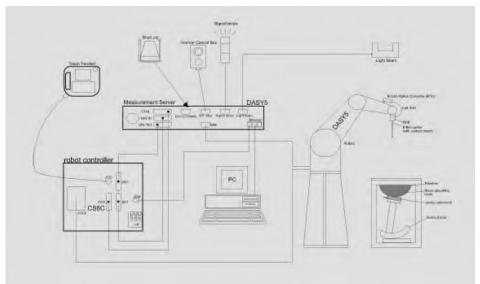


Fig. a A block diagram of the SAR measurement system



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The DASY 5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension is for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 3. Data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- 5. The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- 6. A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- 7. A computer operating Windows7
- 8. DASY 5 software.
- 9. Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 10. The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 11. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 12. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 13. Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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1.10 System Components

EX3DV4 E-Field Probe

| | icia i lobe |
|--------------|--|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) |
| Calibration | Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL835/1900/2450/5200/5300/5600/5800 MHz Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to > 6 GHz, Linearity: ± 0.6 dB |
| Directivity | ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic | $10 \mu W/g \text{ to } > 100 \text{ mW/g}$ |
| Range | Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g) |
| Dimensions | Tip diameter: 2.5 mm |
| Application | High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%. |



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SAM PHANTOM V4.0C

| SAM FITAINT | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Construction: | The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific | | | | | | | | |
| | Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 | | | | | | | | |
| | and IEC 62209. | | | | | | | | |
| | It enables the dosimetric evaluation | n of left and right hand phone | | | | | | | |
| | usage as well as body mounted us | sage at the flat phantom region. A | | | | | | | |
| | cover prevents evaporation of the | liquid. Reference markings on the | | | | | | | |
| | phantom allow the complete setup | of all predefined phantom | | | | | | | |
| | positions and measurement grids | by manually teaching three points | | | | | | | |
| | with the robot. | | | | | | | | |
| Shell | 2 ± 0.2 mm | | | | | | | | |
| Thickness: | | The same of the sa | | | | | | | |
| Filling | Approx. 25 liters | | | | | | | | |
| Volume: | | 1 2 | | | | | | | |
| Dimensions: | Height: 850 mm; | | | | | | | | |
| | Length: 1000 mm; | | | | | | | | |
| | Width: 500 mm | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

DEVICE HOLDER

| Construction | In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom | |
|--------------|---|--|
| | V4.0/V4.0C or Twin SAM, the Mounting | |
| | Device (made from POM) enables the | |
| | rotation of the mounted transmitter in | |
| | spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation | |
| | point is the ear opening. The devices can | |
| | be easily and accurately positioned | |
| | according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or | |
| | other specifications. The device holder can | |
| | be locked at different phantom locations | |
| | (left head, right head, flat phantom). | |



Device Holder



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1.11 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig. b. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% (according to KDB865664D01v01r04) from the target SAR values.

These tests were done at 835/1900/2450/5200/5300/5600/5800 MHz. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 1. During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was 21.7° C, the relative humidity was 62% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm ($\leq 3G$) or 10 cm (>3G) in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.

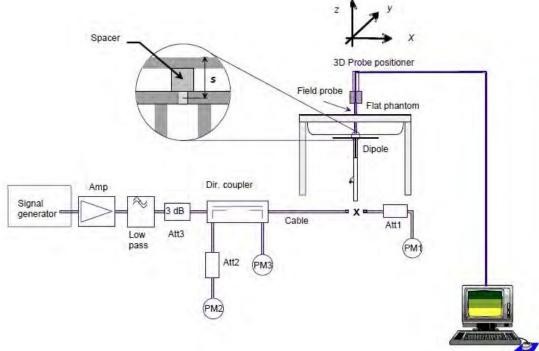


Fig. b The block diagram of system verification



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| Validation Kit | S/N | Frequency (MHz) | | 1W Target SAR-1g (mW/g) | Measured SAR-1g (mW/g) | Measured SAR-1g normalized to 1W (mW/g) | Deviation (%) | Measured Date |
|-------------------|-------|--------------------|------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------|------------------|
| D835V2 | 4d063 | 835 | Head | 9.11 | 2.34 | 9.36 | 2.74% | Aug. 01, 2016 |
| D033V2 | 40003 | 000 | Body | 9.26 | 2.36 | 9.44 | 1.94% | Aug. 06, 2016 |
| D1900V2 | 5d027 | 1900 | Head | 38.7 | 9.96 | 39.84 | 2.95% | Aug. 01, 2016 |
| D1900 V2 | 30027 | 1900 | Body | 39.7 | 9.96 | 39.84 | 0.35% | Aug. 05, 2016 |
| D2450V2 | 727 | 2450 | Head | 51 | 13.3 | 53.2 | 4.31% | Aug. 02, 2016 |
| D2430V2 | 121 | 2430 | Body | 49.6 | 13 | 52 | 4.84% | Aug. 04, 2016 |
| | | 5200 | Head | 77 | 7.96 | 79.6 | 3.38% | Aug. 03, 2016 |
| | | 5200 | Body | 71.9 | 7.54 | 75.4 | 4.87% | Aug. 04, 2016 |
| | 1023 | 5300 | Head | 79.9 | 8.39 | 83.9 | 5.01% | Aug. 03, 2016 |
| D5GHzV2 | | | Body | 75.1 | 7.89 | 78.9 | 5.06% | Aug. 04, 2016 |
| DOGHZVZ | | 5600 | Head | 82.6 | 8.68 | 86.8 | 5.08% | Aug. 03, 2016 |
| | | | Body | 78.3 | 8.21 | 82.1 | 4.85% | Aug. 04, 2016 |
| | | 5800 | Head | 77.3 | 8.11 | 81.1 | 4.92% | Aug. 03, 2016 |
| | | | Body | 75.3 | 7.89 | 78.9 | 4.78% | Aug. 04, 2016 |
| Validation Kit | S/N | Frequ (Mh | , | 1W Target SAR-10g (mW/g) | Measured SAR-10g (mW/g) | Measured SAR-10g normalized to 1W (mW/g) | Deviation (%) | Measured Date |
| | | 5200 | Head | 22.1 | 2.27 | 22.7 | 2.71% | Aug. 03, 2016 |
| | | 5200 | Body | 20.3 | 2.14 | 21.4 | 5.42% | Aug. 04, 2016 |
| | | 5300 | Head | 23.1 | 2.43 | 24.3 | 5.19% | Aug. 03, 2016 |
| D5GHzV2 | 1023 | 5500 | Body | 21.2 | 2.23 | 22.3 | 5.19% | Aug. 04, 2016 |
| DSGHZVZ | 1023 | 5600 | Head | 23.6 | 2.48 | 24.8 | 5.08% | Aug. 03, 2016 |
| | | 3000 | Body | 22.1 | 2.31 | 23.1 | 4.52% | Aug. 04, 2016 |
| | | 5000 | Head | 22 | 2.31 | 23.1 | 5.00% | Aug. 03, 2016 |
| | | 5800 | Body | 21.1 | 2.18 | 21.8 | 3.32% | Aug. 04, 2016 |

Table 1. Results of system validation



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1.12 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this Head-simulant fluid were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe (rates frequency band 200 MHz to 20 GHz) in conjunction with Network Analyzer.

All dielectric parameters of tissue simulates were measured within 24 hours of SAR measurements. The depth of the tissue simulant in the flat section of the phantom was at least 15 cm (\leq 3G) or 10 cm (>3G) during all tests. (Appendix Fig. 2)

| Tissue Type | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Target Dielectric Constant, εr | Target Conductivity, σ (S/m) | Measured Dielectric Constant, Er | Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m) | % dev εr | % dev σ | Measurement Date |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------|---------|---------------------|
| | 824.2 | 41.556 | 0.899 | 41.276 | 0.872 | 0.67% | 3.02% | |
| | 826.4 | 41.545 | 0.899 | 41.248 | 0.874 | 0.71% | 2.82% | |
| | 835 | 41.500 | 0.900 | 41.142 | 0.883 | 0.86% | 1.89% | |
| | 836.6 | 41.500 | 0.902 | 41.116 | 0.885 | 0.93% | 1.85% | |
| | 846.6 | 41.500 | 0.912 | 40.99 | 0.894 | 1.23% | 2.03% | |
| | 848.8 | 41.500 | 0.915 | 40.964 | 0.896 | 1.29% | 2.06% | Aug. 01, 2016 |
| | 1850.2 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.779 | 1.336 | -1.95% | 4.57% | Aug. 01, 2016 |
| | 1852.4 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.771 | 1.338 | -1.93% | 4.43% | |
| | 1880 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.673 | 1.364 | -1.68% | 2.57% | |
| Head | 1900 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.614 | 1.383 | -1.53% | 1.21% | |
| Heau | 1907.6 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.584 | 1.39 | -1.46% | 0.71% | |
| | 1909.8 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.576 | 1.392 | -1.44% | 0.57% | |
| | 2412 | 39.268 | 1.766 | 39.361 | 1.787 | -0.24% | -1.18% | Aug. 02, 2016 |
| | 2450 | 39.200 | 1.800 | 38.179 | 1.829 | 2.60% | -1.61% | Aug. 02, 2010 |
| | 5200 | 35.986 | 4.655 | 35.168 | 4.676 | 2.27% | -0.45% | |
| | 5280 | 35.894 | 4.737 | 34.856 | 4.769 | 2.89% | -0.68% | |
| | 5300 | 35.871 | 4.758 | 34.821 | 4.791 | 2.93% | -0.70% | Aug. 03, 2016 |
| | 5600 | 35.529 | 5.065 | 34.584 | 4.937 | 2.66% | 2.53% | Aug. 03, 2016 |
| | 5745 | 35.363 | 5.214 | 34.402 | 5.241 | 2.72% | -0.53% | |
| | 5800 | 35.300 | 5.270 | 34.339 | 5.321 | 2.72% | -0.97% | |



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| Tissue Type | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Target Dielectric Constant, εr | Target Conductivity, σ (S/m) | Measured Dielectric Constant, Er | Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m) | % dev εr | % dev σ | Measurement Date |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------|---------|---------------------|
| | 824.2 | 55.242 | 0.969 | 52.967 | 1.001 | 4.12% | -3.29% | |
| | 826.4 | 55.234 | 0.969 | 52.95 | 1.003 | 4.13% | -3.47% | |
| | 835 | 55.200 | 0.970 | 52.883 | 1.012 | 4.20% | -4.33% | Aug. 06, 2016 |
| | 836.6 | 55.195 | 0.972 | 52.858 | 1.014 | 4.23% | -4.32% | Aug. 00, 2010 |
| | 846.6 | 55.164 | 0.984 | 52.772 | 1.025 | 4.34% | -4.14% | |
| | 848.8 | 55.158 | 0.987 | 52.767 | 1.028 | 4.33% | -4.16% | |
| | 1852.4 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 51.905 | 1.472 | 2.62% | 3.16% | Aug. 05, 2016 |
| | 1880 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 51.861 | 1.498 | 2.70% | 1.45% | |
| | 1900 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 51.762 | 1.523 | 2.89% | -0.20% | |
| Body | 1909.8 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 51.642 | 1.534 | 3.11% | -0.92% | |
| | 2412 | 52.751 | 1.914 | 51.419 | 1.953 | 2.52% | -2.05% | |
| | 2450 | 52.700 | 1.950 | 51.338 | 2.002 | 2.58% | -2.67% | |
| | 5200 | 49.014 | 5.299 | 48.331 | 5.195 | 1.39% | 1.97% | |
| | 5280 | 48.906 | 5.393 | 47.885 | 5.397 | 2.09% | -0.08% | A 04 0010 |
| | 5300 | 48.879 | 5.416 | 47.837 | 5.457 | 2.13% | -0.76% | Aug. 04, 2016 |
| | 5600 | 48.471 | 5.766 | 47.545 | 5.853 | 1.91% | -1.50% | |
| | 5745 | 48.275 | 5.936 | 47.047 | 6.11 | 2.54% | -2.94% | |
| | 5800 | 48.200 | 6.000 | 46.939 | 6.192 | 2.62% | -3.20% | |

Table 2. Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulant Fluid



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The composition of the tissue simulating liquid:

| Fraguenay | | Ingredient | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------|------------|----------|---------|------------------|-----------|-------|-----------------|--|
| Frequency (MHz) | Mode | DGMBE | Water | Salt | Preventol D-7 | Cellulose | Sugar | Total amount | |
| 050 | Head | _ | 532.98 g | 18.3 g | 2.4 g | 3.2 g | 766 g | 1.3L(Kg) | |
| 850 | Body | - | 631.68 g | 11.72 g | 1.2 g | _ | 600 g | 1.0L(Kg) | |
| 1000 | Head | 444.52 g | 552.42 g | 3.06 g | - | - | _ | 1.0L(Kg) | |
| 1900 | Body | 300.67 g | 716.56 g | 4.0 g | - | - | _ | 1.0L(Kg) | |
| 2450 | Head | 550ml | 450ml | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1.0L(Kg) | |
| | Body | 301.7ml | 698.3ml | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1.0L(Kg) | |

Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG:

| Ingredients | Water | Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors | Sodium and Salt |
|---------------|-------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| (% by weight) | 60-80 | 20-40 | 0-1.5 |

Table 3. Recipes for tissue simulating liquid



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1.13 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate ("SAR") in Section 4.2 of "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," ANSI/IEEE C95.1, By the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.

These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 GHz. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter.

Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 GHz should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

1. Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20 W/kg, as averaged over a 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).

Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.

2. Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).



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Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).

General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not exercise control over their exposure.

Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.(Table .6)

| Human Exposure | Uncontrolled Environment General Population | Controlled Environment Occupational |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Spatial Peak SAR (Brain) | 1.60 W/kg | 8.00 W/kg |
| Spatial Average SAR (Whole Body) | 0.08 W/kg | 0.40 W/kg |
| Spatial Peak SAR (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist) | 4.00 W/kg | 20.00 W/kg |

Table 4. RF exposure limits

Notes:

- 1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.
- 2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.



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2. Summary of Results

GSM 850 MHz

| Mode | Position | Distanc e (mm) | СН | Freq. (MHz) | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | Measured Avg. Power (dBm) | Scaling | Averaged 1 (W/ Measured | g ′kg) | Plot page |
|-----------------------|-------------|----------------------|-----|----------------|--|------------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | Re Cheek | - | 190 | 836.6 | 33.00 | 32.30 | 17.49% | 0.168 | 0.197 | - |
| | Re Tilt | - | 190 | 836.6 | 33.00 | 32.30 | 17.49% | 0.100 | 0.117 | - |
| GSM850 | Le Cheek | - | 128 | 824.2 | 33.00 | 32.30 | 17.49% | 0.190 | 0.223 | - |
| (Head) | Le Cheek | - | 190 | 836.6 | 33.00 | 32.30 | 17.49% | 0.227 | 0.267 | - |
| | Le Cheek | - | 251 | 848.8 | 33.00 | 32.30 | 17.49% | 0.262 | 0.308 | 55 |
| | Le Tilt | - | 190 | 836.6 | 33.00 | 32.30 | 17.49% | 0.118 | 0.139 | - |
| | Front side | 10 | 190 | 836.6 | 33.00 | 32.30 | 17.49% | 0.267 | 0.314 | - |
| GSM850 | Back side | 10 | 128 | 824.2 | 33.00 | 32.30 | 17.49% | 0.395 | 0.464 | - |
| (Body-Worn) | Back side | 10 | 190 | 836.6 | 33.00 | 32.30 | 17.49% | 0.491 | 0.577 | - |
| | Back side | 10 | 251 | 848.8 | 33.00 | 32.30 | 17.49% | 0.577 | 0.678 | 56 |
| | Front side | 10 | 128 | 824.2 | 29.00 | 28.10 | 23.03% | 0.401 | 0.493 | - |
| | Back side | 10 | 128 | 824.2 | 29.00 | 28.10 | 23.03% | 0.810 | 0.997 | - |
| | Back side | 10 | 190 | 836.6 | 29.00 | 28.00 | 25.89% | 0.921 | 1.159 | - |
| GPRS850 | Back side | 10 | 251 | 848.8 | 29.00 | 27.90 | 28.82% | 0.925 | 1.192 | 57 |
| (Hotspot) (1Dn4UP) | Back side* | 10 | 251 | 848.8 | 29.00 | 27.90 | 28.82% | 0.922 | 1.188 | - |
| (1211121) | Bottom side | 10 | 128 | 824.2 | 29.00 | 28.10 | 23.03% | 0.399 | 0.491 | - |
| | Right side | 10 | 128 | 824.2 | 29.00 | 28.10 | 23.03% | 0.239 | 0.294 | - |
| | Left side | 10 | 128 | 824.2 | 29.00 | 28.10 | 23.03% | 0.648 | 0.797 | - |

^{* -} repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the KDB865664D01v01r04



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GSM 1900 MHz

| Mode | Position | Distanc e (mm) | СН | Freq. (MHz) | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | Measured Avg. Power (dBm) | Scaling | 1 (W | SAR over g /kg) | Plot page |
|-----------------------|-------------|----------------------|-----|----------------|--|------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------------|
| | Re Cheek | - | 512 | 1850.2 | 30.00 | 29.50 | 12.20% | 0.076 | 0.085 | - |
| | Re Cheek | - | 661 | 1880 | 30.00 | 29.30 | 17.49% | 0.130 | 0.153 | - |
| GSM1900 | Re Cheek | - | 810 | 1909.8 | 30.00 | 29.80 | 4.71% | 0.193 | 0.202 | 58 |
| (Head) | Re Tilt | - | 810 | 1909.8 | 30.00 | 29.80 | 4.71% | 0.088 | 0.092 | - |
| | Le Cheek | - | 810 | 1909.8 | 30.00 | 29.80 | 4.71% | 0.130 | 0.136 | - |
| | Le Tilt | - | 810 | 1909.8 | 30.00 | 29.80 | 4.71% | 0.116 | 0.121 | - |
| | Front side | 10 | 512 | 1850.2 | 30.00 | 29.50 | 12.20% | 0.403 | 0.452 | - |
| GSM1900 | Front side | 10 | 661 | 1880 | 30.00 | 29.30 | 17.49% | 0.458 | 0.538 | - |
| (Body-Worn) | Front side | 10 | 810 | 1909.8 | 30.00 | 29.80 | 4.71% | 0.586 | 0.614 | 59 |
| | Back side | 10 | 810 | 1909.8 | 30.00 | 29.80 | 4.71% | 0.358 | 0.375 | - |
| | Front side | 10 | 512 | 1850.2 | 26.00 | 24.90 | 28.82% | 0.403 | 0.519 | - |
| | Front side | 10 | 661 | 1880 | 26.00 | 24.70 | 34.90% | 0.570 | 0.769 | - |
| | Front side | 10 | 810 | 1909.8 | 26.00 | 25.10 | 23.03% | 0.763 | 0.939 | - |
| GPRS1900 | Back side | 10 | 810 | 1909.8 | 26.00 | 25.10 | 23.03% | 0.642 | 0.790 | - |
| (Hotspot) (1Dn4UP) | Bottom side | 10 | 512 | 1850.2 | 26.00 | 24.90 | 28.82% | 0.750 | 0.966 | - |
| (12.1.13.) | Bottom side | 10 | 661 | 1880 | 26.00 | 24.70 | 34.90% | 0.767 | 1.035 | 60 |
| | Bottom side | 10 | 810 | 1909.8 | 26.00 | 25.10 | 23.03% | 0.657 | 0.808 | - |
| | Right side | 10 | 810 | 1909.8 | 26.00 | 25.10 | 23.03% | 0.216 | 0.266 | - |
| | Left side | 10 | 810 | 1909.8 | 26.00 | 25.10 | 23.03% | 0.128 | 0.157 | - |



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WCDMA Band II

| Mode | Position | Distanc e (mm) | СН | Freq. (MHz) | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | Measured Avg. Power (dBm) | Scaling | _ | | Plot page |
|---------|--------------|----------------------|------|----------------|--|------------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|--------------|
| | RE Cheek | - | 9262 | 1852.4 | 24.00 | 23.72 | 6.66% | 0.168 | 0.179 | - |
| | RE Cheek | - | 9400 | 1880 | 24.00 | 23.26 | 18.58% | 0.229 | 0.272 | - |
| R99 | RE Cheek | - | 9538 | 1907.6 | 24.00 | 23.28 | 18.03% | 0.287 | 0.339 | 61 |
| (Head) | RE Tilt | - | 9262 | 1852.4 | 24.00 | 23.72 | 6.66% | 0.089 | 0.095 | - |
| | LE Cheek | - | 9262 | 1852.4 | 24.00 | 23.72 | 6.66% | 0.161 | 0.172 | - |
| | LE Tilt | - | 9262 | 1852.4 | 24.00 | 23.72 | 6.66% | 0.103 | 0.110 | - |
| | Front side | 10 | 9262 | 1852.4 | 24.00 | 23.72 | 6.66% | 0.801 | 0.854 | - |
| | Front side | 10 | 9400 | 1880 | 24.00 | 23.26 | 18.58% | 0.787 | 0.933 | - |
| | Front side | 10 | 9538 | 1907.6 | 24.00 | 23.28 | 18.03% | 0.842 | 0.994 | - |
| | Back side | 10 | 9262 | 1852.4 | 24.00 | 23.72 | 6.66% | 0.918 | 0.979 | - |
| | Back side | 10 | 9400 | 1880 | 24.00 | 23.26 | 18.58% | 0.897 | 1.064 | - |
| Hotspot | Back side | 10 | 9538 | 1907.6 | 24.00 | 23.28 | 18.03% | 0.995 | 1.174 | - |
| Hotspot | Bottom side | 10 | 9262 | 1852.4 | 24.00 | 23.72 | 6.66% | 1.050 | 1.120 | 62 |
| | Bottom side* | 10 | 9262 | 1852.4 | 24.00 | 23.72 | 6.66% | 1.010 | 1.077 | - |
| | Bottom side | 10 | 9400 | 1880 | 24.00 | 23.26 | 18.58% | 1.000 | 1.186 | - |
| | Bottom side | 10 | 9538 | 1907.6 | 24.00 | 23.28 | 18.03% | 0.975 | 1.151 | - |
| | Right side | 10 | 9262 | 1852.4 | 24.00 | 23.72 | 6.66% | 0.117 | 0.125 | - |
| | Left side | 10 | 9262 | 1852.4 | 24.00 | 23.72 | 6.66% | 0.247 | 0.263 | - |

^{* -} repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the KDB865664D01v01r04

WCDMA Band V

| Mode | Position | Distanc e (mm) | СН | Freq. (MHz) | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm) | Measured Avg. Power | Scaling | 1 (W/ | SAR over g 'kg) | Plot page |
|---------|-------------|----------------------|------|----------------|--|---------------------------|---------|----------|-----------------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | (dBm) | | Measured | | |
| | RE Cheek | - | 4183 | 836.6 | 24.00 | 23.98 | 0.46% | 0.251 | 0.252 | - |
| | RE Tilt | - | 4183 | 836.6 | 24.00 | 23.98 | 0.46% | 0.158 | 0.159 | - |
| R99 | LE Cheek | - | 4132 | 826.4 | 24.00 | 23.97 | 0.69% | 0.299 | 0.301 | - |
| (Head) | LE Cheek | - | 4183 | 836.6 | 24.00 | 23.98 | 0.46% | 0.331 | 0.333 | 63 |
| | LE Cheek | - | 4233 | 846.6 | 24.00 | 23.93 | 1.62% | 0.291 | 0.296 | - |
| | LE Tilt | - | 4183 | 836.6 | 24.00 | 23.98 | 0.46% | 0.200 | 0.201 | - |
| | Front side | 10 | 4183 | 836.6 | 24.00 | 23.98 | 0.46% | 0.299 | 0.300 | - |
| | Back side | 10 | 4183 | 836.6 | 24.00 | 23.98 | 0.46% | 0.320 | 0.321 | - |
| | Bottom side | 10 | 4183 | 836.6 | 24.00 | 23.98 | 0.46% | 0.313 | 0.314 | - |
| Hotspot | Right side | 10 | 4183 | 836.6 | 24.00 | 23.98 | 0.46% | 0.158 | 0.159 | - |
| | Left side | 10 | 4132 | 826.4 | 24.00 | 23.97 | 0.69% | 0.436 | 0.439 | - |
| | Left side | 10 | 4183 | 836.6 | 24.00 | 23.98 | 0.46% | 0.467 | 0.469 | 64 |
| | Left side | 10 | 4233 | 846.6 | 24.00 | 23.93 | 1.62% | 0.435 | 0.442 | - |



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WLAN802.11 b

| Mode | Position | Distance (mm) | СН | Freq. | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. | Measured Avg. Power | Scaling | Averaged S (W/ | _ | Plot page |
|---------|------------|---------------|----|-------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|-------------------|----------|-----------|
| | | , | | , | Tolerance (dBm) | (dBm) | | Measured | Reported | |
| | RE Cheek | - | 1 | 2412 | 14.50 | 14.40 | 2.33% | 0.104 | 0.106 | 65 |
| Head | RE Tilt | - | 1 | 2412 | 14.50 | 14.40 | 2.33% | 0.059 | 0.060 | - |
| пеац | LE Cheek | - | 1 | 2412 | 14.50 | 14.40 | 2.33% | 0.044 | 0.045 | - |
| | LE Tilt | - | 1 | 2412 | 14.50 | 14.40 | 2.33% | 0.027 | 0.028 | - |
| | Front side | 10 | 1 | 2412 | 14.50 | 14.40 | 2.33% | 0.045 | 0.046 | - |
| Hotspot | Back side | 10 | 1 | 2412 | 14.50 | 14.40 | 2.33% | 0.048 | 0.049 | - |
| Ποιδροί | Top side | 10 | 1 | 2412 | 14.50 | 14.40 | 2.33% | 0.067 | 0.069 | - |
| | Left side | 10 | 1 | 2412 | 14.50 | 14.40 | 2.33% | 0.086 | 0.088 | 66 |

WLAN802.11 a 5.2G

| Mode | Position | Position Distance (mm) | | Freq. (MHz) | Avg. Power + Max. | Measured Avg. Power | Scaling | Averaged S (W/ | _ | Plot page |
|-------|------------|------------------------|----|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------|-------------------|----------|--------------|
| | | , , | | , | Tolerance (dBm) | (dBm) | | Measured | Reported | |
| | RE Cheek | - | 40 | 5200 | 11.50 | 11.06 | 10.66% | 0.328 | 0.363 | 67 |
| Head | RE Tilt | - | 40 | 5200 | 11.50 | 11.06 | 10.66% | 0.267 | 0.295 | - |
| Heau | LE Cheek | - | 40 | 5200 | 11.50 | 11.06 | 10.66% | 0.090 | 0.100 | - |
| | LE Tilt | - | 40 | 5200 | 11.50 | 11.06 | 10.66% | 0.117 | 0.129 | - |
| Body- | Front side | 10 | 40 | 5200 | 11.50 | 11.06 | 10.66% | 0.126 | 0.139 | 68 |
| worn | Back side | 10 | 40 | 5200 | 11.50 | 11.06 | 10.66% | 0.062 | 0.069 | - |

| Mode | Position | Distance (mm) | СН | Freq. | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. | Measured Avg. Power | Scaling | Averaged 10 (W/ |)g | Plot page |
|----------|------------|---------------|----|-------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------|--------------|
| | | | | | Tolerance (dBm) | (dBm) | | Measured | Reported | |
| product | Front side | 0 | 40 | 5200 | 11.50 | 11.06 | 10.66% | 0.133 | 0.147 | - |
| specific | Back side | 0 | 40 | 5200 | 11.50 | 11.06 | 10.66% | 0.123 | 0.136 | - |
| 10-g | Top side | 0 | 40 | 5200 | 11.50 | 11.06 | 10.66% | 0.193 | 0.214 | - |
| SAR | Left side | 0 | 40 | 5200 | 11.50 | 11.06 | 10.66% | 0.596 | 0.660 | 69 |



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WLAN802.11 a 5.3G

| Mode | Position | Position Distance (mm) | | H Freq. | Avg. Power + Max. | Measured Avg. Power | Scaling | Averaged S (W/ | _ | Plot page |
|-------|------------|------------------------|----|---------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------|-------------------|----------|--------------|
| | | | | | Tolerance (dBm) | (dBm) | | Measured | Reported | |
| | RE Cheek | = | 56 | 5280 | 11.50 | 10.97 | 12.98% | 0.341 | 0.385 | 70 |
| Head | RE Tilt | - | 56 | 5280 | 11.50 | 10.97 | 12.98% | 0.293 | 0.331 | - |
| пеац | LE Cheek | - | 56 | 5280 | 11.50 | 10.97 | 12.98% | 0.101 | 0.114 | - |
| | LE Tilt | - | 56 | 5280 | 11.50 | 10.97 | 12.98% | 0.119 | 0.134 | - |
| Body- | Front side | 10 | 56 | 5280 | 11.50 | 10.97 | 12.98% | 0.126 | 0.142 | 71 |
| worn | Back side | 10 | 56 | 5280 | 11.50 | 10.97 | 12.98% | 0.059 | 0.067 | - |

| Mode F | Position | Distance (mm) | СН | Freq. (MHz) | Avg. Power + Max. | Measured Avg. Power | Scaling | Averaged 10 (W/ |)g | Plot page |
|----------|------------|------------------|----|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------|--------------|
| | | | | | Tolerance (dBm) | (dBm) | | Measured | Reported | |
| product | Front side | 0 | 56 | 5280 | 11.50 | 10.97 | 12.98% | 0.128 | 0.145 | - |
| specific | Back side | 0 | 56 | 5280 | 11.50 | 10.97 | 12.98% | 0.157 | 0.177 | - |
| 10-g | Top side | 0 | 56 | 5280 | 11.50 | 10.97 | 12.98% | 0.234 | 0.264 | - |
| SAR | Left side | 0 | 56 | 5280 | 11.50 | 10.97 | 12.98% | 0.782 | 0.884 | 72 |

WLAN802.11 a 5.6G

| Mode Position | Position | Position Distance (mm) | | Freq. (MHz) | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. | Measured Avg. Power | Scaling | Averaged S (W/ | kg) | Plot page |
|---------------|------------|------------------------|-----|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|-------------------|----------|--------------|
| | | | | , , | Tolerance (dBm) | (dBm) | | Measured | Reported | |
| | RE Cheek | - | 120 | 5600 | 10.00 | 9.86 | 3.28% | 0.257 | 0.265 | - |
| Head | RE Tilt | - | 120 | 5600 | 10.00 | 9.86 | 3.28% | 0.263 | 0.272 | 73 |
| Head | LE Cheek | - | 120 | 5600 | 10.00 | 9.86 | 3.28% | 0.085 | 0.088 | - |
| | LE Tilt | - | 120 | 5600 | 10.00 | 9.86 | 3.28% | 0.104 | 0.107 | - |
| Body- | Front side | 10 | 120 | 5600 | 10.00 | 9.86 | 3.28% | 0.092 | 0.095 | 74 |
| worn | Back side | 10 | 120 | 5600 | 10.00 | 9.86 | 3.28% | 0.088 | 0.091 | - |

| Mode | Position | Distance (mm) | СН | Freq. (MHz) | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. | Measured Avg. Power | Scaling | Ü | SAR over)g (kg) | Plot page |
|----------|------------|------------------|-----|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|----------|------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | , , | Tolerance (dBm) | (dBm) | | Measured | Reported | |
| product | Front side | 0 | 120 | 5600 | 10.00 | 9.86 | 3.28% | 0.116 | 0.120 | - |
| specific | Back side | 0 | 120 | 5600 | 10.00 | 9.86 | 3.28% | 0.223 | 0.230 | - |
| 10-g | Top side | 0 | 120 | 5600 | 10.00 | 9.86 | 3.28% | 0.227 | 0.234 | - |
| SAR | Left side | 0 | 120 | 5600 | 10.00 | 9.86 | 3.28% | 0.604 | 0.624 | 75 |



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WLAN802.11 a 5.8G

| Mode | Mode Position | | Position Distance CH Freq (MHz | | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. | Measured Avg. Power | Avg. Scaling | Averaged SAR over 1g (W/kg) | | Plot page |
|-------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------|--------------|
| | | , , | | | Tolerance (dBm) | (dBm) | | Measured | Reported | |
| | RE Cheek | - | 149 | 5745 | 9.00 | 8.68 | 7.65% | 0.309 | 0.333 | - |
| Head | RE Tilt | - | 149 | 5745 | 9.00 | 8.68 | 7.65% | 0.329 | 0.354 | 76 |
| Head | LE Cheek | - | 149 | 5745 | 9.00 | 8.68 | 7.65% | 0.117 | 0.126 | - |
| | LE Tilt | - | 149 | 5745 | 9.00 | 8.68 | 7.65% | 0.157 | 0.169 | - |
| Body- | Front side | 10 | 149 | 5745 | 9.00 | 8.68 | 7.65% | 0.099 | 0.107 | - |
| worn | Back side | 10 | 149 | 5745 | 9.00 | 8.68 | 7.65% | 0.130 | 0.140 | 77 |

| Mode | Position | Distance (mm) | СН | Freq. (MHz) | Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. | Measured Avg. Power | Scaling | Averaged SAR over 10g (W/kg) | | Plot page |
|----------|------------|---------------|-----|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|----------|--------------|
| | | | | | Tolerance (dBm) | (dBm) | | Measured | Reported | |
| product | Front side | 0 | 149 | 5745 | 9.00 | 8.68 | 7.65% | 0.139 | 0.150 | - |
| specific | Back side | 0 | 149 | 5745 | 9.00 | 8.68 | 7.65% | 0.208 | 0.224 | - |
| 10-g | Top side | 0 | 149 | 5745 | 9.00 | 8.68 | 7.65% | 0.251 | 0.270 | - |
| SAR | Left side | 0 | 149 | 5745 | 9.00 | 8.68 | 7.65% | 0.800 | 0.861 | 78 |



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3. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios:

| Simulations Transmission Cochanos. | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------|---------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Simultaneous Transmit Configurations | Head | Body-Worn | Hotspot | Product specific 10-g SAR | | | |
| GSM + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | | | |
| GPRS + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi | No | No | Yes | Yes | | | |
| WCDMA + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | |
| GSM + 5GHz Wi-Fi | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | | | |
| GPRS + 5GHz Wi-Fi | No | No | No | Yes | | | |
| WCDMA + 5GHz Wi-Fi | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | | | |
| GSM + BT | No | Yes | No | Yes | | | |
| GPRS + BT | No | No | No | Yes | | | |
| WCDMA + BT | No | Yes | No | Yes | | | |

Notes:

- 1. WiFi and BT can't transmit simultaneously.
- 2. The device does not support DTM function. Body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
- 3.Based on KDB447498D01 note 36, when SAR test exclusion is allowed by other published RF exposure KDB procedures, such as the 2.5 cm hotspot mode SAR test exclusion for an edge or surface, then estimated SAR is not required to determine simultaneous SAR test exclusion. Also, based on KDB648474D04 note 6, simultaneous transmission SAR for product specific 10-g SAR requires consideration only when standalone 10-g SAR is required.



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3.1 Estimated SAR calculation

According to KDB447498 D01v05 – When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

Estimated SAR =
$$\frac{\text{Max.tune up power(mW)}}{\text{Min.test separation distance(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5}$$

f the minimum test separation distance is < 5mm, a distance of 5mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is >50mm, the 0.4W/kg is used for 1g-SAR and 1.0W/kg is used for 10g-SAR.

| mode | position | max. power (dB) | max. power (mW) | f(GHz) | distance (mm) | Х | Estimated SAR |
|------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------|------|------------------|
| ВТ | body-worn | 4.5 | 2.818 | 2.48 | 10 | 7.5 | 0.059 (1g) |
| ВТ | product specific 10g-SAR | 4.5 | 2.818 | 2.48 | 5 | 18.5 | 0.047 (10g) |

3.2 SPLSR evaluation and analysis

Per KDB447498D01, when the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR sum to peak location separation ratio(SPLSR).

The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination must be considered one pair at a time to determine the SAR to peak location separation ratio to qualify for test exclusion.

The ratio is determined by (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5/Ri, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be \leq 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion. When 10-g SAR applies, the ratio must be \leq 0.1.

SAR1 and SAR2 are the highest reported or estimated SAR for each antenna in the pair, and Ri is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.

When standalone test exclusion applies, SAR is estimated; the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna.



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Simultaneous Transmission Combination

| reporte | d SAR W | WAN and WL | AN 2.4GHz, | ΣSAR evalu | uation |
|-----------|---------|-------------|------------|------------|----------|
| Frequency | - | !#! | reported S | AR / W/kg | ΣSAR |
| band | P | osition | WWAN | WLAN | <1.6W/kg |
| | | Right cheek | 0.197 | 0.106 | 0.303 |
| GSM 850 | Head | Right tilt | 0.117 | 0.060 | 0.177 |
| | пеац | Left cheek | 0.308 | 0.045 | 0.353 |
| | | Left tilt | 0.139 | 0.028 | 0.167 |
| | | Front | 0.493 | 0.046 | 0.539 |
| | | Back | 1.192 | 0.049 | 1.241 |
| GPRS 850 | Hotspot | Тор | - | 0.069 | - |
| (1Dn4UP) | поізроі | Bottom | 0.491 | - | - |
| | | Right | 0.294 | - | - |
| | | Left | 0.797 | 0.088 | 0.885 |
| | Head | Right cheek | 0.202 | 0.106 | 0.308 |
| GSM 1900 | | Right tilt | 0.092 | 0.060 | 0.152 |
| G3W 1900 | | Left cheek | 0.136 | 0.045 | 0.181 |
| | | Left tilt | 0.121 | 0.028 | 0.149 |
| | Hotspot | Front | 0.939 | 0.046 | 0.985 |
| | | Back | 0.790 | 0.049 | 0.839 |
| GPRS 1900 | | Тор | - | 0.069 | - |
| (1Dn4UP) | | Bottom | 1.035 | - | - |
| | | Right | 0.266 | - | - |
| | | Left | 0.157 | 0.088 | 0.245 |
| | | Right cheek | 0.339 | 0.106 | 0.445 |
| | Hood | Right tilt | 0.095 | 0.060 | 0.155 |
| | Head | Left cheek | 0.172 | 0.045 | 0.217 |
| | | Left tilt | 0.110 | 0.028 | 0.138 |
| WCDMA | | Front | 0.994 | 0.046 | 1.040 |
| Band II | | Back | 1.174 | 0.049 | 1.223 |
| | | Тор | - | 0.069 | - |
| | Hotspot | Bottom | 1.186 | - | - |
| | | Right | 0.125 | - | - |
| | | Left | 0.263 | 0.088 | 0.351 |



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| reporte | reported SAR WWAN and WLAN 2.4GHz, ΣSAR evaluation | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|-------------|------------|-----------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Frequency | D | osition | reported S | AR / W/kg | ΣSAR | | | | | |
| band | P | OSILION | WWAN | WLAN | <1.6W/kg | | | | | |
| | | Right cheek | 0.252 | 0.106 | 0.358 | | | | | |
| | Head | Right tilt | 0.159 | 0.060 | 0.219 | | | | | |
| | Tibau | Left cheek | 0.333 | 0.045 | 0.378 | | | | | |
| | | Left tilt | 0.201 | 0.028 | 0.229 | | | | | |
| WCDMA | | Front | 0.300 | 0.046 | 0.346 | | | | | |
| Band V | | Back | 0.321 | 0.049 | 0.370 | | | | | |
| | Hotspot | Тор | 1 | 0.069 | - | | | | | |
| | riotspot | Bottom | 0.314 | 1 | - | | | | | |
| | | Right | 0.159 | - | - | | | | | |
| | | Left | 0.469 | 0.088 | 0.557 | | | | | |



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| report | ed SAR V | WAN and WI | LAN 5GHz, 2 | ESAR evalu | ation |
|-----------|----------|-------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| Frequency | n | 0.01110.00 | reported S | AR / W/kg | ΣSAR |
| band | | osition | WWAN | WLAN | <1.6W/kg |
| | | Right cheek | 0.197 | 0.385 | 0.582 |
| | Head | Right tilt | 0.117 | 0.354 | 0.471 |
| GSM 850 | Head | Left cheek | 0.308 | 0.126 | 0.434 |
| GSIVI 030 | | Left tilt | 0.139 | 0.169 | 0.308 |
| | Body- | Front | 0.314 | 0.142 | 0.456 |
| | worn | Back | 0.678 | 0.140 | 0.818 |
| GSM 1900 | | Right cheek | 0.202 | 0.385 | 0.587 |
| | Head | Right tilt | 0.092 | 0.354 | 0.446 |
| | | Left cheek | 0.136 | 0.126 | 0.262 |
| | | Left tilt | 0.121 | 0.169 | 0.290 |
| | Body- | Front | 0.614 | 0.142 | 0.756 |
| | worn | Back | 0.375 | 0.140 | 0.515 |
| | | Right cheek | 0.339 | 0.385 | 0.724 |
| | Head | Right tilt | 0.095 | 0.354 | 0.449 |
| WCDMA | пеац | Left cheek | 0.172 | 0.126 | 0.298 |
| Band II | | Left tilt | 0.110 | 0.169 | 0.279 |
| | Body- | Front | 0.994 | 0.142 | 1.136 |
| | worn | Back | 1.064 | 0.140 | 1.204 |
| | | Right cheek | 0.252 | 0.385 | 0.637 |
| | Head | Right tilt | 0.159 | 0.354 | 0.513 |
| WCDMA | пеац | Left cheek | 0.333 | 0.126 | 0.459 |
| Band V | | Left tilt | 0.201 | 0.169 | 0.370 |
| | Body- | Front | 0.300 | 0.142 | 0.442 |
| | worn | Back | 0.321 | 0.140 | 0.461 |



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| reported SAR WWAN and Bluetooth, ΣSAR evaluation | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|----------|------------|------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Frequency | _ | | reported S | SAR / W/kg | ΣSAR | | | | |
| band | Pos | Position | | Bluetooth | <1.6W/kg | | | | |
| GSM 850 | Body- | Front | 0.314 | 0.059 | 0.373 | | | | |
| G3W 650 | Worn | Back | 0.678 | 0.059 | 0.737 | | | | |
| GSM 1900 | Body- Worn | Front | 0.614 | 0.059 | 0.673 | | | | |
| GSW 1900 | | Back | 0.375 | 0.059 | 0.434 | | | | |
| WCDMA | Body- | Front | 0.994 | 0.059 | 1.053 | | | | |
| Band II | Worn | Back | 1.064 | 0.059 | 1.123 | | | | |
| WCDMA | Body- Worn | Front | 0.300 | 0.059 | 0.359 | | | | |
| Band V | | Back | 0.321 | 0.059 | 0.38 | | | | |



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| rep | orted SA | R WWAN and | l WLAN 5G, Σ | SAR evaluat | ion |
|-------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|----------|
| Frequency | D | | reported S | SAR / W/kg | ΣSAR |
| band | PO | osition | WWAN | WLAN | <4.0W/kg |
| | product | Front | - | 0.150 | - |
| GSM 850 | specific | Back | - | 0.230 | - |
| GSIVI 030 | 10-g | Тор | - | 0.270 | - |
| | SAR | Left | - | 0.884 | - |
| | product | Front | - | 0.150 | - |
| GPRS 850 | specific | Back | - | 0.230 | - |
| GPRS 650 | 10-g | Тор | - | 0.270 | - |
| | SAR | Left | - | 0.884 | - |
| | product specific 10-g SAR | Front | - | 0.150 | - |
| GSM 1900 | | Back | - | 0.230 | - |
| GSW 1900 | | Тор | - | 0.270 | - |
| | | Left | - | 0.884 | - |
| | product | Front | - | 0.150 | - |
| GPRS 1900 | specific | Back | - | 0.230 | - |
| GI 113 1900 | 10-g | Тор | - | 0.270 | - |
| | SAR | Left | - | 0.884 | - |
| | product | Front | - | 0.150 | - |
| WCDMA | specific | Back | - | 0.230 | - |
| Band II | 10-g | Тор | - | 0.270 | - |
| | SAR | Left | - | 0.884 | - |
| | product | Front | - | 0.150 | - |
| WCDMA | specific | Back | - | 0.230 | - |
| Band V | 10-g | Тор | - | 0.270 | - |
| | SAR | Left | - | 0.884 | - |



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| rep | orted SAI | R WWAN and | Bluetooth, Σ | SAR evaluat | ion |
|-------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|----------|
| Frequency | D | | reported S | ΣSAR | |
| band | PO | osition | WWAN | Bluetooth | <4.0W/kg |
| | product | Front | - | 0.047 | - |
| GSM 850 | specific | Back | - | 0.047 | - |
| | 10-g | Тор | - | 0.047 | - |
| | SAR | Left | - | 0.047 | - |
| | product | Front | - | 0.047 | - |
| GPRS 850 | specific | Back | - | 0.047 | - |
| GPR5 850 | 10-g | Тор | - | 0.047 | - |
| | SAR | Left | - | 0.047 | - |
| GSM 1900 | product specific 10-g SAR | Front | - | 0.047 | - |
| | | Back | - | 0.047 | - |
| GSIVI 1900 | | Тор | - | 0.047 | - |
| | | Left | - | 0.047 | - |
| | product specific | Front | - | 0.047 | - |
| GPRS 1900 | | Back | - | 0.047 | - |
| GI 113 1900 | 10-g | Тор | - | 0.047 | - |
| | SAR | Left | - | 0.047 | - |
| | product | Front | - | 0.047 | - |
| WCDMA | specific | Back | - | 0.047 | - |
| Band II | 10-g | Тор | - | 0.047 | = |
| | SAR | Left | - | 0.047 | - |
| | product | Front | - | 0.047 | - |
| WCDMA | specific | Back | - | 0.047 | - |
| Band V | 10-g | Тор | - | 0.047 | - |
| | SAR | Left | - | 0.047 | - |



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4. Instruments List

| . <u></u> | instruments List | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Manufacturer | Device | Туре | Serial number | Date of last calibration | Date of next calibration | | | | | |
| Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3938 | Oct.01,2015 | Sep.30,2016 | | | | | |
| | | D835V2 | 4d063 | Aug.24,2015 | Aug.23,2016 | | | | | |
| Schmid & Partner | System Validation | D1900V2 | 5d027 | Apr.25,2016 | Apr.24,2017 | | | | | |
| Engineering AG | Dipole | D2450V2 | 727 | Apr.19,2016 | Apr.18,2017 | | | | | |
| | | D5GHzV2 | 1023 | Jan.26,2016 | Jan.25,2017 | | | | | |
| Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | Data acquisition Electronics | DAE4 | 1260 | Sep.24,2015 | Sep.23,2016 | | | | | |
| Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | Software | DASY 52 V52.8.8 | N/A | Calibration not required | Calibration not required | | | | | |
| Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | Phantom | SAM | N/A | Calibration not required | Calibration not required | | | | | |
| Network Analyzer | Agilent | E5071C | MY46107530 | Jan.07,2016 | Jan.06,2017 | | | | | |
| Agilent | Dielectric Probe Kit | 85070E | MY44300677 | Calibration not required | Calibration not required | | | | | |
| Agilent | Dual-directional | 772D | MY52180142 | Apr.13,2016 | Apr.12,2017 | | | | | |
| Agiletit | coupler | 778D | MY52180302 | Apr.13,2016 | Apr.12,2017 | | | | | |



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| Manufacturer | Device | Туре | Serial number | Date of last calibration | Date of next calibration |
|--------------|--------------------------------|----------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Agilent | RF Signal Generator | N5181A | MY50145142 | Feb.19,2016 | Feb.18,2017 |
| Agilent | Power Meter | E4417A | MY51410006 | Jan.07,2016 | Jan.06,2017 |
| Agilopt | Power Sensor | E9301H | MY51470001 | Jan.07,2016 | Jan.06,2017 |
| Agilent | Power Sensor | E9301H | MY51470002 | Jan.07,2016 | Jan.06,2017 |
| TECPEL | Digital thermometer | DTM-303A | TP130073 | Feb.26,2016 | Feb.25,2017 |
| Anritsu | Radio Communication Test | MT8820C | 6201061014 | Oct.07,2015 | Oct.06,2016 |



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5. Measurements

Date: 2016/8/1

GSM 850 Head Le Cheek CH 251

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.964$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature: 22.1° C; Liquid temperature: 21.9° C

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3938; ConvF(9.35, 9.35, 9.35); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24

· Phantom: Head

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.304 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

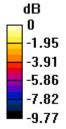
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

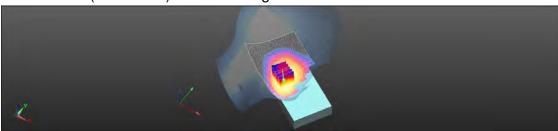
Reference Value = 8.100 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.330 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.262 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.301 W/kg





0 dB = 0.301 W/kg = -5.21 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/6

GSM 850_Body-worn_Back side_CH 251_10mm

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 1.028$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.767$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.2° C; Liquid temperature: 21.8° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.738 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

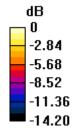
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

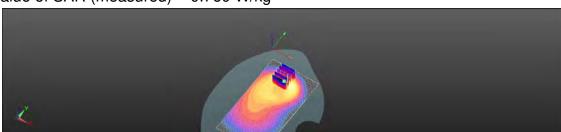
Reference Value = 16.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.928 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.577 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.760 W/kg





0 dB = 0.760 W/kg = -1.19 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/6

GPRS 850 Hotspot Back side CH 251 10mm

Communication System: GPRS(1Dn4Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 1.028$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.767$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.2° C; Liquid temperature: 21.8° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

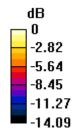
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

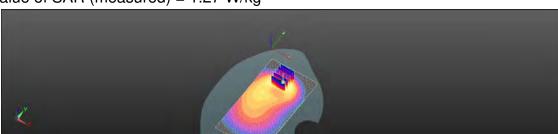
Reference Value = 20.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.925 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.559 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg





0 dB = 1.27 W/kg = 1.03 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/1

GSM 1900 Head Re Cheek CH 810

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.392 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.576$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature: 22.2° C; Liquid temperature: 21.9° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.262 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

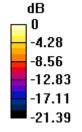
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

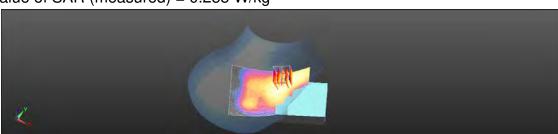
Reference Value = 3.932 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.309 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.193 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 W/kg





0 dB = 0.255 W/kg = -5.94 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/5

GSM 1900 Body-worn Front side CH 810 10mm

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.534 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.642$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.1° C; Liquid temperature: 21.7° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.829 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

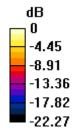
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

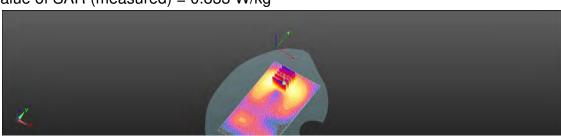
Reference Value = 6.222 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.586 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.833 W/kg





0 dB = 0.833 W/kg = -0.79 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/5

GPRS 1900 Hotspot Bottom side CH 661 10mm

Communication System: GPRS (1Dn4Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.498$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.861$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.1° C; Liquid temperature: 21.7° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

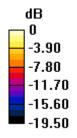
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

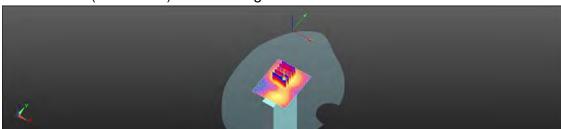
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.767 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.433 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg





0 dB = 1.02 W/kg = 0.07 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/1

WCDMA Band 2 Head Re Cheek CH 9538

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1908 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.584$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature: 22.2° C; Liquid temperature: 21.9° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.394 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

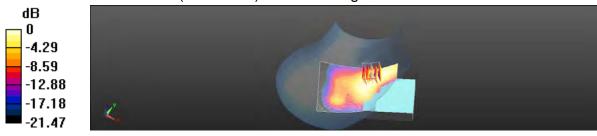
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.076 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.455 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.287 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.376 W/kg



0 dB = 0.376 W/kg = -4.25 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/5

WCDMA Band 2 Hotspot Bottom side CH 9262 10mm

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.472 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.905$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.1° C; Liquid temperature: 21.7° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.42 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dv=8mm. dz=5mm

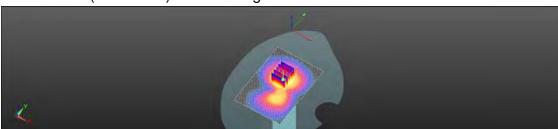
Reference Value = 16.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.603 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 W/kg





0 dB = 1.40 W/kg = 1.46 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/1

WCDMA Band 5 Head Le Cheek CH 4183

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.885 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.116$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature: 22.1° C; Liquid temperature: 21.9° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(9.35, 9.35, 9.35); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.380 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

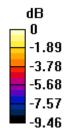
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

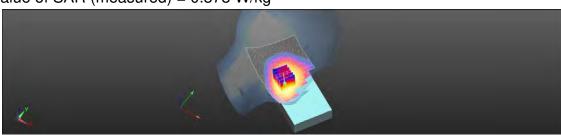
Reference Value = 8.885 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.414 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.331 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.251 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.378 W/kg





0 dB = 0.378 W/kq = -4.22 dBW/kq



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Date: 2016/8/6

WCDMA Band 5_Hotspot_Left side_CH 4183_10mm

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1.014 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.858$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.2° C; Liquid temperature: 21.8° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.573 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

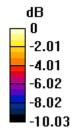
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

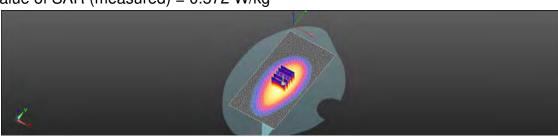
Reference Value = 23.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.655 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.467 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.572 W/kg





0 dB = 0.572 W/kg = -2.42 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/2

WLAN 802.11b Head Re Cheek CH 1

Communication System: WLAN 2.45G; Frequency: 2412 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.787$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.361$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 21.9° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (91x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.152 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.068 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.231 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.104 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.157 W/kg



0 dB = 0.157 W/kg = -8.03 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

WLAN 802.11b Hotspot Left side CH 1 10mm

Communication System: WLAN 2.45G; Frequency: 2412 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.953$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.419$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.4° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.17, 7.17, 7.17); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.131 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

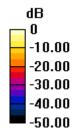
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

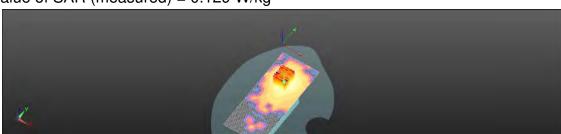
Reference Value = 2.388 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.172 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.086 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.129 W/kg





0 dB = 0.129 W/kq = -8.91 dBW/kq



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Date: 2016/8/3

WLAN 802.11a 5.2G Head Re Cheek CH 40

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.676 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.168$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature: 22.5° C; Liquid temperature: 22.1° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (111x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.496 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.413 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.328 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.582 W/kg



0 dB = 0.582 W/kq = -2.35 dBW/kq



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Date: 2016/8/4

WLAN 802.11a 5.2G_Body-worn_Front side_CH 40_10mm

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.195 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.331$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (111x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

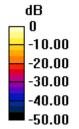
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.293 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.429 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.126 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 W/kg





0 dB = 0.235 W/kq = -6.29 dBW/kq



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Date: 2016/8/4

WLAN 802.11a 5.2G_Product specific 10-g SAR_Left side_CH 40_0mm

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.195 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.331$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.45 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

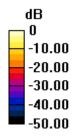
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

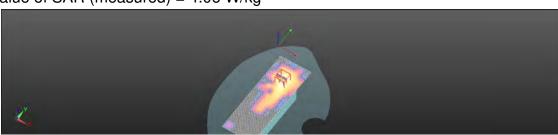
Reference Value = 3.810 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.596 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.06 W/kg





0 dB = 4.06 W/kg = 6.08 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/3

WLAN 802.11a 5.3G Head Re Cheek CH 56

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5280 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; $\sigma = 4.769 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.856$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature: 22.5° C; Liquid temperature: 22.1° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (111x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.550 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

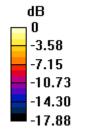
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.089 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.341 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.699 W/kg





0 dB = 0.699 W/kg = -1.56 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

WLAN 802.11a 5.3G_Body-worn_Front side_CH 56_10mm

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5280 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; $\sigma = 5.397 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.885$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (111x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.286 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

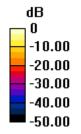
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.9290 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.430 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.126 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.244 W/kg





0 dB = 0.244 W/kg = -6.13 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

WLAN 802.11a 5.3G_Product specific 10-g SAR_Left side_CH 56_0mm

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5280 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; $\sigma = 5.397$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.885$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.96 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

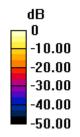
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

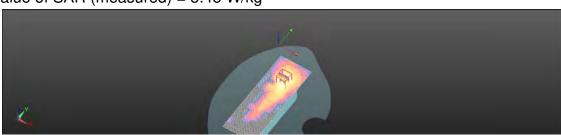
Reference Value = 4.034 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.782 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.45 W/kg





0 dB = 5.45 W/kg = 7.36 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/3

WLAN 802.11a 5.6G_Head_Re Tilt_CH 120

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5600 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.937 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.584$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature: 22.5° C; Liquid temperature: 22.1° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.28, 4.28, 4.28); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (111x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.422 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

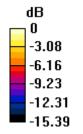
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.529 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.263 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.519 W/kg





0 dB = 0.519 W/kq = -2.85 dBW/kq



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Date: 2016/8/4

WLAN 802.11a 5.6G_Body-worn_Front side_CH 120_10mm

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5600 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.853 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.545$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(3.66, 3.66, 3.66); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (111x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.246 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

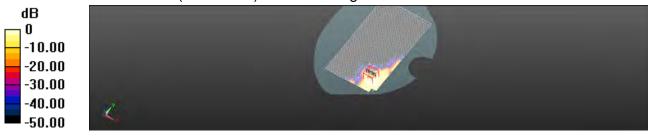
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.2143 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.344 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.092 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 W/kg



0 dB = 0.197 W/kg = -7.06 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

WLAN 802.11a 5.6G_Product specific 10-g SAR_Left side_CH 120_0mm

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5600 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.853 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.545$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(3.66, 3.66, 3.66); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.79 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

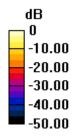
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

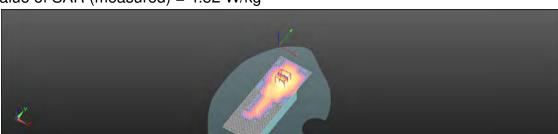
Reference Value = 1.438 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.604 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.52 W/kg





0 dB = 4.52 W/kg = 6.55 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/3

WLAN 802.11a 5.8G_Head_Re Tilt_CH 149

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5745 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 5.241$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.402$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature: 22.5° C; Liquid temperature: 22.1° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (111x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.554 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

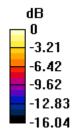
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

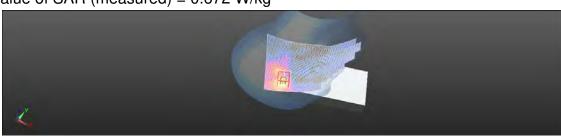
Reference Value = 3.875 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.329 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.672 W/kg





0 dB = 0.672 W/kg = -1.73 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

WLAN 802.11a 5.8G_Body-worn_Back side_CH 149_10mm

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5745 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 6.11 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.047$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(3.87, 3.87, 3.87); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (111x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.258 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

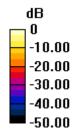
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

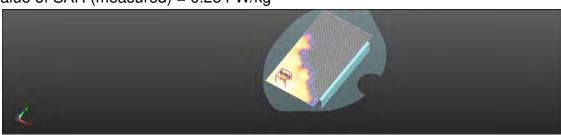
Reference Value = 0.3153 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.552 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.254 W/kg





0 dB = 0.254 W/kg = -5.96 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

WLAN 802.11a 5.8G_Product specific 10-g SAR_Left side_CH 149_0mm

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5745 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 6.11 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.047$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(3.87, 3.87, 3.87); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.41 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

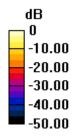
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

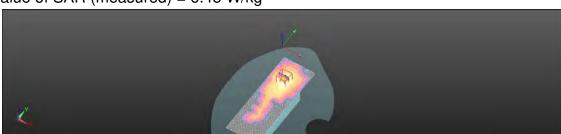
Reference Value = 1.155 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.800 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.45 W/kg





0 dB = 6.45 W/kg = 8.10 dBW/kg



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6. SAR System Performance Verification

Date: 2016/8/1

Dipole 835 MHz SN:4d063 Head

Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.142$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.1° C; Liquid temperature: 21.9° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(9.35, 9.35, 9.35); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.99 W/kg

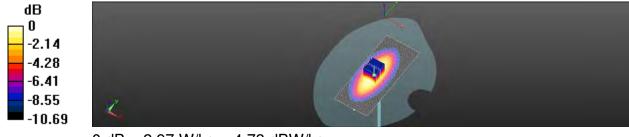
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.97 W/kg



0 dB = 2.97 W/kg = 4.73 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/6

Dipole 835 MHz_SN:4d063_Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.012 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.883$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.2° C; Liquid temperature: 21.8° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.97 W/kg

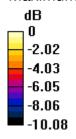
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

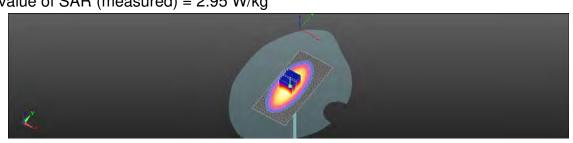
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 W/kg





0 dB = 2.95 W/kg = 4.70 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/1

Dipole 1900 MHz_SN:5d027_Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.383 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.614$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.2° C; Liquid temperature: 21.9° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

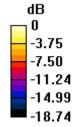
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

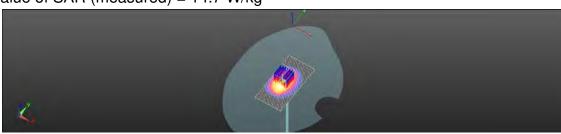
Reference Value = 94.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg





0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/5

Dipole 1900 MHz_SN:5d027_Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.523 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.762$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.1° C; Liquid temperature: 21.7° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.3 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

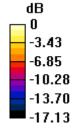
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

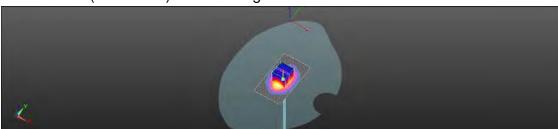
Reference Value = 95.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg





0 dB = 14.3 W/kg = 11.57 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/2

Dipole 2450 MHz_SN:727_Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.829 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.179$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 21.9° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.2 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

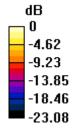
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

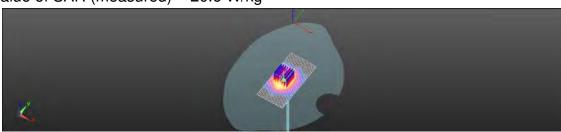
Reference Value = 104.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg





0 dB = 20.6 W/kg = 13.14 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

Dipole 2450 MHz_SN:727_Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.002 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.338$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.4° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(7.17, 7.17, 7.17); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.4 W/kg

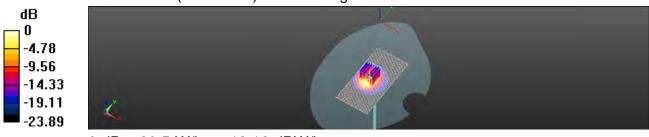
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg



0 dB = 20.5 W/kg = 13.12 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/3

Dipole 5200 MHz_SN:1023_Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.676 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 35.168$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.5° C; Liquid temperature: 22.1° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 W/kg

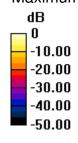
Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 63.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 W/kg





0 dB = 16.3 W/kg = 12.13 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

Dipole 5200 MHz SN:1023 Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.195 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.331$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3938; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24

Phantom: Head

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=100mW, d=10mm/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

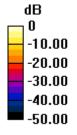
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

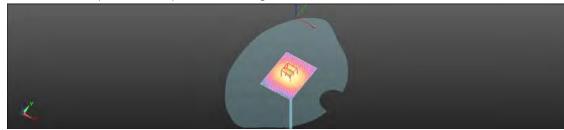
Reference Value = 56.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 W/kg





0 dB = 14.8 W/kg = 11.69 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/3

Dipole 5300 MHz_SN:1023_Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.791 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.821$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.5° C; Liquid temperature: 22.1° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=100mW, d=10mm/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 W/kg

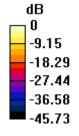
Configuration/Pin=100mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

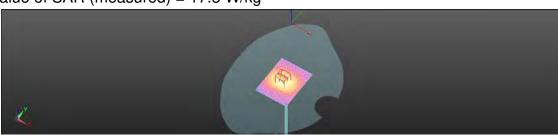
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 61.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg





0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.39 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

Dipole 5300 MHz SN:1023 Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.457 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.837$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3938; ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24

Phantom: Head

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=100mW, d=10mm/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

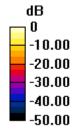
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

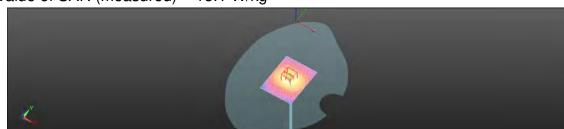
Reference Value = 56.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg





0 dB = 15.1 W/kg = 11.80 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/3

Dipole 5600 MHz_SN:1023_Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.937 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.584$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.5° C; Liquid temperature: 22.1° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.28, 4.28, 4.28); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=100mW, d=10mm/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.7 W/kg

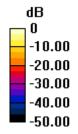
Configuration/Pin=100mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 61.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.68 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.48 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg





0 dB = 17.8 W/kg = 12.49 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

Dipole 5600 MHz_SN:1023_Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.853 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.545$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(3.66, 3.66, 3.66); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.1 W/kg

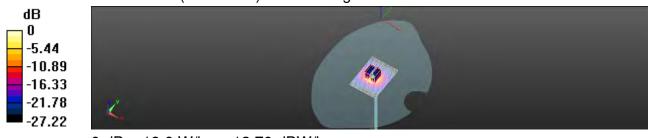
Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 61.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg



0 dB = 18.6 W/kg = 12.70 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/3

Dipole 5800 MHz_SN:1023_Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.321 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.339$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.5° C; Liquid temperature: 22.1° C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3938; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=100mW, d=10mm/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

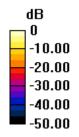
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.6 W/kg

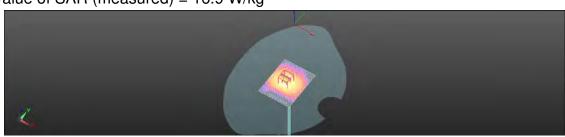
Configuration/Pin=100mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 57.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg





0 dB = 16.9 W/kg = 12.28 dBW/kg



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Date: 2016/8/4

Dipole 5800 MHz SN:1023 Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.192 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.939$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature: 22.3° C; Liquid temperature: 22.2° C

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3938; ConvF(3.87, 3.87, 3.87); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1260; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- · Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dv=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.4 W/kg

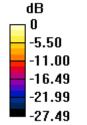
Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

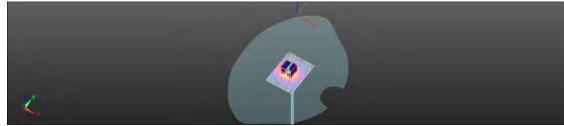
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 51.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg





0 dB = 15.8 W/kg = 11.98 dBW/kg



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7. DAE & Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Appreciated by the Swiss Appreciation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

| CALIBRATION (| DEITH TOATE | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Object | DAE4 - SD 000 D | 04 BM - SN: 1260 | |
| Cathranon procedurete) | QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration proces | dure for the data acquisition electr | onics (DAE) |
| Calibration date: | September 24, 20 | 115 | |
| The measurements and the unco | attainties with confidence pro dec in the closed laboratory | and standards, which reelize the physical units chability are given on the following pages and r facility: environment temperature (82 \pm 3)°C \pm | are part of the certificate |
| Primary Standards | 10 # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| | SN: 0810278 | 09-Sep-15 (No:17153) | Sep-16 |
| Keimley Multimeter Type 2001 | 1-00-00-00-00 | Samuel 12 (1821) (1924) | 500-10 |
| | ID e | | |
| Keimley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1 | 1000 | Check Date (in house) 06-Jan-15 (in house check) | Scheduled Check in house check: Jan-16 in himser check: Jan-16 |
| Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit | ID # SE UWS 063 AA 1001 | Check Date (in house) 06-Jan-15 (in house check) | Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-16 |
| Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2, i | ID e SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 | Check Date (in house) 06.Jan-15 (in house check) 06.Jan-15 (in house check) | Scheduled Check in house check; Jan-16 in hinse check; Jan-16 |
| Secondary Standards Auto DAE Craitsration Unit Calibrator Box V2, i | ID e SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 | Check Date (in house) 06.Jan-15 (in house check) 06.Jan-15 (in house check) | Scheduled Check in house check; Jan-16 in hinse check; Jan-16 |

Certificate No: DAE4-1260_Sep15

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeognauastrassa 45, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweitenischer Kerterereienei Service sulose d'étatormage Servicie sylozero di taratura Swiss Californitor Service

Accreentation No.: SCS 0108

Automition) by the Swes Acceptation Service (SAS).

The Swiss Appreditation Service is one of the signaturies to the EA
Publisheral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates.

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle Information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Cammon mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with Inputs shorted. Values on the Internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement, Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements,
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value (or information. Below this voltage, a pattery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Clerenowse Ne: DAE4-1280_Sep15

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1µV , full range = -100...+300 mV Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1......+3mV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | x | Υ | z |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| High Range | 406.043 ± 0.02% (k=2) | 405.010 ± 0.02% (k=2) | 405.577 ± 0.02% (k=2) |
| Low Range | 3.95755 ± 1.50% (k=2) | 4.01958 ± 1.50% (k=2) | 4.00483 ± 1.50% (k=2) |

Connector Angle

| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 84.5°±1° |
|---|----------|
| | |



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range | Reading (µV) | Difference (µV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 199996.71 | -0.71 | -0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 20003.42 | 1.97 | 0.01 |
| Channel X - Input | -19997.29 | 3.64 | -0.02 |
| Channel Y + Input | 199997.03 | -0.74 | -0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 20002.19 | 0.75 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y - Input | -20000.85 | -0.08 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 199995.02 | -2.52 | -0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 20000.79 | -0.63 | -0.00 |
| Channel Z - Input | -20001.97 | -1.09 | 0.01 |

| Low Range | Reading (µV) | Difference (µV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2001.31 | 0.02 | 0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 201.74 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| Channel X - Input | -197.79 | 0.49 | -0.25 |
| Channel Y + Input | 2001.47 | 0.11 | 0.01 |
| Channel Y + Input | 201.57 | -0.09 | -0.04 |
| Channel Y - Input | -198.16 | 0.02 | -0.01 |
| Channel Z + Input | 2001.06 | -0.19 | -0.01 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200.35 | -1.16 | -0.58 |
| Channel Z - Input | -199.72 | -1.47 | 0.74 |

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μV) | Low Range Average Reading (μV) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | 1.97 | -0.02 |
| | -200 | 0.99 | -1.30 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 13.29 | 13.11 |
| | - 200 | -13.69 | -13.98 |
| Channel Z | 200 | -0.48 | -0.25 |
| | - 200 | -1.06 | -1.67 |

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| i | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (μV) | Channel Y (μV) | Channel Z (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Channel X | 200 | | 5.95 | -2.35 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 9.12 | | 6.99 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 9.45 | 7.26 | - |

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15911 | 14818 |
| Channel Y | 15818 | 16372 |
| Channel Z | 16044 | 16864 |

Input Offset Measurement
 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10MΩ

| | Average (μV) | min. Offset (μV) | max. Offset (μV) | Std. Deviation (µV) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Channel X | -0.60 | -1.69 | 0.60 | 0.44 |
| Channel Y | -0.89 | -3.18 | 0.27 | 0.50 |
| Channel Z | -1.05 | -1.97 | 0.26 | 0.49 |

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

| | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 200 |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6 |

Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01 | +6 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01 | -8 | -9 |

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG aughausstrasse 43, 8884 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibriordionst Service susse d'étalormage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Sweek Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatures to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

SGS-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3938_Oct15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Chieco

EX3DV4 - SN:3938

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25 v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Coloration date:

October 1, 2015

This cultrappy conflicute documents the providinty to redward standards, which recize the physical units of magazinanish (51). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the bilitaking pages and are part of the certification

All cylibrateirs have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: with orimins temperature CO #30°C and numbers < 70%.

Calbisson Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | 10: | Cat Date (Cartificate No.) | Scheduled Califronia |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power mater E34198 | QB41203874 | C(-Apr-15)No. 217-02128) | Man/fill |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY4149B087 | Ot-Api-15 (No. 217-02125) | Mar 16 |
| Reference 3 dE Attenuator | BN: 65054 (3c) | Q1-Apr 15 (No. 217-02129) | Mar-16 |
| Relevance 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 55277 (204) | Ot-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132) | Mar-16 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: 55129 (30b) | 01-Apr-16 (No. 217-02133) | May-18 |
| Platerence Prote EB3OVZ | SN: 3013 | 36-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013, Dec14) | 0ec-15 |
| DAE# | SN: 660 | 14 Jun-15 (No. DAE4-680_Jmn5) | Jan-16 |
| Secondary Standards | ID. | Check Date (in harsk) | Schedyled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C. | LIS3642U01700 | 4-Aug-59 in house court Aur-13) | In house check: Apt-16 |
| Network Amilyzer HP 8753E | USS7390585 | 13-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) | In house sheck: Oct-45 |

Function srae Einstein Lagoratory Tachescan Caltered by Tachrical Manager Approved by Report October 2, 2015

This calibration cartificate shall you be reproduced except in full without written approve of the laboratory

Certificate No: EX3-0935_Oct15

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG





Schweimmumer Kalinelentienst S Service suture d'étai C uvizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Californion Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 010B

According for the Swint According to Service (IAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the agreezons to the EA Mulliawral Agrament for the racognision of uniformion needlifernia

Glossary:

biupil pnitelume euzeli. TSI NORME, y.z. sensitivity in free space ConvF DCP amsilivity in TSL / NORMa, y, z diode compression point

crest factor (1/duty_byde) of the RF signal A, B, C.D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarizalini u is mitalion amond probe axis

a regular around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement corner), Polarization 8

i.e., if = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the rook cooksnow system.

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement

Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-hald devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)". February 2005

p) IEC 02209-2 "Procedure to actermine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wheless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
 ii) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz."

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx,y,z. Assessed for E-field polarization (i = 0) (f < 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1900 MHz; R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values. I.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E*-field uncertainty leside TSL (see below ConvF)

NORM(f)x, y,z = NORMx y,z * frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This Inserzation is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

DCPx,y.z. DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor made

PAR. PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated bull determined based on the signal

 $\Delta x, y, z$: Bx, y, z: Cx, y, z: Cx, y, z: VRx, y, z: A, B, C. D are numerical ineqrization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency run media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS-voltage across the diode

ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in Nat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for t < 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for t > 800 MHz. The same satups are used for assessment of the parameters usplied for usuadary compensation (alpha: dapth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMLy, z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 00 MHz to ± 100 MHz

Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat physiological

syposed by a patch arranto.
Sensor Offset. The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip. (on probe axis). No talerance required.

Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMs (no uncertainty required).



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October 1, 2015

EX3DV4 - SN:3938

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3938

Manufactured: Calibrated:

May 2, 2013 October 1, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3938_Oct15

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EX3DV4-SN:3938

October 1, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3938

Basic Calibration Parameters

| Dabio Gambianioni and | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A | 0.52 | 0.57 | 0.34 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ⁸ | 100.8 | 99.7 | 104.1 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID Communication System Name | | | A dB | B dB√μV | С | D dB | VR mV | Unc ^c (k=2) |
|-------------------------------|----|---|---------|------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 141.3 | 22.7 % |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 147.2 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 128.1 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical invariation parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the equare of the



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EX3DV4- SN:3938

October 1, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3938

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| f (MHz) ^c | Relative Permittivity ^r | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^q | Depth ⁶ (mm) | Unc (k=2) |
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 9.69 | 9.69 | 9.69 | 0.19 | 1.67 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 9.35 | 9.35 | 9.35 | 0.26 | 1.23 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 9.15 | 9.15 | 9.15 | 0.18 | 1.86 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 7.86 | 7.86 | 7.86 | 0.13 | 2.63 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 8.17 | 8.17 | 8.17 | 0.36 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.89 | 7.89 | 7.89 | 0.32 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.89 | 7.89 | 7.89 | 0.36 | 0.75 | ± 12.0 %_ |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 1.67 | 7.46 | 7.46 | 7.46 | 0.34 | 0.88 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 7.11 | 7.11 | 7.11 | 0.32 | 0.94 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 6.79 | 6.79 | 6.79 | 0.24 | 1.23 | ± 12.0 % |
| 5250 | 35.9 | 4.71 | 4.90 | 4.90 | 4.90 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 35.9 | 4.76 | 4.81 | 4.81 | 4.81 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 4.28 | 4.28 | 4.28 | 0.50 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5750 | 35.4 | 5.22 | 4.41 | 4.41 | 4.41 | 0.50 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |

⁶ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The snoortainty is the RIS3 of the CornY uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for CornY assessments at 30, 64, 129, 150 and 220 MHz inspectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be estanded to ± 110 MHz.
At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (e and o) can be released to ± 10% H liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (e and o) and the released to ± 10% H liquid compensation formula is applied to the CornY uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
Application of the CornY uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. Application due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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EX3DV4-SN:3938 October 1, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3938

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^r | Conductivity (S/m) ^r | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unc (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 9.50 | 9.50 | 9.50 | 0.31 | 1.13 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 9.30 | 9.30 | 9.30 | 0.28 | 1.26 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 55.0 | 1.05 | 9.22 | 9.22 | 9.22 | 0.34 | 1.05 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1450 | 54.0 | 1.30 | 7.96 | 7.96 | 7.96 | 0.16 | 2.05 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 7.73 | 7.73 | 7.73 | 0.42 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 7.41 | 7.41 | 7.41 | 0.32 | 0.90 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2000 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 7.55 | 7.55 | 7.55 | 0.26 | 1.05 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2300 | 52.9 | 1.81 | 7,27 | 7.27 | 7.27 | 0.36 | 0.84 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 7.17 | 7.17 | 7.17 | 0.37 | 0.85 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 6.90 | 6.90 | 6.90 | 0.33 | 0.90 | ± 12.0 % |
| 5250 | 48.9 | 5.36 | 4.19 | 4.19 | 4.19 | 0.50 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 48.9 | 5.42 | 4.09 | 4.09 | 4.09 | 0.50 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 5.77 | 3.66 | 3.66 | 3.66 | 0.55 | 1.90 | ±13.1 % |
| 5750 | 48.3 | 5.94 | 3.87 | 3,87 | 3.87 | 0.55 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 6 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if figure to the convF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters (s and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters (s and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

*AlphaDepth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

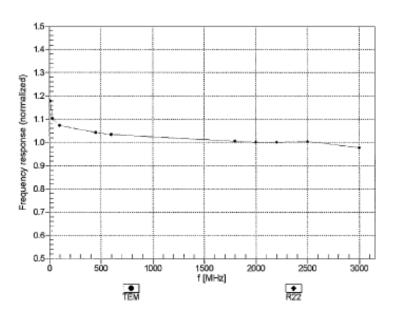


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EX3DV4- SN:3938

October 1, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:Ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3938_Oct15

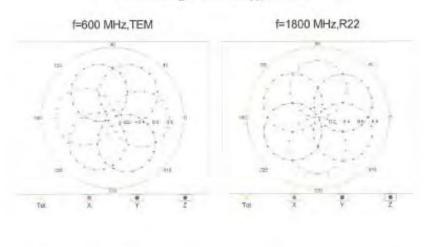
Page 7 of 11

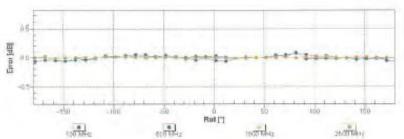


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EX3DV4- SN:3938 Distober 1, 2015

Receiving Pattern (6), 9 = 0°





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No. EX3-3938, Oct15

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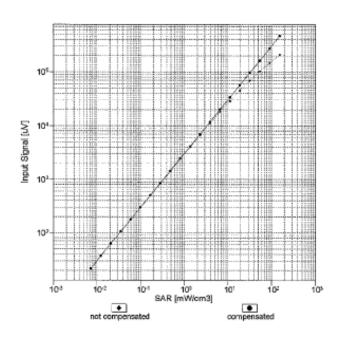


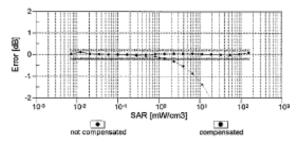
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EX3DV4- SN:3938

October 1, 2015

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





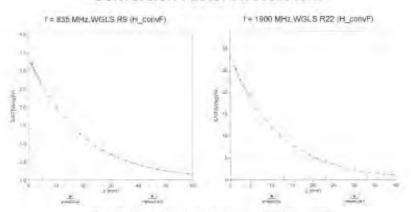
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



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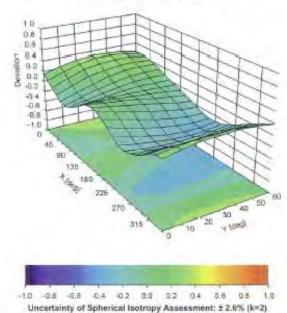


Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (¢, 8), f = 900 MHz



Certificate No. EX3-3938_Oct15

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EX3DV4- SN:3938 October 1, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3938

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
|---|------------|
| Connector Angle (*) | -28.1 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4 mm |



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8. Uncertainty Budget

Measurement Uncertainty evaluation template for DUT SAR test (3-6G)

| Α | С | D | е | | f | g | h=c * f / e | i=c * g / e | k |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----------|---------|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Source of Uncertainty | Tolerance/ Uncertainty | Probabilit y | Div | Div Value | ci (1g) | ci (10g) | Standard uncertainty | Standard uncertainty | vi, or Veff |
| Measurement system | | | | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | 6.55% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.55% | 6.55% | œ |
| Isotropy , Axial | 3.50% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.02% | 2.02% | œ |
| Isotropy, Hemispherical | 9.60% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 5.54% | 5.54% | 00 |
| Modulation Response | 2.40% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.40% | 1.40% | 8 |
| Boundary Effect | 1.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58% | 0.58% | œ |
| Linearity | 4.70% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.71% | 2.71% | œ |
| Detection Limits | 1.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58% | 0.58% | œ |
| Readout Electronics | 0.30% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.30% | 0.30% | 00 |
| Response time | 0.80% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.46% | 0.46% | 80 |
| Integration Time | 2.60% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.50% | 1.50% | œ |
| Measurement drift (class A evaluation) | 1.75% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.01% | 1.01% | œ |
| RF ambient condition - noise | 3.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.73% | 1.73% | œ |
| RF ambient conditions - reflections | 3.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.73% | 1.73% | œ |
| Probe positioner Mechanical restrictions | 0.40% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.23% | 0.23% | œ |
| Probe Positioning with respect to phantom | 2.90% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.67% | 1.67% | œ |
| Post-processing | 1.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58% | 0.58% | œ |
| Max SAR Eval | 1.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58% | 0.58% | œ |
| Test Sample related | | | | | | | | | |
| Test sample positioning | 2.90% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.90% | 2.90% | M-1 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty | 3.60% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.60% | 3.60% | M-1 |
| Drift of output power | 5.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.89% | 2.89% | œ |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 4.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.31% | 2.31% | 00 |
| Liquid permittivity (mea.) | 2.93% | N | 1 | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.88% | 1.26% | М |
| Liquid Conductivity (mea.) | 3.20% | N | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.92% | 1.57% | М |
| Combined standard uncertainty | | RSS | | | | | 12.02% | 11.88% | |
| Expant uncertainty (95% confidence | | | | | | | 24.04% | 23.76% | |



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Measurement Uncertainty evaluation template for DUT SAR test (0.3-3G)

| Α | С | D | е | | f | g | h=c * f / e | i=c * g / e | k |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----------|---------|----------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Source of Uncertainty | Tolerance/ Uncertainty | Probabilit y | Div | Div Value | ci (1g) | ci (10g) | Standard uncertainty | Standard uncertainty | vi, or Vef |
| Measurement system | | | | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | 6.00% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.00% | 6.00% | ∞ |
| Isotropy , Axial | 3.50% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.02% | 2.02% | ∞ |
| Isotropy, Hemispherical | 9.60% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 5.54% | 5.54% | ∞ |
| Modulation Response | 2.40% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.40% | 1.40% | ∞ |
| Boundary Effect | 1.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58% | 0.58% | ∞ |
| Linearity | 4.70% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.71% | 2.71% | ∞ |
| Detection Limits | 1.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58% | 0.58% | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | 0.30% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.30% | 0.30% | ∞ |
| Response time | 0.80% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.46% | 0.46% | ∞ |
| Integration Time | 2.60% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.50% | 1.50% | ∞ |
| Measurement drift (class A evaluation) | 1.75% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.01% | 1.01% | ∞ |
| RF ambient condition - noise | 3.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.73% | 1.73% | ∞ |
| RF ambient conditions - reflections | 3.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.73% | 1.73% | ∞ |
| Probe positioner Mechanical restrictions | 0.40% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.23% | 0.23% | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning with respect to phantom | 2.90% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.67% | 1.67% | ∞ |
| Post-processing | 1.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58% | 0.58% | ∞ |
| Max SAR Eval | 1.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58% | 0.58% | ∞ |
| Test Sample related | | | | | | | | | |
| Test sample positioning | 2.90% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.90% | 2.90% | M-1 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty | 3.60% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.60% | 3.60% | M-1 |
| Drift of output power | 5.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.89% | 2.89% | ∞ |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 4.00% | R | √3 | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.31% | 2.31% | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (mea.) | 4.34% | N | 1 | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 2.78% | 1.87% | М |
| Liquid Conductivity (mea.) | 4.57% | N | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 2.74% | 2.24% | М |
| Combined standard uncertainty | | RSS | | | | | 12.07% | 11.77% | |
| Expant uncertainty (95% confidence | | | | | | | 24.13% | 23.55% | |



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9. Phantom Description

Schmis & Parmer Engineering AG Zoughquestrages 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzellan Phona +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 Into Gapang corn, Into Warvey ageng corn

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

| item | SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 | |
|--------------|---|--|
| Type No. | QD 000 P40 C | |
| Series No | TP-1150 and higher | |
| Manufacturer | SPEAG Zeughausstrasse 43 CH-8004 Zürich Switzerland | |

Tests
The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles.
Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA. Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series items (daffed samples) or are tested at each item.

Units fested

| Test | Requirement | Details | Units tested |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Dimensions | Compliant with the geometry according to the CAD model. | IT'IS CAD File (*) | First article, Samples |
| Material thickness of shell | Compliant with the requirements according to the standards | 2mm +/- 0.2mm in flat and specific areas of head section | First article, Samples, TP-1314 ff, |
| Material thickness at ERP | Compliant with the requirements according to the standards | 6mm +/- 0.2mm at ERP | First article, All items |
| Material parameters | Dielectric parameters for required frequencies | 300 MHz = 6 GHz: Relative permittivity < 5. Loss tangent < 0.05 | Material samples |
| Material resistivity | The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards if handled and cleaned according to the instructions. Observe technical Note for material compatibility. | DEGMBE based simulating liquids | Pre-saries, First article, Material samples |
| Segging | Compliant with the requirements according to the standards. Sagging of the flat section when filled with tissue simulating liquid. | < 1% typical < 0.8% if Slied with 155mm of HSL900 and without OUT below | Prototypes, Sample testing |

- Standards [1] CENELEC EN 50361 [2] IEEE Sid 1526-2003 [3] IEO 62209 Part I

- FCC DET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01
 The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of

Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standards [1] to [4]

07.07.2005

Doc He Mt - QC 000 P40 C - =

Signature / Stamp

Phon

TITL

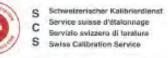


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10. System Validation from Original Equipment Supplier

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swas Accreditation Service (BAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilisteral Agreement for the recognition of calibration pertificates

Client SGS-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d063 Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D835V2 - SN: 4d063 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz Calibration date: August 24, 2015 This calibration certificate documents the inoceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All cultivations have been conducted in the closed aboratory facility, environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID:8 Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 07-Oct-14 INg. 217-82920) Det-15 US37292783 67-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) Power sensor HP 8481A Det-15 Power sensor HP 8481A. MY41092317 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) Oct-15. SN: 5058 (20%) Heleronce 20 dB Attenuator 01-Apr-15 INc. 217-02131) March Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 01-Apr 15 INp. 217-02134) Man16 Reference Probe ESSDV3 SN: 3205 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205 Dec14) Dec-15 DAE4 17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601, Aug15) SN: 601 Aug-16 ID # Check Date (et house) Scheduled Check Secondary Standards RF generalix R&S SMT-06 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) In house check: Cct-16 100005 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) In house check: Oct-15 Function Name Californised by: Michael Webet Laboratory Technician Approved by: Kalja Pokovic Technica Manager Issued August 25, 2015 This calibration partitionts shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d063_Aug15

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausetranse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerlsche Kalibrierden

Service subset d'étalomage
Servicie evizzere di faratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accordination No.: SCS 0108

According by the Swiss Accordination Service (SAE)
The Swiss Accordination Service is one of the algostories to the EA.
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of californion certificates

Glossary:

TSL tlasue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x.y.z.
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- ib) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- EC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", Merch 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Contribate No: DB35V2-4d063 Aug 15

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | 1 ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' | |
|------------------------------|---|-------------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.8 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$ | |
| Frequency | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 41.5 | 0.90 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 41.9 ± 6 % | 0.93 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.33 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.11 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.52 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 5.97 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

ruparameters and calculations were applied

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 55.2 | 0.97 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 56.1 ± 6 % | 1.02 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ² (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.40 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.28 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.57 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.11 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D835V2-4d063_Aug15



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.3 Ω - 1.7 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 33.4 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.9 Ω - 2.7 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 29.1 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.394 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured on | November 27, 2006 |

Certificate No: D835V2-4d063_Aug15

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d063

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- · Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08,2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.44 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.73 W/kg



0 dB = 2.73 W/kg = 4.36 dBW/kg

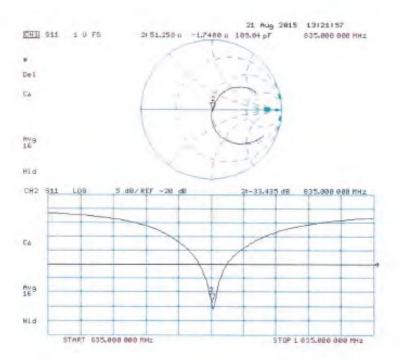
Certificate No: D635V2-4d063_Aug15

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d063

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.02 \text{ S/m}$; $c_r = 56.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

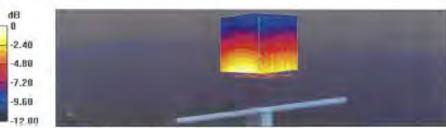
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
 - Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
 - Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
 - Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
 - DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.81 W/kg

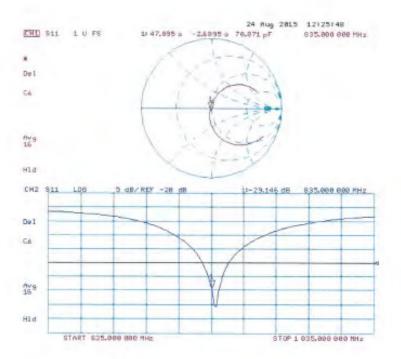


0 dB = 2.81 W/kg = 4.49 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accredited by the Swise Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

| CALIBRATION C | ERTIFICATE | | |
|--|--|---|---|
| Object | D1900V2 - SN: 5 | d027 | |
| Californian procedure(s) | QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proces | dure for dipole validation kits abo | we 700 MHz |
| Delibration date | April 25, 2016 | | |
| | and the second s | crial standards, which resilize the physical or robability are given on the following pages an | |
| All calibrations have been conduc | ted in the closed laborato | ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C | 3 and humidity < 70%. |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T | E critical for calibration) | | |
| Primary Standards | 1D # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02389) | Apr-17 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) | Apr 17 |
| POWER SATISCE INFORMACE | SN: 103245 | 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) | Apr-17. |
| | cini: 10aceo | op rips to pile. of the contract | Man-17 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator | 5N: 5058 (20k) | 85-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) | Apr-37 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | | | |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator | 5N: 5058 (20k) | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) | Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination | 5N: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) | Apr-17 Apr-17 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 | 5N: 505B (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) | Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 | 5N: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349, Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601, Dec15) | Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check Coll-18 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards | SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GBS7480704 SN: US37292783 | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349, Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601, Dec15) Check Date (In house) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) | Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house phase Coct-16 In house check: Oct-16 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenusion Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41032317 | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7348, Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE-4-601, Dec15) Check Date (In house) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) | Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In House check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-18 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41032317 SN: 100972 | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. EC3-7349, Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. EC3-7349, Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601, Dec15) Check Date (In house) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) | Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-16 In nouse check: Oct-16 In nouse check: Oct-16 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenusion Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41032317 | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7348, Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE-4-601, Dec15) Check Date (In house) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) | Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-18 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41032317 SN: 100972 | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. EC3-7349, Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. EC3-7349, Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601, Dec15) Check Date (In house) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) | Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-16 In nouse check: Oct-16 In nouse check: Oct-16 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 501 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41032317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390685 | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. EXS-7349, Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601, Dec15) Check Date (In house) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) 16-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) | Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In House check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-16 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 501 IO # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41020317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390685 | 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. EXS-7349, Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601, Dec15) Check Date (In house) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) 16-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) | Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In House check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-16 |

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zaughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Sweet Acconditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signalories to the EA Multilatoral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- . SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.8 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 40.0 | 1.40 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 40.0 ± 6 % | 1.37 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 9.55 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 38.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.03 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 53.3 | 1.52 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.9 ± 6 % | 1.49 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 9.83 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 39.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.21 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.8 Ω + 4.4 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 27.0 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.5 Ω + 5.6 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 23.3 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| ı | Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.196 ns |
|---|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when leaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured on | December 17, 2002 |

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 25.04.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d027

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_c = 40$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 31.12,2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg

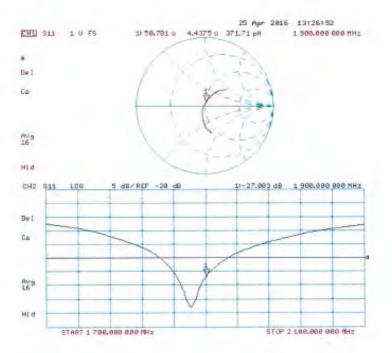


0 dB = 14.3 W/kg = 11.55 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d027_Apr16

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 25.04.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d027

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ S/m; $\varepsilon_c = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m⁵

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03); Calibrated; 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002.
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372).

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 104.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 9.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



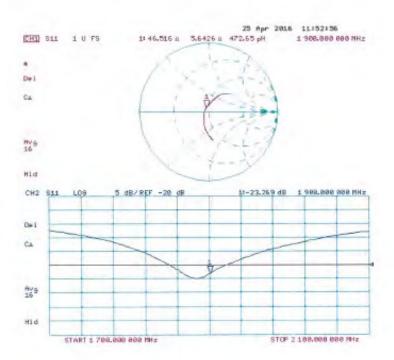
0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d027_Apr16



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Schweizerischer Kallonerdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accrediteron Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signaturies to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: D2450V2-727_Apr16

SGS-TW (Auden) CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D2450V2 - SN:727 Object QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz Calibration date: April 19, 2016 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which was so the physical units of measurer The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate: All calibrations have been conducted in the closed subcratory facility: sav/primers temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity = 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289) SN: 104778 Apr-17 Power mater NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) **Apr-17** 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103245 Apr-17 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) Apr-17 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) Apr-17 Reference Probe EX3DV4 SN: 7349 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349 Dec16) Dec-18 DAE4 SN: 601 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Dec-15 Scheduled Check Secondary Standards 10.4 Check Date (in house). In house check: Oct-16: Power meter EPM-442A SN 0837480704 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) SN US37292769 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) In house check: Opt-16. Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A SN: MY4+092317 07-Oct-16 (No. 217-02223) in house check; Oct-16. in nouse check: Oct-16 RF generator Fl&S SMT-06 SN. 100972 (5-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) SN-US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) in house check: Oct-16 Network Analyzer HP 6753E Function Michael Weber Laboratory Techniciani Cathorsted by: Kalja Poković Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: April 20, 2016

Certificate No: D2450V2-727_Apr16

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Service salem d'étrionnage
Servizio evizzero di taratura
S seiss Calibration Service

Published No.: SCS 0108

Accepted by the Swise Acceptanton Service (SAS)
The Swise Acceptation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilineral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

 EC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005.

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- . SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate Not D2450V2-727_April 9

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Measurement Conditions

| Mo i system comiguration, as rar as not | | |
|---|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.8 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 40.0 ± 6 % | 1.83 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.8 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 51.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.93 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| - | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.7 | 1.95 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.7 ± 6 % | 1.98 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ² (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.5 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | nomalized to 1W | 49.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.86 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D2450V2-727_Apr16



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 55.3 Ω + 2.0 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.4 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.1 Ω + 4.8 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.9 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| ٠ | | |
|---|----------------------------------|----------|
| ı | Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.148 ns |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve metching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Manufactured on | January 09, 2003 |

Certificate No: D2450V2-727_Apr16

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.04.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 727

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency; 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.83$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12,2015.
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

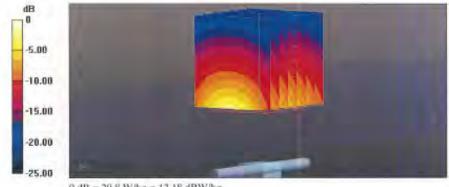
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



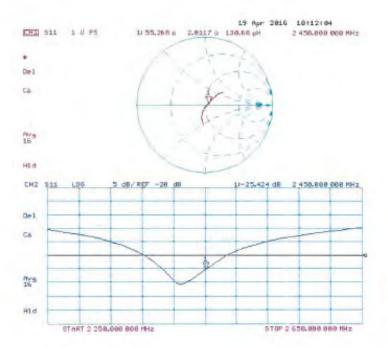
0 dB = 20.8 W/kg = 13.18 dBW/kg

Certificate No. D2450V2-727_Apr16



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Service susse d'étatonnage C Servizio avizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accledited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multitateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration sertificates

SGS-TW (Auden)

Certificate No. D5GHzV2-1023 Jan 16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1023

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-22.V2

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date:

January 26, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national stendards, which realize the physical units of measurements (Si) The measurements and the uncontainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are cart of the certificate.

All collibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: sinvicormant temperature (22 s. 8)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | 104 | Cai Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) | Oct-16 |
| Power sensor HP 8461A | US37292783 | 97-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) | Oct-16 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) | Oct-16 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5055 (20k) | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02151) | Mar-16 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 81-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) | Mar-16 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SM: 3503 | 31 Dec-15 (No. EX3-3533_Dec/15) | Dec-18 |
| DAE4 | SN. 601 | 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) | Dec-16 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100972 | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) | In house check: Jun-18 |
| Nelwork Analyzar HP 8753E | US37390685 \$4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) | In house check: Oct-16 |
| | | | |

Calibrated by

Name Michael Weber Function: Lisboratory Technician

Approved by:

Kaşa Pokovic Technical Minniger

lested: January 28, 2018

This calibration cartificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: 05GHzV2-1023_Jan16

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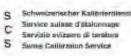
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG







Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accurated by # a Swini Accuration on Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sunsitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices; Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- EC 62208-2. "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30, MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Fued Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The Impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Centificaçe No. D5GHzV2-1023_lbm16 Page 2 of 15



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| mo i systemi comiguration, as iai as ik | at Street on bade 1: | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.8 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency | 5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 36.0 | 4.66 m/ho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.2 ± 6 % | 4.51 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.74 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 77.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.23 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |



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Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.9 | 4.76 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.1 ± 6 % | 4.60 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.03 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 79.9 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.33 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.5 | 5.07 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.7 ± 6 % | 4.90 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.31 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 82.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.38 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |



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Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.3 | 5.27 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.4 ± 6 % | 5.10 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ² (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.78 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 77.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ⁵ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.22 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |



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Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 49.0 | 5.30 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 47.1 ±6 % | 5.37 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.25 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 71.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.05 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.9 | 5.42 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.9 ± 6 % | 5.50 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.57 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 75.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.14 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |



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Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.5 | 5.77 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.4 ± 6 % | 5.91 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.89 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 78.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm² (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.23 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.2 | 6.00 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.0 ± 6 % | 6.19 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.59 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 75.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.13 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.1 Ω - 8.4 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 21.4 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.6 Ω · 4.2 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 27.4 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 54.9 Ω - 1.4 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 26.3 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 55.9 Ω + 2.2 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 24.5 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.4 Ω - 6.8 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 23.3 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

| | T |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.9 Ω - 2.4 jΩ |
| Return Loss | - 31,8 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.0 Ω - 0.1 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.0 dB |

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Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.4 Ω + 2.4 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 23.8 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| ı | Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.199 ns |
|---|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured on | February 05, 2004 |

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1023_Jan16

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.01.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1023

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.51 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.6$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³, $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³, $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³, $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³, $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³, $\sigma =$ 4.9 S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.1$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.4$; $\rho = 5.0$ 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.59, 5.59, 5.59); Calibrated: 31.12.2015, ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25); Calibrated: 31.12.2015, ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 31.12.2015, ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Scrial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

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Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 70.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg

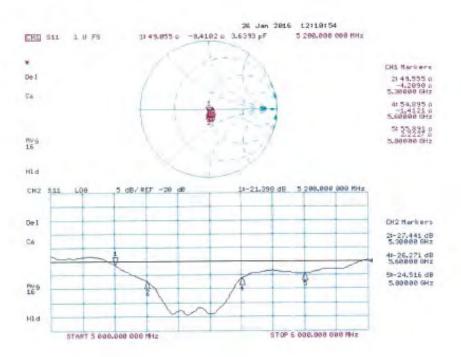
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg





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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 25.01.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1023

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600

MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.37$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.5$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.91$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.19$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 31.12.2015, ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 31.12.2015, ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 31.12.2015, ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg

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Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

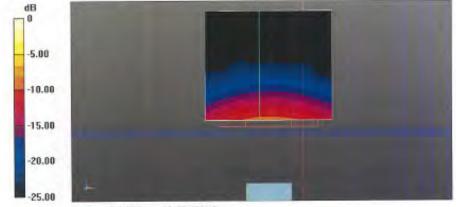
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg

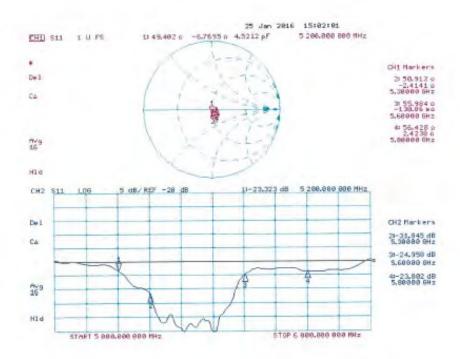
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg





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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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- End of 1st part of report -