



TEST REPORT



DT&C Co., Ltd.

42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 17042
Tel : 031-321-2664, Fax : 031-321-1664

1. Report No : DRTFCC1902-0036
2. Customer
 - Name : HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD.
 - Address : 203, Teheran-ro Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea, 135-977
3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant
4. Product Name / Model Name : DIGITAL CAR AVN SYSTEM / ATC40DLAN
FCC ID : TQ8-ATC40DLAN
5. Test Method Used : ANSI C63.10-2013
Test Specification : FCC Part 15 Subpart C.247
6. Date of Test : 2018.11.26 ~ 2018.12.05
7. Testing Environment : See appended test report.
8. Test Result : Refer to the attached test result.

Affirmation	Tested by	Reviewed by
	Name : InHee Bae 	Name : GeunKi Son 

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2019 . 02 . 20.

DT&C Co., Ltd.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1902-0036	Feb. 20, 2019	Initial issue

Table of Contents

1. General Information	4
1.1 Testing Laboratory	4
1.2 Testing Environment	4
1.3 Measurement Uncertainty.....	4
1.4 Details of Applicant	5
1.5 Description of EUT	5
1.6 Declaration by the applicant / manufacturer	5
1.7 Information about the FHSS characteristics.....	6
1.8 Test Equipment List.....	7
1.9 Summary of Test Results.....	8
1.10 Conclusion of worst-case and operation mode.....	9
2. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement	10
2.1 Test Setup	10
2.2 Limit.....	10
2.3 Test Procedure.....	10
2.4 Test Results	11
3. 20 dB BW	17
3.1 Test Setup	17
3.2 Limit.....	17
3.3 Test Procedure.....	17
3.4 Test Results	17
4. Carrier Frequency Separation	23
4.1 Test Setup	23
4.2 Limit.....	23
4.3 Procedure.....	23
4.4 Test Results	23
5. Number of Hopping Frequencies	28
5.1 Test Setup	28
5.2 Limit.....	28
5.3 Procedure.....	28
5.4 Test Results	28
6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	34
6.1 Test Setup	34
6.2 Limit.....	34
6.3 Test Procedure.....	34
6.4 Test Results	34
7. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	39
7.1 Test Setup	39
7.2 Limit.....	39
7.3. Test Procedures.....	40
7.3.1. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions	40
7.3.2. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions.....	41
7.4. Test Results	42
7.4.1. Radiated Emissions.....	42
7.4.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions	45
8. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission	69
8.1 Test Setup	69
8.2 Limit.....	69
8.3 Test Procedures.....	69
8.4 Test Results	69
9. Antenna Requirement	70
APPENDIX I	71
APPENDIX II	72

1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

DT&C Co., Ltd.		
The 3 m test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 17042. The test site complies with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2014.		
- FCC MRA Accredited Test Firm No. : KR0034		
www.dtnc.net		
Telephone	:	+ 82-31-321-2664
FAX	:	+ 82-31-321-1664

1.2 Testing Environment

Ambient Condition	
▪ Temperature	+20 °C ~ +25 °C
▪ Relative Humidity	38 % ~ 43 %

1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014 and ANSI C63.10-2013. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k = 2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

Test items	Measurement uncertainty
Transmitter Output Power	0.9 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)
Conducted spurious emission	1.0 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)
AC conducted emission	2.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz Below)	5.1 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)
Radiated spurious emission (18 GHz Above)	5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)

1.4 Details of Applicant

Applicant : HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD.
 Address : 203, Teheran-ro Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea, 135-977
 Contact person : Seung Hoon Choe

1.5 Description of EUT

EUT	DIGITAL CAR AVN SYSTEM
Model Name	ATC40DLAN
Add Model Name	NA
Hardware Version	1.0
Software Version	1.0
Power Supply	DC 14.4 V
Frequency Range	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Modulation Technique	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Number of Channels	79
Antenna Type	Dielectric Chip Antenna
Antenna Gain	PK :-0.1 dBi

1.6 Declaration by the applicant / manufacturer

- NA

1.7 Information about the FHSS characteristics

- This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following :

A) The hopping sequence is pseudorandom

Note 1 : Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 42, 54, 72, 09, 01, 11, 33, 41, 34, 42, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20,
36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 41, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43,
37, 45, 69, 77, 52, 71, 08, 24, 06, 24, 48, 56, 45, 46, 70, 01, 72, 06, 25, 33, 12, 28,
49, 60, 45, 58, 74, 13, 05, 18, 37, 49 etc

The System receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchroniztation with the transmit ted signals.

B) All channels are used equally on average

C) The receiver input bandwidth equals the transmit bandwidth

D) The receiver hops in sequence with the transmit signal

- 15.247(g) : In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.
- 15.247(h) : In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate its channels selection / hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.
- 15.247(h) : The EUT employs Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) which identifies sources of interference namely devices operating in 802.11 WLAN and excludes them from the list of available channels. The process of re-mapping reduces the number of test channels from 79 channels to a minimum number of 20 channels.

1.8 Test Equipment List

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	18/07/06	19/07/06	US47360812
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	18/07/09	19/07/09	MY46471251
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B	17/12/26	18/12/26	26030065WS
DC Power Supply	Agilent Technologies	66332A	17/12/27	18/12/27	US37473833
DC Power Supply	SMtechno	SDP30-5D	18/07/03	19/07/03	305DNF079
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	17/12/27	18/12/27	255571
Signal Generator	ANRITSU	MG3695C	18/02/12	19/02/12	173501
BlueTooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	17/12/26	18/12/26	3000C000396
Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	18/07/05	19/07/05	1701102
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	18/01/03	19/01/03	120612-1
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	18/01/03	19/01/03	120612-2
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	18/01/30	20/01/30	1513-128
BILOG ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160	18/07/13	20/07/13	3359
Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3117	18/05/10	20/05/10	00140394
Horn Antenna	A.H.Systems Inc.	SAS-574	17/07/31	19/07/31	155
PreAmplifier	Agilent Technologies	8449B	18/07/05	19/07/05	3008A02108
PreAmplifier	H.P	8447D	17/12/26	18/12/26	2944A07774
Highpass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX12-2580-3000-18000-80SS	18/07/05	19/07/05	3
Highpass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHNX6-6320-8000-26500-40CC	18/07/05	19/07/05	1
Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	ML2495A MA2490B	18/07/04	19/07/04	1338003 1249304
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde Schwarz	ESR7	18/02/13	19/02/13	101061
Cable	Radiall	TESTPRO3	18/07/06	19/07/06	M-01
Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	18/07/06	19/07/06	M-03
Cable	Junkosha	MWX315	18/11/19	19/11/19	M-05
Cable	Junkosha	MWX221	18/11/19	19/11/19	M-06
Cable	DT&C	Cable	18/07/05	19/07/05	RF-55

Note1: The measurement antennas were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017

Note2: The cable is not a regular calibration item, so it has been calibrated by DT & C itself.

1.9 Summary of Test Results

FCC Part RSS Std.	Parameter	Limit (Using in 2400~ 2483.5 MHz)	Test Condition	Status Note 1
15.247(a) RSS-247(5.1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	>= 25 kHz or >= Two thirds of the 20 dB BW, whichever is greater.	Conducted	C
	Number of Hopping Frequencies	>= 15 hops		C
	20 dB Bandwidth	N/A		C
	Dwell Time	=< 0.4 seconds		C
15.247(b) RSS-247(5.4)	Transmitter Output Power	For FCC =< 1 Watt , if CHs >= 75 Others =< 0.125 W For IC if CHs >= 75 =< 1 Watt For Conducted Power =< 4 Watt For e.i.r.p, Others =< 0.125 W For Conducted Power. =< 0.5 Watt For e.i.r.p		C
15.247(d) RSS-247(5.5)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	The radiated emission to any 100 kHz of out-band shall be at least 20 dB below the highest in-band spectral density.	C	
RSS Gen(6.7)	Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)	N/A		NA
15.247(d) 15.205 & 209 RSS-247(5.5) RSS-Gen (8.9 & 8.10)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	FCC 15.209 Limits	Radiated	C
15.207 RSS-Gen(8.8)	AC Conducted Emissions	FCC 15.207 Limits	AC Line Conducted	NA ^{Note3}
15.203	Antenna Requirements	FCC 15.203	-	C

Note 1 : **C** = Comply **NC** = Not Comply **NT** = Not Tested **NA** = Not Applicable

Note 2 : For radiated emission tests below 30 MHz were performed on semi-anechoic chamber which is correlated with OATS.

Note 3 : This device is installed in a car. Therefore the power source is a battery of car.

1.10 Conclusion of worst-case and operation mode

The EUT has three types of modulation (GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK). Therefore all applicable requirements were tested with all the modulations. And packet type was tested at the worst case(DH5).

Tested frequency information,

- Hopping Function : Enable

	TX Frequency (MHz)	RX Frequency (MHz)
Hopping Band	2402 ~ 2480	2402 ~ 2480

- Hopping Function : Disable

	TX Frequency (MHz)	RX Frequency (MHz)
Lowest Channel	2402	2402
Middle Channel	2441	2441
Highest Channel	2480	2480

2. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement

2.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

2.2 Limit

■ FCC Requirements

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following :

1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725 – 5805 MHz band : 1 Watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

■ IC Requirements

1. RSS-247(5.4) (b), For FHSS operating in the band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e)

2.3 Test Procedure

1. The RF output power was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.
2. The peak output power of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using ;
Span = approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
RBW \geq 20 dB BW
VBW \geq RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

2.4 Test Results

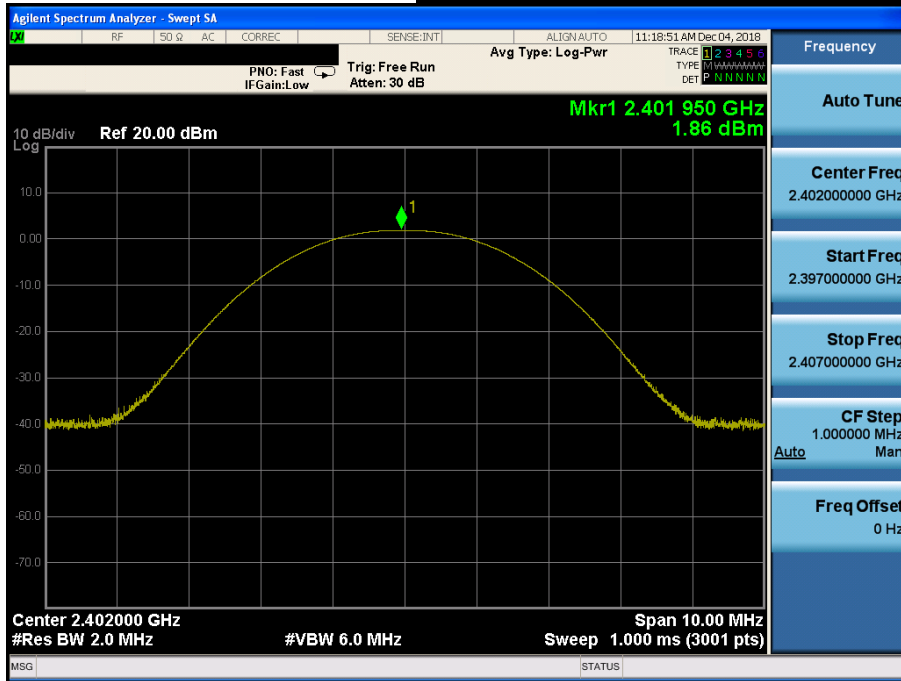
Modulation	Tested Channel	Frame Average Output Power		Peak Output Power	
		dBm	mW	dBm	mW
<u>GFSK</u>	Lowest	0.45	1.109	1.86	1.535
	Middle	1.14	1.300	2.65	1.841
	Highest	0.80	1.202	2.48	1.770
<u>$\pi/4$DQPSK</u>	Lowest	-1.12	0.773	2.30	1.698
	Middle	-0.47	0.897	3.40	2.188
	Highest	-0.79	0.834	2.84	1.923
<u>8DPSK</u>	Lowest	-1.14	0.769	2.74	1.879
	Middle	-0.48	0.895	3.95	2.483
	Highest	-0.80	0.832	3.33	2.153

Note 1 : The Frame average output power was tested using an average power meter for reference only.

Note 2 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

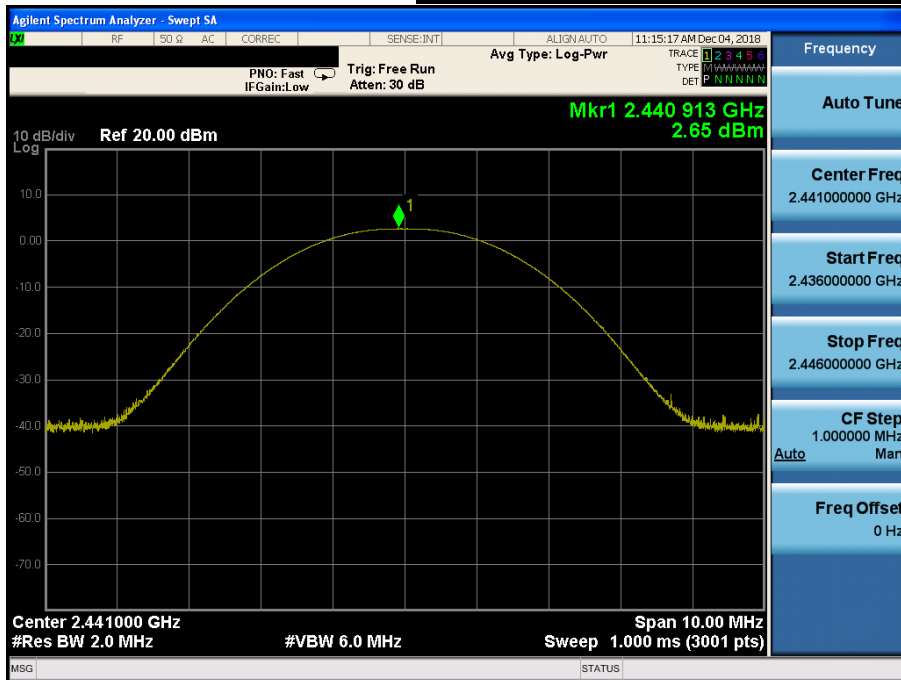
Peak Output Power

Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



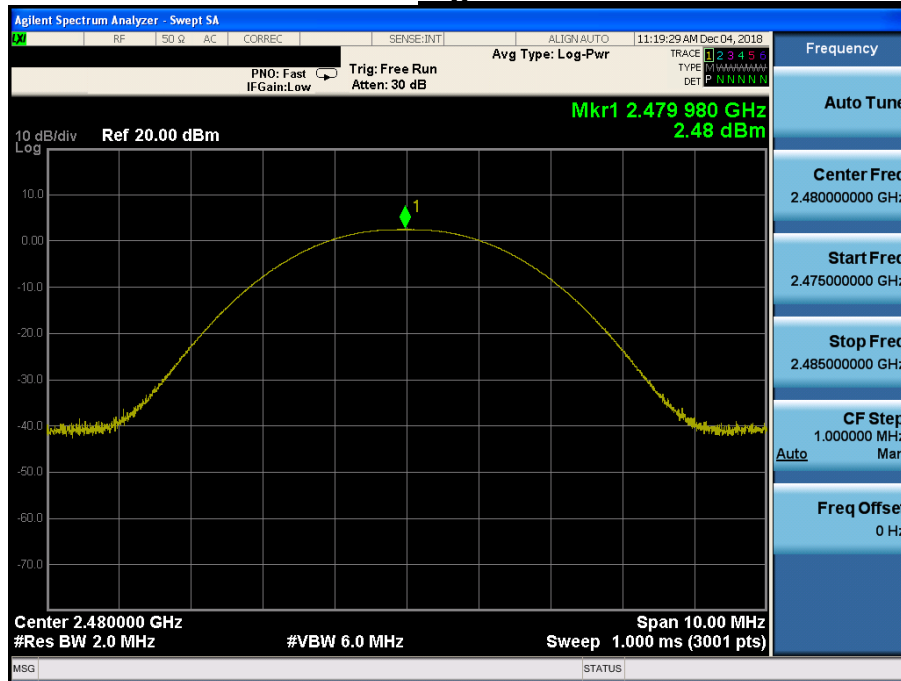
Peak Output Power

Middle Channel & Modulation : GFSK



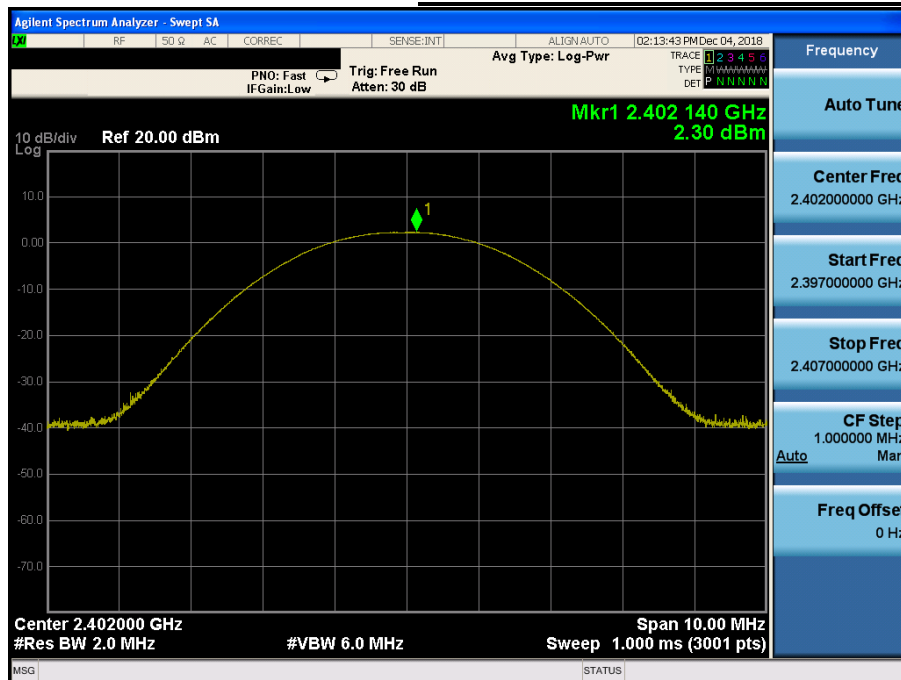
Peak Output Power

Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



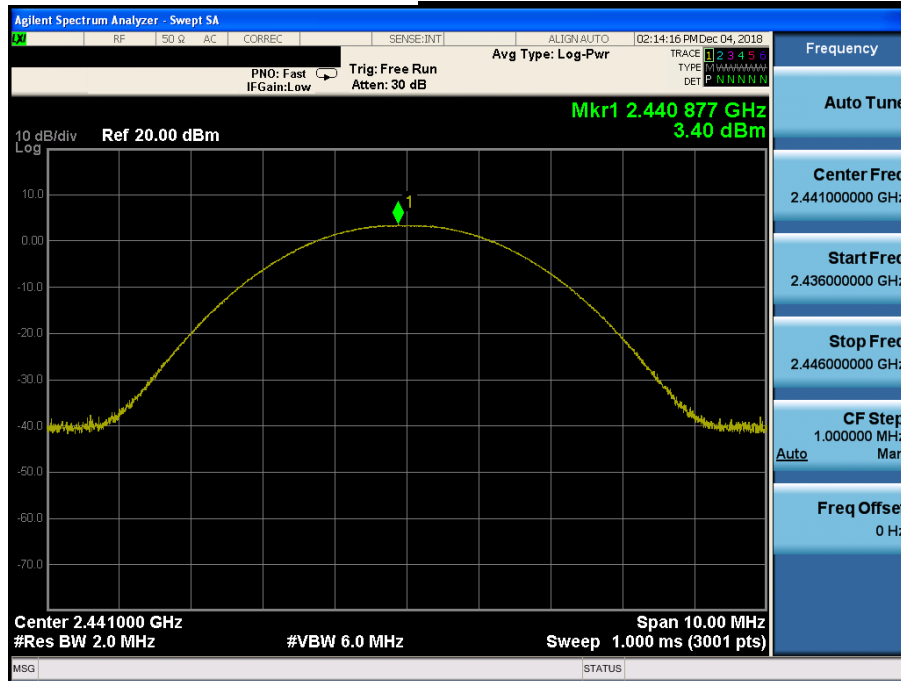
Peak Output Power

Lowest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



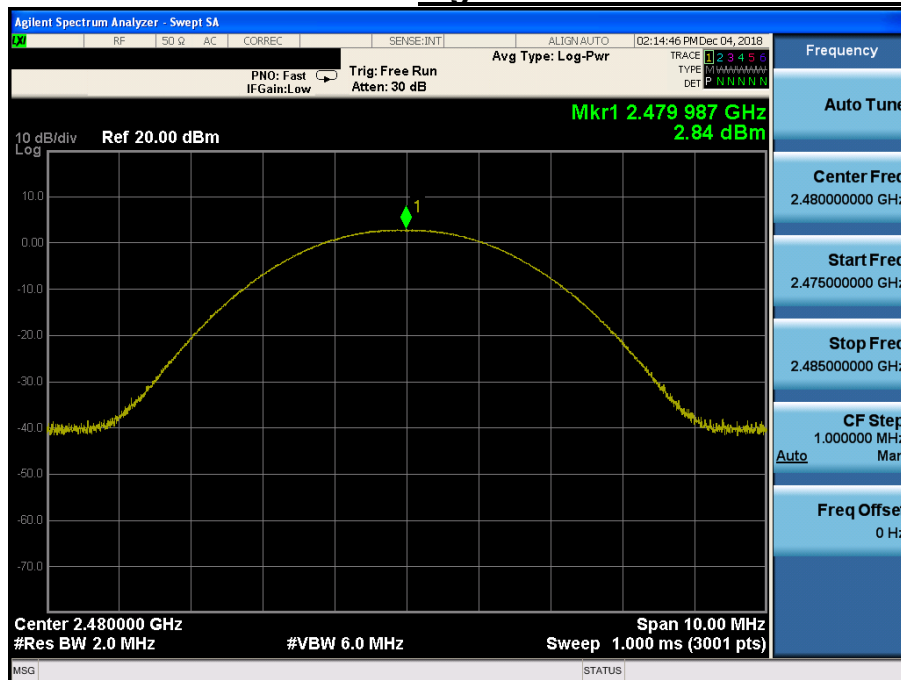
Peak Output Power

Middle Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



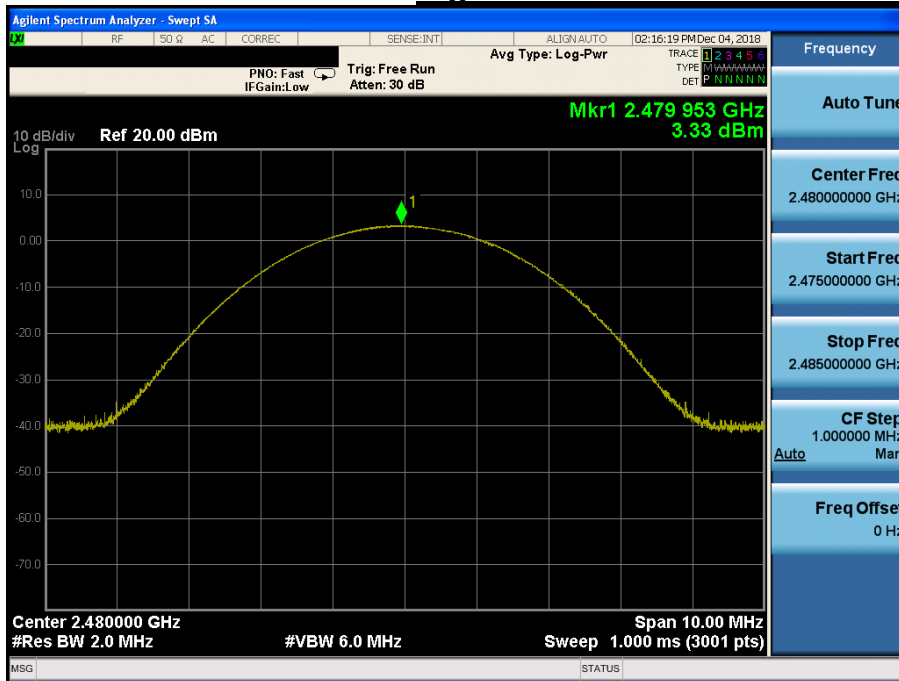
Peak Output Power

Highest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



Peak Output Power

Highest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



3. 20 dB BW

3.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.2 Limit

Limit : Not Applicable

3.3 Test Procedure

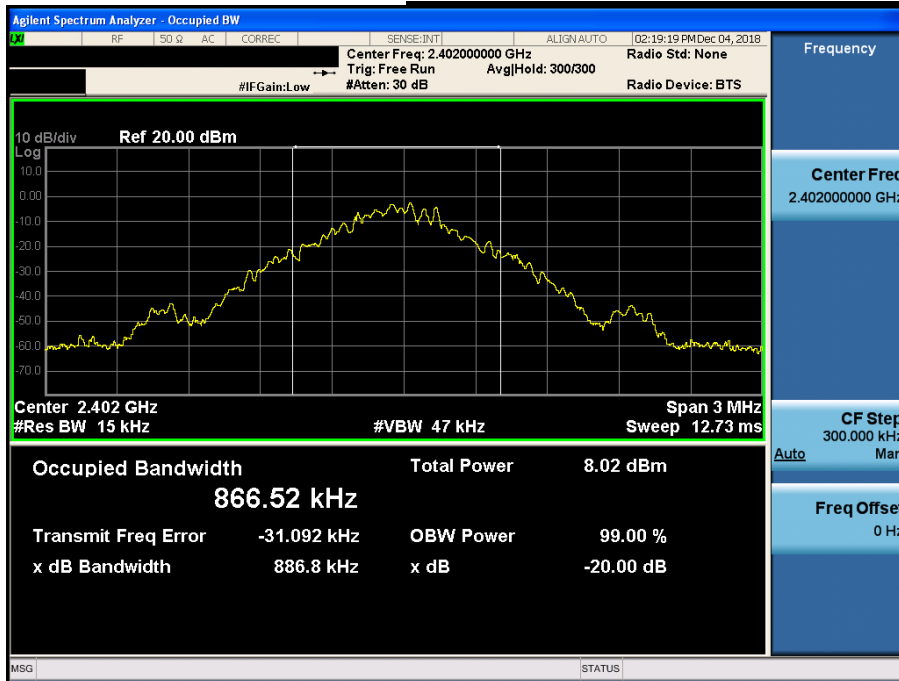
1. The 20 dB bandwidth & Occupied bandwidth were measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna Connector(conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using below setting:
 RBW = 1% to 5% of the 20 dB BW & Occupied BW
 VBW \geq 3 \times RBW
 Span = between two times and five times the 20 dB bandwidth & Occupied BW
 Sweep = auto
 Detector function = peak
 Trace = max hold

3.4 Test Results

Modulation	Tested Channel	20 dB BW (MHz)
<u>GFSK</u>	Lowest	0.887
	Middle	0.887
	Highest	0.889
<u>$\pi/4$DQPSK</u>	Lowest	1.312
	Middle	1.302
	Highest	1.285
<u>8DPSK</u>	Lowest	1.263
	Middle	1.264
	Highest	1.264

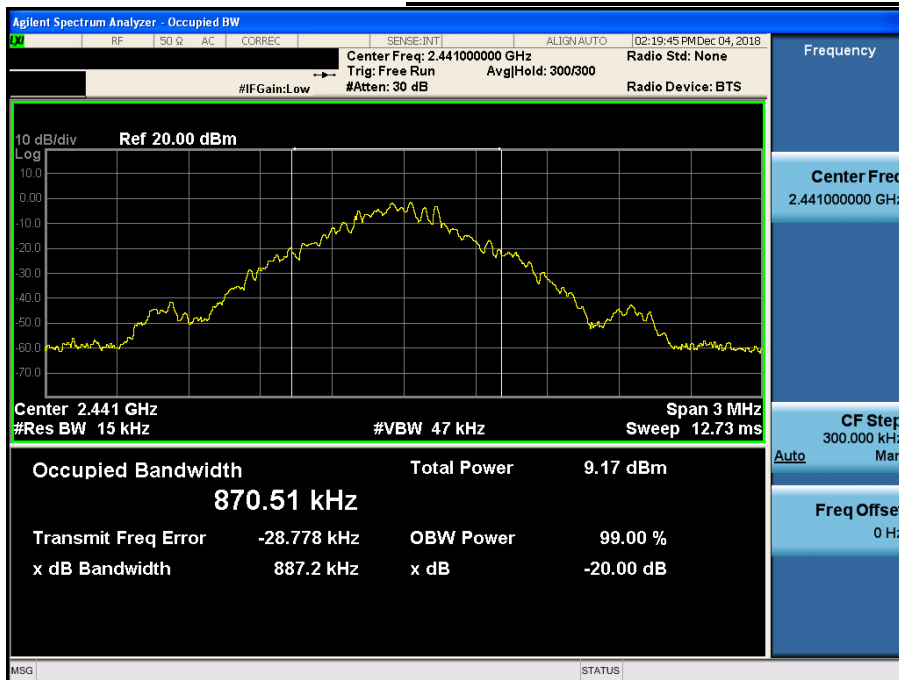
20 dB BW

Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



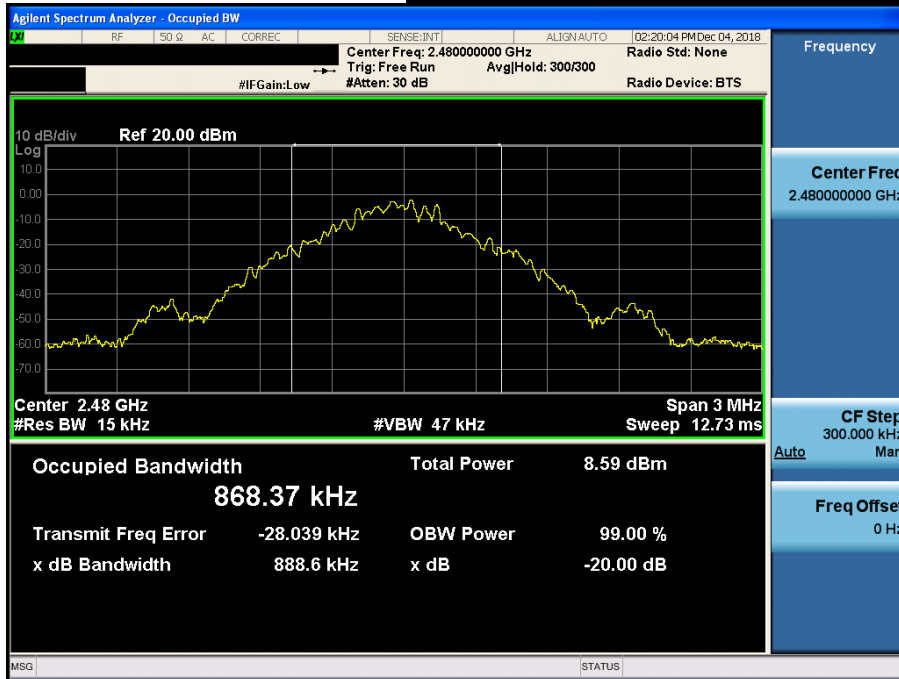
20 dB BW

Middle Channel & Modulation : GFSK



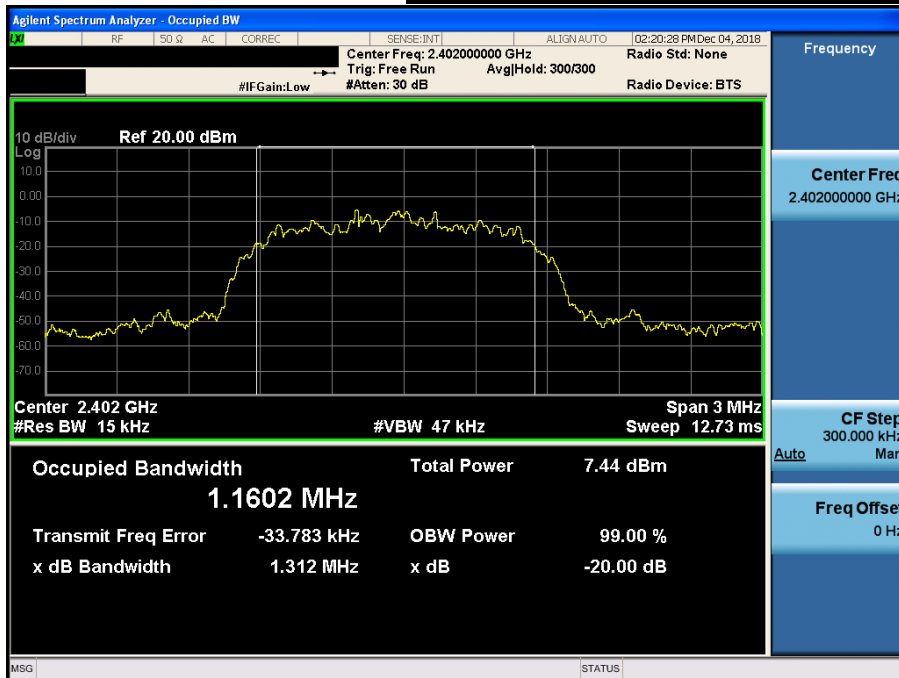
20 dB BW

Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



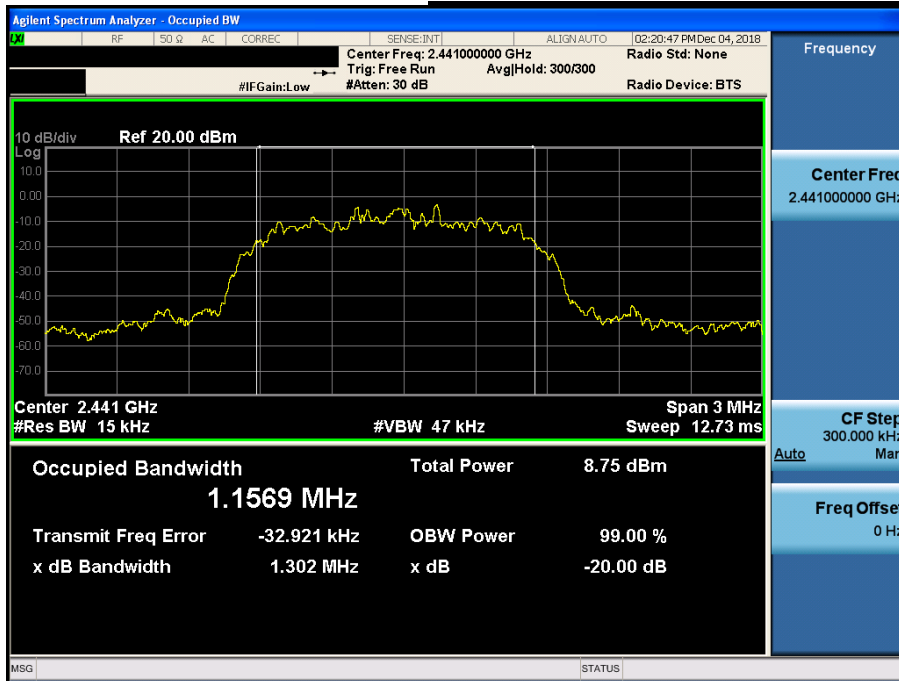
20 dB BW

Lowest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



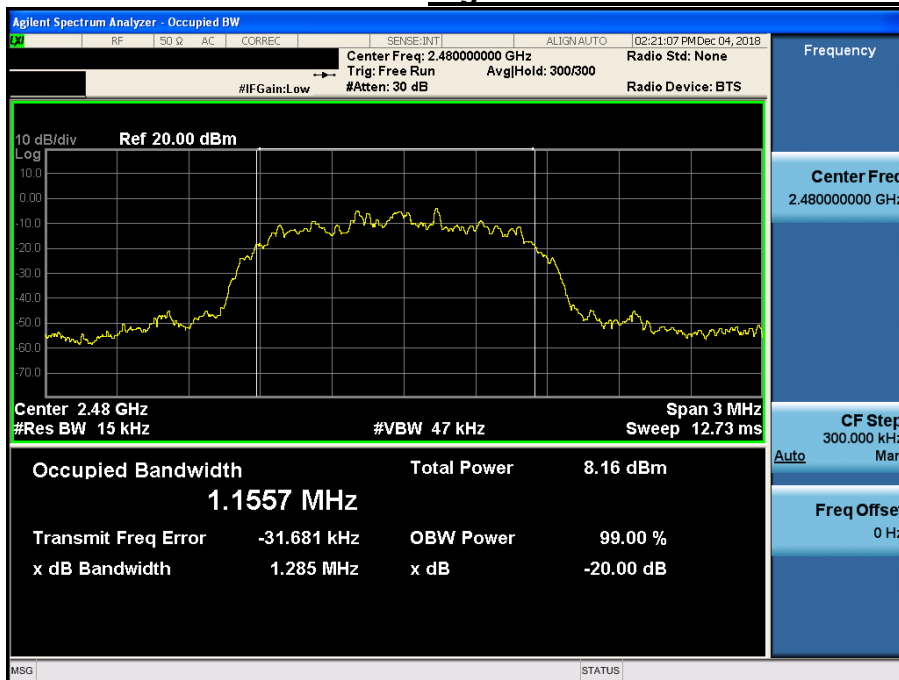
20 dB BW

Middle Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



20 dB BW

Highest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



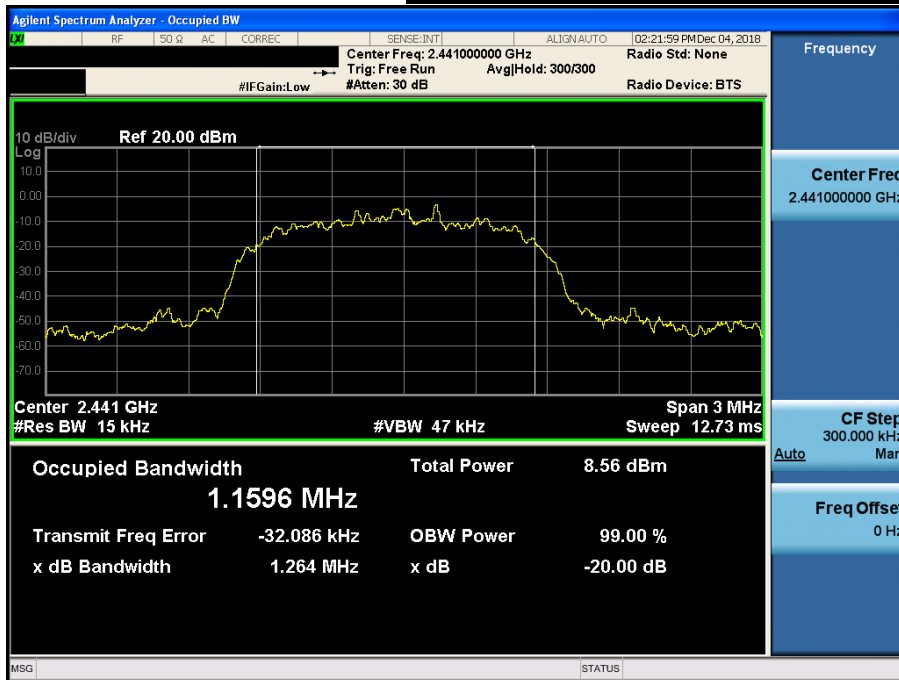
20 dB BW

Lowest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



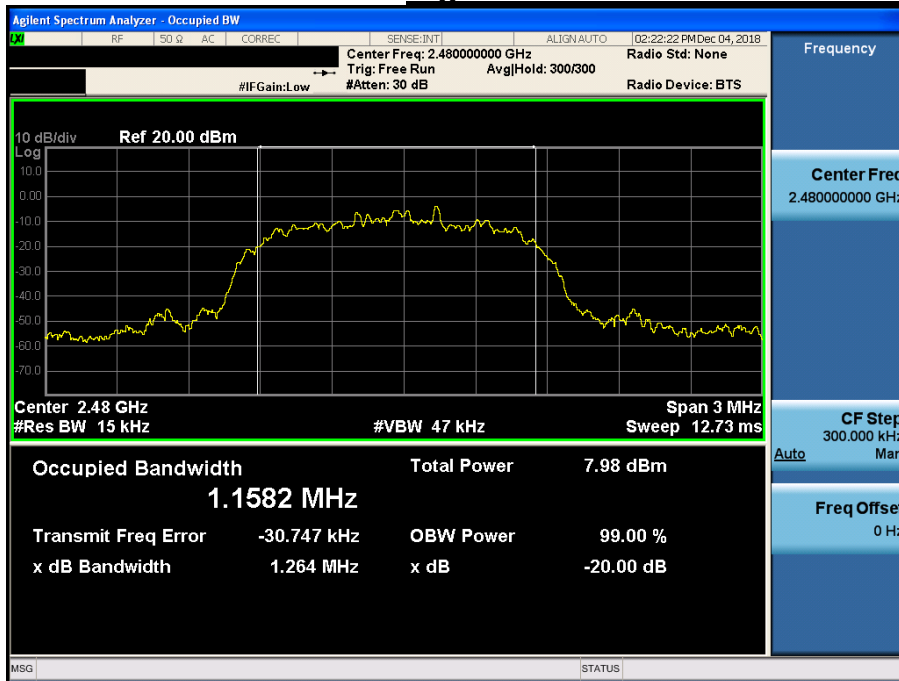
20 dB BW

Middle Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



20 dB BW

Highest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



4. Carrier Frequency Separation

4.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

4.2 Limit

Limit : ≥ 25 kHz or \geq Two-Thirds of the 20 dB BW whichever is greater.

4.3 Procedure

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker-delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW = Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

4.4 Test Results

FH mode

Hopping Mode	Modulation	Peak of center channel (MHz)	Peak of adjacent Channel (MHz)	Test Result (MHz)
Enable	GFSK	2440.977	2441.977	1.000
	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2440.976	2441.976	1.000
	8DPSK	2440.982	2441.982	1.000

AFH mode

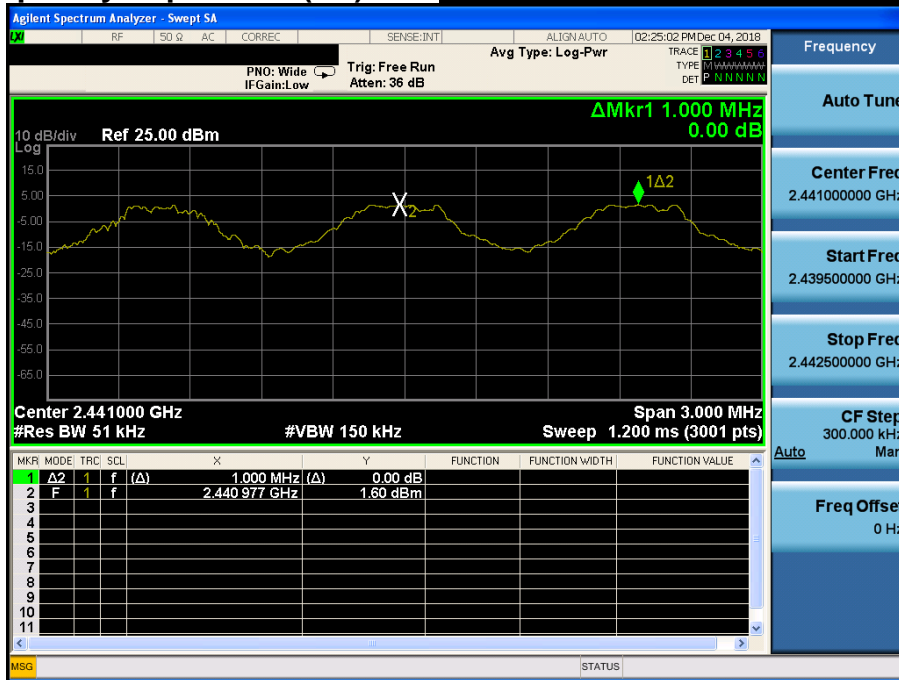
Hopping Mode	Modulation	Peak of center channel (MHz)	Peak of adjacent Channel (MHz)	Test Result (MHz)
Enable	GFSK	2410.976	2411.976	1.000
	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2410.988	2411.988	1.000
	8DPSK	2410.984	2411.984	1.000

Note 1 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum

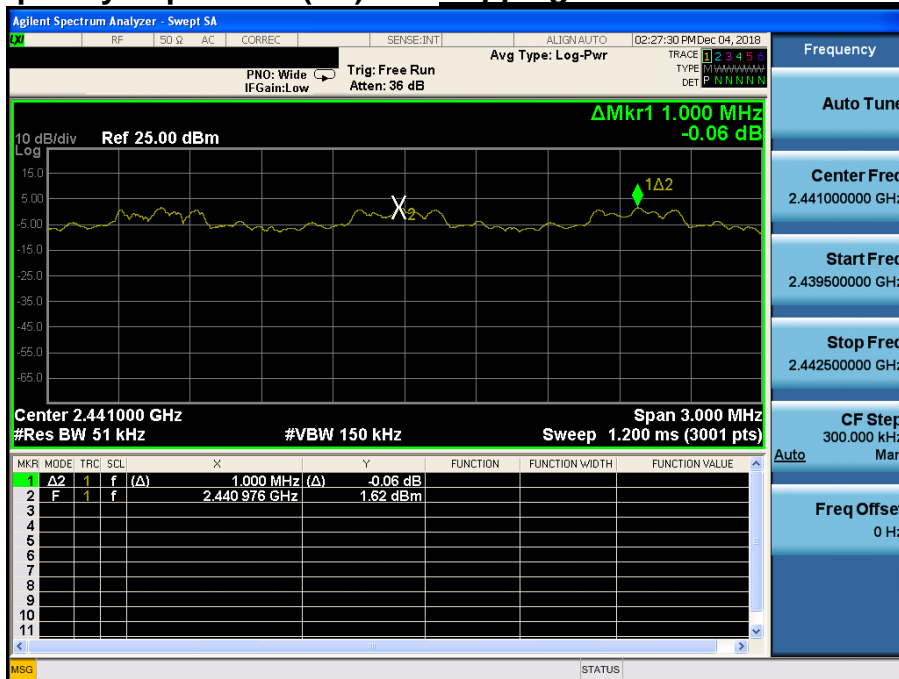
- Minimum Standard :

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 - 2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW

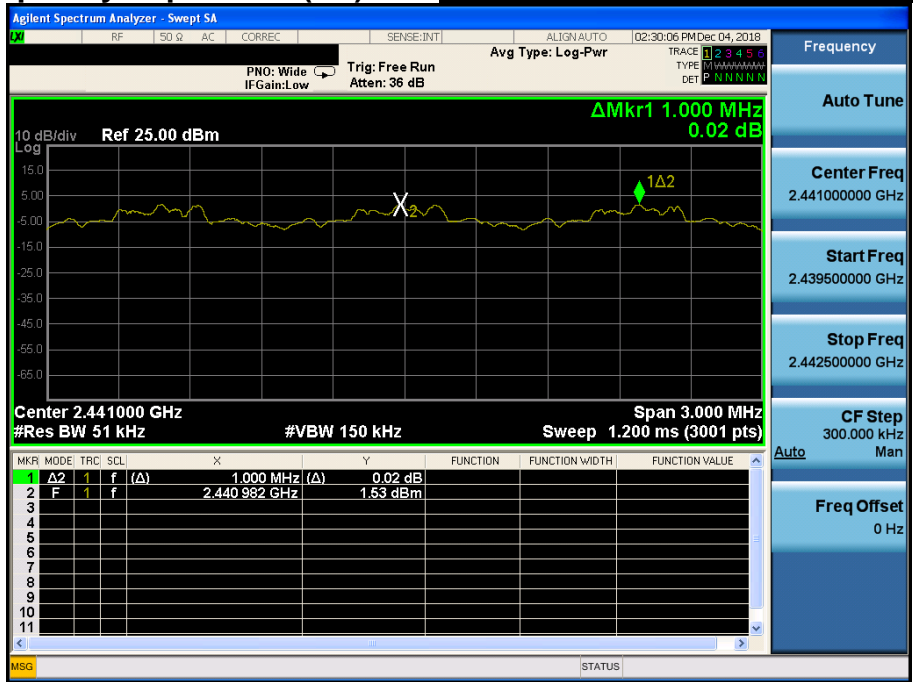
Carrier Frequency Separation (FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



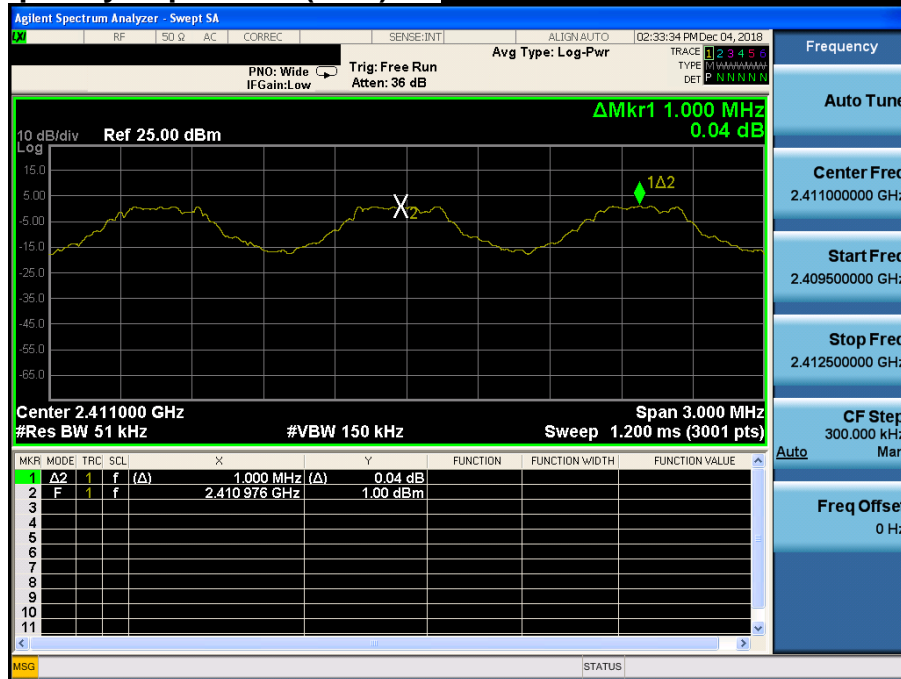
Carrier Frequency Separation (FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & π/4DQPSK*



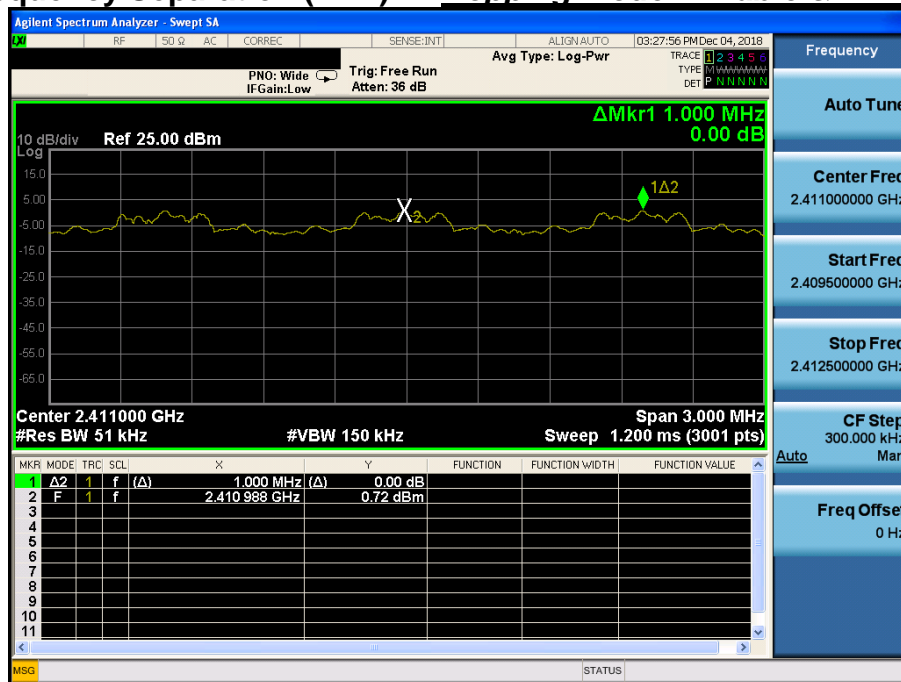
Carrier Frequency Separation (FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



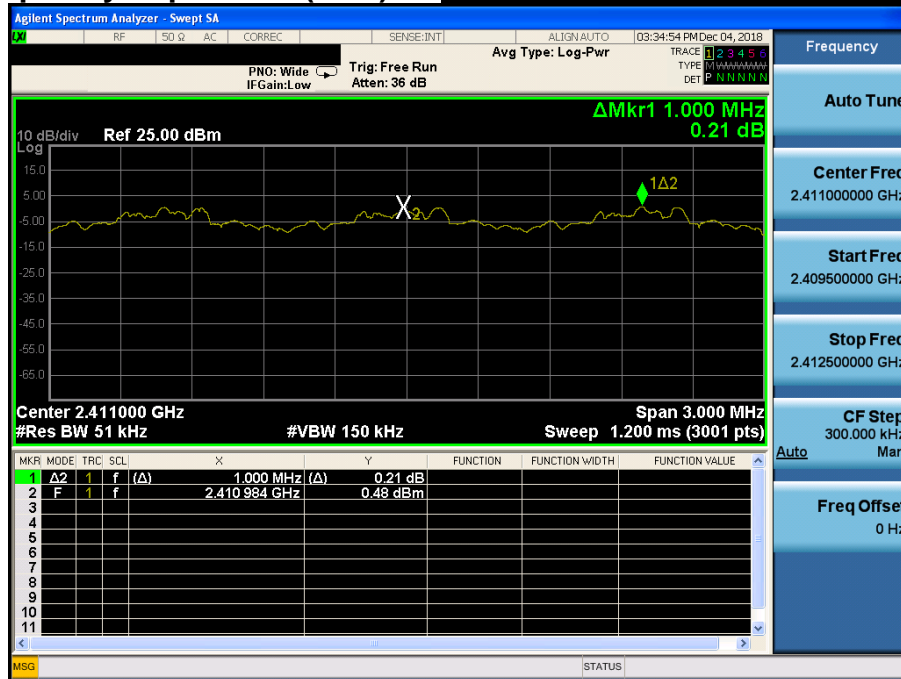
Carrier Frequency Separation (AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



Carrier Frequency Separation (AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & $\pi/4$ DQPSK*



Carrier Frequency Separation (AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



5. Number of Hopping Frequencies

5.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

5.2 Limit

Limit : ≥ 15 hops

5.3 Procedure

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

To get higher resolution, two frequency ranges for FH mode within the 2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz were examined.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Span for FH mode = 50 MHz Start Frequency = 2391.5 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2441.5 MHz

Start Frequency = 2441.5 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2491.5 MHz

Span for AFH mode = 30 MHz Start Frequency = 2396.0 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2426.0 MHz

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.4 Test Results

FH mode

Hopping mode	Modulation	Test Result (Total Hops)
Enable	GFSK	79
	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	79
	8DPSK	79

AFH mode

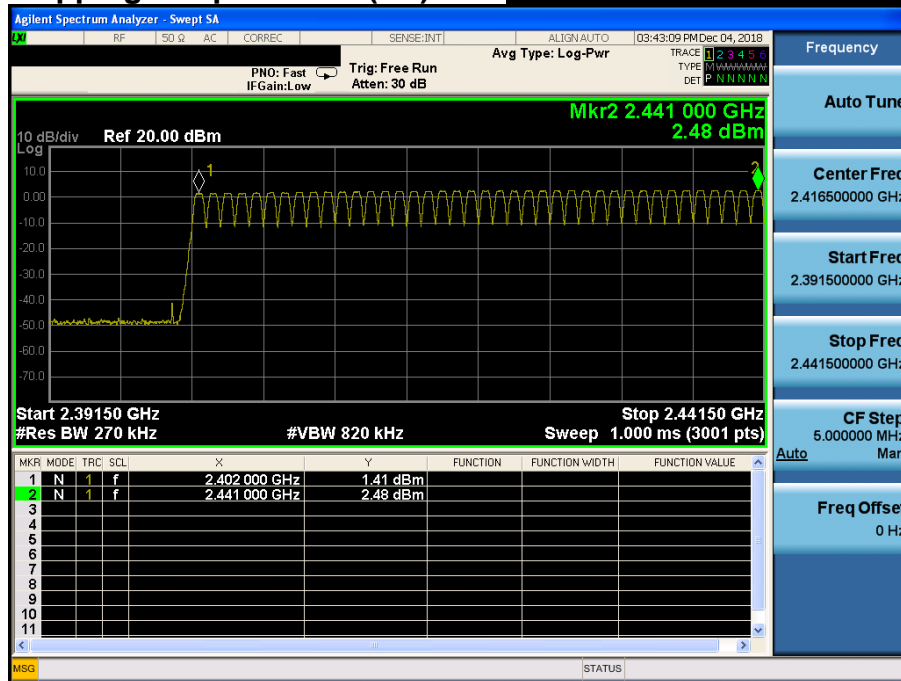
Hopping mode	Modulation	Test Result (Total Hops)
Enable	GFSK	20
	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	20
	8DPSK	20

Note 1 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

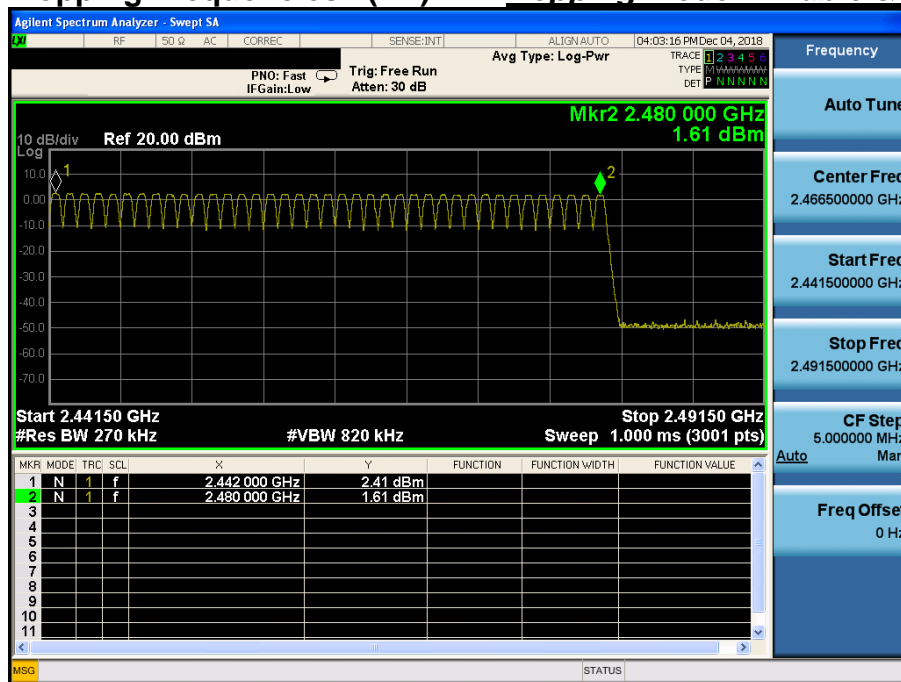
- Minimum Standard :

At least 15 hops

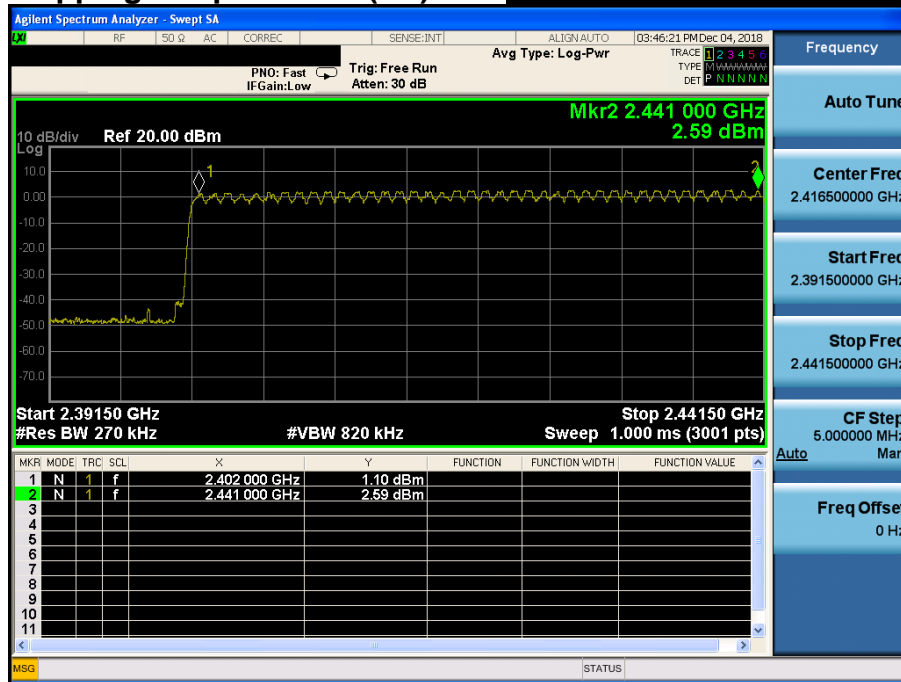
Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



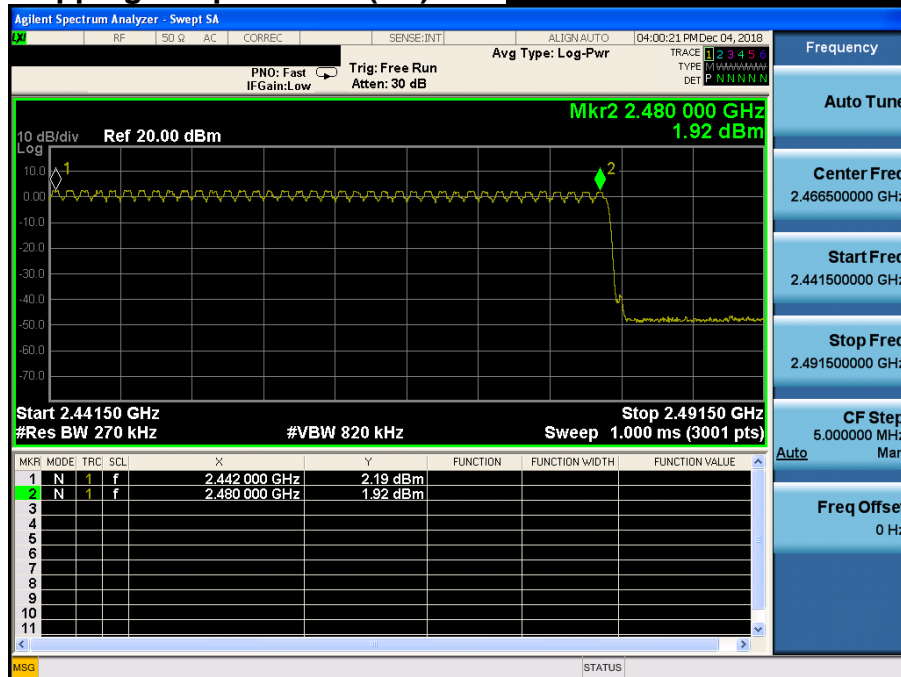
Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



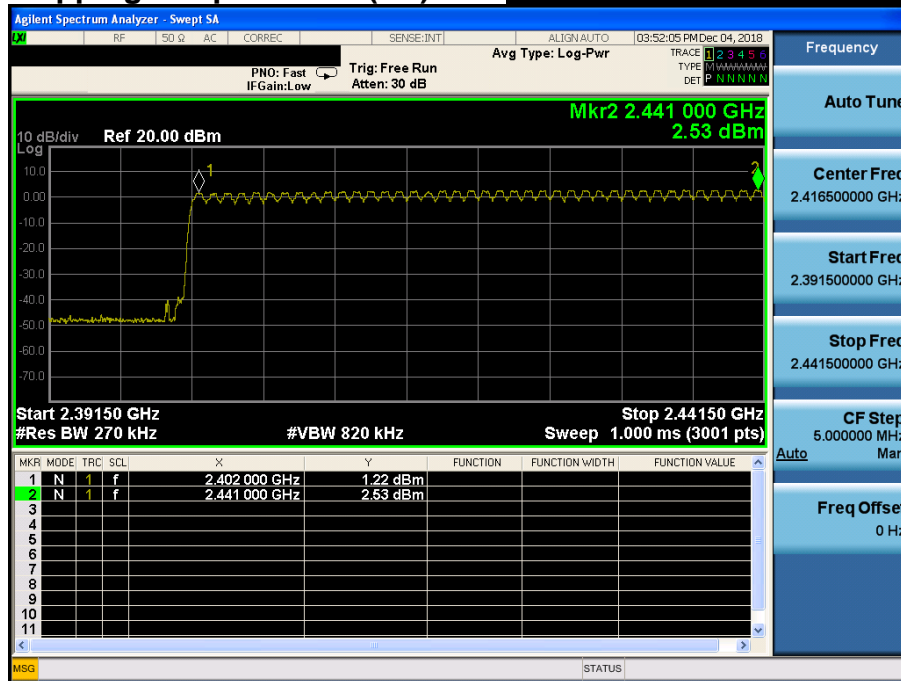
Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & $\pi/4$ DQPSK*



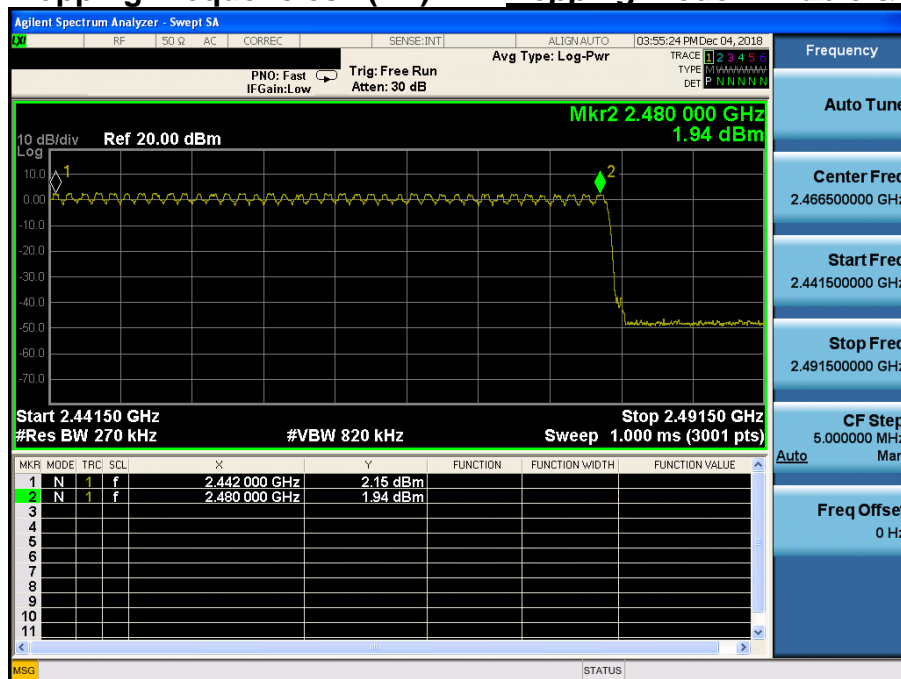
Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & $\pi/4$ DQPSK*



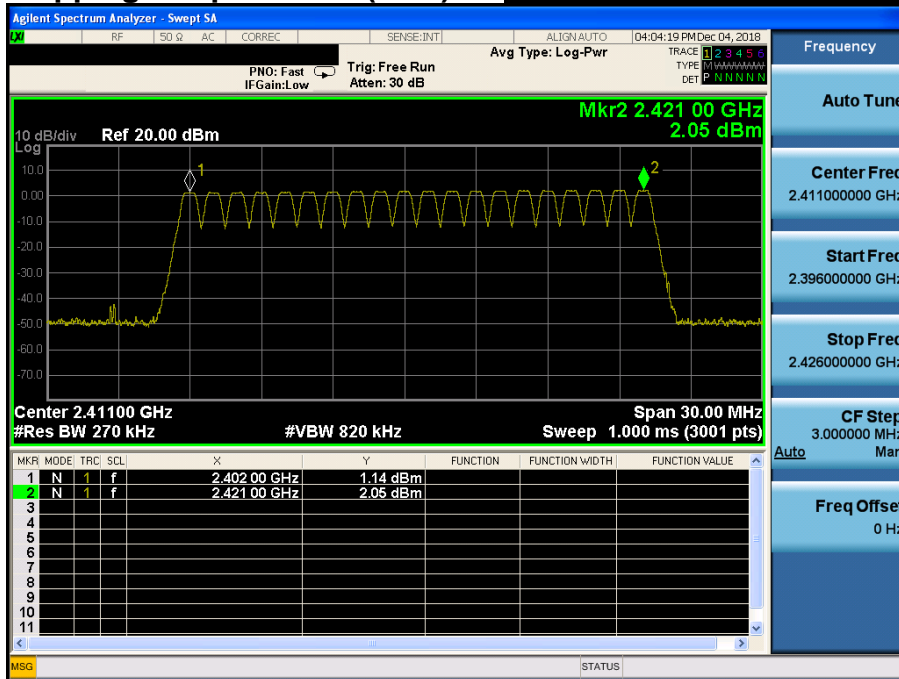
Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



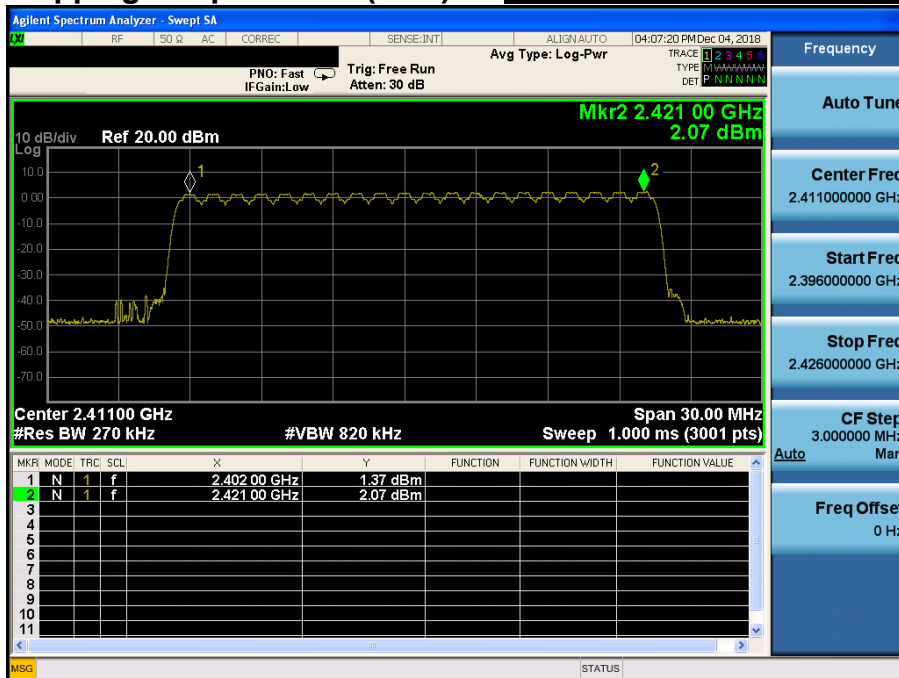
Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



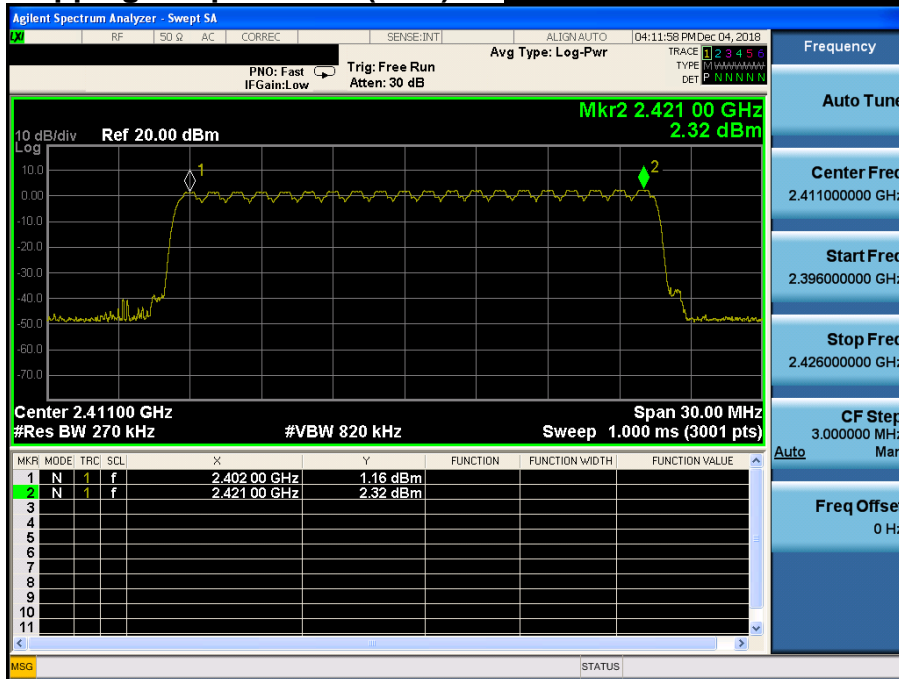
Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & $\pi/4$ DQPSK*



Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

6.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

6.2 Limit

The maximum permissible time of occupancy is 400 ms within a period of 400 ms multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

6.3 Test Procedure

The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Center frequency = 2441 MHz, 2411 MHz Span = zero

RBW = 1 MHz (RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel)

VBW \geq RBW Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

6.4 Test Results

FH mode

Hopping mode	Packet Type	Number of hopping Channels	Burst On Time (ms)	Period (ms)	Test Result (sec)
Enable	DH 5	79	2.880	3.750	0.307
	2 DH 5	79	2.880	3.750	0.307
	3 DH 5	79	2.880	3.750	0.307

AFH mode

Hopping mode	Packet Type	Number of hopping Channels	Burst On Time (ms)	Period (ms)	Test Result (sec)
Enable	DH 5	20	2.880	3.750	0.154
	2 DH 5	20	2.880	3.750	0.154
	3 DH 5	20	2.880	3.750	0.154

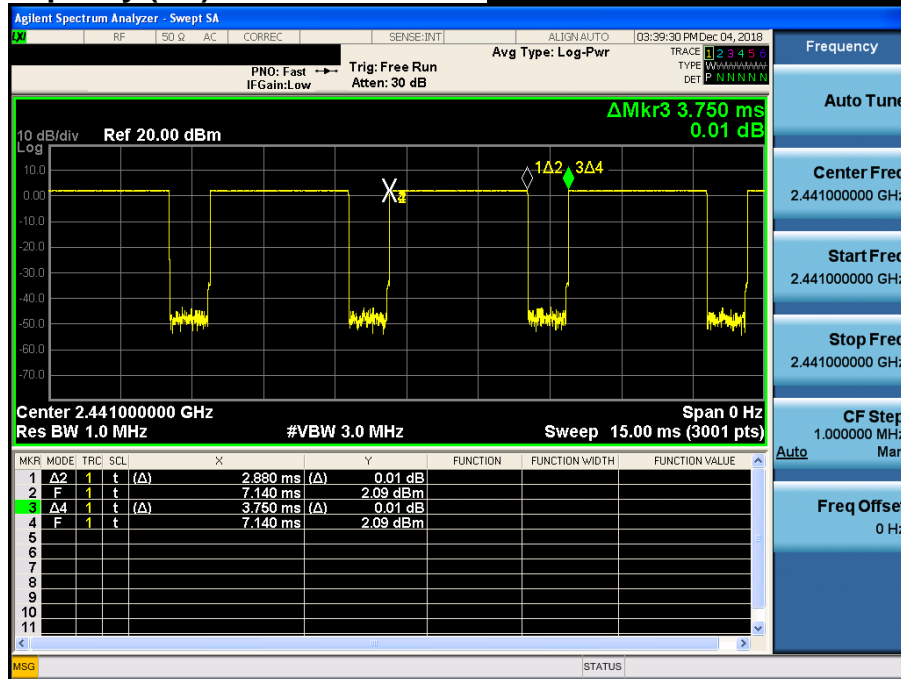
Note 1 : Dwell Time = $0.4 \times \text{Hopping channel} \times \text{Burst ON time} \times ((\text{Hopping rate} \div \text{Time slots}) \div \text{Hopping channel})$

- Time slots for DH5 = 6 slots (TX = 5 slot / RX = 1 slot)
- Hopping Rate = 1600 for FH mode & 800 for AFH mode

Note 2 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

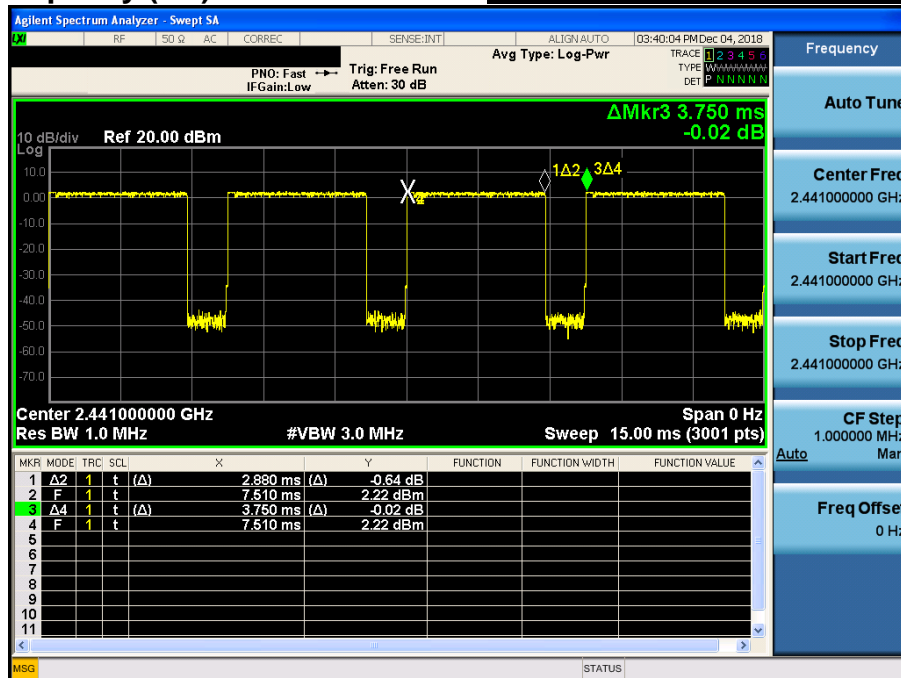
Time of Occupancy (FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & DH5



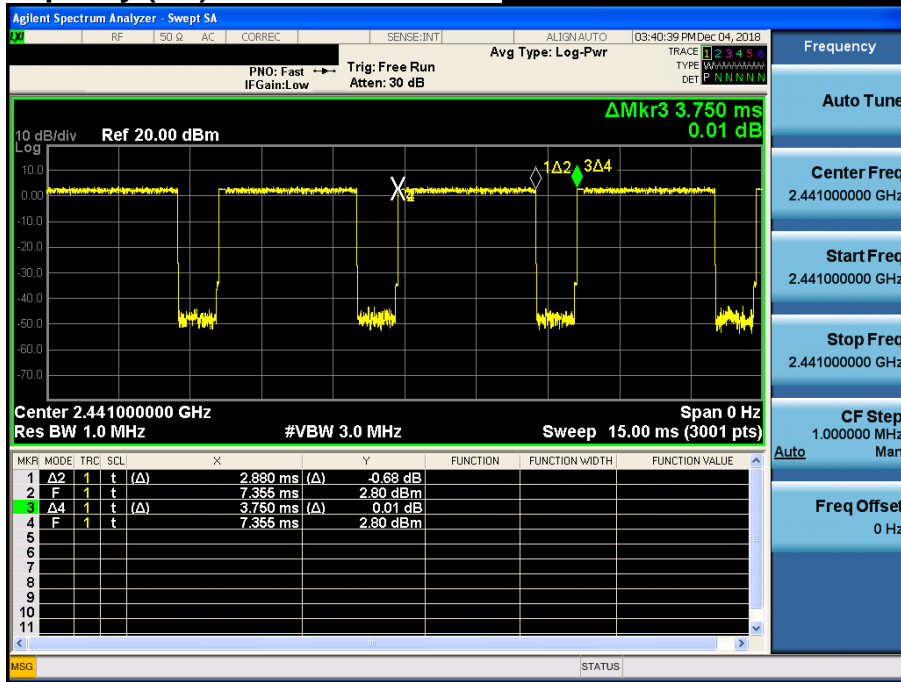
Time of Occupancy (FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 2-DH5



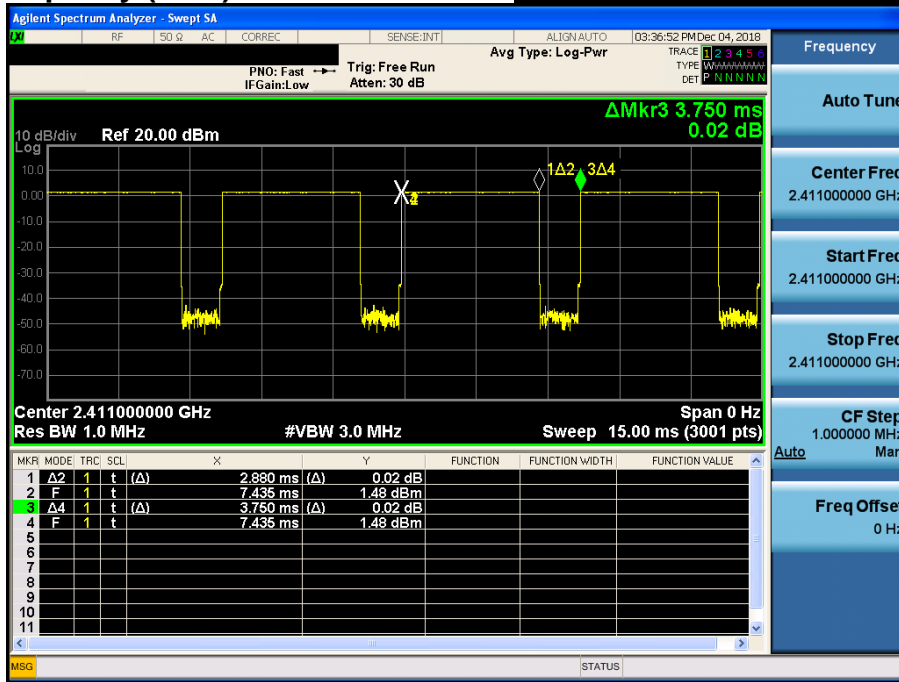
Time of Occupancy (FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 3-DH5



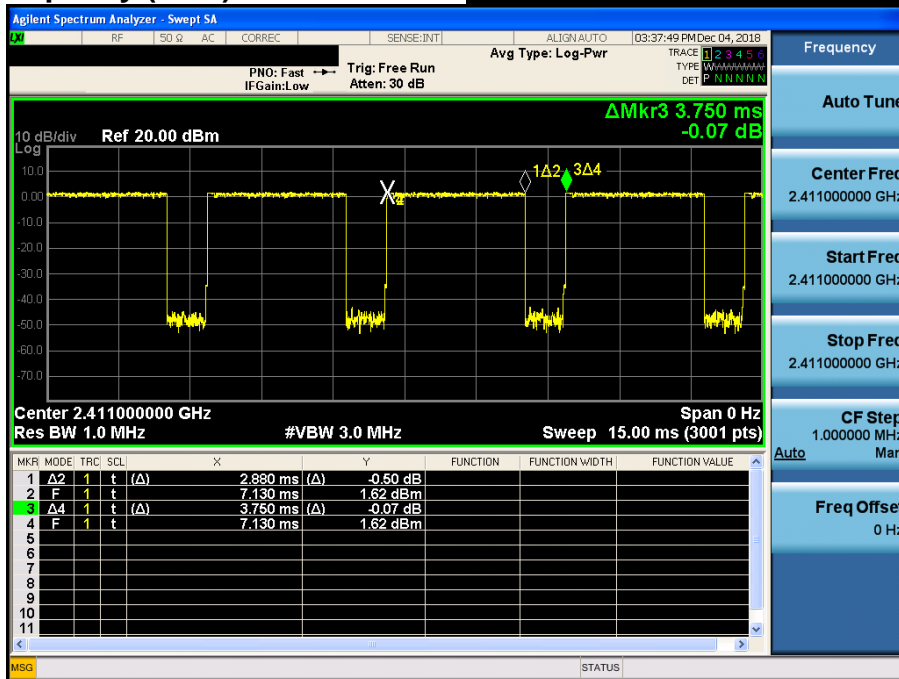
Time of Occupancy (AFH)

Hopping mode : Enable & DH5



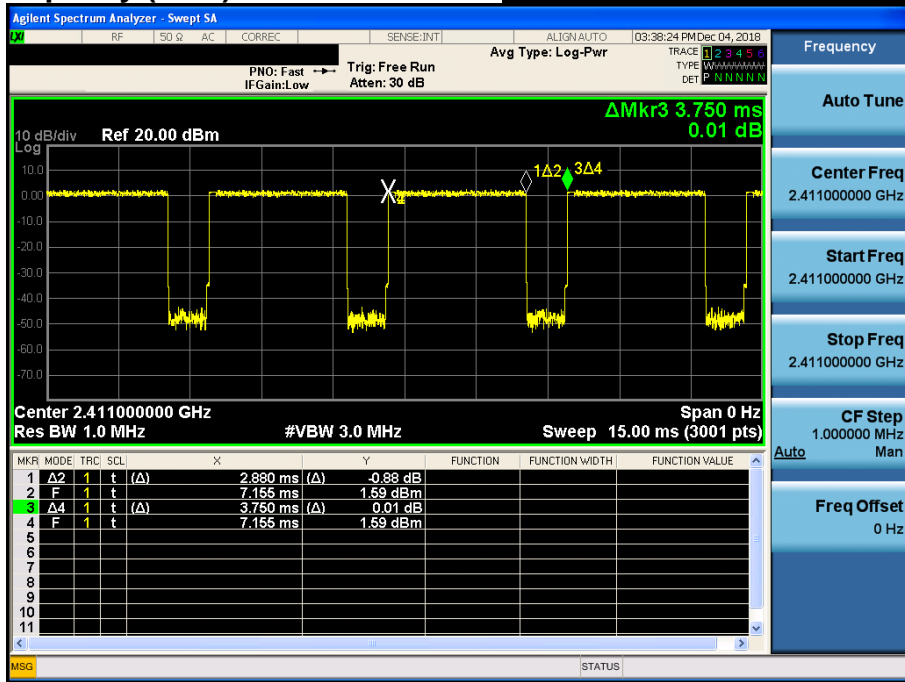
Time of Occupancy (AFH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 2-DH5



Time of Occupancy (AFH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 3-DH5



7. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

7.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

7.2 Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 - 72 MHz, 76 - 88 MHz, 174 - 216 MHz or 470 - 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	16.42 ~ 16.423	399.90 ~ 410	4.5 ~ 5.15
0.495 ~ 0.505	16.69475 ~ 16.69525	608 ~ 614	5.35 ~ 5.46
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	16.80425 ~ 16.80475	960 ~ 1240	7.25 ~ 7.75
4.125 ~ 4.128	25.5 ~ 25.67	1300 ~ 1427	8.025 ~ 8.5
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	37.5 ~ 38.25	1435 ~ 1626.5	9.0 ~ 9.2
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	73 ~ 74.6	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	9.3 ~ 9.5
6.215 ~ 6.218	74.8 ~ 75.2	1660 ~ 1710	10.6 ~ 12.7
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	108 ~ 121.94	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	13.25 ~ 13.4
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	123 ~ 138	2200 ~ 2300	14.47 ~ 14.5
8.291 ~ 8.294	149.9 ~ 150.05	2310 ~ 2390	15.35 ~ 16.2
8.362 ~ 8.366	156.52475 ~ 156.52525	2483.5 ~ 2500	17.7 ~ 21.4
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	156.7 ~ 156.9	2690 ~ 2900	22.01 ~ 23.12
8.41425 ~ 8.41475	162.0125 ~ 167.17	3260 ~ 3267	23.6 ~ 24.0
12.29 ~ 12.293	167.72 ~ 173.2	3332 ~ 3339	31.2 ~ 31.8
12.51975 ~ 12.52025	240 ~ 285	3345.8 ~ 3358	36.43 ~ 36.5
12.57675 ~ 12.57725	322 ~ 335.4	3600 ~ 4400	Above 38.6
13.36 ~ 13.41			

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

7.3. Test Procedures

7.3.1. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 1 or 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
3. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.
4. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
5. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
6. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
7. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

Note: The radiated spurious emission was tested with below settings.

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and video bandwidth is $[1/(\text{minimum transmitter on time})]$ for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.