

Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

TEST REPORT						
of						
FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247 IC RSS-247 Issue 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5						
FCC ID: TQ8-DA350GYAN IC Certification: 5074A-DA350GYKN						
Equipment Under Test : DISPLAY CAR SYSTEM						
Model Name FCC: DA350GYAN IC: DA350GYKN						
Variant Model Name(s) : Refer to the page 3						
Applicant : Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.						
Manufacturer : Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.						
Date of Receipt : 2021.02.17						
Date of Test(s) : 2021.03.02 ~ 2021.03.30						
Date of Issue : 2021.04.01						
In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above. This tereport does not assure KOLAS accreditation. 1) The results of this test report are effective only to the items tested. 2) The SGS Korea is not responsible for the sampling, the results of this test report apply to the sample as received 3) This test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the Company.						
Tested by: Technical Manager:						
Nancy Park Jinhyoung Cho						
SGS Korea Co., Ltd. Gunpo Laboratory						
TT7081-02(2020 10 05)(0) A4(210 mm * 297 m						

RTT7081-02(2020.10.05)(0)

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1. General Information

1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

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- 4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807
- Designation number: KR0150

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1.2. Details of Applicant

Applicant	:	Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.
Address	:	203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea, 135-977
Contact Person	:	Choe, Seung-hoon
Phone No.	:	+82 31 260 0098

1.3. Details of Manufacturer

Company	:	Same as applicant
Address	:	Same as applicant

1.4. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	DISPLAY CAR SYSTEM
FCC Model Name	DA350GYAN
IC Model Name	DA350GYKN
FCC Variant Model Names	DA350GYGG, DA350GYEG, DA351GYGG, DA352GYGG, DA350GYMG, DA350GYGP, DA350GYEP, DA351GYEP, DA352GYEP, DA353GYEP, DA350GYGN, DA350GYFN, DA350GYGL, DA350GYBB, DA350GYUG
Serial Number	Conducted Sample: 001,002 Radiated Sample: 003,004
Power Supply	DC 14.4 V
Frequency Range	2 402 Młz ~ 2 480 Młz (Bluetooth)
Modulation Technique	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Number of Channels	79 channels (Bluetooth)
Antenna Type	Pattern antenna
Antenna Gain	-0.18 dB i
H/W Version	1.0
S/W Version	1.0



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1.5. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval	Cal. Due
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100272	Jun. 18, 2020	Annual	Jun. 18, 2021
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	255834	Jun. 03, 2020	Annual	Jun. 03, 2021
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103101	Jun. 01, 2020	Annual	Jun. 01, 2021
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53421758	Sep. 04, 2020	Annual	Sep. 04, 2021
Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	3000C000296	Jun. 01, 2020	Annual	Jun. 01, 2021
Directional Coupler	KRYTAR	152613	140972	Jun. 11, 2020	Annual	Jun. 11, 2021
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHK3.0/18G-10SS	344	May 18, 2020	Annual	May 18, 2021
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHNX7.5/26.5G-6SS	15	Jun. 05, 2020	Annual	Jun. 05, 2021
Low Pass Filter	Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	V 9500401023-2	Jun. 01, 2020	Annual	Jun. 01, 2021
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	102779	Dec. 07, 2020	Annual	Dec. 07, 2021
DC Power Supply	R&S	HMP2020	019922876	Apr. 27, 2020	Annual	Apr. 27, 2021
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 06, 2020	Annual	Aug. 06, 2021
Signal Conditioning Unit	R&S	SCU-18	10117	Jun. 10, 2020	Annual	Jun. 10, 2021
Preamplifier	MITEQ Inc.	JS44-18004000-35-8P	1546891	May 08, 2020	Annual	May 08, 2021
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Aug. 22, 2019	Biennial	Aug. 22, 2021
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB 9163	01126	Dec. 22, 2020	Biennial	Dec. 22, 2022
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Feb. 04, 2021	Annual	Feb. 04, 2022
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170223	Sep. 16, 2020	Annual	Sep. 16, 2021
Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100368	Nov. 05, 2020	Annual	Nov. 05, 2021
Turn Table	Innco systems GmbH	DS 1200 S	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Controller	Innco systems GmbH	CONTROLLER CO3000-4P	CO3000/963/383 30516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Antenna Mast	Innco systems GmbH	MA4640-XP-ET	MA4640/536/383 30516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Coaxial Cable	RFONE	MWX221-NMSNMS (4 m)	J1023142	Dec. 01, 2020	Semi- annual	Jun. 01, 2021
Coaxial Cable	RFONE	SFX086-NMNM-10M (10 m)	20200324001	Dec. 01, 2020	Semi- annual	Jun. 01, 2021
Coaxial Cable	Rosenberger	LA1-C006-1500	131014 01/20	Feb. 19, 2021	Semi- annual	Aug. 19, 2021
Coaxial Cable	Rosenberger	LA1-C006-1500	131014 05/20	Feb. 19, 2021	Semi- annual	Aug. 19, 2021
Coaxial Cable	Rosenberger	LA1-C006-1500	131014 10/20	Feb. 19, 2021	Semi- annual	Aug. 19, 2021

Note;

Operating software of EUT has integrated test interface. No additional software was used.



1.6. Declaration by the Manufacturer

- Adaptive Frequency Hopping is supported and use at least 20 channels.

1.7. Information about the FHSS characteristics:

1.7.1. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The nominal hop rate is 1 600 hops/s.

1.7.2. Equal Hopping Frequency Use

The channels of this system will be used equally over the long-term distribution of the hopsets.

1.7.3. Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

02, 05, 31, 24, 20, 10, 43, 36, 30, 23, 40, 06, 21, 50, 44, 09, 71, 78, 01, 13, 73, 07, 70, 72, 35, 62, 42, 11, 41, 08, 16, 29, 60, 15, 34, 61, 58, 04, 67, 12, 22, 53, 57, 18, 27, 76, 39, 32, 17, 77, 52, 33, 56, 46, 37, 47, 64, 49, 45, 38, 69, 14, 51, 26, 79, 19, 28, 65, 75, 54, 48, 03, 25, 66, 05, 16, 68, 74, 59, 63, 55

1.7.4. System Receiver Input Bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1 Mz.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

1.7.5. Equipment Description

15.247(a) (1) that the Rx input bandwidths shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

15.247(g): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.

15.247(h): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate it channels selection/ hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.



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1.8. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARD: FCC Part15 Subpart C, IC RSS-247 Issue 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5								
Section in FCC	Section in IC	Test Item(s)	Result					
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.5 RSS-Gen Issue 5 8.9	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied					
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(b) RSS-Gen Issue 5 6.7	20 dB Bandwidth and 99 % Bandwidth	Complied					
15.247(a)(1) 15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(b) 5.4(b)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Complied					
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(b)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Complied					
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(d)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Complied					
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(d)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Complied					
15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 5 8.8	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	N/A ¹⁾					

Note;

1) The AC power line test was not performed because the EUT use battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines.

1.9. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard of Procedure for Compliance Testing of unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013) and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

1.10. Sample Calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

1.10.1. Conducted Test

Offset value (dB) = Directional coupler (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

1.10.2. Radiation Test

Field strength level (dBµN/m) = Measured level (dBµN) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) - Amplifier gain (dB) + Duty factor (dB)

1.11. Test Report Revision

Revision	Report Number	Date of Issue	Description
0	F690501-RF-RTL001878	2021.04.01	Initial



1.12. Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty				
RF Output Power		± 0.36 dB			
Occupied Bandwidth	± 13.12 kHz				
Conducted Spurious Emission	± 0.63 dB				
Radiated Emission, 9 kHz to 30 Mz	Н	± 3.66 dB			
	V	± 3.66 dB			
Radiated Emission, below 1 GHz	H ± 4.90 dB				
	V ± 4.82 dB				
Redicted Emission above 1 Mr	Н	± 3.62 dB			
Radiated Emission, above 1 GHz	V	± 3.64 dB			

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95 %.



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1.13. Information of Variant Models

MadalNamaa		Description									
Model Names			Marketing Area	Code	Linked to ECALL	HD	LHD/ RHD	RDS	FREQUENCY RANGE	CHANNEL SPACE	
Basic	FCC	DA350GYAN	U.S.A	A2	х	0	LHD	0	87.5~107.9 M±z	200 kHz	
Model IC	IC	DA350GYKN	Canada	AZ	^	O LHD	0	530 ~ 1 710 k⊞z	10 kHz		
		DA350GYGG	GENERAL		х	х		Х			
		DA350GYEG	EU		Х	Х		Х	87.5~108.0 M½ 531 ~ 1 602 k∐z		
		DA351GYGG	GENERAL	A1	Х	Х	LHD	0		100 kHz 9 kHz	
		DA352GYGG	GENERAL		0	Х		0		9 MIZ	
		DA350GYMG	MID EAST		Х	Х		Х			
		DA350GYGP	GENERAL		Х	Х	LHD	Х	87.5~108.0 Mlz - 522 ~ 1 620 kllz		
		DA350GYEP	EU		Х	Х		Х		100 kHz 9 kHz	
		DA351GYEP	EU	A8	Х	Х		0			
Variant Models	FCC	DA352GYEP	EAST EU		0	Х		0			
		DA353GYEP	EU		0	Х		0			
		DA350GYGN	GENERAL		Х	Х		Х	87.5~107.9 M±	200 kHz	
		DA350GYFN	MEXICO	A2	х	0	LHD	Х	530∼1 710 kHz	10 kHz	
		DA350GYGL	COLOMBIA	A5	х	X X I	X LHD	LHD X	87.5~107.9 M±	100 kHz	
									530 ~ 1 710 k⊞z	10 kHz	
		DA350GYBB	BRAZIL	A7	х	х	LHD	х	76.1~107.9 M±	100 kHz	
										530~1710 kHz	10 kHz
		DA350GYUG	AUSTRALIA	A6	х	х	RHD	х	87.5~108.0 MHz	100 kHz	
									531 ~ 1 701 k⊞z	9 kHz	



1.14. Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (ᡅ)	RF Output Power (dB m)
		Low	2 402	1.81
GFSK	1	Middle	2 441	2.66
		High	2 480	<u>2.89</u>
		Low	2 402	-1.14
π/4DQPSK	2	Middle	2 441	0.15
		High	2 480	<u>0.44</u>
		Low	2 402	-0.88
8DPSK	3	Middle	2 441	0.34
		High	2 480	<u>0.72</u>

Note;

1. For transmitter radiated spurious emissions, conducted spurious emission, carrier frequency separation and number of hopping frequencies, GFSK / DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH5 are tested as worst condition. 2. For 20 dB bandwidth and maximum peak conducted output power, GFSK / DH5, π /4DQPSK / 2DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.

3. For Time of Occupancy, GFSK / DH1, DH3, DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.

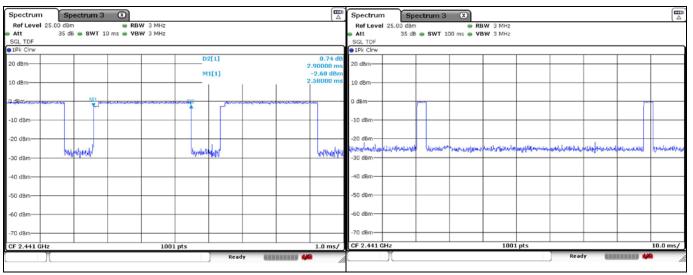


1.15. Duty Cycle Correction Factor of EUT

According to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02, 9, as a "duty cycle correction factor", pulse averaging with 20 log (worst case dwell time / 100 ms) has to be used for average result.

3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39

3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time 3DH5 packet is observed;

the period to have 3DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is 2.90 ms x 20 channels = 58.00 ms

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100 ms period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period. [100 ms / 58.00 ms] = 2 hops

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

2.90 ms x 2 = 5.80 ms

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time:

20 x log (5.80 ms/100 ms) = -24.73 dB

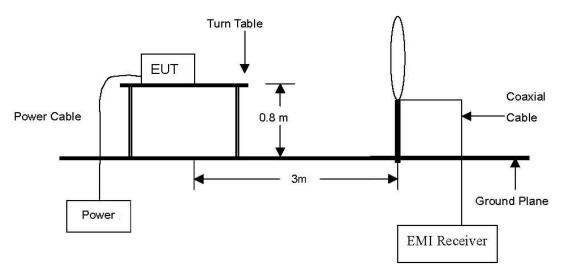


2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

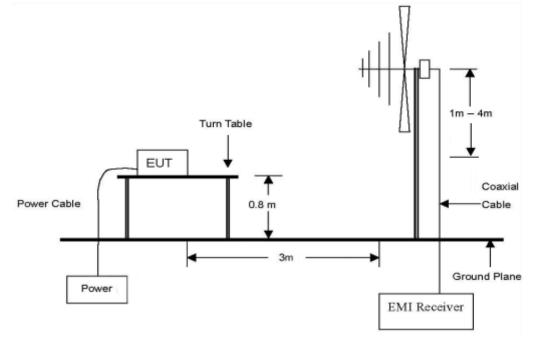
2.1. Test Setup

2.1.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 $\,\rm klz$ to 30 $\,\rm Mz$



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mz to 1 Gz.

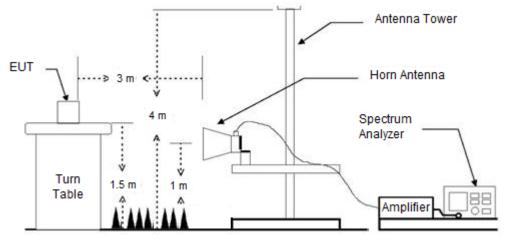




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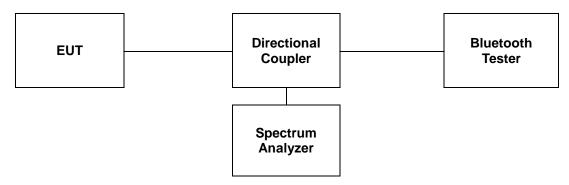
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission. The spurious emissions were investigated form 1 Gh to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 Gh, whichever is lower.





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2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions



2.2. Limit

2.2.1. FCC

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 klz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 klz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (Mz)	Field Strength (<i>µ</i> N/m)	Measurement Distance (Meters)
0.009-0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 Mb, 76-88 Mb, 174-216 Mb or 470-806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.



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2.2.2. IC

According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.5, in any 100 kt bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kt bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

According to RSS-Gen Issue 5, 8.9, except where otherwise indicated in the applicable RSS, radiated emissions shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table 5 and table 6. Additionally, the level of any transmitter unwanted emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

able 5 – General Field Strength Limits at frequencies above 30 Mb

Frequency (Mb)	Field Strength (µV/m at 3 m)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960	500

Table 6 – General Field Strength Limits at frequencies below 30 Mb

Frequency	Magnetic Field Strength (H-Field) (µA/m)	Measurement Distance (meters)
9-490 kHz ¹	6.37/F (F in klz)	300
490-1 705 kHz	63.7/F (F in k⊞)	30
1.705-30 Mz	0.08	30

Note¹: The emission limits for the ranges 9-90 klz and 110-490 klz are based on measurements employing a linear average detector.



2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.10-2013.

2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site below 1 GHz and 1.5 meter above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site above 1 GHz. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

Note;

- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kl/z for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
- 2. For frequency above 1 GHz, set spectrum analyzer detector to peak, and resolution bandwidth is 1 MHz and video bandwidth is 3 MHz.
- Definition of DUT Axis.
 Definition of the test orthogonal plan for EUT was described in the test setup photo. The test orthogonal plan of EUT is X – axis during radiation test.



2.3.3. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

2.3.3.1. Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer. Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation. RBW \geq 100 kHz VBW = 300 kHz Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

2.3.3.2. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer. RBW = 1 Mb VBW = 3 Mb Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

2.3.3.3. TDF function

- For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 kl_2 to 25 Gl_2 , all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function. So, the reading values shown in plots were final result.



2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23 =	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

2.4.1. Radiated Spurious Emission below 1 000 Mb

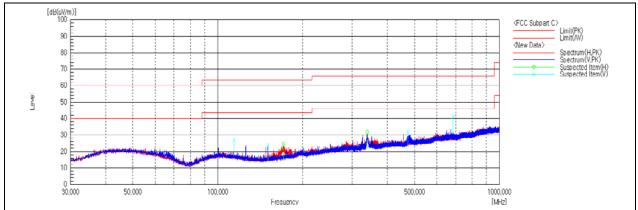
The frequency spectrum from 9 klt to 1 000 Mb was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

Radia	ated Emissio	ns	Ant.	Correction Factors Total		nt. Correction Factors Total Limit		it
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
114.31	37.50	Peak	V	16.57	-26.56	27.51	43.50	15.99
151.05	36.40	Peak	V	13.70	-26.18	23.92	43.50	19.58
171.34	35.80	Peak	н	14.73	-25.97	24.56	43.50	18.94
339.75	31.40	Peak	н	20.39	-25.16	26.63	46.00	19.37
473.49	35.40	Peak	V	22.34	-25.82	31.92	46.00	14.08
685.72	41.20	Peak	V	25.20	-25.37	<u>41.03</u>	46.00	4.97
Above 700.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remark;

- 1. Spurious emissions for all channels and modes were investigated and almost the same below 1 GHz.
- 2. Reported spurious emissions are in **BDR / DH5 / High channel** as worst case among other modes.
- Radiated spurious emission measurement as below. (Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL)
- 4. According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not report much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.

- Test plot





2.4.2. Radiated Spurious Emission above 1 000 Mb

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 Mb was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

Operating Mode: GFSK (1 Mbps)

A. Low Channel (2 402 Mtz)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Corr	Correction Factors			Total Limit		
Frequency (쌘)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	25.17	Peak	Н	28.00	6.06	-	59.23	74.00	14.77
*2 310.00	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	34.50	54.00	19.50
*2 338.94	27.55	Peak	н	28.00	6.13	-	61.68	74.00	12.32
*2 338.94	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	36.95	54.00	17.05
*2 390.00	25.42	Peak	н	28.16	6.14	-	59.72	74.00	14.28
*2 390.00	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	34.99	54.00	19.01

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit		
Frequency (肔)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

B. Middle Channel (2 441 Mz)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

C. High Channel (2 480 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	24.32	Peak	н	28.33	6.21	-	58.86	74.00	15.14
*2 483.50	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	34.13	54.00	19.87
*2 487.78	27.44	Peak	н	28.32	6.22	-	61.98	74.00	12.02
*2 487.78	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	37.25	54.00	16.75
*2 500.00	25.36	Peak	н	28.30	6.27	-	59.93	74.00	14.07
*2 500.00	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	35.20	54.00	18.80

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Corr	Correction Factors			Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

Operating Mode: 8DPSK (3 Mbps)

A. Low Channel (2 402 Mz)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Cor	Correction Factors			Limit	
Frequency (쌘)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	26.60	Peak	Н	28.00	6.06	-	60.66	74.00	13.34
*2 310.00	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	35.93	54.00	18.07
*2 370.40	27.50	Peak	н	28.08	6.20	-	61.78	74.00	12.22
*2 370.40	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	37.05	54.00	16.95
*2 390.00	26.14	Peak	н	28.16	6.14	-	60.44	74.00	13.56
*2 390.00	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	35.71	54.00	18.29

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Corr	ection Fact	ors	Total	al Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

B. Middle Channel (2 441 Mz)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Corr	Correction Factors			al Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

C. High Channel (2 480 Mz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total Limit		it
Frequency (畑)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.63	Peak	н	28.33	6.21	-	60.17	74.00	13.83
*2 483.50	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	35.44	54.00	18.56
*2 484.84	27.42	Peak	н	28.33	6.21	-	<u>61.96</u>	74.00	12.04
*2 484.84	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	37.23	54.00	16.77
*2 500.00	26.14	Peak	н	28.30	6.27	-	60.71	74.00	13.29
*2 500.00	-	-	-	-	-	-24.73	35.98	54.00	18.02

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Corr	ection Fact	ors	Total Limit		it	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remark;

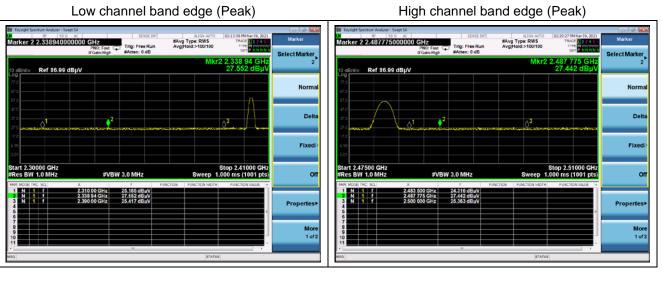
- 1. "*" means the restricted band.
- 2. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 № were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 4. Actual = Reading + AF + CL + (DF) or Reading + AF + AMP + CL + (DF).
- 5. According to § 15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.
- 6. The maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, to perform an average measurement is unnecessary.



Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

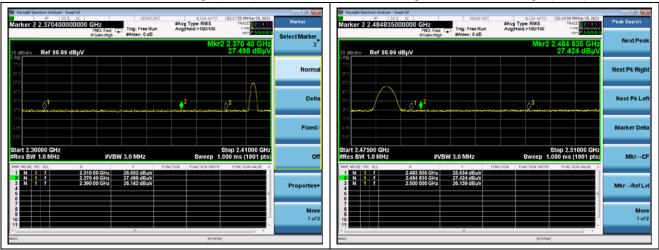
- Test plots

Operating Mode: GFSK (1 Mbps)



Operating Mode: 8DPSK (3 Mbps)

Low channel band edge (Peak)



High channel band edge (Peak)



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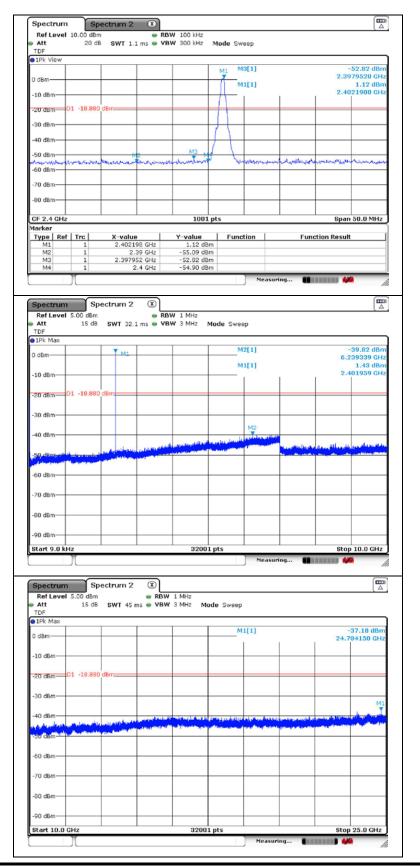
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2.4.3. Plot of Spurious Conducted Emissions Operating Mode: GFSK (1 Mbps)_hopping function turned off

Low channel





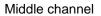
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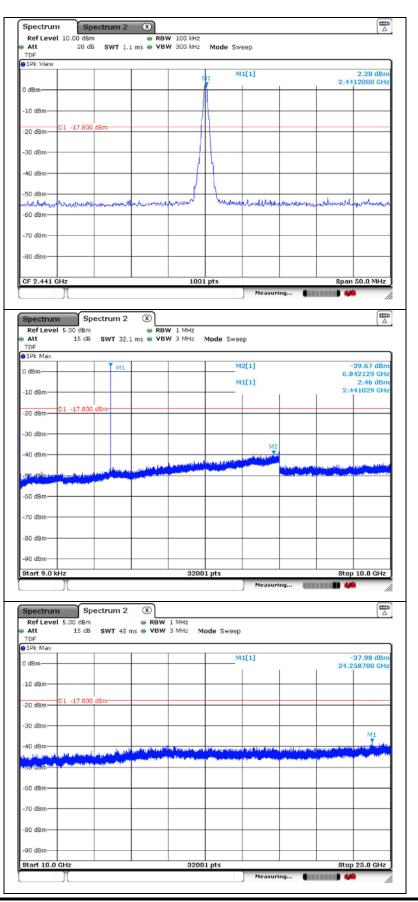
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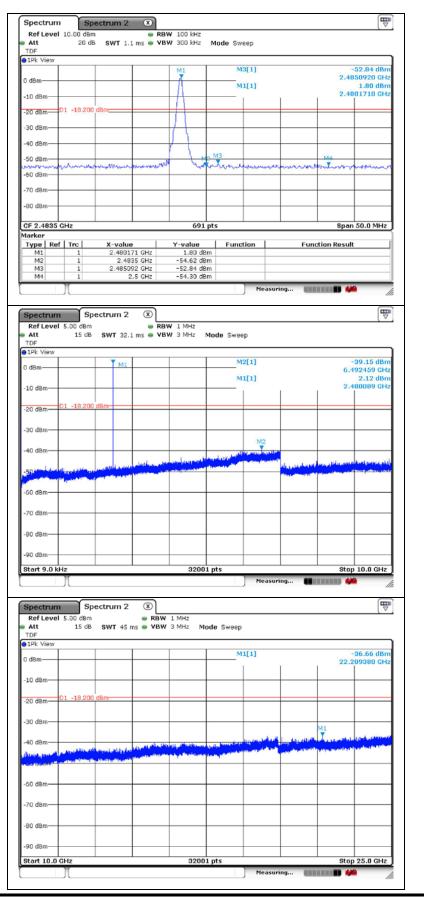






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High channel



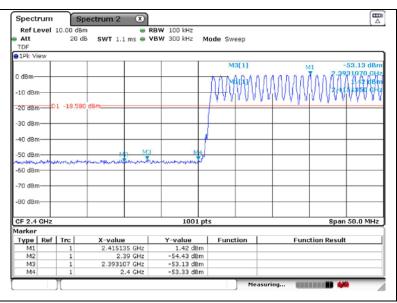


Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878



Operating Mode: GFSK (1 Mbps)_hopping function turned on Band edge compliance

Low channel



High channel

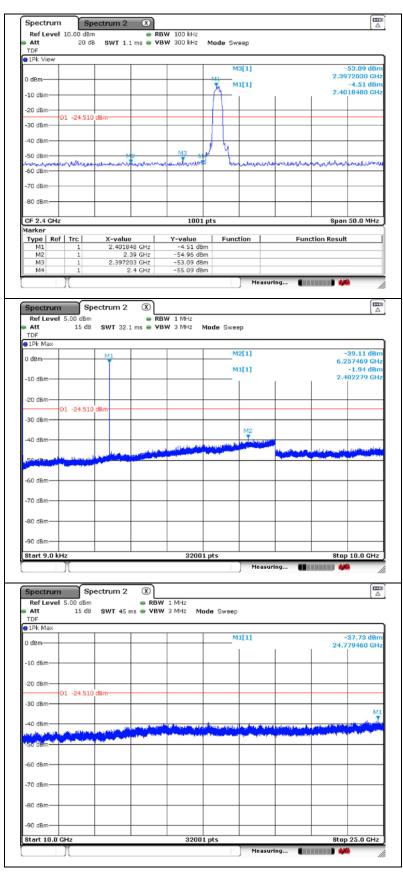
Spect	rum	S	pectrum 2 🛛 🗶				
	evel	10.00 dBr		RBW 100 kHz			
Att 🗧		20 d	B SWT 1.1 ms 🖷 🕅	VBW 300 kHz M	ode Sweep		
TDF							
●1Pk M	ax						
				M1	M3[1]		1.40 dBn
C dBm-	1 0 0	1001	A A A A A A A A A	1 Alda			0450 GH:
MAHI	1 M	AHAI	wannaanaa	uwu i	M1[1]		2.36 dBn
-10 dBg	ΨH	₽₽₽₽	*******			2.479	2040 GH
	-	1 -17.64	dBm				
-20 dBm							
-30 dBm							
-30 UBI							
-40 dBm							
					Ma		
-50 dBm	-			land	munteren	M4	man warmen the
						and a second	and the second s
-60 dBm							
-70 dBm							
-70 080	·						
-80 dBm							
CF 2.4	335 G	Hz		1001 pt	s	Span S	50.0 MHz
Marker							
Туре	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result	
M1		1	2.479204 GHz	2.36 dBm			
M2		1	2.4835 GHz	-53.64 dBm			
M3		1	2.488045 GHz	-51.40 dBm			
M4		1	2.5 GHz	-52.65 dBm			
					Me	asuring 📰 🗰 🚧	



Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

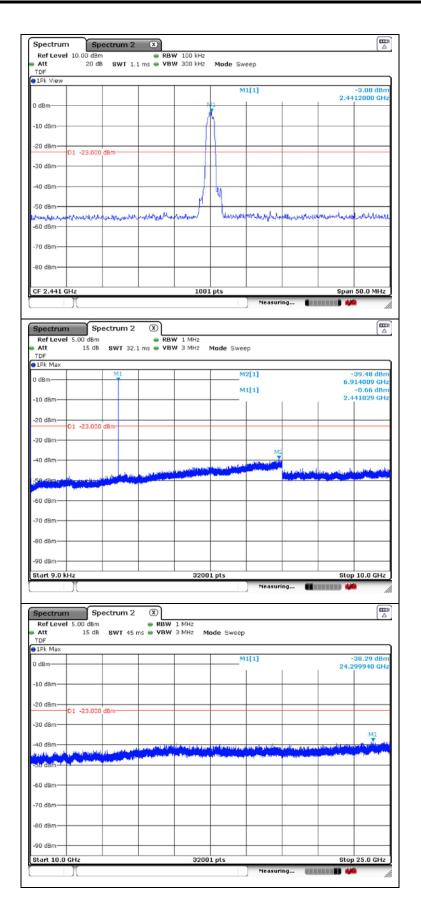
Operating Mode: 8DPSK (3 Mbps)_hopping function turned off

Low channel





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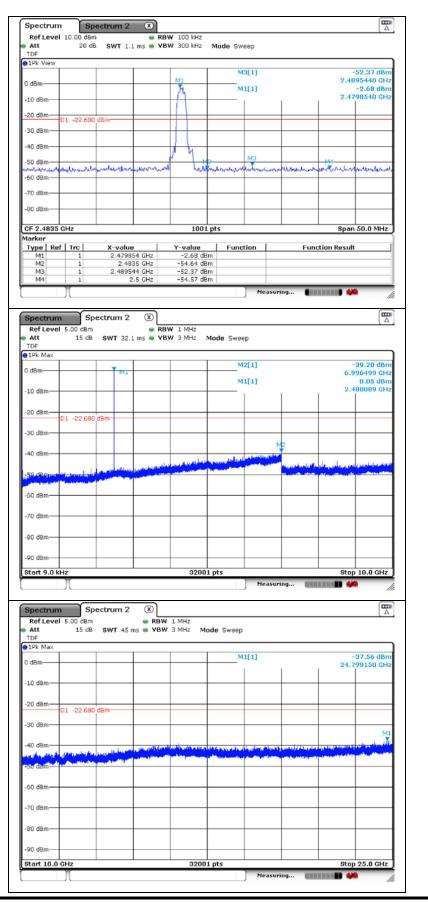
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High channel

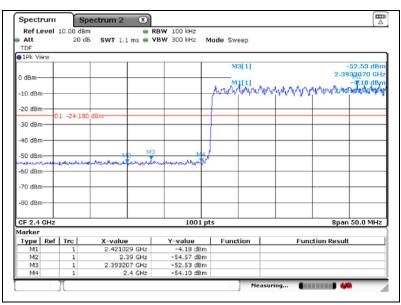




Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

Operating Mode: 8DPSK (3 Mbps)_hopping function turned on Band edge compliance

Low channel



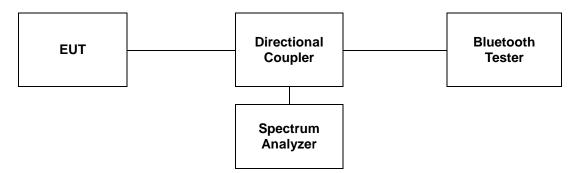
High channel

Spect		10.00 dBm	ectrum 2	× RB		o luur						
Att	ever	20 dB		ms = VB			Mode Sw					
TDF		20 Ub	SWI 1.1	ms 🖷 🖬 D	W SU	JU KH2	mode Sw	eeb				
01Pk M	av											
21 11 111	-				T		M	3[1]			-	-51.36 dBm
0 dBm-		M1						of all				965370 GH
		L	MAMAN	Andres	0.0		M	1[1]				-2.52 dBn
-10 dBm	8m	and a start	A PLA A HAVE A	444W	de de la	1					2.4	680150 GH
-10 000	` _											1
-20 dBm			10			+		<u> </u>				
	- 0	1 -22.520	dBm									
-30 dBm	-				+							
												1
-40 dBm					-	4						
-50 dBm						MP				M3	M4	
50 000						limeter	annormalistic	ensine	manen	about	maillangular	mannetinde
-60 dBm					-							
												1
-70 dBm	-				-			-				+
-80 dBm												1
-90 asu												
CF 2.48	335 G	Hz				1001 p	ots				Spar	n 50.0 MHz
Marker		- 1					1 -					
	Ref		X-value	5.011-		zalue 2.52 dBm	Func	tion		Fun	ction Resul	t
M1 M2		1	2.46801	5 GHz 5 GHz		2.52 dBm 3.56 dBm						
M2 M3		1	2.4953			1.36 dBm						
M4		1		5 GHz		3.62 dBm						
		1						-	asuring			



3. 20 dB Bandwidth and 99 % Bandwidth

3.1. Test Setup



3.2. Limit

Limit: Not Applicable

3.3. Test Procedure

3.3.1. 20 dB **Bandwidth**

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013.

The 20 dB bandwidth was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency.

Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

- 1. Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth.
- 2. RBW \geq 1 % to 5 % of the 20 dB bandwidth.
- 3. VBW \ge 3 x RBW
- 4. Sweep = auto
- 5. Detector = peak
- 6. Trace = max hold

The marker-to-peak function to set the mark to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.



3.3.2. 99 % Bandwidth

• The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.

• The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.

• The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the actual occupied / x $\rm dB$ bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99 % emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99 % emission bandwidth).



Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature: (23 ± 1) °CRelative humidity: 47 % R.H.

Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (₩z)	20 dB Bandwidth (₩z)	99 % Bandwidth (₩₂)
		Low	2 402	1.049	0.914
GFSK	1	Middle	2 441	1.049	0.914
		High	2 480	1.049	0.914
		Low	2 402	1.360	1.202
π/4DQPSK	2	Middle	2 441	1.349	1.208
		High	2 480	1.343	1.202
		Low	2 402	1.312	1.199
8DPSK	3	Middle	2 441	1.346	1.202
		High	2 480	1.325	1.202

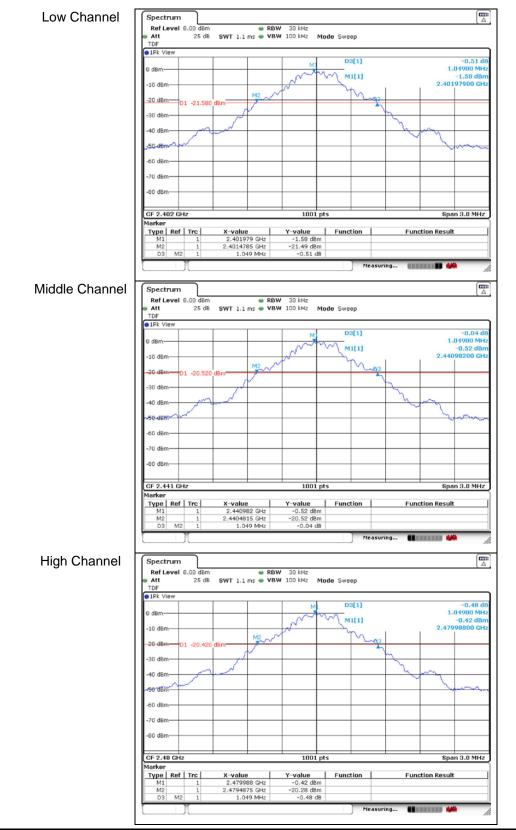


Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

- Test plots

20 dB Bandwidth

Operating Mode: GFSK





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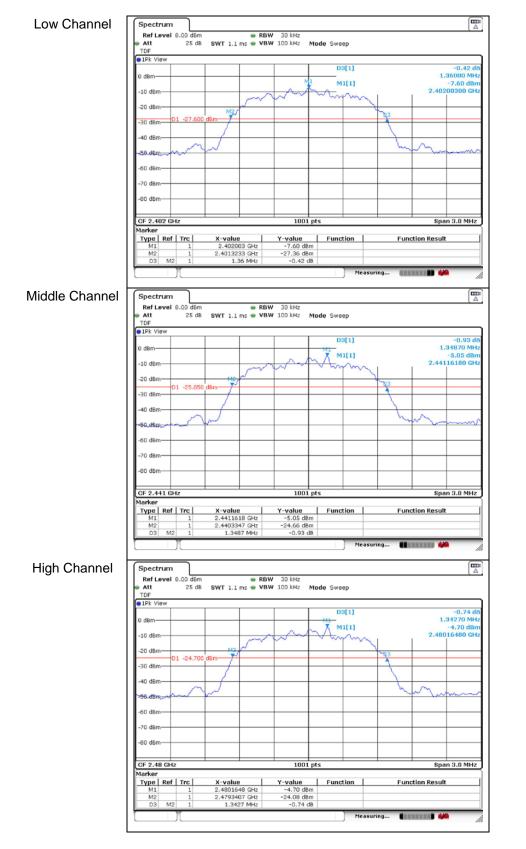
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Operating Mode: π/4DQPSK





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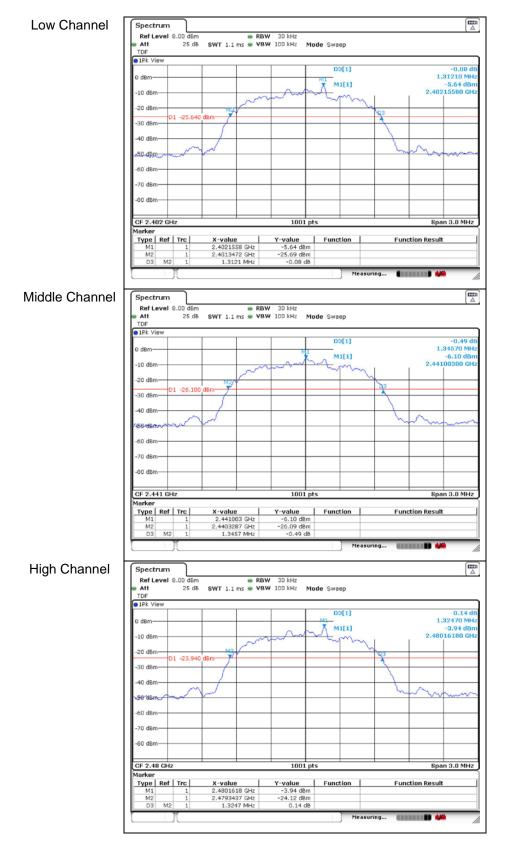
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Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

Operating Mode: 8DPSK

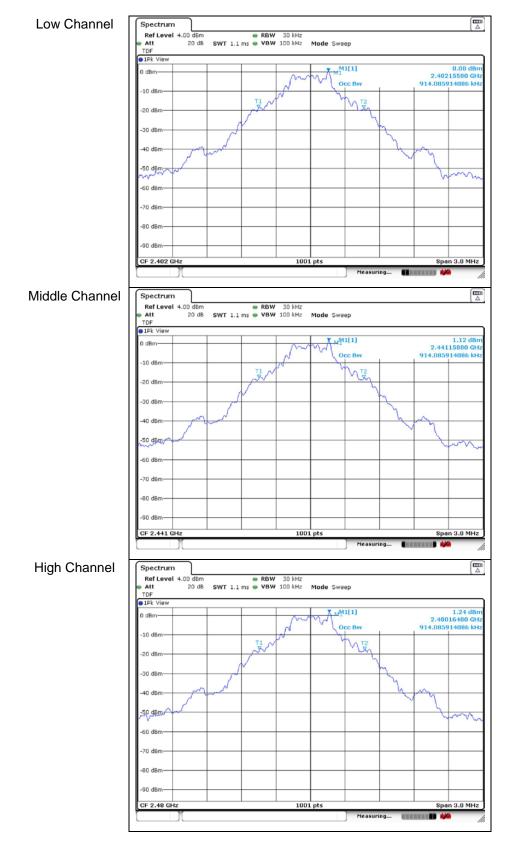




Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

99 % Bandwidth

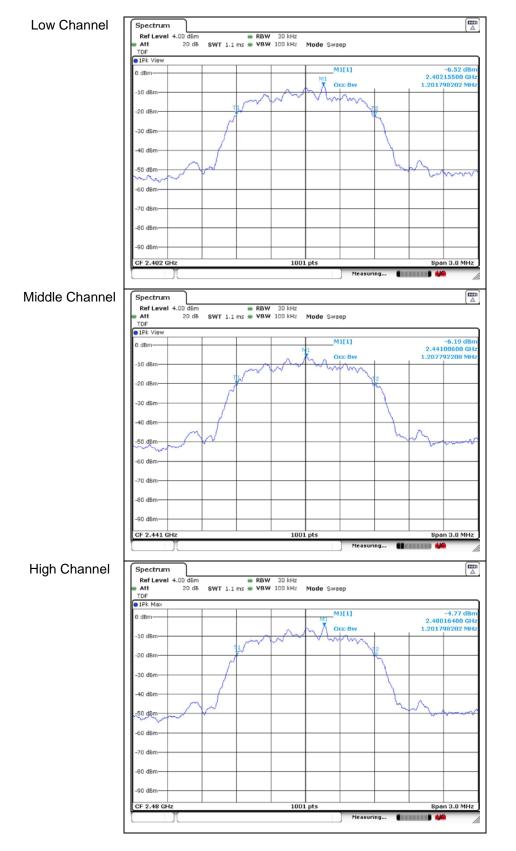
Operating Mode: GFSK





Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

Operating Mode: π/4DQPSK



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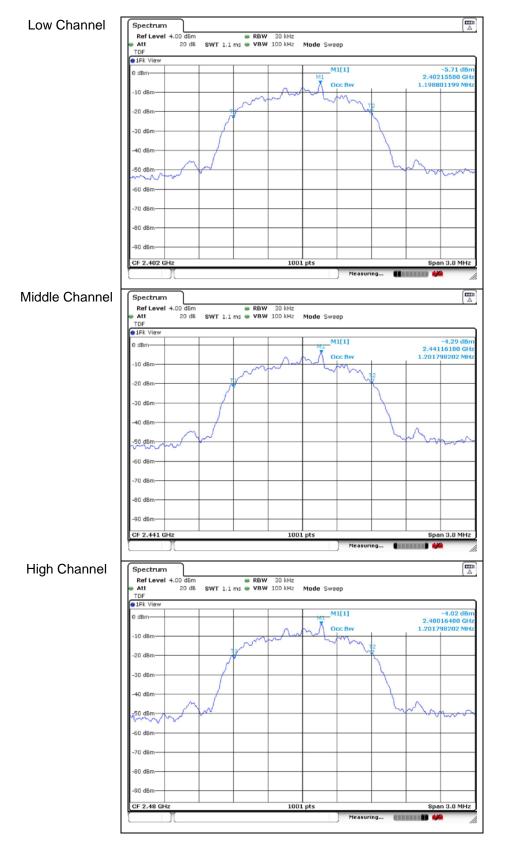
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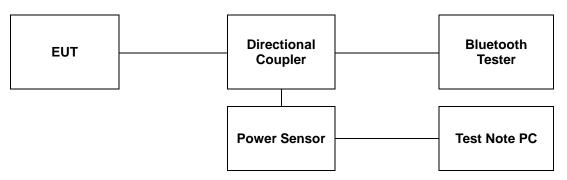
Operating Mode: 8DPSK





4. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

4.1. Test Setup



4.2. Limit

4.2.1. FCC

- 1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
- 2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400-2 483.5 Mb band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5 725-5 850 Mb band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2 400-2 483.5 Mb band: 0.125 watts.

4.2.2. IC

- 1. According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.1(b), FHSs shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 klb or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, FHSs operating in the band 2 400-2 483.5 Mb may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 klb or two thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W.
- 2. According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.4(b), for FHSs operating in the band 2 400-2 483.5 Mb, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

4.3. Test Procedure

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013. Using the power sensor instead of a spectrum analyzer.

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Power sensor.
- 3. Test program: (S/W name: R&S Power Viewer, Version: 3.2.0)
- 4. Measure peak power each channel.



Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

4.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature: (23 ± 1) °CRelative humidity: 47 % R.H.

Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (쌘)	Average Power Result (ⓓB m)	Peak Power Result (ⓓ m)	Limit (dB m)	
		Low	2 402	1.20	1.81		
GFSK	1	Middle	2 441	2.13	2.66		
		High	2 480	<u>2.34</u>	<u>2.89</u>		
		Low	2 402	-4.59	-1.14		
π/4DQPSK	π/4DQPSK 2	Middle	2 441	-2.96	0.15	20.97	
		High	2 480	<u>-2.52</u>	<u>0.44</u>		
		Low	2 402	-4.38	-0.88		
8DPSK	3	3	Middle	2 441	-2.98	0.34	
			High	2 480	<u>-2.58</u>	<u>0.72</u>	

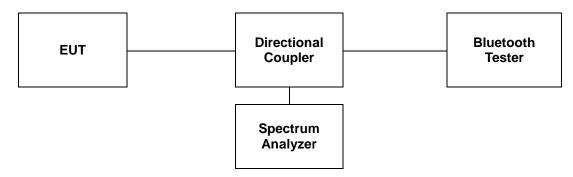
Remark;

In the case of AFH, the limit for peak power is 0.125 W.



5. Carrier Frequency Separation

5.1. Test Setup



5.2. Limit

5.2.1. FCC

15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

5.2.2. IC

According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.1(b), FHSs shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 klz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, FHSs operating in the band 2 400-2 483.5 Mlz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 klz or two thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W.

5.3. Test Procedure

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013.

The device is operating in hopping mode between 79 channels and also supporting Adaptive Frequency Hopping with hopping between 20 channels. As compared with each operating mode, 79 channels are

chosen as a representative for test.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- 1. Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
- 2. RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30 % of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- 3. VBW ≥ RBW
- 4. Sweep: Auto
- 5. Detector: Peak
- 6. Trace: Max hold
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the between the peaks of the adjacent channels.



Report Number: F690501-RF-RTL001878

5.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23 ±	⊾ 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

Operation Mode	Frequency (쌘)	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation (朏)	Two-third of 20 dB Bandwidth (朏)		
GFSK	2 441	1 000	699		
8DPSK	2 441	1 000	897		

Remark;

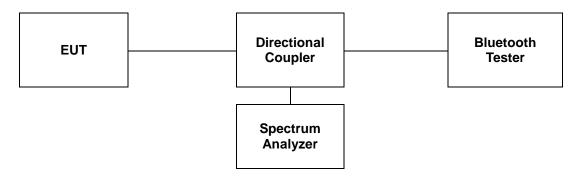
Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worst case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.

Operation Mode: GFSK	Operation Mode: 8DPSK				
Spectrum	Spectrum				
Ref Level 10.00 dBm @ RBW 300 kHz @ Att 30 dB SWT 1 ms @ VBW 300 kHz Mode Sweep TOF @ BTK View 00 SWC 00 kHz Mode Sweep	Ref Level 10.00 dBm RBW 300 kHz Att 30 dB SWT 1 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Sweep TDF G1Pk View SWT 1 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Sweep				
0 dgm -0.17 dB 0 dgm 1.00000 MHz 10 dgm 2.2010 gm 10 dgm 2.44100000 Gzy	0 dBm				
-20 dBm	-20 dem				
-40 dBm	-40 d8m				
-50 dBm	-60 dBm				
-80 dBm	-80 d8m				
CF 2.441 GHz Span 5.0 MHz	OF 2.441 GHz 1001 pts Span 5.0 MHz Measuring Measuring Measuring Measuring				



6. Number of Hopping Frequencies

6.1. Test Setup



6.2. Limit

6.2.1. FCC

§15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2 400-2 483.5 Mb band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

6.2.2. IC

According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.1(d), FHSs operating in the band 2 400-2 483.5 Mb shall use at least 15 hopping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds, multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that at least 15 hopping channels are used.

6.3. Test Procedure

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013.

The device supports Adaptive Frequency Hopping and will use a minimum of 20 channels of the 79 available channels.

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- 1. Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
- 2. RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30 % of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- 3. VBW ≥ RBW
- 4. Sweep: Auto
- 5. Detector function: Peak
- 6. Trace: Max hold
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize.



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6.4. Test Results

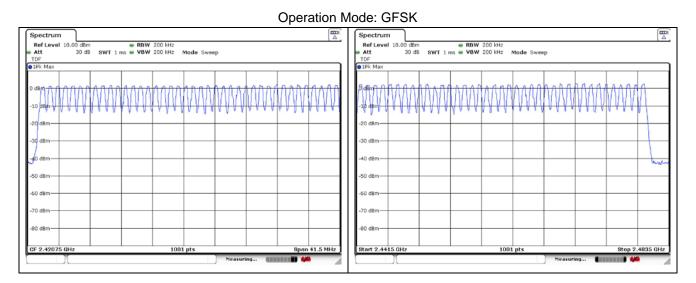
Ambient temperature	:	(23 :	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

Operation Mode	Number of Hopping Frequency	Limit
GFSK	79	≥ 15
8DPSK	79	≥ 15

Remark;

Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worst case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.

- Test plots



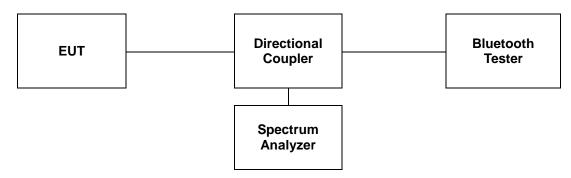
Operation Mode: 8DPSK

Spectrum			Spectrum				
TDF	RBW 200 kHz ms VBW 200 kHz Mode Sweep		TDF	■ RBW 200 kHz s ■ VBW 200 kHz Mode Sweep			
1Pk Max	PFk Max PIFk Max						
0 dBm	monorm	www.www.www	O dBm	www.www.www	monorman		
-20 dBm			-10 dBm				
-30 dBm			-30 dBm		human		
-50 dBm			-50 dBm				
-70 dBm			-70 dBm				
-80 dBm Start 2.4 GHz	1001 pts	Stop 2.4415 GHz	-80 dBm Start 2.4415 GHz	1001 pts	Stop 2.4835 GHz		
		Measuring 🇰 🗰 🥼		Measur	ing 🚺 🗰 🦊		



7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

7.1. Test Set up



7.2. Limit

7.2.1. FCC

15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2 400-2 483.5 Mb band, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a 31.6 second period.

7.2.2. IC

According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.1(d), FHSs operating in the band 2 400-2 483.5 Mb shall use at least 15 hopping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds, multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that at least 15 hopping channels are used.

A period time = 0.4 (s) * 79 = 31.6 (s)

*Adaptive Frequency Hopping

A period time = 0.4 (s) * 20 = 8 (s)



7.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section. The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable.
- 3. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
- 4. The Bluetooth has 3 type of payload, DH1, DH3, DH5 and 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5. The hopping rate is insisted of 1 600 per second.

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

- 1. Span = Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- 2. RBW = 1 ₩±.
- 3. VBW ≥ RBW.
- 4. Sweep = As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel.
- 5. Detector = Peak.
- 6. Trace = Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation, then repeat this test for each variation.



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7.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

7.4.1. Packet Type: DH1, 3DH1

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (᠋ɪs)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (IIIS)		
GFSK	2 441	0.38	121.60	400		
8DPSK	2 441	0.38	121.60	400		

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $0.38 \times \{(1 \ 600 \div 2) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 121.60 \text{ ms} \}$

	Opera	tion Mo	ode: GFS	K				0	perat	ion M	ode:	8DPS	SK	
Spectrum Ref Level 12.00 dBm Att 30 dB s SGL TDF 1Pk Clrw	● RB ● SWT 12 ms ● VB		D2[1]		-0.07 dB		el 12.00 dB	m HB - SWT 1:		W 1 MHz W 1 MHz	N	11[1]		-3.15 dBm
0 dBm -10 dBm -20 dBm -20 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -70 dBm	Law Pru	MI 02	Aug under	Man I	38-0.09 -2,22 dbn 3.5800 m	0 dBm -10 dBm -20 dBm -30 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -70 dBm	unitation of the second s	styl ^k inger	nymuid	l dental	020			5.7960 ms 1.48 dB _*984.0 μs
-90 dBm		1001 p	ts Read	у (1111)	1.2 ms/	-80 dBm-	GHz			100	L pts	Read	ly an	 1.2 ms/

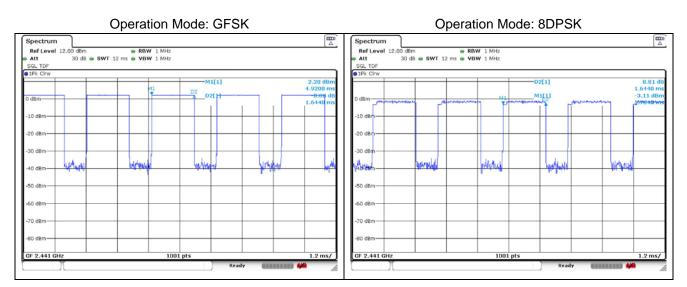


7.4.2. Packet Type: DH3, 3DH3

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (ns)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ns)	
GFSK	2 441	1.64	262.40	400	
8DPSK	2 441	1.64	262.40	400	

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: 1.64 x {(1 600 \div 4) / 79} x 31.6 = 262.40 ms



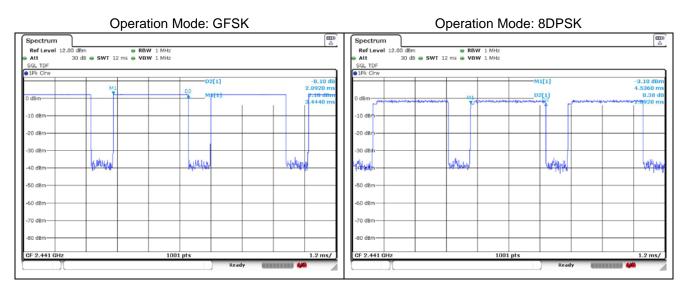


7.4.3. Packet Type: DH5, 3DH5

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (IIS)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)		
GFSK	2 441	2.89	308.27	400		
8DPSK	2 441	2.89	308.27	400		

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $2.89 \times \{(1 \text{ 600} \div 6) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 308.27 \text{ ms} \}$



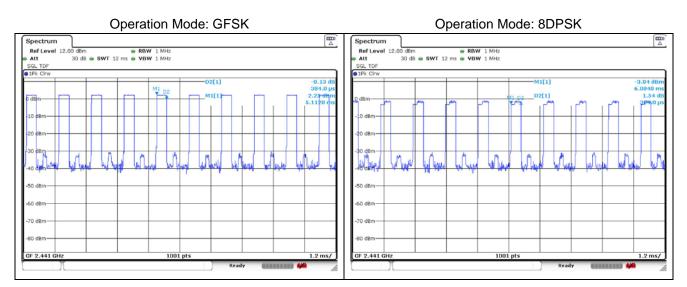


7.4.4. Packet Type: DH1, 3DH1 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (᠋ɪs)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	0.38	60.80	400
8DPSK	2 441	0.38	60.80	400

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $0.38 \times \{(800 \div 2) / 20\} \times 8 = 60.80$ ms



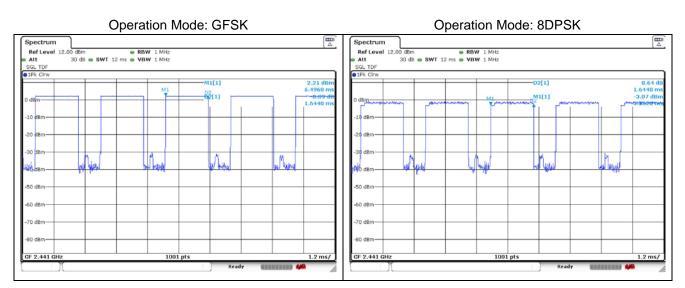


7.4.5. Packet Type: DH3, 3DH3 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (᠋ɪs)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	1.64	131.20	400
8DPSK	2 441	1.64	131.20	400

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $1.64 \times \{(800 \div 4) / 20\} \times 8 = 131.20$ ms





7.4.6. Packet Type: DH5, 3DH5 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (᠋ɪs)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	2.89	154.13	400
8DPSK	2 441	2.90	154.67	400

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK: $2.89 \times \{(800 \div 6) / 20\} \times 8 = 154.13 \text{ ms}$ In case of 8DPSK: $2.90 \times \{(800 \div 6) / 20\} \times 8 = 154.67 \text{ ms}$

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK

Spectrum Spectrum 0 dBm • RBW 1 MHz 30 dB • SWT 12 ms • VBW 1 MHz Ref Level 12. Ref Level 12.0 Att SGL 1Pk M1 11 D2[1] 0.99 Ju An L1 h J. a Ab 50 d 50 de 50 dE 80 dBn 80 dBm 1.2 m 1001 pt 1001 pt CF 2.441 1.2 m F 2.441

Operation Mode: 8DPSK



8. Antenna Requirement

8.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section \$15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section \$15.247(b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB i are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dB i.

8.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is Pattern antenna with gain of -0.18 dB i

- End of the Test Report -