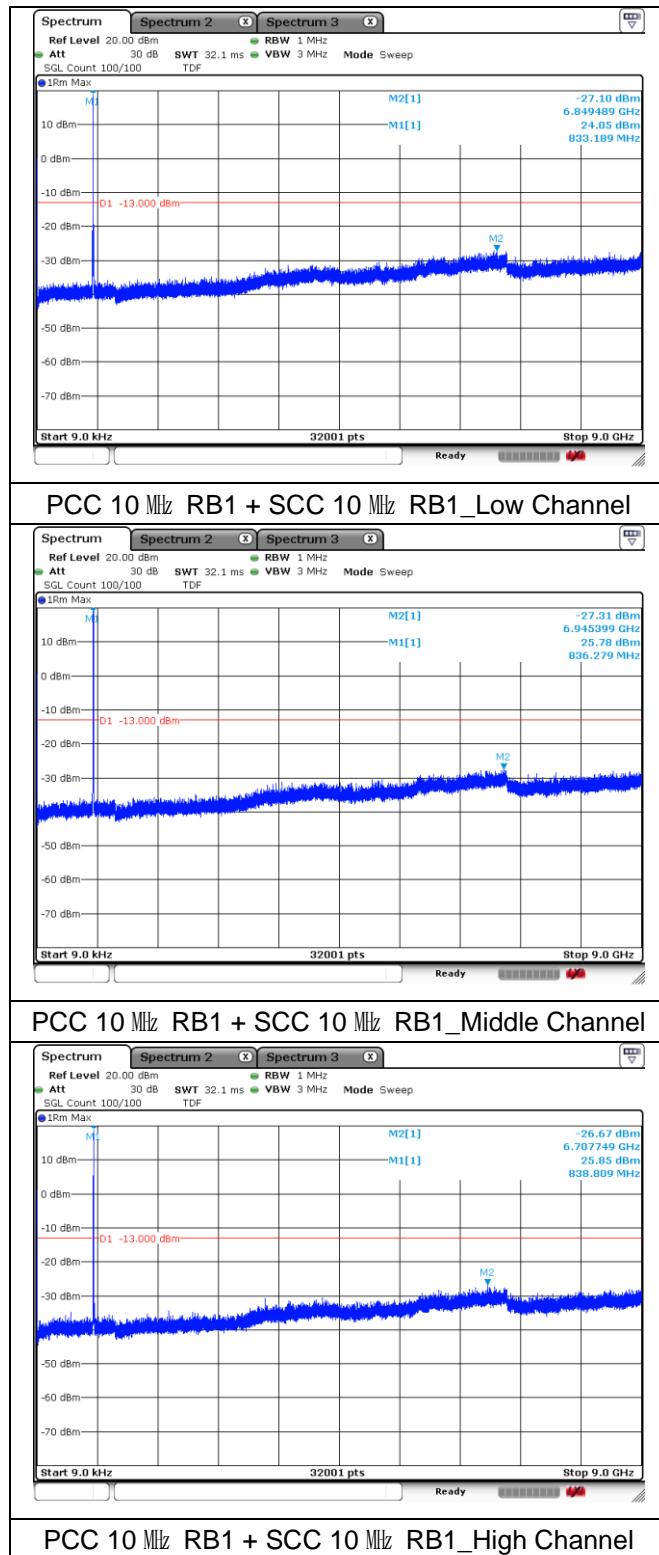
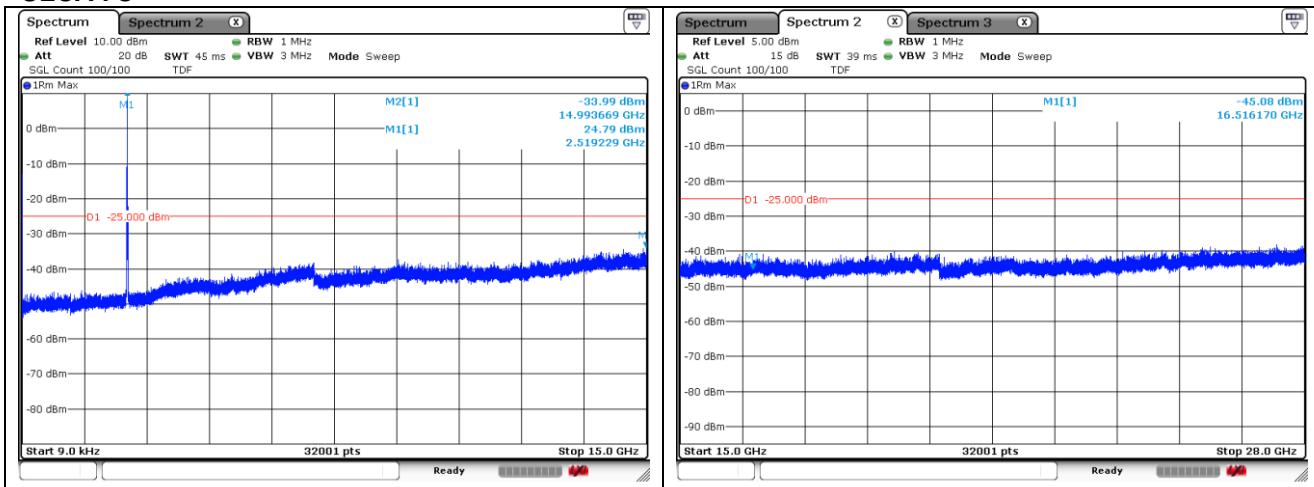
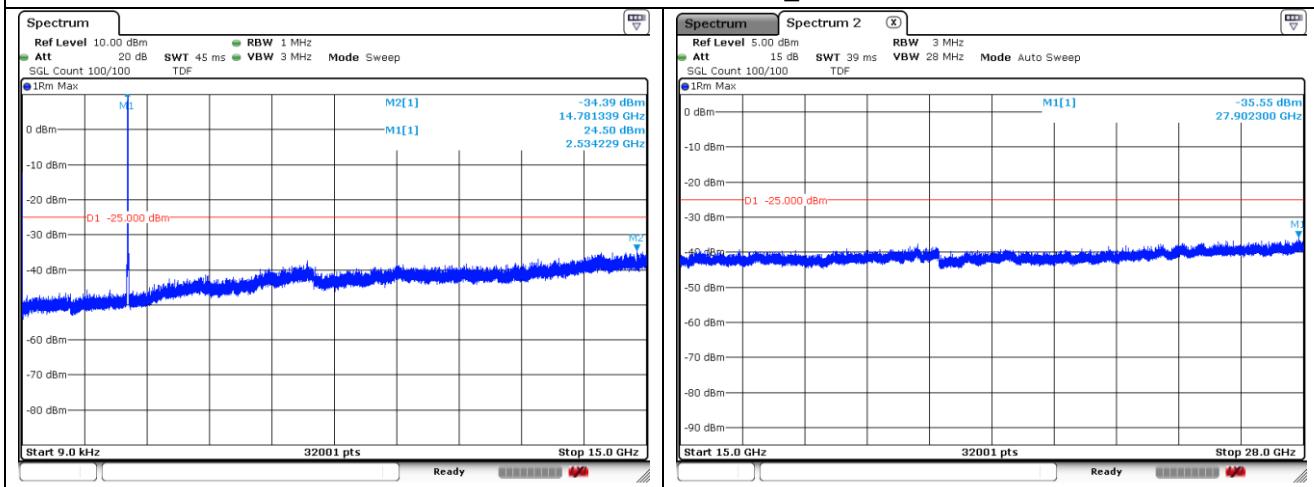
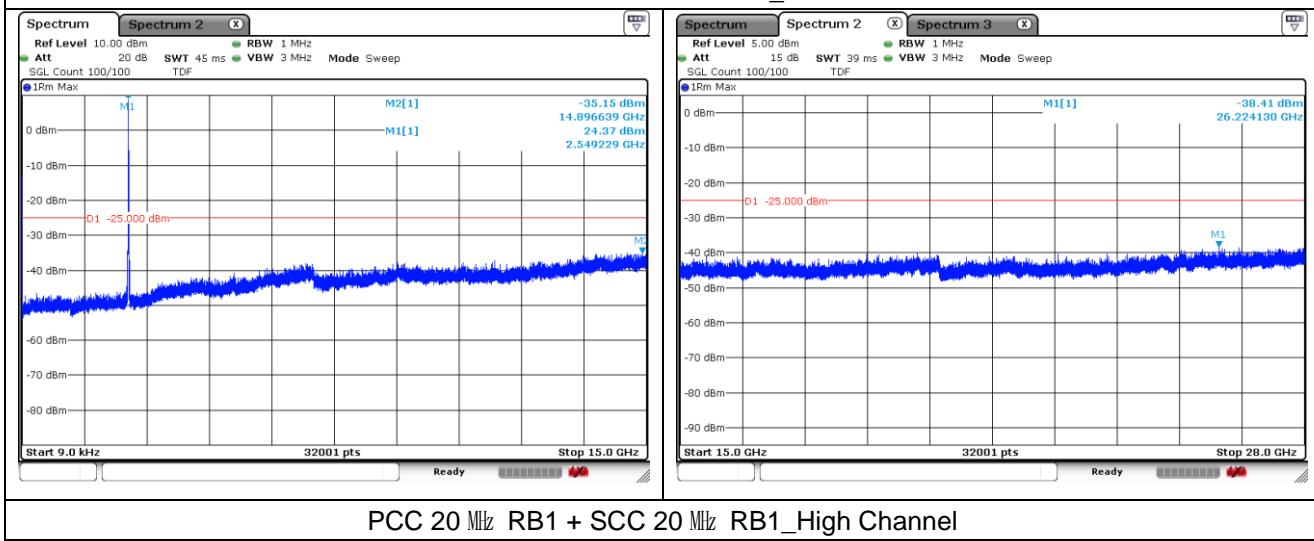


### 6.3. Test Results

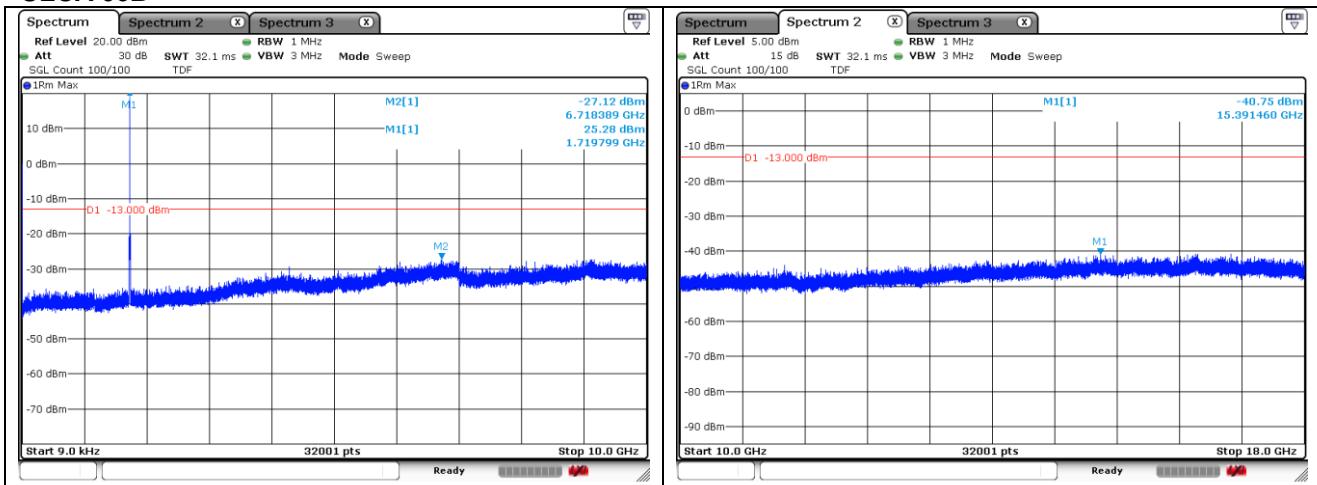
Ambient temperature :  $(23 \pm 1)^\circ\text{C}$   
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

#### - Test plots ULCA 5B

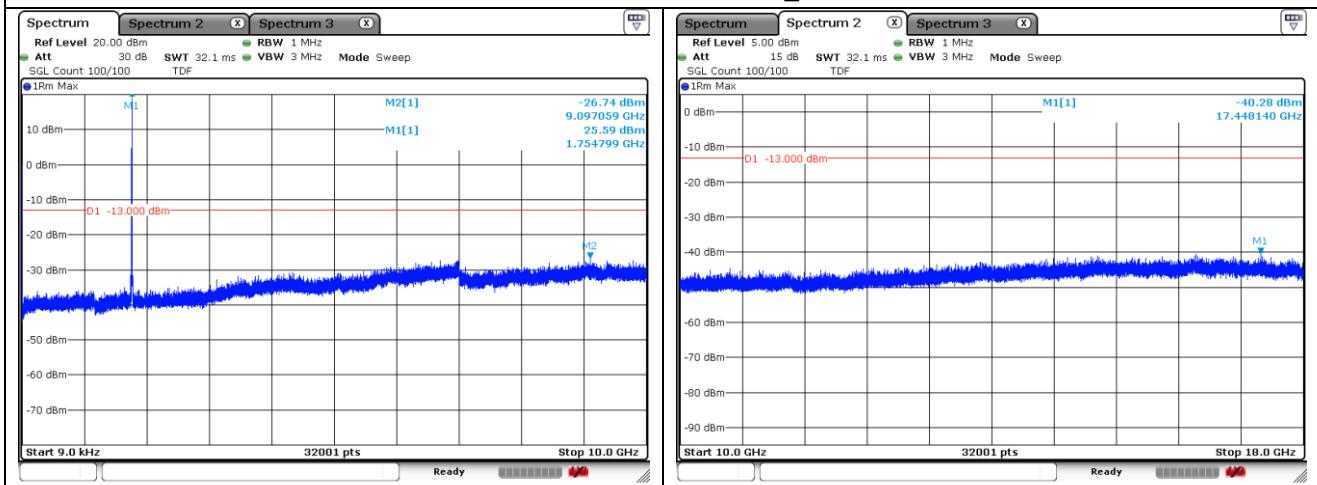


**ULCA 7C**

**PCC 20 MHz RB1 + SCC 20 MHz RB1\_Low Channel**

**PCC 20 MHz RB1 + SCC 20 MHz RB1\_Middle Channel**

**PCC 20 MHz RB1 + SCC 20 MHz RB1\_High Channel**

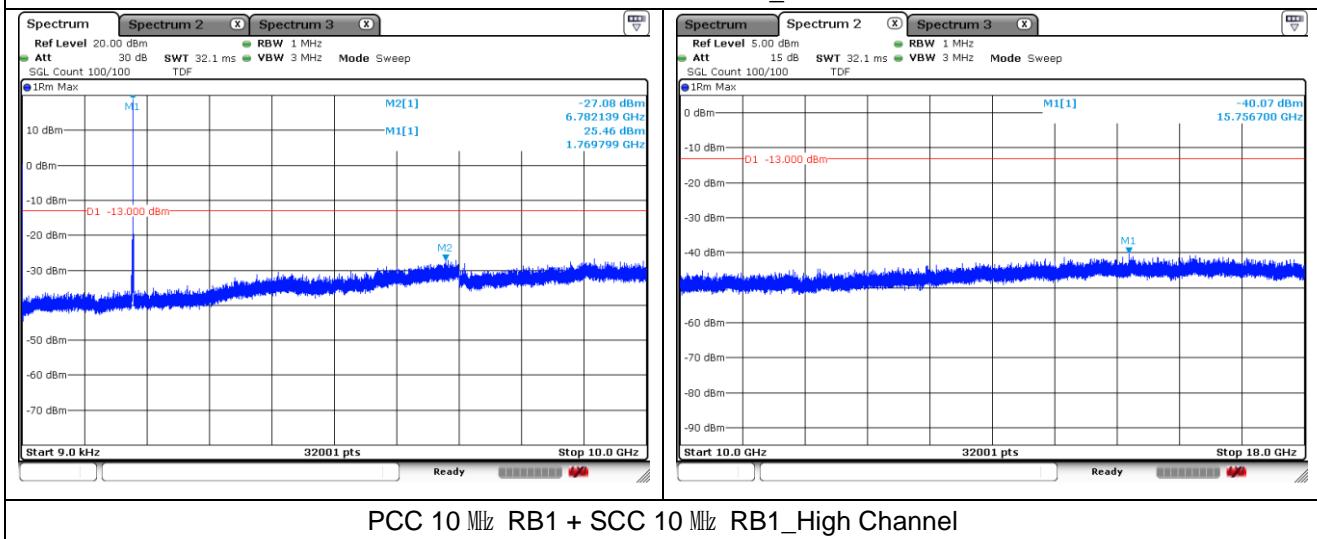
### ULCA 66B



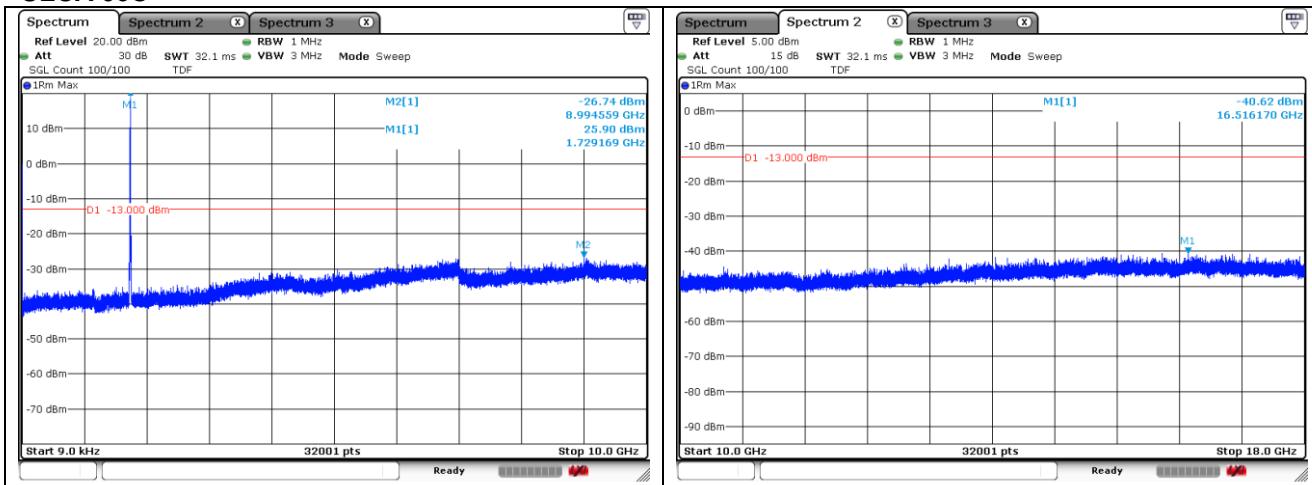
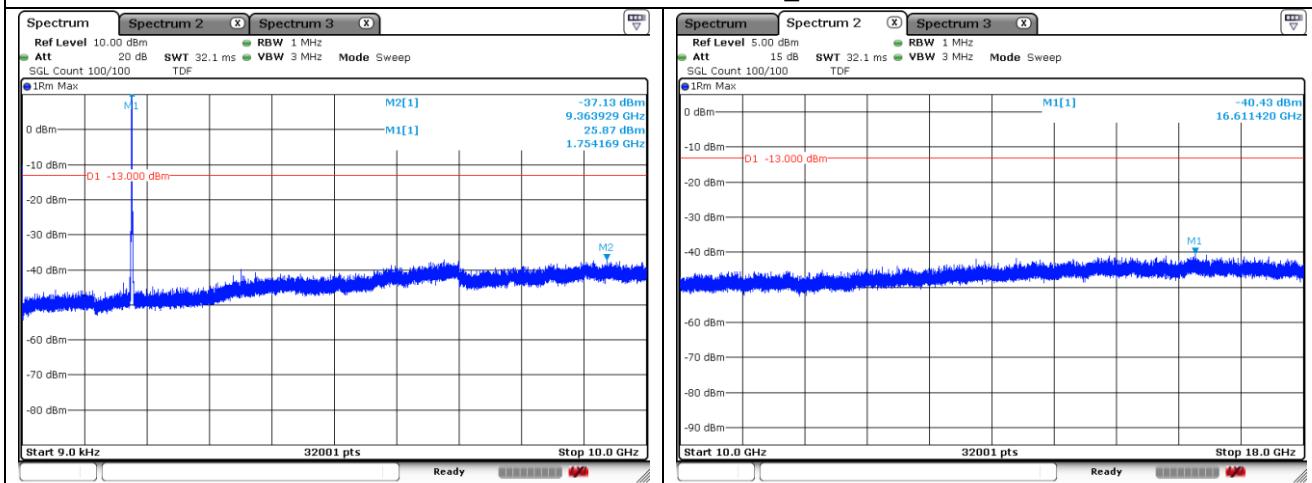
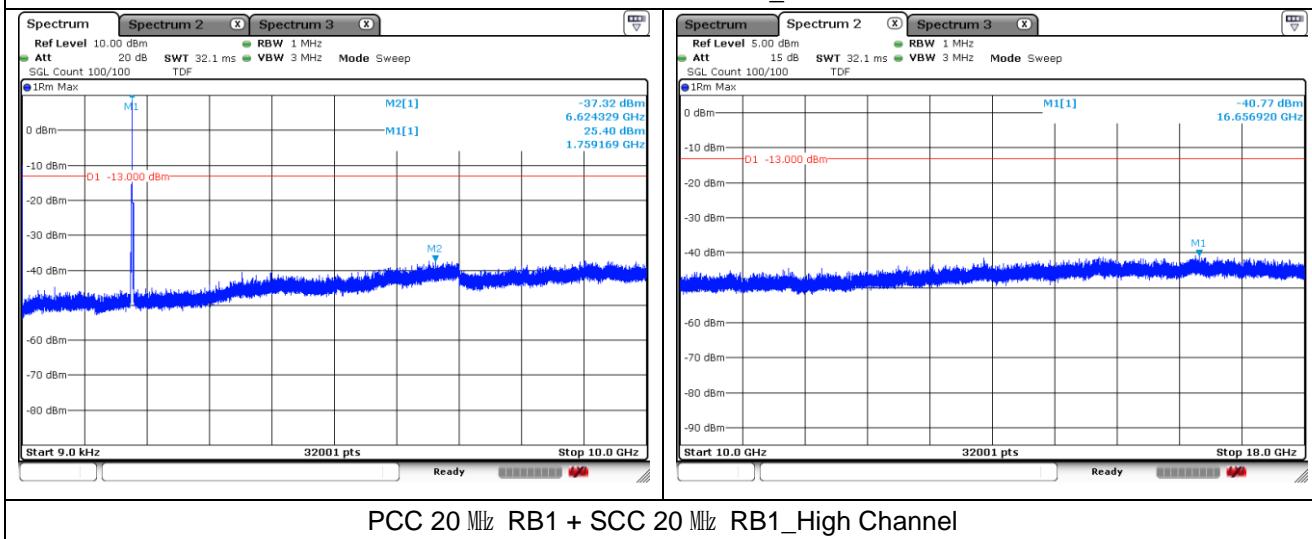
PCC 10 MHz RB1 + SCC 10 MHz RB1\_Low Channel



PCC 10 MHz RB1 + SCC 10 MHz RB1\_Middle Channel



PCC 10 MHz RB1 + SCC 10 MHz RB1\_High Channel

**ULCA 66C**

**PCC 20 MHz RB1 + SCC 20 MHz RB1\_Low Channel**

**PCC 20 MHz RB1 + SCC 20 MHz RB1\_Middle Channel**


## 7. Band Edge and Emission Mask

### 7.1. Limit

#### FCC

- §22.917(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10\log_{10}(P)$  dB.

- §27.53(h)(1), for operations in the 1 695-1 710 MHz, 1 710-1 755 MHz, 1 755-1 780 MHz, 1 915-1 920 MHz, 1 995-2 000 MHz, 2 000-2 020 MHz, 2 110-2 155 MHz, 2 155-2 180 MHz, and 2 180-2 200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB.

- §27.53(m)(4), for mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than  $40 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge,  $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and  $55 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than  $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2 490.5 MHz and 2 496 MHz and  $55 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB at or below 2 490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2 495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

#### IC

- RSS-132 Issue 3

5.5. Mobile and base station equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the first 1.0 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands specified in Section 5.1, the power of emissions per any 1 % of the occupied bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands, the power of emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1 % of the occupied bandwidth, power integration over 100 kHz is required.

- RSS-139 Issue 4

5.6. Unwanted emissions shall be measured in terms of average values.

For all equipment, the TRP or total conducted power (sum of conducted power across all antenna connectors) of the unwanted emissions outside the frequency block or frequency block group shall not exceed the limits shown in table 6.

**Table 3: Unwanted emission limits**

| Offset from the edge of the frequency block or frequency block group | Unwanted emission limit |
|--|-------------------------|
| 1 MHz  | -13 dB m/(1% of OB)*    |
| >1 MHz   | -13 dB m                |

\* OB is the occupied bandwidth

- RSS-199 Issue 3

4.5, In the 1 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the channel edge, the unwanted emission power shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth for base station and fixed subscriber equipment, and 2% for mobile subscriber equipment. Beyond the 1 MHz band, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz shall be used. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth of 1 MHz, or 1% or 2% of the occupied bandwidth, as applicable.

Equipment shall comply with the following unwanted emission limits:

for base station and fixed subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dB W), by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  for mobile subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dB W), by at least:

- i.  $40 + 10 \log_{10} p$  from the channel edges to 5 MHz away
- ii.  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  between 5 MHz and X MHz from the channel edges, and
- iii.  $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$  at X MHz and beyond from the channel edges

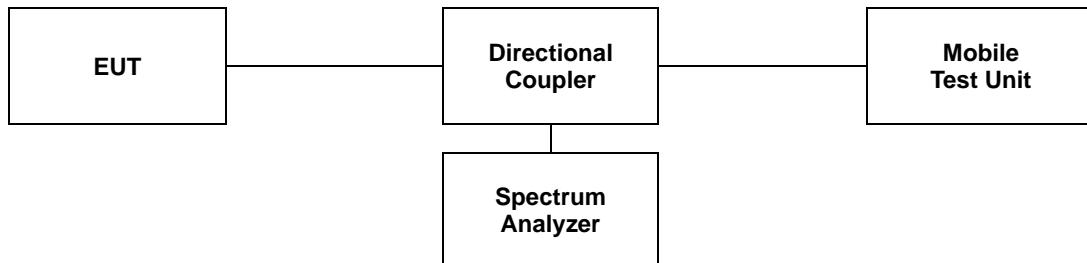
In addition, the attenuation shall not be less than  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  on all frequencies between 2 490.5 MHz and 2 496 MHz, and  $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$  at or below 2 490.5 MHz.

In (a) and (b), p is the transmitter power measured in watts and X is 6 MHz or the equipment occupied bandwidth, whichever is greater.

## 7.2. Test Procedure

The test follows section 5.7 of ANSI C63.26-2015.

- a. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge.
- b. RBW  $\geq$  1 % of OBW
- c. VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- d. Detector = RMS.
- e. Trace mode = Average.
- f. Sweep time = Auto.
- g. The trace was allowed to stabilize.
- h. All path loss of frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function.



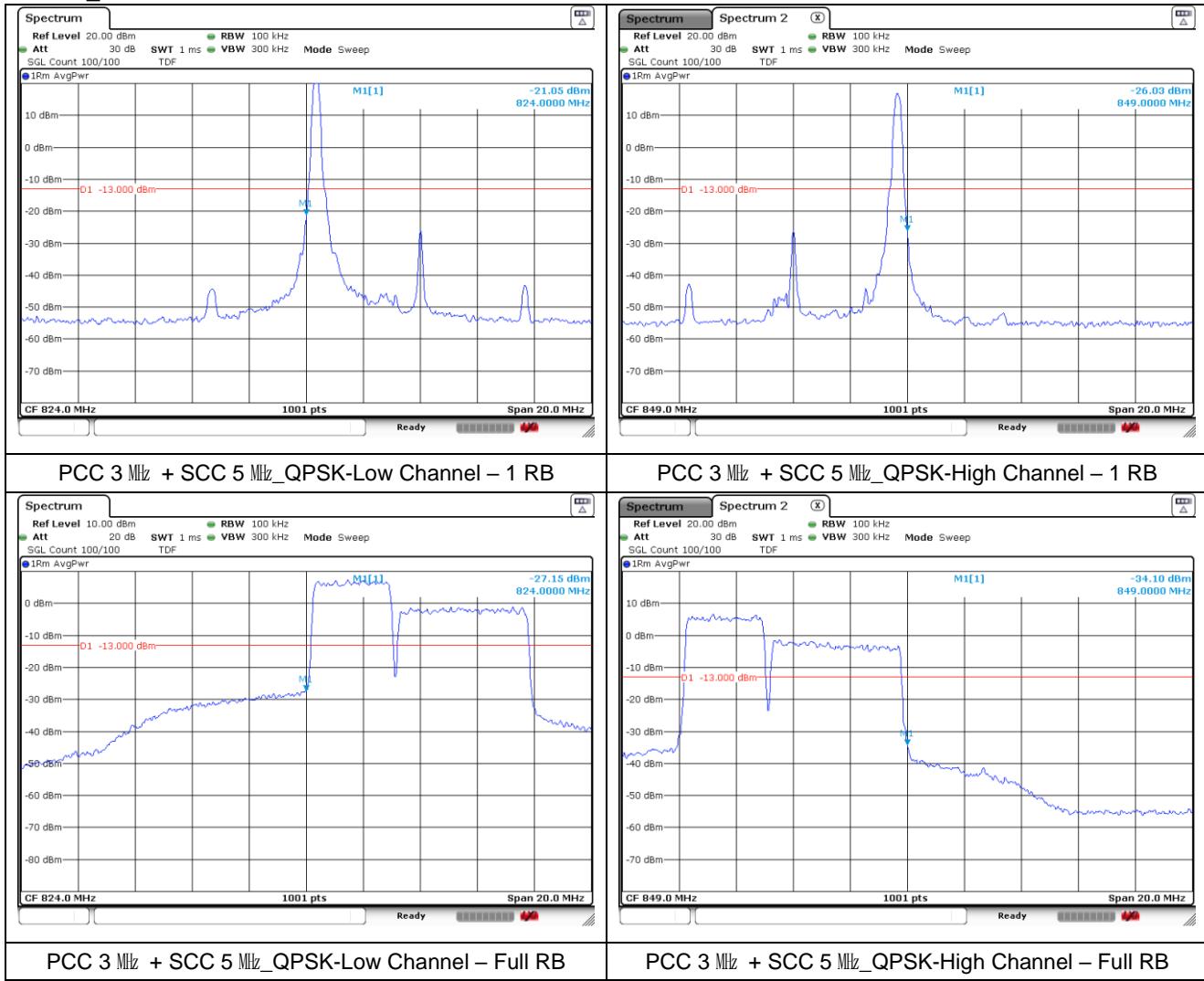
### 7.3. Test Results

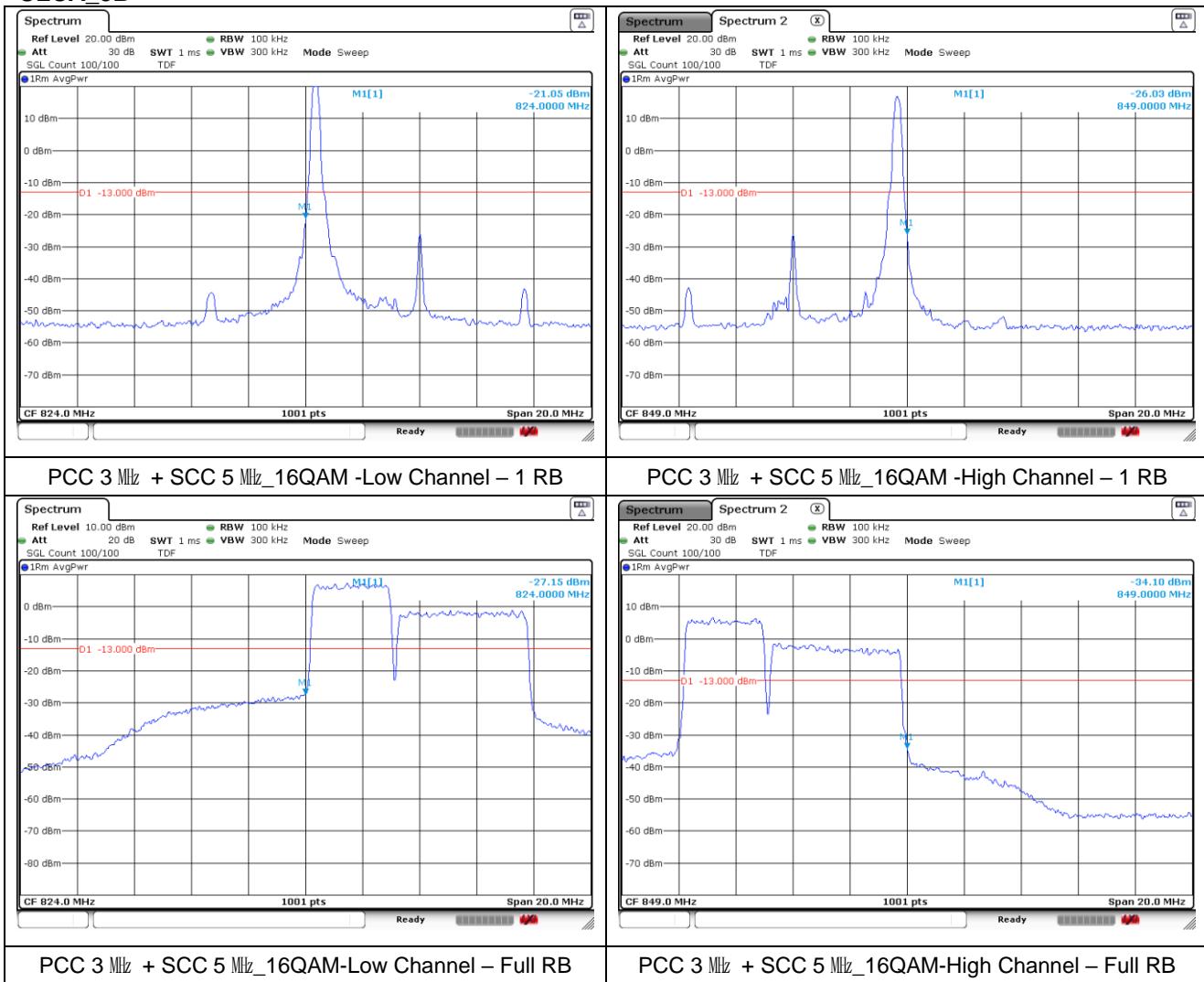
Ambient temperature :  $(23 \pm 1)$  °C

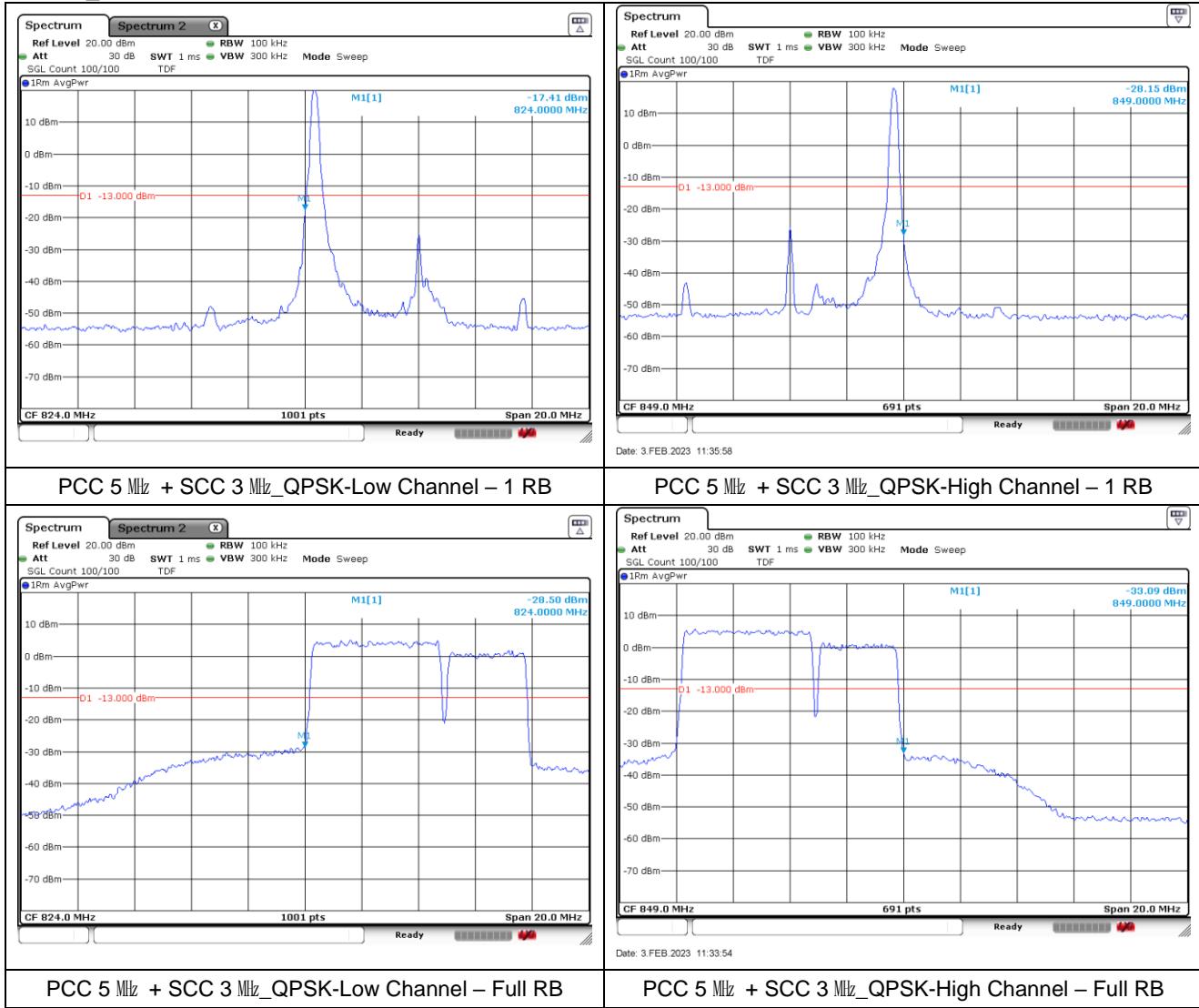
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

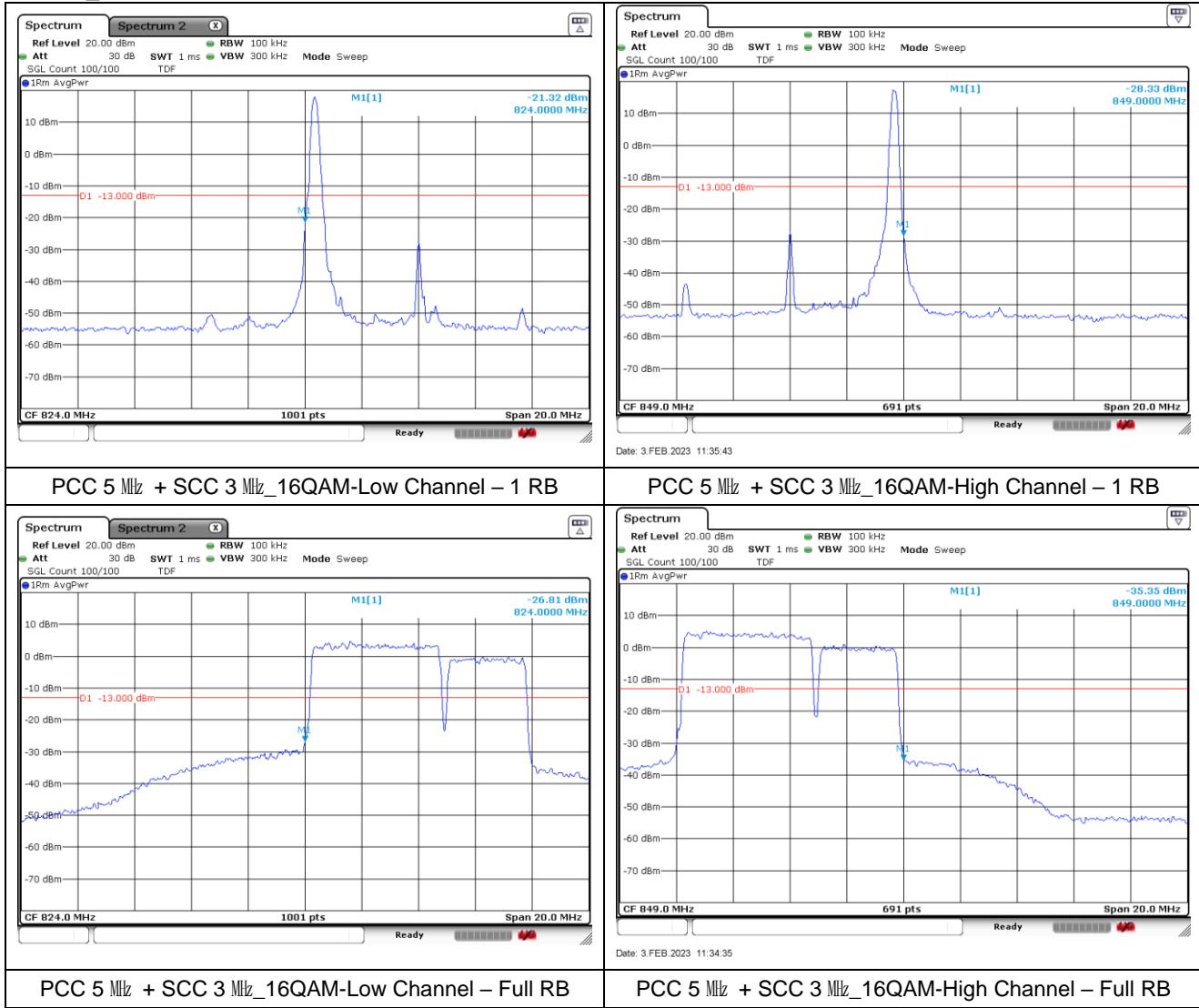
#### - Test plots

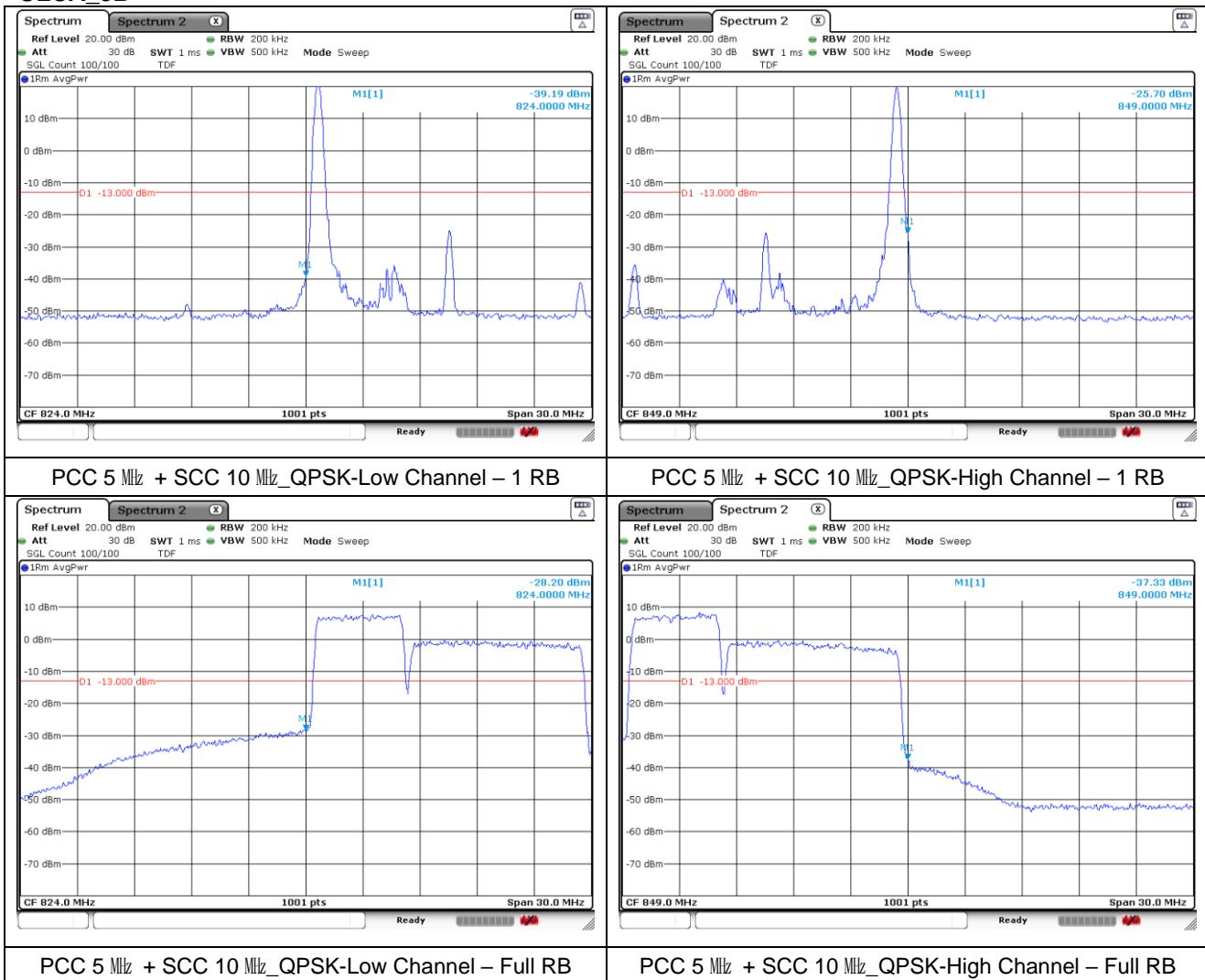
##### ULCA\_5B

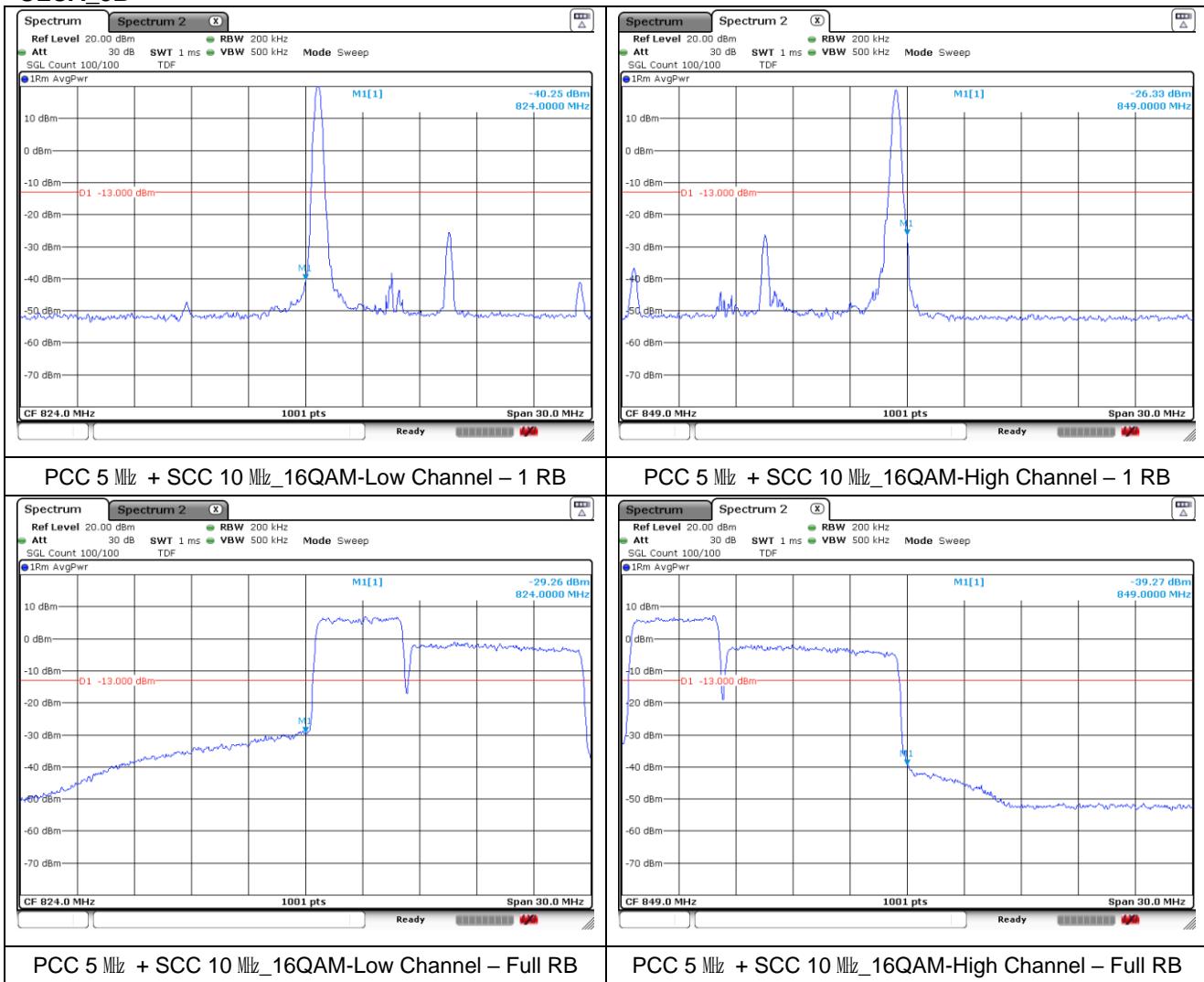


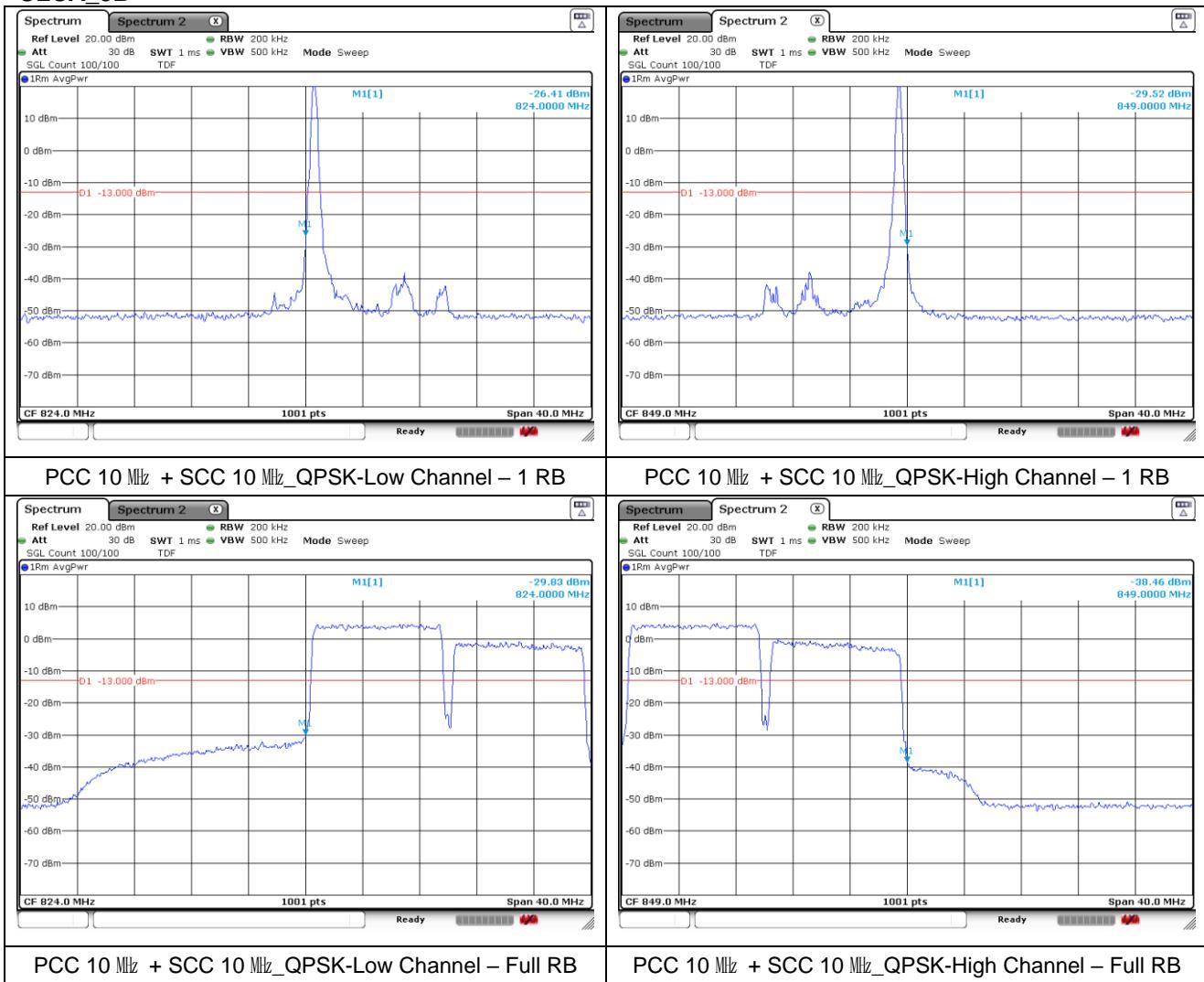
**ULCA\_5B**


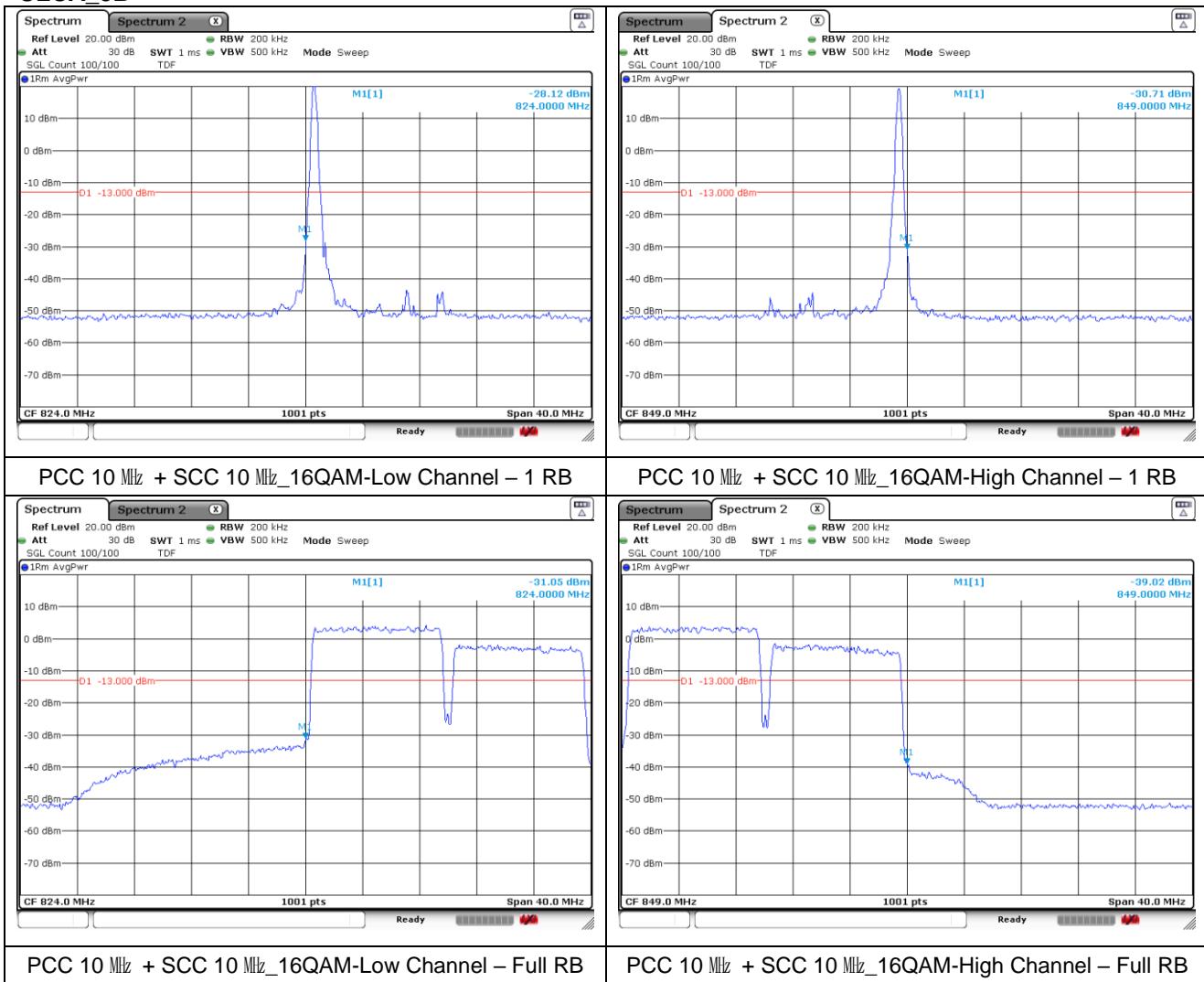
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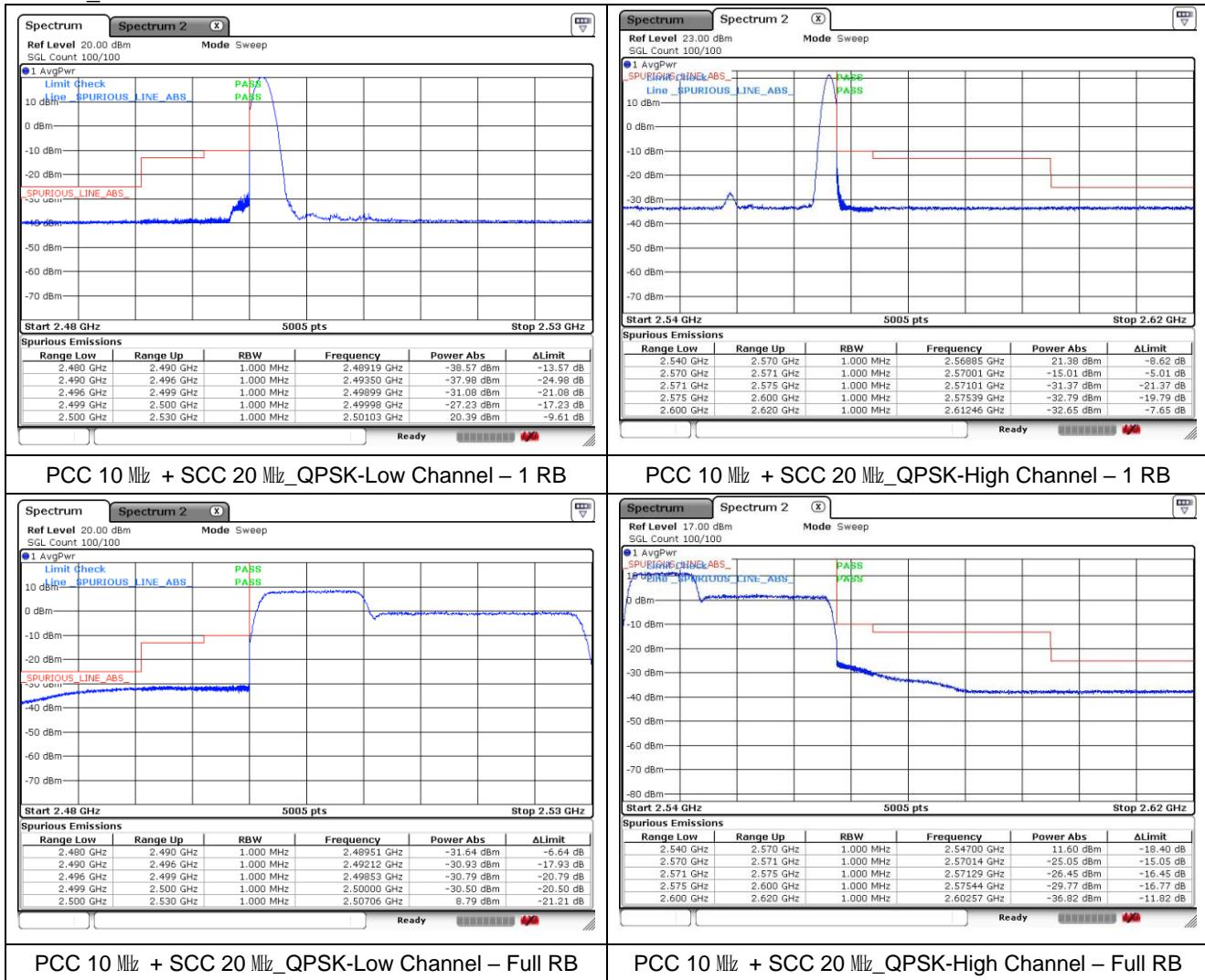
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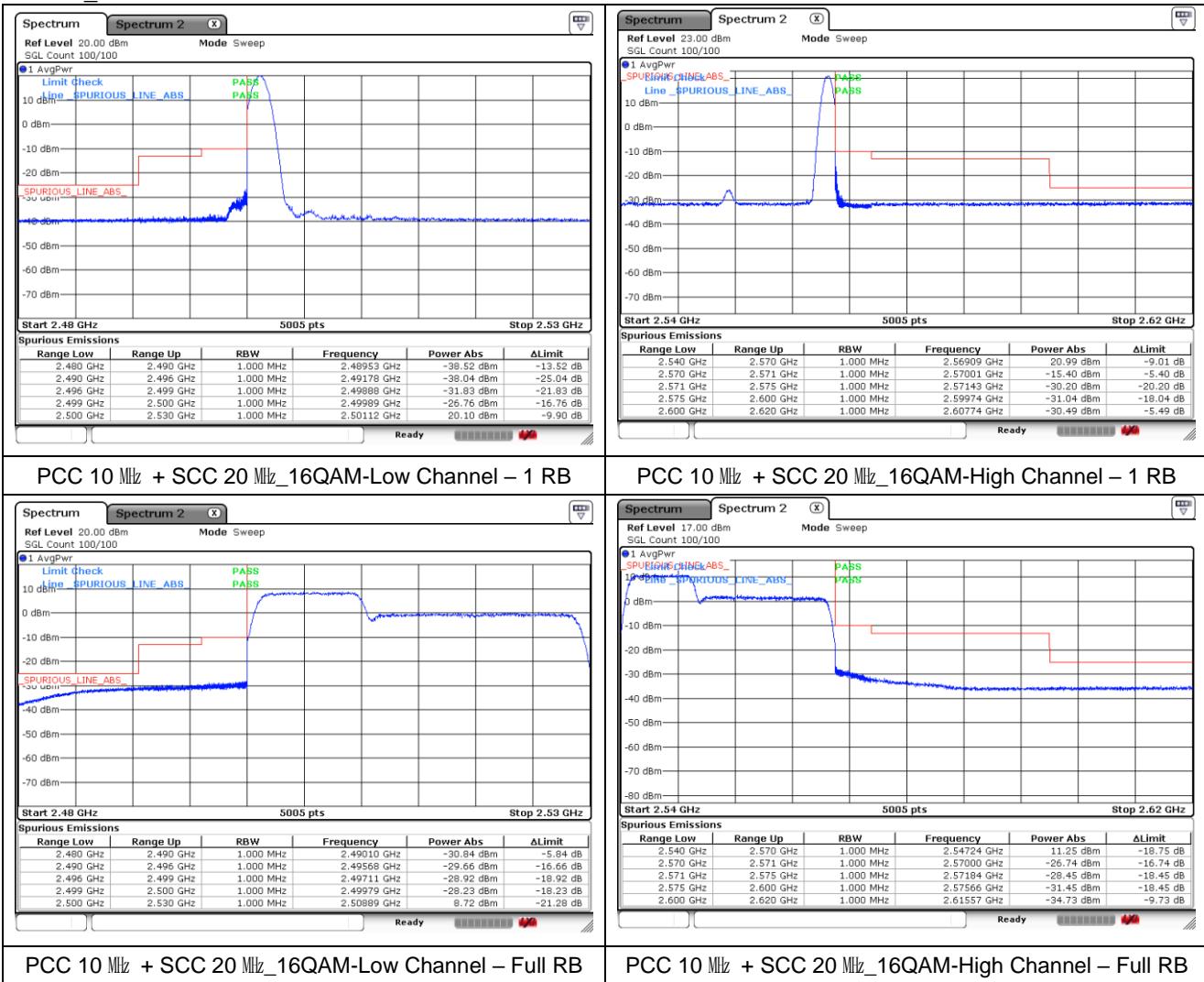
**ULCA\_5B**


**ULCA\_5B**


**ULCA\_5B**

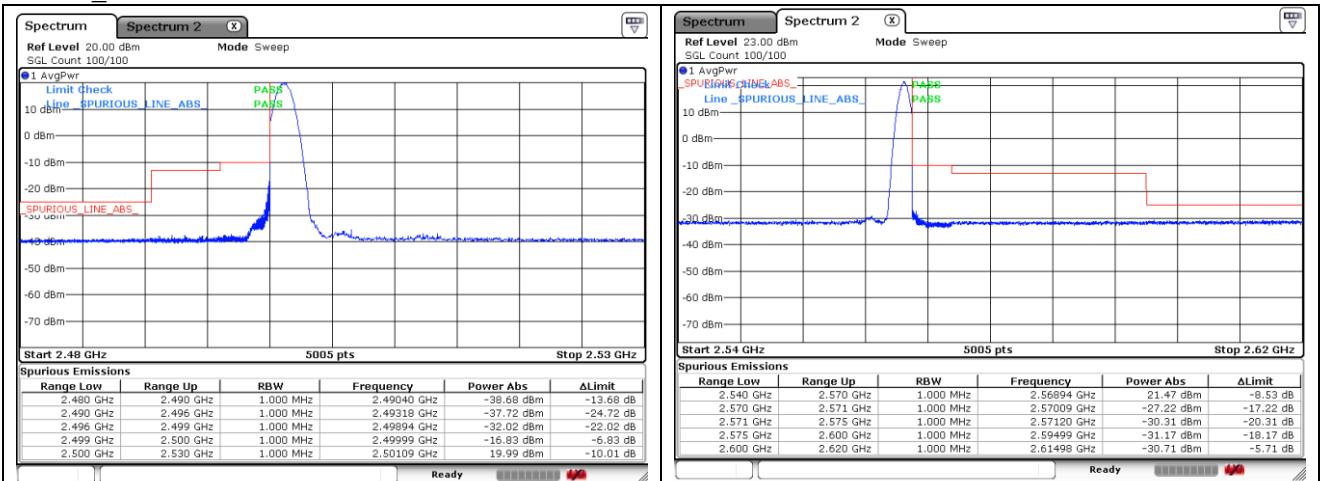
**ULCA\_5B**


**ULCA\_7C**


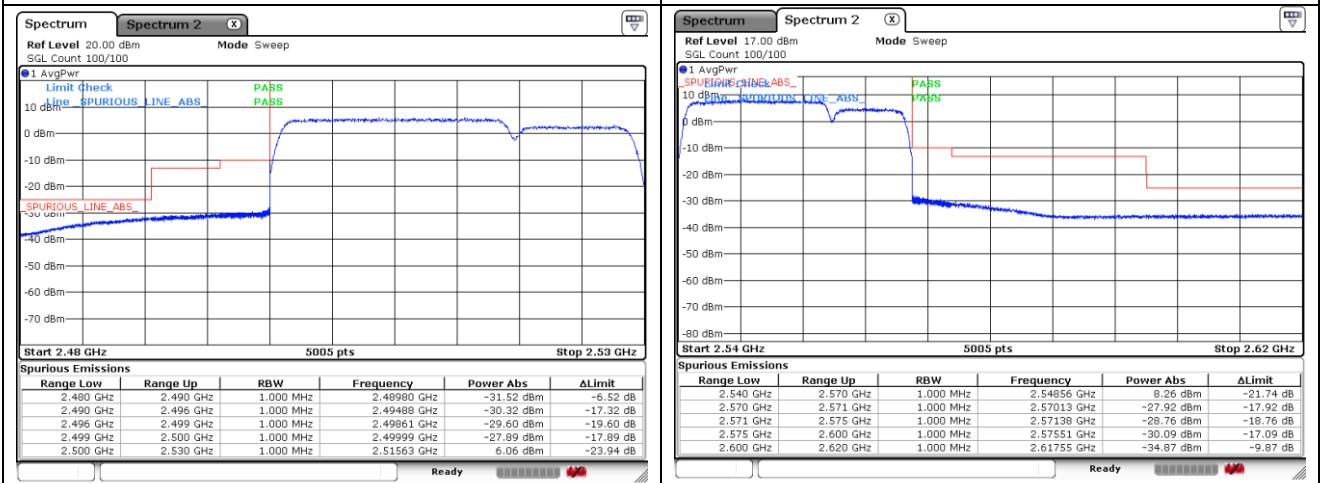
**ULCA\_7C**



### ULCA\_7C

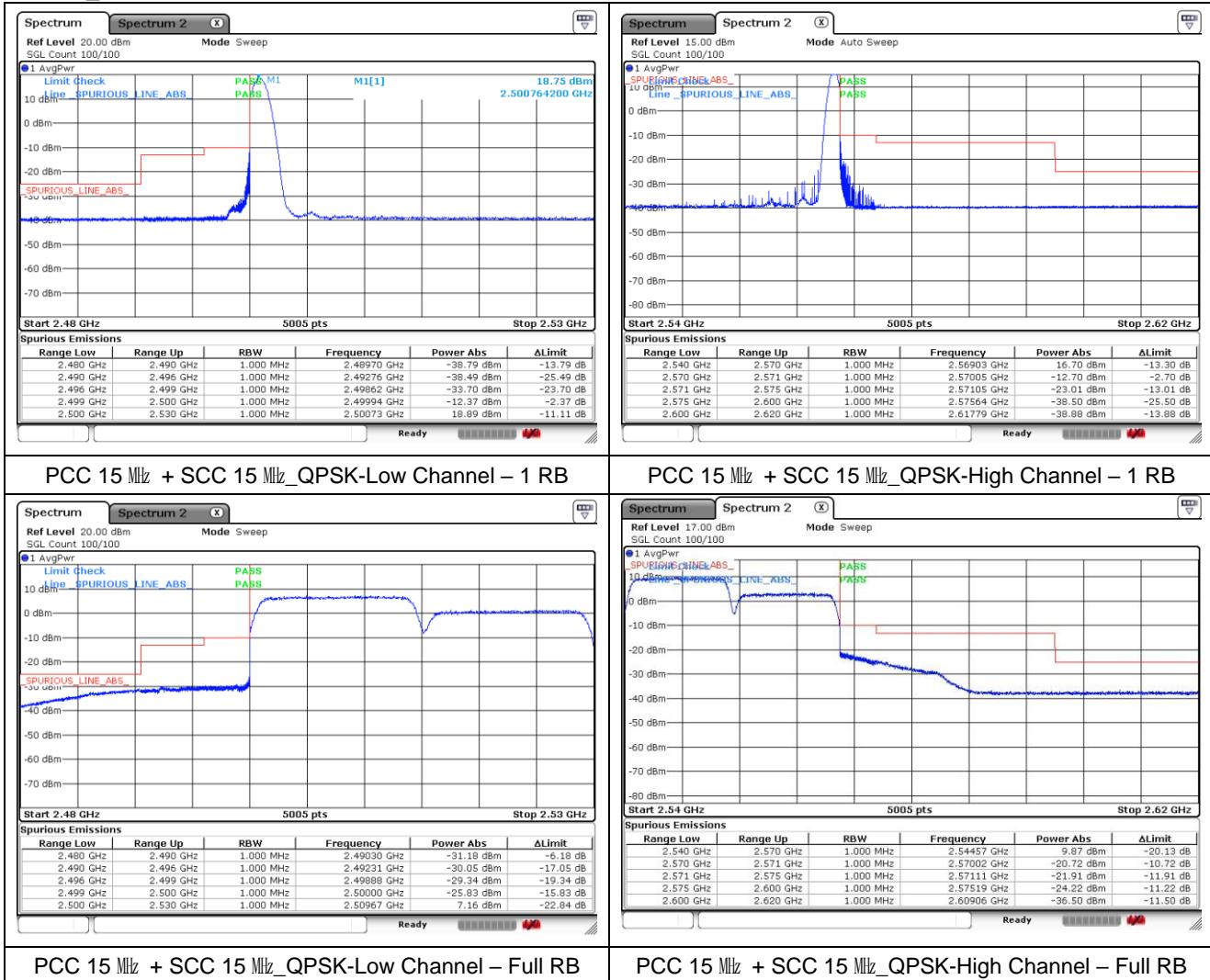


PCC 20 MHz + SCC 10 MHz\_16QAM-Low Channel – 1 RB

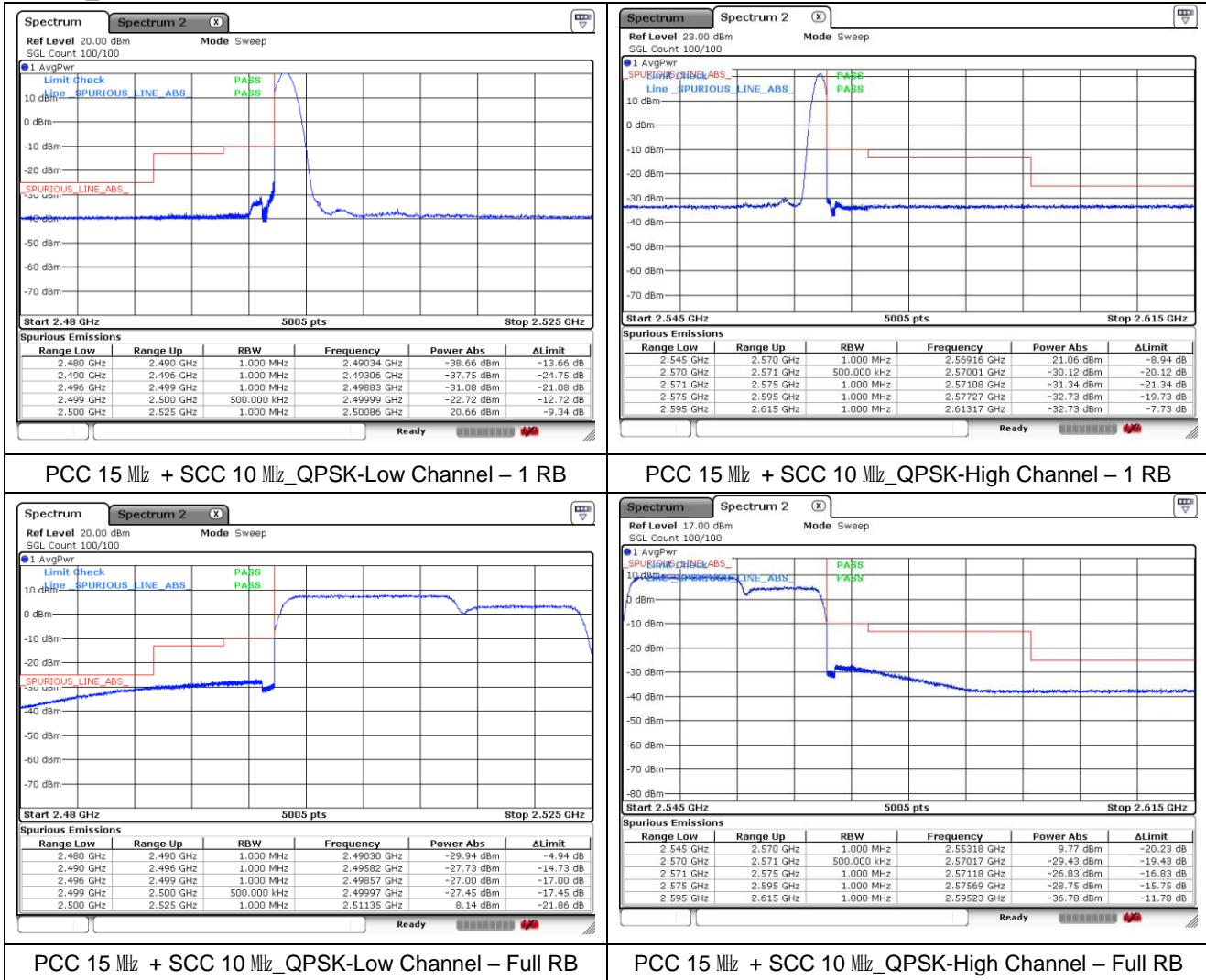


PCC 20 MHz + SCC 10 MHz\_16QAM-Low Channel – Full RB

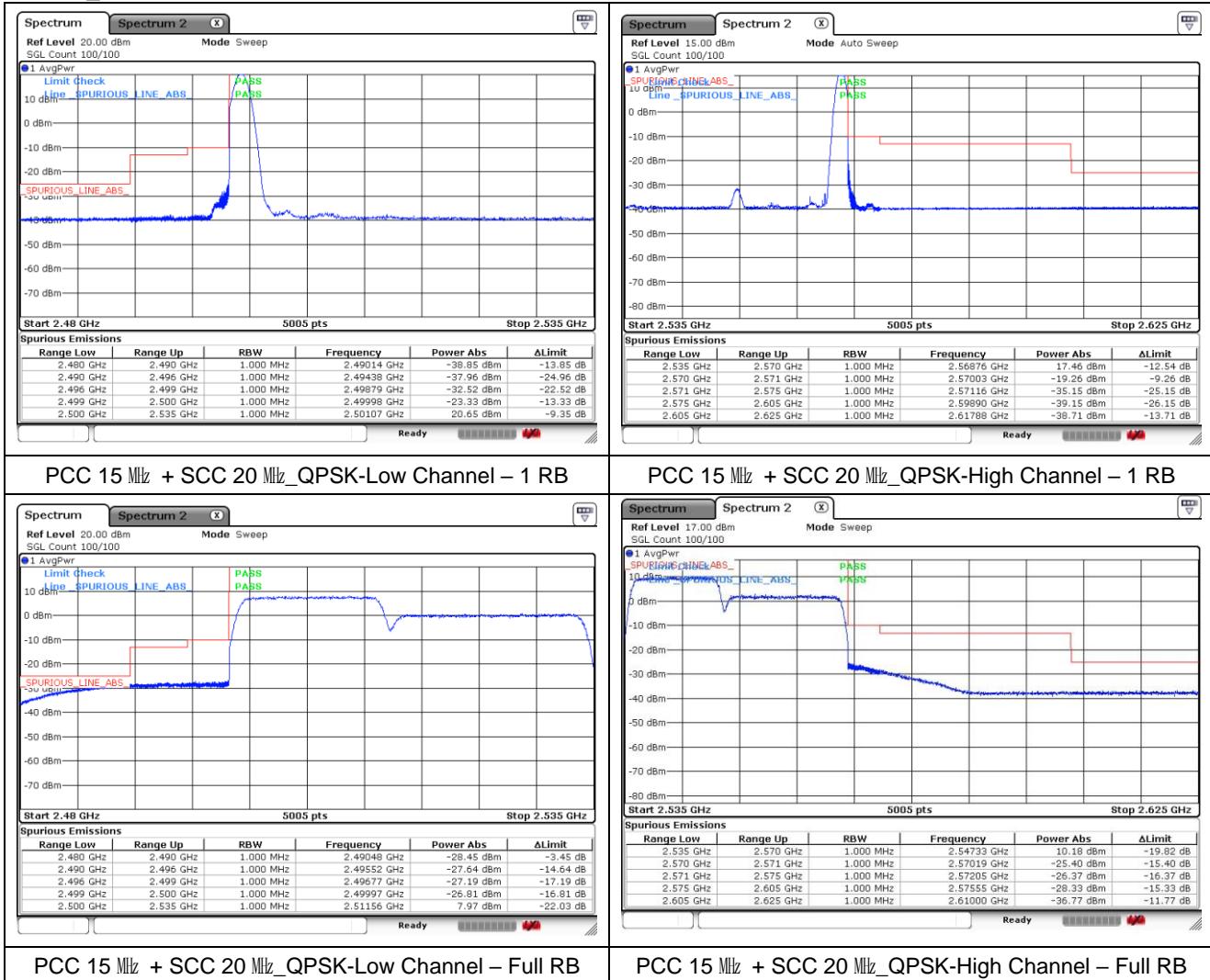
PCC 20 MHz + SCC 10 MHz\_16QAM-High Channel – Full RB

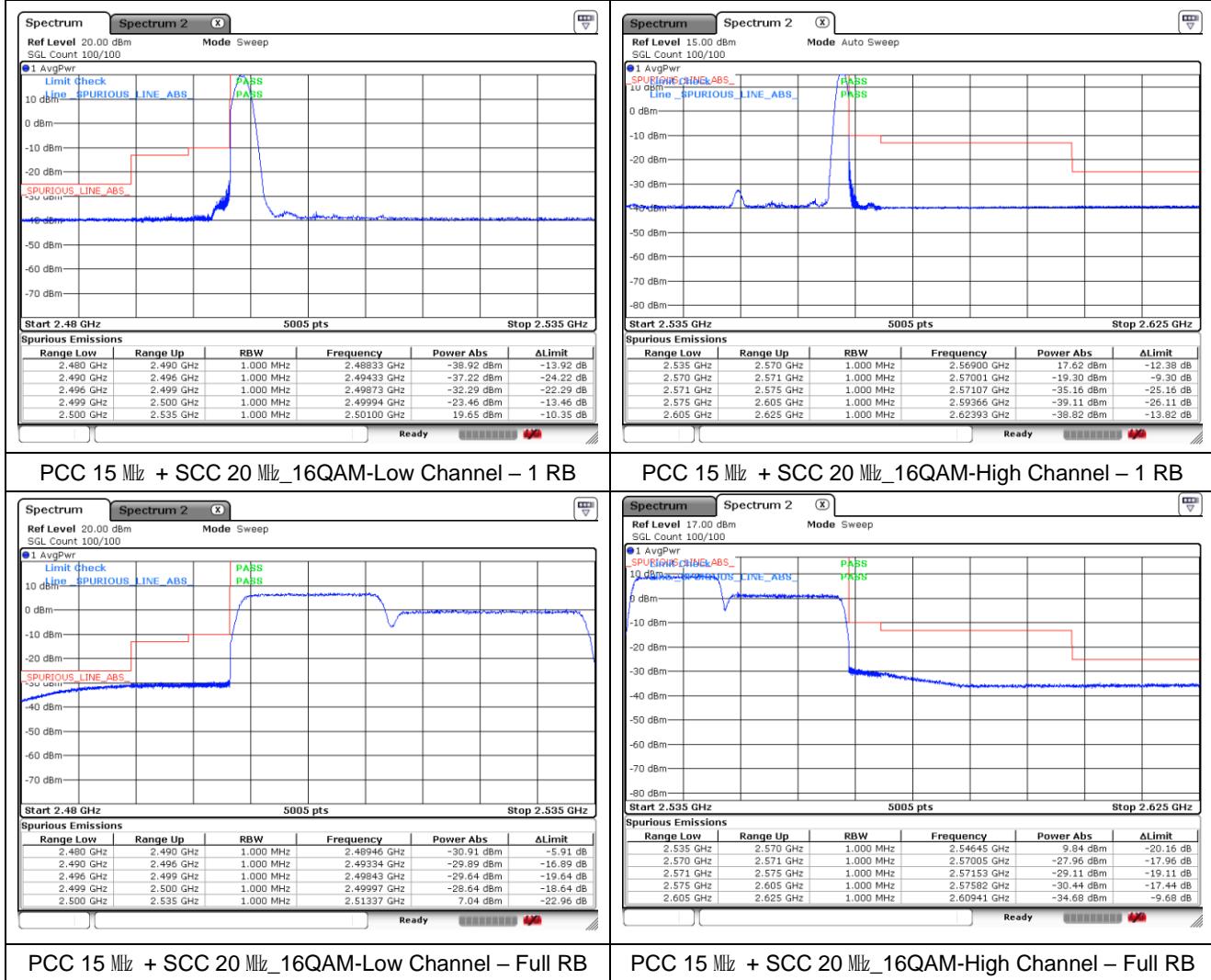
**ULCA\_7C**


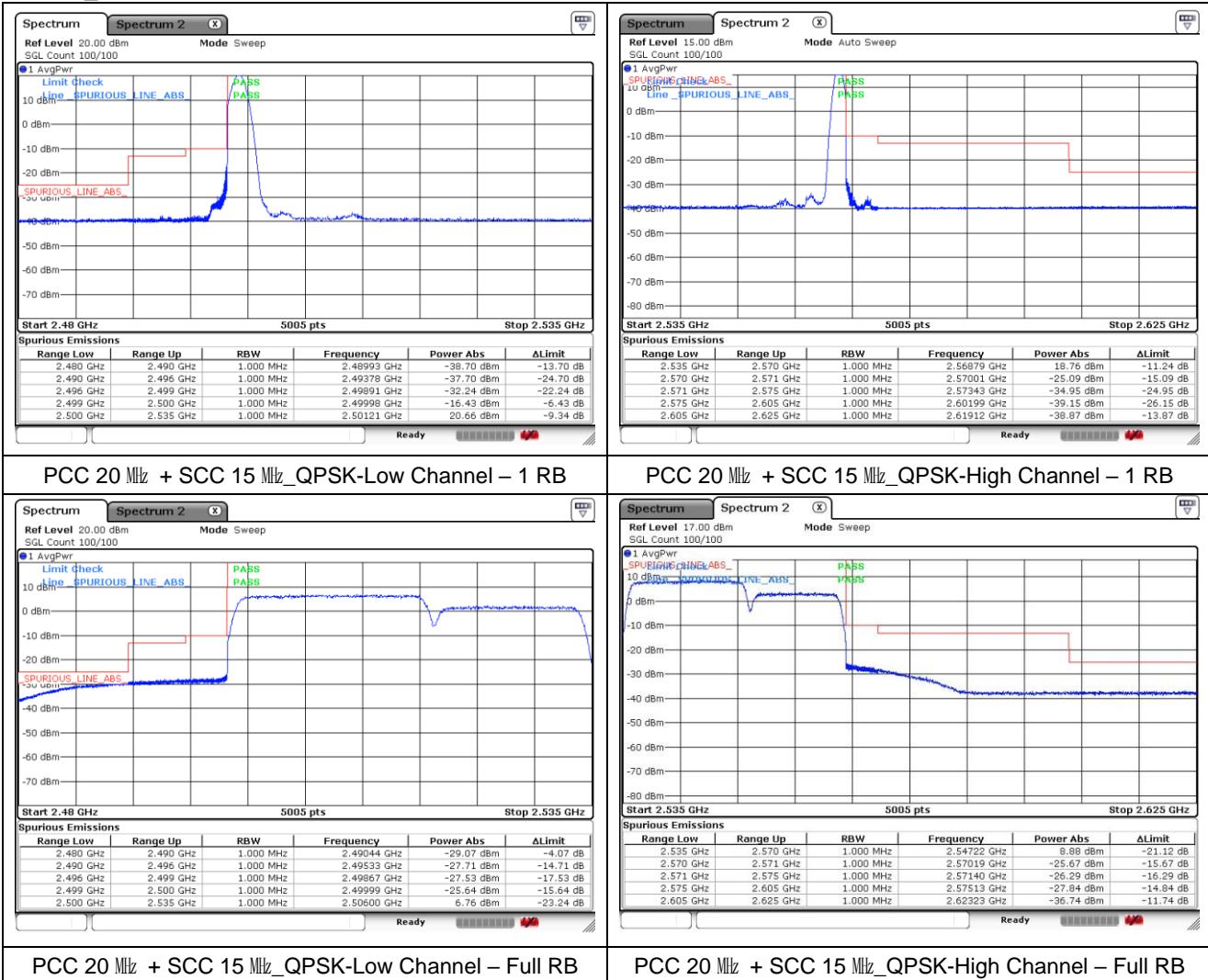


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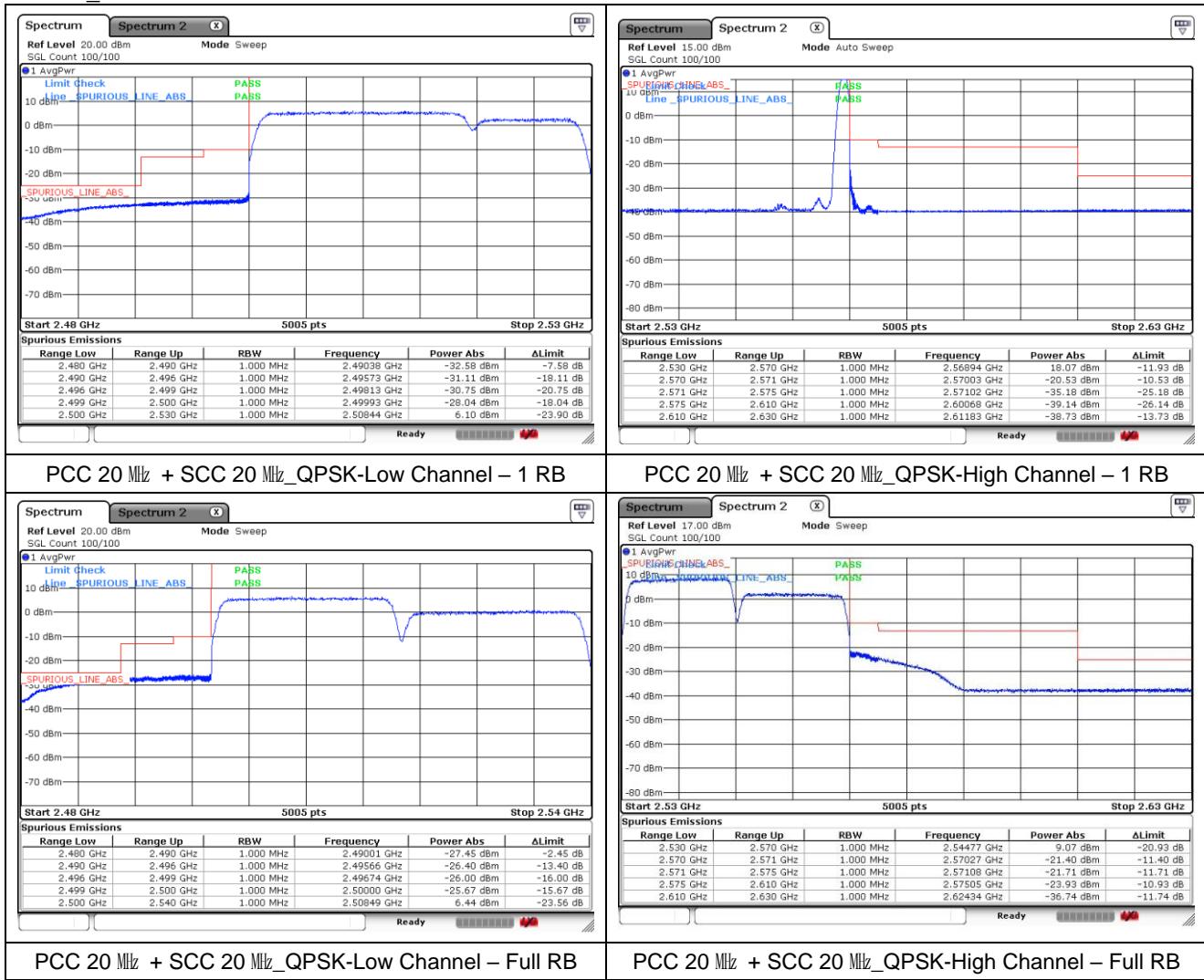


**ULCA\_7C**


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