



**TEST REPORT  
FROM  
RFI GLOBAL SERVICES LTD**

Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

**Test Report Serial No:**  
RFI/SAR2/RP73643JD03A

**Supersedes Test Report Serial No:**  
RFI/SAR1/RP73643JD03A

<b>This Test Report Is Issued Under The Authority Of Stuart Thomas, General Manager Cellular Services:</b>	
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<b>Checked By: Scott D'Adamo</b> 	<b>Report Copy No: PDF01</b>
<b>Issue Date: 03 September 2009</b>	<b>Test Dates: 05 December 2008</b>

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**Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +**

**To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)**

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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**Table of Contents**

1. Customer Information .....	4
2. Equipment Under Test (EUT) .....	5
3. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures .....	7
4. Deviations from the Test Specification .....	8
5. Operation and Configuration of the EUT during Testing .....	9
6. Summary of Test Results.....	10
7. Measurements, Examinations and Derived Results.....	11
Appendix 1. Test Equipment Used.....	16
Appendix 2. Measurement Methods .....	19
Appendix 3. SAR Distribution Scans .....	21
Appendix 4. Photographs .....	28
Appendix 5. Validation of System .....	37
Appendix 6. Simulated Tissues.....	38
Appendix 7. DASY4 System Details .....	39

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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## 1. Customer Information

<b>Company Name:</b>	Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.
<b>Address:</b>	Via San Vitalino 13, Lippo di Calderara di Reno (Bologna) 40012 Italy

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

## 2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

### 2.1. Identification of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

<b>Description:</b>	Handheld Mobile Computer
<b>Brand Name:</b>	Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.
<b>Model Name or Number:</b>	JOYA +
<b>Serial Number:</b>	D08X00014
<b>IMEI Number:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Hardware Version Number:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Software Version Number:</b>	3.02.83.20081007
<b>Hardware Revision of GSM Module:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Software Revision of GSM Module:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>FCC ID Number:</b>	U4G0026
<b>Country of Manufacture:</b>	Italy
<b>Date of Receipt:</b>	04 December 2008

### 2.2. Description of EUT

There equipment under test is a handheld mobile computer with *Bluetooth* and WiFi capabilities. The equipment operates at WiFi 802.11b/g bands and *Bluetooth* band.

### 2.3. Modifications Incorporated in the EUT

There were no modifications incorporated in the EUT during the test period.

### 2.4. Accessories

The following accessories were supplied with the EUT during testing:

<b>Description:</b>	Battery
<b>Brand Name:</b>	Datalogic
<b>Model Name or Number:</b>	BS218
<b>Serial Number:</b>	None Stated
<b>Cable Length and Type:</b>	40mm 3 Pin Power lead
<b>Country of Manufacture:</b>	China
<b>Connected to Port</b>	3 Pin Port

Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

## 2.5. Additional Information Related to Testing

Equipment Category	WiFi 802.11b/g / <i>Bluetooth</i>		
Type of Unit	Portable Transceiver		
Intended Operating Environment:	Within WiFi and <i>Bluetooth</i> Coverage		
Transmitter Maximum Output Power Characteristics:	WiFi	24dBm	
	<i>Bluetooth</i>	4dBm	
Transmitter Frequency Range:	WiFi	2412MHz to 2462MHz	
	<i>Bluetooth</i>	2402MHz to 2480MHz	
Transmitter Frequency Allocation of EUT When Under Test:	<b>Channel Number</b>	<b>Channel Description</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>
	1	Low	2412
	6	Middle	2437
	11	High	2462
	0	Low	2402
	39	Middle	2441
	78	High	2480
Modulation(s):	802.11b (DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK / PBCC) 802.11g (CCK / PBCC, 64-QAM) :0Hz		
Modulation Scheme (Crest Factor):	1		
Antenna Type:	<i>Bluetooth</i> : Chip Antenna WiFi: Metallic Monopole		
Antenna Length:	Unknown		
Number of Antenna Positions:	1 Fixed		
Power Supply Requirement:	3.7V DC		
Battery Type(s):	Li-ion		

Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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### **3. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures**

#### **3.1. Test Specification**

<b>Reference:</b>	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)
<b>Title:</b>	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields.
<b>Purpose of Test:</b>	To determine whether the equipment met the basic restrictions as defined in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01) using the SAR averaging method as described in the test specification above.

#### **3.2. Methods and Procedures Reference Documentation**

The methods and procedures used were as detailed in:

Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating compliance with FCC Guidelines for human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields", OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C, FCC, Washington, D.C, 20554, 2001.

Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger and Neils Kuster, "Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transaction on microwave theory and techniques, Vol. 44, pp. 105-113, January 1996.

Neils Kuster, Ralph Kastle and Thomas Schmid, "Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with know precision", IEICE Transactions of communications, Vol. E80-B, No.5, pp. 645-652, May 1997.

KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v03

KDB 648474 SAR Handsets Multi Xmitter and Ant v01r05

KDB 248227 SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters v01r02

#### **3.3. Definition of Measurement Equipment**

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the standards referenced in the methods & procedures section above. Appendix 1 contains a list of the test equipment used.

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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#### **4. Deviations from the Test Specification**

Test was performed as per "KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v03", "KDB 648474 SAR Handsets Multi Xmitter and Ant v01r05" and "KDB 248227 SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters v01r02", according to the handset procedures in IEEE Std 1528-2003, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01 and the specific FCC test procedures.

SAR test was performed in the middle channel only as the measured levels were < 50% of the SAR limit as stated in "KDB 648474 SAR Handsets Multi Xmitter and Ant v01r05" and OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01).

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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## **5. Operation and Configuration of the EUT during Testing**

### **5.1. Operating Modes**

The EUT was tested in the following operating mode(s) unless otherwise stated:

- The EUT was tested at maximum transmit power "Test Mode", using test software. The *Bluetooth* was disabled.
- WiFi Data allocated mode with 802.11b worst case output and data rate of 1Mbps enabled. The *Bluetooth* was disabled.
- WiFi Data allocated mode with 802.11g worst case output and data rate of 6Mbps enabled. The *Bluetooth* was disabled.
- Prior to performing SAR test the power measurement was carried out in both 802.11b/g modes using the worst cases extremes modulations. Power measurements were performed using the lowest and highest data rate for both 802.11b mode (1 Mbps & 11 Mbps) and 802.11g mode (6 Mbps & 54 Mbps). As the higher data rates tend to produce lower SAR, because of the lower average output imposed by higher order modulation and lower data rate usually produce the maximum SAR, only the worst cases extremes modulations were measured. The measured power also proved this point. Power measurement and SAR reduction follows KDB 248227.

### **5.2. Configuration and Peripherals**

The EUT was tested in the following configuration(s) unless otherwise stated:

- Standalone battery powered

#### **Body Configuration**

- a) The EUT was placed in a normal operating position where the centre of EUT was aligned with the centre reference point on the flat section of the 'SAM' phantom.
  - b) With the EUT touching the phantom at an imaginary centre line. The EUT was aligned with a marked plane (X and Y axis) consisting of two lines.
  - c) For the touch-safe position the handset was gradually moved towards the flat section of the 'SAM' phantom until any point of the EUT touched the phantom.
  - d) For position(s) greater than 0mm separation the EUT was positioned as per the touch-safe position, and then the vertical height was decreased/adjusted as required.
  - e) SAR measurements were evaluated at maximum power and the unit was operated for an appropriate period prior to the evaluation in order to minimise the drift.
  - f) The device was keyed to operate continuously in the transmit mode for the duration of the test.
  - g) The location of the maximum spatial SAR distribution (hot spot) was determined relative to the handset and its antenna.
  - h) The EUT was transmitting at full power throughout the duration of the test powered by a fully charged battery.
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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

## 6. Summary of Test Results

Test Name	Specification Reference	Result
Specific Absorption Rate-WiFi 802.11b/g Body Configuration 1g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: 2001	Complied

### Individual SAR Evaluation:

Device, Mode	Frequency, (MHz)	$P_x$ (mW)	$P_{REF}$ (mW)	n (cm)	Single SAR, W/kg	Remarks
WLAN, 802.11 b/g	2450	79	12	3	0.08	Routine Evaluation
BT, <i>Bluetooth</i>	2410	3	12	0	:=0	$\{P_{BT} \leq 2P_{REF}\} \{d_{WLAN, BT} < 5cm\}$

### Simultaneous SAR Evaluation:

(x,y)	d(x,y) cm	L(x,y) cm	SPLSR <sub>xy</sub>	Sim-Tx SAR	remarks
(WLAN, BT)	< 5	n/a	n/a	N	$\{no\ stand-alone\ SAR\ for\ BT\}$ $\{Sum\ of\ 1-g\ SAR < 1.6\ w/kg\}$

#### 6.1. Location of Tests

All the measurements described in this report were performed at the premises of RFI Global Services Ltd, Pavilion A, Ashwood Park, Ashwood Way, Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG23 8BG United Kingdom

Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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## **7. Measurements, Examinations and Derived Results**

### **7.1. General Comments**

This section contains test results only.

Measurement uncertainties are evaluated in accordance with current best practice. Our reported expanded uncertainties are based on standard uncertainties, which are multiplied by an appropriate coverage factor to provide a statistical confidence level of approximately 95%. Please refer to section 8 for details of measurement uncertainties.

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

## 7.2. Test Results

### 7.2.1. Specific Absorption Rate - WiFi 802.11b/g Body Configuration 1g

#### Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	1g
Maximum Level (W/kg):	0.080

#### Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	25.0 to 25.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	25.0 to 24.0

#### Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Level (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Margin (W/kg)	Note(s)	Result
Front of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	6	0.033	1.600	1.567	1, 3, 4	Complied
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	6	0.080	1.600	1.520	1, 3, 4	Complied
Front of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	6	0.018	1.600	1.582	2, 3, 4	Complied
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	6	0.045	1.600	1.555	2, 3, 4	Complied
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	6	0.000	1.600	1.600	3, 5	Complied

#### Note(s):

- 802.11b 1Mbps
- 802.11g 6Mbps
- SAR measurements were performed with the EUT at a separation distance of 0mm from the 'SAM' phantom flat section.
- SAR test was performed in the middle channel only as the measured levels were < 50% of the SAR limit as stated in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01).
- AUX antenna using worst case from overall scans.

Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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### 7.2.2. EIRP/ERP Measurement

Channel Number	Frequency (MHZ)	TX Power before Test (dBm)	Note
1	2412	18.7	1 Mbps
6	2437	<b>21.7</b>	1 Mbps
11	2462	19.3	1 Mbps
1	2412	17.7	11 Mbps
6	2437	19.4	11 Mbps
11	2462	17.4	11 Mbps
1	2412	19.8	6 Mbps
6	2437	<b>21.1</b>	6 Mbps
11	2462	19.0	6 Mbps
1	2412	20.4	54 Mbps
6	2437	17.0	54 Mbps
11	2462	16.1	54 Mbps

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Test of: **Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +**

To: **OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)**

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## **8. Measurement Uncertainty**

No measurement or test can ever be perfect and the imperfections give rise to error of measurement in the results. Consequently, the result of a measurement is only an approximation to the value of the measurand (the specific quantity subject to measurement) and is only complete when accompanied by a statement of the uncertainty of the approximation.

The expression of uncertainty of a measurement result allows realistic comparison of results with reference values and limits given in specifications and standards.

The uncertainty of the result may need to be taken into account when interpreting the measurement results.

The reported expanded uncertainties below are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by an appropriate coverage factor, such that a confidence level of approximately 95% is maintained. For the purposes of this document "approximately" is interpreted as meaning "effectively" or "for most practical purposes".

<b>Test Name</b>	<b>Confidence Level</b>	<b>Calculated Uncertainty</b>
Specific Absorption Rate Uncertainty at 2450 MHz Body 1g, WiFi Modulation Scheme calculated in accordance with IEC 62209-1 & IEEE 1528	95%	19.33%

The methods used to calculate the above uncertainties are in line with those recommended within the various measurement specifications. Where measurement specifications do not include guidelines for the evaluation of measurement uncertainty, the published guidance of the appropriate accreditation body is followed.

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

### Measurement Uncertainty (Continued)

#### 8.1. Specific Absorption Rate Uncertainty at 2450 MHz Body 1g, WiFi Modulation Scheme calculated in accordance with IEC 62209-1 & IEEE 1528

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C <sub>i</sub> (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		v <sub>i</sub> or v <sub>eff</sub>
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	11.800	11.800	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	5.900	5.900	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.500	0.500	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	2.600	2.600	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.560	0.560	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	0.280	0.280	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration/ Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	2.920	2.920	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	2.920	2.920	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6400	1.848	1.848	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	3.930	3.930	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6400	2.515	2.515	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6000	1.732	1.732	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	3.940	3.940	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6000	2.364	2.364	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			9.86	9.86	>400
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			19.33	19.33	>400

Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

### Appendix 1. Test Equipment Used

RFI No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Date Last Calibrated	Cal. Interval (Months)
A034	Narda 20W Termination	Narda	374BNM	8706	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1094	Digital Camera	Sony	MVC - FD81	125805	-	-
A1097	SMA Directional Coupler	MiDISCO	MDC6223-30	None	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1137	3dB Attenuator	Narda	779	04690	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1174	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent Technologies	85070C	Us99360072	Calibrated before use	-
A1328	Handset Positioner	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Modification	SD 000 H01 DA	-	-
A1182	Handset Positioner	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	V3.0	None	-	-
A1184	Data Acquisition Electronics	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	DAE3	394	25 June 2008	12
A1378	Probe	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	EX3 DV3	3508	24 June 2008	12
A1238	SAM Phantom	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	SAM b	001	Calibrated before use	-
A1566	SAM Phantom	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	SAM a	002	Calibrated before use	-
A1498	Oval Basin Phantom	MCL	OVAL 3mm	-	Calibrated before use	-
A1322	2450 MHz Dipole Kit	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	D2450V2	725	17 Jan 2007	24
A1497	Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	zhl-42w (sma)	e020105	Calibrated as part of system	-
A215	20 dB Attenuator	Narda	766-20	9402	Calibrated as part of system	-
C1144	Cable	Rosenberger MICRO-COAX	FA147AF00 1503030	41842-1	Calibrated as part of system	-
C1145	Cable	Rosenberger MICRO-COAX	FA147AF00 3003030	41843-1	Calibrated as part of system	-
C1146	Cable	Rosenberger MICRO-COAX	FA147AF03 0003030	41752-1	Calibrated as part of system	-



Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

RFI No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Date Last Calibrated	Cal. Interval (Months)
G0528	Robot Power Supply	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	DASY	None	Calibrated before use	-
G087	PSU	Thurlby Thandar	CPX200	100701	Calibrated before use	-
M010	NRV Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV	882 317/065	08 May 2008	12
M1015	Network Analyser	Agilent Technologies	8753ES	US39172406	16 Sept 2008	12
M1047	Robot Arm	Staubli	RX908 L	F00/SD89A1/A/01	Calibrated before use	-
M1069	Diode Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z2	838824/010	08 May 2008	12
M1129	Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	URY-Z2	890242/16	12 June 2008	12
M136	Temperature/Humidity/Pressure Meter	RS Components	None	None	Internal Calibration	-
A1287	Power head	Rohde & Schwarz	URY-Z4	880 174/12	02 Jan 2008	12
M1270	Temperature/Humidity/Pressure Meter	RS Components	None	None	June 2008 (Internal Calibration)	12
S256	SAR Lab	RFI	Site 56	N/A	Calibrated before use	-

**NB** In accordance with UKAS requirements, all the measurement equipment is on a calibration schedule.

Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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### **A.1.1. Calibration Certificates**

This section contains the calibration certificates and data for the Probe(s) and Dipole(s) used, which are not included in the total number of pages for this report.

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NM  
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Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RFI**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-725\_Jan07**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 725**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **January 17, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN 3025	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN: 907	20-Jul-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-907_Jul06)	Jul-07
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-06

Calibrated by: **Name** Mike Meili **Function** Laboratory Technician **Signature** *Mike Meili*

Approved by: **Name** Katja Pokovic **Function** Technical Manager **Signature** *Katja Pokovic*

Issued: January 18, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY4	V4.7
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	38.0 $\pm$ 6 %	1.79 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature during test</b>	(22.3 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	-----	-----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.5 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>53.3 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.26 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>24.8 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.2 ± 6 %	1.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.1 ± 0.2) °C	-----	-----

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.6 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>53.3 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.21 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>24.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$52.4 \Omega + 7.7 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.1 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.8 \Omega + 7.7 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.8 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.154 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 16, 2002

## DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.01.2007 12:35:59

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN725**

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.79$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 20.07.2006
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

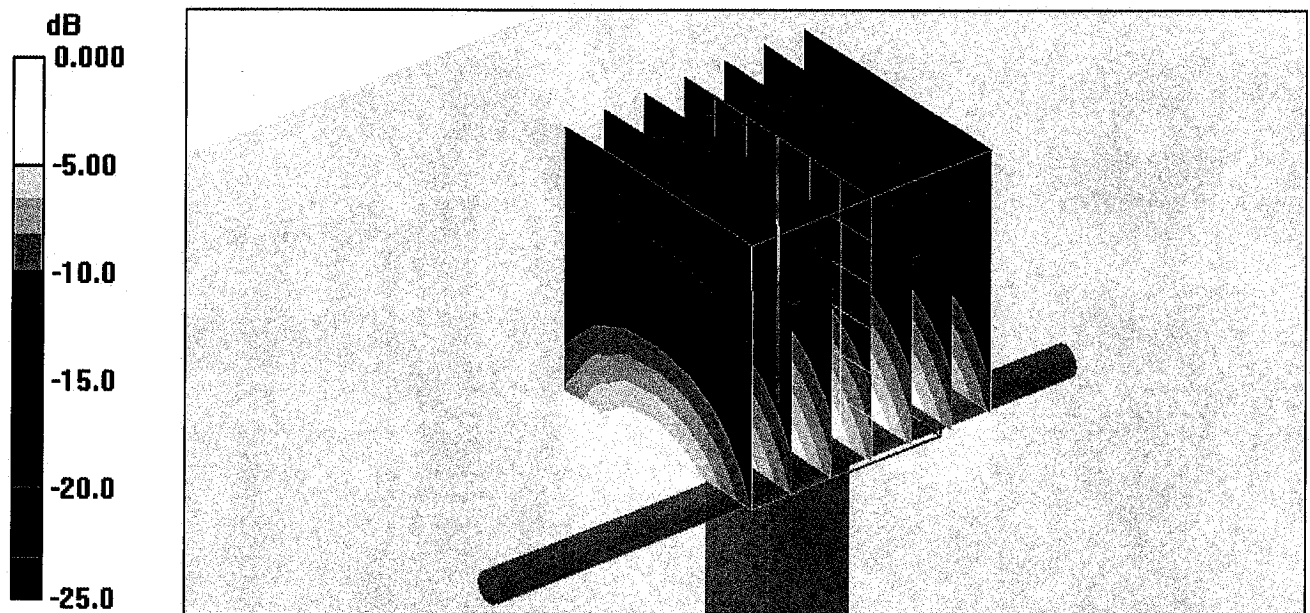
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 mW/g





# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

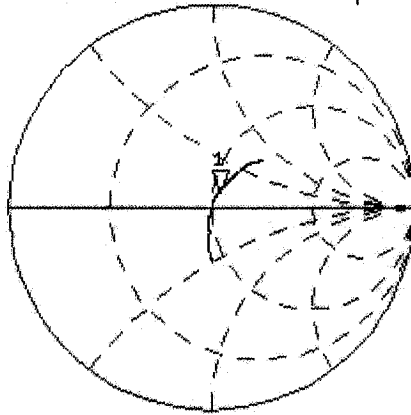
17 Jan 2007 11:28:43

CH1 S11 1 U FS

1: 52.418  $\Omega$  7.6914  $\Omega$  499.65 pF

2 449.960 000 MHz

\*  
Del  
Cor



Avg  
16

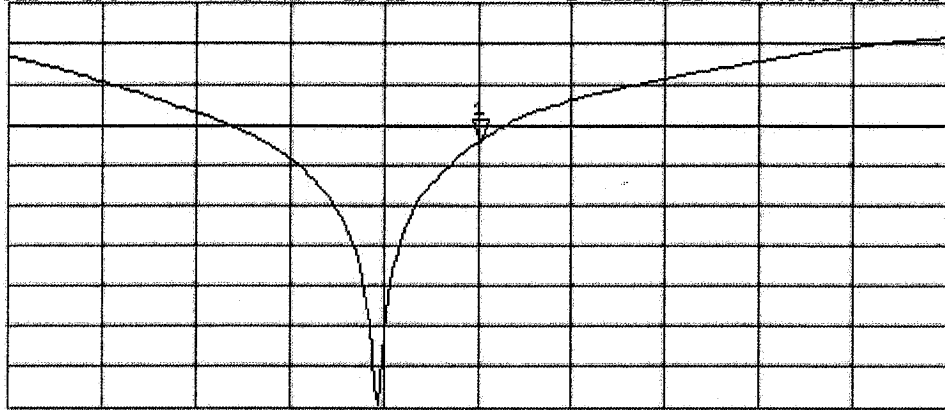
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -22.105 dB 2 449.960 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

↑



CENTER 2 450.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz

# DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 17.01.2007 16:53:02

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN725**

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.97$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 20.07.2006
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

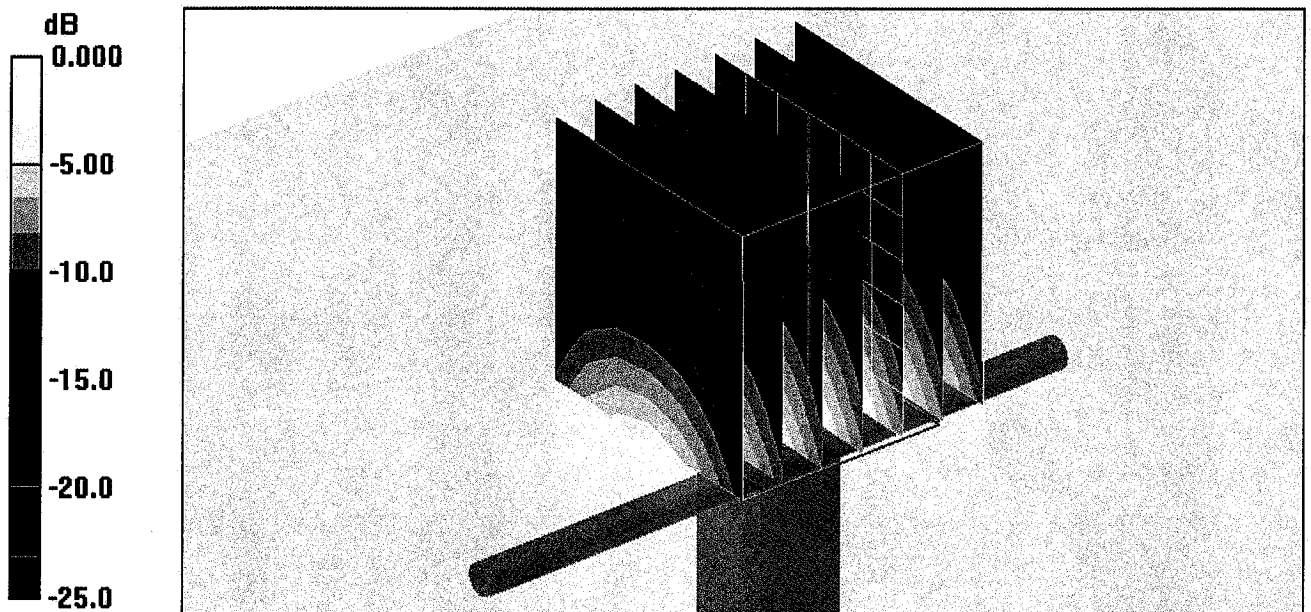
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 mW/g

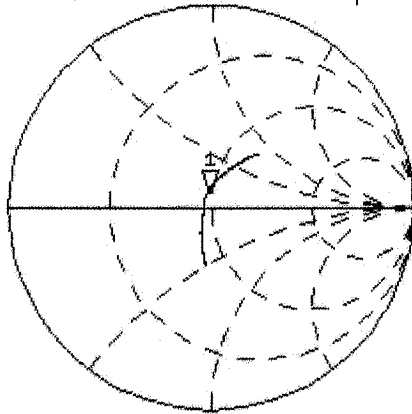


# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

17 Jan 2007 11:29:14

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 47.848  $\Omega$  7.7051  $\Omega$  500.54 pF 2 449.960 000 MHz

\*  
De1  
Cor



Avg  
16

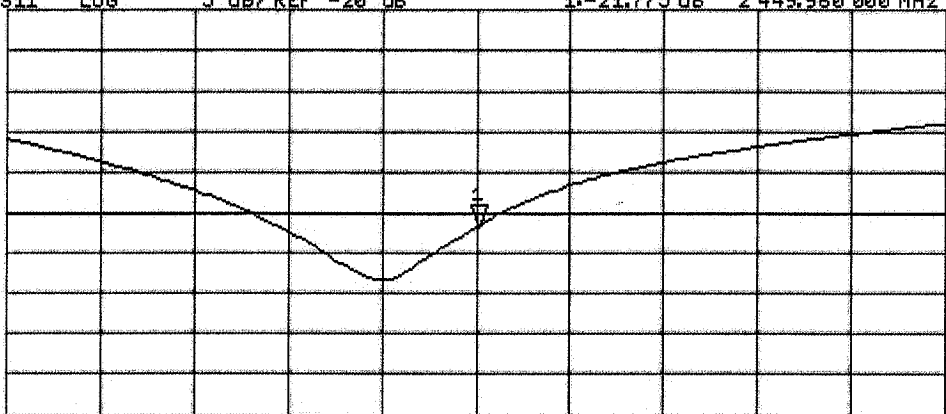
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -21.775 dB 2 449.960 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

↑



CENTER 2 450.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz

A1378  
checked by [signature]

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RFI**

Certificate No: **EX3-3508\_Jun08**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **EX3DV3 - SN:3508**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-12.v5 and QA CAL-23.v3  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **June 24, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (No. 217-00719)	Aug-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (No. 217-00720)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN: 660	3-Sep-07 (No. DAE4-660_Sep07)	Sep-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

Calibrated by:	<b>Katja Pokovic</b>	<b>Technical Manager</b>	
Approved by:	<b>Niels Kuster</b>	<b>Quality Manager</b>	

Issued: June 24, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe EX3DV3

## SN:3508

Manufactured:	December 19, 2003
Last calibrated:	April 20, 2007
Recalibrated:	June 24, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3508

### Sensitivity in Free Space<sup>A</sup>

### Diode Compression<sup>B</sup>

NormX	<b>0.77</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	<b>94</b> mV
NormY	<b>0.64</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	<b>93</b> mV
NormZ	<b>0.61</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	<b>92</b> mV

### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

### Boundary Effect

**TSL**                      **900 MHz**      **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		<b>2.0 mm</b>	<b>3.0 mm</b>
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.7	5.0
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.4	0.2

**TSL**                      **1750 MHz**      **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		<b>2.0 mm</b>	<b>3.0 mm</b>
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	7.4	4.0
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.6	0.2

### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center                      **1.0 mm**

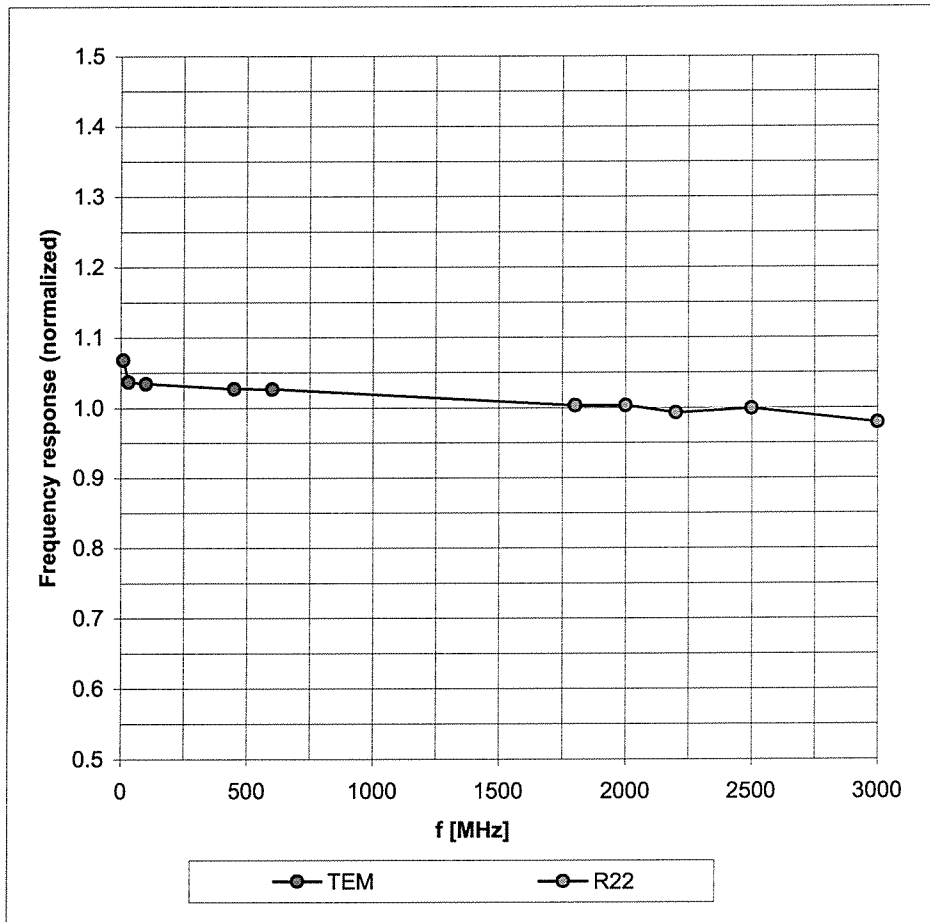
**The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.**

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

# Frequency Response of E-Field

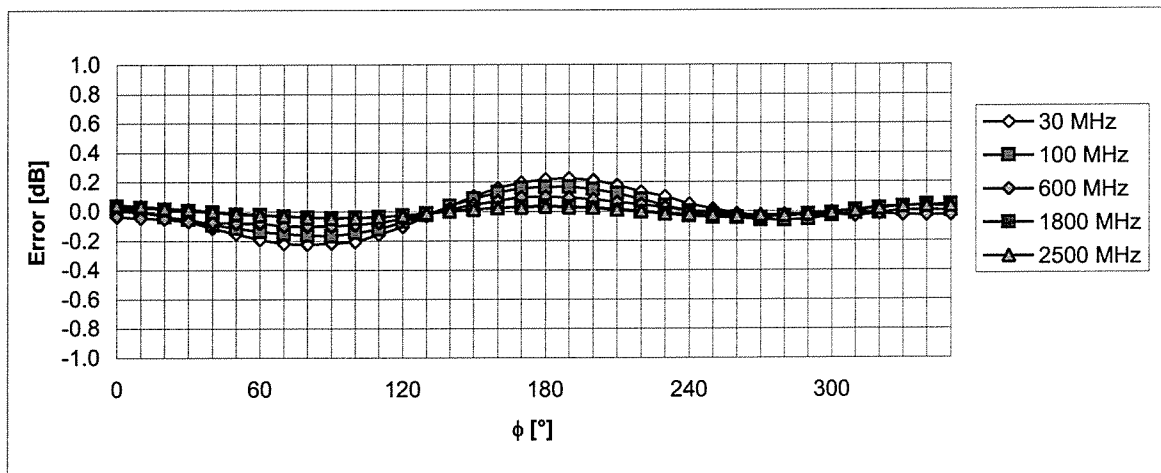
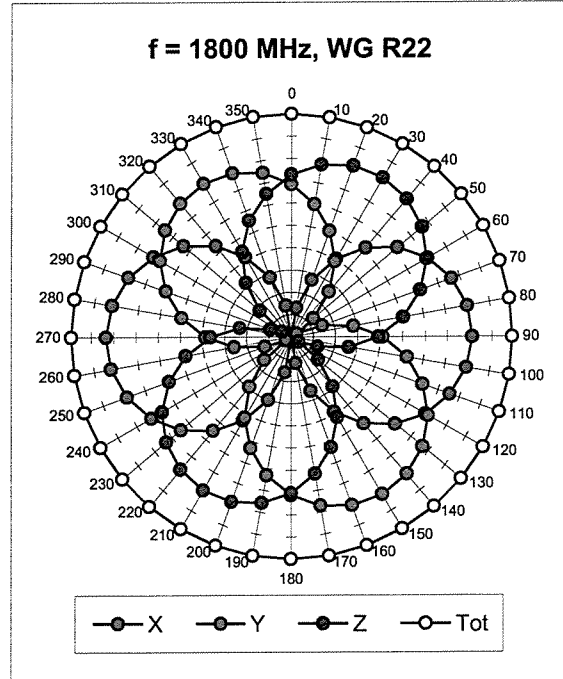
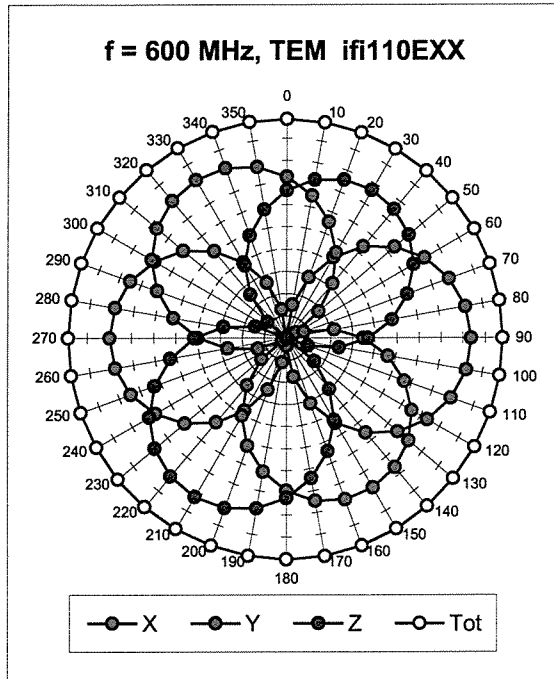
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

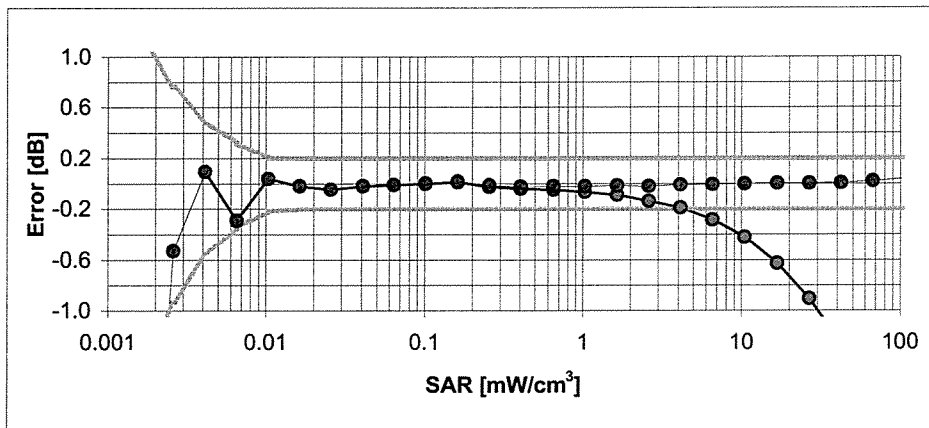
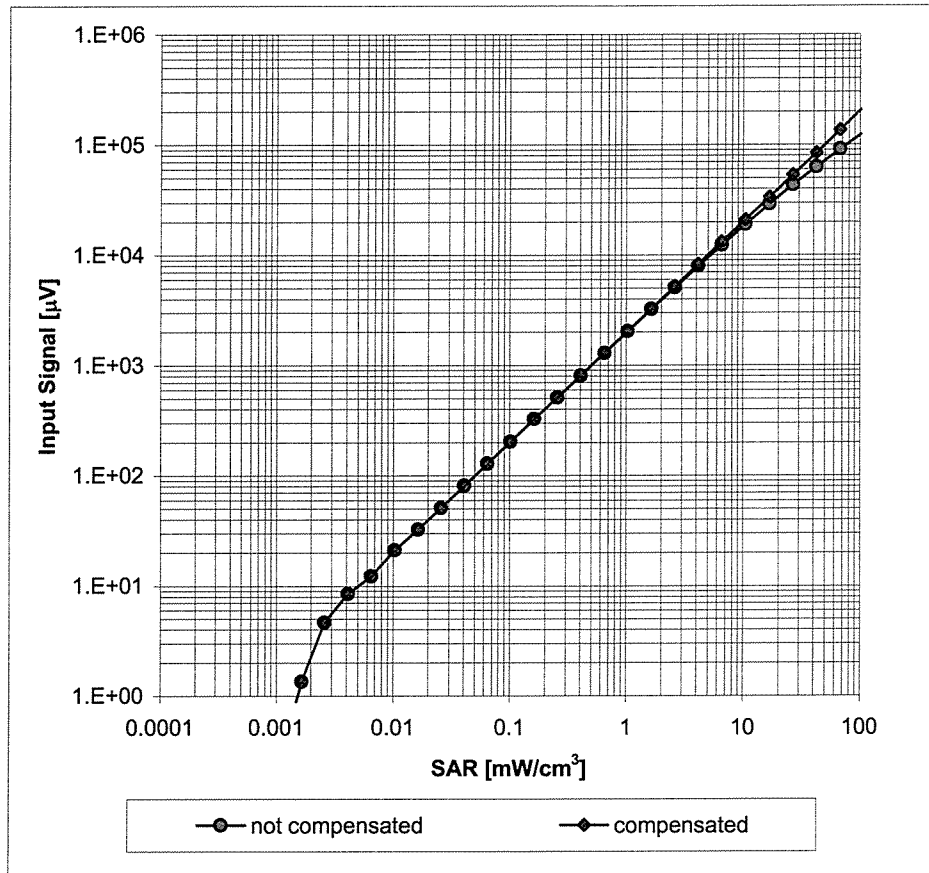


### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



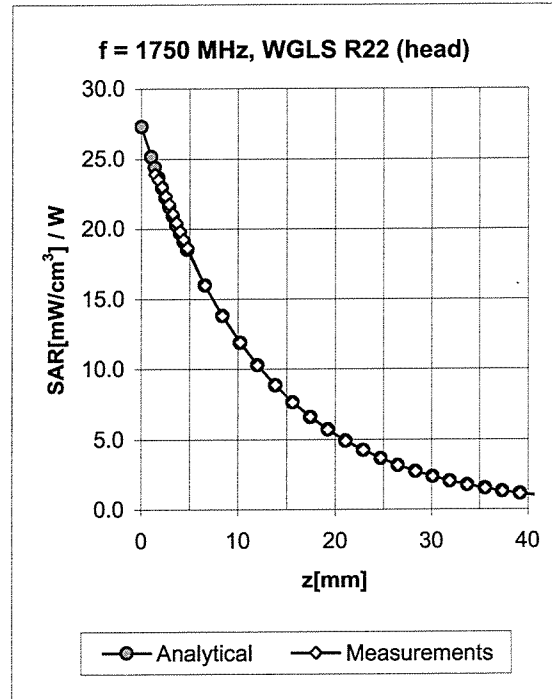
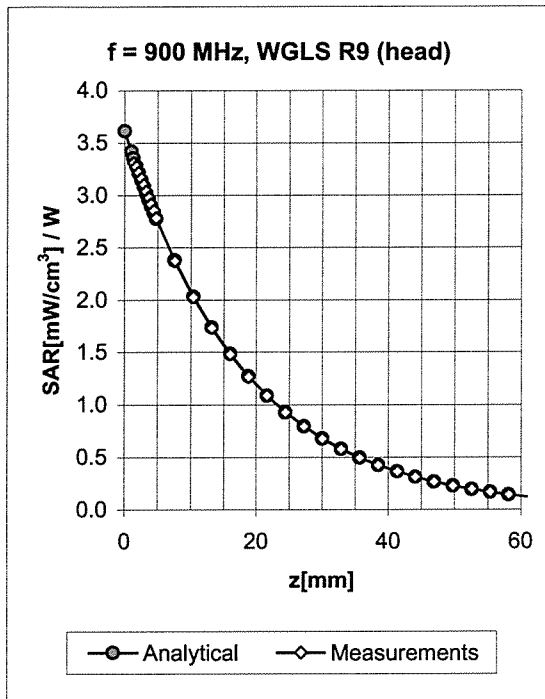
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800$ MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment

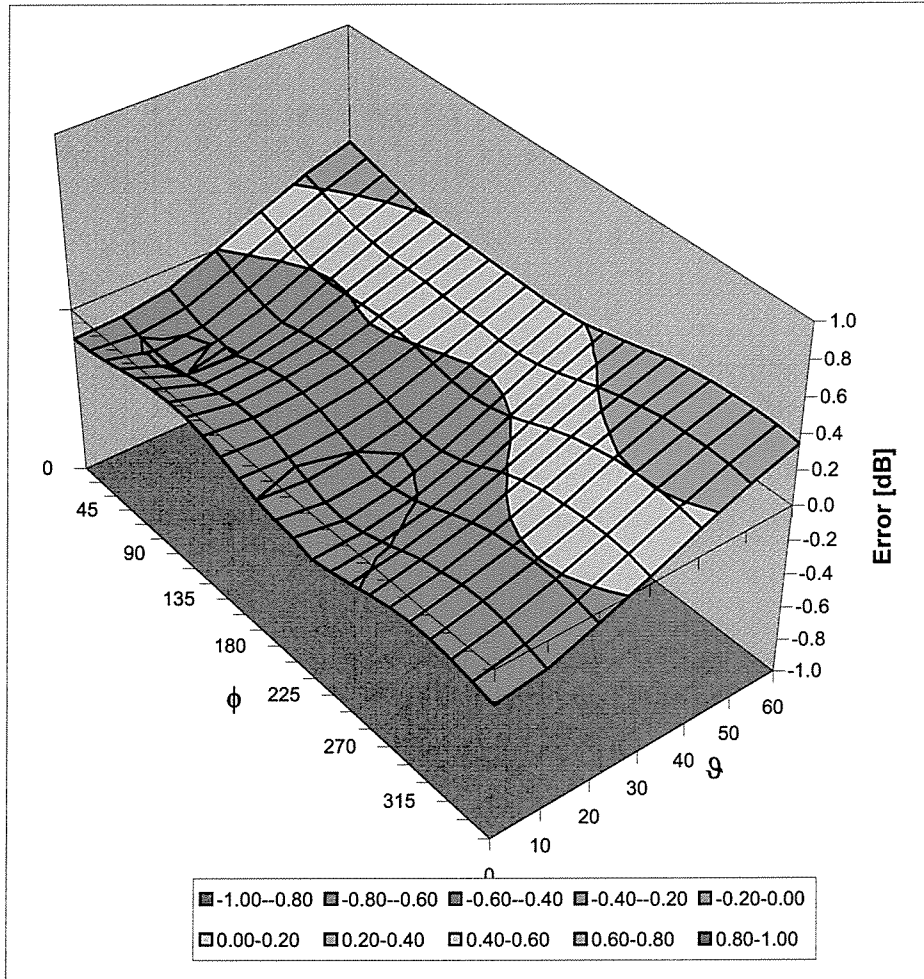


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.37	0.78	10.89 ± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.68	0.67	10.14 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.76	0.58	9.08 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.66	0.58	8.83 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2150	± 50 / ± 101	Head	39.7 ± 5%	1.53 ± 5%	0.71	0.56	8.61 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.58	0.63	8.02 ± 11.0% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	0.64	0.41	11.73 ± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.85	0.61	10.21 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.58	0.70	8.80 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.62	0.68	8.29 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2150	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.0 ± 5%	1.75 ± 5%	0.51	0.78	8.14 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.53	0.76	7.68 ± 11.0% (k=2)

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

# Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi, \vartheta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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## **Appendix 2. Measurement Methods**

### **A.2.1. Evaluation Procedure**

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) evaluation was performed in the following manner:

- a) (i) The evaluation was performed in an applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices worn about the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated at the centre frequency of the band at maximum power. The side, which produced the greatest SAR, determined which side of the phantom would be used for the entire evaluation. The positioning of the head worn device relative to the phantom was dictated by the test specification identified in section 3.1 of this report.  
  
(ii) For body worn devices or devices which can be operated within 20 cm of the body, the flat section of the SAM phantom was used where the size of the device(s) is normal. For bigger devices and base station the 2mm Oval phantom is used for evaluation. The type of device being evaluated dictated the distance of the EUT to the outer surface of the phantom flat section.
  - b) The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY4 software. The exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm or appropriate resolution.
  - c) A 5x5x7 matrix was performed around the greatest spatial SAR distribution found during the area scan of the applicable exposed region. SAR values were then calculated using a 3-D spline interpolation algorithm and averaged over spatial volumes of 1 and 10 grams.
  - d) If the EUT had any appreciable drift over the course of the evaluation, then the EUT was re-evaluated. Any unusual anomalies over the course of the test also warranted a re-evaluation.
-

Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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### **A.2.2. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Measurements to OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)**

Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields

SAR measurements were performed in accordance with Appendix D of the standard FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: 2001, against appropriate limits for each measurement position in accordance with the standard.

The test was performed in a shielded enclosure with the temperature controlled to remain between +18.0°C and +25.0°C. The tissue equivalent material fluid temperature was controlled to give a maximum variation of  $\pm 2.0^\circ\text{C}$

Prior to any SAR measurements on the EUT, system validation and material dielectric property measurements were conducted. In the absence of a detailed procedure within the specification, system validation and material dielectric property measurements were performed in accordance with Appendix C and Appendix D of FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: 2001.

Following the successful system validation and material dielectric property measurements, a SAR versus time sweep shall be performed within 10 mm of the phantom inner surface. If the EUT power output is stable after three minutes then the measurement probe will perform a coarse surface level scan at each test position in order to ascertain the location of the maximum local SAR level. Once this area had been established, a 5x5x7 cube of 343 points (5 mm spacing in each axis  $\approx 27\text{g}$ ) will be centred at the area of concern. Extrapolation and interpolation will then be carried out on the 27g of tissue and the highest averaged SAR over a 10g cube determined.

Once the maximum interpolated SAR measurement is complete; the coarse scan is visually assessed to check for secondary peaks within 50% of the maximum SAR level. If there are any further SAR measurements required, extra 5x5x7 cubes shall be centred on each of these extra local SAR maxima.

At the end of each position test case a second time sweep shall be performed to check whether the EUT has remained stable throughout the test.

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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### **Appendix 3. SAR Distribution Scans**

This appendix contains SAR distribution scans which are not included in the total number of pages for this report.

<b>Scan Reference Number</b>	<b>Title</b>
SCN/73643JD03/001	Front of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802_11b CH6
SCN/73643JD03/002	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802_11b CH6
SCN/73643JD03/003	Front of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802_11g CH6
SCN/73643JD03/004	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802_11g CH6
SCN/73643JD03/005	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802_11b Aux Antenna CH6
SCN/73643JD03/006	System Performance Check 2450MHz Body 05 12 08

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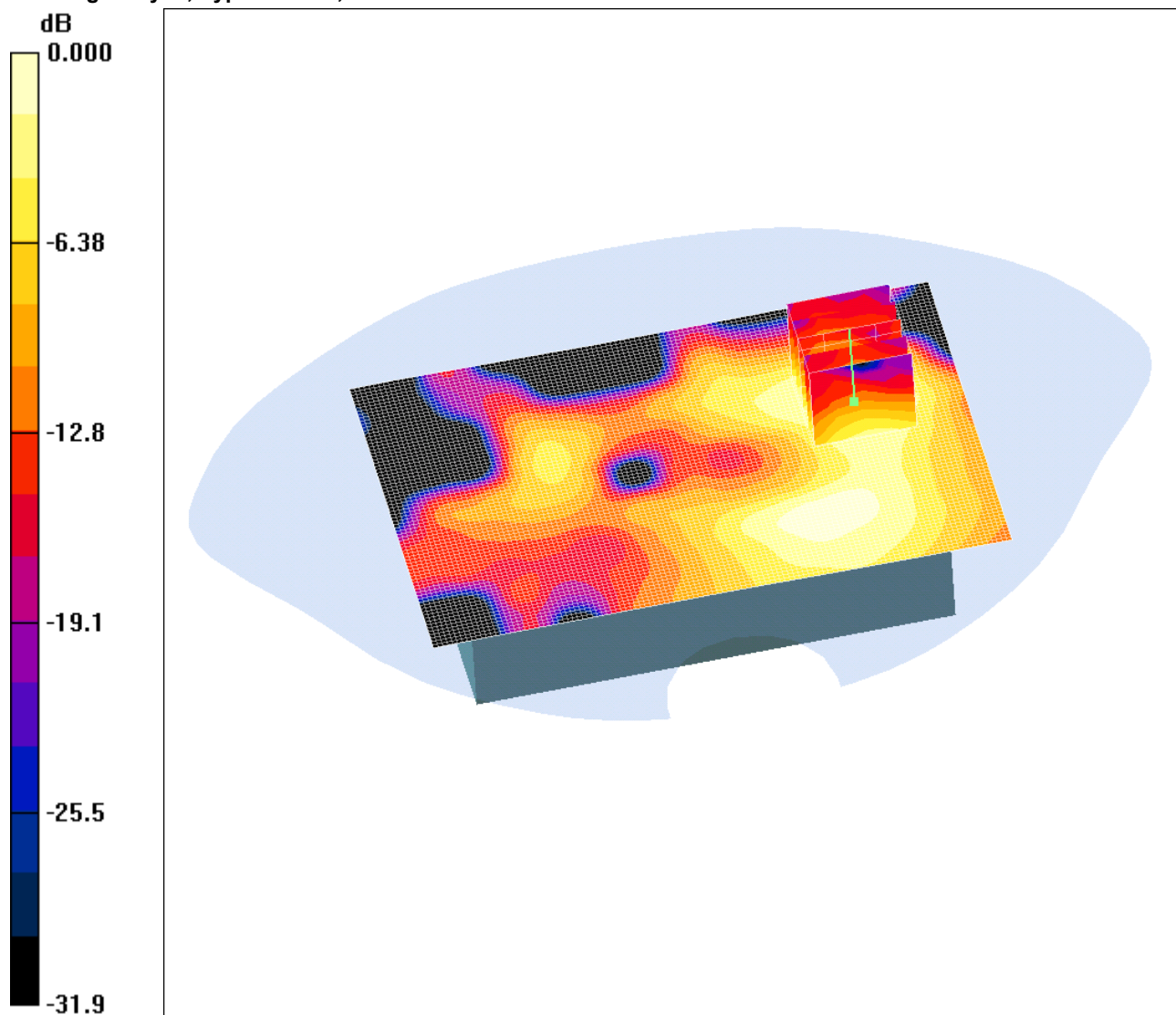
Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/73643JD03/001: Front of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802\_11b CH6

Date: 05/12/2008

DUT: Datalogic Joya+; Type: JOYA+; Serial: D08X00014



0 dB = 0.036mW/g

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.85$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 24/06/2008

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn394; Calibrated: 25/06/2008

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Front of EUT Facing Phantom/Area Scan (81x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.040 mW/g

**Front of EUT Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.793 V/m; Power Drift = 0.153 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.058 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.033 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.036 mW/g



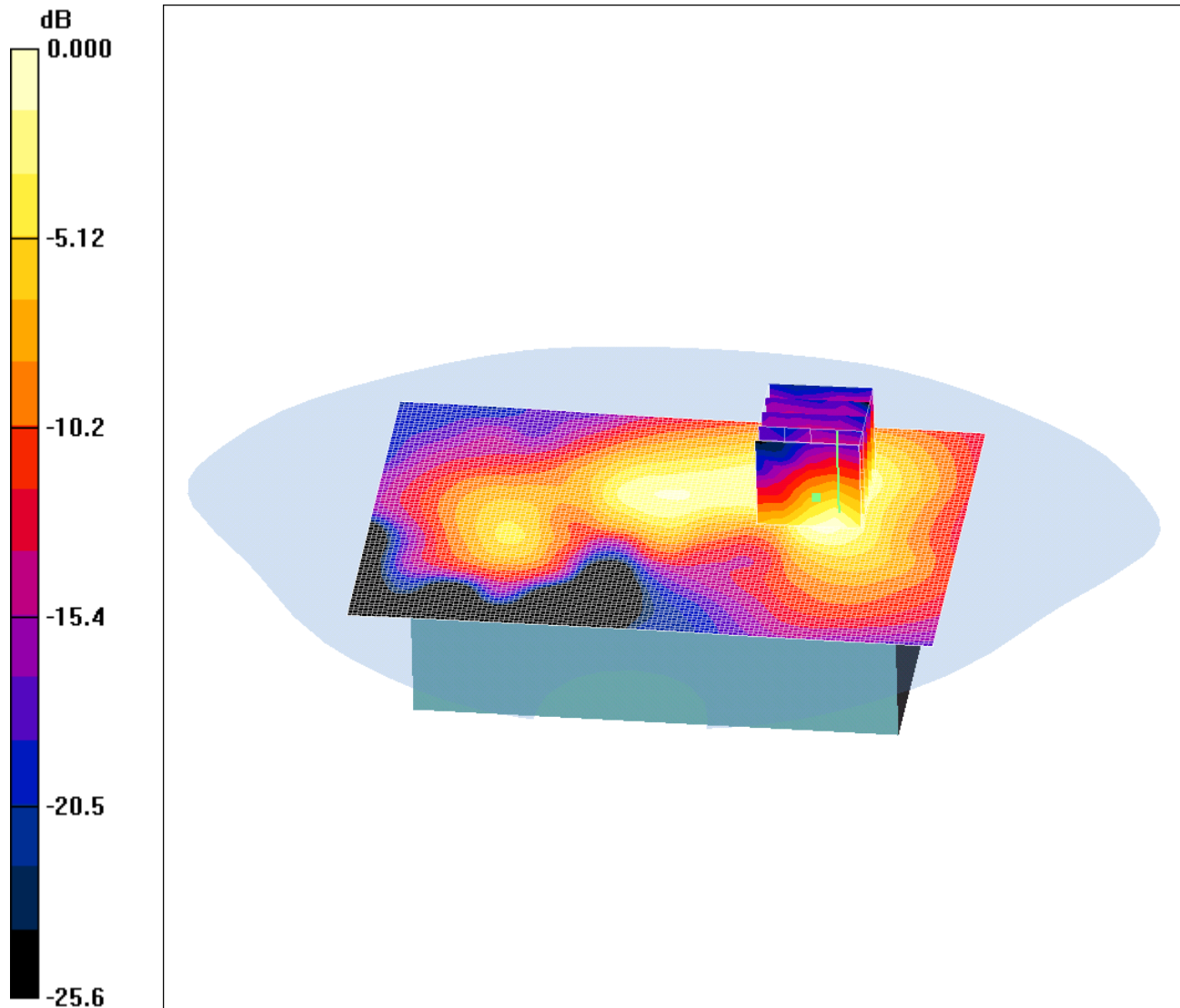
Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/73643JD03/002: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802\_11b CH6

Date: 05/12/2008

DUT: Datalogic Joya+; Type: JOYA+; Serial: D08X00014



0 dB = 0.086mW/g

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.85$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 24/06/2008

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn394; Calibrated: 25/06/2008

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom/Area Scan (81x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.086 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.407 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.151 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.080 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.086 mW/g

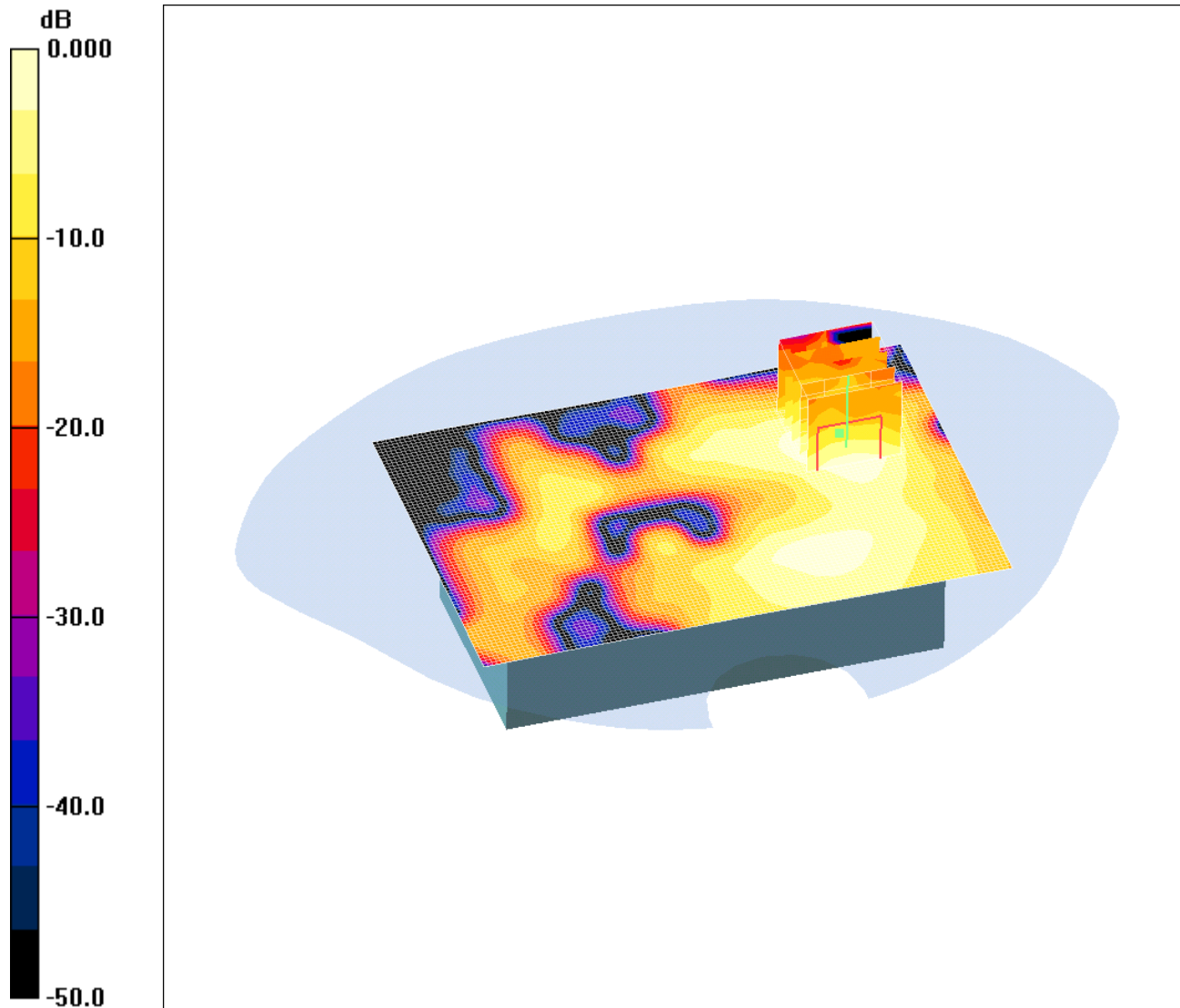
Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/73643JD03/003: Front of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802\_11g CH6

Date: 05/12/2008

DUT: Datalogic Joya+; Type: JOYA+; Serial: D08X00014



0 dB = 0.021mW/g

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.85$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 24/06/2008

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn394; Calibrated: 25/06/2008

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Front of EUT Facing Phantom/Area Scan (81x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.025 mW/g

**Front of EUT Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.548 V/m; Power Drift = -0.265 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.031 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.018 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00951 mW/g**

.Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.021 mW/g

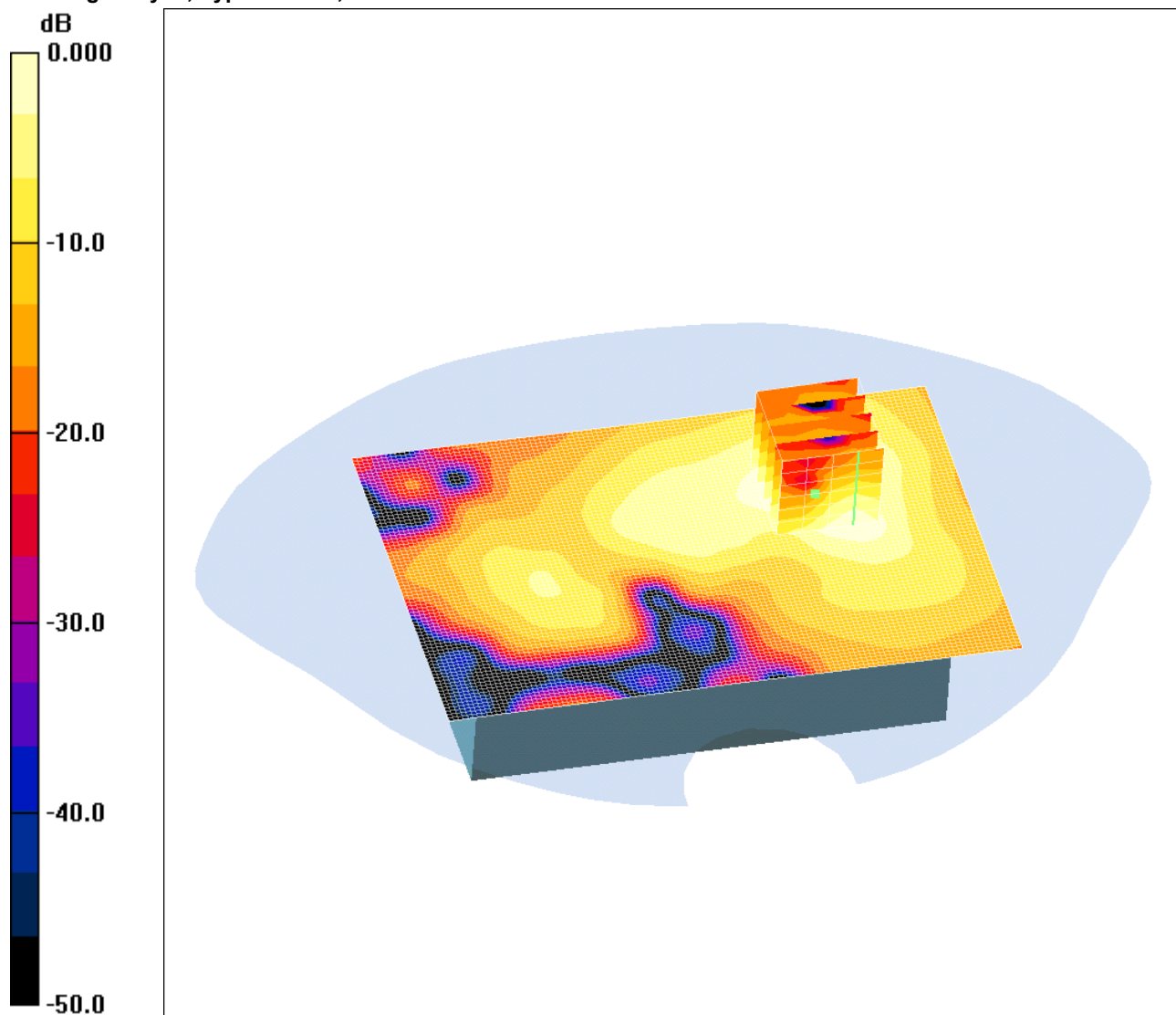
Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/73643JD03/004: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802\_11g CH6

Date: 05/12/2008

DUT: Datalogic Joya+; Type: JOYA+; Serial: D08X00014



0 dB = 0.052mW/g

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.85$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 24/06/2008

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn394; Calibrated: 25/06/2008

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom/Area Scan (81x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.046 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.078 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.045 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.023 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.052 mW/g

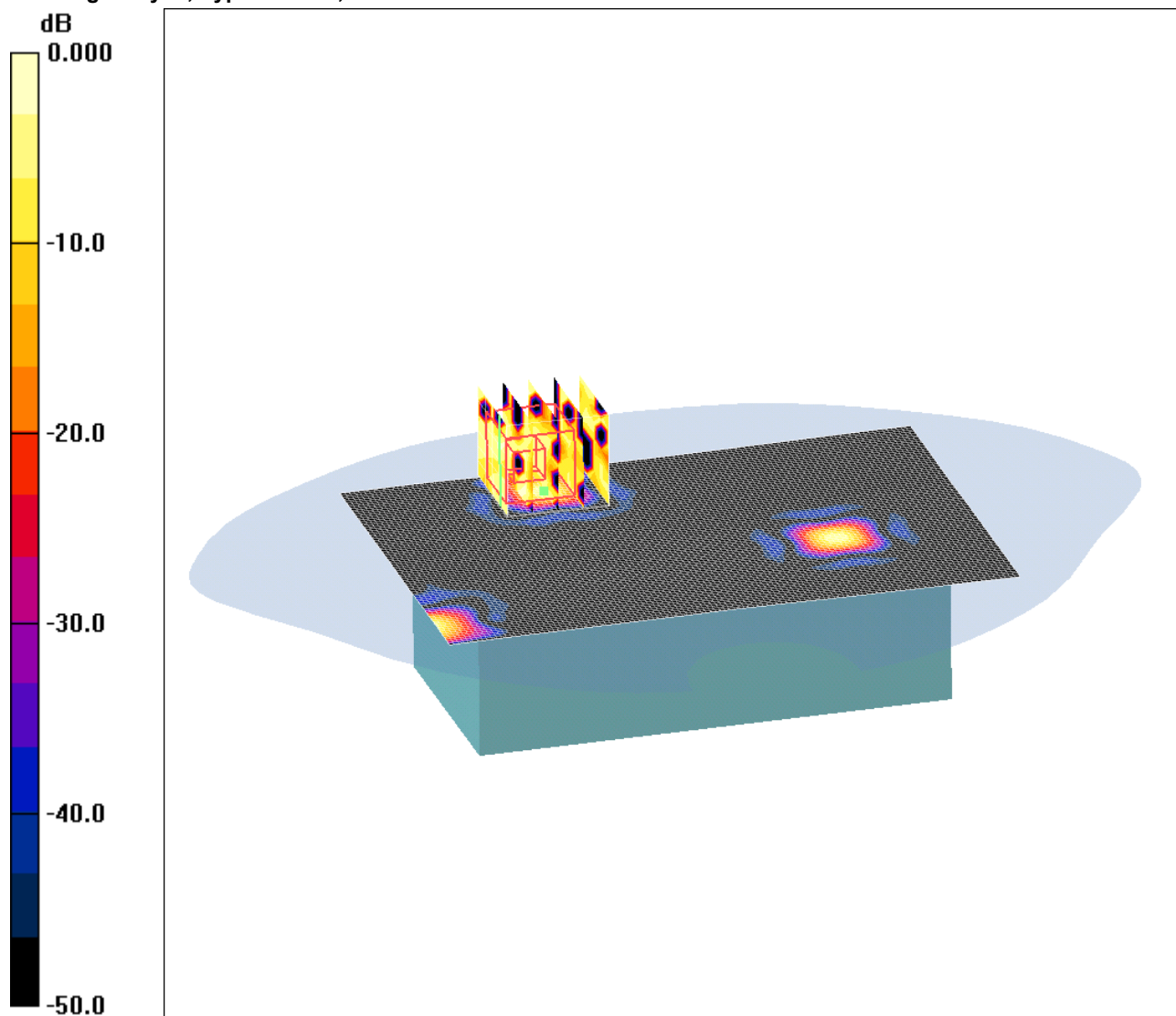
Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/73643JD03/005: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802\_11b Aux Antenna CH6

Date: 05/12/2008

DUT: Datalogic Joya+; Type: JOYA+; Serial: D08X00014



0 dB = 0.001mW/g

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.85$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 24/06/2008

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn394; Calibrated: 25/06/2008

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom/Area Scan (81x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.001 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.486 V/m; Power Drift = -0.274 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.001 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.04e-005 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.15e-006 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.001 mW/g

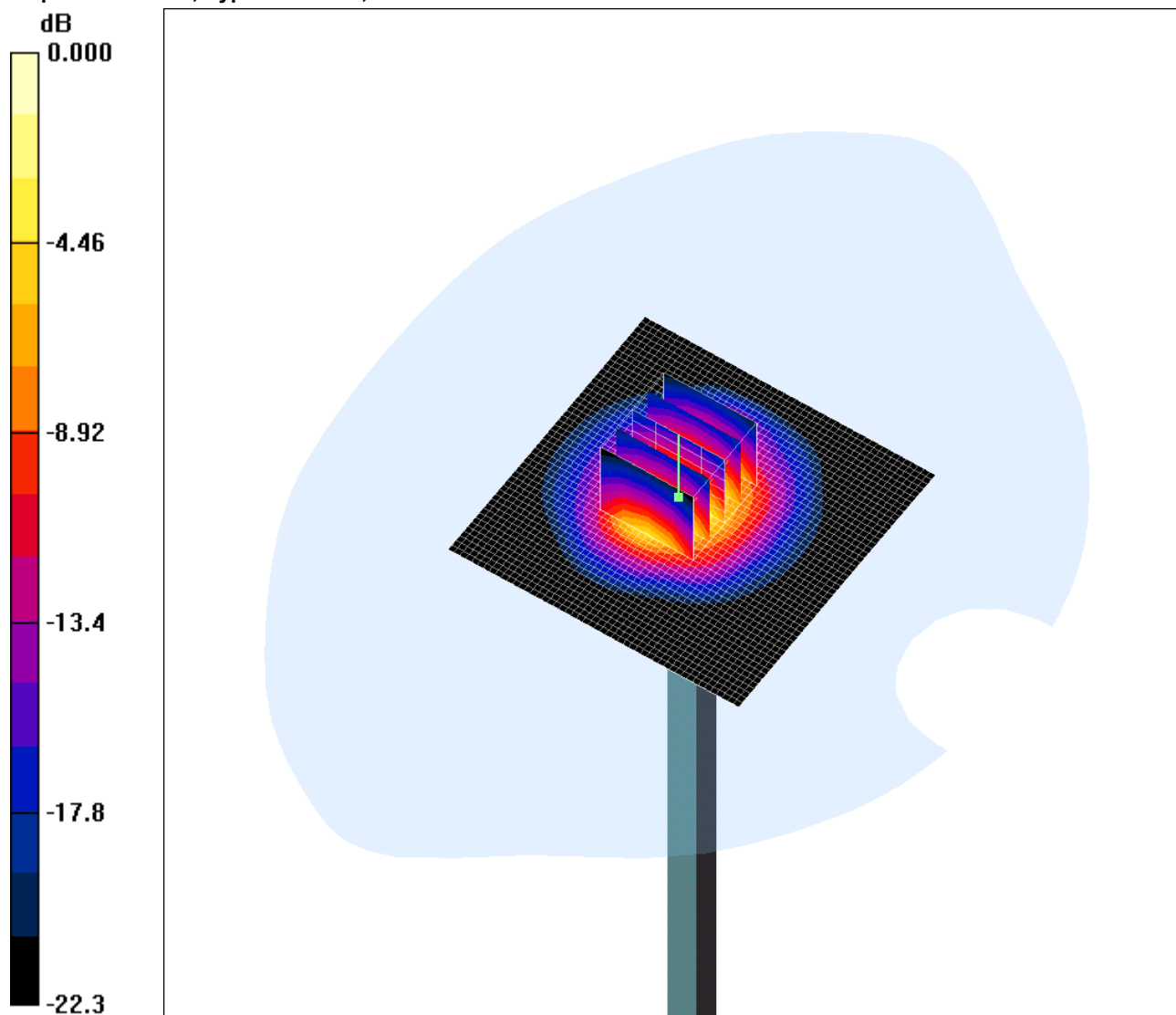
Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/73643JD03/006: em Performance Check 2450MHz Body 05 12 08

Date: 05/12/2008

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:725



0 dB = 15.8mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 MHz MSL Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.86$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 24/06/2008

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn394; Calibrated: 25/06/2008

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW 1/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.6 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW 1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.060 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 mW/g

Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
JOYA +

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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#### **Appendix 4. Photographs**

This appendix contains the following photographs:

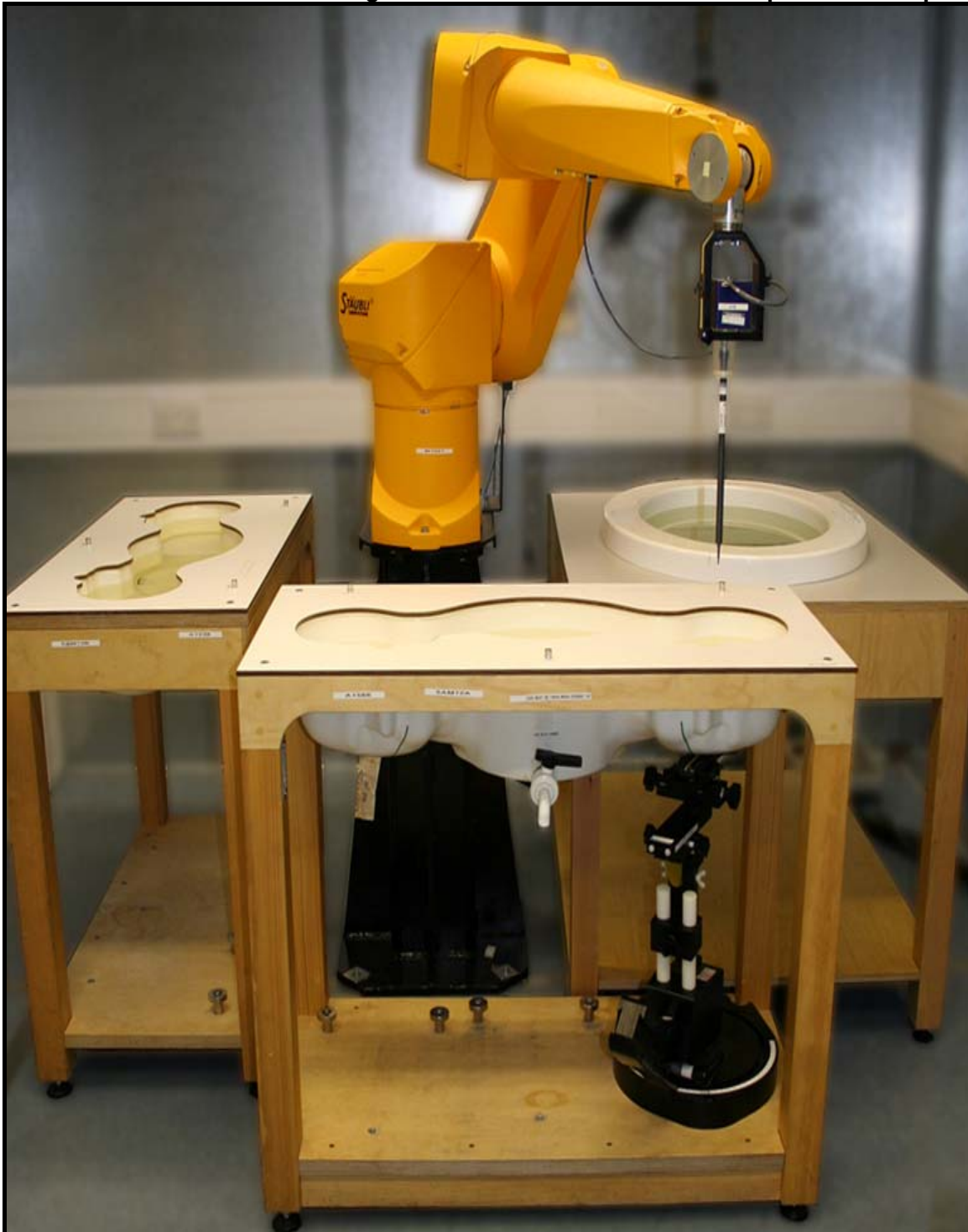
<b>Photo Reference Number</b>	<b>Title</b>
PHT/73643JD03/001	Test configuration for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)
PHT/73643JD03/002	Front of EUT Facing Phantom
PHT/73643JD03/003	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom
PHT/73643JD03/004	Front View of EUT
PHT/73643JD03/005	Rear View of EUT
PHT/73643JD03/006	Internal View of EUT
PHT/73643JD03/007	Battery View
PHT/73643JD03/008	2450 MHz Fluid Level

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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**PHT/73643JD03/001: Test configuration for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)**



Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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PHT/73643JD03/002: Front of EUT Facing Phantom





Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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**PHT/73643JD03/003: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom**



Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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PHT/73643JD03/004: Front View of EUT



Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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PHT/73643JD03/005: Rear View of EUT



Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

PHT/73643JD03/006: Internal View of EUT



Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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PHT/73643JD03/007: Battery View

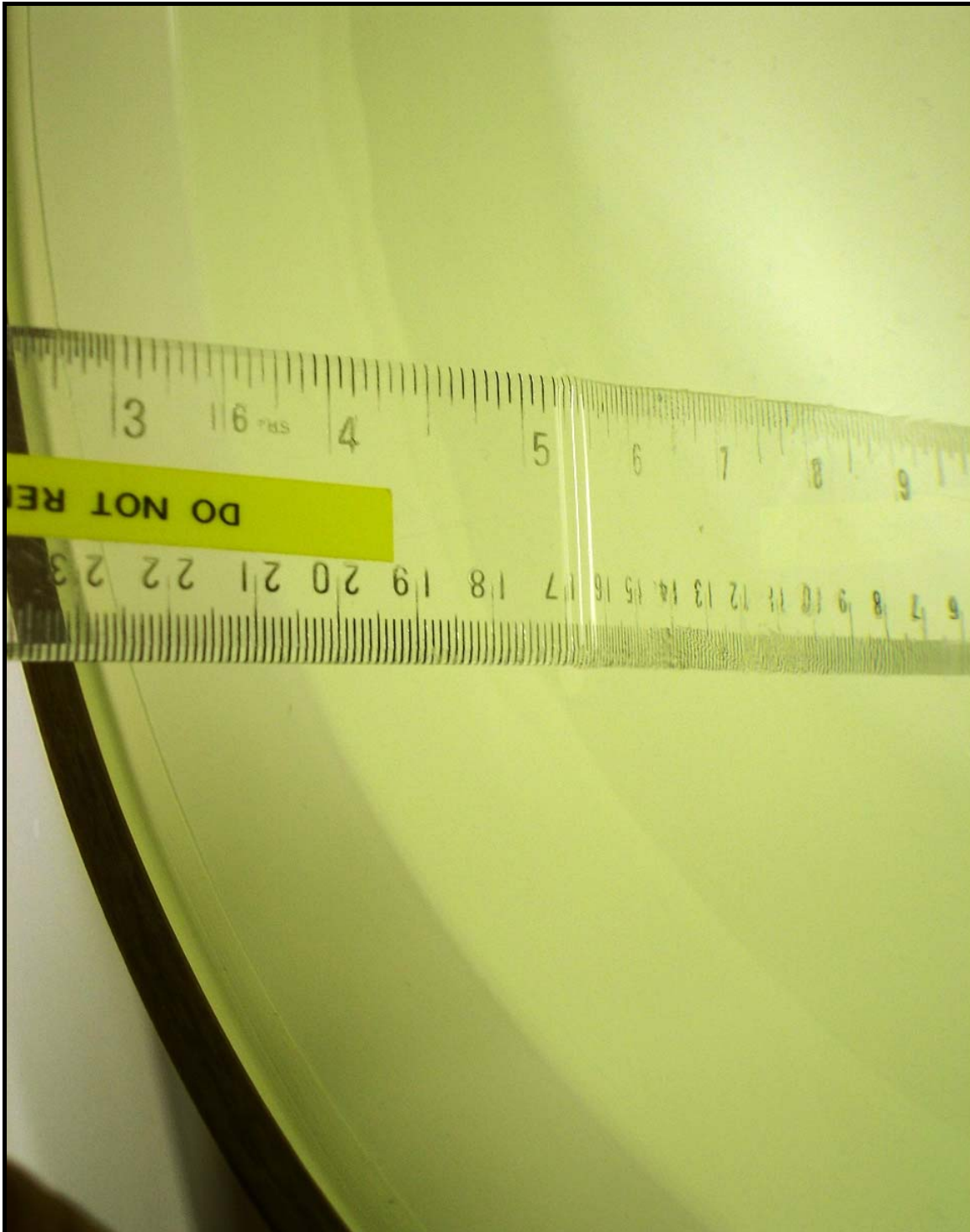


Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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**PHT/73643JD03/008: 2450 MHz Fluid Level**



Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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## **Appendix 5. Validation of System**

Prior to the assessment, the system was verified in the flat region of the phantom. A 2450 MHz dipole was used. A forward power of 250 mW was applied to the dipole and the system was verified to a tolerance of  $\pm 5\%$  for the 2450 MHz dipole. The applicable verification (normalised to 1 Watt).

**Date:05/12/2008**

**Validation Dipole and Serial Number:D2450V2:SN:725**

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temperature	Liquid Temperature	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Body	2450	25.0 °C	25.0 °C	$\epsilon_r$	52.70	51.22	-2.81	5.00
				$\sigma$	1.95	1.86	-4.66	5.00
				1g SAR	53.30	55.60	4.32	5.00
				10g SAR	24.50	25.40	3.67	5.00

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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## **Appendix 6. Simulated Tissues**

The body mixture consists of water and glycol. Visual inspection is made to ensure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the tissue.

Ingredient	Frequency
	2450 MHz Body
De-Ionised Water	68.64
Diglycol Butyl Ether (DGBE)	31.37

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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## **Appendix 7. DASY4 System Details**

### **A.7.1. DASY4 SAR Measurement System**

RFI Global Services Ltd, SAR measurement facility utilises the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY™) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. The DASY4 system is comprised of the robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM phantom containing brain or muscle equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller; teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control. This is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. The data acquisition electronics (DAE) performs signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection etc. The DAE is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card. The DAE3 utilises a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

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Test of: Datalogic Mobile S.r.l.  
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### A.7.2. DASY4 SAR System Specifications

#### Robot System

Positioner:	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX90L
Repeatability:	0.025 mm
No. of Axis:	6
Serial Number:	F00/SD89A1/A/01
Reach:	1185 mm
Payload:	3.5 kg
Control Unit:	CS7
Programming Language:	V+

#### Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Serial Number:	DAE3 SN:394
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#### Cell Controller

PC:	Dell Precision 340
Operating System:	Windows 2000
Data Card:	DASY4 Measurement Server
Serial Number:	1080

#### Data Converter

Features:	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converted and control logic.
Software:	DASY4 Software
Connecting Lines:	Optical downlink for data and status info. Optical uplink for commands and clock.

#### PC Interface Card

Function:	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE3 16 nit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot direct emergency stop output for robot.
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To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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### DASY4 SAR System Specifications (Continued)

#### E-Field Probe

Model:	EX3DV3
Serial No:	3508
Construction:	Triangular core
Frequency:	10 MHz to >6 GHz
Linearity:	$\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Probe Length (mm):	330
Probe Diameter (mm):	12
Tip Length (mm):	20
Tip Diameter (mm):	2.5
Sensor X Offset (mm):	1
Sensor Y Offset (mm):	1
Sensor Z Offset (mm):	1

#### Phantom

Phantom:	SAM Phantom
Shell Material:	Fibreglass
Thickness:	2.0 $\pm$ 0.1 mm

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