






TEST REPORT

<p>KCTL Inc. 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr</p>	<p>Report No.: KR20-SRF0037 Page (1) of (206)</p>	
<p>1. Client</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Name : HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD. ◦ Address : 203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 06141, Korea ◦ Date of Receipt : 2019-09-20 <p>2. Use of Report : Certification</p> <p>3. Name of Product and Model : WIDE AVN / ATBA0HYAN</p> <p>4. Manufacturer and Country of Origin : Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd. / Korea</p> <p>5. FCC ID : TQ8-ATBA0HYAN</p> <p>6. Date of Test : 2019-10-01 to 2019-10-31</p> <p>7. Test Standards : FCC Part 15 Subpart E, 15.407</p> <p>8. Test Results : Refer to the test result in the test report</p>		
Affirmation	<p>Tested by</p> <p>Name : MyeongJun Kwon (Signature) </p>	<p>Technical Manager</p> <p>Name : Heesu Ahn  (Signature)</p>
2020-02-09		
<h2>KCTL Inc.</h2>		
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Report No.:
KR20-SRF0037

Page (2) of (206)

**Report revision history**

Date	Revision	Page No
2020-02-09	Initial report	-

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CONTENTS

1.	General information	4
2.	Device information	4
2.1.	Simultaneously transmission condition	5
2.2.	Information about derivative model	5
2.3.	Frequency/channel operations	6
2.4.	Duty Cycle Correction Factor	7
3.	Antenna requirement	10
4.	Summary of tests	11
5.	Measurement uncertainty	12
6.	Measurement results explanation example	13
7.	Test results	14
7.1.	Maximum conducted output power	14
7.2.	Maximum Power Spectral Density	30
7.3.	26 dB Bandwidth & 99% Occupied Bandwidth	46
7.4.	6 dB Bandwidth	73
7.5.	Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands	78
8.	Measurement equipment	206

1. General information

Client : HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD.
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Manufacturer : Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd
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Accreditations : FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132
VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056
Industry Canada Registration No. : 8035A
KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device information

Equipment under test : WIDE AVN
Model : ATBA0HYAN
Derivative model : ATBA0HCAN, ATBA3HCAN
Frequency range : 2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz (Bluetooth(BDR/EDR))
2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz (802.11b/g/n_HT20)
UNII-1: 5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz (802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20)
UNII-1: 5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz (802.11n_HT40/ac_VHT40)
UNII-1: 5 210 MHz (802.11ac_VHT80)
UNII-2A: 5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz (802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20)
UNII-2A: 5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz (802.11n_HT40/ac_VHT40)
UNII-2A: 5 290 MHz (802.11ac_VHT80)
UNII-2C: 5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz (802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20)
UNII-2C: 5 510 MHz ~ 5 710 MHz (802.11n_HT40/ac_VHT40)
UNII-2C: 5 530 MHz ~ 5 690 MHz (802.11ac_VHT80)
UNII-3: 5 745 MHz ~ 5 825 MHz (802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20)
UNII-3: 5 755 MHz ~ 5 795 MHz (802.11n_HT40/ac_VHT40)
UNII-3: 5 775 MHz (802.11ac_VHT80)
Modulation technique : Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_GFSK, π /4DQPSK, 8DPSK
WIFI(802.11a/b/g/n20/n40/ac20/ac40/ac80)_DSSS, OFDM
Number of channels : Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_79ch
2.4GHz WIFI (802.11b/g/n_HT20)_11ch
UNII-1: 4 ch (20 MHz), 2 ch (40 MHz), 1 ch (80 MHz)
UNII-2A: 4 ch (20 MHz), 2 ch (40 MHz), 1 ch (80 MHz)
UNII-2C: 9 ch (20 MHz), 5 ch (40 MHz), 2 ch (80 MHz)
UNII-3: 5 ch (20 MHz), 2 ch (40 MHz), 1 ch (80 MHz)
Power source : DC 14.4 V

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Report No.:
KR20-SRF0037

Page (5) of (206)



Antenna specification : WIFI/Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_Pattern Antenna
Antenna gain : 2.4GHz WIFI (802.11b/g/n_HT20) : -0.70 dBi
Bluetooth(BDR/EDR) : 0.29 dBi
UNII-1 :3.51 dBi, UNII-2A : 3.12 dBi
UNII-2C : 2.28 dBi, UNII-3 : -0.84 dBi
Software version : MQ4.USA.0000.V028.001.190821
Hardware version : MQ4.USA.STD.AVN_G5_WIDE.004.001
Test device serial No. : N/A
Operation temperature : -20 °C ~ 70 °C

2.1. Simultaneously transmission condition

Technology	Modulation	Test mode	Frequency (MHz)
WLAN 5 GHz	OFDM	802.11a / UNII-2A	5 320
Bluetooth	GFSK	BDR	2 480

2.2. Information about derivative model

The difference between basic model and derivative models is:

The derivative models have a different product identification number.

ATBA0HCAN(96560 P4700), ATBA3HCAN(96560 P4900)

2.3. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:

WIFI(2.4GHz band 802.11b/g/n(HT20), 5GHz band 802.11a/n(HT20/HT40)/ac(VHT/20/40/80)),
Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)**UNII-1**

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
36	5 180
40	5 200
48	5 240

UNII-2A

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
52	5 260
56	5 280
64	5 320

UNII-2C

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
100	5 500
116	5 580
144	5 720

UNII-3

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
149	5 745
157	5 785
165	5 825

Table 2.3.1. 802.11a/n/ac HT20/VHT20 mode

UNII-1

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
38	5 190
46	5 230

UNII-2A

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
54	5 270
62	5 310

UNII-2C

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
102	5 510
110	5 550
142	5 710

UNII-3

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
151	5 755
159	5 795

Table 2.3.2. 802.11n/ac_HT40/VHT40 mode

UNII-1

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
42	5 210

UNII-2A

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
58	5 290

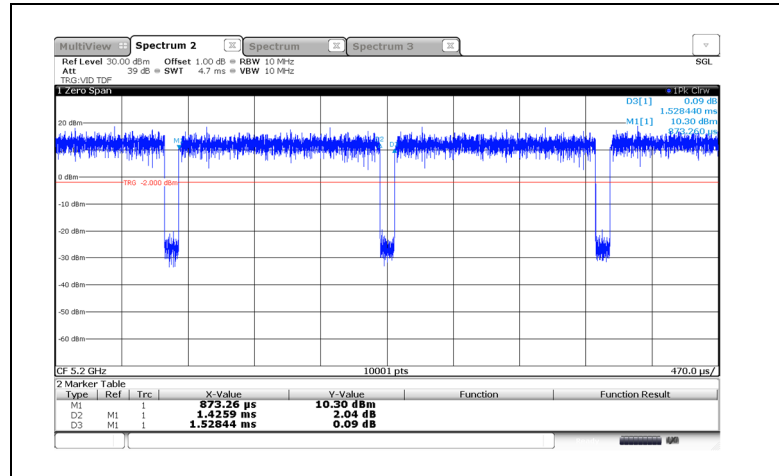
UNII-2C

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
106	5 530
138	5 690

UNII-3

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
155	5 775

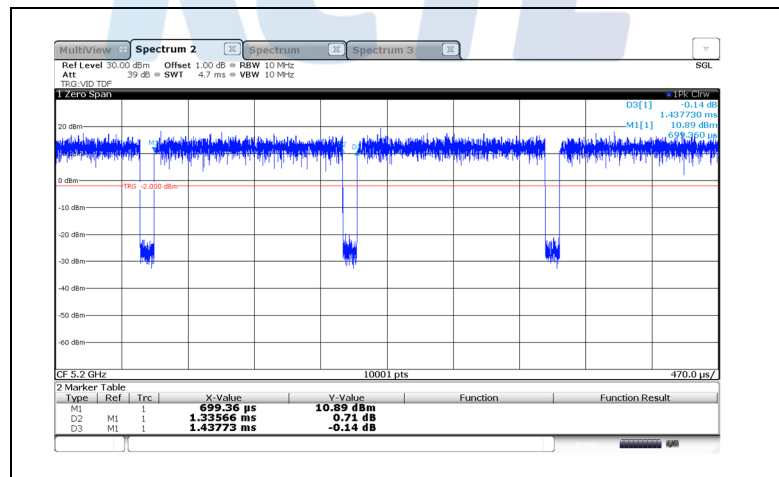
Table 2.3.3. 802.11ac_VHT80 mode

2.4. Duty Cycle Correction Factor**- 802.11a**

Note1) : Period : 1.528 44 ms, On time : 1.425 9 ms

Note2) : DCCF = $10\log(1/x) = 10\log(1/0.93) = 0.30$ dB, $x = 1.425\ 9/1.528\ 44 = 0.93$

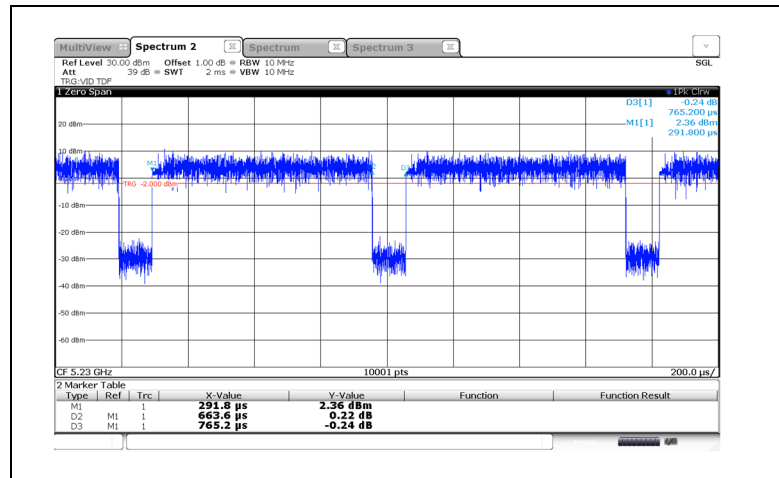
Note3) : 802.11 a is a non-continuous transmission (duty cycle < 98%)

- 802.11n HT20

Note1) : Period : 1.437 73 ms, On time : 1.335 66 ms

Note2) : DCCF = $10\log(1/x) = 10\log(1/0.93) = 0.32$ dB, $x = 1.335\ 66/1.437\ 73 = 0.93$

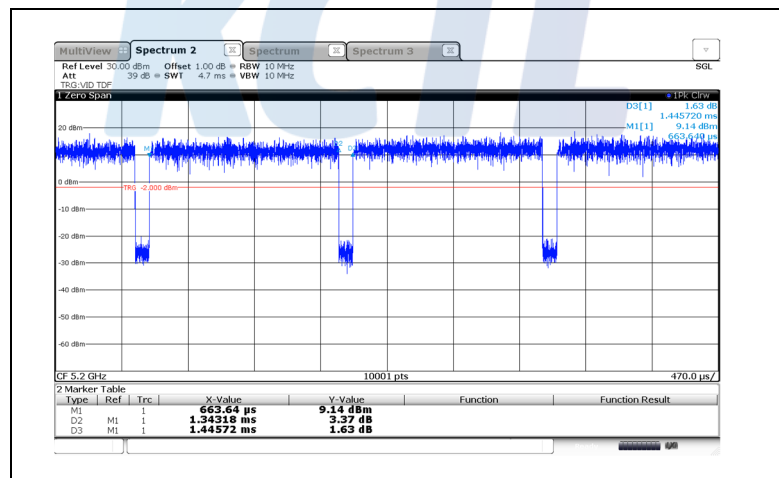
Note3) : 802.11 n HT20 is a non-continuous transmission (duty cycle < 98%)

- 802.11n HT40

Note1) : Period : 0.765 2 ms, On time : 0.663 6 ms

Note2) : $DCCF = 10\log(1/x) = 10\log(1/0.867) = 0.619$ dB, $x = 0.663\ 6/0.765\ 2 = 0.867$

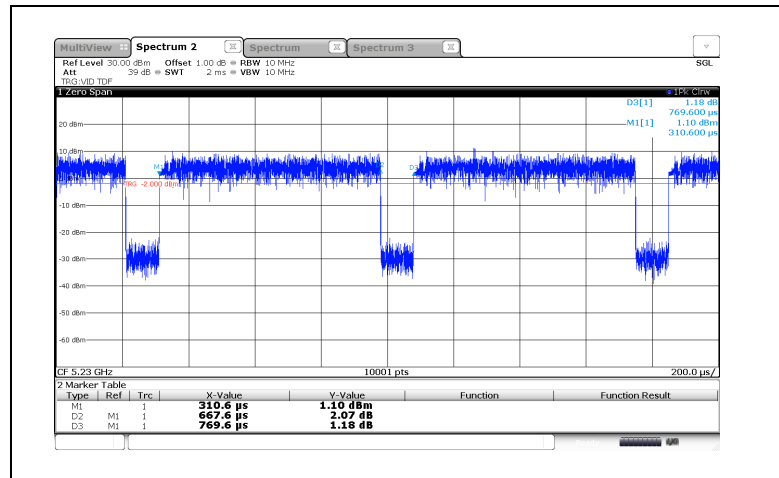
Note3) : 802.11n HT40 is a non-continuous transmission (duty cycle < 98%)

- 802.11ac VHT20

Note1) : Period : 1.445 72 ms, On time : 1.343 18 ms

Note2) : $DCCF = 10\log(1/x) = 10\log(1/0.93) = 0.32$ dB, $x = 1.343\ 18/1.445\ 72 = 0.93$

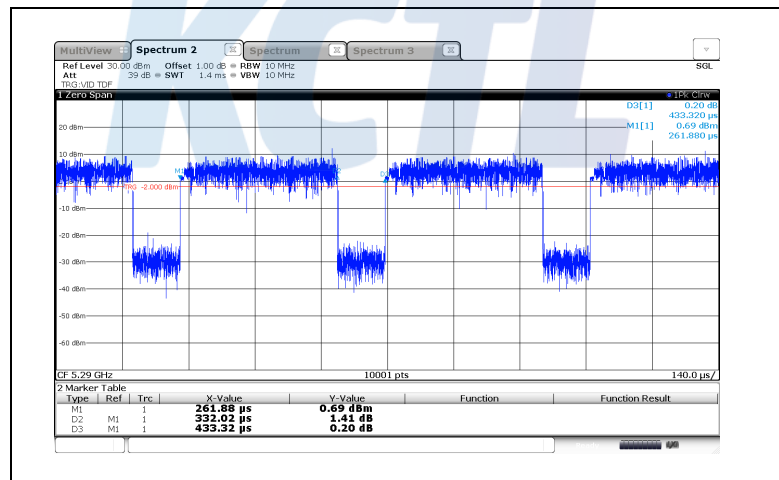
Note3) : 802.11ac VHT20 is a non-continuous transmission (duty cycle < 98%)

- 802.11ac VHT40

Note1) : Period : 0.769 6 ms, On time : 0.667 6 ms

Note2) : DCCF = $10\log(1/x) = 10\log(1/0.87) = 0.62$ dB, $x = 0.667\ 6/0.769\ 6 = 0.867$

Note3) : 802.11ac VHT40 is a non-continuous transmission (duty cycle < 98%)

- 802.11ac VHT80

Note1) : Period : 0.433 32 ms, On time : 0.332 02 ms

Note2) : DCCF = $10\log(1/x) = 10\log(1/0.77) = 1.16$ dB, $x = 0.332\ 02/0.433\ 32 = 0.77$

Note3) : 802.11ac VHT80 is a non-continuous transmission (duty cycle < 98%)

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Report No.:
KR20-SRF0037

Page (10) of (206)

KCTL**3. Antenna requirement**

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203, 15.407:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

- The transmitter has permanently attached Pattern Antenna (internal antenna) on board.
- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.407

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4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	Parameter	Test results
15.407(a)	Maximum conducted output power	Pass
15.407(a)	Maximum power spectral density	Pass
15.407(e)	6 dB Channel Bandwidth	Pass
15.407(a)	26 dB Channel Bandwidth	Pass
-	Occupied Bandwidth	
15.407(b), 15.205(a), 15.209(a)	Spurious emission	Pass
	Band-edge, restricted band	Pass
15.207(a)	Conducted Emissions	N/A ^(Note2)

Notes:

1. All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
2. This test is not applicable because the EUT falls into the automotive device and it's not to be connected to the public utility(AC) power line.
3. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
4. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. It was determined that X orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in X orientation
5. This product do not use Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) Channel.
6. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
 - ANSI C63.10-2013
 - KDB 662911 D01 v02r01
 - KDB 789033 D02 v02r01
7. The worst-case data rates were:
 - 802.11a mode : 1Mbps
 - 802.11g mode : 6Mbps
 - 802.11n HT20 mode : MCS0
 - 802.11n HT40 mode : MCS0
 - 802.11n VHT20 mode : MCS0
 - 802.11n VHT40 mode : MCS0
 - 802.11n VHT80 mode : MCS0

5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k=2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty(\pm)	
Conducted RF power	1.76 dB	
Conducted spurious emissions	4.03 dB	
Radiated spurious emissions	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz:	2.28 dB
	30 MHz ~ 300 MHz	4.98 dB
	300 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	5.14 dB
	1 GHz ~ 6 GHz	6.70 dB
	Above 6 GHz	6.60 dB
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	3.66 dB
	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	3.26 dB

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6. Measurement results explanation example

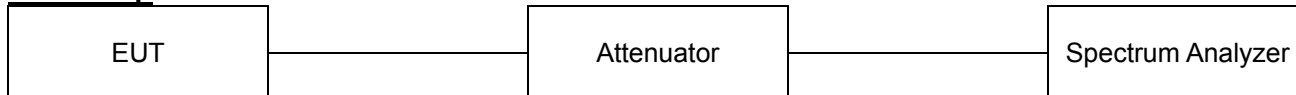
The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer.

With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Frequency (MHz)	Factor(dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Factor(dB)
30	9.80	16 000	12.61
50	9.83	17 000	12.60
100	9.89	18 000	13.00
200	9.95	19 000	13.08
300	10.07	20 000	12.92
400	10.08	21 000	12.83
500	10.14	22 000	13.32
600	10.17	23 000	13.60
700	10.25	24 000	13.29
800	10.28	25 000	13.66
900	10.34	26 000	13.76
1 000	10.41	26 500	13.56
2 000	10.65	27 000	13.88
3 000	10.86	28 000	13.93
4 000	11.06	29 000	13.56
5 000	11.30	30 000	13.83
6 000	11.42	31 000	14.09
7 000	11.50	32 000	13.98
8 000	11.78	33 000	14.12
9 000	11.92	34 000	14.53
10 000	12.16	35 000	14.56
11 000	12.16	36 000	14.61
12 000	12.34	37 000	15.20
13 000	12.50	38 000	15.27
14 000	12.92	39 000	15.23
15 000	12.72	40 000	15.60

Notes:

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + Attenuator(dB)

7. Test results**7.1. Maximum conducted output power****Test setup****Limit**

According to §15.407(a),

Band	EUT category		Conducted output power limit
UNII-1		Outdoor access point	1 W (30 dBm)
		Indoor access point	
		Fixed point-to-point access point	
	√	Client device	250 mW (23.98 dBm)
UNII-2A		√	250 mW or 11 dBm + 10logB ¹⁾
UNII-2C		√	250 mW or 11 dBm + 10logB ¹⁾
UNII-3		√	1 W (30 dBm)

Note:

1) Conducted output power limit B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013-Section 12.3.2.4

KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section E.2.d) or e)

Test settings**Used test method is Section E.2.d)****◆ KDB 789033 D02 v02r01****Section E.2.d)****Method SA-2 (trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction):**

- (i) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in II.B..
- (ii) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (iii) Set RBW = 1 MHz
- (iv) Set RBW \geq 3 MHz
- (v) Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq \text{RBW} / 2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (vi) Sweep time = auto.
- (vii) Detector = power averaging (rms), if available. Otherwise use sample detector mode.
- (viii) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run."
- (ix) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed to ensure that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (x) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (xi) Add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add $10 \log(1/0.25) = 6$ dB if the duty cycle is 25%.

Section E.2.e)**Method SA-2 Alternative (power averaging(rms) detection with slow sweep with each spectrum bin averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction):**

- (i) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in II.B..
- (ii) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (iii) Set RBW = 1 MHz
- (iv) Set RBW \geq 3 MHz
- (v) Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq \text{RBW} / 2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (vi) Manually set sweep time $\geq 10 \times (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times (\text{total on/off period of the transmitted signal})$.
- (vii) Set detector = power averaging (rms)
- (viii) Perform a single sweep.
- (ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement

function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the spectrum.

- (x) Add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add $10 \log(1/0.25) = 6$ dB if the duty cycle is 25%.

Section E.3.a)**Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):**

- (xi) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
- The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
 - At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five
- (xii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in II
- (xiii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (xiv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10 \log(1/x)$ where x is the duty cycle (e.g., $10 \log(1/0.25)$ if the duty cycle is 25%).

Section E.3.b)**Method PM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter):**

Measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

Test results

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured power (dBm)	DCCF (dB)	Conducted output power (dBm)	Conducted Power Limit (dBm)
802.11a	UNII-1	5 180	9.36	0.30	9.66	23.98
		5 200	9.23	0.30	9.53	
		5 240	9.30	0.30	9.60	
	UNII-2A	5 260	9.40	0.30	9.70	23.98
		5 280	9.39	0.30	9.69	
		5 320	9.58	0.30	9.88	
	UNII-2C	5 500	9.11	0.30	9.41	23.98
		5 580	8.76	0.30	9.06	
		5 720	8.24	0.30	8.54	
	UNII-3	5 745	8.39	0.30	8.69	30.00
		5 785	8.04	0.30	8.34	
		5 825	8.46	0.30	8.76	
802.11n HT20	UNII-1	5 180	9.16	0.32	9.48	23.98
		5 200	9.16	0.32	9.48	
		5 240	9.28	0.32	9.60	
	UNII-2A	5 260	9.22	0.32	9.54	23.98
		5 280	9.31	0.32	9.63	
		5 320	9.46	0.32	9.78	
	UNII-2C	5 500	8.96	0.32	9.28	23.98
		5 580	8.90	0.32	9.22	
		5 720	8.41	0.32	8.73	
	UNII-3	5 745	8.19	0.32	8.51	30.00
		5 785	8.02	0.32	8.34	
		5 825	8.33	0.32	8.65	
802.11n HT40	UNII-1	5 190	4.04	0.62	4.66	23.98
		5 230	4.24	0.62	4.86	
	UNII-2A	5 270	8.82	0.62	9.44	23.98
		5 310	8.74	0.62	9.36	
	UNII-2C	5 510	8.48	0.62	9.10	23.98
		5 550	8.25	0.62	8.87	
		5 710	7.85	0.62	8.47	
	UNII-3	5 755	7.87	0.62	8.49	30.00
		5 795	7.37	0.62	7.99	

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Report No.:
KR20-SRF0037

Page (18) of (206)

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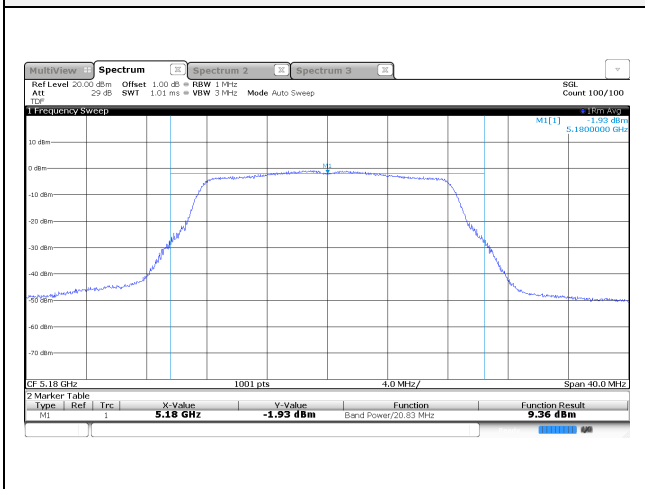
Test mode	Band	Freq (MHz)	Measured power (dBm)	DCCF (dB)	Conducted output power (dBm)	Conducted Power Limit (dBm)
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-1	5 180	9.10	0.32	9.42	23.98
		5 200	9.05	0.32	9.37	
		5 240	9.15	0.32	9.47	
	UNII-2A	5 260	9.20	0.32	9.52	23.98
		5 280	9.25	0.32	9.57	
		5 320	9.40	0.32	9.72	
	UNII-2C	5 500	9.09	0.32	9.41	23.98
		5 580	8.94	0.32	9.26	
		5 720	8.43	0.32	8.75	
UNII-3	5 745	8.16	0.32	8.48	30.00	
	5 785	7.93	0.32	8.25		
	5 825	8.45	0.32	8.77		
802.11ac VHT40	UNII-1	5 190	4.25	0.62	4.87	23.98
		5 230	4.26	0.62	4.88	
	UNII-2A	5 270	8.64	0.62	9.26	23.98
		5 310	8.64	0.62	9.26	
	UNII-2C	5 510	8.58	0.62	9.20	23.98
		5 550	8.27	0.62	8.89	
		5 710	7.84	0.62	8.46	
	UNII-3	5 755	7.82	0.62	8.44	30.00
5 795		7.33	0.62	7.95		
802.11ac VHT80	UNII-1	5 210	3.50	1.16	4.66	23.98
	UNII-2A	5 290	7.06	1.16	8.22	23.98
	UNII-2C	5 530	7.86	1.16	9.02	23.98
		5 690	7.54	1.16	8.70	
	UNII-3	5 775	7.05	1.16	8.21	30.00

Note:

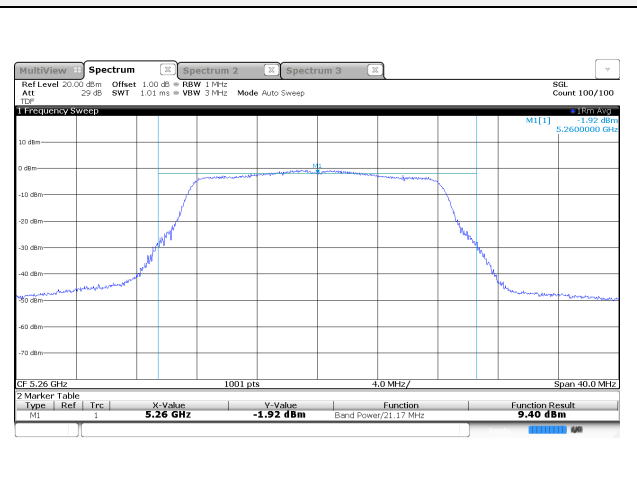
1. Conducted Output power Calculation:

$$\text{Conducted Output power} = \text{Measured power(dB m)} + \text{DCCF (dB)}$$

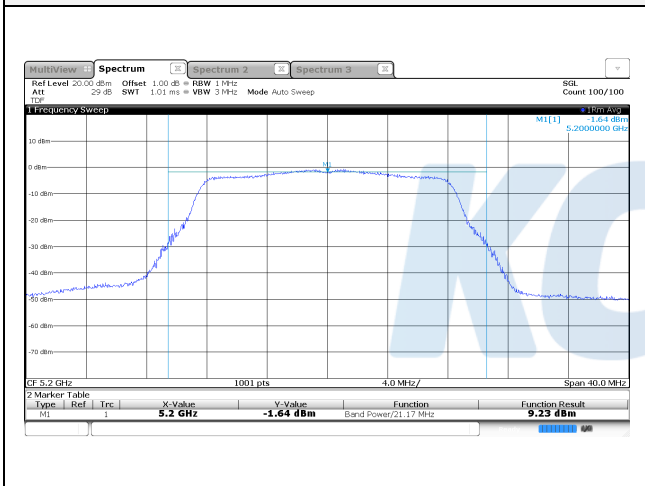
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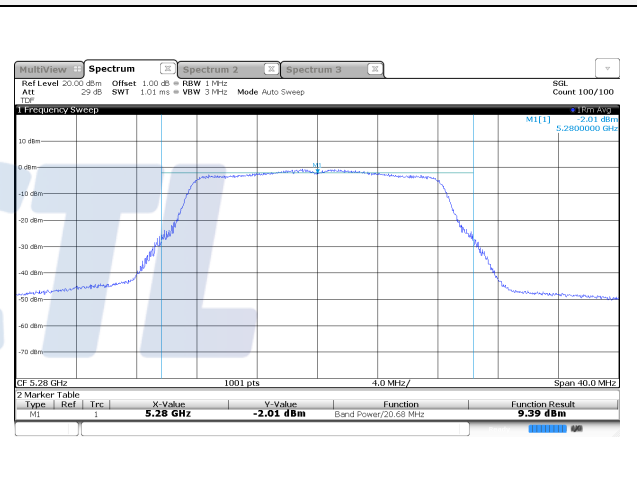
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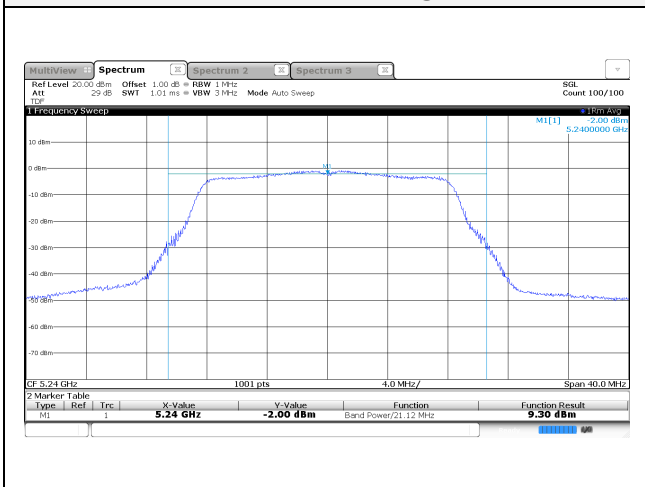
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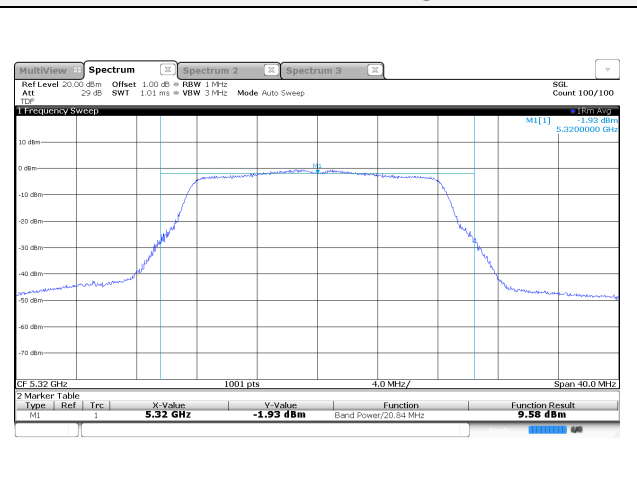
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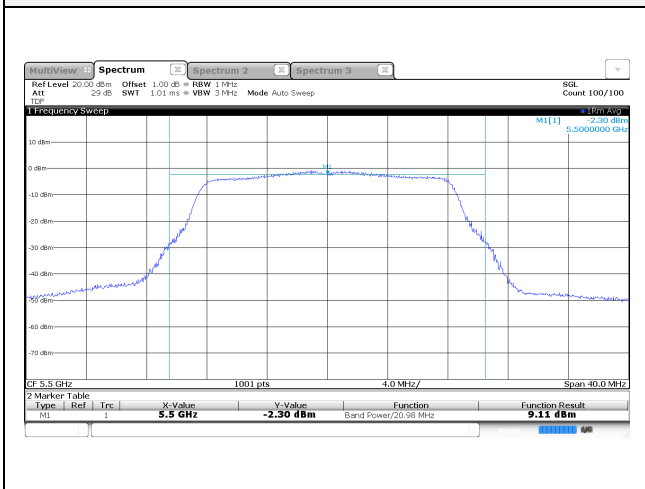
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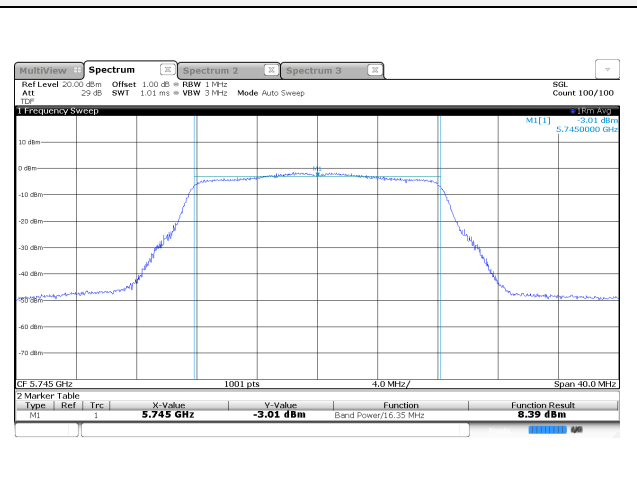
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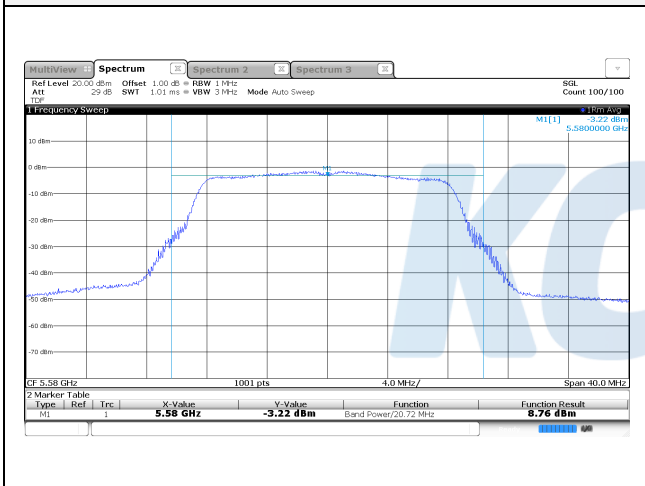
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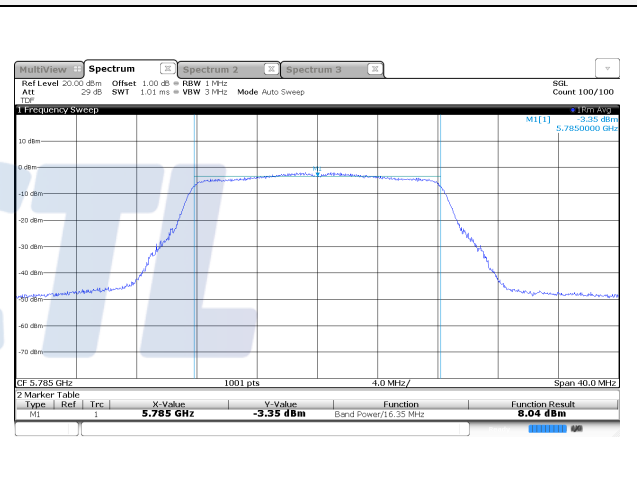
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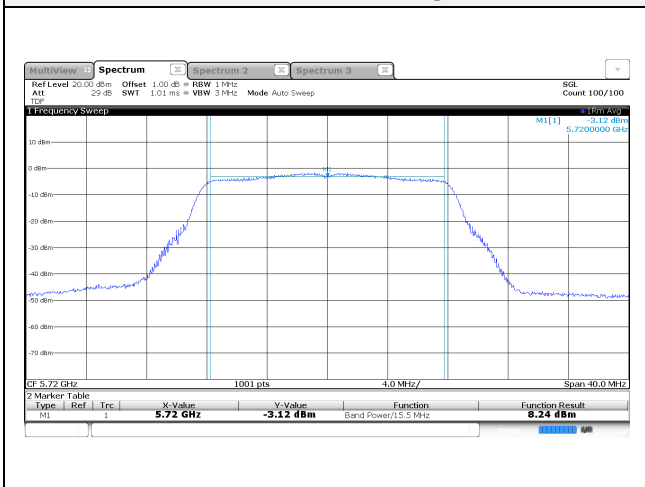
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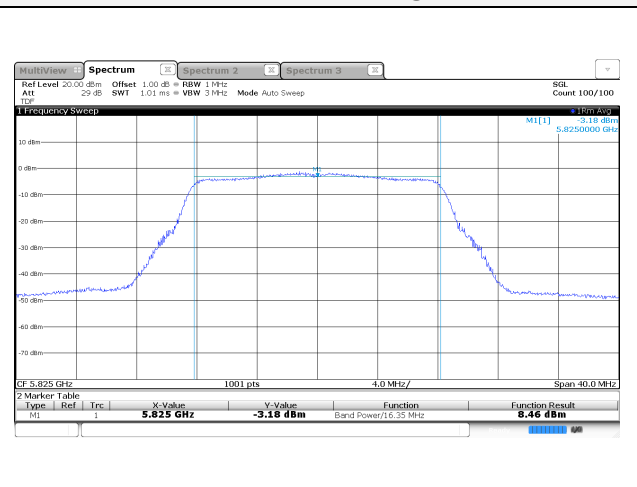
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UNII-2C / 802.11a / High ch.



UNII-3 / 802.11a / High ch.



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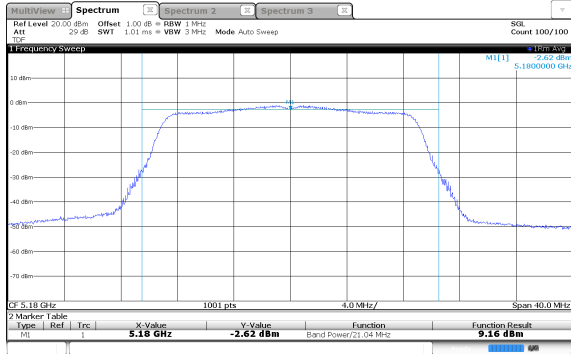
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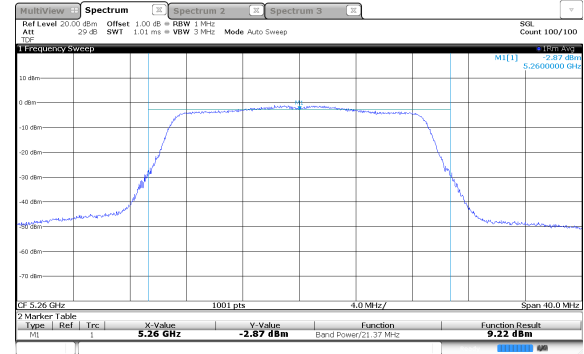
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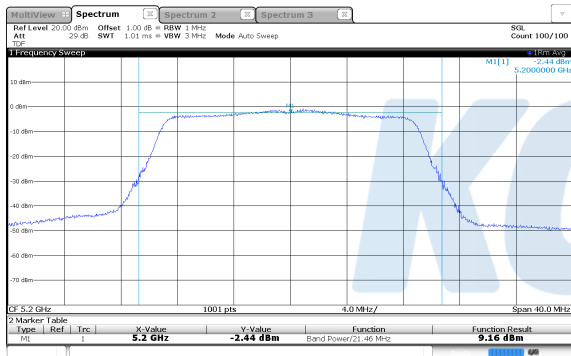
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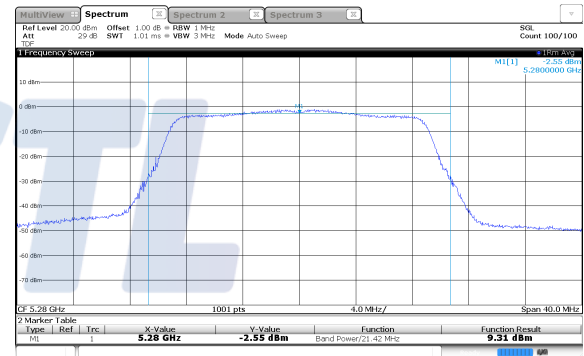
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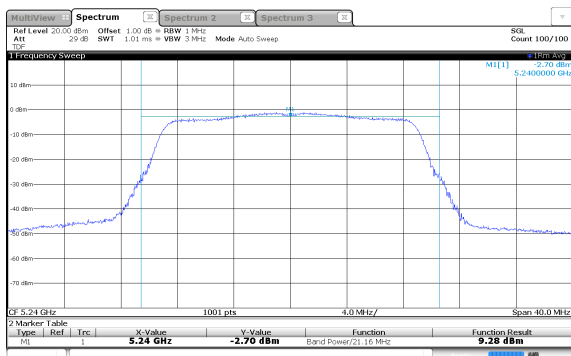
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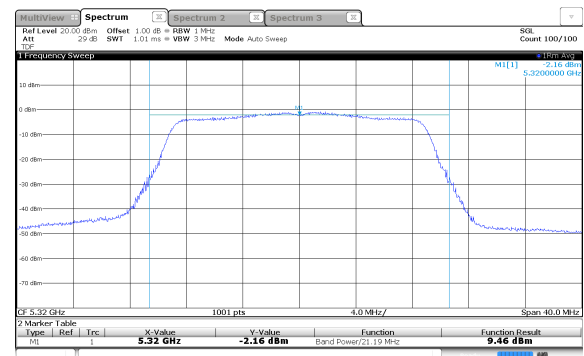
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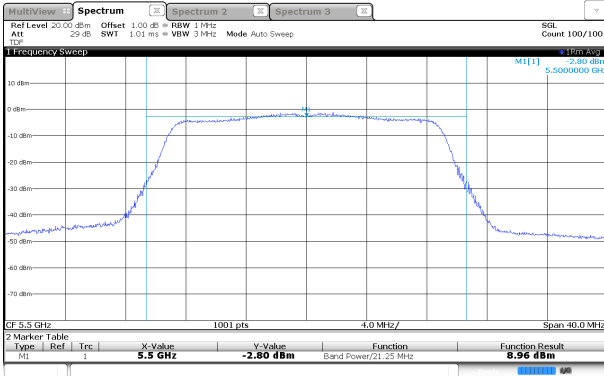
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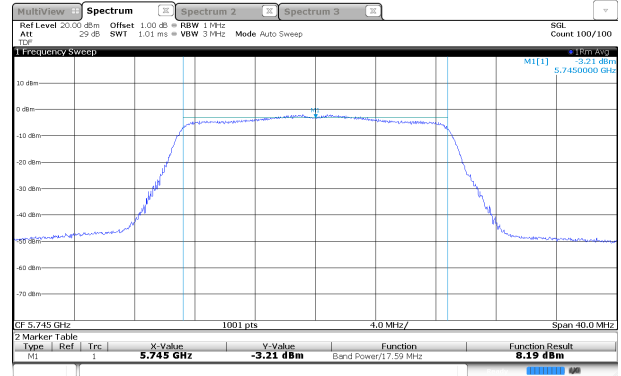
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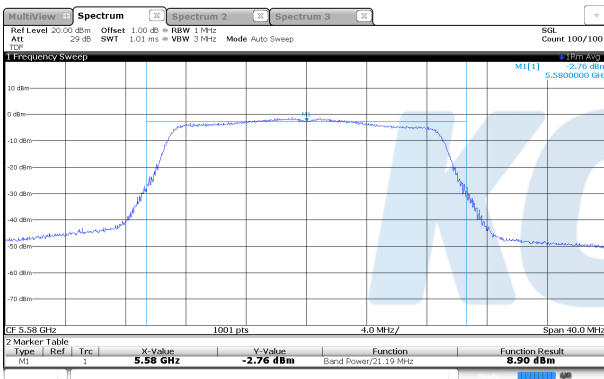
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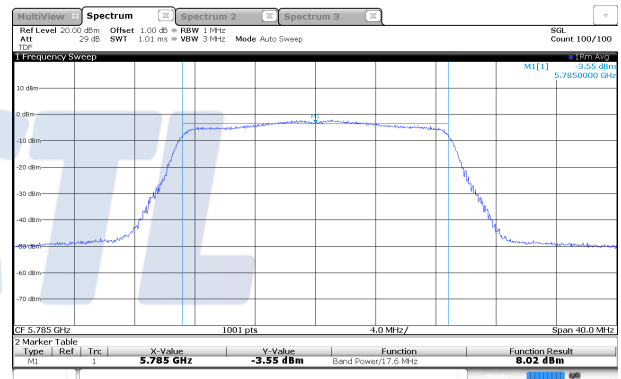
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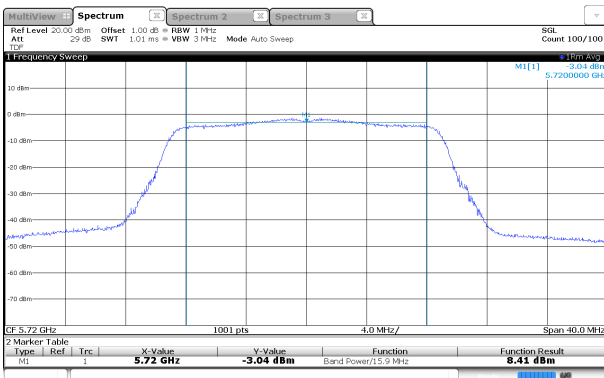
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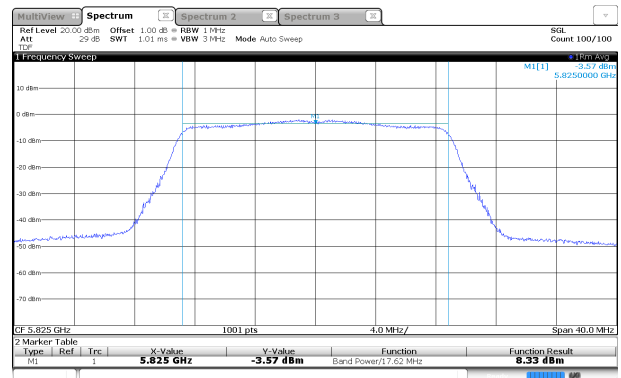
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UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



UNII-3 / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



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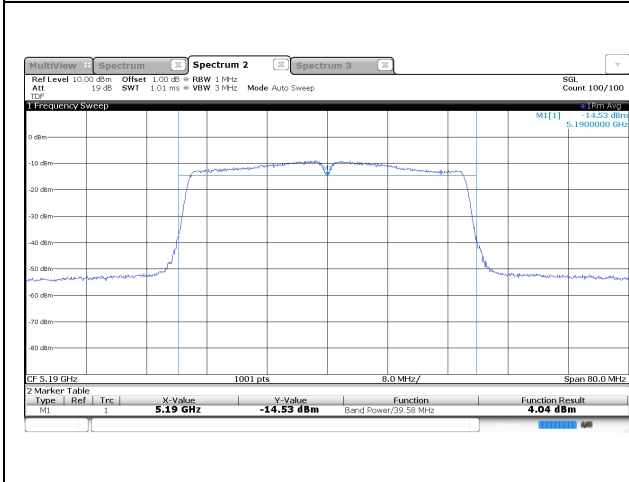
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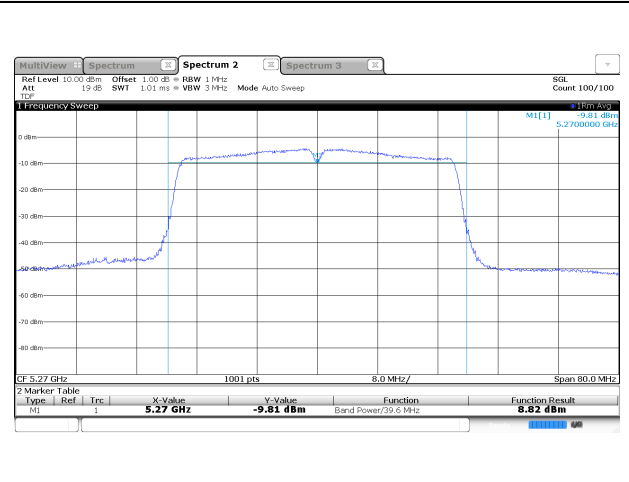
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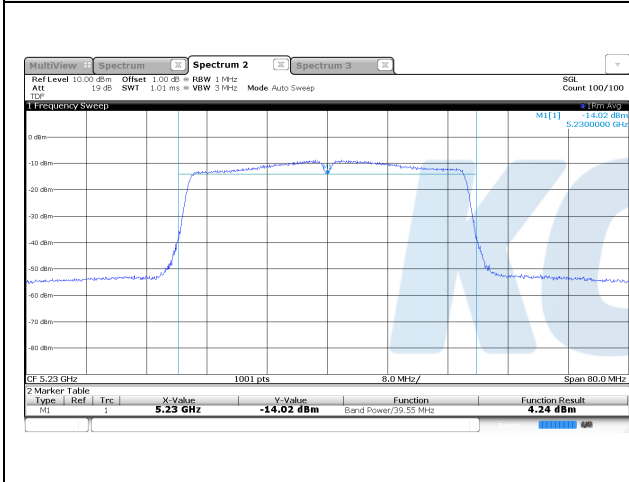
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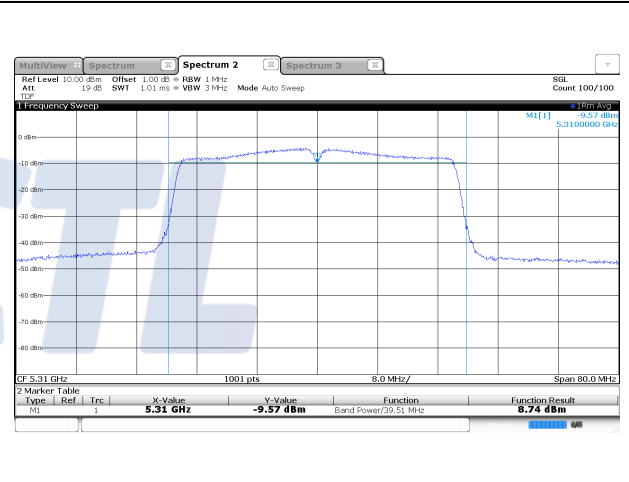
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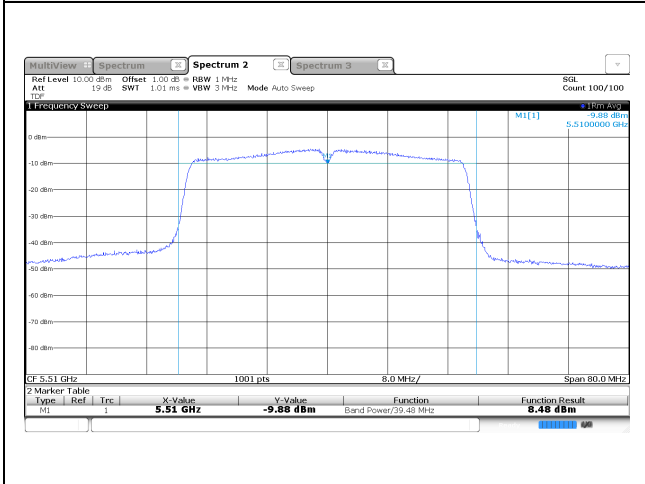
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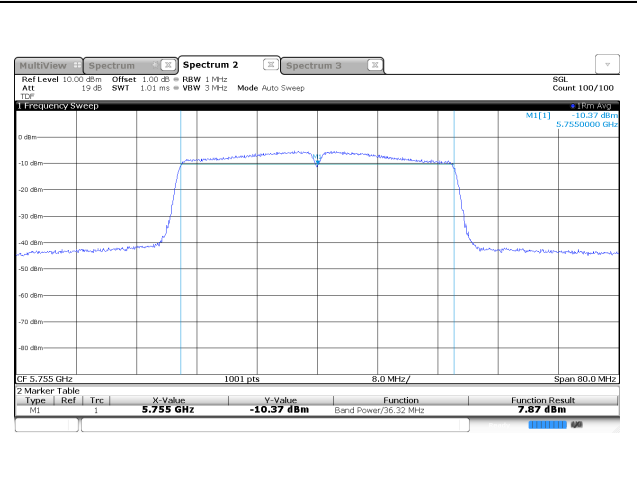
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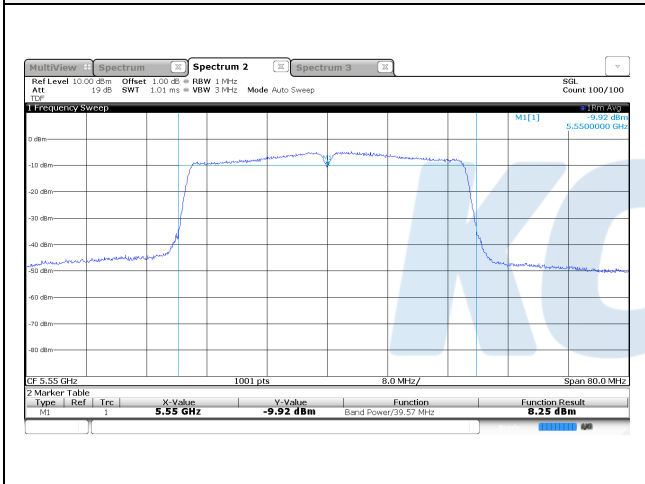
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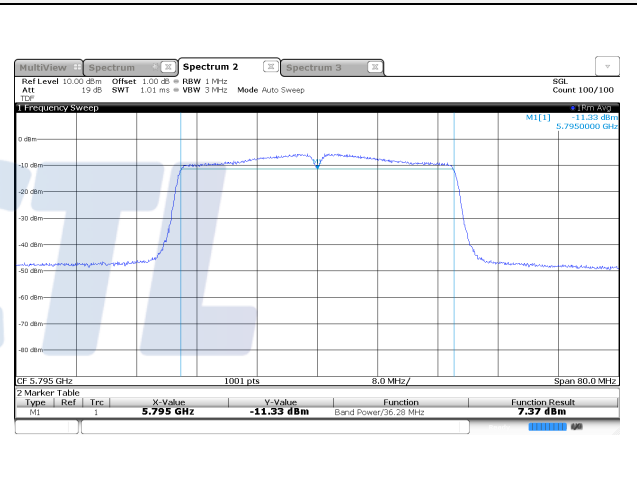
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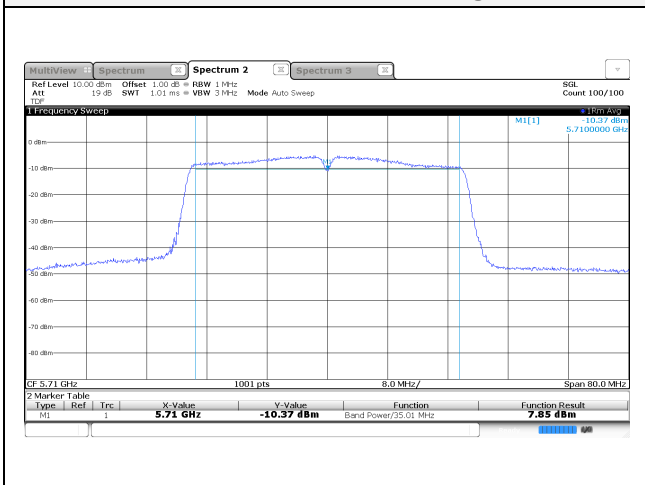
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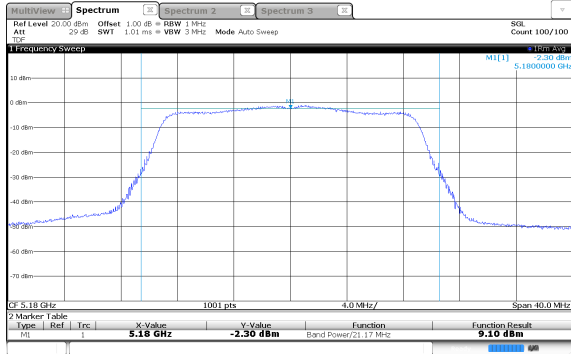
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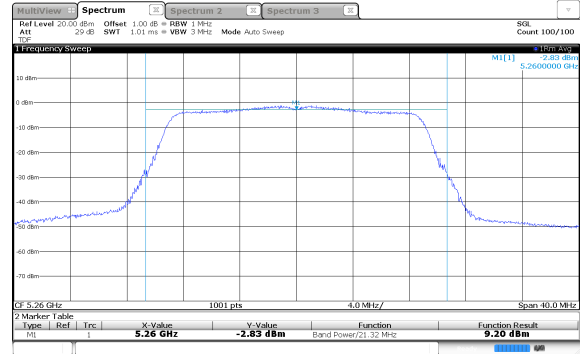
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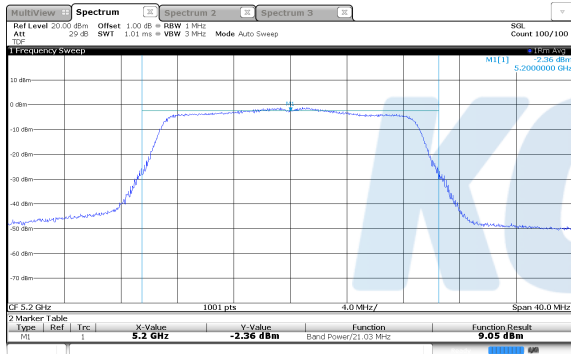
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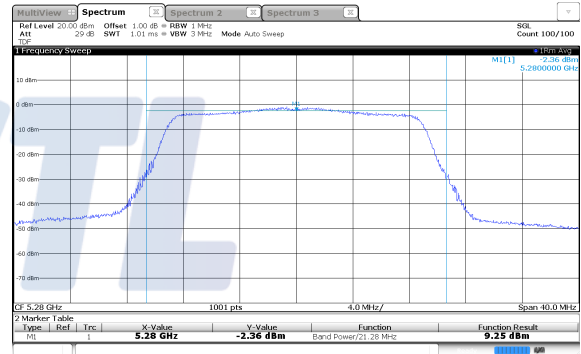
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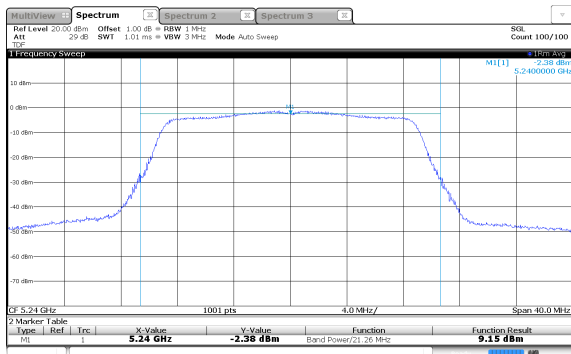
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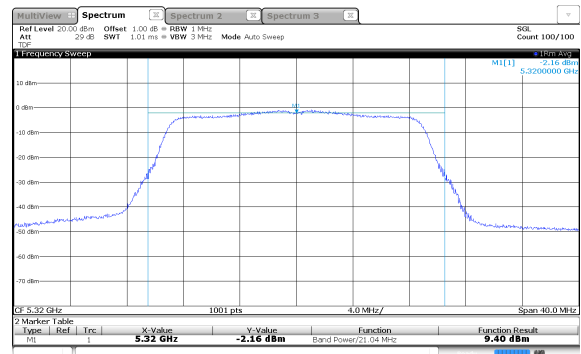
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UNII-1 / 802.11ac VHT20 / High ch.



UNII-2A / 802.11ac VHT20 / High ch.



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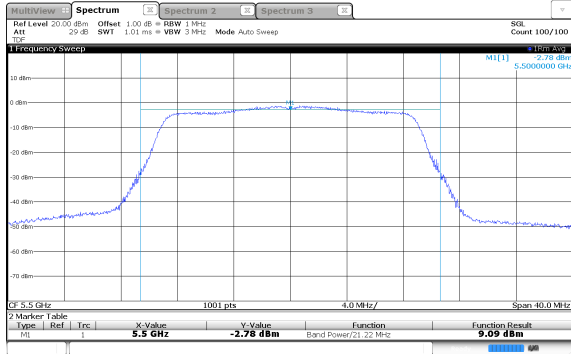
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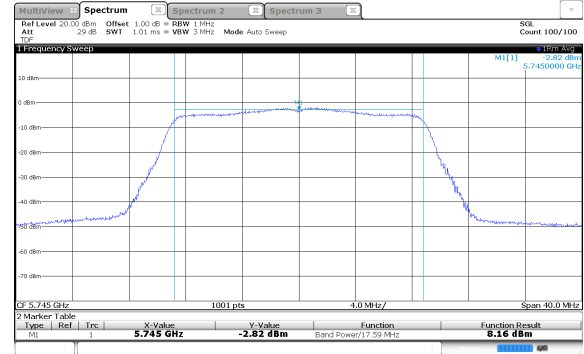
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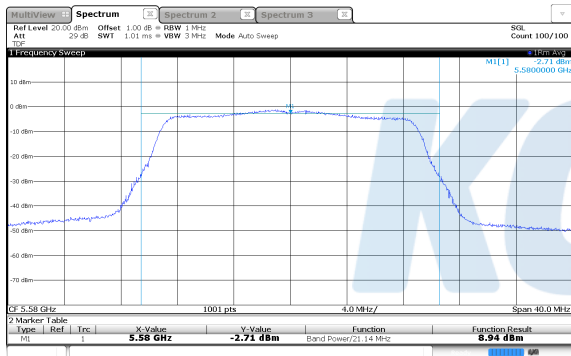
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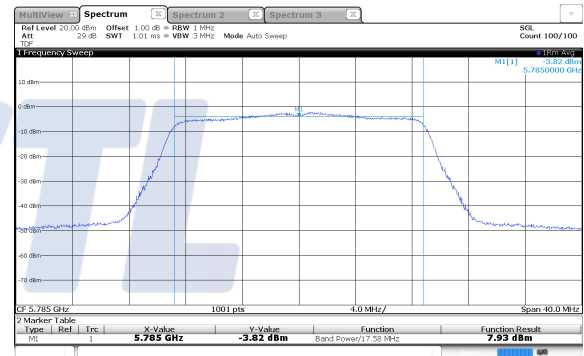
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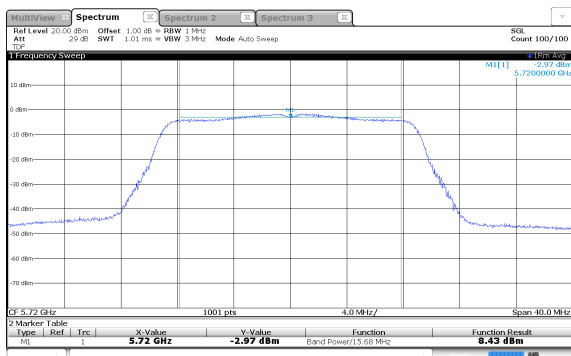
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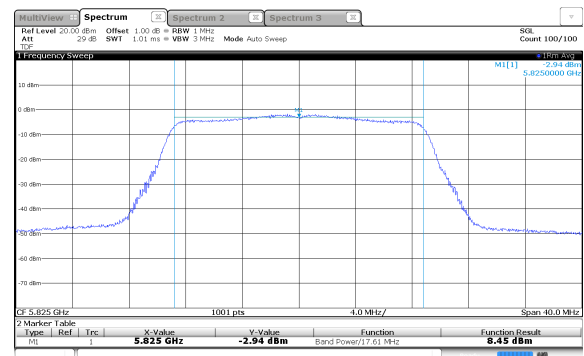
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UNII-2C / 802.11ac VHT20 / High ch.



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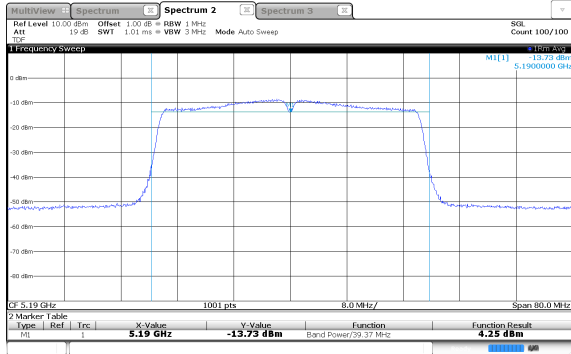
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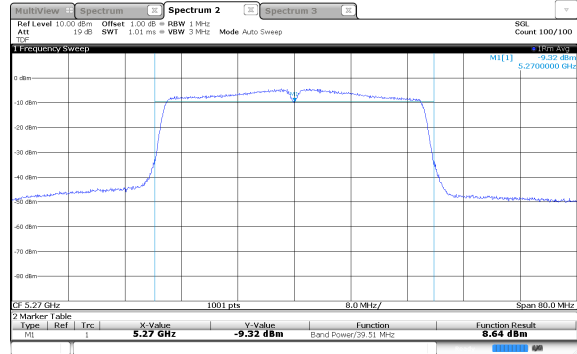
Page (27) of (206)



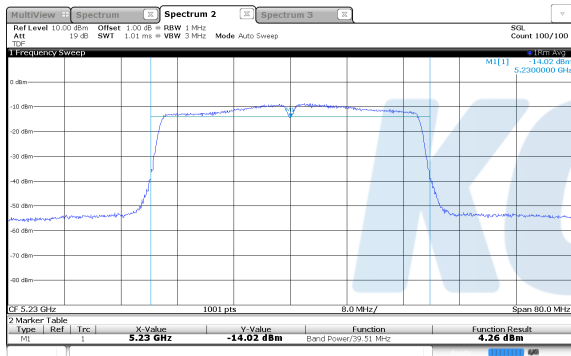
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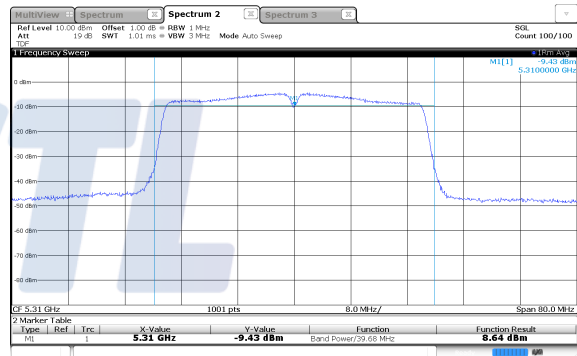
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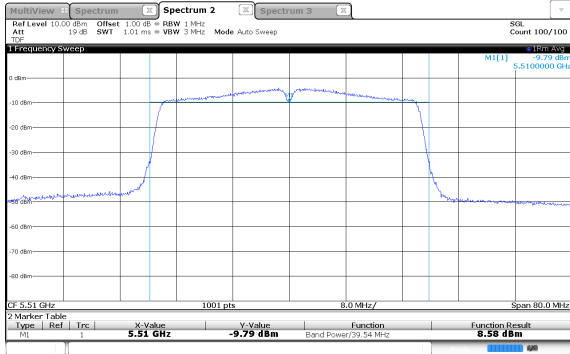
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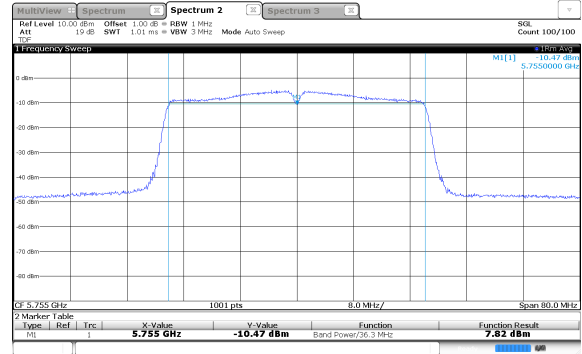
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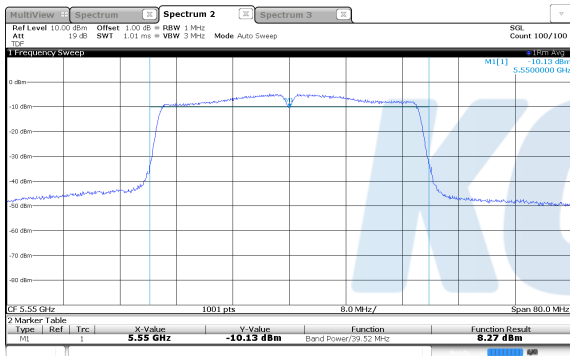
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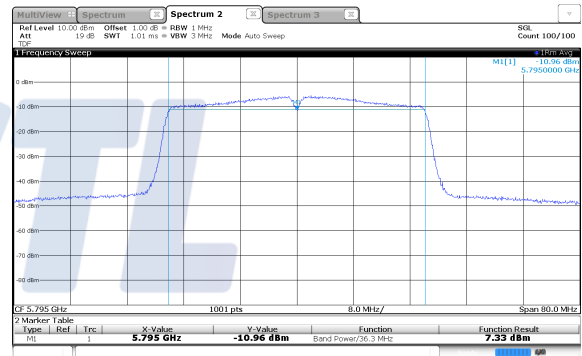
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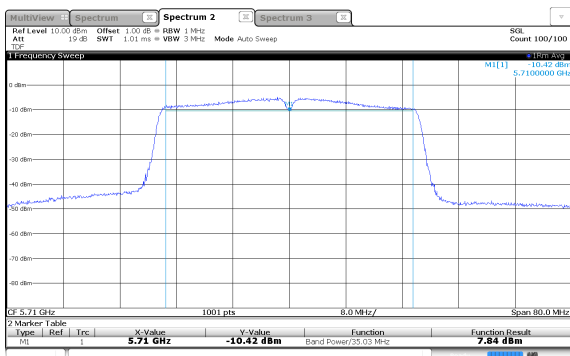
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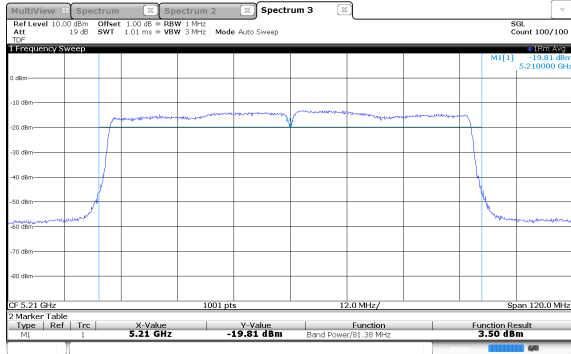
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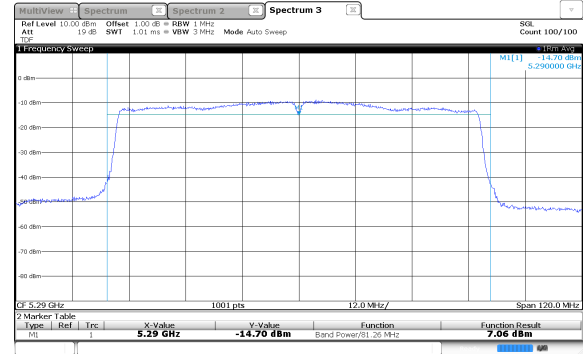
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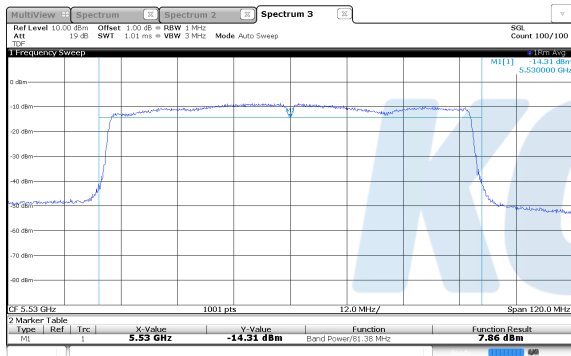
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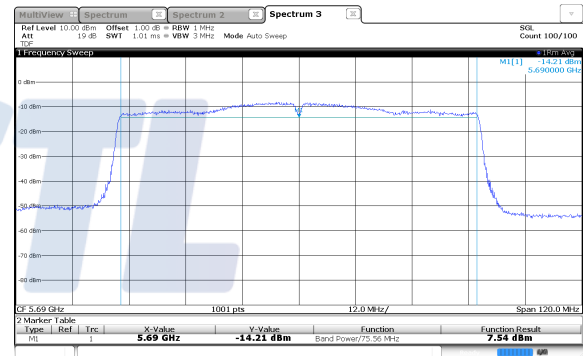
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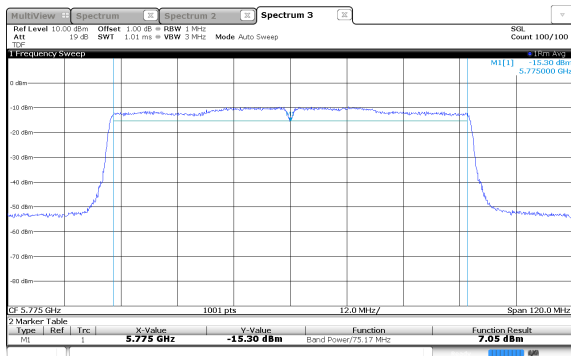
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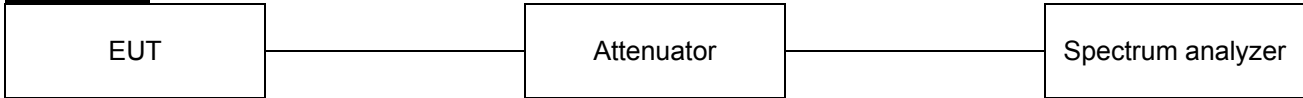
UNII-3 / 802.11ac VHT80 / Low ch.



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7.2. Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.407(a),

Band	EUT category	Limit
UNII-1	Outdoor access point	17dBm /MHz
	Indoor access point	
	Fixed point-to-point access point	
	√ Client device	11 dBm /MHz
UNII-2A	√	11 dBm /MHz
UNII-2C	√	11 dBm /MHz
UNII-3	√	30 dBm /500 kHz

Notes:

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain if the antenna exceed 6 dBi.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 12.5
 KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section F

Test settings

Section F

The rules requires “maximum power spectral density” measurements where the intent is to measure the maximum value of the time average of the power spectral density measured during a period of continuous transmission. Refer to III.A for additional guidance for devices that use channel aggregation.

1. Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, “Compute power...” (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
2. Search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
3. Adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
 - a) If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add $10 \log (1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
 - b) If Method SA-3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in II.E.2.g) (viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
4. The result is the Maximum PSD over 1MHz reference bandwidth
5. For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz, the preceding procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference

bandwidth specified in Section 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of RBWs less than 1MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth(i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- a) Set $RBW \geq 1/T$, where T is defined in II.B.I.a).
- b) Set $VBW \geq 3 RBW$.
- c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add $10 \log(500 \text{ kHz} / RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add $10 \log(1\text{MHz}/RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the II.F.5.c) and II.F.5.d), since RBW=100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

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Test results

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dB m/MHz)	DCCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dB m/MHz)	Limit (dB m/MHz)
802.11a	UNII-1	5 180	-1.14	0.30	-0.84	11
		5 200	-1.25	0.30	-0.95	
		5 240	-1.23	0.30	-0.93	
	UNII-2A	5 260	-0.87	0.30	-0.57	11
		5 280	-0.66	0.30	-0.36	
		5 320	-0.44	0.30	-0.14	
	UNII-2C	5 500	-0.75	0.30	-0.45	11
		5 580	-0.81	0.30	-0.51	
		5 720	-0.90	0.30	-0.60	
802.11n HT20	UNII-1	5 180	-1.35	0.32	-1.03	11
		5 200	-1.58	0.32	-1.26	
		5 240	-1.43	0.32	-1.11	
	UNII-2A	5 260	-0.87	0.32	-0.55	11
		5 280	-1.03	0.32	-0.71	
		5 320	-0.94	0.32	-0.62	
	UNII-2C	5 500	-0.87	0.32	-0.55	11
		5 580	-0.99	0.32	-0.67	
		5 720	-1.51	0.32	-1.19	
802.11n HT40	UNII-1	5 190	-8.75	0.62	-8.13	11
		5 230	-8.83	0.62	-8.21	
	UNII-2A	5 270	-3.96	0.62	-3.34	11
		5 310	-4.64	0.62	-4.02	
	UNII-2C	5 510	-4.79	0.62	-4.17	11
		5 550	-4.81	0.62	-4.19	
		5 710	-4.79	0.62	-4.17	

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Report No.:
KR20-SRF0037

Page (33) of (206)

KCTL

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dB m/MHz)	DCCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dB m/MHz)	Limit (dB m/MHz)
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-1	5 180	-1.30	0.32	-0.98	11
		5 200	-1.38	0.32	-1.06	
		5 240	-1.47	0.32	-1.15	
	UNII-2A	5 260	-0.82	0.32	-0.50	11
		5 280	-0.67	0.32	-0.35	
		5 320	-0.84	0.32	-0.52	
	UNII-2C	5 500	-1.17	0.32	-0.85	11
		5 580	-1.27	0.32	-0.95	
		5 720	-1.47	0.32	-1.15	
802.11ac VHT40	UNII-1	5 190	-8.91	0.62	-8.29	11
		5 230	-9.00	0.62	-8.38	
	UNII-2A	5 270	-4.43	0.62	-3.81	11
		5 310	-4.33	0.62	-3.71	
	UNII-2C	5 510	-4.34	0.62	-3.72	11
		5 550	-4.55	0.62	-3.93	
5 710	-4.69	0.62	-4.07			
802.11ac VHT80	UNII-1	5 210	-12.54	1.16	-11.38	11
	UNII-2A	5 290	-8.30	1.16	-7.14	11
	UNII-2C	5 530	-8.56	1.16	-7.40	11
		5 690	-8.04	1.16	-6.88	

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Report No.:
KR20-SRF0037

Page (34) of (206)

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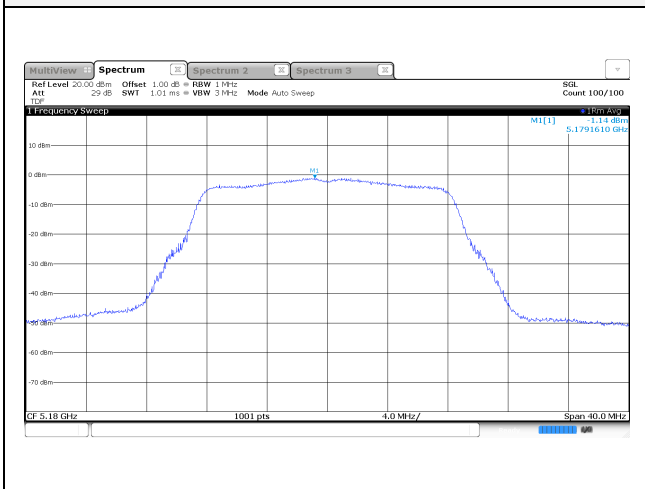
Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/500 kHz)	Duty Factor (dB)	Maximum PSD (dBm /500 kHz)	Limit (dBm /500 kHz)
802.11a	UNII-3	5 745	-4.09	0.30	-3.79	30
		5 785	-4.27	0.30	-3.97	
		5 825	-3.95	0.30	-3.65	
802.11n HT20		5 745	-4.20	0.32	-3.88	
		5 785	-5.00	0.32	-4.68	
		5 825	-4.35	0.32	-4.03	
802.11n HT40		5 755	-8.09	0.62	-7.47	
		5 795	-8.59	0.62	-7.97	
802.11ac VHT20		5 745	-4.47	0.32	-4.15	
		5 785	-5.12	0.32	-4.80	
		5 825	-4.91	0.32	-4.59	
802.11ac VHT40		5 755	-8.29	0.62	-7.67	
	5 795	-8.42	0.62	-7.81		
802.11ac VHT80	5 775	-11.69	1.16	-10.53		

Notes:

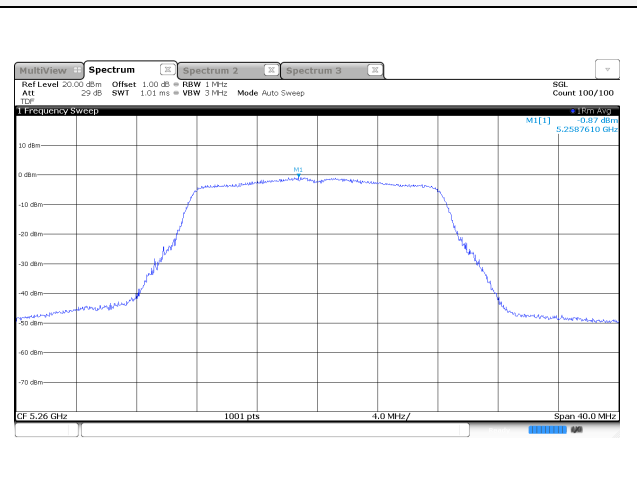
1. Maximum PSD calculation

$$\text{Maximum PSD} = \text{Measured PSD}(\text{dB m}) + \text{DCCF}(\text{dB})$$

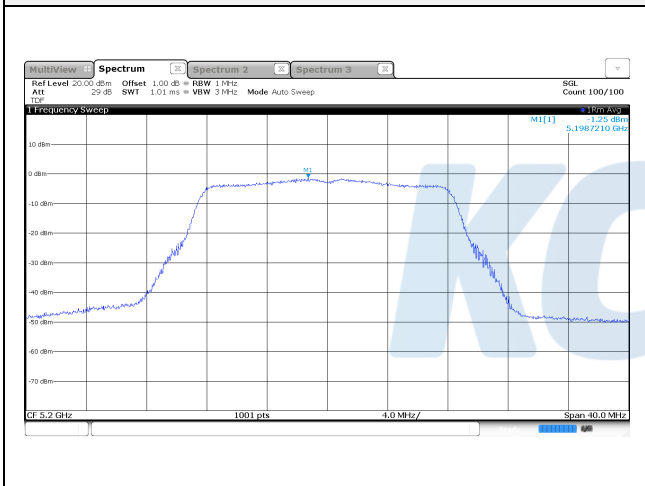
UNII-1 / 802.11a / Low ch.



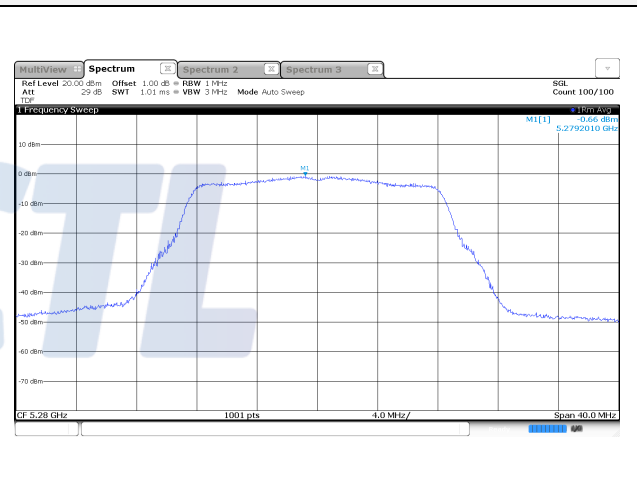
UNII-2A / 802.11a / Low ch.



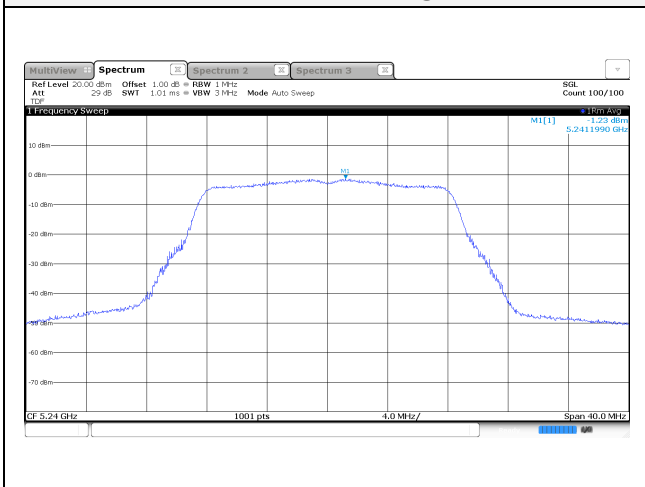
UNII-1 / 802.11a / Mid ch.



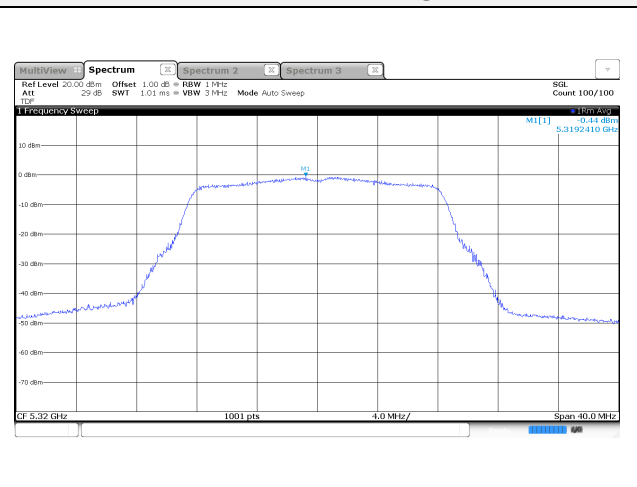
UNII-2A / 802.11a / Mid ch.



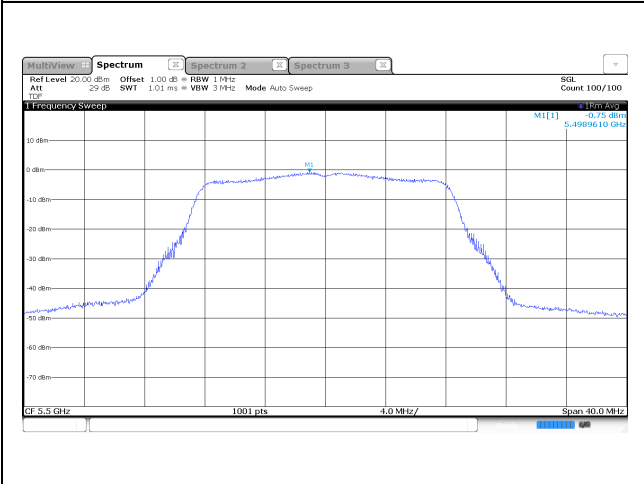
UNII-1 / 802.11a / High ch.



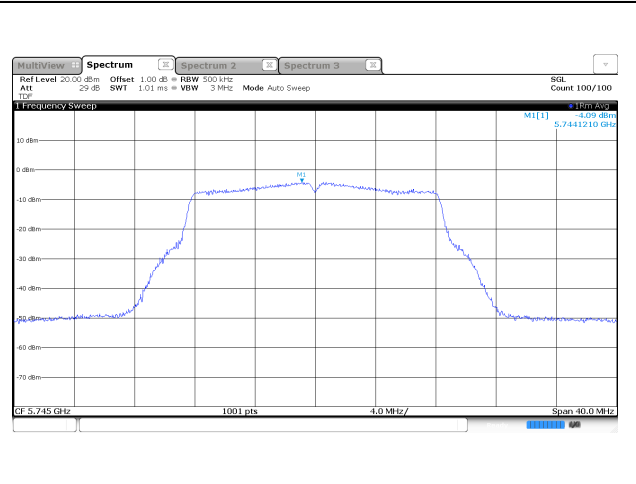
UNII-2A / 802.11a / High ch.



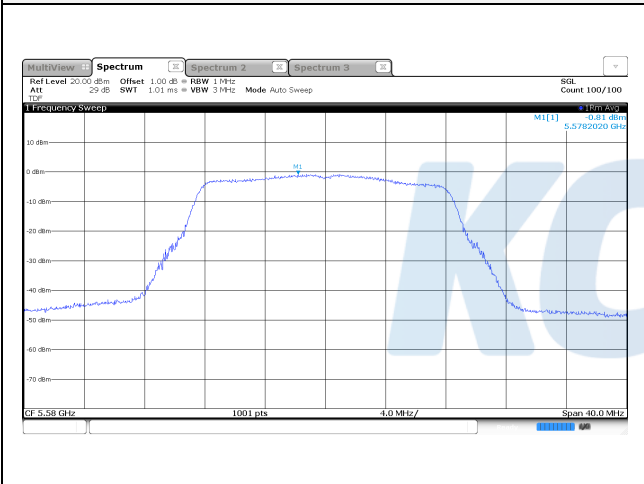
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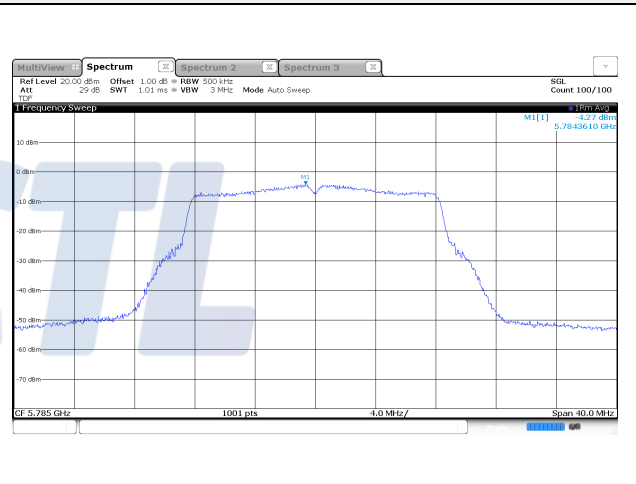
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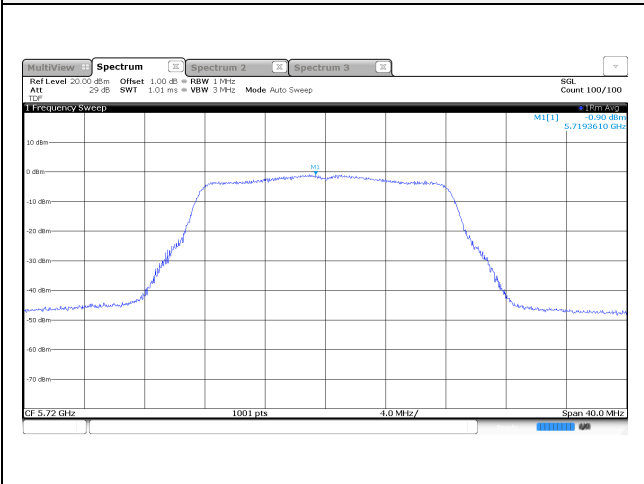
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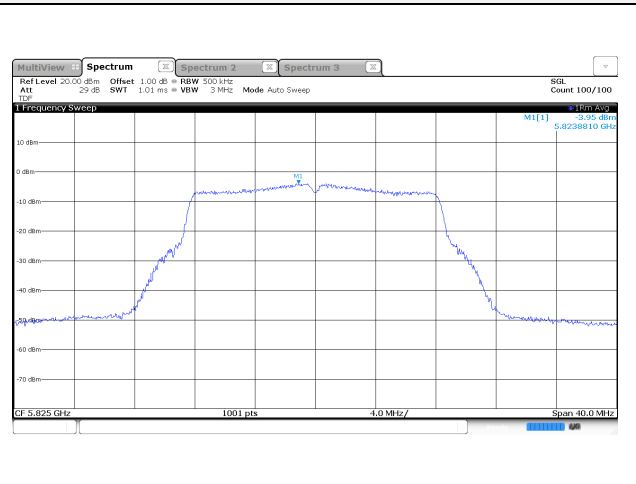
UNII-3 / 802.11a / Mid ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11a / High ch.



UNII-3 / 802.11a / High ch.



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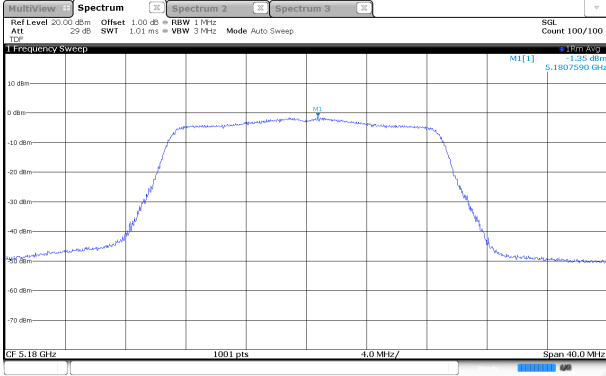
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Report No.:
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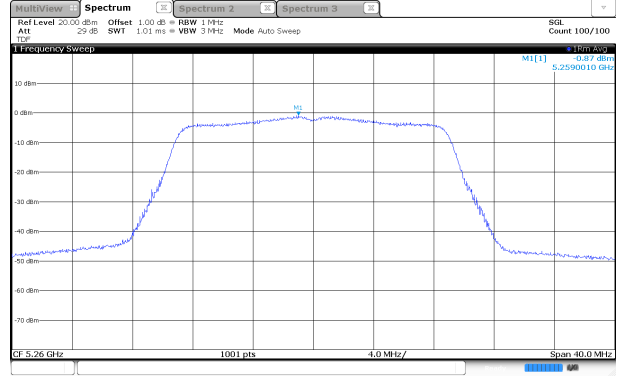
Page (37) of (206)



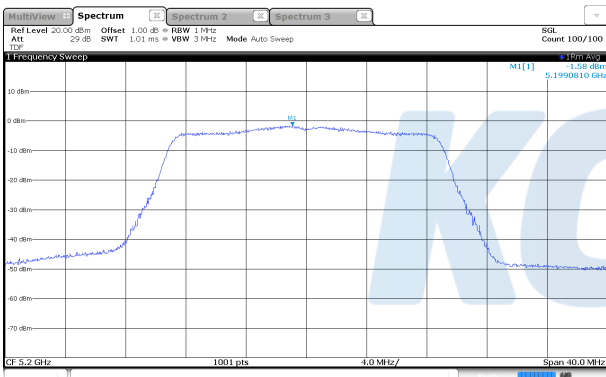
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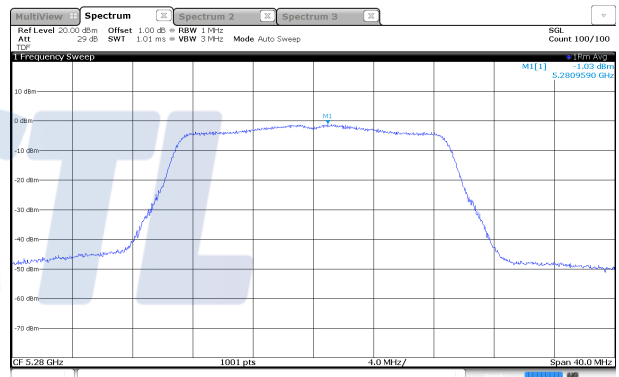
UNII-2A / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



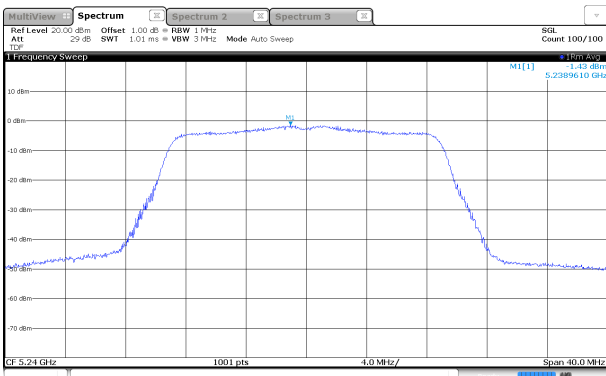
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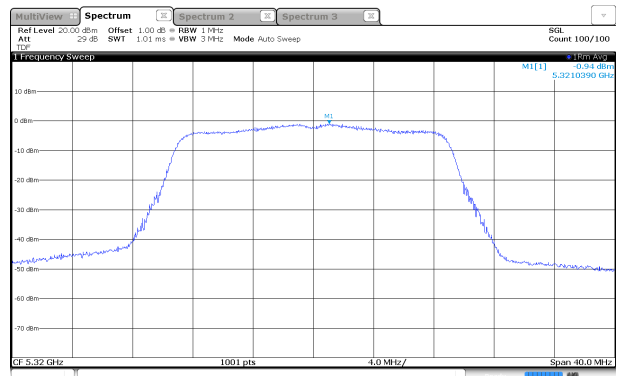
UNII-2A / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



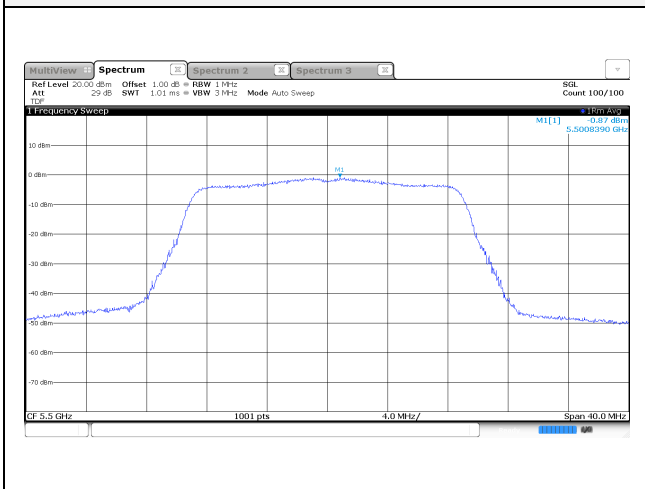
UNII-1 / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



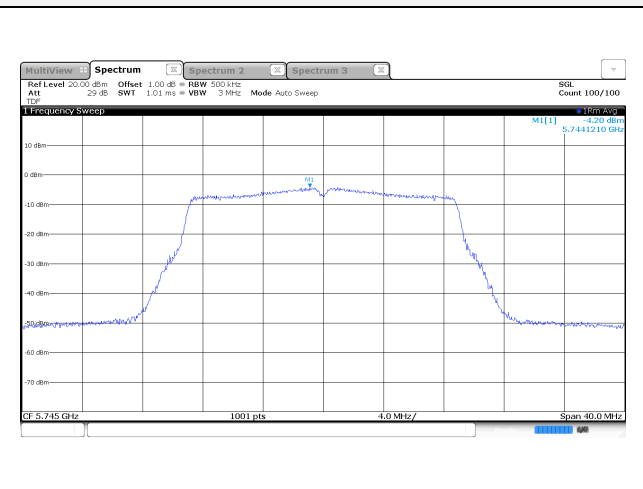
UNII-2A / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



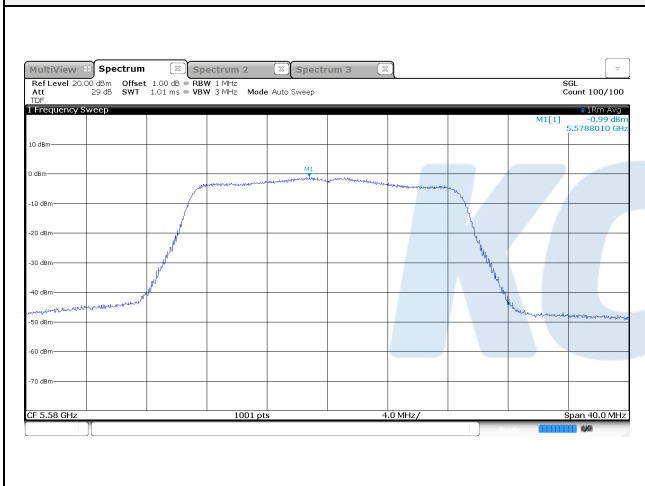
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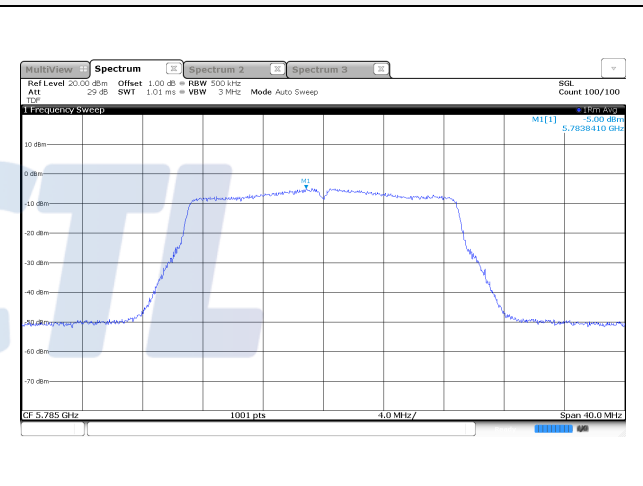
UNII-3 / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



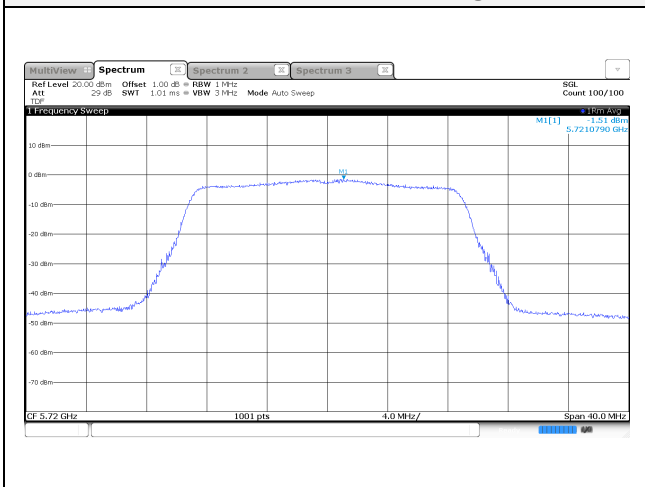
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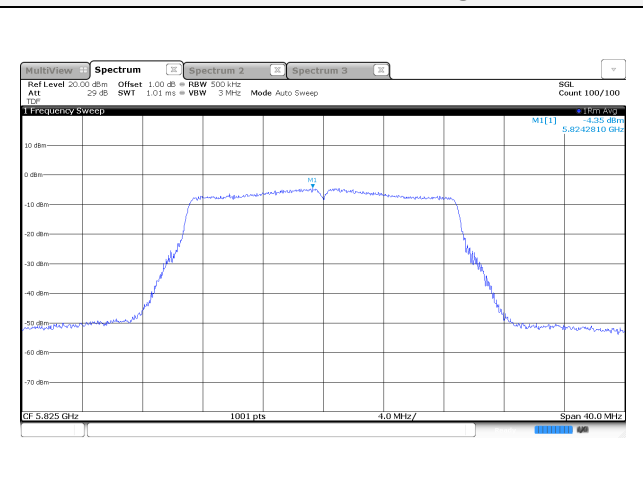
UNII-3 / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



UNII-3 / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



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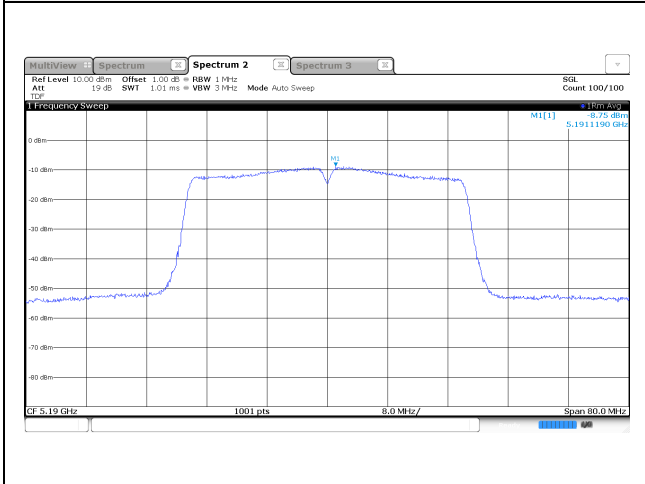
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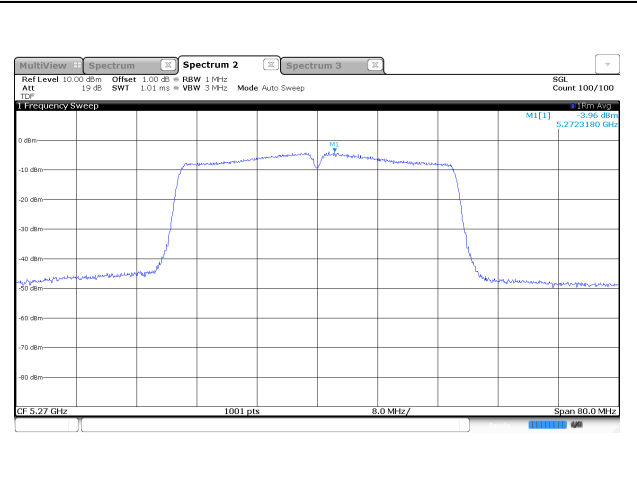
Page (39) of (206)



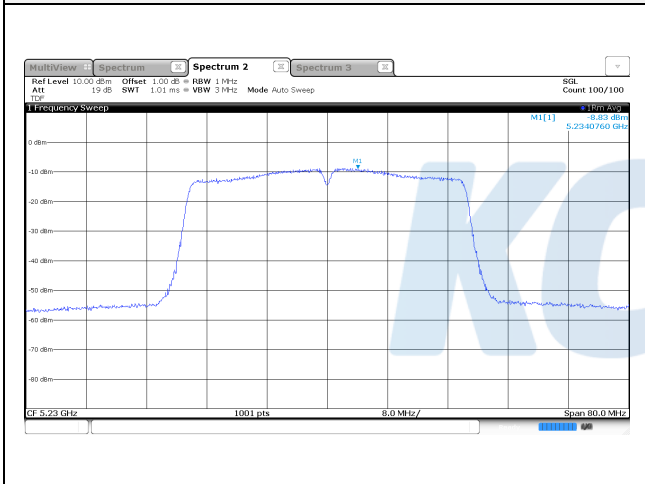
UNII-1 / 802.11n HT40 / Low ch.



UNII-2A / 802.11n HT40 / Low ch.



UNII-1 / 802.11n HT40 / High ch.



UNII-2A / 802.11n HT40 / High ch.

