

PARTIAL TEST REPORT (SPOT CHECK) CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

Standard: 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407)

Report No.: RFBDDYS-WTW-P20080137B-2

FCC ID: TVE-2317069

Product: Secured Wireless Access Point

Brand: Fortinet

Model No.: FAP-231FL

Series Model: FORTIAP-231FLxxxxxx, FortiAP 231FLxxxxxx, FAP-231FLxxxxxx
(where "x" can be used as "A-Z", or "0-9", or "-", or blank for software changes or marketing purposes only)

Received Date: 2022/9/12

Test Date: 2022/9/7 ~ 2022/9/27

Issued Date: 2022/12/01

Applicant: Fortinet, Inc.

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Issued By: Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch
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FCC Registration / 788550 / TW0003

Designation Number:

Approved by: _____

Jeremy Lin

Date: _____

2022/12/01

Jeremy Lin / Project Engineer

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Prepared by : Polly Chien / Specialist



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Release Control Record

Issue No.	Description	Date Issued
RFB DYS-WTW-P20080137B-2	Original release.	2022/12/01

1 Certificate

Product: Secured Wireless Access Point

Brand: Fortinet

Test Model: FAP-231FL

Series Model: FORTIAP-231FLxxxxxx, FortiAP 231FLxxxxxx, FAP-231FLxxxxxx
(where "x" can be used as "A-Z", or "0-9", or "-", or blank for software changes or marketing purposes only)

Sample Status: Engineering sample

Applicant: Fortinet, Inc.

Test Date: 2022/9/7 ~ 2022/9/27

Standard: 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407)

Measurement procedure: ANSI C63.10-2013
KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v02r01
KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01

The above equipment has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's RF characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

2 Summary of Test Results

47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407)			
Clause	Test Item	Result	Remark
15.407(a)(2)	26 dB Bandwidth	Pass	Refer to note 1
15.407(a)(1/2)	RF Output Power	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.407(a)(1/2)	Power Spectral Density	Pass	Refer to note 1
---	Occupied Bandwidth	-	Reference only.
15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Pass	Refer to note 1
15.407(b)(9)	AC Power Conducted Emissions	Pass	Minimum passing margin is -4.89 dB at 0.47000 MHz
15.407(b)(9)	Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz	Pass	Minimum passing margin is -5.5 dB at 53.28 MHz
15.407(b) (1/2/3/10)	Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz	Pass	Minimum passing margin is -5.0 dB at 1116.00 MHz
15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass	Antenna connector is i-pex(MHF) not a standard connector.

Note:

1. This report is a partial report. Therefore, only Output Power, AC Power Conducted Emission and Radiated Emissions were verified and recorded in this report. Other testing data please refer to the original BV CPS report no.: RFB DYS-WTW-P20100799.
2. The same DFS detection software is used in the variant model. Hence, there is no spot check data required for DFS.
3. Determining compliance based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.

2.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2:

Measurement	Specification	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (±)
AC Power Conducted Emissions	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	2.99 dB
Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	3.59 dB
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	3.60 dB
Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz	1 GHz ~ 18 GHz	2.29 dB
	18 GHz ~ 40 GHz	2.29 dB

The other instruments specified are routine verified to remain within the calibrated levels, no measurement uncertainty is required to be calculated.

2.2 Supplementary Information

There is not any deviation from the test standards for the test method, and no modifications required for compliance.

3 General Information

3.1 General Description of EUT

Product	Secured Wireless Access Point
Brand	Fortinet
Test Model	FAP-231FL
Series Model	FORTIAP-231FLxxxxxx, FortiAP 231FLxxxxxx, FAP-231FLxxxxxx (where "x" can be used as "A-Z", or "0-9", or "-", or blank for software changes or marketing purposes only)
Model Difference	Refer to note
Status of EUT	Engineering sample
Power Supply Rating	12Vdc from Adapter 54Vdc from PoE
Modulation Type	802.11a: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 802.11ac: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 802.11ax: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM, 1024QAM
Modulation Technology	OFDM, OFDMA
Transfer Rate	802.11a: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6Mbps 802.11n (HT20/40): up to MCS31 802.11ac (VHT20/40): up to MCS9 802.11ax: up to MCS11
Operating Frequency	5260 ~ 5320MHz, 5500 ~ 5720MHz
Number of Channel	<u>5GHz traffic radio:</u> 5260 ~ 5320MHz: 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20), 802.11ax (HE20): 4 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40), 802.11ax (HE40): 2 802.11ac (VHT80), 802.11ax (HE80): 1 5500 ~ 5720MHz: 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20), 802.11ax (HE20): 12 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40), 802.11ax (HE40): 6 802.11ac (VHT80), 802.11ax (HE80): 3 <u>Scanning radio:</u> 5260 ~ 5320MHz: 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20): 4 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40): 2 802.11ac (VHT80): 1 5500 ~ 5720MHz: 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20): 12 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40): 6 802.11ac (VHT80): 3
Output Power	5260 ~ 5320MHz: 5G traffic radio: CDD Mode: 237.807mW (23.76dBm) 5G traffic radio: Beamforming Mode: 116.067mW (20.65 dBm) Scanning radio: CDD Mode: 81.470mW (19.11 dBm) 5500 ~ 5720MHz: 5G traffic radio: CDD Mode: 240.864mW (23.82 dBm) 5G traffic radio: Beamforming Mode: 113.418mW (20.55 dBm) Scanning radio: CDD Mode: 129.122mW (21.11 dBm)

Note:

1. This report is a supplementary report to the original BV CPS report no.: RFBBDYS-WTW-P20100799. The differences compared with the original design is as below. Exhibit prepared for FCC Spot Check Verification report, the format, test items and amount of spot-check test data are decided by applicant's engineering judgment, for more details please refer to declaration letter exhibit. Therefore, only Output Power, AC Power Conducted Emission and Radiated Emissions were verified and recorded in this report. AC Power Conducted Emission and Radiated Emission tests according to original report radiated emission worst channel.

Difference:

- a) Removing BLE and Zigbee antenna & function

2. The following models are provided to this EUT. The model FAP-231FL was chosen for final test.

Brand	Test Model	Series Model	Difference
Fortinet	FAP-231FL	FORTIAP-231FLxxxxxx, FortiAP 231FLxxxxxx, FAP-231FLxxxxxx	Where "x" can be used as "A-Z", or "0-9", or "-", or blank for software changes or marketing purposes only.

3. The EUT consumes power from the following power supply. (Support unit only)

Adapter	
Brand	Asian Power Devices Inc.
Model	WA-30J12R
Input Power	100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 0.9A MAX
Output Power	12Vdc, 2.5A
Power Line	1.5m cable without core attached on adapter

POE	
Brand	EnGenius
Model	EPA5006GPR
Input Power	100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 0.8A
Output Power	54V, 0.6A

4. The simultaneous operation mode was determined by client.

No	Mode
1	2G traffic radio (Radio 1) + 5GHz traffic radio (Radio 2) + 5G Scanning radio (Radio 3)
3	5GHz traffic radio (Radio 2) + 2G Scanning radio (Radio 3)

*5GHz traffic radio (Radio 2) and 5G Scanning radio (Radio 3) cannot transmit in the same band at same time.

2G traffic radio (Radio 1) and 2G Scanning radio (Radio 3) cannot transmit at same time.

3.2 Antenna Description of EUT

1. The antenna information is listed as below.

Antenna Type		PIFA	
Antenna Connector		i-pex(MHF)	
Antenna No.		Gain (dBi)	
		2.4~2.4835GHz	5.180~5.825GHz
1	Chain0	4.9	5.2
2	Chain1	3.8	5.5
3	Scan	4.0	5.1

* Detail antenna specification please refer to antenna datasheet and/or antenna measurement report.

1. The EUT incorporates a MIMO function:

Modulation Mode	CDD Mode	Beamforming Mode	TX Function	Radio
802.11a	Support	Not Support	2TX	5G traffic radio (Radio 2)
802.11n (HT20)	Support	Support	2TX	
802.11n (HT40)	Support	Support	2TX	
802.11ac (VHT20)	Support	Support	2TX	
802.11ac (VHT40)	Support	Support	2TX	
802.11ac (VHT80)	Support	Support	2TX	
802.11ax (HE20)	Support	Support	2TX	
802.11ax (HE40)	Support	Support	2TX	
802.11ax (HE80)	Support	Support	2TX	
802.11a	Support	Not Support	1TX	Scanning radio (Radio 3)
802.11n (HT20)	Support	Not Support	1TX	
802.11n (HT40)	Support	Not Support	1TX	
802.11ac (VHT20)	Support	Not Support	1TX	
802.11ac (VHT40)	Support	Not Support	1TX	
802.11ac (VHT80)	Support	Not Support	1TX	

Note: The EUT support Beamforming and CDD mode, therefore both mode were investigated and the worst case scenario was identified. The worst case data were presented in test report.

3.3 Channel List

FOR 5260 ~ 5320 MHz

4 channels are provided for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20) and 802.11ax (HE20):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
52	5260 MHz	60	5300 MHz
56	5280 MHz	64	5320 MHz

2 channels are provided for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40) and 802.11ax (HE40):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
54	5270 MHz	62	5310 MHz

1 channel is provided for 802.11ac (VHT80), 802.11ax (HE80):

Channel	Frequency
58	5290 MHz

FOR 5500 ~ 5720 MHz

12 channels are provided for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20) and 802.11ax (HE20):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
100	5500 MHz	124	5620 MHz
104	5520 MHz	128	5640 MHz
108	5540 MHz	132	5660 MHz
112	5560 MHz	136	5680 MHz
116	5580 MHz	140	5700 MHz
120	5600 MHz	144	5720 MHz

6 channels are provided for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40) and 802.11ax (HE40):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
102	5510 MHz	126	5630 MHz
110	5550 MHz	134	5670 MHz
118	5590 MHz	142	5710 MHz

3 channels are provided for 802.11ac (VHT80) and 802.11ax (HE80):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
106	5530 MHz	138	5690 MHz
122	5610 MHz		

3.4 Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Detail

Pre-Scan:	EUT can be used in the following ways: X-axis/ Y-axis/ Z-axis. Pre-scan these ways and find the worst case as a representative test condition.
Worst Case:	1. X-axis/ Y-axis/ Z-axis Worst Condition: Y-axis. 2. Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).

Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below:

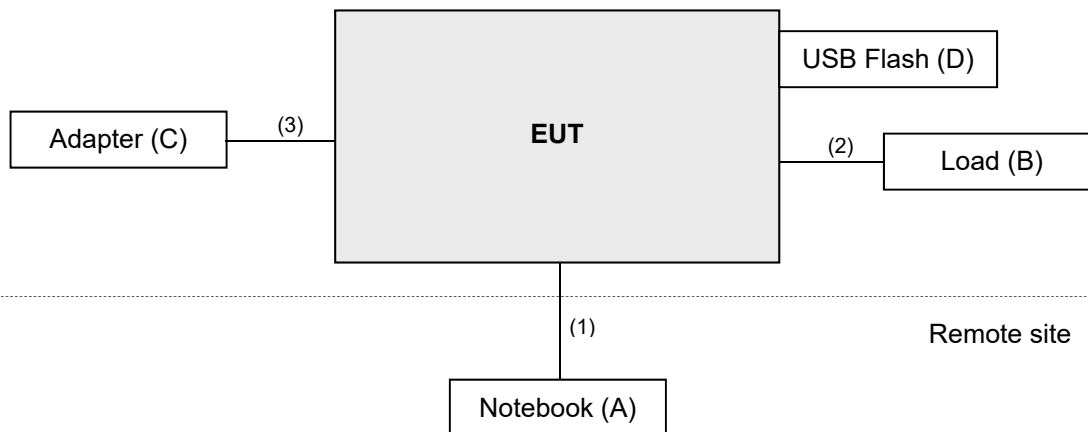
Test Item	EUT Configure Mode	Remark	Mode	Signal Mode	Tested Channel	Modulation	Data Rate Parameter		
RF Output Power	B	5G traffic radio	802.11a	CDD	52, 60, 64, 100, 116, 140, 144	BPSK	6Mb/s		
			802.11n (HT20)	CDD & Beamforming	52, 60, 64, 100, 116, 140, 144	BPSK	6.5Mb/s		
			802.11n (HT40)	CDD & Beamforming	54, 62, 102, 110, 134, 142	BPSK	13.5Mb/s		
			802.11ac (VHT20)	CDD & Beamforming	52, 60, 64, 100, 116, 140, 144	BPSK	6.5Mb/s		
			802.11ac (VHT40)	CDD & Beamforming	54, 62, 102, 110, 134, 142	BPSK	13.5Mb/s		
			802.11ac (VHT80)	CDD & Beamforming	58, 106, 122, 138	BPSK	65Mb/s		
			802.11ax (HE20)	CDD & Beamforming	52, 60, 64, 100, 116, 140, 144	BPSK	MCS0		
			802.11ax (HE40)	CDD & Beamforming	54, 62, 102, 110, 134, 142	BPSK	MCS0		
		802.11ax (HE80)	CDD & Beamforming	58, 106, 122, 138	BPSK	MCS0			
		Scanning radio	802.11a	CDD	52, 60, 64, 100, 116, 140, 144	BPSK	6Mb/s		
			802.11n (HT20)	CDD & Beamforming	52, 60, 64, 100, 116, 140, 144	BPSK	6.5Mb/s		
			802.11n (HT40)	CDD & Beamforming	54, 62, 102, 110, 134, 142	BPSK	13.5Mb/s		
			802.11ac (VHT80)	CDD & Beamforming	58, 106, 122, 138	BPSK	65Mb/s		
		AC Power Conducted Emissions	A, B	5G traffic radio	802.11ax (HE40)	CDD	62	BPSK	MCS0
			A, B	Scanning radio	802.11n (HT20)	CDD	60	BPSK	6.5Mb/s
		Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz	A, B	5G traffic radio	802.11ax (HE40)	CDD	62	BPSK	MCS0
A, B	Scanning radio		802.11n (HT20)	CDD	60	BPSK	6.5Mb/s		
Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz	B	5G traffic radio	802.11ax (HE40)	CDD	62, 134	BPSK	MCS0		
	B	Scanning radio	802.11n (HT20)	CDD	60, 116	BPSK	6.5Mb/s		
EUT Configure Mode:	A	Power from adapter							
	B	Power from PoE							

3.5 Test Program Used and Operation Descriptions

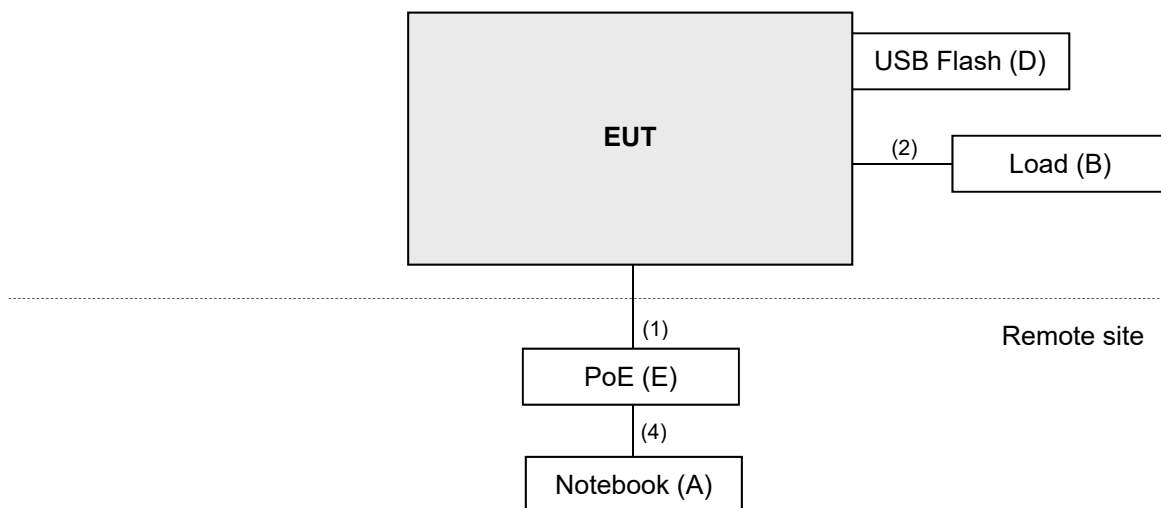
Controlling software QSPR has been activated to set the EUT under transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequency.

3.6 Connection Diagram of EUT and Peripheral Devices

Mode A



Mode B



3.7 Configuration of Peripheral Devices and Cable Connections

ID	Product	Brand	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Remarks
A.	Notebook	Lenovo	20J4 MD A003TW	PF-11H9AK	FCC DoC Approved	Provided by Lab
B.	Load	NA	NA	NA	NA	Provided by Lab
C.	Adapter	Asian Power Devices Inc.	WA-30J12R	NA	NA	Supplied by applicant
D.	USB Flash	Sandisk	NA	03	NA	Provided by Lab
E.	POE	EnGenius	EPA5006GPR	NA	NA	Supplied by applicant

ID	Cable Descriptions	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielding (Yes/No)	Cores (Qty.)	Remarks
1.	RJ-45 Cable	1	7.0	N	0	Provided by Lab
2.	RJ-45 Cable	2	1.5	N	0	Provided by Lab
3.	Power cable	1	1.5	-	0	Supplied by applicant
4.	RJ-45 Cable	1	1.5	N	0	Provided by Lab

4 Test Instruments

The calibration interval of the all test instruments are 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.

4.1 RF Output Power

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Peak Power Analyzer KEYSIGHT	8990B	MY51000485	2022/1/18	2023/1/17
Power sensor Keysight	U2021XA	MY55380009	2022/3/23	2023/3/22
Wideband Power Sensor(N1923A) KEYSIGHT	N1923A	MY58020002	2022/1/17	2023/1/16

Notes:

1. The test was performed in Oven room.
2. Tested Date: 2022/9/24 ~ 2022/9/27

4.2 AC Power Conducted Emissions

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
DC-LISN SCHWARZBECK MESS- ELETRONIK	NNBM 8126G	8126G-069	2021/11/10	2022/11/9
LISN R&S	ESH3-Z5	100220	2021/11/25	2022/11/24
LISN ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ENV216	101826	2022/3/14	2023/3/13
RF Coaxial Cable WOKEN	5D-FB	Cable-cond1-01	2022/1/15	2023/1/14
Software BVADT	BVADT_Cond_ V7.3.7.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Receiver Rohde&Schwarz	ESCI	100613	2021/12/3	2022/12/2
V-LISN Schwarzbeck	NNBL 8226-2	8226-142	2022/8/31	2023/8/30

Notes:

1. The test was performed in HY - Conduction 1.
2. Tested Date: 2022/9/19 ~ 2022/9/21

4.3 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Antenna Tower & Turn BV ADT	AT100	AT93021705	N/A	N/A
Bi_Log Antenna Schwarbeck	VULB9168	9168-160	2021/10/28	2022/10/27
Loop Antenna TESEQ	HLA 6121	45745	2022/7/27	2023/7/26
Preamplifier Agilent	8447D	2944A10638	2022/5/14	2023/5/13
RF Coaxial Cable EMCI	5D-NM-BM	140903+140902	2022/1/15	2023/1/14
RF Coaxial Cable WOKEN	8D-FB	Cable-CH9-01	2022/5/14	2023/5/13
Software BV ADT	ADT_Radiated_ V7.6.15.9.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Spectrum Analyzer R&S	FSW43	101867	2022/1/7	2023/1/6
Test Receiver Agilent	N9038A	MY51210203	2021/9/22	2022/9/21
Turn Table BV ADT	TT100	TT93021705	N/A	N/A
Turn Table Controller BV ADT	SC100	SC93021705	N/A	N/A

Notes:

1. The test was performed in HY - 966 chamber 4.
2. Tested Date: 2022/9/19 ~ 2022/9/21

4.4 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Antenna Tower & Turn BV ADT	AT100	AT93021705	N/A	N/A
Boresight antenna tower fixture BV	BAF-02	5	N/A	N/A
Horn Antenna Schwarzbeck	9120D	9120D-1169	2021/11/14	2022/11/13
	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170241	2021/10/26	2022/10/25
Pre-Amplifier EMCI	EMC 184045	980116	2021/10/5	2022/10/4
Preamplifier Agilent	8449B	3008A02367	2022/2/16	2023/2/15
RF Coaxial Cable HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	CABLE-CH9-(250795/4)	2022/1/15	2023/1/14
RF Coaxial Cable HUBER+SUHNER&EMCI	SUCOFLEX 104& EMC104-SM-SM8000	CABLE-CH9-02 (248780+171006)	2022/1/15	2023/1/14
RF FLITER MICRO-TRONICS	BRM17690	004	2022/1/10	2023/1/9
	BRM50716	060	2022/1/10	2023/1/9
Software BV ADT	ADT_Radiated_ V7.6.15.9.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Spectrum Analyzer R&S	FSW43	101867	2022/1/7	2023/1/6
Test Receiver Agilent	N9038A	MY51210203	2021/9/22	2022/9/21
Turn Table BV ADT	TT100	TT93021705	N/A	N/A
Turn Table Controller BV ADT	SC100	SC93021705	N/A	N/A

Notes:

1. The test was performed in HY - 966 chamber 4.
2. Tested Date: 2022/9/7

5 Limits of Test Items

5.1 RF Output Power

Operation Band	Limit
U-NII-2A	250mW (24 dBm) or 11 dBm+10 log B*
U-NII-2C	250mW (24 dBm) or 11 dBm+10 log B*

*B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz

Per KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output Method of conducted output power measurement on IEEE 802.11 devices,

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for $N_{ANT} \leq 4$;

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for channel widths ≥ 40 MHz for any N_{ANT} ;

Array Gain = $5 \log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS})$ dB or 3 dB, whichever is less, for 20-MHz channel widths with $N_{ANT} \geq 5$.

For power measurements on all other devices: Array Gain = $10 \log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS})$ dB.

5.2 AC Power Conducted Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.50 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

Notes:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50 MHz.

5.3 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Notes:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = $20 \log$ Emission level (uV/m).

5.4 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
Above 960	500	3

Notes:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
3. For frequencies above 1000 MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.

Limits of unwanted emission out of the restricted bands

Applicable To		Limit	
789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v02r01		Field Strength at 3 m	
		PK: 74 (dBµV/m)	AV: 54 (dBµV/m)
Frequency Band	Applicable To	EIRP Limit	Equivalent Field Strength at 3 m
5150~5250 MHz	15.407(b)(1)	PK: -27 (dBm/MHz)	PK: 68.2 (dBµV/m)
5250~5350 MHz	15.407(b)(2)		
5470~5725 MHz	15.407(b)(3)		
5725~5850 MHz	15.407(b)(4)(i)	PK: -27 (dBm/MHz) ^{*1} PK: 10 (dBm/MHz) ^{*2} PK: 15.6 (dBm/MHz) ^{*3} PK: 27 (dBm/MHz) ^{*4}	PK: 68.2 (dBµV/m) ^{*1} PK: 105.2 (dBµV/m) ^{*2} PK: 110.8 (dBµV/m) ^{*3} PK: 122.2 (dBµV/m) ^{*4}
*1 beyond 75 MHz or more above of the band edge.		*2 below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above.	
*3 below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above.		*4 from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.	

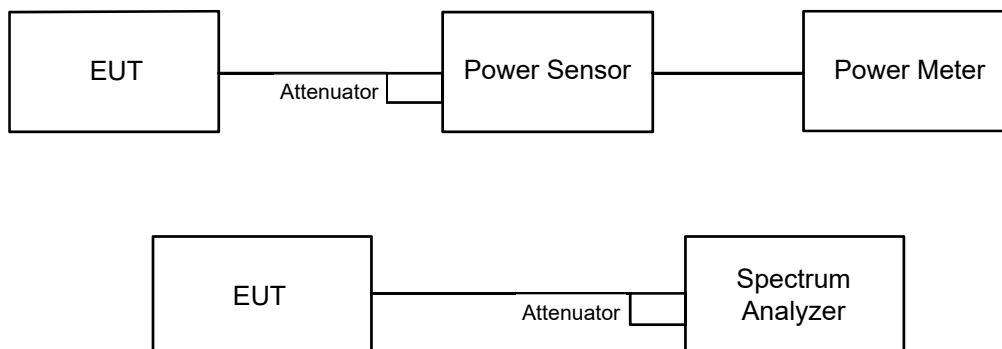
Note: The following formula is used to convert the equipment isotropic radiated power (eirp) to field strength:

$$E = \frac{1000000}{3} \sqrt{30 P} \quad \mu\text{V/m, where } P \text{ is the eirp (Watts).}$$

6 Test Arrangements

6.1 RF Output Power

6.1.1 Test Setup



6.1.2 Test Procedure

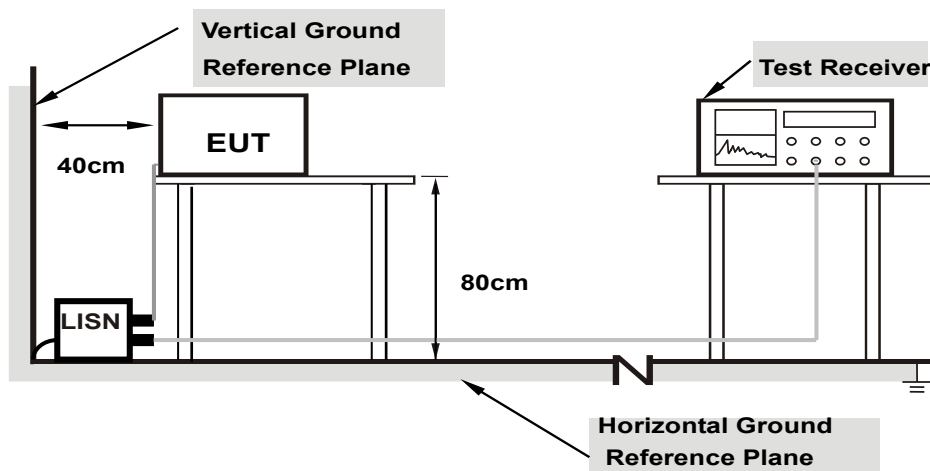
Method PM is used to perform output power measurement, trigger and gating function of wide band power meter is enabled to measure max output power of TX on burst and set the detector to average. Duty factor is not added to measured value.

Method SA-2

- a. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
- b. Set RBW = 1 MHz, Set VBW \geq 3 MHz, Detector = RMS
- c. Sweep points $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing $\leq \text{RBW} / 2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.) Sweep time = auto, trigger set to "free run".
- d. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
- e. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- f. Record the max value and add $10 \log (1/\text{duty cycle})$.

6.2 AC Power Conducted Emissions

6.2.1 Test Setup



Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN.

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

6.2.2 Test Procedure

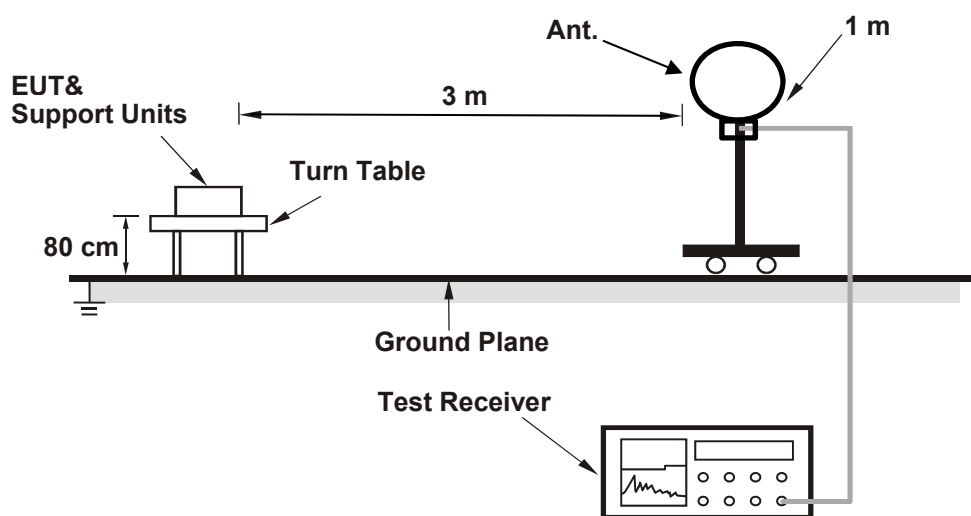
- The EUT was placed on a 0.8 meter to the top of table and placed 0.4 meters from the conducting wall of the shielded room with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Other support units were connected to the power mains through another LISN. The two LISNs provide 50 ohm/ 50 uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
- Both lines of the power mains connected to the EUT were checked for maximum conducted interference.
- The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched. Emission levels under (Limit – 20 dB) was not recorded.

Note: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver is 9 kHz for quasi-peak detection (QP) and average detection (AV) at frequency 0.15 MHz-30 MHz.

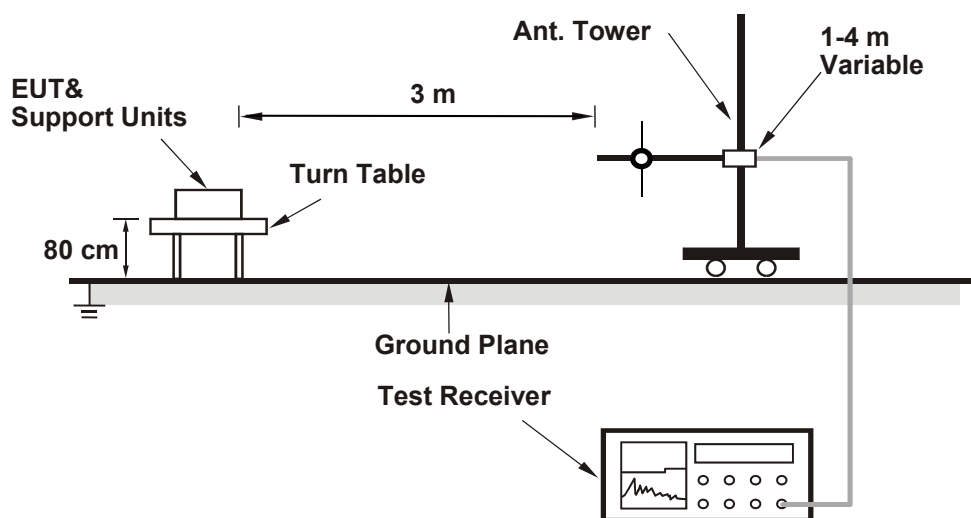
6.3 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

6.3.1 Test Setup

For Radiated emission below 30 MHz



For Radiated emission above 30 MHz



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

6.3.2 Test Procedure

For Radiated emission below 30 MHz

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. Parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel orientations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode, except for the frequency band (9 kHz to 90 kHz and 110 kHz to 490 kHz) set to average detect function and peak detect function.

Notes:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 200 Hz at frequency below 150 kHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9 kHz or 10 kHz at frequency (150 kHz to 30 MHz).
3. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

For Radiated emission above 30 MHz

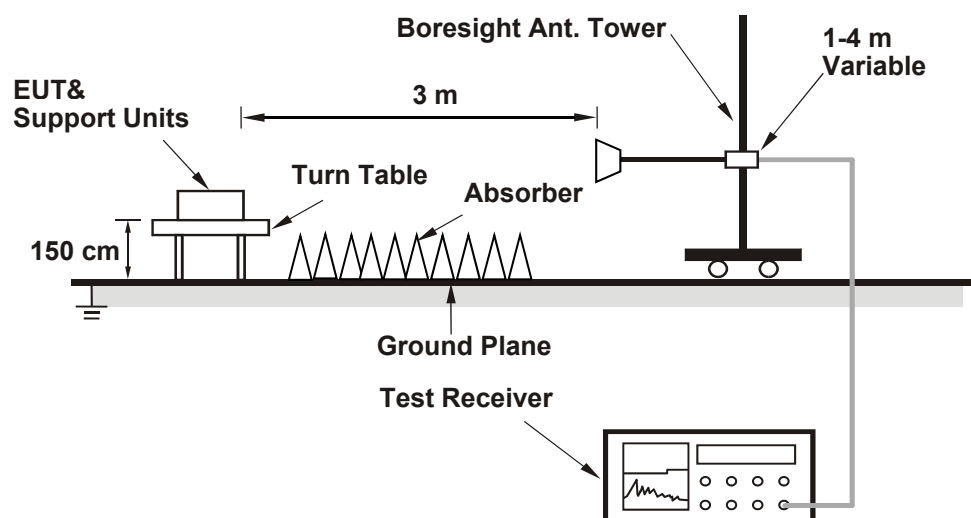
- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.

Notes:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

6.4 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

6.4.1 Test Setup



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

6.4.2 Test Procedure

- The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detects function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Notes:

- The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) and Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.
- For fundamental and harmonic signal measurement, the resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is $\geq 1/T$ (Duty cycle $< 98\%$) or 10 Hz (Duty cycle $\geq 98\%$) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

7 Test Results of Test Item

7.1 RF Output Power

Input Power:	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions:	23°C, 63% RH	Tested By:	Tim Chen
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5G traffic radio:

802.11a CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
52	5260	18.22	17.96	128.892	21.10	24	Pass
60	5300	18.28	18.02	130.685	21.16	24	Pass
64	5320	18.22	17.97	129.036	21.11	24	Pass
100	5500	17.94	17.71	121.250	20.84	24	Pass
116	5580	18.23	17.89	128.045	21.07	24	Pass
140	5700	17.86	17.51	117.458	20.70	24	Pass
*144 (U-NII-2C)	5720	14.58	12.47	46.368	16.66	22.83	Pass
*144 (U-NII-3)	5720	6.46	8.05	10.809	10.34	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
- For U-NII-2A, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11n (HT20) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
52	5260	18.52	18.22	137.496	21.38	24	Pass
60	5300	18.50	18.38	139.66	21.45	24	Pass
64	5320	18.28	18.11	132.012	21.21	24	Pass
100	5500	18.29	18.02	130.84	21.17	24	Pass
116	5580	18.33	17.70	126.961	21.04	24	Pass
140	5700	18.60	18.29	139.896	21.46	24	Pass
*144 (U-NII-2C)	5720	13.52	14.73	52.207	17.18	22.94	Pass
*144 (U-NII-3)	5720	8.36	8.51	13.951	11.45	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
- For U-NII-2A, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11n (HT40) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
54	5270	20.42	20.41	220.055	23.43	24	Pass
62	5310	20.70	20.62	232.835	23.67	24	Pass
102	5510	20.77	20.61	234.479	23.70	24	Pass
110	5550	20.69	20.41	227.12	23.56	24	Pass
134	5670	20.82	20.43	231.189	23.64	24	Pass
*142 (U-NII-2C)	5710	16.72	16.81	94.963	19.78	24	Pass
*142 (U-NII-3)	5710	4.38	4.54	5.586	7.47	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
- For U-NII-2A, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11ac (VHT20) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
52	5260	18.56	18.28	139.077	21.43	24	Pass
60	5300	18.55	18.45	141.599	21.51	24	Pass
64	5320	18.34	18.12	133.097	21.24	24	Pass
100	5500	18.23	18.09	130.944	21.17	24	Pass
116	5580	18.62	17.74	132.207	21.21	24	Pass
140	5700	18.68	18.38	142.656	21.54	24	Pass
*144 (U-NII-2C)	5720	13.72	14.78	53.611	17.29	22.94	Pass
*144 (U-NII-3)	5720	8.53	8.62	14.406	11.59	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
- For U-NII-2A, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11ac (VHT40) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
54	5270	20.65	20.59	230.696	23.63	24	Pass
62	5310	20.80	20.67	236.907	23.75	24	Pass
102	5510	20.88	20.31	229.861	23.61	24	Pass
110	5550	20.79	20.58	234.238	23.70	24	Pass
134	5670	20.91	20.52	236.03	23.73	24	Pass
*142 (U-NII-2C)	5710	16.81	16.92	97.177	19.88	24	Pass
*142 (U-NII-3)	5710	4.49	4.57	5.676	7.54	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
- For U-NII-2A, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11ac (VHT80) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
58	5290	20.64	20.35	224.27	23.51	24	Pass
106	5530	20.11	20.01	202.796	23.07	24	Pass
122	5610	20.42	20.38	219.298	23.41	24	Pass
*138 (U-NII-2C)	5690	16.92	16.22	91.083	19.59	24	Pass
*138 (U-NII-3)	5690	2.41	2.33	3.452	5.38	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
- For U-NII-2A, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11ax (HE20) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
52	5260	18.63	18.39	141.97	21.52	24	Pass
60	5300	18.74	18.53	146.102	21.65	24	Pass
64	5320	18.43	18.18	135.428	21.32	24	Pass
100	5500	18.41	18.12	134.206	21.28	24	Pass
116	5580	18.45	17.80	130.24	21.15	24	Pass
140	5700	18.78	18.51	146.467	21.66	24	Pass
*144 (U-NII-2C)	5720	13.71	14.86	54.116	17.33	22.94	Pass
*144 (U-NII-3)	5720	8.57	8.74	14.676	11.67	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
- For U-NII-2A, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11ax (HE40) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
54	5270	20.70	20.54	230.73	23.63	24	Pass
62	5310	20.88	20.62	237.807	23.76	24	Pass
102	5510	20.83	20.33	228.954	23.60	24	Pass
110	5550	20.95	20.66	240.864	23.82	24	Pass
134	5670	21.03	20.56	240.528	23.81	24	Pass
*142 (U-NII-2C)	5710	16.86	16.94	97.96	19.91	24	Pass
*142 (U-NII-3)	5710	4.55	4.67	5.782	7.62	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
- For U-NII-2A, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11ax (HE80) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
58	5290	20.67	20.38	225.825	23.54	24	Pass
106	5530	20.16	20.05	204.911	23.12	24	Pass
122	5610	20.45	20.29	217.823	23.38	24	Pass
*138 (U-NII-2C)	5690	17.01	16.23	92.21	19.65	24	Pass
*138 (U-NII-3)	5690	2.49	2.41	3.516	5.46	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
- For U-NII-2A, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 5.5 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11n (HT20) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
52	5260	15.43	14.98	66.392	18.22	21.49	Pass
60	5300	15.53	15.29	69.534	18.42	21.49	Pass
64	5320	15.29	14.84	64.285	18.08	21.49	Pass
100	5500	15.21	14.77	63.181	18.01	21.49	Pass
116	5580	15.08	14.73	61.927	17.92	21.49	Pass
140	5700	15.45	15.05	67.064	18.26	21.49	Pass
*144 (U-NII-2C)	5720	10.46	11.74	26.045	14.16	20.43	Pass
*144 (U-NII-3)	5720	5.39	5.51	7.016	8.46	27.49	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0}/20} + 10^{\text{Chain1}/20})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-2A, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-2C, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to 30-(8.51-6) = 27.49 dBm.

802.11n (HT40) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
54	5270	17.63	17.21	110.545	20.44	21.49	Pass
62	5310	17.61	17.37	112.252	20.50	21.49	Pass
102	5510	17.57	17.38	111.849	20.49	21.49	Pass
110	5550	17.44	17.25	108.551	20.36	21.49	Pass
134	5670	17.62	17.43	113.145	20.54	21.49	Pass
*142 (U-NII-2C)	5710	13.61	13.73	46.566	16.68	21.49	Pass
*142 (U-NII-3)	5710	1.33	1.45	2.755	4.40	27.49	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0}/20} + 10^{\text{Chain1}/20})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-2A, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-2C, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to 30-(8.51-6) = 27.49 dBm.

802.11ac (VHT20) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
52	5260	15.26	15.02	65.343	18.15	21.49	Pass
60	5300	15.76	15.23	71.013	18.51	21.49	Pass
64	5320	15.31	14.86	64.582	18.10	21.49	Pass
100	5500	15.28	14.82	64.068	18.07	21.49	Pass
116	5580	15.25	14.76	63.419	18.02	21.49	Pass
140	5700	15.44	15.23	68.337	18.35	21.49	Pass
*144 (U-NII-2C)	5720	10.66	11.76	26.638	14.26	20.43	Pass
*144 (U-NII-3)	5720	5.59	5.64	7.287	8.63	27.49	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0}/20} + 10^{\text{Chain1}/20})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-2A, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-2C, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to 30-(8.51-6) = 27.49 dBm.

802.11ac (VHT40) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
54	5270	17.68	17.35	112.939	20.53	21.49	Pass
62	5310	17.71	17.41	114.101	20.57	21.49	Pass
102	5510	17.63	17.37	112.519	20.51	21.49	Pass
110	5550	17.52	17.33	110.569	20.44	21.49	Pass
134	5670	17.73	17.42	114.5	20.59	21.49	Pass
*142 (U-NII-2C)	5710	13.78	13.84	48.088	16.82	21.49	Pass
*142 (U-NII-3)	5710	1.51	1.63	2.871	4.58	27.49	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0}/20} + 10^{\text{Chain1}/20})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-2A, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-2C, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to 30-(8.51-6) = 27.49 dBm.

802.11ac (VHT80) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
58	5290	17.35	17.12	105.848	20.25	21.49	Pass
106	5530	17.03	16.95	100.011	20.00	21.49	Pass
122	5610	17.33	17.02	104.425	20.19	21.49	Pass
*138 (U-NII-2C)	5690	13.92	13.22	45.65	16.59	21.49	Pass
*138 (U-NII-3)	5690	-0.61	-0.67	1.726	2.37	27.49	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0}/20} + 10^{\text{Chain1}/20})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-2A, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-2C, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to 30-(8.51-6) = 27.49 dBm.

802.11ax (HE20) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
52	5260	15.51	15.34	69.761	18.44	21.49	Pass
60	5300	15.66	15.35	71.09	18.52	21.49	Pass
64	5320	15.34	15.15	66.932	18.26	21.49	Pass
100	5500	15.22	14.96	64.599	18.10	21.49	Pass
116	5580	15.24	14.87	64.11	18.07	21.49	Pass
140	5700	15.43	15.21	68.103	18.33	21.49	Pass
*144 (U-NII-2C)	5720	10.73	11.94	27.462	14.39	20.43	Pass
*144 (U-NII-3)	5720	5.63	5.71	7.38	8.68	27.49	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0}/20} + 10^{\text{Chain1}/20})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-2A, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-2C, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to $30-(8.51-6) = 27.49$ dBm.

802.11ax (HE40) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
54	5270	17.76	17.51	116.067	20.65	21.49	Pass
62	5310	17.74	17.48	115.405	20.62	21.49	Pass
102	5510	17.65	17.42	113.418	20.55	21.49	Pass
110	5550	17.64	17.38	112.778	20.52	21.49	Pass
134	5670	17.63	17.35	112.268	20.50	21.49	Pass
*142 (U-NII-2C)	5710	13.85	13.96	49.155	16.92	21.49	Pass
*142 (U-NII-3)	5710	1.57	1.69	2.911	4.64	27.49	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0}/20} + 10^{\text{Chain1}/20})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-2A, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-2C, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to $30-(8.51-6) = 27.49$ dBm.

802.11ax (HE80) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
58	5290	17.45	17.18	107.83	20.33	21.49	Pass
106	5530	17.03	16.73	97.564	19.89	21.49	Pass
122	5610	17.33	17.11	105.48	20.23	21.49	Pass
*138 (U-NII-2C)	5690	13.98	13.22	45.993	16.63	21.49	Pass
*138 (U-NII-3)	5690	-0.61	-0.67	1.726	2.37	27.49	Pass

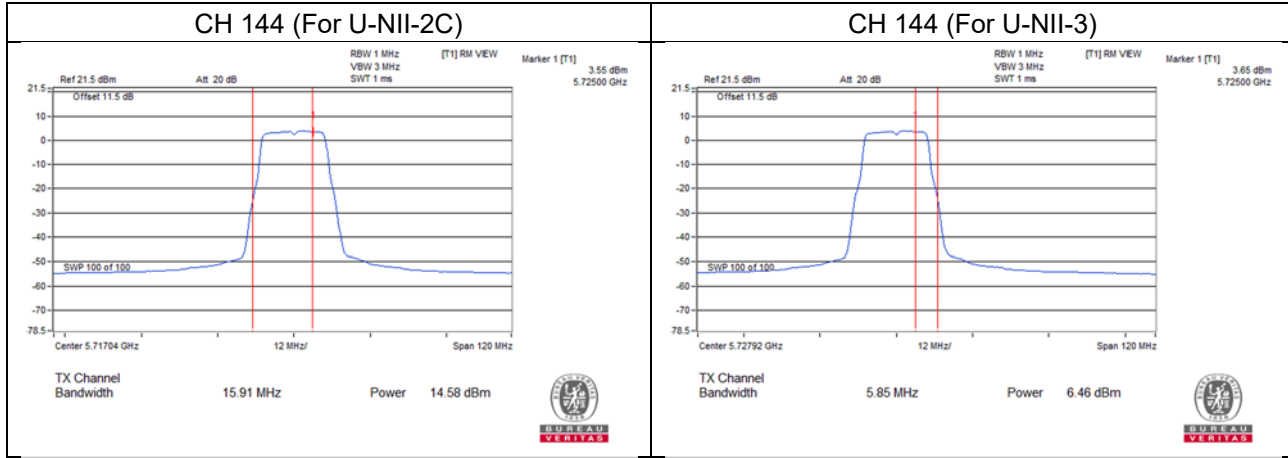
Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0}/20} + 10^{\text{Chain1}/20})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-2A, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-2C, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to [Determined Conducted Power Limit-(8.51-6)].
- For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 8.51 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to $30-(8.51-6) = 27.49$ dBm.

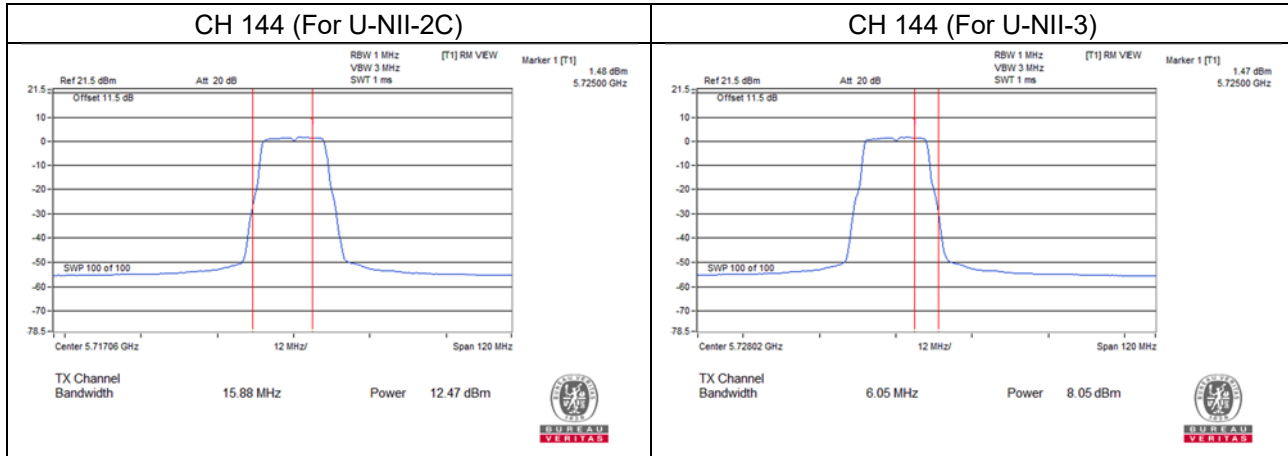
Straddle channel power plots:

802.11a

Chain 0

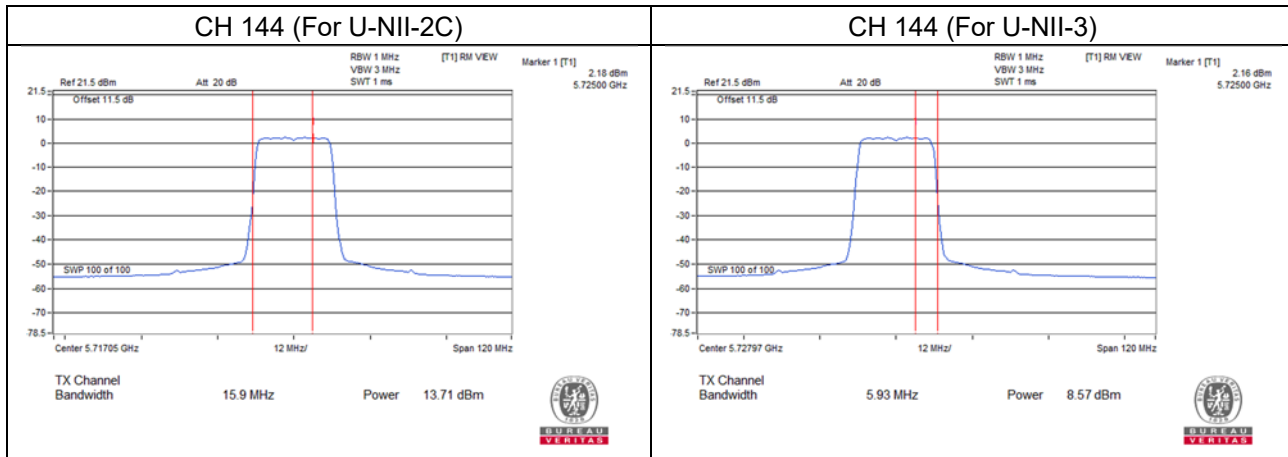


Chain 1

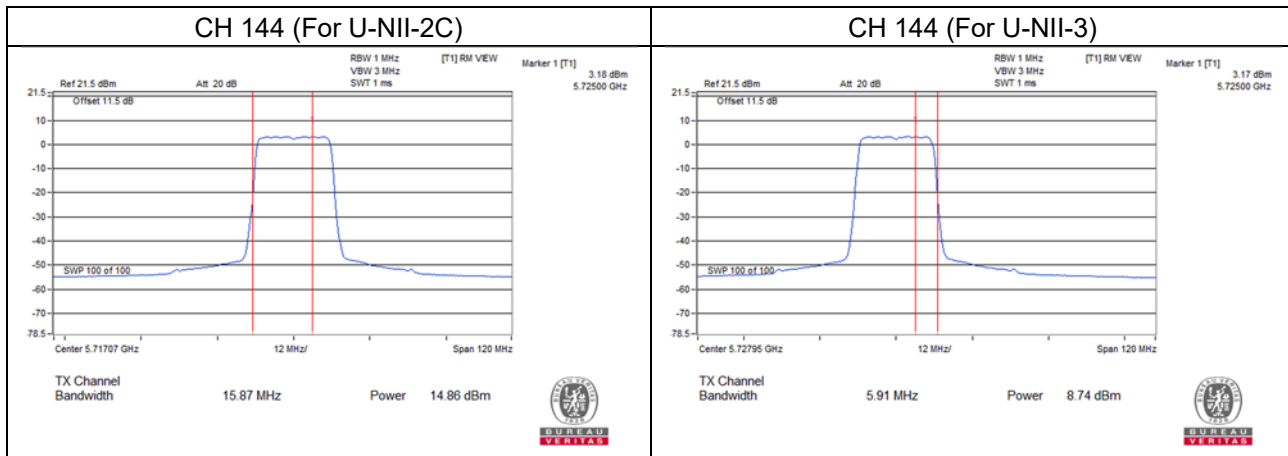


802.11ax (HE20)

Chain 0

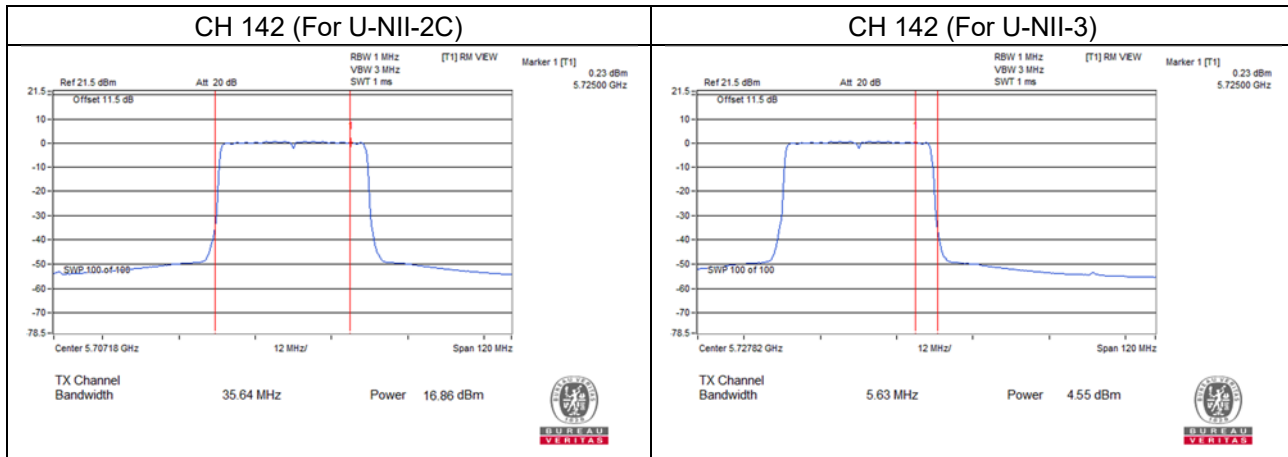


Chain 1

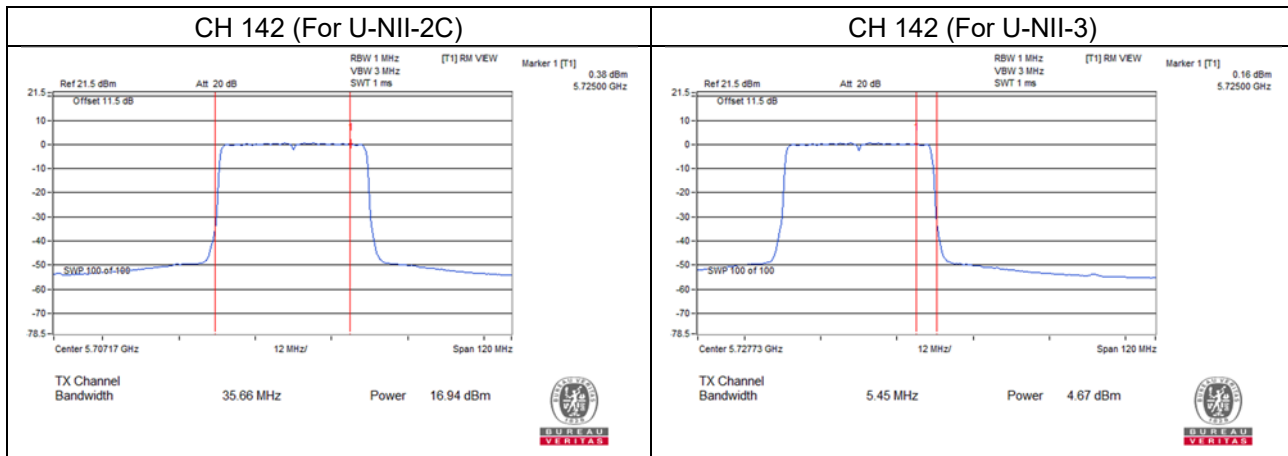


802.11ax (HE40)

Chain 0

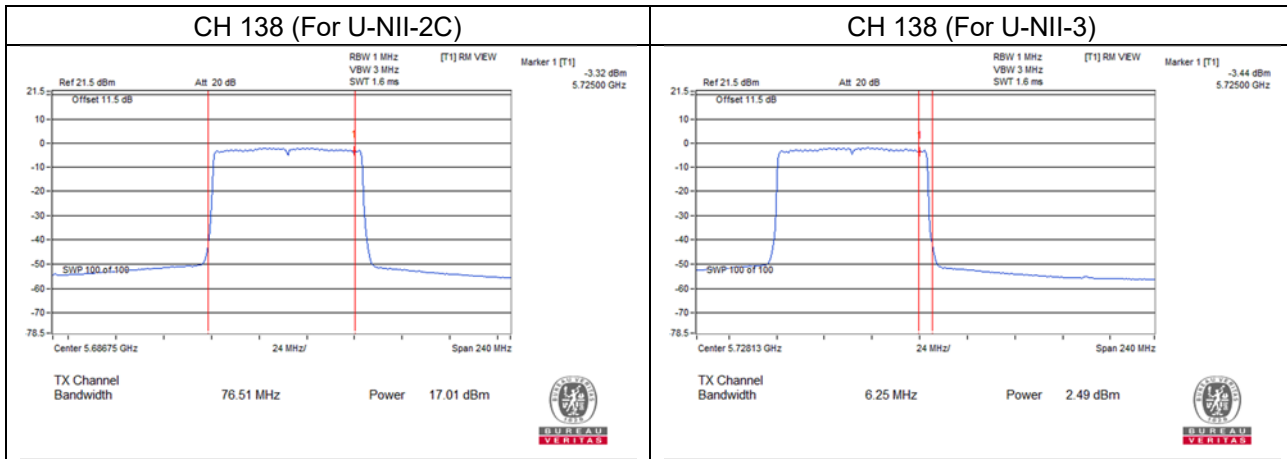


Chain 1

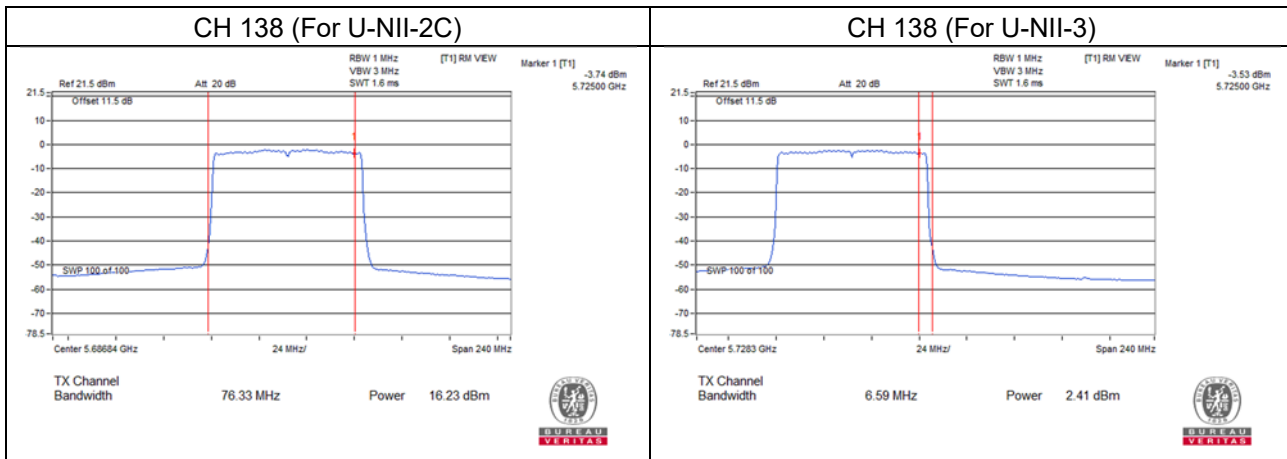


802.11ax (HE80)

Chain 0



Chain 1



Input Power:	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions:	23°C, 63% RH	Tested By:	Tim Chen
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Scanning radio:

802.11a

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (mW)	Average Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
52	5260	55.081	17.41	24	Pass
60	5300	79.983	19.03	24	Pass
64	5320	68.234	18.34	24	Pass
100	5500	61.518	17.89	24	Pass
116	5580	129.122	21.11	24	Pass
140	5700	53.088	17.25	24	Pass
*144 (U-NII-2C)	5720	60.814	17.84	24	Pass
*144 (U-NII-3)	5720	17.989	12.55	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- For U-NII-2A, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11n (HT20)

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (mW)	Average Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
52	5260	54.075	17.33	24	Pass
60	5300	81.470	19.11	24	Pass
64	5320	68.234	18.34	24	Pass
100	5500	59.841	17.77	24	Pass
116	5580	125.026	20.97	24	Pass
140	5700	52.723	17.22	24	Pass
*144 (U-NII-2C)	5720	60.954	17.85	24	Pass
*144 (U-NII-3)	5720	17.022	12.31	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- For U-NII-2A, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11n (HT40)

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (mW)	Average Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
54	5270	59.293	17.73	24	Pass
62	5310	48.753	16.88	24	Pass
102	5510	50.350	17.02	24	Pass
110	5550	90.991	19.59	24	Pass
134	5670	60.954	17.85	24	Pass
*142 (U-NII-2C)	5710	98.401	19.93	24	Pass
*142 (U-NII-3)	5710	9.750	9.89	30	Pass

Notes:

- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- For U-NII-2A, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

802.11ac (VHT80)

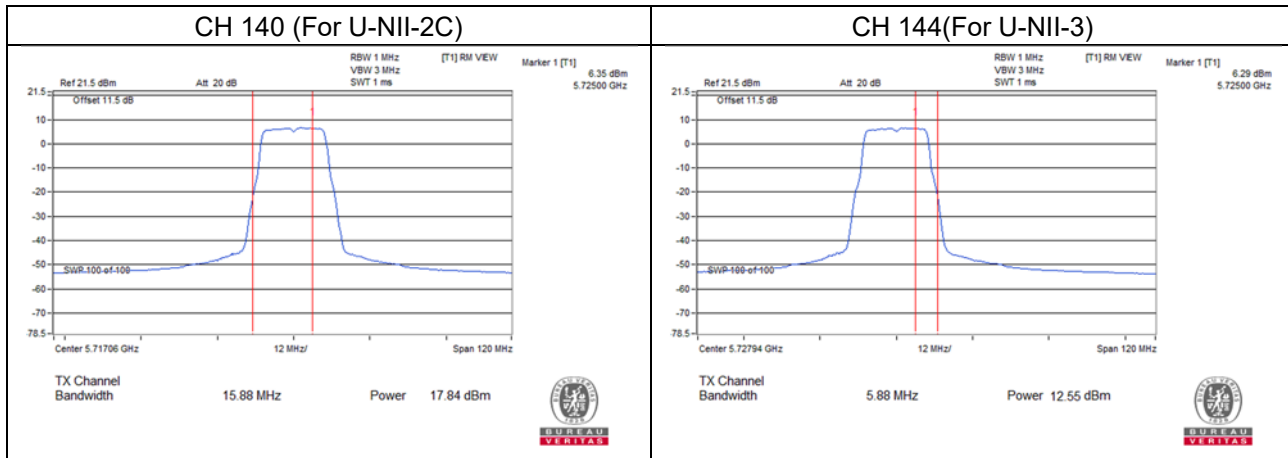
Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (mW)	Average Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
58	5290	4.634	6.66	24	Pass
106	5530	6.266	7.97	24	Pass
122	5610	65.464	18.16	24	Pass
*138 (U-NII-2C)	5690	71.945	18.57	24	Pass
*138 (U-NII-3)	5690	2.985	4.75	30	Pass

Notes:

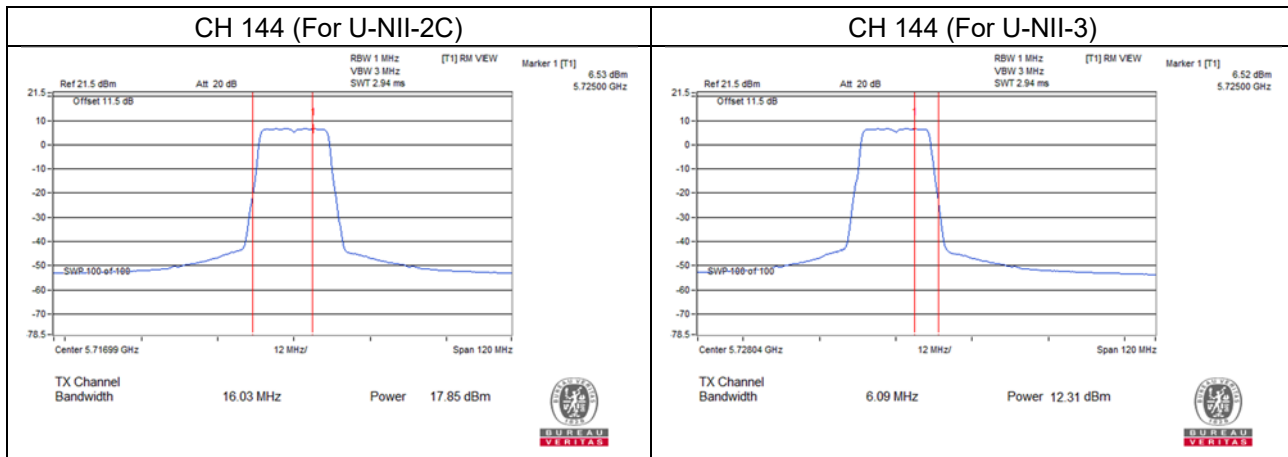
- * : Test was performed in accordance with measurement follow FCC KDB 789033 UNII test procedure Method SA-2 and use spectrum analyzer test , the duty factor was included in the total power.
- For U-NII-2A, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-2C, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
- For U-NII-3, the antenna gain is 5.1 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

Straddle channel power plots:

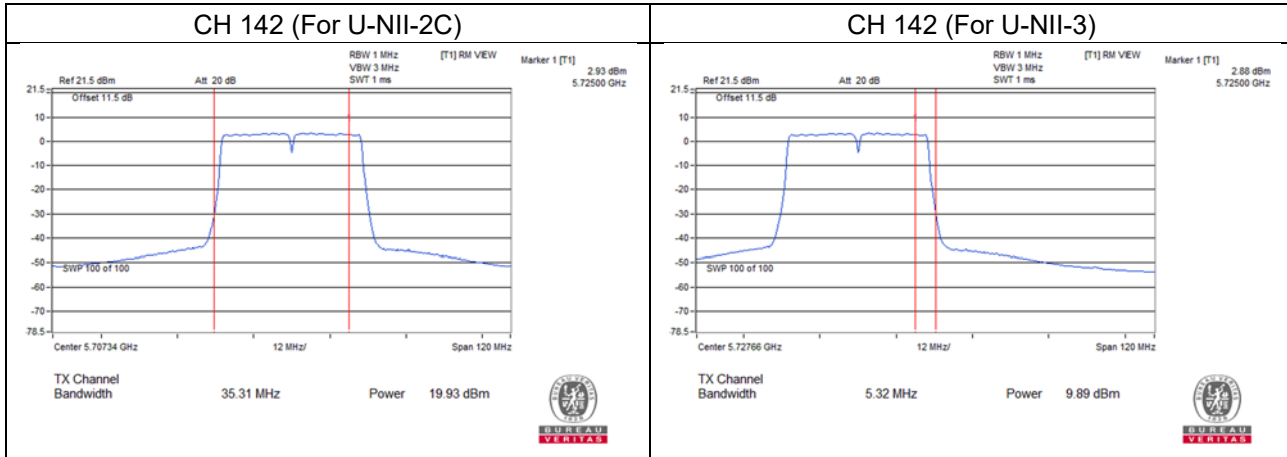
802.11a



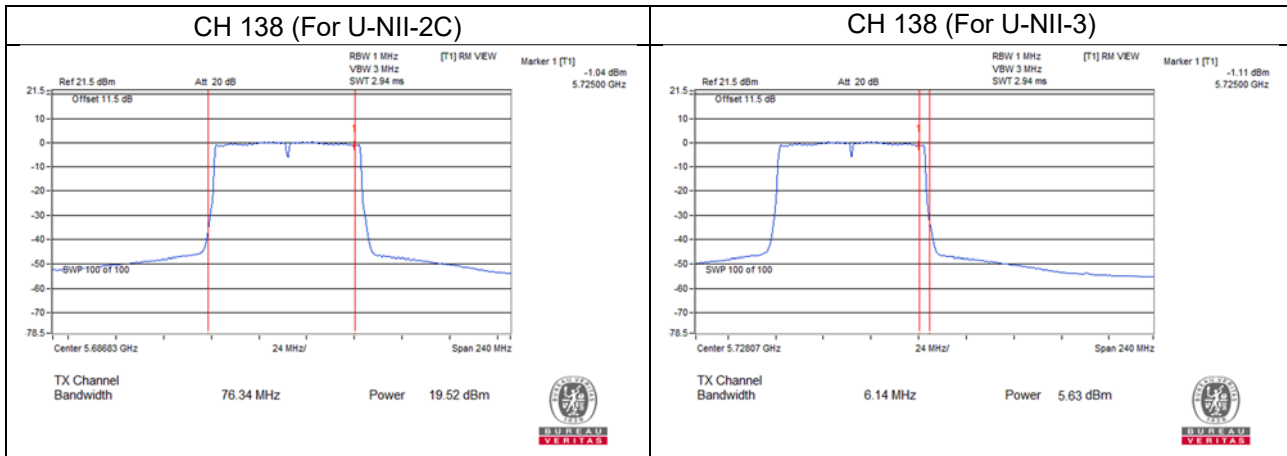
802.11n (HT20)



802.11n (HT40)



802.11ac (VHT80)



7.2 AC Power Conducted Emissions

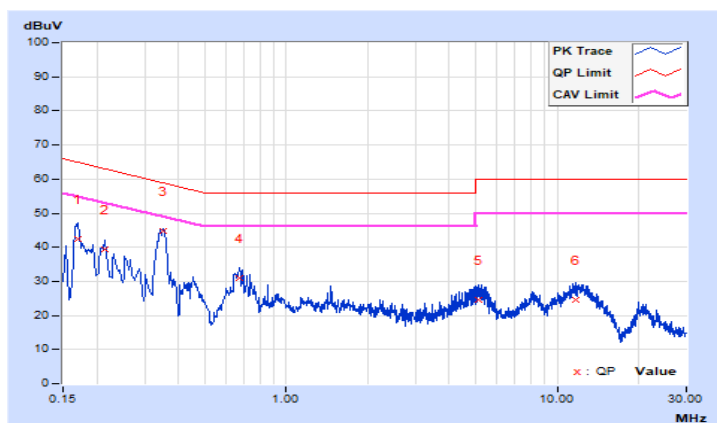
5G traffic radio:

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 62 : 5310 MHz
Frequency Range	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Detector Function & Resolution Bandwidth	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	25°C, 75% RH
Tested By	Rex Wang	Test Mode	A

Phase Of Power : Line (L)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.16977	9.70	32.82	23.60	42.52	33.30	64.97	54.97	-22.45	-21.67
2	0.21400	9.73	29.56	21.57	39.29	31.30	63.05	53.05	-23.76	-21.75
3	0.35000	9.78	34.85	27.88	44.63	37.66	58.96	48.96	-14.33	-11.30
4	0.67400	9.82	21.27	14.78	31.09	24.60	56.00	46.00	-24.91	-21.40
5	5.12200	9.97	14.52	6.39	24.49	16.36	60.00	50.00	-35.51	-33.64
6	11.77400	10.08	14.58	9.01	24.66	19.09	60.00	50.00	-35.34	-30.91

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value

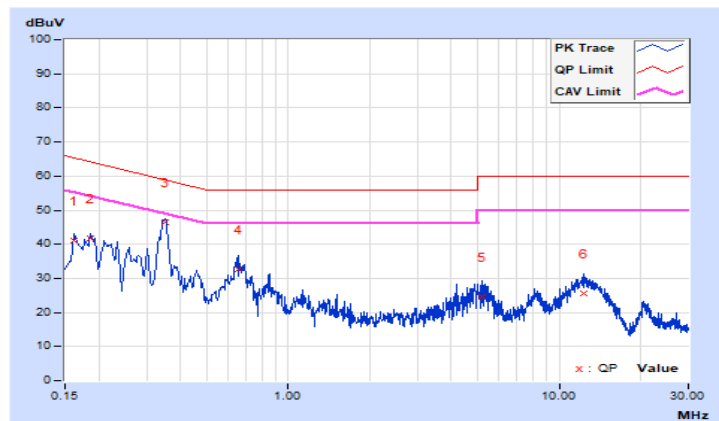


RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 62 : 5310 MHz
Frequency Range	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Detector Function & Resolution Bandwidth	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	25°C, 75% RH
Tested By	Rex Wang	Test Mode	A

Phase Of Power : Neutral (N)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.16200	9.69	31.36	23.03	41.05	32.72	65.36	55.36	-24.31	-22.64
2	0.18600	9.71	31.98	23.01	41.69	32.72	64.21	54.21	-22.52	-21.49
3	0.34944	9.79	36.73	29.76	46.52	39.55	58.98	48.98	-12.46	-9.43
4	0.65800	9.83	22.79	17.19	32.62	27.02	56.00	46.00	-23.38	-18.98
5	5.19000	9.99	14.70	6.04	24.69	16.03	60.00	50.00	-35.31	-33.97
6	12.35000	10.10	15.59	10.19	25.69	20.29	60.00	50.00	-34.31	-29.71

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value

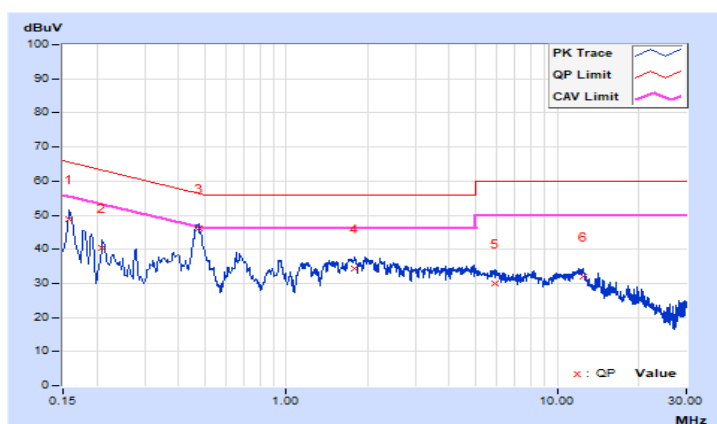


RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 62 : 5310 MHz
Frequency Range	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Detector Function & Resolution Bandwidth	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	21.4°C, 68.1% RH
Tested By	Thomas Cheng	Test Mode	B

Phase Of Power : Line (L)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15800	9.69	39.19	25.25	48.88	34.94	65.57	55.57	-16.69	-20.63
2	0.21000	9.72	30.52	16.51	40.24	26.23	63.21	53.21	-22.97	-26.98
3	0.47400	9.80	36.18	30.87	45.98	40.67	56.44	46.44	-10.46	-5.77
4	1.78600	9.89	24.50	20.40	34.39	30.29	56.00	46.00	-21.61	-15.71
5	5.93000	9.99	19.96	14.43	29.95	24.42	60.00	50.00	-30.05	-25.58
6	12.47800	10.09	21.94	15.21	32.03	25.30	60.00	50.00	-27.97	-24.70

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value

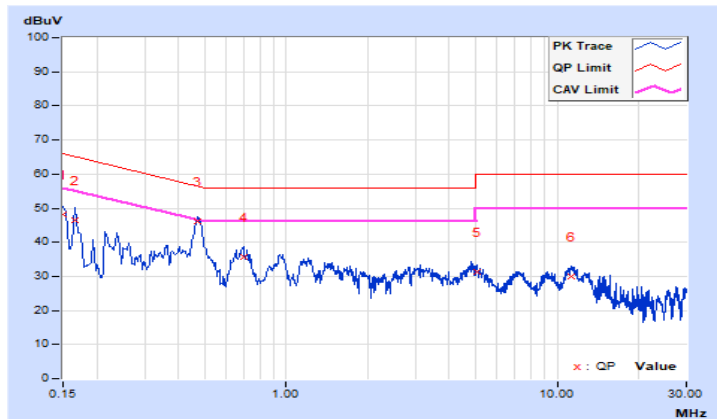


RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 62 : 5310 MHz
Frequency Range	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Detector Function & Resolution Bandwidth	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	21.4°C, 68.1% RH
Tested By	Thomas Cheng	Test Mode	B

Phase Of Power : Neutral (N)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15000	9.68	38.41	25.40	48.09	35.08	66.00	56.00	-17.91	-20.92
2	0.16600	9.69	36.81	22.43	46.50	32.12	65.16	55.16	-18.66	-23.04
3	0.47000	9.82	36.43	31.80	46.25	41.62	56.51	46.51	-10.26	-4.89
4	0.69800	9.83	25.84	21.01	35.67	30.84	56.00	46.00	-20.33	-15.16
5	5.04600	9.99	21.28	13.11	31.27	23.10	60.00	50.00	-28.73	-26.90
6	11.21400	10.08	19.98	13.80	30.06	23.88	60.00	50.00	-29.94	-26.12

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value



Scanning radio:

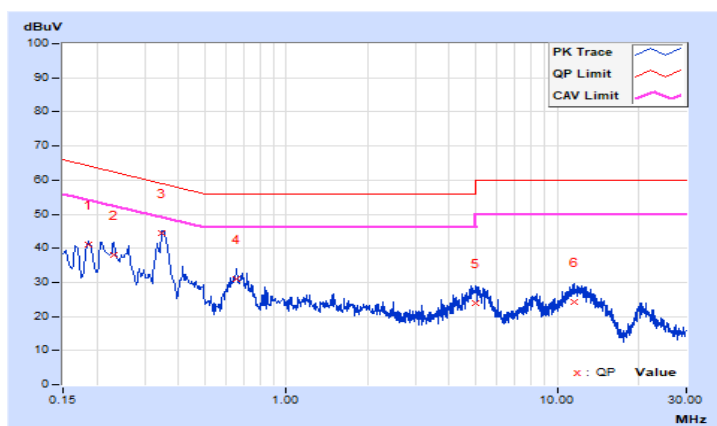
RF Mode	TX 802.11n (HT20)	Channel	CH 60 : 5300 MHz
Frequency Range	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Detector Function & Resolution Bandwidth	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	25°C, 75% RH
Tested By	Rex Wang	Test Mode	A

Phase Of Power : Line (L)

No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.18600	9.71	31.30	22.86	41.01	32.57	64.21	54.21	-23.20	-21.64
2	0.22985	9.73	28.31	19.89	38.04	29.62	62.46	52.46	-24.42	-22.84
3	0.34600	9.78	34.66	27.42	44.44	37.20	59.06	49.06	-14.62	-11.86
4	0.65800	9.82	21.21	15.81	31.03	25.63	56.00	46.00	-24.97	-20.37
5	4.98200	9.97	13.90	6.28	23.87	16.25	56.00	46.00	-32.13	-29.75
6	11.51000	10.08	14.33	8.60	24.41	18.68	60.00	50.00	-35.59	-31.32

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value

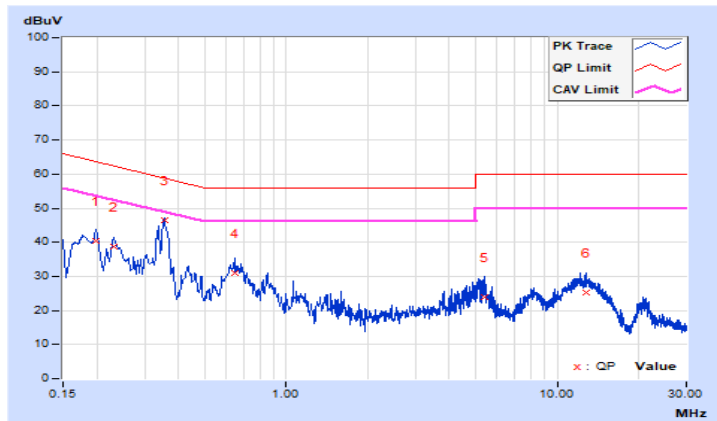


RF Mode	TX 802.11n (HT20)	Channel	CH 60 : 5300 MHz
Frequency Range	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Detector Function & Resolution Bandwidth	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	25°C, 75% RH
Tested By	Rex Wang	Test Mode	A

Phase Of Power : Neutral (N)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.19800	9.72	30.65	21.03	40.37	30.75	63.69	53.69	-23.32	-22.94
2	0.23000	9.73	28.96	20.56	38.69	30.29	62.45	52.45	-23.76	-22.16
3	0.35400	9.79	36.76	31.14	46.55	40.93	58.87	48.87	-12.32	-7.94
4	0.65000	9.83	21.14	15.49	30.97	25.32	56.00	46.00	-25.03	-20.68
5	5.38600	9.99	13.90	5.44	23.89	15.43	60.00	50.00	-36.11	-34.57
6	12.77000	10.10	15.11	9.88	25.21	19.98	60.00	50.00	-34.79	-30.02

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value

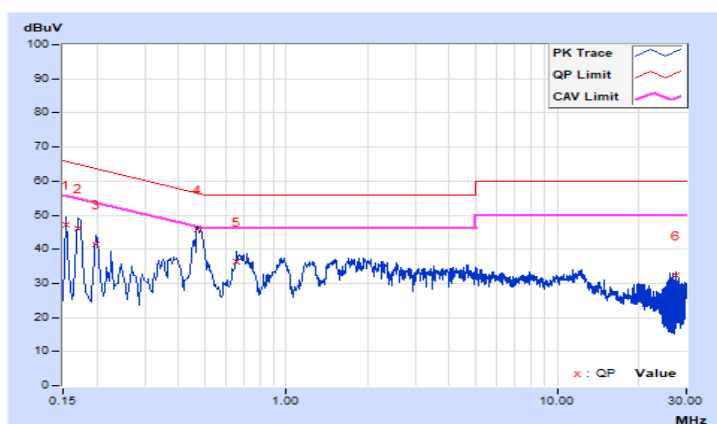


RF Mode	TX 802.11n (HT20)	Channel	CH 60 : 5300 MHz
Frequency Range	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Detector Function & Resolution Bandwidth	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	25°C, 75% RH
Tested By	Rex Wang	Test Mode	B

Phase Of Power : Line (L)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15400	9.62	37.64	25.83	47.26	35.45	65.78	55.78	-18.52	-20.33
2	0.17000	9.63	36.42	21.43	46.05	31.06	64.96	54.96	-18.91	-23.90
3	0.19800	9.64	31.88	16.85	41.52	26.49	63.69	53.69	-22.17	-27.20
4	0.46814	9.69	36.18	31.63	45.87	41.32	56.55	46.55	-10.68	-5.23
5	0.65763	9.69	26.82	21.62	36.51	31.31	56.00	46.00	-19.49	-14.69
6	27.54600	9.88	22.49	21.61	32.37	31.49	60.00	50.00	-27.63	-18.51

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value

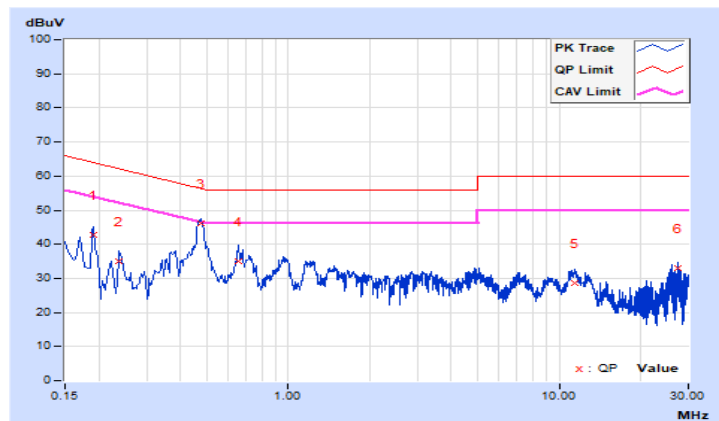


RF Mode	TX 802.11n (HT20)	Channel	CH 60 : 5300 MHz
Frequency Range	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Detector Function & Resolution Bandwidth	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	25°C, 75% RH
Tested By	Rex Wang	Test Mode	B

Phase Of Power : Neutral (N)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.19000	9.64	33.21	18.42	42.85	28.06	64.04	54.04	-21.19	-25.98
2	0.23800	9.65	25.22	14.02	34.87	23.67	62.17	52.17	-27.30	-28.50
3	0.47400	9.69	36.49	31.19	46.18	40.88	56.44	46.44	-10.26	-5.56
4	0.65400	9.69	25.43	20.30	35.12	29.99	56.00	46.00	-20.88	-16.01
5	11.46600	9.82	18.69	13.47	28.51	23.29	60.00	50.00	-31.49	-26.71
6	27.54600	9.87	22.99	20.75	32.86	30.62	60.00	50.00	-27.14	-19.38

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value



7.3 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

5G traffic radio:

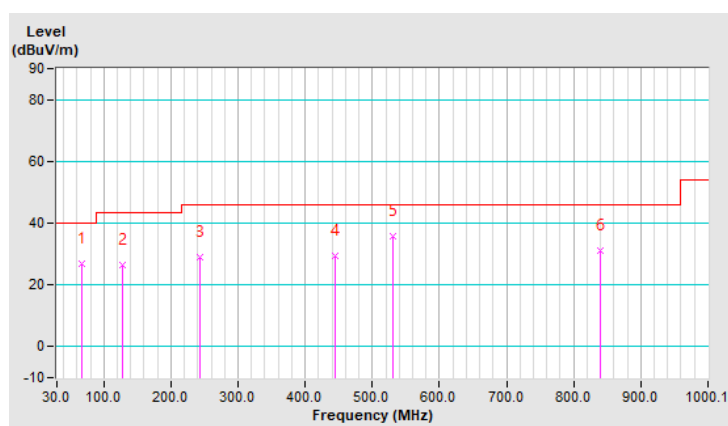
RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 62 : 5310 MHz
Frequency Range	9 kHz ~ 1 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(QP) RB = 120kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	21°C, 68% RH
Tested By	Thomas Cheng	Test Mode	A

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	66.86	26.8 QP	40.0	-13.2	2.36 H	153	41.0	-14.2
2	127.98	26.3 QP	43.5	-17.2	1.53 H	251	39.9	-13.6
3	243.42	28.9 QP	46.0	-17.1	2.97 H	31	43.5	-14.6
4	444.23	29.2 QP	46.0	-16.8	3.56 H	115	36.7	-7.5
5	531.54	35.6 QP	46.0	-10.4	1.89 H	127	41.1	-5.5
6	840.03	31.2 QP	46.0	-14.8	1.42 H	241	30.1	1.1

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.



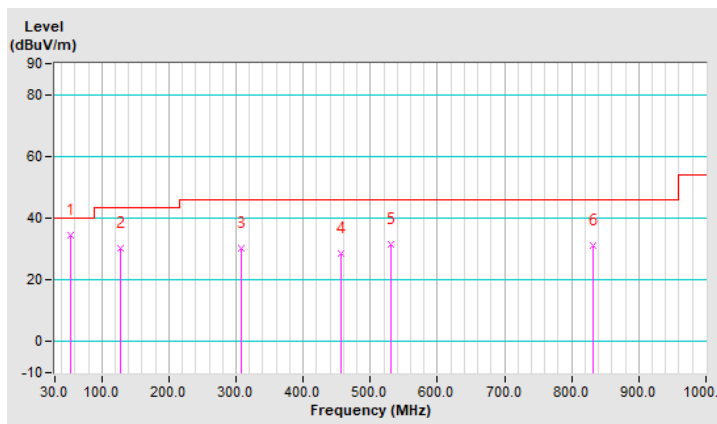


RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 62 : 5310 MHz
Frequency Range	9 kHz ~ 1 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(QP) RB = 120kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	21°C, 68% RH
Tested By	Thomas Cheng	Test Mode	A

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	53.28	34.5 QP	40.0	-5.5	1.01 V	339	47.2	-12.7
2	127.98	30.4 QP	43.5	-13.1	2.85 V	113	44.0	-13.6
3	308.42	30.1 QP	46.0	-15.9	1.14 V	1	41.8	-11.7
4	455.87	28.7 QP	46.0	-17.3	3.49 V	234	35.9	-7.2
5	531.54	31.4 QP	46.0	-14.6	3.10 V	164	36.9	-5.5
6	831.30	31.3 QP	46.0	-14.7	2.13 V	69	30.3	1.0

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.

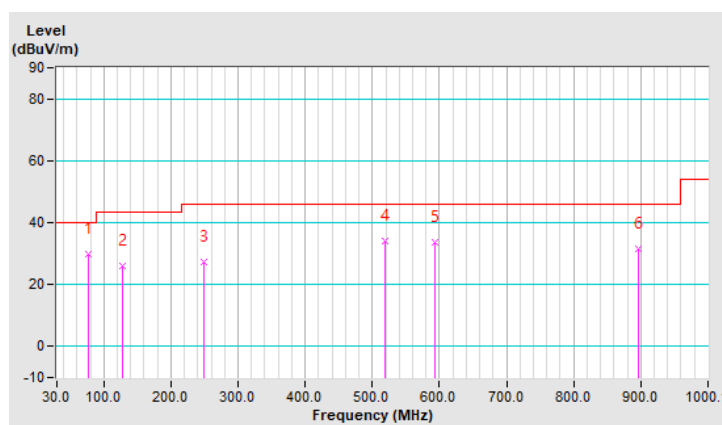


RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 62 : 5310 MHz
Frequency Range	9 kHz ~ 1 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(QP) RB = 120kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	21°C, 68% RH
Tested By	Thomas Cheng	Test Mode	B

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	77.53	29.9 QP	40.0	-10.1	2.02 H	41	46.9	-17.0
2	127.98	26.2 QP	43.5	-17.3	2.46 H	354	39.8	-13.6
3	249.24	27.4 QP	46.0	-18.6	1.07 H	136	41.9	-14.5
4	518.93	33.9 QP	46.0	-12.1	3.17 H	204	39.6	-5.7
5	593.63	33.6 QP	46.0	-12.4	3.46 H	99	37.2	-3.6
6	897.27	31.6 QP	46.0	-14.4	2.27 H	343	30.1	1.5

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.

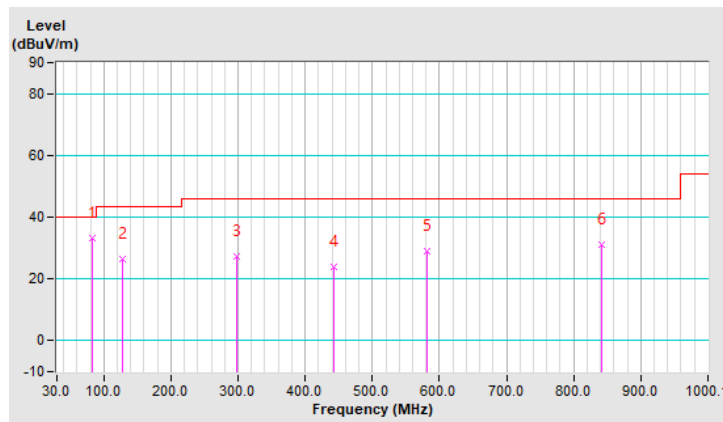


RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 62 : 5310 MHz
Frequency Range	9 kHz ~ 1 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(QP) RB = 120kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	21°C, 68% RH
Tested By	Thomas Cheng	Test Mode	B

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBUV/m)	Limit (dBUV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBUV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	82.39	33.1 QP	40.0	-6.9	1.53 V	344	51.2	-18.1
2	127.98	26.3 QP	43.5	-17.2	1.22 V	202	39.9	-13.6
3	298.72	27.2 QP	46.0	-18.8	2.23 V	67	39.4	-12.2
4	443.26	23.8 QP	46.0	-22.2	1.42 V	185	31.3	-7.5
5	581.02	29.1 QP	46.0	-16.9	2.20 V	15	33.3	-4.2
6	841.00	31.2 QP	46.0	-14.8	1.76 V	160	30.1	1.1

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBUV/m) = Raw Value(dBUV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.



Scanning radio:

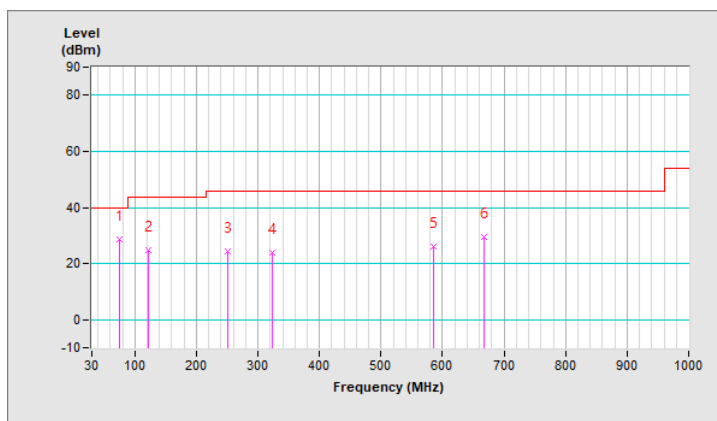
RF Mode	TX 802.11n (HT20)	Channel	CH 60 : 5300 MHz
Frequency Range	9 kHz ~ 1 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(QP) RB = 120kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	23°C, 67% RH
Tested By	Adair Peng	Test Mode	A

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	75.59	28.5 QP	40.0	-11.5	1.00 H	264	40.8	-12.3
2	121.19	24.8 QP	43.5	-18.7	1.50 H	314	35.8	-11.0
3	250.21	24.5 QP	46.0	-21.5	1.50 H	24	33.3	-8.8
4	322.97	24.1 QP	46.0	-21.9	2.00 H	111	30.3	-6.2
5	585.87	26.0 QP	46.0	-20.0	2.00 H	135	26.5	-0.5
6	668.33	29.3 QP	46.0	-16.7	1.00 H	334	28.7	0.6

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.

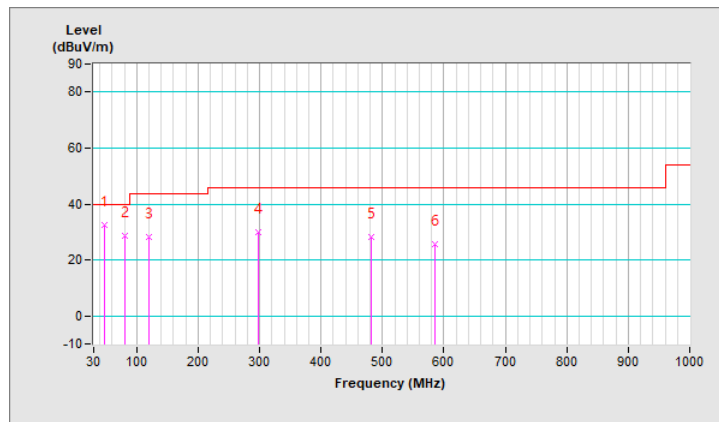


RF Mode	TX 802.11n (HT20)	Channel	CH 60 : 5300 MHz
Frequency Range	9 kHz ~ 1 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(QP) RB = 120kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	23°C, 67% RH
Tested By	Adair Peng	Test Mode	A

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	48.43	32.5 QP	40.0	-7.5	1.50 V	214	41.3	-8.8
2	80.45	28.5 QP	40.0	-11.5	1.50 V	239	42.0	-13.5
3	119.25	28.3 QP	43.5	-15.2	2.00 V	111	39.5	-11.2
4	297.75	30.0 QP	46.0	-16.0	1.50 V	28	36.8	-6.8
5	481.10	28.4 QP	46.0	-17.6	1.50 V	349	31.2	-2.8
6	584.90	25.6 QP	46.0	-20.4	2.00 V	119	26.1	-0.5

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.

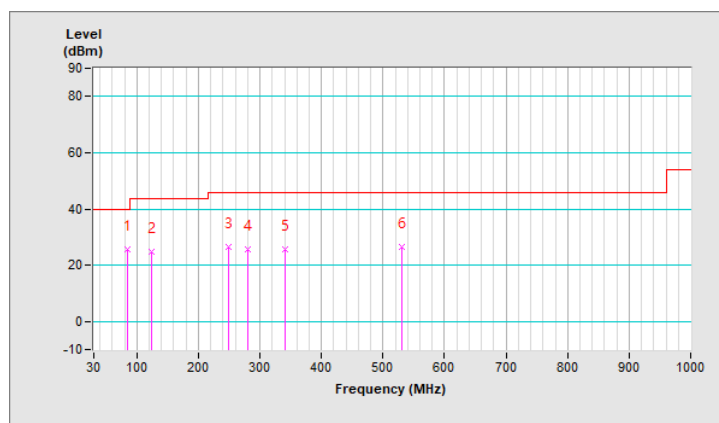


RF Mode	TX 802.11n (HT20)	Channel	CH 60 : 5300 MHz
Frequency Range	9 kHz ~ 1 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(QP) RB = 120kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	23°C, 67% RH
Tested By	Adair Peng	Test Mode	B

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	85.30	25.6 QP	40.0	-14.4	1.00 H	119	39.9	-14.3
2	124.10	24.8 QP	43.5	-18.7	1.00 H	238	35.7	-10.9
3	249.24	26.5 QP	46.0	-19.5	2.00 H	179	35.4	-8.9
4	280.29	25.8 QP	46.0	-20.2	1.50 H	343	33.1	-7.3
5	340.43	25.8 QP	46.0	-20.2	1.00 H	269	31.8	-6.0
6	531.54	26.6 QP	46.0	-19.4	1.00 H	41	28.4	-1.8

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.

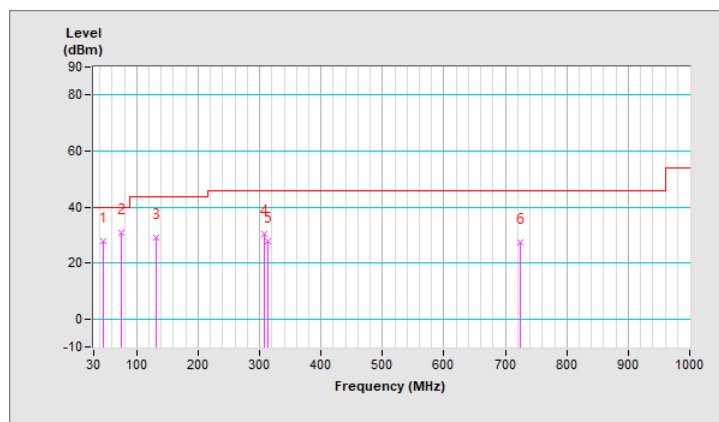


RF Mode	TX 802.11n (HT20)	Channel	CH 60 : 5300 MHz
Frequency Range	9 kHz ~ 1 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(QP) RB = 120kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	23°C, 67% RH
Tested By	Adair Peng	Test Mode	B

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBUV/m)	Limit (dBUV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBUV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	46.49	27.6 QP	40.0	-12.4	2.00 V	243	36.5	-8.9
2	75.59	30.7 QP	40.0	-9.3	1.50 V	229	43.0	-12.3
3	130.89	28.9 QP	43.5	-14.6	1.50 V	343	38.9	-10.0
4	307.45	30.4 QP	46.0	-15.6	2.00 V	116	36.9	-6.5
5	314.24	27.6 QP	46.0	-18.4	1.50 V	159	33.9	-6.3
6	724.59	27.4 QP	46.0	-18.6	1.50 V	66	25.8	1.6

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBUV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.



7.4 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

5G traffic radio:

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 62 : 5310 MHz
Frequency Range	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 1 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	23°C, 67% RH
Tested By	Adair Peng		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5310.00	112.3 PK			2.89 H	1	73.0	39.3
2	*5310.00	99.6 AV			2.89 H	1	60.3	39.3
3	5350.00	58.1 PK	74.0	-15.9	2.74 H	358	52.8	5.3
4	5350.00	44.1 AV	54.0	-9.9	2.74 H	358	38.8	5.3
5	10620.00	55.6 PK	74.0	-18.4	2.58 H	331	37.7	17.9
6	10620.00	41.9 AV	54.0	-12.1	2.58 H	331	24.0	17.9

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5310.00	105.4 PK			1.65 V	22	66.1	39.3
2	*5310.00	92.5 AV			1.65 V	22	53.2	39.3
3	5350.00	56.7 PK	74.0	-17.3	1.55 V	2	51.4	5.3
4	5350.00	43.3 AV	54.0	-10.7	1.55 V	2	38.0	5.3
5	10620.00	55.1 PK	74.0	-18.9	2.13 V	59	37.2	17.9
6	10620.00	41.8 AV	54.0	-12.2	2.13 V	59	23.9	17.9

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " * " : Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 134 : 5670 MHz
Frequency Range	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 1 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	23°C, 67% RH
Tested By	Adair Peng		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5670.00	114.7 PK			2.15 H	295	74.6	40.1
2	*5670.00	101.3 AV			2.15 H	295	61.2	40.1
3	#5725.00	58.8 PK	68.2	-9.4	2.45 H	323	52.8	6.0
4	11340.00	58.1 PK	74.0	-15.9	2.88 H	338	40.0	18.1
5	11340.00	44.6 AV	54.0	-9.4	2.88 H	338	26.5	18.1

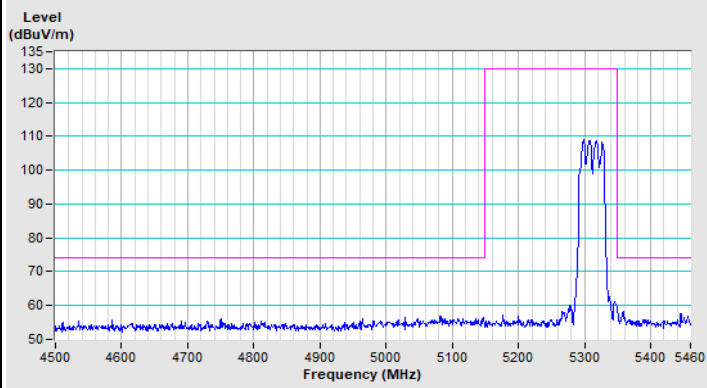
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5670.00	107.5 PK			1.71 V	28	67.4	40.1
2	*5670.00	95.4 AV			1.71 V	28	55.3	40.1
3	#5725.00	58.0 PK	68.2	-10.2	1.95 V	11	52.0	6.0
4	11340.00	57.9 PK	74.0	-16.1	2.25 V	47	39.8	18.1
5	11340.00	44.4 AV	54.0	-9.6	2.25 V	47	26.3	18.1

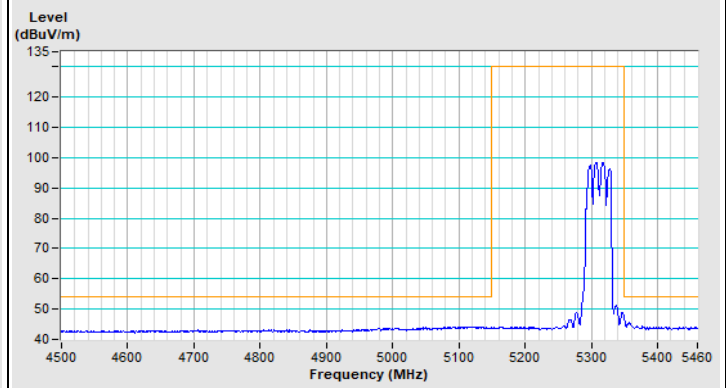
Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " * " : Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # " : The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

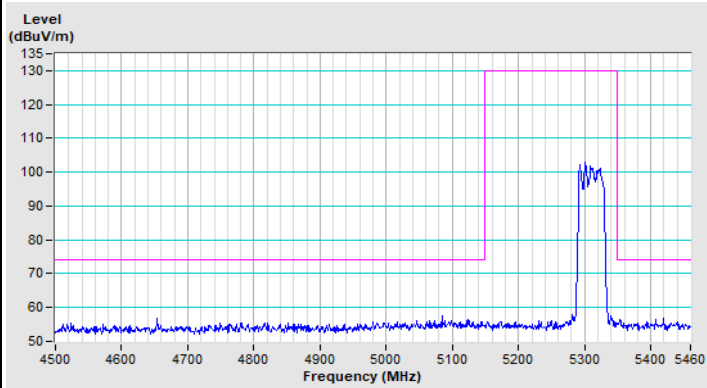
802.11ax (HE40) Channel 62



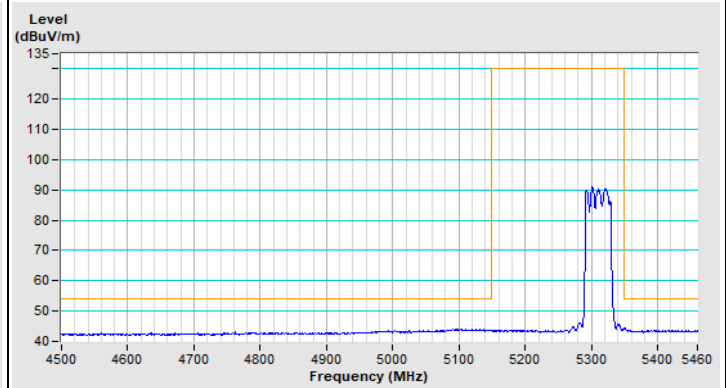
Horizontal (Peak)



Horizontal (Average)

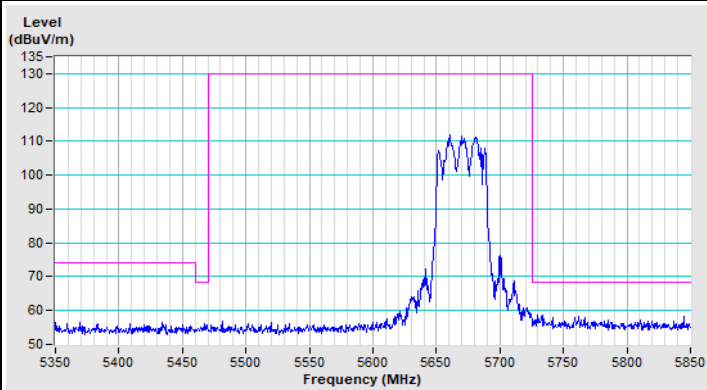


Vertical (Peak)

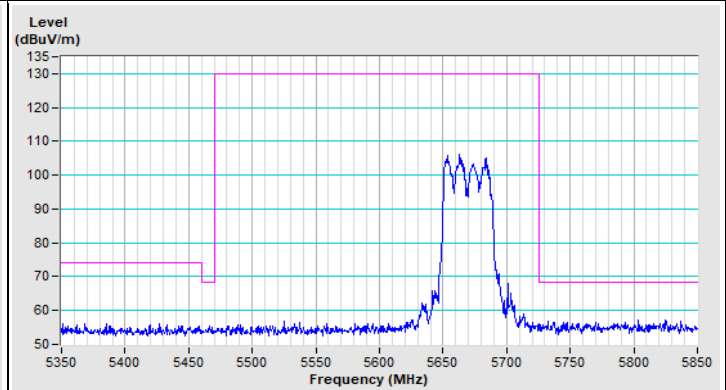


Vertical (Average)

802.11ax (HE40) Channel 134



Horizontal (Peak)



Vertical (Peak)

Scanning radio:

RF Mode	TX 802.11n (HT20)	Channel	CH 60 : 5300 MHz
Frequency Range	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 1 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	23°C, 67% RH
Tested By	Adair Peng		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5300.00	110.6 PK			2.08 H	55	71.3	39.3
2	*5300.00	100.9 AV			2.08 H	55	61.6	39.3
3	5350.00	58.8 PK	74.0	-15.2	1.92 H	40	53.5	5.3
4	5350.00	45.3 AV	54.0	-8.7	1.92 H	40	40.0	5.3
5	10600.00	57.9 PK	74.0	-16.1	2.87 H	255	40.2	17.7
6	10600.00	44.1 AV	54.0	-9.9	2.87 H	255	26.4	17.7

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5300.00	116.0 PK			1.63 V	350	76.7	39.3
2	*5300.00	105.9 AV			1.63 V	350	66.6	39.3
3	5350.00	61.9 PK	74.0	-12.1	1.51 V	330	56.6	5.3
4	5350.00	48.3 AV	54.0	-5.7	1.51 V	330	43.0	5.3
5	10600.00	58.0 PK	74.0	-16.0	3.15 V	199	40.3	17.7
6	10600.00	44.2 AV	54.0	-9.8	3.15 V	199	26.5	17.7

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " * " : Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.



RF Mode	TX 802.11n (HT20)	Channel	CH 116 : 5580 MHz
Frequency Range	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 1 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	23°C, 67% RH
Tested By	Adair Peng		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5580.00	114.5 PK			2.11 H	66	74.5	40.0
2	*5580.00	103.8 AV			2.11 H	66	63.8	40.0
3	11160.00	62.5 PK	74.0	-11.5	2.93 H	267	45.1	17.4
4	11160.00	49.0 AV	54.0	-5.0	2.93 H	267	31.6	17.4

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m

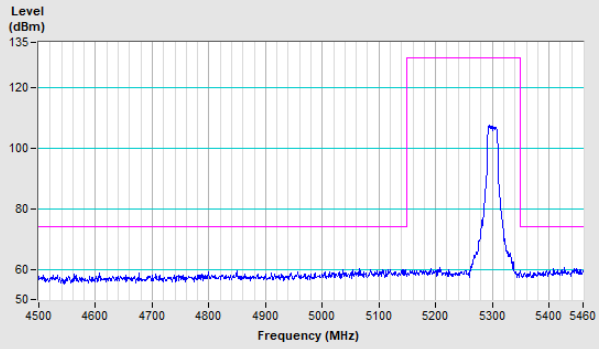
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5580.00	119.6 PK			1.75 V	355	79.6	40.0
2	*5580.00	108.9 AV			1.75 V	355	68.9	40.0
3	11160.00	59.7 PK	74.0	-14.3	3.33 V	205	42.3	17.4
4	11160.00	46.1 AV	54.0	-7.9	3.33 V	205	28.7	17.4

Remarks:

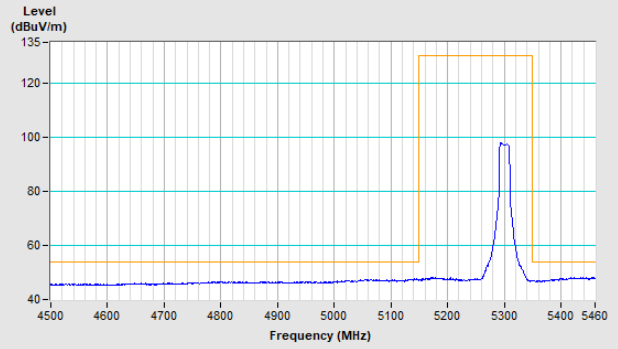
1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " * " : Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.

802.11n (HT20) Channel 60

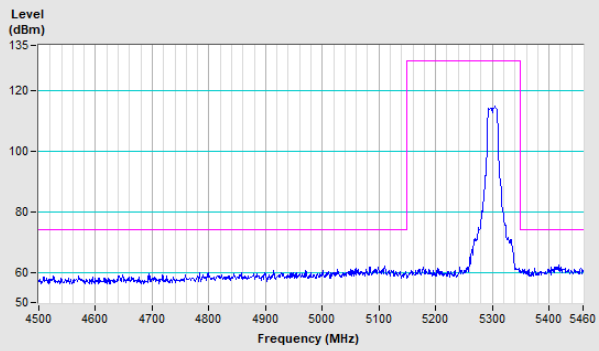
Horizontal (Peak)



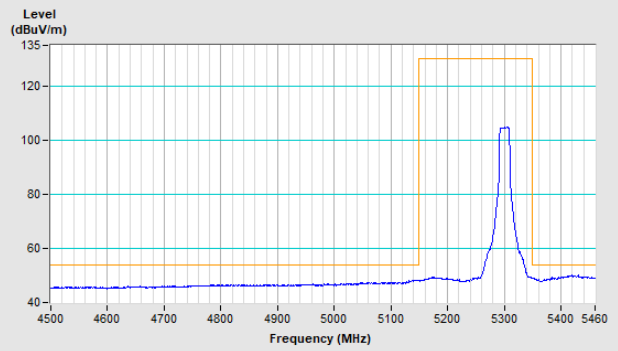
Horizontal (Average)



Vertical (Peak)



Vertical (Average)



8 Pictures of Test Arrangements

Please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo)

9 Information of the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are FCC recognized accredited test firms and accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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Email: service.adt@bureauveritas.com

Web Site: <http://ee.bureauveritas.com.tw>

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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